

# STATEMENT OF GAMING REVENUES GAMING TAXES, AND EXPENDITURES (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE THREE (3) MONTHS ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2006

#### COLORADO DIVISION OF GAMING TAX REVENUES COMPARISON SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005

The Colorado Limited Gaming Control Commission assesses taxes based on adjusted gross proceeds.

The tax rates for period ending June 30, 2007 are:
.25% on amounts up to \$2 million
2% on amounts over \$2 million and up to \$4 million
4% on amounts over \$4 million and up to \$5 million
11% on amounts over \$5 million and up to \$10 million
16% on amounts over \$10 million and up to \$15 million
20% on amounts over \$15 million

The tax rates for year ending June 30, 2006 were the same as they are for year ending June 30, 2007.

#### For Periods Beginning July 1, 2005 and 2006 through September 30, 2005 and 2006

AGP Comparison							
Range		Prior Year AGP	(	Current Year AGP		Difference	Percent Change
\$0 - \$2 Million	\$	25,059,110	\$	25,604,655	\$	545,545	2.18%
\$2 - \$4 Million	\$	20,430,828	\$	20,360,995	\$	(69,833)	-0.34%
\$4 - \$5 Million	\$	8,894,061	\$	13,153,780	\$	4,259,719	47.89%
\$5 - \$10 Million	\$	39,270,134	\$	37,546,632	\$	(1,723,502)	-4.39%
\$10 - \$15 Million	\$	38,199,284	\$	23,424,284	\$	(14,775,000)	-38.68%
\$15+ Million	\$	65,647,142	\$	92,704,119	\$	27,056,977	41.22%
Total	\$	197,500,559	\$	212,794,465	\$	15,293,906	7.74%

<u>Tax Comparison</u>							
Range		Prior Year Tax	•		Difference	Percent Change	
\$0 - \$2 Million	\$	162,648	\$	169,012	\$	6,364	3.91%
\$2 - \$4 Million	\$	648,617	\$	687,220	\$	38,603	5.95%
\$4 - \$5 Million	\$	475,762	\$	486,151	\$	10,389	2.18%
\$5 - \$10 Million	\$	4,869,715	\$	4,680,129	\$	(189,586)	-3.89%
\$10 - \$15 Million	\$	3,711,885	\$	3,747,885	\$	36,000	0.97%
\$15+ Million	\$	4,129,428	\$	6,540,824	\$	2,411,396	58.40%
Total	\$	13,998,055	\$	16,311,221	\$	2,313,166	16.52%

AGP Summary						
Range	Prior Year No. of Open	This Year No. of Open	Difference			
,	Casinos	Casinos				
\$0 - \$2 Million	26	26	0			
\$2 - \$4 Million	7	7	0			
\$4 - \$5 Million	2	3	1			
\$5 - \$10 Million	5	5	0			
\$10 - \$15 Million	3	2	(1)			
\$15+ Million	3	4	1			
Total No. of Casinos	46	47	1			

#### COLORADO DIVISION OF GAMING COMBINED BALANCE SHEETS SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)

	FY 2007		_	FY 2006
ASSETS:				
Cash (Note 2) Accounts Receivable (Note 3)	\$	8,424,812	\$	7,081,365
Gaming Taxes  Background  Fines Receivable  Miscellaneous	_	8,383,343 242 106,114 2,410	_	7,327,388 0 882 2,120
Net Accounts Receivable		8,492,109		7,330,390
Prepaid Expenses  Total Current Assets	_	71,949 16,988,870	-	79,606 14,491,361
	_	-,,-	-	, - ,
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	16,988,870	\$_	14,491,361
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE:				
Accounts Payable Due to Other State Agencies (Note 13) Background and Other Deposits (Note 5) Deferred Revenue (Note 6) Total Liabilities	\$	20,064 212,498 220,980 120,600 574,142	\$ 	49,905 204,143 177,327 151,740 583,115
Fund Balance:				
Reserved Fund Balance Unreserved Fund Balance	_	1,482,363 14,932,365	_	1,333,160 12,575,086
Total Fund Balance	_	16,414,728	_	13,908,246
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$_	16,988,870	\$_	14,491,361

