



University of Colorado
Colorado Springs



2014 Annual Security & Fire Safety Report

*In compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure
of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistic Act*

This report contains information for calendar year 2013

How to reach the UCCS Department of Public Safety:

Emergency: 911

Police Operations (non-emergency): 719-255-3111

Administration: 719-255-3288

Emergency Management: 719-255-3106

Records: 719-255-3374

Website: <http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety>

Police Blotter (daily crime log): <http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/police/blotter.html>

UCCS Emergency Plan: <http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/emerplan.html>



The University of Colorado Colorado Springs' Campus Safety and Security Report & Fire Safety Report is published by October 1 of every year. This is the compliance document to the Federal Student Right to Know and Campus Security Act of 1990 also known as the Clery Act, with Higher Education Amendments. Crime statistics as listed in this pamphlet reflect reported crime only and are for calendar months January through December.



Index

Information	Page Number
Alcohol & Drug Policy	33-35
Campus Closure	35
Campus Facilities- Maintenance/Security	35
Campus Security Authorities	6
Clery Act	4
Confidential Reporting	6
Crime Alerts	9
Crime Log	10
Crime Prevention and Education	20-24
Crime Statistics	16-19
Drug Free Workplace	34-35
Emergency Notification and Preparedness	9-16
Emergency Notification System	9-16
Emergency Response and Evacuation	11-16
Fire Log, Housing	43-45
Fire Safety Report	40-45
Fire Safety Systems, Housing	42
Missing Student Policy	24
Police Response	6
Reporting Crimes and Emergencies	6-7
Resources, Community	38
Resources, Campus	37-39
Sexual Misconduct/Assault Policy, Prevention and Response	25-32
Sexual Harassment Policy	26
Sex Offender Information	32
Timely Warnings	9-10
University Counseling Center	7, 31, 37
University Police- Authority and Training	4-5
University Police- Interagency Relationships	5
Victim Assistance	31
Victim Right's Act	8
Appendix	
A. Sex Offense Definitions	46
B. Crime Definitions	47
C. Hate Crime Definitions	51
D. Geography Definitions	52



1. CLERY ACT REQUIREMENTS

What is the Clery Act?

Signed into law in 1990, the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act) is a federal law that requires colleges and universities to disclose certain timely and annual information about campus crime and security policies. All post-secondary public and private institutions participating in federal student aid programs must adhere to these regulations. The Clery Act was championed by Howard & Connie Clery after their daughter Jeanne was murdered at Lehigh University in 1986.

What is the University of Colorado Colorado Springs (UCCS) obligated to do?

To ensure compliance with the Clery Act, UCCS PD must meet obligations in the following three broad categories: (1) policy disclosure; (2) records collection and retention; and (3) information dissemination.

- **Policy Disclosure** — UCCS must provide the campus community and the public with accurate statements of current policies and practices regarding procedures for students and others to report criminal actions or other emergencies on campus, security of and access to campus facilities, and campus law enforcement.
- **Records Collection and Retention** — UCCS is required to keep campus records of crimes reported on campus to campus security authorities, make a reasonable good faith effort to obtain certain crime statistics from appropriate law enforcement agencies to include in the annual security report, and keep a daily crime log open for public inspection.
- **Information Dissemination** — To provide members of the campus community with information needed to make informed personal safety decisions, UCCS must provide: 1) A “timely warning” of any Clery Act crime that represents an ongoing threat to the safety of students and employees; 2) Develop and maintain a log of all crimes reported to the UCCS Police Department, ensure public access to the crime log during normal business hours, and; 3) Publish an annual security report, make the report available to all current students and employees, and ensure the annual security report is made available to prospective students and employees. UCCS must also inform the campus community where to obtain information regarding registered sex offenders, and submit annual crime statistics to the U.S. Department of Education.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE UCCS POLICE DEPARTMENT (UCCS PD)

a. Statement Addressing UCCS PD Mission, Law Enforcement Authority and Officer Training Mission

The mission of the UCCS Department of Public Safety is to provide police, security, risk management, environmental safety, and emergency preparedness services to the University community. We recognize that our authority comes from the Constitution of the United States, a continually reaffirmed expression of the will of the people, and we are dedicated to upholding its expression of the fundamental value of all people. We view our community and our employees as invaluable assets whose welcome diversity encourages us to strive for a place where their expression and worth can flourish. We do this with the clear understanding that our ultimate responsibility is to enhance and celebrate the University experience. The Department recognizes that specific programs aimed at encouraging community participation will be most successful when fostered within a climate of mutual community trust. This is most likely to occur as a result of frequent, free, and open contact among Department members, the public at large, and University community representatives.



Authority

The police officers of the UCCS Police Department are Colorado Peace Officers and receive their police authority via the provisions of Colorado Revised Statutes, Title 24, Article 7.5. This statute gives officers the authority to enforce all laws of the state of Colorado while acting within the scope of his or her authority and in the performance of his or her duties. The Board of Regents has delegated authority to the University Police Department to enforce University rules and regulations, as well as municipal, county, and state laws. University Police officers have full police authority on all properties owned or controlled by the University and to make arrests when not on state owned or leased property. University police may also refer University students to the Office of the Dean of Students when offenses involve violations of University rules and regulations.

Officer Training

University Police officers receive the same training as other full-service police officers in Colorado; they must successfully complete an authorized Colorado Law Enforcement Training Academy with a minimum of 540 hours of specialized instruction. All University Police officers must successfully complete an on-the-job police-training program under the supervision of experienced officers and supervisors. This training usually lasts a minimum of four months and covers security and crime concerns specific to the University and surrounding community. Finally, officers must complete a probationary period of six months to one year before being certified in their staff positions.

b. Statement Addressing Interagency Relationships with Local and State Law Enforcement

The UCCS PD recognizes the importance of maintaining close and cooperative working relationships with the City of Colorado Springs Police Department (CSPD), the El Paso County Sheriff's Office (EPSO), and the El Paso County District Attorney's Office. The UCCS PD meets with these departments on a formal and informal basis and on specific issues as the need arises. Through an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) with the CSPD, while off campus in city jurisdiction. UCCS PD is granted enforcement authority of State of Colorado criminal offenses as well as City traffic and parking violations within a pre-defined enforcement boundary. Any University owned or leased property in outlying areas is patrolled jointly by both UCCS PD and CSPD.

All of these law enforcement departments share information to track offender criminal histories and arrest information, as well as crime trend information. The UCCS PD has direct lines of communication with these departments, which allow for fast, efficient coordination when necessary. The UCCS PD also works with other state and federal law enforcement agencies as required.

Finally, under Colorado Revised Statute 29-5-103 (Assignment of police officers or deputy sheriffs for temporary duty), UCCS PD has statutory authority to provide assistance to other law enforcement agencies as needed and required; and, under Colorado Revised Statute 29-5-104 (Request for temporary assignment of police officers or deputy sheriffs – authority), UCCS PD has the authority to request law enforcement personnel from other agencies as needed, or required, to deal with emergency situations on campus.

Expanded Statement on Working Relationship with Outside Law Enforcement Agencies

The UCCS PD maintains an active Intergovernmental Agreement with the Colorado Springs Police Department. The specific boundary areas are described in the IGA, and are available upon request. The IGA allows the UCCS PD to enforce municipal traffic and parking ordinances within the defined "Enforcement Boundary", with all traffic and parking summonses issued off campus will be cited into the City of Colorado Springs Municipal Court.

Additionally, the agreement also allows the UCCS PD to enforce certain Municipal ordinances on campus such as Noise Complaints, Fireworks, Drinking in Public, Drinking in Vehicles, and Possession (of alcohol) Prohibited. The UCCS PD routinely provides assistance to CSPD Officers responding to calls within the Enforcement Boundaries.

A printed copy of the IGA is maintained on file at the UCCS PD, and is available for review by any member of the public or University Community upon request.



3. REPORTING CRIMES AND OTHER EMERGENCIES

a. Statement Addressing How to Report a Crime or Emergency on Campus

Crimes and Emergencies

For life threatening emergencies, please call 9-1-1 from a campus phone or 9-1-1 from a non-campus phone or personal cell phone. To report a crime through the non-emergency number, contact UCCS PD at (719) 255-3111.

University Police Communications Center is not a 911 center. Campus cell phone users, who dial 9-1-1, will be directly connected to the Colorado Springs Police 9-1-1 center. Through the mutual agreement with Colorado Springs Police, efforts will be coordinated to dispatch University Police to the caller's or incident location. The University Communications Center has an "echo" system in place for calls placed from campus phones to 9-1-1. In this case, University Police dispatchers will receive notification of where the call is being placed from and dispatch University Police to the location.

The first response to report a campus crime should be to contact UCCS PD at (719) 255-3111. If you are not comfortable contacting UCCS PD, you may contact a **Campus Security Authority (CSA)**. CSA's are campus staff, faculty and students whose job functions make them significantly responsible for students and student activities. Sometimes victims and witnesses of a crime are hesitant to talk to a police officer. The Clery Act requires all institutions to collect crime reports from a variety of individuals to assist in reporting crime statistics accurately. CSA's are not investigators of crime, they do not categorize crimes; CSA's help collect crime report information for UCCS. CSA's have an important function to immediately forward reports of crime to UCCS Police. This is because a CSA report may be the basis for determining if there is a serious or continuing threat to the safety of our campus. Some examples of CSA's include staff and students of Housing, Dean of Students, Health Center, Recreation Center, Athletics, Student Success, ROTC, FDC, Club Advisors, and Campus Security.

University Police want the campus community to report any suspicious activities such as persons seen loitering around vehicles, buildings, or residential halls. Please call (719) 255-3111. Crimes and suspicious activities that occur off campus can be reported to the Colorado Springs Police Department at (719) 444-7000.

Accidents

If you have a traffic accident on campus or in one of the campus parking lots, call the UCCS Police Department at 719-255-3111. Traffic accidents are defined as unintentional damage or injury caused by the movement of a motor vehicle.

Response

The UCCS PD responds to all reports of crimes and suspicious activities that occur on campus and other properties owned, operated or under the control of the UCCS. UCCS PD is generally the first to respond to any emergency or call for service. The CSPD respond to crimes reported elsewhere in the city. However, the University Police Department and the City of Colorado Springs Police Department have a close working relationship and may coordinate their responses to crimes as appropriate.

Officers respond to crime reports as appropriate using state and municipal laws as guidelines. These officers decide to detain, arrest, or merely warn offenders based on established standards of criminal or constitutional law. UCCS Police officers write reports on all law violations; administration uses the reports to compile daily, monthly, and yearly statistics for the FBI's Uniform Crime Report. UCCS Police officers also review and investigate reports of old or "cold" crimes.

b. Statement Addressing Voluntary Confidential and Anonymous Reporting

Because police reports are public records under state law, the University Police cannot hold reports of crime in confidence; therefore UCCS PD does not allow voluntary confidential reporting.

Occasionally, victims of crime wish to discuss a crime or other incident but do not want to give their name



and/or do not want to pursue action through the criminal justice or university judicial systems. A victim can confidentially discuss a crime or incident with a mental health clinician on campus.

If you are not comfortable reporting a crime or other safety or security related concern directly to the UCCS PD, you may also choose to use the University's on-line anonymous reporting option at https://secure.ethicspoint.com/domain/en/report_custom.asp?clientid=14973. If you choose the anonymous reporting option please be aware that the report cannot be immediately viewed. If there is an immediate threat to life or safety please call 9-1-1 from a campus phone, non-campus phone or cell phone immediately.

The purpose of an anonymous report is to possibly take steps to promote safety. In addition, the University can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the institution.

c. Statement Encouraging Accurate and Prompt Crime Reporting

Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-8-115, "Duty to Report a Crime" requires all persons who believe a crime has been committed to report promptly the suspected crime to law enforcement authorities.

To report a crime contact University Police at (719) 255-3111, or 3111 (from a campus phone), or use the emergency call boxes located in parking lots and some buildings, or report in person to the police located in the UCCS Public Safety building, attached to the parking garage.

UCCS encourages anyone who is the victim or witness to any crime to accurately and promptly report the incident to University Police, even when the victim of a crime elects not to or is unable to make such a report. Reporting a crime provides accurate and complete statistical reports and aids in providing timely warning notices to the community, when appropriate. Faculty, staff, and students who are considered to be Campus Security Authorities are required to forward any report of a crime on campus to the University Police for further investigation. Reporting an incident to a campus CSA also assists Campus Police in capturing statistics when the victim of a crime elects or is unable to make a report. Incidents reported to University Police that fall into one of the required reporting classifications will be disclosed as a statistic in this annual publication. All student organizations leasing or are in control of off-campus space must report to the university sponsor any criminal activity that occurs off campus. A copy of those reports involving criminal activity must be filed with the University Police for inclusion in the Annual Safety and Security Report.

Timely reports allow for timely response and eventually a safer campus. DO YOUR PART, REPORT!

d. Discussing an Incident with a University Counselor

Occasionally, victims of crime wish to discuss a crime or other incident but do not want to give their name and/or do not want to pursue action through the criminal justice or university judicial systems. A victim can confidentially discuss a crime or incident with a mental health clinician on campus. University "mental health clinicians", when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics. A Professional Counselor is a person whose official responsibilities include providing mental health counseling to members of the institution's community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification. At this time, UCCS does not employ pastoral counselors.

Mental health clinicians, if and when they deem it appropriate, are encouraged by UCCS PD to inform the persons they are counseling of the procedures to report a crime to the University Police. However, it is made clear to the student that the final decision to report or not report is left up to the student. Visit <http://www.uccs.edu/counsel> for further information.

A summary of the student issues that the University Counseling Center works with each year is recorded in a Counseling Center annual report. This data is summarized by diagnoses and no names are attached to the data. The Counseling Center report does not distinguish events that occurred in the past year from events that occurred at any time in the student's past, and it does not distinguish reported events from non-reported events.



e. Statement Addressing Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence or Non-Forcible Sex Offenses

Since January of 1993, victims of "crimes against persons" in Colorado are afforded specific rights pursuant to the Victim Rights Act (VRA). The VRA provides victims with a more active role in the criminal justice process in an attempt to balance the historically inequitable scales of justice. Below is the list of crimes covered by the Victim Rights Act.

If you or a loved one has been a victim of the following types of crimes in the State of Colorado, your right to be informed and to participate in critical stages of the criminal justice process related to the crime is guaranteed by the Colorado Constitution. This page will assist you if you are a victim of a crime in the City of Colorado Springs and the State of Colorado, by providing you with some information that may be helpful to you during your time of need.

