Colorado Climate Update

Dr. Becky Bolinger Assistant State Climatologist

Water Availability Task Force
November 28, 2023









Start of Water Year 2024



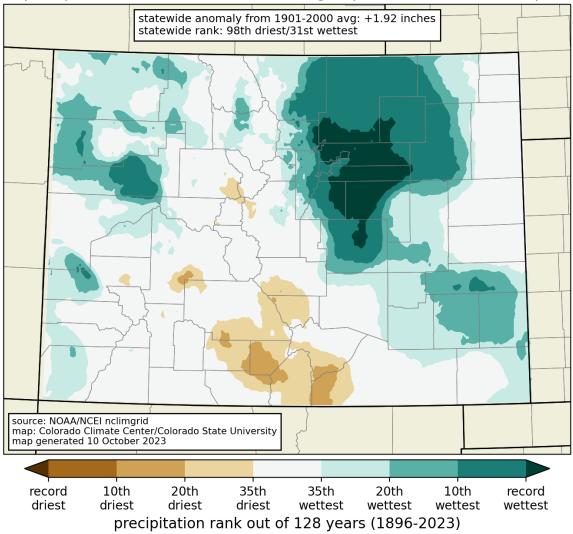


Water Year 2023 was wetter than average for many parts of the state. WY2023 was the 31st wettest water year in the 128-year record.

Record wet conditions were observed over parts of the Front Range Urban Corridor and eastern plains.

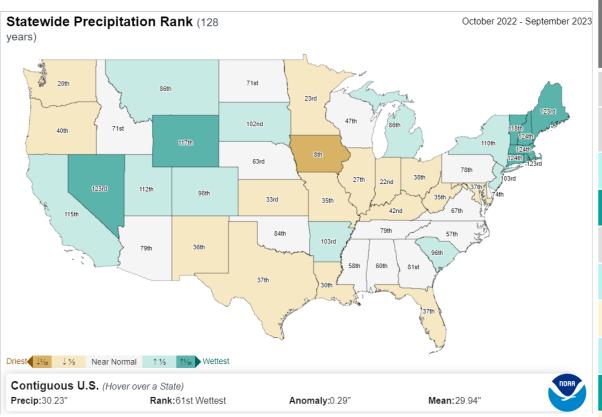
Dry conditions were observed over parts of the San Luis Valley and Sangre de Cristos.

precipitation rank: 12 months ending September 2023 (Oct-Sep)



https://climate.colostate.edu/co cag/rank maps.html





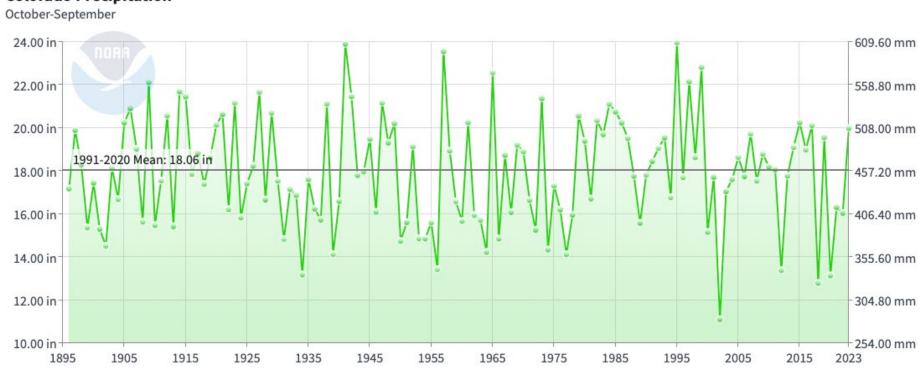
Month	P Rank (of 129 years)	Above, below, or near 20 th century avg?		
Oct	62 nd driest	near avg		
Nov	52 nd driest	near avg		
Dec	20 th wettest	above		
Jan	10 th wettest	much above		
Feb	62 nd wettest	near avg		
Mar	32 nd wettest	above		
Apr	37 th driest	below		
May	22 nd wettest	above		
Jun	8 th wettest	much above		
Jul	30 th driest	below		
Aug	58 th wettest	near avg		
Sep	52 nd driest	near avg		