# COLORADO DIVISION OF GAMING COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005 (UNAUDITED)

	FY 2007	FY 2006
REVENUES:		
Gaming Taxes	\$ 16,311,632	\$ 14,008,760
License and Application Fees	168,751	160,269
Background Investigations	74,967	64,405
Fines	116,633	1,967
Interest Income (Note 2)	617,167	442,901
Other Revenue	91	278
TOTAL REVENUES	17,289,241	14,678,580
EXPENDITURES:		
Salaries and Benefits	1,171,783	1,131,268
Annual and Sick Leave Payouts	0	5,553
Professional Services	19,788	30,035
Travel	8,736	18,539
Automobiles	33,722	30,740
Printing	4,870	4,713
Police Supplies	134	5,531
Computer Services & Name Searches	33,204	22,119
Materials, Supplies, and Services	49,507	52,648
Postage	1,269	1,379
Telephone	18,390	10,744
Utilities	3,453	3,382
Other Operating Expenditures	2,387	3,169
Leased Space (Note 9)	36,161	13,596
EXPENDITURES - SUBTOTAL	1,383,404	1,333,416
STATE AGENCY SERVICES (Note 13)		
Colorado Bureau of Investigations	170,520	181,399
Fire Safety	37,947	35,976
Colorado State Patrol	371,830	364,110
State Auditors	13,280	14,525
Indirect Costs - Department of Revenue	334,488	129,536
Local Affairs	32,853	30,593
TOTAL STATE AGENCY SERVICES	960,918	756,139
Background Expenditures	12,554	13,939
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,356,876	2,103,494
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	14,932,365	12,575,086
FUND BALANCE AT JULY 1, 2006 AND 2005	1,482,363	1,333,160
FUND BALANCE AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 AND 2005	\$ 16,414,728	\$ 13,908,246

## COLORADO DIVISION OF GAMING STATEMENT OF BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR-TO-DATE ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2006 (UNAUDITED)

REVENUES:  Gaming Taxes  License and Application Fees  Background Investigations  Fines  Interest Revenue  Other Revenue	* 109,428,025 579,862 230,698 0 1,311,461	SUPPLE- MENTAL CHANGES  \$ 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ANNUAL REVISED ESTIMATE/ BUDGET * 109,428,025 579,862 230,698 0 1,311,461	YEAR-TO-DATE ACTUAL  \$ 16,311,632 168,751 74,967 116,633 617,167 91	OVER/ (UNDER) \$ (93,116,393) (411,111) (155,731) 116,633 (694,294) 91	% EARNED % EXPENDED 14.91% 29.10% 32.50% 100.00% 47.06% 100.00%
TOTAL REVENUES	111,550,046	0	111,550,046	17,289,241	(94,260,805)	15.50%
EXPENDITURES:						
Personal Services Health, Dental and Life Insurance Short Term Disability Amortization Equalization Disbursement Operating Expenditures Workers Compensation Risk Management Licensure Activities Pierce Building Leased Space Vehicle Lease Payments - Fixed Vehicle Lease Payments - Variable Utilities Capital Outlay EDO - MNT EDO - Communications Capitol Complex Leased Space Legal Services Indirect Costs - Department of Revenue State Agency Services	5,015,137 239,241 6,183 29,954 584,151 45,277 9,019 181,497 177,115 54,384 57,922 53,672 15,048 17,629 28,791 18,890 90,262 128,879 505,173 2,688,318	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	5,015,137 239,241 6,183 29,954 584,151 45,277 9,019 181,497 177,115 54,384 57,922 53,672 15,048 17,629 28,791 18,890 90,262 0 634,052 2,688,318	1,126,660 61,029 1,101 4,742 77,206 11,319 2,255 27,676 175,975 13,596 12,399 21,323 2,892 0 7,198 4,723 22,565 0 158,513 613,150	(3,888,477) (178,212) (5,082) (25,212) (506,945) (33,958) (6,764) (153,821) (1,140) (40,788) (45,523) (32,349) (12,156) (17,629) (21,593) (14,167) (67,697) 0 (475,539) (2,075,168)	22.47% 25.51% 17.81% 15.83% 13.22% 25.00% 25.00% 25.00% 21.41% 39.73% 19.22% 0.00% 25.00% 25.00% 25.00% 25.00% 25.00% 25.00% 25.00% 25.00%
Division Expenditures	9,946,542	0	9,946,542	2,344,322	(7,602,220)	23.57%
Background Expenditures	263,964	0	263,964	12,554	(251,410)	4.76%
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10,210,506	0	10,210,506	2,356,876	(7,853,630)	23.08%
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$101,339,540	0	\$ <u>101,339,540</u>	\$ 14,932,365	\$ (86,407,175)	14.73%

<sup>\*</sup> Amount includes Long Bill items, and Supplemental Appropriations by Gaming Commission The percent of the fiscal year elapsed through September 30, 2006 is 25.0%.

