



Department of Transportation Annual Performance Report

Strategic Policy Initiatives

The Colorado Department of Transportation (CDOT) has identified several strategic policy initiatives for FY 2014-15 and beyond. For this evaluation report, CDOT has selected a few initiatives that best capture the Department’s strategic and operational priorities and reflect the overall direction identified by Department leadership.

These initiatives include:

Safety - Reduce traffic fatalities and serious injuries and work toward zero deaths for all users.

Infrastructure Condition - Preserve the transportation infrastructure condition to ensure safety and mobility at a least life-cycle cost.

System Performance - Improve system reliability and reduce congestion, primarily through operational improvements and secondarily through the addition of capacity. Support opportunities for choice among transportation modes, including automobiles, bicycles, transit and rail, aviation and pedestrian modes.

Environmental Stewardship - Enhance the performance of the transportation system while minimizing the impact to and encouraging the preservation of the environment.

Reduced Project Delivery Delays - Reduce project costs, promote jobs and the economy, and expedite the movement of people and goods by accelerating project completion through eliminating delays in the project development and delivery process.

These initiatives provide context for much of CDOT’s day-to-day work, some of which is highlighted in the measures section of this report. Additional detail for these and other strategic policy initiatives is available in the Department’s Performance Plan, which may be accessed [here](#).

Operational Measures

Safety

Process – Implement safety programs.

Measure	CY11 Actual	CY12 Actual	CY13 Actual	1-Year Goal	3-Year Goal
Fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (calendar-year measurement)	0.96	1.01	1.03 (preliminary)	0.99 (for CY15)	0.95 (for CY17)



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Measure	CY11 Actual	CY12 Actual	CY13 Actual	1-Year Goal	3-Year Goal
Serious injuries per 100 million vehicle miles traveled	6.80	6.98	6.86	6.46 (for CY15)	6.06 (for CY17)

The fatality rate on Colorado's roadways increased from 1.01 fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled (VMT) in 2012 to 1.03 per 100 million vehicle miles traveled in 2013. The long-term trend, however, remains downward due in part to a continued focus on safety from CDOT's behavioral, enforcement and engineering programs. These programs are made possible because of funding from the FASTER Safety program, the Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP), the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), and other sources. There also has been increased coordination with safety stakeholders through the State Strategic Highway Safety Plan. Note: The fatalities rate in previous Performance Plans was reported as a five-year rolling average. CDOT this year will begin reporting on a single-year basis due to the belief that this presentation is clearer. Using the five-year average, the Department met its previously reported goal of 1.0 fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled—with an average of 0.99 fatalities per 100 million vehicle miles traveled for 2009-2013.

The rate of serious injuries on Colorado's roadways declined from 6.98 per 100 million vehicle miles traveled in 2012 to 6.86 per 100 million vehicle miles traveled in 2013. CDOT this year has changed the way it reports serious injuries to align with performance measures being developed under MAP-21, the most recent federal transportation authorization. The numbers reported here use the expected federal definition and are therefore lower than figures reported in last year's Performance Plan.

Process - Select and deliver FASTER safety projects.

Measure	FY12 Actual	FY13 Actual	FY14 Actual	1-Year Goal	3-Year Goal
Percentage of the FASTER Safety fiscal-year budget encumbered or expended by June 30	69.0%	66.0%	57.0%	80.0%	80.0%

This measure's goal of 80 percent was not met in FY 2014-15 due to programmatic, boundary and budget changes. The program and policy changes now in place will help meet goals in future fiscal years. A clearer definition of the responsibilities of CDOT's regions and headquarters will improve delivery of the FASTER Safety program.

Infrastructure Condition

Process – Preserve, resurface and rehabilitate roads with optimized application of cost-effective pavement treatments.

Measure	FY12 Actual	FY13 Actual	FY14 Actual	1-Year Goal	3-Year Goal
Percentage of pavement on state highway NHS, excluding Interstates, with high and moderate Drivability Life	N/A	83.0%	Not yet available.	80.0%	80.0%
Percentage of Interstate pavement statewide in high and moderate condition based on Drivability Life	N/A	86.0%	Not yet available.	80.0%	80.0%

CDOT has not yet finalized fiscal year 2014 data for pavement condition.