https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/us-maps/



Water Year Precipitation over Time

Colorado Precipitation

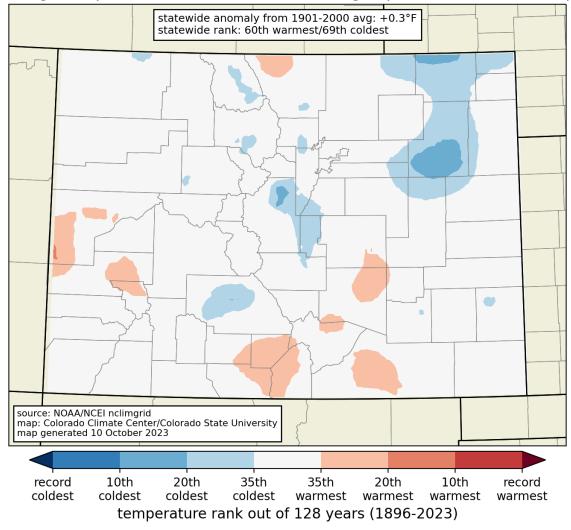


https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/climate-at-a-glance

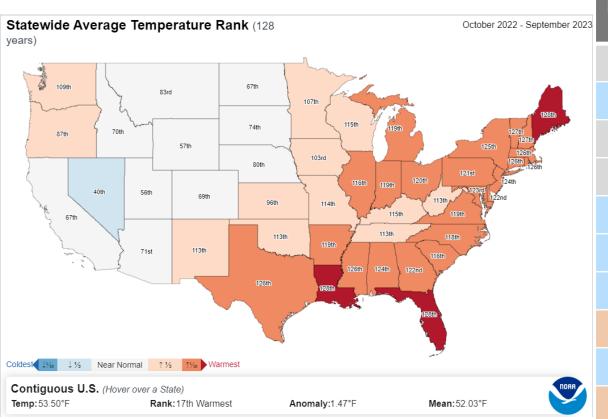


average temperature rank: 12 months ending September 2023 (Oct-Sep)

Water Year 2023 temperatures were near average for most of the state. Pockets of below average temperature were observed over northeast CO, with some warmer than average temperatures in southern and western CO.



https://climate.colostate.edu/co_cag/rank_maps.html

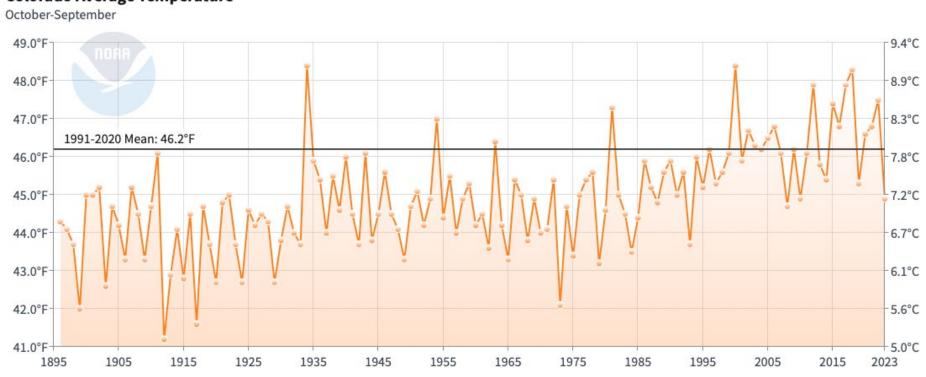


Month	T Rank (of 129 years)	Above, below, or near 20 th century avg?		
Oct	45 th warmest	near avg		
Nov	29th coolest	below		
Dec	57 th coolest	near avg		
Jan	55th coolest	near avg		
Feb	40 th coolest	below		
Mar	22 nd coolest	below		
Apr	41st coolest	below		
May	18 th warmest	above		
Jun	30 th coolest	below		
Jul	21 st warmest	above		
Aug	10 th warmest	much above		
Sep	14 th warmest	above		

https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/temp-and-precip/us-maps/

Water Year Temperature over Time

Colorado Average Temperature



https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/monitoring/climate-at-a-glance



daily records broken

Month	High max T	High min T	Low max T	Low min T	Precipitation	Snowfall
October	4	37	87	8	68	8
November	5	58	106	91	67	35
December	36	178	100	41	86	23
January	9	147	130	39	162	68
February	16	19	153	134	47	47
March	0	37	245	264	170	19
April	109	105	6	8	49	22
May	6	42	7	0	103	3
June	1	24	88	10	117	0
July	184	279	37	6	58	3
August	108	338	31	17	126	0
September	28	53	29	1	68	0
TOTAL	506	1317	1019	619	1121	228
	warm records: 1,823		cold records: 1,638			

https://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdoweb/datatools/records



Read our Water Year 2023 Climate Summary!