Crimes Covered Under the Victims' Rights Act

- Murder, Manslaughter
- Criminally negligent homicide and vehicular homicide
- Assault - 1st, 2nd, 3rd
- Robbery - aggravated, aggravated of a controlled substance
- Menacing
- Kidnapping
- Sexual Assault - 1st, 2nd, 3rd, on a child, on a child by one in position of trust, on a client by a psychotherapist
- Incest
- Child abuse
- Sexual exploitation of children
- Crimes (VRA) against at-risk adults or at-risk juveniles
- Crimes for which the underlying foundation has been determined to be domestic violence
- Careless driving resulting in death
- Failure to stop at the scene of an accident involving a death
- Harassment by stalking
- Ethnic intimidation
- Any criminal attempt, conspiracy, criminal solicitation, or accessory involving any of the crimes stated above
- Violation of a protection order against a person charged with committing sexual assault
- Indecent exposure
- Intimidating a victim or a witness
- Tampering with a witness or victim

The Federal Campus Sexual Assault Victims' Bill of Rights Survivors shall be notified of their options to notify law enforcement.

- Accuser and accused must have the same opportunity to have others present.
- Both parties shall be informed of the outcome of any disciplinary proceeding.
- Survivors shall be notified of counseling services.
- Survivors shall be notified of options for changing academic and living situations.

UCCS provides support for victims of crime. Therefore, do not hesitate to report a crime including incidents of sexual assault and ethnic, racial, or sexual harassment. As a crime victim, you can obtain assistance on campus as well as within the Colorado Springs community. See the Campus and Community Resource Directory in the back of this booklet for other organizations that provide services to victims of crime.



UCCS will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence (as that term is defined in section 16 of title 18, United States Code), or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the University against the student who is the alleged perpetrator of the

crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, UCCS will provide the results of the disciplinary proceeding to the victim's next of kin, if so requested.

The UCCS campus community has the right to live without fear of becoming a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, stalking or sexual assault. In accordance with this principle, UCCS prohibits any act of interpersonal violence or sexual misconduct.

4. CRIME ALERTS AND EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

a. Statement Addressing Issuing Timely Warnings

UCCS PD and University Relations are primarily responsible for developing and disseminating "timely warning" notices to members of the university community about statutorily designated crimes that occur within the Clery defined geography when the circumstances of a criminal incident support a reasonable belief that a serious, ongoing threat or pattern to university students, staff, and affiliates exists. Such warnings are provided to students and employees in a manner that is timely, withholds the names of victims as confidential, and will aid in the prevention of similar occurrences. These warnings will be distributed for any qualifying incident discovered by, or reported to, UCCS PD.

UCCS PD will coordinate issuance of a Timely Warning/Safety Advisory when:

1. The circumstances of the commission of the crime create a reasonable belief that there is a serious or ongoing threat to the members of the UCCS community.
2. The crime is one of the following types; is determined to pose a serious or ongoing threat to the community; and was committed on property owned or controlled by the campus, or on public property running through or immediately adjacent to campus:
 - Homicide – Murder & non-negligent manslaughter
 - Sex Offenses – Forcible and Non-forcible (considered on a case by case basis depending on the facts of the case, when the incident occurred versus when it was reported and the amount of information known by UCCS PD)
 - Robbery involving force or violence
 - Aggravated assault - (if an assault occurs between two people who have a disagreement, there may be no on-going threat to other UCCS community members and a timely warning would not be distributed)
 - Burglary
 - Motor Vehicle Theft
 - Major incidents of arson
 - Hate crimes involving bodily injury
 - Other crimes as determined necessary by the Chief of Police or his/her designee

Timely Warnings/Safety Advisories may not be issued for the above listed crimes if the perpetrator(s) is apprehended and the ongoing threat to members of the UCCS community has been mitigated by the apprehension.

All of the above listed crimes and any other crimes will be assessed on a case by case basis to determine if there is an ongoing or serious threat to the UCCS community.



Possible tools used to disseminate Timely Warning information may include:

System to use	Primary Message Creator	Backup Message Creator	Authority for approving & sending messages	Primary Message Sender	Backup Message Sender
PRIMARY					
Email to campus community	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	Public Safety	University Relations
UCCS website	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	IT	University Relations
DPS website	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	Public Safety	IT
SECONDARY					
Emergency Notification System (Text, email, 150 voice messages, Emergency Management Social Media Sites)	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	Public Safety	University Relations
UCCS Official Social media	University Relations	Chancellor's Office	EOC team member	University Relations	Chancellor's Office
Media release	University Relations	Chancellor's Office	EOC team member	University Relations	Chancellor's Office
Poster/flyers	Public Safety	University Relations	Public Safety	Public Safety	Available campus personnel.
CSPD Crimestoppers	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	Crimestoppers	none
CSPD Community Alert System	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	CSPD	none

As required under federal law, UCCS PD also maintains a **daily crime log** (police blotter) – available at <http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/police/blotter.html> – which is updated every two business days and contains all crimes reported to the UCCS PD.

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the UCCS PD, by phone at (719) 255-3111; or in person at the UCCS PD, Public Safety building, located at the southeast corner of the Parkway parking garage.



b. Statement Addressing Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

I. Policy Statement:

This policy establishes the emergency response and evacuation procedures for UCCS.

This policy has been established to ensure to the greatest extent possible the safety and welfare of UCCS students and employees. This policy is aligned with, and in compliance with the Higher Education Opportunity Act that requires all Title IV institutions, without exception, to have and disclose emergency response procedures in response to a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on the campus.

II. Scope:

The requirements set forth in this policy are only applicable to emergency or dangerous situations occurring on campus. The institution may issue emergency notifications about emergency or dangerous situations that occur in the broader community if institutional officials determine that such notifications provide helpful or relevant information to the campus population.

III. Situation:

UCCS will, upon confirmation of an ongoing significant emergency or dangerous situation that poses an imminent threat to the health and safety of campus community members, immediately issue emergency notifications to the campus community. While it is impossible to predict every significant or dangerous situation that may occur on campus, the following identified situations shall warrant an emergency notification after confirmation.

- a) Armed/Hostile Intruder
- b) Bomb/Explosives (threat)
- c) Communicable disease outbreak
- d) Severe weather
- e) Terrorist incident
- f) Civil unrest
- g) Natural disaster
- h) Hazardous materials incident
- i) Structure fires

University officials shall use their best, reasonable judgment in all other situations as to whether an emergency notification is warranted. Situations that may create business, academic or research interruptions, but do not pose a health or safety risk, do not necessitate an emergency notification. Notifications about such situations will be facilitated by University Relations with coordination of involved departments as appropriate.

Examples of such situations include:

- a) Snow closures
- b) Temporary building closures
- c) Power outages

An emergency notification will not be issued upon confirmation if the notification will, or is likely to:

- a) Compromise the efforts of first responders
- b) Compromise efforts to assist the victim
- c) Increase the vulnerability of campus safety
- d) Compromise efforts to contain, respond to or otherwise mitigate the emergency

IV. Emergency Notification System

UCCS has a policy regarding the use of this Emergency Notification System for emergencies that pose an immediate threat to the health and safety of the campus community as well as weather-related campus closures or delays, such as snow closure. This system will not be used for routine, non-emergency or non-urgent events.

The Emergency Notification System allows designated administrators (see graph on page 14) to send emergency messages via text to cell phones, email, and/or pagers of subscribers (students, faculty, and staff) and to all staff/faculty/student UCCS email addresses, UCCS Emergency Management social media sites, as



well as select voice mails to UCCS main desk areas and classrooms/labs. In the event of an emergency, the Emergency Notification System will be one of the primary systems utilized to notify subscribers of the situation. To learn more or sign up for this service, go to <https://e2campus.uccs.edu>.

V. Confirmation of an Emergency or Dangerous Situation:

Reports of emergency or dangerous situations can originate from various sources including;

- Reports from first responders
- Reports from established warning points
- Reports from other campus departments
- Reports from citizens through 911 or 255-3111

Confirmation of these situations will occur through several different processes:

Criminal Nature:

Emergency or dangerous situations that are criminal in nature will be considered confirmed if a law enforcement officer observes the situation as it is occurring. For situations that are criminal in nature that are not apparent or not directly observed by law enforcement, confirmation will be made by University Police command-level staff. Command-level staff will review the readily available information and determine if there is enough information to reasonably conclude a significant emergency or dangerous situation is occurring on campus. Command-level staff

may consult with additional departments and policy level personnel as practical without jeopardizing life or safety.

Other Emergency or Dangerous Situations:

Confirmation of non-criminal situations will be determined after readily available information is reviewed by campus emergency management, law enforcement or policy level personnel.

Established Warning Points:

Established warning points are considered entities with subject matter expertise on particular hazards that may affect campus. When a warning is issued by one of these entities it is considered confirmed, however, additional consultation with campus officials will occur as practical without jeopardizing life or safety.

- National Weather Service Warnings for weather events, flood events and wildfires
- El Paso County Public Health Communicable disease/public health emergencies
- Colorado Springs Fire Department Structure fire and hazardous material events

*This table is not all inclusive, but represents a sampling of established warning and confirmation points.

VI. Population Notified/Segmented Notification:

With the exception of emergencies that are contained to one campus facility/area, the University has decided not to provide segmented emergency notifications. This decision was made based on the analysis of identified risks to the campus and to prevent accidental exclusion of a segment of campus population for which the emergency notification was intended.

In the situations when a single facility/area is involved, facility alarms, public address systems, phone-trees, and other technologies of the facility may be utilized to provide warning. Campus personnel may also provide warning if needed and feasible. Should a segmented emergency notification be issued, on-going assessments of the situation will occur and a campus-wide notification will be sent as necessary.

VII. Emergency Notification Content:

The content of an emergency notification will depend on the situation and the notification method. However, the following information will be included in all initial emergency notifications regardless of the situation or method:

- Specific location of the emergency
- A description of the situation (flash flood warning, dangerous situation, etc.)



- Relevant safety instructions (move to higher ground, shelter in place, etc.)

A fourth element of where to get more information (i.e., university website) will be included in the initial notification if feasible. Because of text character limits, or the immediate availability of information, the fourth element of where to get information may not always be included in the initial emergency notification. Typically, more information will be provided on the university’s website at <http://www.uccs.edu>.

Pre-scripted Emergency Notifications:

To the greatest extent possible, the institution will develop and utilize pre-scripted emergency notifications that have been collaboratively developed and agreed upon by UCCS PD, campus Emergency Management, University Relations and appropriate policy level personnel. The development of these notifications facilitates faster dissemination. Pre-scripted notifications have been developed primarily for the Emergency Notification System and the UCCS website. During situations for which a pre-scripted notification has not been developed, the UCCS PD, University Relations, or I.T, will be the primary departments responsible for creating content (see below graph for further information on message creation and dissemination responsibilities).

Additional content considerations:

As feasible, after the situation description, relevant instructions, and additional information sources are provided, the following content should be considered for inclusion:

- Campus operating status (open, closed, etc.)
- Information update frequencies
- Additional instructions that are not specific to life safety

Follow-up Information:

UCCS will use some or all of the systems above to communicate follow-up information to the community as deemed necessary. An “all clear” notification should be sent at the conclusion of a significant emergency or dangerous situation. These notifications should include campus operating status if relevant.

VIII. Concept of Operations:

The primary method of issuing an emergency notification is the Emergency Notification System. Additionally, the campus website is designed to accommodate increased traffic during emergency situations so that both campus community members and the broader community are provided with emergency notifications and information. The website will be the primary point of information dissemination for the broader community, including parents.

The below graph represents a listing of primary and secondary systems available to the campus for creation, approval, and dissemination of emergency messages:

Possible tools used to disseminate Emergency information may include:

System	Primary Message Creator	Backup Message Creator	Authority for approving & sending messages	Primary Message Sender	Backup Message Sender
PRIMARY					
ENS: Text, email, 150 voice messages, Emergency Management Social Media Sites	Public Safety	University Relations, IT	EOC team member	Public Safety	University Relations, IT



All UCCS staff/faculty/student campus email addresses	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	Public Safety	University Relations, IT
UCCS website	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	IT	University Relations
SECONDARY					
Emergency Notification System	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	Public Safety	University Relations
UCCS Official Social media	University Relations	Chancellor's Office	EOC team member	University Relations	Chancellor's Office
Media release	University Relations	Chancellor's Office	EOC team member	University Relations	Chancellor's Office
Flashnews	Public Safety	none	Public Safety	Public Safety	none
Campus Closure Line	Public Safety	none	Public Safety	Public Safety	Public Safety
City of Colorado Springs Reverse 911 system	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	City of Colorado Springs	None
Campus Department's 2-way radio system	Public Safety	none	EOC team member	Public Safety	none
Police Vehicle Public Address Systems/Bullhorns	Public Safety	none	Public Safety Command.	Public Safety	none
Building PA	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member (when possible).	Responsible Building Manager	none
Poster/flyers	Public Safety	University Relations	Public Safety	Public Safety	Available campus personnel.
CSPD Crimestoppers	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	Crimestoppers	none
CSPD Community Alert	Public Safety	University Relations	EOC team member	CSPD	none

IX. Emergency Response Organization

The campus maintains an Emergency Operations Plan that outlines responsibilities of campus departments during emergencies. This plan outlines incident priorities, campus organization and specific responsibilities of particular departments or positions. The Emergency Operations Plan can be found at: <http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/emerplan.html>

University departments are responsible for developing emergency response and continuity of operations plans for their areas and staff. Campus emergency management provides resources and guidance for the development of these plans.

X. Emergency Response Education

Information about emergency response procedures is provided at the beginning of each semester at student orientation, and it is re-emphasized throughout the year on a campus-wide basis as other relevant advisories



are issued. Information on how to receive emergency notifications is also located in the campus closure policy, which is provided electronically to the entire campus community on an annual basis. Furthermore, the campus emergency management website provides information and instructions about hazards that are likely to affect campus.

a. Statement Addressing Testing Emergency Response

The Emergency Notification System alert system is tested a minimum of twice a year; other tests are performed on individual and/or small-group basis. These tests will be received by a test group rather than all Emergency Notification System users as text fees may apply. This system is also used for weather-related closures or delay, allowing additional use of the system in a non-emergency environment.