#### COLORADO DIVISION OF GAMING NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2006

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Colorado Division of Gaming (the "Division") is an agency of the State of Colorado and was created June 4, 1991, under the provision of Section 12-47.1-201, Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.). The Division operates under the Colorado Limited Gaming Control Commission (the "Commission"). The Division implements, regulates, and supervises the conduct of limited gaming in the State, as authorized by statute.

The State of Colorado is the primary reporting entity for State financial activities. Therefore, the Division's accounts are presented in a manner consistent with presentation of statewide financial activities, which are reported in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for governmental organizations.

#### A. Fund Structure and Basis of Accounting

The financial activities of the Division are organized on the basis of individual funds, each of which is considered to be a separate entity. The operations of the Special Revenue Fund are recorded in a discrete set of self-balancing accounts that comprise the assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, of the entity. Throughout the year, encumbrances are recorded. However, at fiscal year-end all encumbrances lapse and no reserve for encumbrances is reported. The accounts used for fixed assets and long-term liabilities are not recorded in the Special Revenue Fund. They are recorded in a separate fund.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

#### Special Revenue Funds

Transactions related to resources obtained from specific sources, which are restricted to specific purposes, are accounted for in the special revenue fund. The Division's resources are obtained from specific gaming related activities such as application fees, license fees and gaming taxes. These resources are restricted for specific uses as outlined in Section 12-47.1-701, C.R.S.

#### Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are stated at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if actual historical cost is not available. Donated fixed assets are stated at their estimated fair value on the date donated.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued statement number 34 which became effective July 1, 2001. This statement requires the Division to depreciate its' fixed assets; however, the fixed assets and depreciation amounts will only be represented on the statewide financial statements, not on the Division's individual financial statements. The capitalization criteria for fixed assets are \$50,000 for buildings and leasehold improvements, \$5,000 for furniture and equipment, and all land is capitalized regardless of cost. No stand-alone software will be capitalized except the Division's licensing system.

The calculation for the amount of depreciation is based upon the cost of the asset and its' estimated useful life. The estimated useful life of a capital asset is a function of each agency's own experience. The Division has determined the useful lives of its' furniture and equipment range from 5 to 10 years, its' building 30 years, and the licensing software 10 years.

Below is a chart depicting the Division's fixed assets and accumulated depreciation:

<u>Assets</u>		Carrying
		<u>Value</u>
Building and Land	\$752,118	
Accumulated Depreciation - Buildings	(39,804)	\$712,314
Furniture & Equipment	192,867	
Accumulated Depr Furn. & Equip.	(165,502)	27,365
Software	371,036	
Accumulated Depreciation - Software	(231,898)	139,138
•		
Total		\$878,817
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#### Long-term Liabilities

The Division's long-term liability is the accrued compensated absence liability. This amount is recorded in a separate fund and is reported on the statewide financial statements. Prior to the implementation of GASB 34, this liability was reported on the Division's year-end financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The Division uses the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount can be determined. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

#### B. Budget

The statement of revenues and expenditure-budget to actual compares those revenues and expenditures, which are legally authorized by State statute. The fiscal year 2007 revenue projections were provided by the Division, based on the tax rate structure established by the Commission. Each year, the Division Director submits to the Commission a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted by the Commission to obtain comments and approval. During the fiscal year, the approved budget may be modified due to roll-forward authorization or supplemental budget approval. The Commission must approve all modifications. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end unless the Commission approves a roll-forward of the unexpended budget.

Appropriation as of July 1, 2006	\$10,210,506
Roll forward appropriations	0
Supplemental appropriations	0
Total appropriation	\$10,210,506

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The State Treasury acts as a bank for all state agencies. Monies deposited in the Treasury are invested until the cash is needed. Interest earnings on these investments are credited to the General Fund unless a specific statute directs otherwise. Cash held by the State Treasurer for the Division of Gaming on September 30, 2006 was \$8.4 million.

The Division of Gaming receives interest payments from the State Treasurer's Office on cash held by the Treasurer's Office on behalf of the Division. The amount of \$617,167 is interest earned on the average daily cash balance. During the month of September, the State Treasurer was paying interest at 4.59% annualized.

#### 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

As of September 30, 2006, the Division had an accounts receivable balance of \$8,492,109. This amount includes \$8,383,343 in gaming taxes collected by the Department of Revenue for the Division for the month of September, which were due on the 16th of October. In addition, the Division had a fines receivable balance of \$106,114, \$849 in outstanding credit card deposits, and \$1,561 due from others.