Water Year 2024 Conditions

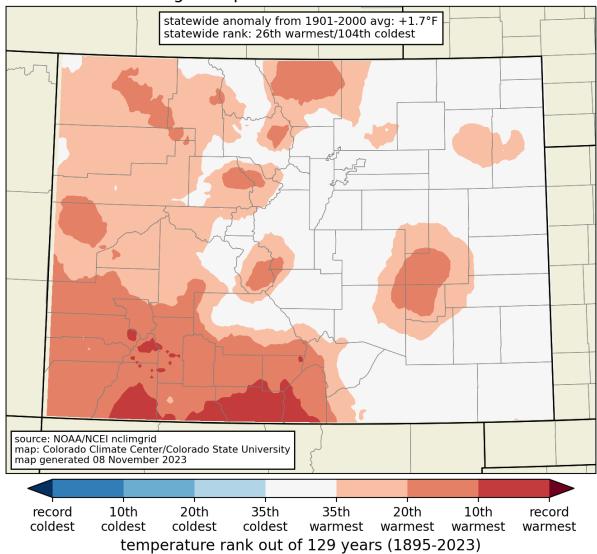
Temperature
Precipitation
Evaporative Demand
Soil Moisture





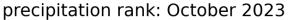
October Temperatures

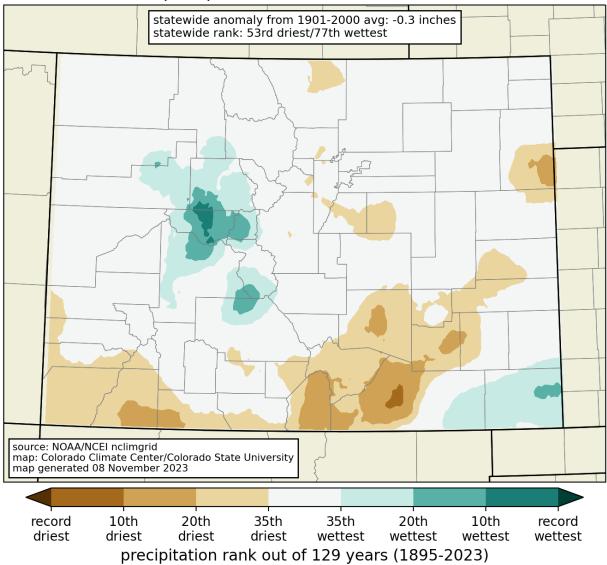




https://climate.colostate.edu/co cag/rank maps.html

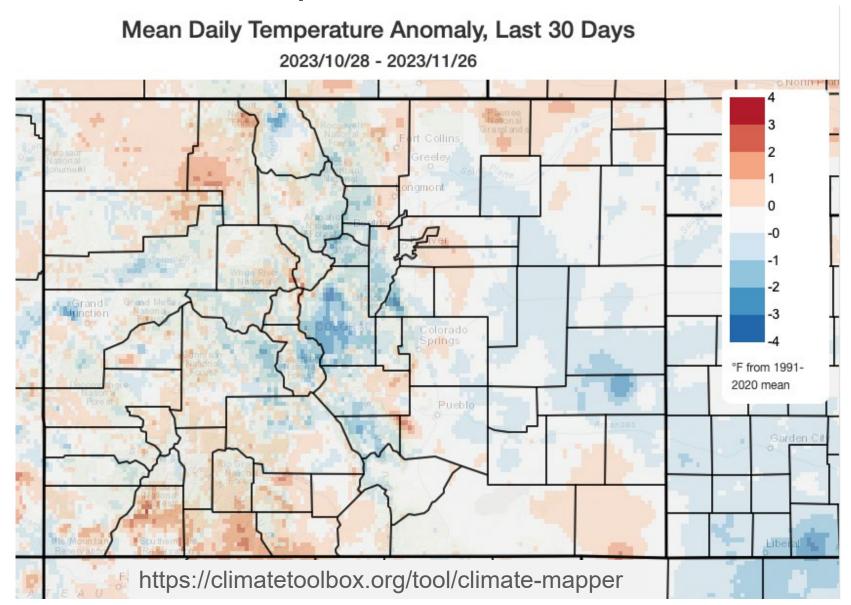
October Precipitation



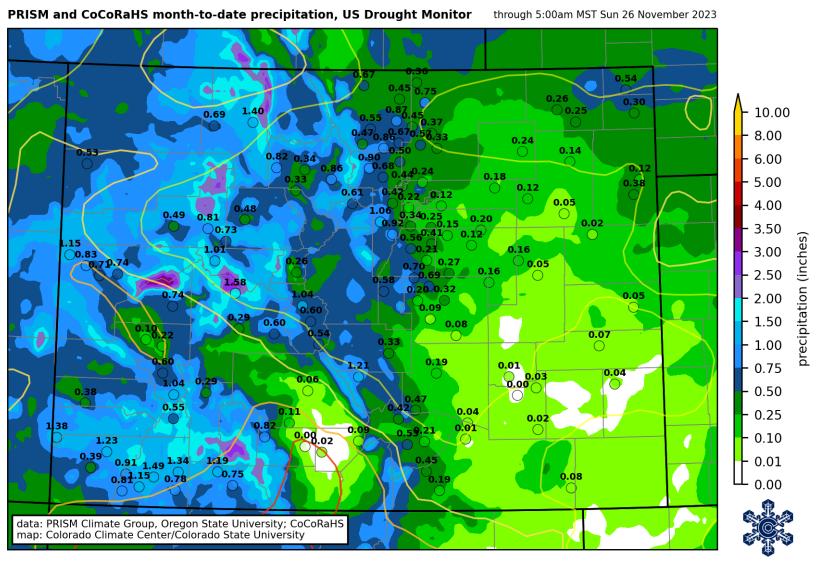