Fire alarm inspections and building evacuation drills are conducted twice annually by the Environmental Health & Safety unit in conjunction with UCCS PD. These drills and exercises are specifically designed by Public Safety to assess and evaluate campus emergency plans and capabilities. Building emergency floor coordinators train annually on evacuation drills along with other initial response scenarios. The campus Leadership Team also meets twice annually to perform emergency tabletop exercises. Emergency e-mail messages and our Emergency Notification System mass messaging system are tested several times each year. Cross training with the City of Colorado Springs occurs once to twice annually. Each test on campus will be documented by Public Safety, which will include the date, time, and whether the test was announced or unannounced. Public Safety will publicize emergency response and evacuation procedures in conjunction with at least one test per calendar year.

b. Statement Addressing Evacuation Procedures

An evacuation of part or all of the UCCS campus may be required before, during, or after a significant incident, emergency, disaster or major disaster, or catastrophic incident as defined in the UCCS Basic Emergency Operations Plan. An evacuation may constitute the movement of people from one area of the campus to another, or it could require movement to an off-campus location away from the hazards effecting an evacuation requirement. Such an evacuation may lead to an eventual return to the campus, or may involve reunification and/or mass transportation efforts in the event the return of people to the campus is not feasible.

A. General

1. The primary goal is a safe and orderly evacuation to save lives and allow responding emergency personnel unimpeded access to address the campus incident.
2. Identify specific areas of the campus to be evacuated, and where the displaced people are to be sheltered (and by what method if beyond walking distance).
3. Specify transportation pickup location(s) for mobility impaired persons.
4. The authority to issue a campus evacuation order rests with the Chancellor or their designee; the authority to issue an order covering the area surrounding and/or including the campus rests with the City according to its ordinances and plans.
5. Alert shelters of the incident and evacuation plan, as well as the approximate number of evacuees to be expected. This includes notifying shelter operations organizations such as the American Red Cross.
6. The evacuation order should not be lifted until consultation is made between the campus EOC, ICP, and the City EOC (if activated). The authority to lift a campus evacuation order rests with the Chancellor or their designee; the authority to lift an order covering the area surrounding and/or including the campus, issued by the City, rests with the City according to its ordinances and plans.

B. Specific

1. The UCCS campus is divided into seven Evacuation Zones, hereinafter identified as Evacuation Zones 1 through 7.
2. There are two types of evacuations of the campus.



- An evacuation of one part of the campus which has been affected by an incident to another, unaffected part of the campus; for instance, an evacuation of Evacuation Zone 2 sending all affected people to shelter in the University Center which is in Evacuation Zone 3.
 - An evacuation of part or all of the campus (one or more of the Evacuation Zones) to an off-campus shelter location; for instance, an evacuation of Evacuation Zone 4 to shelter at Katherine Lee Bates Elementary School.
3. UCCS has entered into Shelter Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) with the following pre-planned off-campus shelter locations (confidential after hours contact information is maintained on file in the EOC and Public Safety):
 - a. Katherine Lee Bates Elementary School, 702 Cragmor Road: 328-5400.
 - b. Colorado Springs Christian School, 4855 Mallow Road: 599-3553.
 - c. Pulpit Rock Church, 301 Austin Bluffs Parkway: 598-6767.

For more information on campus emergency preparedness and quick reference information, visit the website at <http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/emmerplan/>

5. CRIME STATISTICS

a. Statement Addressing Preparation of Disclosure of Annual Crime Statistics

The UCCS Department of Public Safety prepares this report to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act). In addition to statistics provided by the UCCS Police, crime statistics were also requested from the Colorado Springs Police Department for the areas surrounding campus and the off-campus properties that the university owns, leases or rents. Disciplinary-referral statistics were requested from the Office of the Dean of Students and the Director of Residence Life and Housing. Additionally, the Department of Public Safety requests crime statistics from the Campus Security Authorities (CSAs) on an annual basis. CSAs are required to provide the Department of Public Safety information on any crime reported directly to them during the previous calendar year. For statistical purposes, crime statistics reported to any of these sources are recorded in the calendar year the crime was reported. All statistics are gathered, compiled, and reported to the University community via this report. The Department of Public Safety submits these crime statistics to the Department of Education. By October 1 of each year, an e-mail notification is made to all enrolled students and current faculty and staff that provide information about this report. It includes a brief summary of the contents of this report, the website address for accessing this report, and information regarding how interested persons can request a printed copy of the report.

b. Statement Addressing Criminal Activity Off-Campus

UCCS has no university owned or controlled non-campus student organization facilities. If any local law enforcement agency in the Pikes Peak region is contacted about criminal activity occurring off-campus involving UCCS students, that agency is encouraged to notify UCCS PD. Students in these cases may be subject to arrest by any law enforcement agency and may be referred to the UCCS Office of the Dean of Students.



c. Crime Statistics Table

Crimes Reported by the University Police*

Total Crimes Reported For: Offense Type (includes attempts)	UCCS Campus						Non Campus			Public Property			Total		
	2011		2012		2013		2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013
	On Campus	Housing	On Campus	Housing	On Campus	Housing									
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Murder/ Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense - Rape	0	0	0	0	2#	2#	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Sex Offense - Sodomy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense – Sexual Assault w/Object	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense - Fondling	1**	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	2
Sex Offense- Incest	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offense – Statutory Rape	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Burglary	2**	2	3	0	6	6	3	2	1	0	0	0	5	5	7
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Theft	67**	9**	64	9	46	9	3	1	1	0	0	0	70	65	47
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	0	3	0	2	0	0	0	4^	0	0	0	1	3	6

Includes crimes reported by other law enforcement agencies.

2 Sex Offense occurred in 2012 not reported till 2013.

^ 4 motor vehicle thefts occurred in parking lot at a non-campus multi-building apartment complex where two buildings are leased by UCCS for student housing. As there is no designated parking for UCCS students, all motor vehicle thefts from the complex were counted.

** Due to independent external audit, 2011 stats changed:

- Forcible sex offense changed from 0 to 1. An exceptionally closed case (Unlawful Sexual Contact) was not originally counted.
- Burglary offense changed from 1 to 2. 1 theft count should have been burglary count.
- Theft offense changed from 74 to 67, and 10 to 9, due to counting unfounded crimes.

Violence Against Women Act of 2013 (VAWA), crimes reported to University Police*

Total Crimes Reported For: Offense Type (includes attempts)	UCCS Campus						Non Campus			Public Property			Total		
	2013						2013			2013			2013		
	On Campus	Housing	On Campus	Housing	On Campus	Housing									
Domestic Violence	0	0					0			0			0		
Dating Violence	1	1					0			0			1		
Stalking	1	0					0			0			1		



Number of Arrests/Referrals for Select Offenses*

Total Crimes Reported For: Offense Type (includes attempts)	UCCS Campus						Non Campus			Public Property			Total		
	2011		2012		2013		2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013
	On Campus	Housing	On Campus	Housing	On Campus	Housing									
Liquor Law Violations															
Arrest	42	29**	36	21	22	14	0	3	1	5**	0	4	47	39	27
Referred for Disciplinary Action	60**	53**	56	53	56	51	0	3	1	0	0	2	60	59	59
Drug Law Violations															
Arrest	21**	12	38	26	21	17	1	4	4	9**	1	0	31	43	25
Referred for Disciplinary Action	22**	21	7	4	8	6	0	2	1	0	0	0	22	9	9
Weapons Law Violations															
Arrest	0	0	0	0	1+	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
Referred for Disciplinary Action	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Includes crimes reported by other law enforcement agencies.

+ no arrest but possession of concealed weapon is counted for Clery stat. Non-student, no referral, exclusion given.

** Due to independent external audit, 2011 stats changed:

- Drug Law arrest, on-campus, changed from 20 to 21. Added 1 to on-campus arrest and subtracted 1 from public property/ Solar Site, (which went from 10 to 9).

- Housing Liquor Law Arrest changed from 28 to 29. Should have counted law violation that occurred off campus, student came on campus with alcohol in system and was cited.

- Public Property Liquor Law Arrests changed from 8 to 5. 3 DUI's were counted and should not have been.

- On Campus Referrals for Liquor Laws changed from 68 to 60 due to some 2010 stats were merged into 2011 stats, some over 21 years of age were counted as liquor referrals when there was no law violation.

- On Campus referrals for Drug Laws changed from 23 to 22 due to a 2010 stat merged into 2011 stats.

- Housing Liquor Law referrals changed from 62 to 53 due to some 2010 stats were merged into 2011 stats, some over 21 years of age were counted as liquor referrals when there was no law violation.

In cases involving Liquor Law, Drug Law, and Illegal Weapons Law violations, each person who was arrested is indicated in the arrest statistics. The statistics captured under the "Referred for Disciplinary Action" section for Liquor Law, Drug Law, and Weapons Law violations indicates the number of people referred to the Office of the Dean of Students or the Director of Student Housing who were charged with a violation.

Listing crime statistics for the category of Larceny is not required by law, but is still provided in the interest of informing the community about the most frequent crimes that occur at UCCS. Only those incidents reported to UCCS PD are captured in these statistics.



Number of Reported Hate Crimes for Selected Offenses*

Total Crimes Reported For: Offense Type (includes attempts)	UCCS Campus						Non Campus			Public Property			Total		
	2011		2012		2013		2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013	2011	2012	2013
	On Campus	Housing	On Campus	Housing	On Campus	Housing									
Aggravated Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Arson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Burglary	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Motor Vehicle Theft	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Robbery	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Offenses (Rape/Sodomy/Sexual Assault w/object/Fondling)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sex Offenses (Incest/Statutory Rape)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Simple Assault	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Intimidation	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Theft /Larceny	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Destruction, Damage, Vandalism to property	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Any other crime involving bodily injury	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Hate Crime/ Bias Incidents

As stated in Colorado Revised Statute 18-9-121 Bias-motivated crimes, the Colorado General Assembly defines a Bias-motivated crime as a crime committed with the intent to intimidate or harass another person because of that person’s actual or perceived race, color, ethnicity, religion, ancestry, national origin, physical or mental disability, gender identity or sexual orientation.

A hate or bias related crime is not a separate, distinct crime, but is the commission of a criminal offense which was motivated by the offender’s bias. For example, a subject assaults a victim, which is a crime. If the facts of the case indicate that the offender was motivated to commit the offense because of his/her bias against the victim’s race, sexual orientation, etc., the assault is then also classified as a hate/bias crime.

The University of Colorado Board of Regents Policy10: Non-Discrimination, affirms that the University of Colorado is committed to building a community of students, faculty, and staff in which diversity is a fundamental value. People are different, and the differences among them are what we call diversity -- a natural and enriching hallmark of life. A climate of healthy diversity is one in which people value rich panoply of diverse ideas, perspectives and backgrounds, individual and group differences, and communicates openly.

If you believe that you may have been a victim of a bias-motivated crime, contact UCCS PD at (719) 255-3111.

* Reported crimes may involve individuals not associated with the institution.



6. CRIME PREVENTION, EDUCATION and SECURITY AWARENESS

a. Statement Addressing Security Awareness Programs

The University Police Operations, along with many campus partners and departments, offers a number of programs that promote security awareness. The University engages in comprehensive educational programming to prevent domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking and other crime prevention programs to the UCCS campus community. UCCS is dedicated to crime prevention and facilitate programs for students, staff, faculty, and the community by providing a variety of educational strategies and tips on how to protect themselves and their property. In addition to departmental programs, the Police Department cooperates with other units on campus to present security and safety programs. A common theme of all programs is to encourage students and employees to be aware of their responsibility for their own security and the security of others.

b. Statement Addressing Crime Prevention Programs

UCCS campus community personnel facilitate programs for students, parents, and employees, providing a variety of educational strategies and tips.

ONGOING RESOURCES:

Parking Enforcement Officers - Students conduct core campus and parking facility safety patrols on foot.

Safety Escorts – Police officers and security guards are available to provide safety escorts.

Tip: To enhance personal safety, and especially after an evening class, walk with friends or someone from class that you know well. There were over 750 safety escorts this calendar year.

Crime Prevention Tips—Available on the Public Safety web site at <http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/police/prevention/crime-prevention-tips.html>.

THINK - is a drug and alcohol awareness committee on campus committed to raising awareness of the consequences of drug and alcohol use. For more information visit our website located at: <http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/police/prevention/think-drug-and-aggression-defense-program.html> This committee meets 2-3 times each semester.

National Bike Registry – NBR is a program that offers an informational link between people whose bikes are stolen and the police who recover them. For more information visit <http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/police/prevention/national-bike-registry.html>

WeTip - Anonymous reporting system for crime, drugs, gangs, graffiti.
(800) 78-CRIME
<http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/police/prevention/wetip--anonymous-crime-reporting-.html>

EDUCATIONAL and TEACHING RESOURCES:

Women's only Self-Defense Classes

Rape Aggression Defense -- (R.A.D.) RAD is a hands-on, self-defense, and risk reduction education program for women. It is designed to teach the student realistic ways to defend and protect oneself from sexual and abductive assaults. University Police offer the following R.A.D. self-defense courses which are taught by nationally-certified instructors:

<http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/police/prevention/rape-aggression-defense-program-.html>

This class is offered 6-10 times each semester.

Basic Self Defense: Twelve-hour course for women designed to teach empowerment, Risk



Reduction and self-defense techniques. This class is available upon request.

MAKING POSITIVE CHOICES – This is a 20-30 minute presentation given to incoming students who are first year and transfer students. This presentation addresses overall campus safety for students, drug and alcohol awareness, sexual harassment, assault prevention, and emergency preparedness procedures. This program is offered 25 - 30 times a year prior to the beginning of each semester.

CHOICES an alcohol or marijuana awareness program for college students involving interactive journaling. The CHOICES program involves a 90-minute, peer-facilitated class. Throughout the course students are presented with information and then they are able to reflect on what they have learned as it relates to their choices about alcohol or marijuana use. The CHOICES program is presented in a non-confrontational manner that enables students to make their own decisions about alcohol or marijuana. Because the central focus of this program is to help students make informed choices, the journal is set up to provide participants with information and then they are asked to apply what they have learned in a series of self-reflective questions. We offer this program twice a month during the academic year.

SIDNE (Simulated Impaired DrivINg Experience) –

SIDNE is a battery-powered vehicle that simulates alcohol and drug impairment for the driver. This program is given on-campus as well as to local high schools. We offer this program twice a year on campus, twice a year off-campus at local high schools, and twice a year at other off-site community locations.

Alcohol Awareness Seminar - this program emphasizes the personal effect of alcohol use through Fatal-Vision goggles as well as the legal implications.

