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# SECOND REPORT

OF



## THE LAW, RULES OF THE BOARD AND LIST OF LICENSED ARCHITECTS

### MEMBERS OF THE BOARD

FRANK E. EDBROOKE, President	- - - -	DENVER
H. W. BAERHESEN, Vice-President	- - - -	DENVER
ROBERT WILLISON, Secretary-Treasurer	- - - -	DENVER
FRANCIS W. COOPER	- - - -	PUEBLO
THOMAS F. WALSH	- - - -	DENVER

SECRETARY-TREASURER'S OFFICE

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DENVER

PUBLISHED BY THE BOARD

1913

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SECOND REPORT OF THE COLORADO STATE  
BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF ARCHITECTS.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 1st, 1913.

Hon. Elias M. Ammons,  
Governor of the State of Colorado.

Your Excellency:

The following is the Second Printed Report of the Colorado State Board of Examiners of Architects, covering the period from December 1st, 1910, to December 1st, 1913.

In accordance with Section 17 of the Statute, "providing for the Licensing of Architects and Regulating the Practise of Architecture" in this State, the annual reports for each year have been filed with the Auditor of State, which contained full reports of the proceedings of the Board, also complete statements of the receipts and disbursements of the Board, after same had been audited and attested by the affidavits of the President, Secretary-Treasurer, and Auditing Committees.

Enclosed please find a copy of the First Printed Report of the Board, which comprises in detail the organization of the Board, a list of the Architects licensed to practise in this State from the organization of the Board on October 25th, 1909, up to December 1st, 1910, and including a copy of the Act and Rules of the Board.

The Statute, providing for the licensing of Architects and regulating the practise of Architecture in the State of Colorado was approved April 26th, 1909, and the Board organized on October 25th, 1909. This Board is designated as the Colorado State Board of Examiners of Architects, and is composed of five (5) members, who shall be Architects residing in this State, and who have been engaged in the practise of Architecture at least five (5) years. Each member of the Board being appointed for a term of four (4) years.



OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF THE BOARD.

The following gentlemen were appointed members of the Board, and the Board was organized on October 25th, 1909, viz.:

Thomas F. Walsh, President.....Denver  
Robert Willison, Secretary-Treasurer..Denver  
Francis W. Cooper.....Pueblo  
Frank E. Edbrooke.....Denver  
Harold W. Baerresen.....Denver

The same officers were re-elected at the first and second annual meetings, held in January, 1910, and January, 1911.

The two-year term of office, as members of the Board, of Messrs. F. E. Edbrooke and H. W. Baerresen expired in October, 1911, and His Excellency Governor John F. Shafroth re-appointed the said gentlemen to a further term of four (4) years.

The third annual meeting of the Board was held in January, 1912, and the Board amended Rule 2, adding the office of Vice-President.

The following officers were elected at the Third Annual Meeting of the Board, viz.:

F. W. Cooper, President.....Pueblo  
F. E. Edbrooke, Vice-President.....Denver  
Robert Willison, Secretary-Treasurer..Denver

The officers elected at the Fourth Annual Meeting, held in January, 1913, were as follows, viz.:

F. E. Edbrooke, President.....Denver  
H. W. Baerresen, Vice-President.....Denver  
Robert Willison, Secretary-Treasurer..Denver

During the period between December 1st, 1910, and December 1st, 1913, the Board has held thirty-eight (38) regular and special meetings, also has held three (3) regular examinations, in which twenty-two (22) candidates took the examination.

LICENSES ISSUED, REVOKED AND IN FORCE.

The following table of Architects' licenses issued, revoked, and at present in force, embraces each year since the organization of the Board, giving the number of licenses issued as per "Form A" and "Form B".



“Form A” licenses represent those issued without examination.

“Form B” licenses represent those granted after passing the examination.