#### 4. CHANGES IN FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in fixed assets follows:

	Balances at July 1, 2006	Deletions	Additions	Balances at September 30, 2006
Computer Equipment	\$ 107,920			\$ 107,920
Office Equipment	78,857			78,857
Investigative Equipment	6,090			6,090
Software	371,036			371,036
Building and Land	752,118			752,118
Total	\$1,316,021			\$1,316,021

#### 5. <u>DEPOSITS</u>

Applicants applying for gaming licenses are required to remit deposits to the Division, which are used to perform background investigations of these applicants. These deposits are recorded as liabilities until the Division incurs expenditures to perform the background investigations, or until any remaining balance is refunded to the applicant. Deposits for background investigations were \$208,448 at September 30, 2006. Additionally, on September 30, 2006, the Division of Gaming held \$12,532 on deposit, which represents funds seized during criminal investigations, or involves gaming patrons, and are pending court order releases or adjudication.

#### 6. <u>DEFERRED REVENUE</u>

The Division issues a 2-year license to individuals; however, there will be an investigative review of licenses on an annual basis. The fees for the second year of the license period are recorded as a liability until the Division incurs the expense during the review period. The \$120,600 of deferred revenue represents the monies received from applicants applying for gaming licenses.

#### 7. ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

All permanent employees of the Division may accrue annual and sick leave based on length of service. The accrued amount will be paid upon termination, subject to certain limitations.

Annual Leave	\$292,240
Sick Leave	40,410
Total	\$332,650

The current and long-term portion of vacation and sick leave benefits are recorded in a separate fund and are only reported on the statewide financial statements.

#### 8. GAMING DISTRIBUTION

In accordance with Section 12-47.1-701, C.R.S., and amended by House Bill 06-1201 and House Bill 06-1360, at the end of each State fiscal year, the balance remaining in the Limited Gaming Fund is to be distributed by the State Treasurer according to the following formula:

- 50% to the State General Fund;
- 28% to the Colorado State Historical Fund;
- 12% to Gilpin and Teller Counties, in proportion to the gaming revenues generated in the respective counties; and
- 10% to the cities of Cripple Creek, Central City, and Black Hawk, in proportion to the gaming revenues generated in the respective cities.

#### 8. GAMING DISTRIBUTION (Continued)

In addition, the General Fund is further divided:

- 13% of the 50% that goes to the General Fund will be distributed to the Local Government Limited Gaming Impact Fund;
- \$5,259,411 of the 50% that goes to the General Fund will be distributed to the Colorado Department of Transportation;
- \$19,000,000 of the 50% that goes to the General Fund will be distributed to the Colorado Travel and Tourism Promotion Fund:
- \$1,500,000 of the 50% that goes to the General Fund will be distributed to the Colorado Council on the Arts Cash Fund:
- \$500,000 of the 50% that goes to the General Fund will be distributed to the Film Incentives Cash Fund;
- \$3,000,000 of the 50% that goes to the General Fund will be distributed to the New Jobs Incentives Cash Fund.

For the fiscal year 2007 and each fiscal year thereafter, the amounts transferred to Colorado Travel and Tourism Fund, Colorado Council on the Arts Cash Fund, Film Incentives Cash Fund, and New Jobs Incentives Fund will be adjusted by the rate of inflation for the calendar year ending in the immediately preceding fiscal year.

The amount to be distributed is derived from revenues collected by the Division during the fiscal year after payment of operating expenditures of the Division and other regulatory expenditures, except for an amount equal to expenditures for the last two-month period. As of September 30, 2006, the amount calculated as reserved fund balance, which is restricted by enabling legislation, was \$1,663,856. This amount equals Division expenditures for the preceding two-month period.

Fund Balance as of September 30, 2006	\$16,414,728
Less: Two month Reserve	(1,663,856)
Available for Distribution at September 30, 2006	\$14,750,872

#### 9. LEASED SPACE

The Division occupies office space in Cripple Creek. Rental payments are contingent upon the continuing availability of funds.

#### **CRIPPLE CREEK**

On April 4, 2002, the Division entered into a lease agreement with a third party for office space at 433-435 E. Carr Avenue, Cripple Creek. The term of the lease began on July 1, 2002, and ends on June 30, 2007. The monthly rental cost is \$4,532.

On July 30, 2003, the building was sold and the lease agreement was transferred by a novation agreement to the new owner.