<http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/police/prevention/alcohol-awareness-program.html>. This seminar is given several times per year and is also incorporated into the SIDNE seminars.

Resident Assistant Training - each of the presentations is broken into two sessions. One session is for discussion on safety awareness and police interaction. The other session is for practical application in the field. The sessions are presented in the fall and spring semesters and presentation times average from two to four hours for each session. This training is presented twice a year.

Refuse to Be A Victim – A three-hour class that presents crime prevention, theft reduction, personal awareness, and home and office security tips and concepts. These classes are free and open to the campus and local community. This class is offered twice a year for specific campus departments or upon request.

Bicycle Safety -- Police Officers assigned to the Police Mountain Bike Patrol offer classes on bicycle safety and skills to a variety of age groups to include pre-school and elementary age. This program is given once each summer at the on-campus day-care facility.

Shots Fired: When Lightning Strikes. Public Safety personnel discuss with students, staff and faculty the issues surrounding an active shooter situation on a college campus. The cornerstone of this training is the “Shots Fired on Campus” DVD. This 20 minute video is also available for viewing on the Public Safety website. This video is shown during various emergency preparedness trainings on campus.

Maximize your Buzz – Hosted by Office of Student Activities and the Dean of Students Office. Educates students on the dangers of high risk drinking, creative ways of saying no, and weighing out your choices when faced with that decision. It also offered significant data about college students, drug information, and how it relates to UCCS. Approx. attendance: 101



Alcohol Awareness and Violence Prevention Tabling - Hosted by Office of Student Activities.

These programs are held 2 days prior to a campus dance party or music jam, etc. to educate students to the dangers of high risk drinking, how the feeling of intoxication can be perceived via intoxication goggles, and how judgment is impaired and will affect those around you. The program also discusses how to approach situations that contain violent acts toward one another and talks about how to be a bystander in those situations.

Black-out Night Root Beer pong. Hosted by the Dean of Students Office. This event was educating students about what is a standard drink and BAC levels.

Safe Spring Break. Hosted by the Dean of Students Office. This event held prior to spring break, provided education about impaired driving, binge drinking, and personal safety.

Travel Safety. Hosted by representatives from Student Life and the Dean of Students Office who meet with students approved to travel by the department of Student Life and Leadership. Training includes travel safety, financial logistics as well as risk management, the student code of conduct, sexual harassment and discrimination prevention and alcohol/drug/violence prevention.

Sexual Harassment and Risk Management. This online training, hosted by Student Life and Leadership and the Dean of Students Office, conducts a power point presentation and associated quiz designed to educate student club leaders about policies, resources, best practices and reporting requirements related to club and event management. This training is required of all club officers and 675 quizzes were completed.

Bystander/Anti-Bullying Education Training Program (training program hosted by the Greeks)- This program was hosted by Office of Student Activities and the Greek life community for all of campus. It provided bystander training techniques, the dangers of bullying, data across the united states, and the importance of taking a stand while in college. Approx attendance: 56

Anti-R Word Campaign- Hosted by Office of Student Activities. This campaign educated students in a passive way regarding the amount of college students nationally who face mental disabilities, how they have succeeded and how using the word "retarded" can be considered a hate crime.

Health Bingo. Hosted by Student Health Center. This program was presented at two freshman seminar sections and on two occasions in residential housing. A wide variety of health and safety information is provided.

The UCCS Counseling Center hosted four presentations on safety related topics to the UCCS community. These presentations included: relationship violence, substance abuse, mental health crises and emergencies.

Respect on Campus – ROC/ Violence Prevention

<http://www.uccs.edu/roc/index.html>

This office raises awareness and increases knowledge about dating and domestic abuse, stalking and sexual assault with the goal to end a culture of violence. In accordance with the U.S. Office of Violence Against Women, ROC serves as a violence prevention program to the UCCS community (students and employees). ROC offers support group meetings, healthy relationship workshops and presentations, bystander intervention training, recognizing warning signs of abusive behavior education, student development events, campaigns and support, Military outreach, and much more.

ROC offers primary prevention programming and strategies to stop domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking through the changing of social norms and other approaches. Awareness programs discuss the nature and number of cases of domestic



violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking along with associated risk factors, and statistics on the outcomes of disciplinary proceedings.

In 2013, ROC put on the following programs.

Inclusive Response Training (7)

Training for UCCS employees that covers the dynamics of intimate partner violence, sexual assault and stalking in the context of historically marginalized experiences: racial/ethnic minorities, people living with disabilities and lesbian, gay, bisexual and transgender people. The mandatory reporting requirement is explained, and participants build response skills that are sensitive to students and culturally competent.

Awareness/Bystander presentations (21)

An introduction to the issues of intimate partner violence, sexual assault, and stalking, this presentation highlights the essential facts and engages students in thinking how they would help a friend in trouble.

Media and Violence presentation (3)

Students are challenged in these presentations to think critically about *why* interpersonal violence is so prevalent in our society. How does our culture foster values, attitudes, and beliefs that normalize violence? What role do media play in promoting domestic violence, sexual violence, and stalking?

These concepts are discussed in an effort to challenge – and ultimately change – a culture of violence.

In Their Shoes (5)

This is a simulation that takes participants through a real experience of relationship abuse. Learning to think and feel the way a victim/survivor would in an abusive relationship, participants learn about warning signs, patterns of power and control, barriers in the legal and criminal justice systems, and effective and ineffective bystander intervention strategies. Participants walk through stations, making decisions that affect the course of their situation. (Diversity in age, ethnicity, sex, and orientation are represented).

Interactive Theater (3)

This is a dramatic role play that engages every audience member. 2 actors (either ROC staff or student volunteers) play the main roles of 2 people in an abusive relationship. One is the “abuser” and one is the “victim/survivor.” Every audience member is given a bystander character role (i.e., mother) and 1 line to say. The couple’s story unfolds as everyone reads their line. Students are able to interact with the 2 main actors in character after the skit concludes. (Heterosexual and Non-heterosexual versions are available).

Dynamics of Sexual Assault (2)

Myths and stereotypes that promote victim blaming are especially common in our attitudes toward campus sexual assault. In order to engage students in this sensitive topic, important facts concerning sex assault are often taught using “Myth or Fact” games. Additional issues, including consent, reporting, and characteristics of offenders, are explored

Introduction/Resources (every freshman orientation – 10)

Incoming freshmen are given basic information about UCCS policy, issues related to intimate partner violence, stalking and sexual assault, and campus and community resources (including victim resources).

Abuse in the Workplace (2)

This presentation explores the warning signs of workplace harassment and abuse and provides intervention techniques. Domestic Violence affecting the workplace is also explored.

Planned Parenthood: Healthy Relationships, Refusal Skills, Talk is Power (1 of each)

ROC contracted with the Responsible Sex Education Institute at Planned Parenthood to offer three workshops to UCCS students. Healthy Relationships covers positive dynamics in relationships, refusal skills covers consent and assertive communication during sex decision-making, and talk is power trains professionals on how to communicate effectively about sexual health issues with young people.

Bystander Intervention (4)

In these presentations, we examine in depth the unique roles we can play and options that may be available to us as effective bystanders in situations of violence or abuse. Using real scenarios and role-playing exercises, we address some common reasons bystanders hesitate to respond in such situations and equip them with tools to intervene effectively.

THE FOLLOWING SEMINARS ARE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST:

Overall Safety Seminars - These seminars have included Winter Driving Tips, Fire Safety, and Personal Risk Management

Robbery Prevention - This seminar gives tips on how to survive armed robbery and be a good witness. This seminar is given to cashiers and those who handle cash. This is seminar



presentation averages two times per semester.

Theft and Fraud Seminars - These presentations are usually given to people working in areas where check and credit card fraud occurs, (such as the Bookstore, Bursar's Office, Recreation Center, etc.). The seminar covers commonly used scams, how to recognize them, and what to do when they occur. This seminar is given to those who handle cash, checks and credit cards. This seminar presentation averages two times per semester.

Dealing with Difficult People. This presentation is given to campus departments who are customer-oriented and provides them information and tips on how to deal with angry and disruptive customers. This program averages four times each year.

Security Surveys - University police evaluate a facility's physical security and makes recommendations for improvements. This program averages twice a year.

Drug and Alcohol Information Seminars - These talks cover recognition of Controlled substances, the effect on people, and what to do if one suspects that someone is using or selling drugs. This seminar is presented twice a semester and only available upon request.

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS:

Red Cross Certifications – Adult/Child/Infant CPR/AED and First Aid

Emergency Preparedness/Readiness Training - This seminar looks at the weather-related and man-made hazards that exist in Colorado and on any college campus. The discussion ranges from lightning, major accidents, evacuation, shelter in place, dangerous weapons on campus, active shooter, behavioral intervention, emergency notification, situational awareness, and may include several hands-on exercises. Recipients of this training include Residence Life and individual departments.

Floor Coordinator Training - Public Safety personnel put campus floor coordinators through their paces. This training is designed to provide coordinators with additional knowledge about evacuations, sheltering in place, and appropriate response to emergency situations. This training is given annually.

Lab Safety Training - There are 2 levels of this course. The basic level is for students enrolled in a laboratory class. They take a short on-line course designed to make them aware of the hazards present in a laboratory situation and how to respond to an emergency in the laboratory environment. The advanced level is taken by everyone who works (including student employees, volunteers, graduate students, etc.) in a laboratory environment. It goes into greater depth about the hazards present in laboratory settings. It covers both hazardous materials and physical hazards. It goes into greater detail about emergency response during a laboratory incident. It also covers instructor and researcher responsibilities associated with supervising the safety of those students either enrolled in a course or working in a research laboratory.

In addition to the above programs, information is disseminated to students and employees through crime prevention awareness packets, security alert posters, displays, videos, and articles and advertisements in university and student newspapers. Consult the calendar of events in the University Center and the student newspaper for scheduled topics and times.

7. MISSING STUDENT POLICY

If a member of the University community has reason to believe that a student who resides in on-campus housing is missing (missing at least 24 hours), he or she should **immediately** notify the University Police at (719) 255-3111 (3111 from an on-campus phone). UCCS Police will generate a missing person report and



initiate an investigation. UCCS Police will also immediately notify the Office of Resident Life and Housing of the missing person report. In the event the Office of Residence Life and Housing is notified directly by a community member that one of the resident students has been missing for more than 24 hours, they will immediately notify the University Police.

The Office of Resident Life and Housing will cooperate fully with the University Police in their investigation, which will include interviewing roommates, floor mates, student staff, etc. The Office of Residence Life and Housing will also conduct a “Health and Safety” entry into the suite and room of the reported missing student.

Upon initial check-in at the on-campus housing facility, students will be given the option to identify a contact person (in addition to registering an emergency contact) whom the Office of Residence Life and Housing shall notify if the student is determined missing by the University Police or other law enforcement agency. This additional contact information will be:

- Confidential
- Accessible only to authorized campus officials and law enforcement
- May not be disclosed outside of a missing person investigation

If after investigating the missing person report the University Police determines the student is missing and has been missing for more than 24 hours, the University Police will then notify surrounding law enforcement agencies and will have the Office of Residence Life and Housing call the student’s contact person no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing.

If the missing student is under the age of 18 and is not an emancipated individual, the Office of Residence Life and Housing will notify the designated contact person **and** the parent or legal guardian no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing.

8. SEXUAL MISCONDUCT POLICY

Sexual misconduct may include sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, physical sexual abusive behavior, intimate partner violence, stalking.

Consistent with the Regent Policy 1C, Principles of Ethical Behavior, The University of Colorado recognizes that people are the most important resource in accomplishing its mission in the areas of teaching, research, community service, and patient care. The University of Colorado values academic freedom, diversity, and respect for all persons. The university is committed to the principle of non-discrimination and does not tolerate harassment on any basis, including sex, race, ethnicity, religion, gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, age, political affiliation, or political philosophy. University employees are expected to treat colleagues, co-workers, and students with respect, professionalism, and dignity in all interactions and communications.

University of Colorado Administrative Policy Statement on Sexual Harassment Policy and Procedures provides that the University will not tolerate acts of sexual harassment or related retaliation against or by any employee or student. Harassment may occur between any combinations of members of the campus community: student, faculty member, staff member and administrator. It is intended that individuals who violate this policy be disciplined or subjected to corrective action, up to and including termination or expulsion.

UCCS Student Code of Conduct.

The Student Code of Conduct prohibits any form of sexual misconduct, harassment and discrimination. This policy is contained in Appendix I of the UCCS Student Code of Conduct at <http://www.uccs.edu/dos/student-conduct.html>.

Violence Free Campus.

UCCS does not tolerate behavior, whether direct or indirect, that is violent, threatens violence, harasses or intimidates others, or is disruptive to the work or educational environment or UCCS’s ability to provide services to the public (“Violent Behavior”). Violent behavior can include: physical acts, oral or written



statements (including emails, text messages, and postings on social media sites), gestures, or expressions. Individuals who engage in violent behavior may be excluded from campus or campus events, and may be subject to disciplinary action including suspension, dismissal, or termination from employment. All UCCS Faculty, Staff, Students and Administrators are responsible to abide by UCCS Violence Free Campus policy:

<http://www.uccs.edu/Documents/vcaf/policies/100-007ViolenceFreeCampusRev10412.pdf>. This policy prohibits violent behavior in the UCCS campus community and provides procedures to follow in reporting violent behavior, concerns about situations which could become violent and reporting discrimination and harassment. To report emergency or life-threatening violent behavior, emerging or potential threats occurring on campus, call the UCCS Department of Public Safety by dialing (719) 255-3111. Anonymous reports of Violent Behavior may be made through CU Ethicspoint. This third-party service can be reached by calling (800) 677-5590 or online at

https://secure.ethicspoint.com/domain/en/report_custom.asp?clientid=14973 . Do not use this site to report events presenting an immediate threat to life or property. Reports submitted through this service may not receive an immediate response.

Sexual Harassment Policies

CU System Policy: <https://www.cu.edu/policies/aps/hr/5014.html>

UCCS Policy: <http://www.uccs.edu/odh/policy.html>

UCCS is committed to maintaining a positive learning, working and living environment. The University does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, creed, religion, sexual orientation, or veteran status in admission and access to, and treatment and employment in, its educational programs and activities. (Regent Law, Article 10). In pursuit of these goals, the University will not tolerate acts of sexual harassment or related retaliation against or by any employee or student. Such behavior is reprehensible because it subverts the mission of UCCS and threatens the careers, educational experience, and well-being of students, faculty, and staff.