https://climate.colostate.edu/co_cag/rank_maps.html

November Temperatures

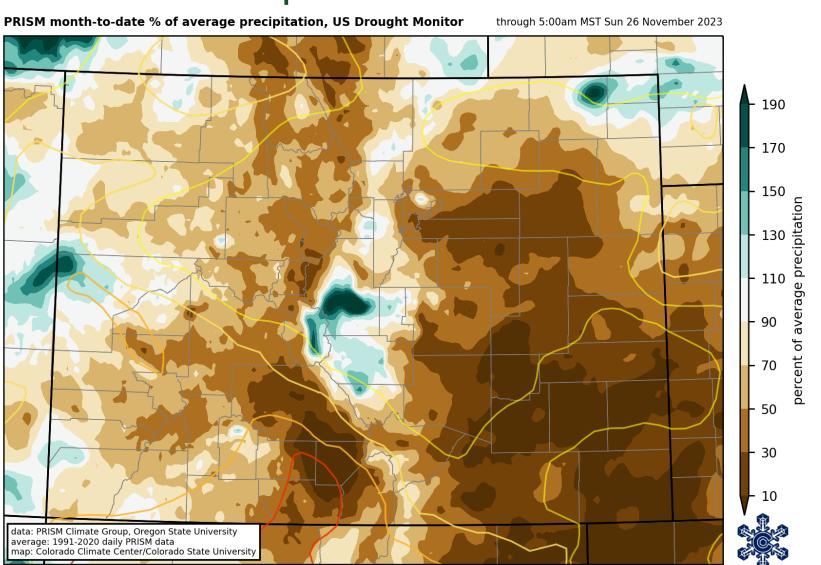


November Precipitation



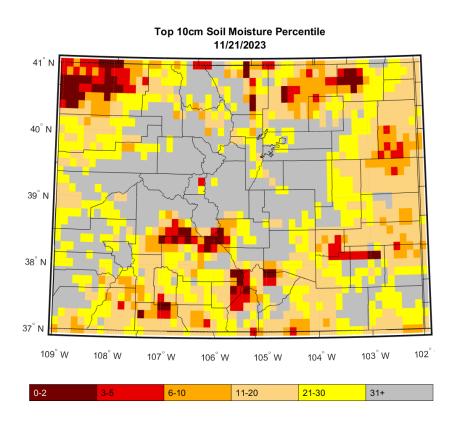


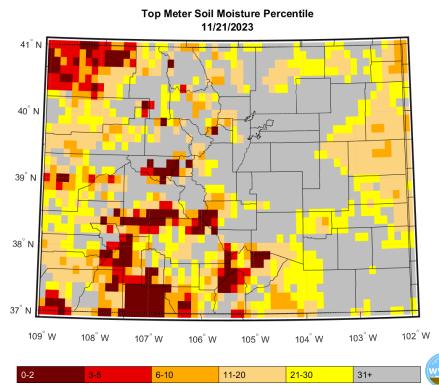
November Precipitation





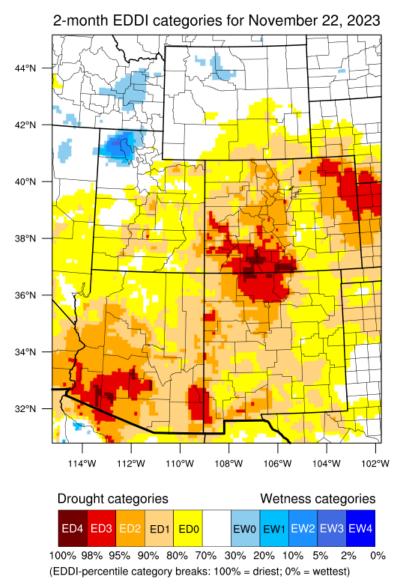
Soil Moisture







Evaporative Demand

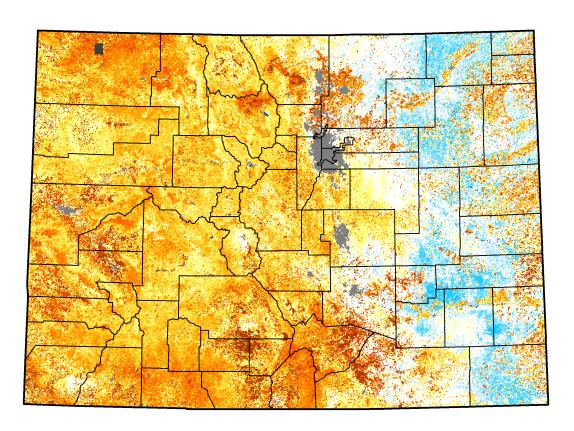