Date	Total Issued	Total Revoked	Form A In Force	Form B In Force	Total In Force
Dec. 1st, 1910.....	108	1	103	4	107
Dec. 1st, 1911.....	120	9	103	8	111
Dec. 1st, 1912.....	129	21	95	13	108
Dec. 1st, 1913.....	137	38	85	14	99

Section 11 of the Act requires “that any person who is a member of the American Institute of Architects, or who shall present at this Board, a certificate from a similarly constituted Board of another State, shall be entitled to receive such certificate,” and in compliance with this Section of the Act, twenty-three (23) non-resident Architects, either members of the American Institute of Architects, or licensed to practise in other States have received certificates of license to practise in this State, without examination.

None of the Architects’ licenses have been revoked “for cause”; all of those revoked have been made for non-payment of the annual renewal fees, death or resignation, as requested by Section 16 of the Act, and after due and timely notice had been made to said delinquents.

CLASS EXAMINATIONS—FORM B—LICENSES.

One of the most important duties required of the Board, is the examination of persons desirous of qualifying for the practise of Architecture, in this State. The following “Circular of Information,” prepared by the Board, is sent to each person, filing application (Form B), for examination, and reads as follows, viz.:

COLORADO STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF ARCHITECTS, REGULAR EXAMINATION FOR LICENSE TO PRACTISE ARCHITECTURE IN THE STATE OF COLORADO.

CIRCULAR OF INFORMATION.

This circular is issued for the information of applicants for license, making known the general nature of the next class



examination. The Board reserves the right to change or extend the examinations without further notice, should same appear necessary or advisable.

Problems are given and are to be solved in accordance with the data given.

Examination occupies 7½ hours of each of the three days, and during the examination, candidates will be permitted to use any standard reference book, such as Kidder, Carnegie, Cambria, Bethlehem, etc.

A program of requirements will be given for a building of moderate size and for a particular purpose, comprising the data usually supplied by an owner when employing an architect.

Sketch plans will be required of the principal floors, elevation, section, scale details showing the construction, and giving a proper idea of the heating, ventilation, lighting and sanitation, necessary to such a building.

These drawings will be made entirely in pencil, without coloring or shading of any kind.

Each applicant will write a brief specification of the various parts required in the construction of the building. Also make a careful estimate of the cost of the building, as designed and specified.

All applications for the regular examinations shall be at the Secretary's office one month previous to the time set for such examinations.

Each candidate must provide rubbers, pencils, compasses and other instruments, usually used by an architect in his regular professional practise.

The Board will provide drawing boards, tables, T-squares, drawing paper, writing paper, pens, ink and scratch pads.

*The Colorado State Board of Examiners of Architects.*

The Board during its consideration of the requirements for the first regular examination, adopted a resolution, providing that any candidate securing seventy (70) per centum or over of a possible three hundred (300) marks (being one hundred [100] marks for each day's examination), would be entitled to receive a certificate of license to practise Architecture in this State.



Four (4) regular examinations of candidates for license to practise Architecture have been held since the organization of the Board. The following table gives the dates, and number of applicants participating in each examination, viz.:

Date of Examination	Number of Applicants	Granted Licenses	Failed to Pass
June 20, 21, 22, 1910.....	12	4	8
Dec. 28, 29, 30, 1910.....	9	5	4
Dec. 27, 28, 29, 1911.....	5	5	0
Dec. 17, 18, 19, 1912.....	8	2	6

Each of the candidates who passed the examination received a certificate of license to practise, after proving to the satisfaction of the Board, their competency and knowledge of the construction of buildings, strength of materials, design and planning, also their ability to make practical application of same in the regular professional work of an architect; also their capability in supervising the mechanical work upon a building, and the laws of sanitation as applied to buildings.

#### LICENSED ARCHITECTS DECEASED.

It is with sincere regret that the Board has to record the death of the following licensed Architects, viz.:

License A-34. Fred C. Wagner of the firm of Wagner & Manning, Architects, Denver, died 1910.

License A-62. Fred M. Eagleton of the firm of Mountjoy & Eagleton, Architects, Denver, died 1910.