It is also a violation of this Policy for anyone acting knowingly and recklessly either to make a false complaint of sexual harassment or to provide false information regarding a complaint. Robust discussion and debate are fundamental to the life of the University. Consequently, this policy shall be interpreted in a manner that is consistent with academic freedom as defined in Regent Law, Article 5 D, amended 10/10/02. It is intended that individuals who violate this Policy be disciplined or subjected to corrective action, up to and including termination or expulsion.

Sexual harassment and related retaliation are prohibited on the UCCS campus and in UCCS programs and activities wherever they occur. As a place of work and study, UCCS must be free of sexual harassment and related retaliation. A Sexual Harassment Policy has been developed to ensure that UCCS: 1) maintains an environment conducive to fulfilling its educational mission, 2) complies with its ethical and legal obligations, 3) has procedures to respond to allegations of sexual harassment and related retaliation, and 4) provides information about this policy to all members of the UCCS community. For more information, see the UCCS Sexual Harassment Policy at <https://www.cu.edu/policies/aps/hr/5014.html>

For additional information or to report an incident of sexual harassment, please contact the Office of Sexual Harassment and Discrimination at (719) 255-4324 or the Office of the Dean of Students at (719) 255-3091. To report a sexual assault, you should immediately contact the Department of Public Safety at (719) 255-3111.

a. Statement Addressing Responding to Sexual Misconduct

The University recognizes that sexual assault is against the law and is prohibited by the University of Colorado Colorado Springs. If you become the victim of a sexual assault at this institution, your first priority should be to get to a place of safety. It is important that you seek help immediately.

Victims should report any incident of sexual assault or attempted sexual assault immediately to Campus Police Department at (719) 255-3111, or by dialing '911' from any campus telephone. The University Police will investigate all allegations of sexual assault and will take appropriate criminal or appropriate investigatory action.



If the respondent in a report of sexual harassment, sexual assault, discrimination or related retaliation is a student, the University conducts dual, simultaneous investigations under the Student Code of Conduct, the University of Colorado Sexual Harassment Policy and Procedures (“Sexual Harassment Policy”) and/or the UCCS Discrimination and Harassment Policy (“Discrimination and Harassment Policy”), as applicable. If the respondent in such a report is an employee, the Office of Discrimination and Harassment (“ODH”) (719) 255-4324, may conduct an investigation according to the Sexual Harassment Policy and/or the Discrimination and Harassment Policy.

For more information, see Appendix I of the UCCS Student Code of Conduct at <http://www.uccs.edu/dos/student-conduct.html> and the Sexual Harassment Policy at <https://www.cu.edu/ope/efficiency-and-effectiveness/presidents-task-force-efficiency/aps-5014-sexual-harassment-policy>.

To report emergency or life-threatening violent behavior occurring on campus, call the UCCS Department of Public Safety by dialing (719) 255-3111. To report an emerging or potential threat is a non-emergency situation, but a situation in which an individual has reason to believe may become violent, call the UCCS Department of Public Safety by dialing (719) 255-3111. Reports of discrimination or harassment should be made to the ODH at (719) 255-4324. To report any medical emergencies occurring on campus, call 911 from a campus phone. Using the campus phone will simultaneously alert the Department of Public Safety.

Sexual Assault is knowingly inflicting sexual intrusion or sexual penetration on a victim, whether by an acquaintance or by a stranger, that occurs without indication of consent of both individuals, or that occurs under threat or coercion. Sexual assault can occur either forcibly and/or against a person’s will, or when a person is incapable of giving consent. A person is legally incapable of giving consent if intoxicated by drugs and/or alcohol; if developmentally disabled; or if temporarily or permanently mentally or physically unable to do so.

The majority of sexual assaults that occur in campus communities are committed by people known by their victims, such as casual acquaintances through academic, living, work, social, or recreational interactions, including dating. Often, these types of assaults are not reported to University Police or available victim service agencies because people do not think that when a friend or acquaintance subjects them to unwanted sexual intercourse or contact, this is sexual assault. Victims should report any incident of sexual assault or attempted sexual assault immediately to Campus Police Department at (719) 255-3111, or by dialing '911' from any campus telephone. The University Police will investigate all allegations of sexual assault and will take appropriate criminal or appropriate investigatory action.

b. Procedures victims should follow if a sexual misconduct, sexual harassment, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, discrimination or related retaliation occurs:

1. If you are the victim of a sexual misconduct and there is immediate danger, get to a safe place and call the UCCS PD immediately at (719) 255-3111. If you are the victim of a sexual assault in the City of Colorado Springs, call the city police by dialing 9-1-1.
2. Contact someone you trust to be with you and support you: a family member, friend, roommate, etc.
3. For your safety and well-being, immediate medical attention is encouraged. Further, being examined as soon as possible, ideally within 120 hours, is important in the case of sexual assault. University or city police will transport you to an area hospital where only qualified medical professionals will examine and collect evidence from your person.

The hospital will arrange for a specific medical examination. To preserve evidence, it is recommended that you do not bathe, shower, douche, eat, drink, smoke, brush your teeth, urinate, defecate or change clothes before that exam. While it is recognized that this is a normal reaction on the part of most sexual assault victims, it will destroy vital evidence necessary in prosecuting the criminal offense. Even if you have already taken any of these actions, you are still encouraged to have prompt medical care. Additionally, you are encouraged to gather bedding, linens or unlaundered clothing and any other pertinent articles that may be used for evidence. Secure them in a clean paper bag or clean sheet. In addition, trained rape crisis counselors may be called to assist you and provide you with counseling and support.



Time is a critical factor for evidence collection and preservation. An assault should be reported directly to the UCCS PD, CSPD, or to a Residence Life and Housing staff member. UCCS personnel will assist any victim of sexual assault in reporting the crime to the proper authorities. Filing a police report with a UCCS police officer will not obligate the victim to prosecute, nor will it subject the victim to scrutiny or judgmental opinions from officers. Filing a police report will:

- ensure that a victim of sexual assault receives the necessary medical treatment and tests. Collection of physical evidence is of no cost to the victim, whether they choose to file charges or not.
 - provide the opportunity for collection of evidence helpful in prosecution, which cannot be obtained later.
 - ensure that the victim has access to confidential counseling from counselors specifically trained in the area of sexual assault crisis intervention.
4. You will be treated with fairness, respect, and dignity during all phases of the criminal justice process. Both the UCCS PD and the CSPD will keep you informed during all phases of the case including investigation, filing of charges, prosecution, trial and sentencing.
 5. Consider securing immediate professional support to assist you in the crisis. University personnel in counseling, student support services, and student life are available to assist you in reporting a crime to the police, upon request. Even after the immediate crisis has passed, consider seeking support from the University Counseling Center (719) 255-3265, the University Student Health Center 255-4444 or the Rape Crisis Center (719) 633-3819.
 6. Contact the UCCS PD at (719) 255-3111 if you need assistance with other concerns, such as no-contact orders or other protective measures. The UCCS PD will also assist in any needed advocacy for those who wish to obtain protective or restraining orders with local authorities.

A listing of resources are available starting on page 37 of this report.

c. Information on options to notify authorities

Reporting an incident of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking is a difficult yet important decision. Making a report might help with recovery, provide support and services, and prevent the offender from assaulting someone else. If safety is your primary concern, it is important to contact the UCCS PD at (719) 255-3111. If you are the victim of a sexual assault in the City of Colorado Springs, you can call the city police by dialing 9-1-1.

The victim of an alleged sexual assault, a threatened sexual assault, other sexual offenses, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking on campus has several options that may be pursued individually or in combination with other options:

1. To get immediate crisis counseling (24 hours a day) contact the Rape Crisis Center at (719) 633-3819.
2. To file criminal charges with the police department. (In this case, the victim will likely be interviewed by police investigators and if the case goes to trial, will likely be called to testify in court).
3. To file a civil lawsuit or restraining order request against the accused. (In this case, the victim may need a private attorney to assist with these options, and the victim will likely be required to give testimony in court.)
4. To file charges against an accused assailant through the institution's process. If the victim chooses this option, he or she can expect:
 - a. To be interviewed by an official designated by the institution, who will develop a written incident statement and explain the complaint and disciplinary process;
 - b. To be notified whether the charge will result in a hearing following the preliminary review by the institution's officials;
 - c. To give testimony and to answer questions about the case before an official or board, the accused and an advocate for the accused, should the charge result in a hearing;
 - d. To be afforded those rights available to the accused as outlined in the institution's specific student code of conduct or employment policies;
 - e. That both the victim and the accused will be informed of the outcome, except when prohibited by law, of any hearing that may take place;
 - f. That the incident may be referred for criminal prosecution independent of the institution's internal process.



5. Inform institution officials without filing formal charges. However, the institution may have a legal obligation to investigate the incident and take action against the accused. In that case, the victim can have the same expectations as described in subparagraphs 4.a-f above.

6. Make an anonymous report to a campus official without including student identifiers.

7. You also have the right to decline to notify authorities. Victims are not required to report an incident to law enforcement authorities, but campus authorities will assist victims who wish to do so. A student wishing to officially report such an incident to campus authorities (rather than law enforcement) may do so by contacting the University Counseling Center 255-3265. Anyone with knowledge about a sexual assault is encouraged to report it immediately. **Any supervisor who witnesses or receives a written or oral report or complaint of discrimination, harassment or related retaliation that occurs in UCCS employment and educational programs and activities, shall promptly report it to the Office of Discrimination and Harassment (719) 255-4324.**

d. Procedures for addressing and investigating sexual misconduct, sexual harassment, discrimination or related retaliation and disciplinary action.

Procedurally, when UCCS receives a report of sexual assault, sexual harassment, discrimination or related retaliation, the campus Title IX Coordinator and ODH will be notified. When a report of stalking, dating violence and/or domestic violence involves a student, the Dean of Students is notified. If the victim wishes to access local community agencies and/or law enforcement for support, UCCS will assist the victim in making these contacts.

The Dean of Students and/or the Title IX Coordinator will offer assistance to victims in the form of opportunities for academic accommodations, changes in working situations and other assistance as may be appropriate and available (such as no contact orders, campus escorts, transportation assistance, targeted interventions, etc.). Options can also be discussed for managing academic issues while maintaining privacy as sometimes experiencing a sexual assault or other form of sexual misconduct can compromise concentration, ability to focus on school, or feeling able to get to class. With the assistance of the Office of Residence Life and Housing, options can be discussed for a change of housing to include moving the alleged perpetrator, if they live in UCCS Housing Villages.

No victim is required to take advantage of these services and resources, but UCCS provides them in the hope of offering help and support. A summary of rights and options is provided to all victims. The victim will be connected with a counselor on- or off-campus, should he or she wish.

If a report or complaint of sexual harassment/assault, discrimination or related retaliation involves a student respondent, ODH and the Office of the Dean of Students will determine the most appropriate means for addressing the report or complaint. If the respondent is not a student, this determination will be made by ODH. Options for resolution include: 1) investigating the report or complaint; 2) resolving the situation through an informal resolution process including but not limited to mediation or a meeting between the alleged offender and a student conduct officer or a third party; or 3) determining that the facts of the complaint or report, even if true, would not constitute a violation of the conduct code or applicable policy. Mediation will not be used in cases where there is an allegation of sexual assault.

In a formal investigation of a sexual harassment/assault, discrimination or retaliation case, ODH will follow the procedure outlined in the Sexual Harassment Policy, which can be found at the following link: <http://www.cu.edu/ope/aps/5014> . There is no appeal of the investigation findings under the Sexual Harassment Policy. There may be an appeal for the sanctions imposed, depending on the policies of the appointing/disciplinary authority.

If the investigation involves a student respondent, ODH will conduct an investigation under the Sexual Harassment Policy while the Dean of Students conducts a simultaneous investigation under Appendix I of the Student Code of Conduct, which can be found at the following link: <http://www.uccs.edu/dos/student-conduct/student-code-of-conduct.html>. These two investigations are conducted jointly. There is no appeal of the investigation findings under Appendix I of the Student Code of Conduct. There may be an appeal of the sanctions.



If UCCS receives a report of stalking, dating violence or domestic violence, the Dean of Students will conduct an investigation under the Student Code of Conduct, which can be found at the following link: <http://www.uccs.edu/dos/student-conduct/student-code-of-conduct.html>. A student may appeal a conduct determination which will consist of a review of the existing record by a different authority. The appeal must be filed within five business days of the decision, and an appeal will only be granted if the procedures were not properly followed, the sanctions are inappropriate, or there is new evidence that could not have been presented at the time of the original decision.

All reports or complaints will be provided for in a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution. Investigations may lead to the imposition of sanctions, based upon a preponderance of evidence (what is more likely than not), upon an accused individual. Proceeding shall be conducted by officials who receive annual training on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking and how to conduct an investigation that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability. The accuser and the accused are entitled to the same opportunities to have others present during an institutional disciplinary proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by an advisor of their choice.

The Title IX Coordinator is ultimately responsible to assure in all cases that the behavior is brought to an end. UCCS acts to reasonably prevent its recurrence and the effects on the victim and the community are remedied.

The investigation and resolution conducted by UCCS are maintained confidentially. Information is shared internally between administrators who need to know, but a tight circle is kept. Where information must be shared to permit the investigation to move forward, the person bringing the accusation will be informed. Privacy of the records specific to the investigation is maintained in accordance with Colorado law and the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA) statute. Any public release of information to comply with the timely warning provisions of the Jeanne Clery Act will not release the names of victims or information that could easily lead to a victim's identification.

In any complaint of sexual assault, stalking, dating violence, domestic violence or other behavior covered under the federal law, Title IX, the person bringing the accusation and the responding parties are entitled to the same opportunities for a support person or advisor of their choice throughout the process, including any meeting, conference, hearing or other procedural action. Once complete, the parties will be informed, in writing, of the outcome, including the finding, the sanctions (if any) and the rationale therefor. Delivery of this outcome will not be delayed to either party, and should occur as nearly simultaneously as possible, without unnecessarily bringing those in conflict into close proximity to each other.

All parties will be informed of their rights during an investigation. Should any change in outcome occur prior to finalization, all parties will be timely informed in writing, and will be notified when the results of the resolution process become final.

e. Sanctions that may be imposed following disciplinary proceedings.