Generated by NOAA/ESRL/Physical Sciences Laboratory

https://psl.noaa.gov/eddi/

Vegetation - QuickDRI

Quick Drought Response Index Colorado

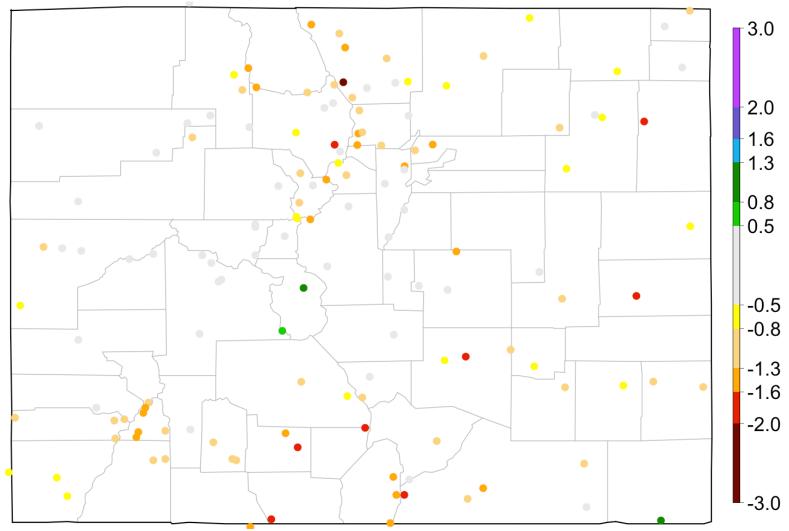


November 19, 2023 (Week 47)



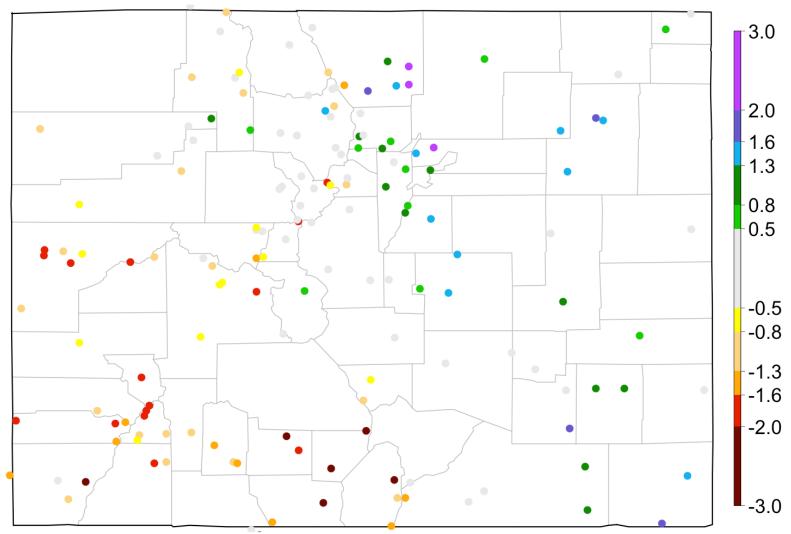
https://quickdri.unl.edu

60-day SPI: 2023/09/28 - 2023/11/26



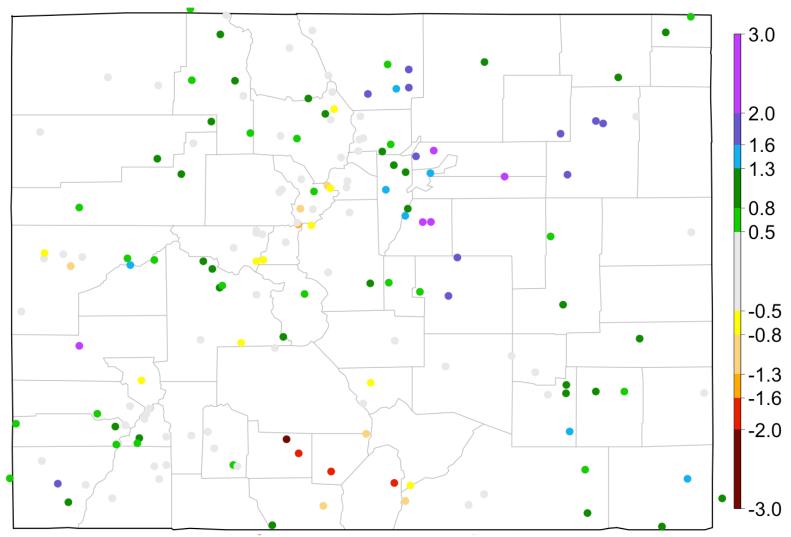
Data from High Plains Regional Climate Center and ACIS