License A-95. J. Bevan Phillips, Architect, Douglas, Wyoming, died 1912.

License B-2. Thomas E. Lynn, Architect, Colorado Springs, died 1912.

Each of these gentlemen was a credit to our profession, possessed of superior ability as Architects, and with high ideals. Their demise has been a serious loss to the Architectural profession.

#### AMENDMENTS TO THE ACT AND RULES OF THE BOARD.

The following resolution was unanimously agreed to at the regular meeting of the Board, held on May 19, 1913, viz.:

“That the Act to provide for the licensing of Architects, and regulating the practise of Architecture in the State of Colorado, as amended and passed by the Nineteenth General Assem-



bly, and approved and signed by His Excellency, Governor Elias M. Ammons, on May 13th, 1913; be printed in full in accordance with the said amendments; also that when the said Act and Rules as amended, have been compiled and typewritten, the same shall be signed by each member of the Board, and that said amended Act and Rules, be forwarded to the Attorney General, and request him to furnish the Board with a written opinion, on the legality of said amendments to the Act and Rules of the Board."

In compliance with the foregoing resolution, a copy of the amendments to the Act and Rules were placed in the hands of the Hon. Fred Farrar, Attorney General of the State of Colorado, with the following explanatory letter, viz.:

THE COLORADO STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS  
OF ARCHITECTS.

Denver, June 16th, 1913.

Hon. Fred Farrar,  
Attorney General of the State of Colorado,  
City.

Dear Sir:

At the last regular meeting of the above Board, held in the State Capitol Building, on May 19th, 1913, it was unanimously agreed, that I forward to you the enclosed Amendments to the Act passed by the last Legislature and approved by the Governor, on May 13th, 1913; also the Amendments made by Resolution of the Board to the Rules so same may conform to the Act, and adopted May 19th, 1913.

I have forwarded to you under separate cover a copy of the original Act and Rules, with the Amendments written in on same, so you may notice the Sections amended without any trouble.

Section 9, of the Act requires that all Amendments to the Act or Rules must be published in at least one daily newspaper in the State, and before doing so the Board is desirous of receiving an opinion from you, as to the legality of the said Amendments, before same are published.

Please advise me when you will be able to take up this matter, and if you desire I will be glad to talk over these Amend-



ments with you any time to suit your convenience, and make any explanation of same, you may think necessary.

Anticipating your best consideration,

Yours very truly,

ROBERT WILLISON, Secretary.

In reply to the foregoing letter, with Amendments to the Act and Rules, the Attorney General presented the following opinion on the subject, viz.:

STATE OF COLORADO

LEGAL DEPARTMENT

DENVER

August 21st, 1913.

Mr. Robert Willison, Secretary-Treasurer,  
Colorado State Board of Architects,  
900 Ideal Building.

Dear Sir:

In accordance with your letter of recent date, I have looked over the Amendments to the Rules, and in my opinion they are legal.

Your amendment in regard to the construction of the word "building" seems to define the word so that a layman can comprehend what it means, the same as a member of your Board. It might be said to be an extention of the definition that is in the Act itself.

Yours very truly,

FRED FARRAR, Attorney General.

By CLEMENT F. CROWLEY, Assistant.

In accordance with Section 9 of the Act, a copy of the amendments to the Act and Rules of the Board, was filed with the Secretary of State, and legal notices of same were published in the Rocky Mountain News, Denver Republican, Denver Post and Denver Times.

THE AMENDMENT TO SECTION 5 OF THE ACT, defines explicitly the mode of reimbursement due to the members of the Board for expenses, etc., in pursuance of their duties.

THE AMENDMENT TO SECTION 10 OF THE ACT, is the repeal of the sentence: "If any applicant fails to pass said examination, his or her fee shall be returned." It was found after careful consideration by the Board, that the return



of examination fees, after the failure of any applicant to pass an examination, was a detriment to the proper fulfilment of the spirit of the Act, because the expense and trouble in conducting an examination, was the same for a candidate that failed to pass an examination as it was for the candidate that passed. A similar amendment is at present in force in the Illinois Architects' License Law.