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Process - Maintain the state’s transportation infrastructure. This includes processes such as plowing and removing snow; proactively controlling avalanches; and maintaining traffic signals, striping and guardrails.

Measure	FY12 Actual	FY13 Actual	FY14 Actual	1-Year Goal	3-Year Goal
Overall Maintenance Levels-of-Service grade for state highway system	B-	B	B-	B-	B-
Level-of-Service grade for snow-and-ice control	B	B	B	B	B
Level-of-Service grade for traffic services	C+	B-	C+	C (for FY15)	TBD

In FY 2013-14, CDOT met its targets for the three maintenance metrics above. This included meeting the target of a "B-" grade for overall Maintenance Levels of Service (MLOS); meeting the "B" target for Snow and Ice Control; and meeting the "C+" target for Traffic Services. The Traffic Services Maintenance Program Area (MPA) includes striping, signals, signing and lighting.

With limited maintenance funds, CDOT continues to weigh the appropriate funding level for each Maintenance Program Area. The Department formed a Striping Task Force in fall 2014 to re-evaluate striping production and associated performance targets. The task force will focus on identifying creative and innovative improvements to the striping program.

Process – Regularly inspect bridges. Replace, repair, or conduct major rehabilitation to Structurally Deficient bridges.

Measure	FY12 Actual	FY13 Actual	FY14 Actual	1-Year Goal	3-Year Goal
Percentage of state highway bridge deck area that is Not Structurally Deficient	93.0%	94.0%	94.0%	90.0%	90.0%
Percentage of National Highway System bridge deck area that is Not Structurally Deficient	94.0%	95.0%	95.0%	90.0%	90.0%

CDOT met its goal in 2014 of ensuring that 90 percent or more of deck area on both the state highway system and the National Highway System is Not Structurally Deficient. Colorado's bridges are among the best in the nation, thanks in part to replacements funded by the Colorado Bridge Enterprise. Operating as a government-owned business within CDOT, the CBE was created by FASTER legislation to finance the repair and reconstruction of state-owned vehicle bridges.

System Performance

Process – Implement Intelligent Transportation Systems, performing effective maintenance and other strategies.

Measure	CY11 Actual	CY12 Actual	CY13 Actual	1-Year Goal	3-Year Goal
Planning Time Index value for Interstates	1.23	1.23	1.25	1.25	1.25

CDOT met the Planning Time Index goal of 1.25 for Interstates in 2013. The index is just one metric that CDOT is exploring to measure reliability. The Department will have greater ability in future years to provide context for performance results for this metric, which was developed in 2013.



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Environmental Stewardship

Process – Obtain permits from the Colorado Department of Public Health and the Environment to discharge storm water from roadway projects. Mitigate project-area water discharge.

Measure	FY12 Actual	FY13 Actual	FY14 Actual	1-Year Goal	3-Year Goal
Number of Environmental Compliance Violations to CDOT from the Colorado Department of Public Health and the Environment	0	0	0	0	0

The Department met its goal of zero violations in FY 2013-14. This was accomplished through the efforts of environmental staff in the Regions and at CDOT's headquarters, which included working in partnership with the Colorado Department of Public Health and the Environment.

Reduced Project-Delivery Delays

Process – Manage the preconstruction phases (design, environmental, right-of-way, utilities) of projects effectively.

Measure	FY12 Actual	FY13 Actual	FY14 Actual	1-Year Goal	3-Year Goal
Percent of projects advertised before or within 30 days of the advertisement date estimated on July 1	50.0%	70.0%	49.0%	80.0%	80.0%

Of projects planned in July 2013 to be advertised to the contracting community, 49 percent met their advertisement dates during fiscal year 2014. This was short of the goal of 80 percent. Extreme flooding in fall 2013 and CDOT's consolidation of Transportation Regions from six to five Regions resulted in lower-than-expected outcomes for this measure. CDOT anticipates its new Program Management initiative will improve program delivery, which may be measured by a different metric in future Performance Plans.