A student who is found to have committed sexual assault on or off-campus is subject to immediate suspension, or dismissal. If a student is accused of sexual assault s/he is subject to action in accordance with the UCCS Student Code of Conduct, which can be found at the following link: <http://www.uccs.edu/dos/student-conduct/student-code-of-conduct.html>. For offenses including sexual harassment, discrimination, related retaliation, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking, sanctions range from warnings through expulsion. These may include: Educational sanctions (community service, research paper, workshop, etc.), residence hall reassignment or termination, restriction of University services, compensation to a victim, probation, suspension, and expulsion. Possible sanctions for students resulting from the University disciplinary process range from a warning to suspension to expulsion and exclusion from the University. The Student Code of Conduct prohibits retaliation against any party involved in a Student Conduct investigation. For more information, see Appendix I of the UCCS Student Code of Conduct at <http://www.uccs.edu/dos/student-conduct.html>. <http://www.uccs.edu/dos/student-conduct/possible-sanctions.html>. Possible sanctions for faculty and staff range from an oral warning, to corrective action up to and including termination. Serious and violent incidents and acts of non-consensual sexual intercourse may



result in suspension, expulsion or termination of employment. Discipline is determined by a respondent's disciplinary authority, and not by ODH.

Sanctions imposed must be based upon a consideration of all the circumstances in a particular case, mitigating and aggravating circumstances may be considered. Repeated violations are likely to result in progressively severe sanctions and one or more may be imposed. It is important to note that in all cases, the judicial officer and conduct body reserve the right to use their discretion in determining the appropriate sanction for a case, which could include lower or higher sanctions than the prescribed guidelines. All decisions regarding responsibility and appropriate sanctions will be given in writing. Both the complainant and the respondent shall be informed of the outcome of the corrective action or disciplinary process.

f. Support for Victims, Victim Assistance

Students who are victims of sexual offenses have access to various confidential counseling options with staff that are specifically trained in the area of sexual offenses and crisis intervention. Victims of sexual offenses can be seen confidentially through the **University Counseling Center (UCC)**. Counseling appointments can be made by calling UCC at (719) 255-3265 or by coming to 324 Main Hall in person. Normal clinical service hours are 9am-5pm, Monday through Friday. If you are in a crisis after normal business hours, please contact Public Safety at (719) 255-3111 (if on campus) or contact the AspenPointe Mental Health Crisis Line at (719) 635-7000. Consultations are available by appointment or by phone. UCC hours vary by semester so please call to find out the current office hours. For any concerns that aren't immediate please contact via email at counsel@uccs.edu.

There are a number of options and rights that victims/survivors have available to them should they choose to report sexual misconduct to their school. These include:

- Inform victim/survivor of available grievance procedures, how to file a formal complaint within the institution, provide a clear and complete explanation of the complaint process, provide information on the protocol for reporting to campus police, provide the police protocol once information is received.
- Provide appropriate referral (with victim/survivor's permission) to the Office of Discrimination and Harassment, responsible for investigation of employee sexual misconduct, if the perpetrator is a faculty or staff member.
- Ensure victim/survivor knows that their identity will remain confidential unless they are willing to reveal identity through a formal complaint. Discuss the institution's confidentiality policy, reporting requirements, and opportunity for anonymous reporting.
- Provide an anonymous report of the incident, date and location for Clery Act reporting (the Clery Act is a federal law that requires anonymous statistical reporting of a number of crimes including sexual misconduct. The numbers appear in an annual crime report).

Individuals who are victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking (and those accused of the above) are entitled to the following, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement or whether the offense occurred on or off campus:

- Assistance with changes in on-campus housing and academic arrangements as needed
- Assistance in changing working situations
- To be informed of the status of the case at any time
- To have counsel or a support person present throughout the investigation
- A timely adjudication process without unnecessary delays
- To have a closed/confidential investigation
- To be informed of the outcome of the investigation

ALL EFFORTS WILL BE MADE TO PROTECT THE VICTIM AND WITNESSES FROM THREATS, HARASSMENT, AND INTIMIDATION BY THE ALLEGED ASSAILANT AND/OR OTHERS ON BEHALF OF THE ALLEGED ASSAILANT. Police records will redact victim identifying information, to the extent allowed.

Education and Prevention

The University is committed to your safety and, as such, has implemented sexual offense prevention programs as well as personal empowerment programs to assist you in preventing a sexual assault. The



programs promote your awareness of rape, acquaintance rape, and other forcible and non- forcible sex offenses. These programs are given several times throughout the year, with dates made public at the beginning of each semester and announced at new student orientations. For a full listing of sexual assault education and prevention programs, please refer to section 6 “Security Awareness, Crime Prevention & Education” beginning on page 19 of this document,

9. SEX OFFENDER

Statement Addressing Sex Offender Registration

In accordance to the “Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act” of 2000, which amends the Jacob Wetterling Crimes Against Children and Sexually Violent Offender Registration Act, UCCS PD is providing a link to the Colorado Bureau of Investigations Sex Offender registry. CSCPA requires state law enforcement agencies (in Colorado, it is the Colorado Bureau of Investigation) to provide UCCS with a list of registered sex offenders who have indicated that they are enrolled, employed, or volunteering at the University. A person may request a copy of this list at the UCCS PD during normal business hours, Monday-Friday from 8am – 5pm.

A person may also request a list from the Colorado Bureau of Investigation (CBI). CBI maintains the registry and is the official custodian of high-risk registered sex offenders. The CBI has established a website pursuant to 16-22-111, Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.). For more information visit CBI’s sex offender website at <http://www.sor.state.co.us/>

Release of Information.

Pursuant to 16-22-112(2), Colorado Revised Statutes, each Colorado law enforcement agency shall release information regarding any person registered with the local law enforcement agency pursuant to this article to any person residing within the local law enforcement agency’s jurisdiction. The information is available for the University Police Record Custodian, during normal business hours. The release of such information does not violate the Family Educational Rights to Privacy Act (FERPA).

For the City of Colorado Springs, you can visit the Colorado Springs Police Department website at <http://www.springsgov.com/Page.aspx?NavID=205> . The information provided by the Colorado Springs Police is only for sex offenders who reside in Colorado Springs, are required by law to register as sex offenders with the police department, are in compliance with the sex offender registration laws, and are adults who have committed a felony or hold an active warrant for the sex offender’s arrest. If you wish to receive a more complete list of sex offenders you will need to complete the appropriate form and attach appropriate fees.

To obtain sex offender registry information for El Paso County, visit the El Paso County Sheriff’s website at <http://shr.elpasoco.com/Offender+Watch.htm> .The website includes only those persons who have been required by law to register and who are in compliance with the sex offender registration laws.

The use of this sex offender registry information to harass, threaten, or intimidate any registered sex offender, his/her significant others, or any member of their community supervision team will not be tolerated and will result in criminal prosecution.

This statement is provided in compliance with the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000 and the Colorado Sex Offender Registration Act, Article 22 of Title 16, C.R.S.



10. ALCOHOL and DRUG POLICY

a. Statement Addressing Possession, Use, and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages Alcohol Use at the University

UCCS is committed to excellence in all aspects of personal and academic life. Alcohol abuse and misuse is a significant impediment to achieving this excellence. Therefore, UCCS permits only responsible, legal consumption of alcohol. The university complies with all federal, state and local laws concerning alcohol and illegal drugs. As a UCCS community member, you are responsible for acquainting yourself with the laws and university policies regarding alcohol and illegal drugs.

Alcohol Policy

<http://www.uccs.edu/Documents/vcaf/policies/100-003Alcohol2013.pdf>

Alcohol policies apply to the UCCS campus and University sponsored activities at off-campus locations. Administrators, alumni, faculty, guests, staff, and students must adhere to all applicable state and local laws and University regulations related to the sale, possession and use of alcoholic beverages. The most common laws related to alcohol use and sales are as follows:

1. The sale of alcoholic beverages is prohibited except in designated areas at times and dates licensed by the Colorado State Department of Revenue.
2. In the State of Colorado, it is against the law for persons under 21 years of age to possess or consume malt beverages, fermented malt liquor or vinous or spirituous liquor. UCCS PD enforces all federal, state and local laws concerning possession and/or consumption of ethyl alcohol. However, enforcement options may include criminal charges as well as a referral to the Dean of Students Office or the Office of Residence Life and Housing for possible disciplinary sanctions.
3. The furnishing of alcoholic beverages to underage persons is also against the state law.
4. Alcohol cannot be consumed or carried in open containers on any street, sidewalk, and alley, automobile or public area.
5. Alcohol is not permitted in the Summit Village Residence Halls. In the Alpine Village Apartments, any student 21 years of age or older may consume alcohol in his or her room, or if all residents in the apartment are over 21 years of age, alcohol may be consumed in the apartments common living room as long as no one else present is under 21 years of age.
6. No person under legal drinking age or any obviously intoxicated person shall be furnished, served, or given an alcohol beverage.
7. It is University policy that the cost of admission to an event may not include alcoholic beverages. Alcoholic beverages must be purchased separately.

Standards of Conduct

The purpose of the UCCS Student Code of Conduct is to maintain the general welfare of the University community. The University strives to make the campus community a place of study, work, and residence where people are treated, and treat one another, with respect and courtesy. The University views the student conduct process as a learning experience that can result in growth and personal understanding of one's responsibilities and privileges within both the University community and the greater community. All students must follow these standards. Students who violate these standards will be subject to the actions described below. These procedures are designed to provide fairness to all who are involved in the conduct process.

It is the goal of the Office of the Dean of Students for all students to fully understand their rights and responsibilities throughout the student conduct process. This starts at Orientation through discussions about the responsibilities of all members of the University Community and to information and programs during the academic year. At all conduct meetings, students are presented all necessary information for them to make informed decisions about the process. UCCS' Student Code of Conduct can be obtained from the Office of the Dean of Students or by visiting <http://www.uccs.edu/dos/student-conduct/student-code-of-conduct.html>

University Requirements for Serving Alcohol

Any event where alcohol is served that meets either of the following conditions is covered by this policy – the event takes place on university property or the event is paid for in part or in whole by university funds.



1. No person under legal drinking age nor any obviously intoxicated person shall be furnished, served or given an alcoholic beverage.
2. All alcohol events where University funds are used require the Event with Alcohol Authorization Form.
3. Regardless of who caters the event, servers of alcohol must be TIPS certified unless the event is an un-catered event at a private residence. Bartending services can be provided should your caterer not have TIPS certified employees.
4. Security requirements will be determined on a case by case basis by the UCCS Police Department.
5. Guests under 21 years of age are allowed to attend events with alcohol, but there must be a system in place (such as wrist bands or hand stamps) to identify guests who are not of age so they won't be served alcohol.

Best Practices

1. If the event lasts more than two hours, alcohol should not be served during the last hour of the event. For events lasting less than two hours, service should end at least 30 minutes before the scheduled end of event.
2. Identify those whose age has been checked by using wrist bands or hand stamps for those old enough to drink alcohol.
3. At a private event, use a check-in list at the entrance of the event to verify that only invited guests attend. Use a name tag, wrist band, hand stamp or other means of identifying persons who have checked in at the entrance to a private event.
4. Use tickets or other means to limit/monitor the number of alcoholic drinks consumed.
5. Develop a "get home safe" booth for guests to call taxis, designated driver or other safe ride home.

b. Statement Addressing Illegal Drugs

Federal and State drug laws as well as University policy prohibit the sale, unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance, or of illicit drugs, on university property or as part of any university activity, in compliance with the **Drug Free Schools and Communities Act** and the **Drug-Free Workplace Act**. Although possession and use of marijuana is no longer a crime under Colorado law, for those 21 years of age and over, the possession and use of marijuana remains illegal under federal law. The use and/or possession of marijuana in any form is prohibited on campus and/or on any property owned, leased or operated by UCCS, including UCCS student housing.

UCCS PD enforces all federal, state and local drug laws. This prohibition applies to all students, employees and visitors. Any employee (including student employees) whose act in violation with the above policy also results in a criminal conviction must report the conviction in writing to the employee's supervisor within five days. The University, in turn, is obliged by law to report certain convictions to the federal government.

University sanctions for violation of this policy may include, but are not limited to, mandatory participation in a rehabilitation program, or disciplinary action such as reprimand, suspension, salary reduction, demotion, or termination of employment for employees, and for students a warning, probation, suspension, ineligibility for financial assistance, or dismissal or expulsion from the University.

Many of the acts which violate this policy also violate criminal law and must be referred for prosecution. In such cases, law enforcement authorities may administer a separate penalty such as a fine or imprisonment.

In addition to the legal and financial consequences associated with the abuse of drugs and alcohol, the physical and psychological effects of such abuse can have a devastating effect upon the ability to perform physical and intellectual skills required of a student or employee. It can also impair the ability to develop and maintain the interpersonal skills and the working relationships essential to an effective working and learning environment.



c. Health Risks

A myriad health risks are associated with drug and alcohol abuse. Risks include but are not limited to: malnutrition, brain damage, heart disease, digestive problems, injury or death through violent or self-destructive behavior, depression, cirrhosis of the liver, high blood pressure, dependency potential. Personal relationships, family dynamics, ability to work and study are also at risk. Further information on health risks is available at the Student Health Center, hlthcntr@uccs.edu, (719) 255-4444.

d. Drug and Alcohol Abuse Education Programs

UCCS provides education, counseling, and referral for rehabilitative treatment relating to drug and alcohol abuse. Programs are available through Student Support Services (Student Health Center, Disability Services, Counseling Center), CU Benefits Office (Colorado State Employee Assistance, UC Health Insurance) and Department of Public Safety (event guidance and training). See also crime prevention programs beginning on page 20 of this report.

For further information on UCCS alcohol and drug policies visit the Alcohol and Other Drug website at: <http://www.uccs.edu/~aod/>

10. CAMPUS FACILITIES

Campus delays/closures.

Information concerning campus delays or closure is posted by the university police dispatch center. Information is available in several ways: on the Internet at <http://www.flashalert.net/>; by calling the campus Emergency Information Line at (719) 255-3346; via e-mail and Emergency Notification System text alerts sent out to staff, faculty, and students; and by listening to local radio and TV stations.

The primary premise for weather-related closing of UCCS is that the institution will remain open unless there is unreasonable risk or danger to a substantial number of students and employees due to unreasonably hazardous driving conditions to campus. While utmost consideration is given to conditions for travel, UCCS continues to function during inclement weather.

Given the range of institutional programs, the number of essential services provided, and the continuing needs of resident students, the university will remain open in all but the most extreme circumstances. University employees and students are urged to use their own discretion in deciding whether they can safely commute to class or to work. If personal health or safety is at issue in that decision, responsible judgment should be used.