Additional lease information follows:

	CRIPPLE CREEK
Total Paid	_
FY 2007	\$13,596
Estimated Future Payments	
FY 2007	\$40,788

The remaining amount represents the Division's share of Capitol Complex lease cost.

#### 10. PENSION PLAN

#### A. Plan Description

Virtually all of the Division's employees participate in a defined benefit pension plan. The plan's purpose is to provide income to members and their families at retirement or in case of death or disability. The plan is a cost sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association (PERA). PERA was established by state statute in 1931. Responsibility for the organization and administration of the plan is placed with the Board of Trustees of PERA. Changes to the plan require legislation by the General Assembly. The state plan and other divisions' plans are included in PERA's financial statements, which may be obtained by writing PERA at PO Box 5800, Denver, Colorado 80217, by calling PERA at 1-800-759-PERA (7372), or by visiting www.copera.org.

#### 10. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Prior to January 1, 2006, state employees and employees of local school districts were members of the combined State and School Division of PERA. On January 1, 2006, that combined division was segregated into a State Division and a separate School Division. PERA's financial statements at December 31, 2005, presented the state and school portions of the trust as a single division.

Employees hired by the state after January 1, 2006, are allowed 60 days to elect to participate in a defined contribution retirement plan administered by the state's Deferred Compensation Committee rather than becoming a member of PERA. If that election is not made, the employee becomes a member of PERA, and the member is allowed 60 days from commencing employment to elect to participate in a defined contribution plan administered by PERA rather than the defined benefit plan. PERA members electing the defined contribution plan are allowed an irrevocable election between the second and fifth year to use their defined contribution account to purchase service credit and be covered under the defined benefit retirement plan. Employer contributions to both defined contribution plans are the same as the contributions to the PERA defined benefit plan.

Defined benefit plan members vest after five years of service, and if they were hired before July 1, 2005, most are eligible for retirement benefits at age 50 with 30 years of service, at age 60 with 20 years of service, or at age 65 with 5 years of service. Persons hired on or after July 1, 2005, (except state troopers, plan members, inactive plan members, and retirees) are eligible for retirement benefits at any age with 35 years of service, at age 55 with 30 years of service, at age 60 with 20 years of service, or at age 65 with 5 years of service. Members are also eligible for retirement benefits without a reduction for early retirement if they are at least 55 and have a minimum of 5 years of service credit, and their age plus years of service equals 80 or more. State troopers and judges comprise a small percentage of plan members but have higher contribution rates, and state troopers are eligible for retirement benefits at different ages and years of service.

Monthly benefits are calculated as a percentage of highest average salary (HAS). HAS is one-twelfth of the average of the highest salaries on which contributions were paid, associated with three periods of 12 consecutive months of service credit.

Members disabled, who have five or more years of service credit, six months of which has been earned since the most recent period of membership, may receive retirement benefits if determined to be permanently disabled. If a member dies before retirement, their eligible children under the age of 18 (23 if a full time student) or their spouse may be entitled to a single payment or monthly benefit payments. If there is no eligible child or spouse then financially dependent parents will receive a survivor's benefit.

#### 10. PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **B.** Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members and their employers are established, and may be amended, by the General Assembly. Salary subject to PERA contribution is gross earnings less any reduction in pay to offset employer contributions to the state sponsored IRC 125 plan established under Section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code.

Most employees contribute 8.0 percent of their salary, as defined in CRS 24-51-101(42), to an individual account in the plan. From July 1, 2005, to December 31, 2005, the state contributed 10.15 percent of the employee's salary. From January 1, 2006, through June 30, 2006, the state contributed these same percentage amounts plus an additional .5 percent for the Amortization Equalization Disbursement discussed below. During all of Fiscal Year 2006, 1.02 percent of the total contribution was allocated to the Health Care Trust Fund.

Per Colorado Revised Statutes, an amortization period of 30 years is deemed actuarially sound. At December 31, 2005, the State and School Division of PERA was underfunded with an infinite amortization period, which means that the unfunded actuarially accrued liability would never be fully funded at the current contribution rate.

In the 2004 legislative session, the general assembly authorized an Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) to address a pension-funding shortfall. The AED requires PERA employers to pay an additional .5 percent of salary beginning January 1, 2006, another 0.5 percent of salary in 2007, and subsequent year increases of .4 percent of salary until the additional payment reaches 3.0 percent in 2012.