6-month SPI: 2023/05/27 - 2023/11/26



Data from High Plains Regional Climate Center and ACIS

12-month SPI: 2022/11/27 - 2023/11/26



Data from High Plains Regional Climate Center and ACIS





Drought

National Drought Colorado Drought

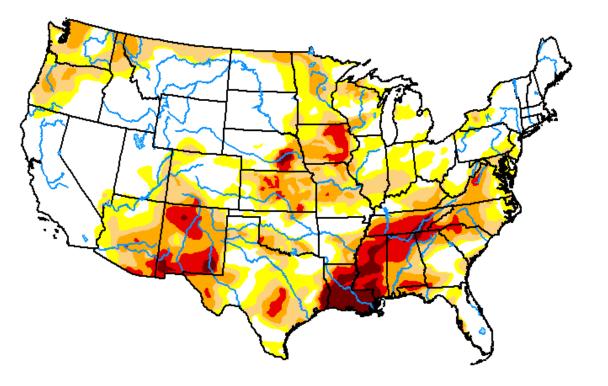


U.S. Drought Monitor

Contiguous U.S. (CONUS)

November 21, 2023

(Released Wednesday, Nov. 22, 2023)
Valid 7 a.m. EST



Intensity:

None

D0 Abnormally Dry

D1 Moderate Drought

D2 Severe Drought

D3 Extreme Drought

D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

Author:

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U.S. Department of Agriculture







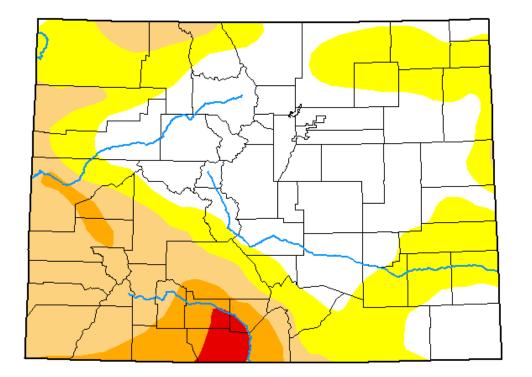


droughtmonitor.unl.edu



U.S. Drought Monitor

Colorado



November 21, 2023

(Released Wednesday, Nov. 22, 2023)
Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	43.02	56.98	26.90	6.88	1.31	0.00
Last Week 11-14-2023	47.66	52.34	26.90	6.87	1.31	0.00
3 Month's Ago 08-22-2023	69.61	30.39	15.67	1.52	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-03-2023	39.97	60.03	33.83	12.28	1.91	0.01
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	65.71	34.29	17.43	2.77	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 11-22-2022	16.27	83.73	49.35	25.20	4.34	0.57

Intensity:

None D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought
D4 Exceptional Drought

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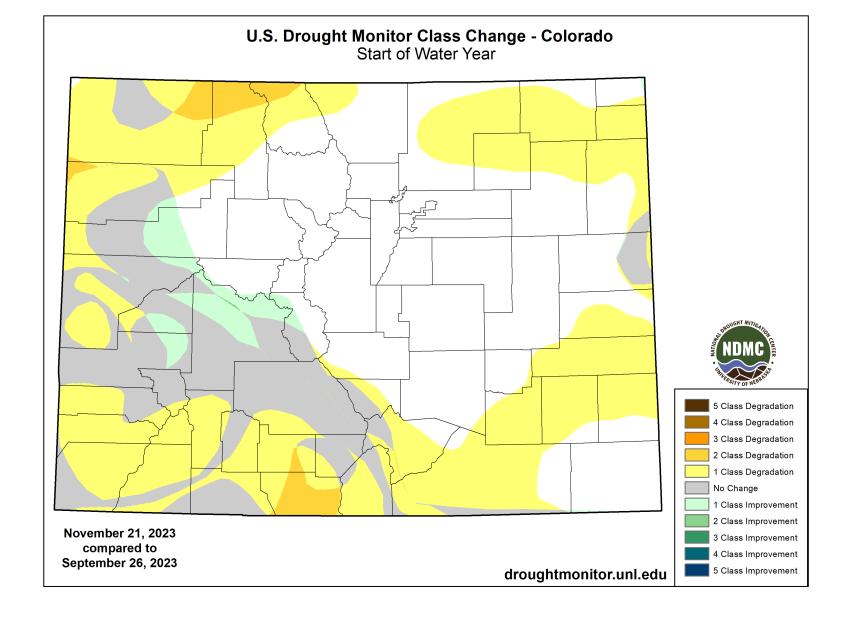