In the event of heavy snowfall, extreme weather condition, campus emergency, a mechanical system failure or some other condition that prevents the safe operation of the campus, classes may be canceled or delayed. The authority to cancel or delay regularly scheduled classes rests with the Chancellor or the Chancellor's designee. Every attempt will be made to announce this decision by no later than 6:00 a.m. for morning and afternoon classes, or 3:00 p.m. for evening classes and activities.

a. Statement Addressing Access to Campus Facilities

i. Residence Halls

All residence hall doors that lead to living areas are locked 24 hours a day. The lobby of the Summit Housing Village is staffed Monday through Fridays from 8:00 am to 10:00 pm. During these hours, a resident may enter the hall through the lobby or common area or use an access card to enter the hall through several outside doors. Access to residence halls is restricted to residents and guests. Friends and guests of a resident may enter the lobby or common areas and use a house phone to contact the resident they are visiting. A guest may access any residential facility if a housing resident accompanies them. The resident is responsible for escorting their guest(s) at all times, and for explaining housing rules and regulations to each guest. At check in, residents are provided with keys for their room, mailbox and the outside doors of their hall. Keys may be metal keys, electronic access cards or a combination of both. Outside doors to residence



halls should never be propped open, and malfunctioning doors should be reported to the hall office. Residents are advised to lock their rooms whenever they leave and to carry their key/access card at all times. All residence hall keys remain the property of the university, and duplication of residence hall keys is prohibited. It is against residence hall policy for people to have residence hall keys that were issued in someone else's name. Only original university keys are accepted when residents check out of the halls. If a resident loses his or her keys, the lock on the room door is changed at the resident's expense. It is the responsibility of the resident to notify the residence hall office if keys have been lost. Residents should never allow strangers to follow them through locked security doors into their residence hall.

Residence Hall Maintenance Work Orders. Residents are responsible for reporting to the Office of Residence Life and Housing problems or issues that may arise within their personal suite. The on duty staff make several rounds through all common areas of the housing village during their duty rotation and report any maintenance concerns via the housing work order system; if an issue is found after hours that affects the health or safety of residents the issue is reported to the on call maintenance staff or a return to campus. Work orders are typically attended to within 24 hours of receiving the request for work Monday through Friday 7:30 am to 6:00 pm. Afterhours or weekends residents are instructed to report the concern to the on duty staff and an assessment will occur. If the on duty staff cannot remedy the situation then the on call maintenance staff is request to return to campus to attend to the concern.

Auxiliary Operations. As a part of the shared services of the Auxiliary Operations the structural trades group is available to be called back for any afterhours issues in any of the auxiliary operations facilities. The on-call number for housing would be used for any of the other auxiliary operations facilities.

ii. Campus Buildings

As a member of the campus community, you (as well as university guests and visitors) have access to most campus buildings and facilities during regular business and class hours (Monday – Saturday, from 07:30 am to 10:30 pm) and for scheduled classes and events on Sundays, excluding most holidays. The Department of Public Safety is responsible for locking and unlocking designated university buildings and for patrols of campus grounds and buildings. If you need assistance in gaining authorized entry outside of business hours to a university building or room and no other help is available, you may call the University Police at 719-255-3111.

b. Statement Addressing Maintenance of Facilities and Security

i. Lighting

Exterior campus lighting is essential to creating a safe campus environment. Parking lots, main pedestrian walkways and bike paths, and most campus building exteriors are lighted either all night long or several hours past the end of the last class. The exterior lighting receives a comprehensive inspection to identify any unreported lighting failures (note: lighting is inspected monthly). You are encouraged to report any exterior lighting problems by either submitting a work order to Facilities Services via website <http://arc/uccs/menupage.cfm>, by calling (719) 255-3313, or by calling the Department of Public Safety at (719) 255-3111.

ii. Trees, Vines, and Shrubs

Campus grounds-keepers, Facilities Services staff, trim trees, vines, shrubs, and other vegetation on a regular basis to maintain campus security. Obstructing vegetation is trimmed away from pedestrian walkways, building entrances, windows and lighting fixtures. You are encouraged to report any specific concerns regarding vegetation to Facilities Services via website <http://arc/uccs/menupage.cfm> , by calling (719) 255-3313, or by calling the Department of Public Safety at (719) 255-3111.

iii. Doors and Locks

UCCS PD personnel regularly patrol the exterior and interior of campus buildings throughout the night, on weekends and during holidays. These officers report door lock and security hardware failures to Facilities Services on a daily basis.



11. CAMPUS RESOURCE ORGANIZATIONS

UNIVERSITY COUNSELING CENTER Confidential Resource

Main Hall 324
(719) 255-3265
Email - counsel@uccs.edu www.uccs.edu/counsel/

The University Counseling Center (UCC) offers a variety of services and interventions to students who are currently enrolled at UCCS. Students are charged very affordable fees for counseling services. As a way to address developmental needs, provide preventive information and enhance the quality of campus life, UCC conducts workshops on topics such as acquaintance rape, healthy relationships, study skills and stress management. Please refer to the following website for further information: www.uccs.edu/counsel/.

University “mental health clinicians”, when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics. Students who have been victims of crime and who address those issues in therapy at the University Counseling Center are made aware of their reporting options and are encouraged to report the crime as a part of therapy. However, it is made very clear to the student that the final decision to report or not report is left up to the student.

You may use the University’s on-line anonymous reporting option at https://secure.ethicspoint.com/domain/en/report_custom.asp?clientid=14973. If you choose the anonymous reporting please be aware that the report cannot be immediately viewed. If there is an immediate threat to life or safety please call 9-1-1 immediately.

OFFICE OF DISCRIMINATION AND HARASSMENT

Keystone Hall, 3107
(719) 255-4324
odh@uccs.edu

The Office of Discrimination and Harassment (ODH) investigates allegations of discrimination, harassment and related retaliation based upon an individual's Protected Class. All allegations of harassment or discrimination by faculty, staff or students are investigated by the ODH. Anyone who believes that he or she has experienced or witnessed discrimination, harassment or related retaliation should promptly report such behavior to the ODH. The Discrimination and Harassment Officers may appoint an investigator to conduct the investigations.

STUDENT HEALTH CENTER Confidential Resource

Parkway Parking Garage, Public Safety Building, 109
(719) 255-4444
<http://www.uccs.edu/~shc/>

The Student Health Center is committed to providing affordable, quality health care and personalized health education so that students can make informed choices regarding their health

When you visit the SHC, you have the right to privacy, confidentiality, and to be treated with respect. All medical records are strictly confidential and cannot be released to anyone without your written consent. The only exception to the above are: 1) Information necessary for public welfare; and, 2) Records subpoenaed by the court.

We can only discuss student medical issues with parents of students 18 years of age and older with written permission from the student.



Campus Resources and Services

Disability Services http://www.uccs.edu/~dservice/	(719) 255-3354	Main Hall 105
Office of Discrimination and Harassment http://www.uccs.edu/~odh/	(719) 255-4324	Keystone Hall 3107
Housing and Residential Life http://www.uccs.edu/~residence/	(719) 255-4042	Monarch Hall 1102
Human Resources http://www.uccs.edu/~hr/	(719) 255-3372	Cragmor Hall 101
LGBT Resource Center http://www.uccs.edu/~lgbtresourcecenter/	(719) 255-3447	University Center 110
MOSAIC (Multicultural Office for Student Access, Inclusiveness, Community) http://www.uccs.edu/~mosaic/	(719) 255-3319	University Center 110
Office of Dean of Students http://www.uccs.edu/~dos/	(719) 255-3838	Main Hall 322
Office of Veteran & Military Student Affairs http://www.uccs.edu/military/index.html	(719) 255- 3253	Forster House
Rape Counseling Confidential Resource http://www.uccs.edu/~counsel/	(719) 255-3265	Main Hall 324
Sexual Harassment Office Policy: https://www.cu.edu/policies/aps/hr/5014.html	(719) 255-4324	Keystone Hall 3107
Student Activities Office http://www.uccs.edu/~osa/	(719) 255-3540	University Center 104
Student Health Center Confidential Resource http://www.uccs.edu/~shc/	(719) 255-4444	Public Safety Bldg 109
University Center http://www.uccs.edu/~uc/	(719) 255-3450	University Center 101E
University Counseling Center Confidential Resource http://www.uccs.edu/~counsel/	(719) 255-3265	Main Hall 324
Student Success http://www.uccs.edu/~ssc/	(719) 255-3260	Main Hall 2 ND Floor Lobby
Violence Prevention/Respect on Campus http://www.uccs.edu/roc/ This office raises awareness and increases knowledge about dating and domestic abuse, stalking and sexual assault with the goal to end a culture of violence.	cfinkill@uccs.edu	

Community Resources

(Dial 9 first if you are calling from a campus phone)

Alcohol Abuse (24 hour helpline and treatment)	1-877-479-6777
Alcoholics Anonymous (24 hours)	719 573-5020
Alcohol and Drug Treatment	1-877-479-6777
Domestic Violence	
Center for Prevention of Domestic Violence, www.tessacs.org	719 633-3819
Domestic Violence 24 hour hot line - TESSA	719 633-3819
CSPD Victim's Advocacy	719 444-7777



http://www.springsgov.com/Page.aspx?NavID=4391	
District Attorney-Diversion	719 520-6162
Hospitals	
Memorial Hospitals	719 365-5000
Penrose Hospital- Main	719 776-5000
Penrose Hospital- North	719 571-1000
Pikes Peak Gay & Lesbian Community Center	719 471-4429
Mental Health Crisis Line, AspenPointe	719 635-7000
Rape Crisis Center (24 hours)	719 633-3819
Social Services/Human Services	719 636-0000
Suicide Prevention Hotline	719 596-5433
Victim Services District Attorney	719 520-6049

Safety Planning/National Dating Abuse Helpline. 1-866-331-9474

<http://www.uccs.edu/Documents/pusafety/Violence%20Prevention/Domestic%20Violence/Safety%20Plan%20for%20College%20Students.pdf>

This document guides you through the planning process for college students to develop a plan to keep one's self safe from abuse and put a plan in writing.

Healthy Relationships www.loveisrespect.org

This website talks about healthy and unhealthy relationships, abusive behaviors, getting help and taking action.

PACT5 <http://pact5.org/>

PACT5 is a national movement, produced by students, to prevent sexual assaults and rapes in colleges.

Stalking Resource Center

<http://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center>

This resource provides stalking information, help for victims, trainings and webinar events, stalking laws and more to help victims of crime rebuild their lives.

TO REPORT A CRIME OR EMERGENCY

Emergency..... dial 9-1-1

University Police http://www.uccs.edu/~pusafety/	719 255-3111
Emergency Information Line	719 255-3346

Non-Emergency	
Colorado Springs Police	719 444-7000
Colorado State Patrol	719 544-2424
El Paso Sheriff	719 390-5555



FIRE SAFETY REPORT



Reporting of fires:

Students and staff should report a fire by immediately calling 9-1-1 or University Police at (719) 255-3111 (on campus 3111). If a member of the UCCS community finds evidence of a fire that has been extinguished, and the person is not sure whether UCCS PD has already responded, the community member should immediately notify UCCS PD to investigate and document the incident.

Resident Life

Students residing in UCCS residence halls are provided with comprehensive training and information that will enable them to prevent, escape, report or handle any fire emergency within the residence halls.

Provided comprehensive training will encompass the following:

- Overview of the campus emergency plan
- Training segment on severe weather emergencies
- Training on an active shooter emergency
- Overview of the housing fire alarm, sprinkler, and extinguisher systems
- Viewed DVD on college fire survival – “Dominic’s Story”

Divided into groups for on-hands training stations:

- Emergency Planning
- Fire extinguisher training
- Fire violations in a mock dorm room
- Evacuation from a smoke filled dorm corridor

Debrief meeting as a group on training and exercises.

Fire Drill Training and Evacuation Exercises:

Fire drill exercises are conducted once a semester for Summit Village and Alpine Village student housing facilities on campus. Records are maintained on these exercises to include the following information: person conducting the drill, date and time, notification method used, staff members participating, number of



occupants evacuated, special conditions simulated, problems encountered, weather conditions, and time required to complete evacuation.

Procedures for Student Housing Evacuation:

Students should determine the most direct evacuation route from their room and when the alarm is sounded they should leave the building IMMEDIATELY. No resident may use an elevator during a fire alarm. Residence Life staff will check to see residents have left the building as they exit themselves. It is a violation of Federal Law for anyone to remain inside a building when a fire alarm is sounding. Failure to evacuate the building during a fire drill or fire may result in disciplinary action. Fire officials will give the okay to return to the building. Under NO circumstances may a resident return to the building before permission is given.

General Procedures Students and Employees should follow in the case of a fire:

Pull the nearest fire alarm and leave via the preplanned evacuation route if safe to do so. Dial 911 or 255-3111 and give your name and location of the fire. (If necessary, dial 911 from another building)

When a fire alarm sounds, occupants should:

Proceed immediately to an exit according the posted evacuation plan and move a safe distance away from the building. If the primary exit is blocked, choose the best alternate route. If time permits, close doors and windows behind you. Do not use an elevator.

If there is smoke in the area, remain close to the floor.

Before passing through any door, feel the metal doorknob. If it is hot, do not open the door. Before opening a door, brace yourself against it slightly; if heat or heavy smoke are present, close the door and stay in the room.

If you cannot leave the room:

Open the windows.
Seal the cracks around doors with clothing or other material, soaked with water if possible.
Hang an object (bed sheet, jacket, shirt, etc.) out the window to gain attention.
Shout for help.
If possible, call 255-3111 or 911 and report that you are trapped.
If all exits are found to be blocked, go to a room as far as possible from the fire, close the door, and the follow the above procedures.
As with any emergency, the best advice is to be prepared by familiarizing yourself with evacuation route plans.

Fire Safety and Education:

Public Safety offers hands-on fire extinguisher, evacuation, and hazard recognition training throughout the academic year to students, staff, and faculty. Fire safety training is provided to all Resident Assistants before the start of each Fall semester.

Policies on portable electrical appliances:

Items allowed in Summit Village: small microwave, small refrigerator, hot air popcorn popper, crock pot, and coffee maker. All standard appliances are permitted in the Alpine Village Apartments, as they have the proper kitchen facilities for their storage and safe use.