In the 2006 legislative session, along with other significant provisions affecting the plan, the general assembly authorized a Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) that requires PERA employers to pay an additional one half percentage point of total salaries paid beginning January 1, 2008. The SAED is scheduled to increase by one half percentage point through 2013 resulting in a cumulative increase of three percentage points. The SAED will be terminated when each division's trust fund reaches 100 percent funding. For state employers, each year's one half percentage point increase in the SAED will be deducted from the amount of changes to state employees' salaries and used by the employer to pay the SAED.

The Division of Gaming's contributions to the Defined Benefit Plan and the Health Care Trust Fund for the period ending September 30, 2006 were \$100,991. These contributions met the contribution requirement.

#### 11. VOLUNTARY TAX-DEFERRED RETIREMENT PLANS

PERA offers a voluntary 401k plan entirely separate from the defined benefit pension plan. The state offers a 457 deferred compensation plan and certain agencies and institutions of the state offer a 403b or 401(a) plans.

### 12. <u>POST RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE AND LIFE INSURANCE</u> <u>BENEFITS</u>

#### A. Health Care Program

The PERA Health Care Program began covering benefit recipients and qualified dependents on July 1, 1986. This benefit was developed after legislation in 1985 established the Program and the Health Care Fund; the program was converted to a trust fund in 1999. Under this program, PERA subsidizes a portion of the monthly premium for health care coverage. The benefit recipient pays any remaining amount of that premium through an automatic deduction from the monthly retirement benefit. During fiscal year 2006, the premium subsidy was \$115.00 for those with 20 years of service credit (\$230 for members under age 65 and not eligible for Medicare), and it was reduced by 5 percent for each year of service fewer than 20.

The Health Care Trust Fund is maintained by an employer's contribution as discussed above in Note 10.

Monthly premium costs for participants depend on the health care plan selected, the number of persons covered, Medicare eligibility, and the number of years of service credit. PERA contracts with a major medical indemnity carrier to administer claims for self-insured medical and prescription benefit plans, and with several health maintenance organizations providing services within Colorado. As of December 31, 2005, there were 41,080 enrollees in the plan.

#### **B.** Life Insurance Program

During fiscal year 2006, PERA provided its members access to a group decreasing term life insurance plan offered by UnumProvident in which 41,180 members participated. Active members may join the UnumProvident Plan and continue coverage into retirement. Premiums are collected by monthly payroll deductions or other means. In addition, PERA maintained coverage for 13,375 members under closed group plans underwritten by Anthem Life, Prudential, and New York Life.

#### 13. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Division, as an agency of the State of Colorado, paid fees to the State for auditing, investigative, 1881 Pierce lease purchase payments, and other expenses incurred with the Department of Revenue for indirect costs. Starting in fiscal year 2006, the legal services costs are included in the Department of Revenue direct/indirect appropriation. Interagency charges as of September 30, 2006 consist of the following:

Blate Higelie's Bell Hees	State Agency Services
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Colorado State Patrol	\$371,830
Colorado Bureau of Investigation	170,520
Colorado Division of Fire Safety	37,947
Indirect Costs (Department of Revenue)	334,488
Office of the State Auditor	13,280
Department of Local Affairs	32,853
Total Payments to State Agencies	\$960,918

On May 23, 1996, SB 96-216 was signed authorizing the Department of Personnel to execute a tenyear lease purchase agreement on behalf of the Department of Revenue for the acquisition of the facility located at 1881 Pierce Street, Lakewood, Colorado. The lease purchase of the building occurred on October 31, 1996. The Division is estimating that its share of the purchase price will be \$2,057,003. This amount includes both principal and interest. The Division will transfer funds annually to the Department of Revenue for its share of the building purchase.

The future obligations to be paid to Department of Revenue for the Division's portion for the purchase of the building located at 1881 Pierce, Lakewood consist of the following:

Total Paid FY 2007	\$175,975
Estimated Future Payments	
FY 2007	\$ 1,140

#### 13. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

As of September 30, 2006, the Division had liabilities to other State agencies as follows:

State Agency Liabilities:	
Colorado State Patrol	\$131,300
Colorado Bureau of Investigation	64,000
Colorado Division of Fire Safety	13,300
Colorado Division of Telecommunications	3,500
Colorado Correctional Industries	378
Colorado Department of Revenue	20
Total State Agencies	\$212,498

#### 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Division participates in the Risk Management Fund. Agency premiums are based on an assessment of risk exposure and historical experience. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Because actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, change in legal doctrines and damage awards, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims and other economic and social factors.

There were no significant reductions or changes in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.