droughtmonitor.unl.edu





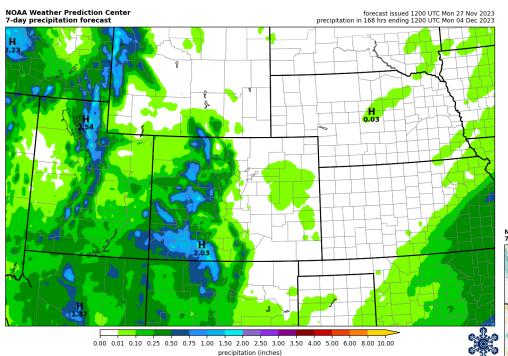


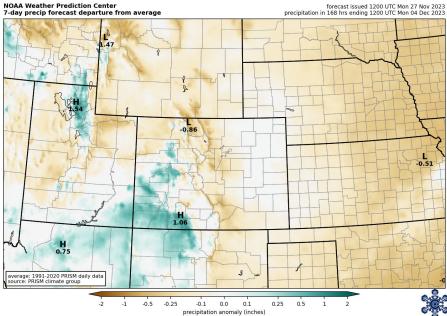
Outlook

Next 7 days 8-14 day Outlook CPC Outlooks

El Niño

NOAA 7-day precip forecast

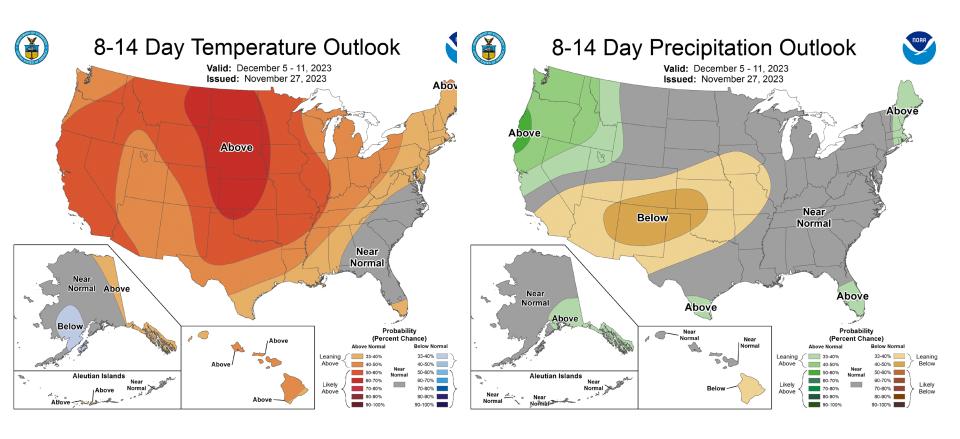




http://schumacher.atmos.colostate.edu/weather/



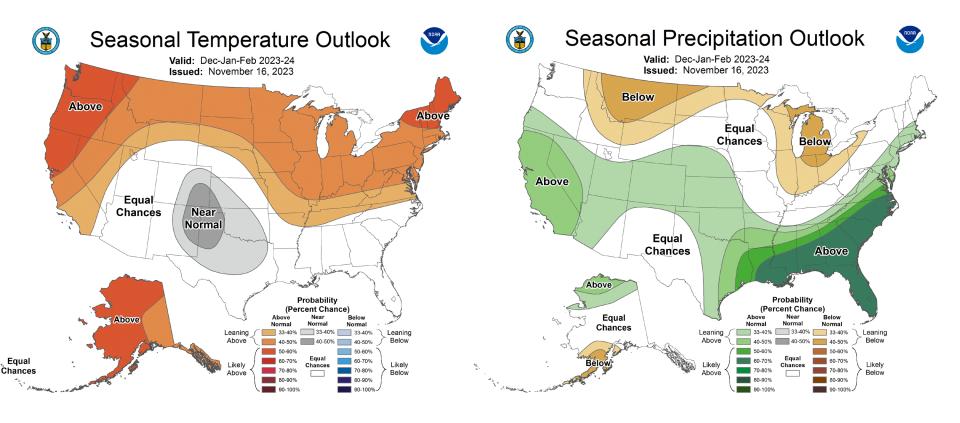
8-14 day outlook



Temperatures likely to be above average at the beginning of December with a slight chance of below average precipitation, especially in southern CO.

https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov

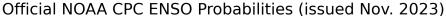
Seasonal outlook

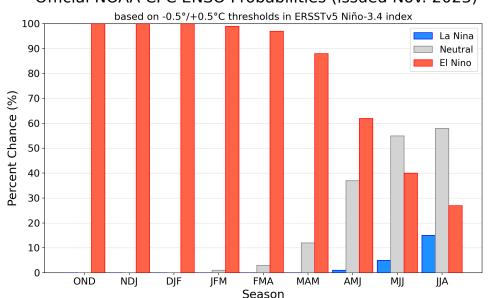


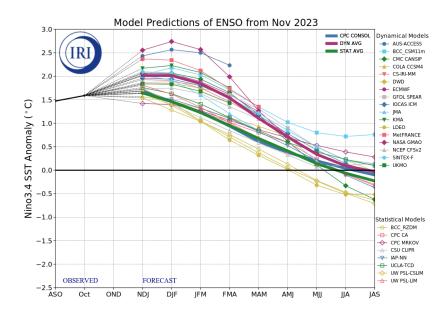
Winter temperatures are expected to be seasonal, especially over the plains. There is a slight leaning for above average precipitation during the winter.

https://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov

What's the ENSO forecast?