Prohibited Items:

Any appliance with an open coil heating element is a fire hazard and is not allowed, such as: hot plates, space heaters, toaster/toaster ovens and indoor/outdoor grills. Please see the Conduct Expectations section for a complete list of prohibited items in housing:

<http://www.uccs.edu/residence/current-resident/policies/resident-handbook.html>

Smoking Policy:

Smoking is not allowed in any residential building. Per Colorado State Law, you must smoke at least 20 feet away from any building entrance. Smoking is prohibited within 20 feet of all UCCS building entrances. Smoking is also prohibited where signs are posted.



Open Flames Policy:

Housing policies prohibit open flames, candles, smoking indoors, modification of fire safety devices (sprinklers, smoke detectors, extinguishers, etc), and initiating false alarms. Further, campus policies prohibit storage and use of hazardous materials inside all housing villages. Please see the Conduct Guidelines, Article VIII - Prohibited Item for a complete list of prohibited items in housing <http://www.uccs.edu/residence/current-resident/policies/resident-handbook.html> .

On-Campus Student Housing Facility Fire Safety Systems:

Summit Village. There are two fire alarm panels that control the fire audible/visual detection devices for Summit Village. Fire audible/visual alarms and fire detection devices are located in each bedroom, living room, common area and data/electrical and mechanical rooms. There are also standalone smoke detectors in each suite. The area is a fully fire sprinklered facility with fire extinguishers located in the common areas.

Alpine Village. Each building has its own fire alarm control panel. There are fire audible/visual devices located in each bedroom and living room. Fire detection devices are in common areas and data/electrical and mechanical rooms. There are standalone smoke detectors in each bedroom of each suite. This area is a fully fire sprinklered facility with fire extinguishers located in the common areas.

Residential Facility	On-Site Fire Alarm	Full Fire Sprinkler System with Fire Pump	Full Fire Sprinkler System without Fire Pump	Smoke Detection	Fire Extinguishers	Evacuation Plans	Number of Evacuation (fire) drills Per Calendar Year
SUMMIT VILLAGE							
Aspen House	✓	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	2
Breckenridge House	✓	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	2
Keystone House	✓	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	2
Monarch House	✓	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	2
Steamboat House	✓	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	2
Telluride House	✓	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	2
Vail House	✓	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	2
Copper House	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	✓	1*
Eldora House	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	✓	1*
ALPINE VILLAGE							
Antero House	✓	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	2
Crestone House	✓	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	2
Shavano House	✓	✓	NA	✓	✓	✓	2

* Copper and Eldora Houses first occupied Fall semester 2013



Future Improvements in Fire Safety:

The University continues to assess and upgrade fire safety equipment as an ongoing process to ensure that all equipment meets National Fire Safety standards. Future improvements will be made as needed as part of the ongoing assessment process.

On-Campus Housing Fire Statistics:

An institution must report statistics for each on-campus housing facility, for the three most recent calendar years.

UCCS Fire Log Statistics Report 2013

On-Campus Residential Facility	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire #	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries That Required Treatment in a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to a Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
SUMMIT VILLAGE						
Monarch House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		NA	0	0	0
Keystone House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		NA	0	0	0
Breckenridge House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		NA	0	0	0
Vail House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		NA	0	0	0
Telluride House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		NA	0	0	0
Steamboat House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		NA	0	0	0
Aspen House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		NA	0	0	0
Copper House @ 1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		NA	0	0	0
Eldora House @ 1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		NA	0	0	0
ALPINE VILLAGE						
Antero House @4641 Stanton Rd House	2	1 2	Unintentional Cooking Unintentional Cooking	0	0	0
Crestone House @4645 Stanton Rd	0		NA	0	0	0
Shavano House @4643 Stanton Rd	0		NA	0	0	0



UCCS Fire Log Statistics Report 2012

Residential Facility	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire #	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries That Required Treatment in a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to a Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Monarch House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Keystone House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Breckenridge House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Vail House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Telluride House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Steamboat House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Aspen House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Antero House @4641 Stanton Rd House	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Crestone House @4645 Stanton Rd	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Shavano House @4643 Stanton Rd	0		n/a	0	0	n/a



UCCS Fire Log Statistics Report 2011

Residential Facility	Total Fires in Each Building	Fire #	Cause of Fire	Number of Injuries That Required Treatment in a Medical Facility	Number of Deaths Related to a Fire	Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire
Monarch House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Keystone House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Breckenridge House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Vail House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Telluride House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Steamboat House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Aspen House@1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Antero House @ 4641 Stanton Rd	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Crestone House @ 4645 Stanton Rd	0		n/a	0	0	n/a
Shavano House @ 4643 Stanton Rd	0		n/a	0	0	n/a

UCCS maintains a daily **fire log** for the residential facilities. It can be reviewed at the Department of Public Safety – Environmental Health & Safety office.



APPENDIX A

Sex Offenses Definitions

As per the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program

SEX OFFENSES—FORCIBLE

Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent. Sex offenses include: Rape, Fondling, Statutory Rape and Incest.

Such instances may include:

- Where the victim is prevented from resisting due to alcohol or drugs.
- Where the assailant uses physical force or the threat of force to overpower and control the victim.
- Where the victim fears that she or he or another will be injured if the victim does not submit.
- Where the victim is at the time unconscious of the nature of the act, and this is known to the assailant.
- Where the victim is incapable of giving legal consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity and this is known or reasonably should be known to the assailant.
- Where the act is accomplished by threatening to use the authority of a public official to incarcerate, arrest, or deport the victim or another person.
- Where the assailant uses duress, such as a direct or implied threat of hardship or retribution, to coerce the victim.
- Where the assailant uses force, fear, or threats to accomplish sexual intercourse against the will of the spouse. This provision of the law is known as the "spousal rape law."

Rape

The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

Sodomy

Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sexual Assault with an Object

The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Fondling

The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

SEX OFFENSES—NON-FORCIBLE

Unlawful-sexual intercourse.

Incest. Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape. Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

CRS 18-3-401(4) "Sexual contact" means the knowing touching of the victim's intimate parts by the actor, or of the actor's intimate parts by the victim, or the knowing touching of the clothing covering the immediate area of the victim's or actor's intimate parts if that sexual contact is for the purposes of sexual arousal, gratification, or abuse.



(5) "Sexual intrusion" means any intrusion, however slight, by any object or any part of a person's body, except the mouth, tongue, or penis, into the genital or anal opening of another person's body if that sexual intrusion can reasonably be construed as being for the purposes of sexual arousal, gratification, or abuse.

(6) "Sexual penetration" means sexual intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio, or anal intercourse. Emission need not be proved as an element of any sexual penetration. Any penetration, however slight, is sufficient to complete the crime.

Sexual misconduct may include sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, physical sexual abusive behavior, intimate partner violence, stalking. See Appendix B. Crime Definitions for further information of these crimes.

APPENDIX B

Crime Definitions

As Per the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook

Assault

Aggravated - an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

Simple – An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property, etc.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Consent:

CRS 18-3-401. (1.5) "Consent" means cooperation in act or attitude pursuant to an exercise of free will and with knowledge of the nature of the act. A current or previous relationship shall not be sufficient to constitute consent under the provisions of this part 4. Submission under the influence of fear shall not constitute consent. Nothing in this definition shall be construed to affect the admissibility of evidence or the burden of proof in regard to the issue of consent under this part 4.

Consent for sexual activity is clear, knowing, voluntary, freely and actively given, mutually understandable words or actions which indicate a willingness to participate in mutually agreed upon sexual activity. Consent must be active; silence by itself cannot be interpreted as consent. Consent is not effectively given if it results from the use of actual or implied physical force, threats, intimidation, or coercion. In the absence of mutually understandable words or actions (a meeting of the minds on what is to be done, where, with whom, and in what way), it is the responsibility of the initiator, or the person who wants to engage in the specific sexual activity, to make sure that he or she has consent from the partner(s) at every stage of sexual interaction. Engaging in sexual activity with a person who you know to be incapacitated or reasonably should know to be incapacitated, due to illness, consumption of alcohol or drugs, is unconscious, etc., is a violation of this policy.



Consent that is obtained through the use of fraud or force (actual or implied) whether that force is 1) physical force, 2) threats, 3) intimidation, or 4) coercion, is ineffective consent.

Dating partner: The term “dating partner” refers to a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the abuser, and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of –

- (i) The length of the relationship.
- (ii) The type of relationship; and
- (iii) The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Dating violence (VAWA Definition): Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim.

(1) The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

(2) For the purpose of this definition-

- (i) Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.
- (ii) Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

Since Colorado does not have a Dating Violence statute, the above definition is being used for purposes of preparing this report.

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property: To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

Domestic violence:

(1) A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed--

- (i) By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;
- (ii) By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;
- (iii) By a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- (iv) By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred, or
- (v) By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

CRS 18-6-800.3 Domestic violence is an act or threatened act of violence upon a person with whom the actor is or has been involved in an intimate relationship.

"Domestic violence" also includes any other crime against a person, or against property, including an animal, or any municipal ordinance violation against a person, or against property, including an animal, when used as a method of coercion, control, punishment, intimidation, or revenge directed against a person with whom the actor is or has been involved in an intimate relationship.

"Intimate relationship" means a relationship between spouses, former spouses, past or present unmarried couples, or persons who are both the parents of the same child regardless of whether the persons have been married or have lived together at any time. Intimate relationships can occur among heterosexual or same-sex couples and does not require sexual intimacy.

Intimate relationships violence includes:

Physical violence is the intentional use of physical force with the potential for causing death, disability, injury, or harm.

Sexual violence is divided into three categories:

Use of physical force to compel a person to engage in a sexual act against his or her will, whether or not the act is completed;



- Attempted or completed sex act involving a person who is unable to understand the nature or condition of the act, to decline participation, or to communicate unwillingness to engage in the sexual act, e.g., because of illness, disability, or the influence of alcohol or other drugs, or because of intimidation or pressure; and abusive sexual contact.
- Threats of physical or sexual violence use words, gestures, or weapons to communicate the intent to cause death, disability, injury, or physical harm.
- Psychological/emotional violence involves trauma to the victim caused by acts, threats of acts, or coercive tactics.

HATE CRIME: A crime reported to local police agencies or to a campus security authority that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim. For the purposes of this section, the categories of bias include the victim's actual or perceived race, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, and disability.

The Clery Act Categories of Bias:

Race: A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc.) genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind (e.g., Asians, blacks, whites).

Gender: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons because those persons are male or female.

Religion: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being (e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists).

Sexual orientation: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their sexual attraction toward, and responsiveness to, members of their own sex or members of the opposite sex (e.g., gays, lesbians, heterosexuals).

Ethnicity/national origin: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons of the same race or national origin who share common or similar traits, languages, customs and traditions (e.g., Arabs, Hispanics).

Disability: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments/challenges, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age or illness.

In conjunction with the Clery Act, hate crimes include any of the offenses listed above and the offenses motivated by bias below:

Larceny-Theft: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, confidence games, forgery, worthless checks, etc., are excluded.

Constructive possession is the condition in which a person does not have physical custody or possession, but is in a position to exercise dominion or control over a thing.

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Destruction/damage/Vandalism of Property: To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned-including joy riding).

Murder / Non-negligent Manslaughter: The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Manslaughter by Negligence: The killing of another person through gross negligence.



Protection order or restraining order

CRS 18-6-803.5 (a.5) (I) "Protection order" means any order that prohibits the restrained person from contacting, harassing, injuring, intimidating, molesting, threatening, or touching any protected person or protected animal, or from entering or remaining on premises, or from coming within a specified distance of a protected person or protected animal or premises or any other provision to protect the protected person or protected animal from imminent danger to life or health, that is issued by a court of this state or a municipal court.

The term "protection order" or "restraining order" includes—

(A) any injunction, restraining order, or any other order issued by a civil or criminal court for the purpose of preventing violent or threatening acts or harassment against, sexual violence or contact or communication with or physical proximity to, another person, including any temporary or final orders issued by civil or criminal courts whether obtained by filing an independent action or as a pendent lite order in another proceeding so long as any civil order was issued in response to a complaint, petition, or motion filed by or on behalf of a person seeking protection; and

(B) any support, child custody or visitation provisions, orders, remedies, or relief issued as part of a protection order, restraining order, or stay away injunction pursuant to State, tribal, territorial, or local law authorizing the issuance of protection orders, restraining orders, or injunctions for the protection of victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force, violence, and/or causing the victim fear.

Sexual Offense: See Appendix A. Sex Offense Definitions

Sexual misconduct may include sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, physical sexual abusive behavior, intimate partner violence, stalking.

Stalking: (VAWA definition)

(1) Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to—

- (i) Fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or
- (ii) Suffer substantial emotional distress.

(2) For the purpose of this definition--

(i) *Course of conduct* means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveys, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person's property.

(ii) *Substantial emotional distress* means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

(iii) *Reasonable person* means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.

CRS 18-3-602. 1) A person commits stalking if directly, or indirectly through another person, the person knowingly:

(a) Makes a credible threat to another person and, in connection with the threat, repeatedly follows, approaches, contacts, or places under surveillance that person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship; or

(b) Makes a credible threat to another person and, in connection with the threat, repeatedly makes any form of communication with that person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship, regardless of whether a conversation ensues; or

(c) Repeatedly follows, approaches, contacts, places under surveillance, or makes any form of communication with another person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that



person has or has had a continuing relationship in a manner that would cause a reasonable person to suffer serious emotional distress and does cause that person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship to suffer serious emotional distress. For purposes of this paragraph (c), a victim need not show that he or she received professional treatment or counseling to show that he or she suffered serious emotional distress.

Weapon Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons.

Drug Abuse Violations: The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation, or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs.

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness.

APPENDIX C

Offense Definitions relating to Hate/Bias Related Crime Statistics as per the UCR Hate Crime Reporting Guidelines

HATE CRIME: A crime reported to local police agencies or to a campus security authority that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim. For the purposes of this section, the categories of bias include the victim's actual or perceived race, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, and disability.

The Clery Act Categories of Bias:

Race: A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc.) genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind (e.g., Asians, blacks, whites).

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Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Destruction/damage/Vandalism of Property: To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

APPENDIX D

Geography definitions from the Clery Act

On-Campus-Defined as: (1) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of or in a manner related to the institution's educational purposes, including residence halls; and (2) Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in paragraph (1), that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or retail vendor).

Non-Campus Building Or Property-Defined as: (1) Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or (2) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of or in relation to the institution's educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

Public Property-Defined as: All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. The UCCS crime statistics do not include crimes that occur in privately owned homes or businesses within or adjacent to the campus boundaries.





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