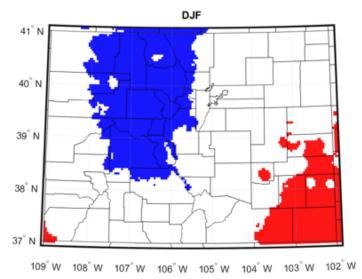
CPC/IRI November 20, 2023: As of mid-Nov 2023, El Niño conditions in the central-eastern equatorial Pacific remain strong with key oceanic and atmospheric variables consistent with an ongoing El Niño event. A CPC El Niño advisory remains in place for November 2023. Almost all the models in the IRI ENSO prediction plume forecast a continuation of the El Niño event during the boreal winter and early boreal spring of 2024, which rapidly weakens thereafter. ENSO-neutral conditions become the most likely category in May-Jul, of 2024, and remain so during rest of the forecast period.

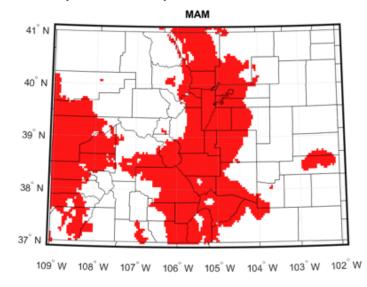
https://iri.columbia.edu/our-expertise/climate/forecasts/enso/current/



What does El Niño mean for the upcoming cold season?

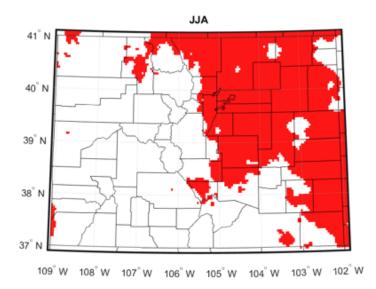
General Relationship Between Colorado Precipitation and El Niño Southern Oscillation (1951-2020)

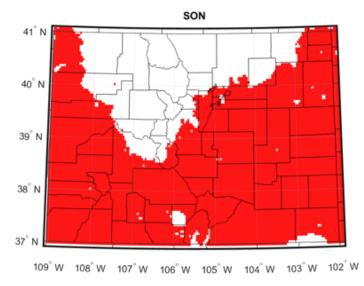




Red: El Niño tends wetter

Blue: La Niña tends wetter

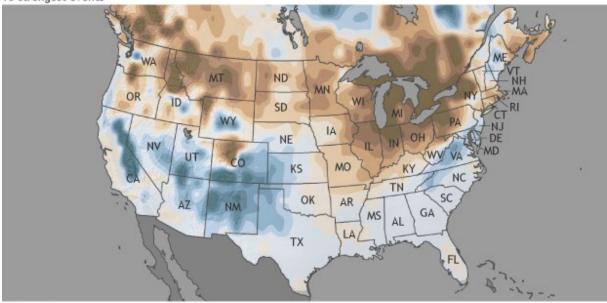


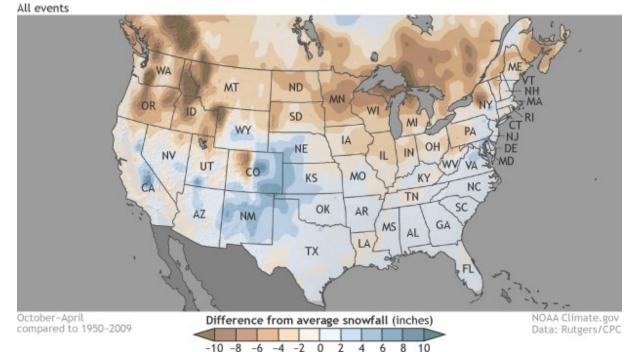


Snow and El Nino

https://climate.gov

Snow during El Niño winters (1950-2009) 10 strongest events







Key Takeaways

- Current Conditions
 - We finished Water Year 2023 cooler and wetter
 - Water Year 2024 has started out warmer and drier
 - Drought conditions have expanded
 - ☐ Given current conditions, more drought expansion is expected
- What can we expect with El Nino?
 - With the favoring to the southern mountains, drought recovery is possible
 - ☐ Drought expansion could be in the cards for the northern mountains
 - Of course that relationship is never perfect!
 - As always, expect some cold snaps and snowy conditions.

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To view this and other presentations: https://climate.colostate.edu/ccc_archive.html

Thank you