Several of the candidates who had failed to pass the examinations repeatedly made applications, and continued to cause the Board unnecessary expense and trouble, while they were unprepared and incompetent to pass any examination required by the law. By this amendment to Section 10 of the Act, it is anticipated that those only fully equipped and trained in the profession of Architecture, will desire to make application for examination.

Section 10 of the Act is further amended, so that regular examinations shall be held "once in each year, instead of twice in each year." This change in the number of examinations in each year, will not be made arbitrary, because should a sufficiency of candidates make application, the Board is prepared to hold a special examination at any time for the convenience of candidates.

THE AMENDMENT OF RULE 2, comprises the addition of "Vice-President," to the list of officers, which was adopted by the Board, at the regular meeting held on January 15th, 1912. This amendment was deemed necessary, as the President of the Board might not be a resident of Denver, and his duties could be fulfilled by the Vice-President during the President's absence from Denver.

THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 8, omits the sentence, "who shall have at the time of the passage of this Act, been engaged in the practise of Architecture in this State for at least one (1) year previous to the twenty-sixth (26) day of April, 1909 A. D., and \* \* \* an affidavit to that effect, or, \* \* \*"

A part of Rule 8 having become obsolete, it was decided by the Board that same should be omitted, so that future misunderstanding of the issuance of licenses by Form A may be avoided.

THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 10, changes the number



of regular examinations from "semi-annual" to "annual," so same will conform to the amendment of Section 10 of the Act.

THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 11, requires regular class examinations to be held "once" in each year, instead of in June and December of each year, similar to the amendment to Rule 10.

THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 12, omits the sentence, "All licenses issued to applicants who have passed the June examinations, will date from the following July 1st. This omission is made in conformity with amendments to Rules 10 and 11.

THE AMENDMENT TO RULE 14, comprises the following additions: "The plans and specifications for buildings, (A) more than two (2) stories in height; (B) public or semi-public buildings, such as churches, schools, museums, libraries, art galleries, state, county and city buildings, theaters and assembly halls, shall be made and stamped by a Licensed Architect.

When the ceiling of the lower story of any building is four (4) feet or more above the grade line, or when the attic story or space immediately under the roof of any building can be used for any purpose, such lower story or attic story shall be a story for the purpose of this Act.

The Attorney General in his opinion having informed the Board, that said amendments were legal, same have been included in the copy of the amended Act and Rules printed in connection with this report.

The foregoing amendments to the Act and Rules are expected to be more effective in operation, and conform more directly with the spirit of the Statute and prove a better protection to the public, in securing plans for buildings that, when erected, will be safe in construction, and not be a menace to the public generally.

#### VIOLATIONS OF THE LAW.

The Board received many complaints regarding certain parties presuming to practise Architecture in this State without the requisite Architects' license, and the Board has made consistent and effective efforts to compel such persons to become amenable to the law.

One case where the defendant was practising as an Architect, without a license, was tried in the Denver District Court



and after considerable evidence had been presented to the Court, the party alleged to be in violation of the law withdrew his suit after agreeing to comply with the provisions of the Act. Several cases are at present under consideration, which we anticipate will have an early and satisfactory settlement.

Numerous complaints have been received by the Board of attempts being made to violate the law, and in a majority of the cases, a notice from the Board advising the parties involved, has been sufficient to make them comply with the requirements of the Act.

STATES AT PRESENT HAVING LAWS FOR THE LICENSING OR  
REGISTRATION OF ARCHITECTS.

The following states have licensing or registration laws in force to control the practise of Architecture :

California  
Colorado  
Illinois  
Louisiana  
New Jersey  
Utah

Licensing Laws are being considered in :

Indiana  
Missouri  
New York  
Ohio  
Texas  
Washington State

The latest reports from other State Boards of Architects where the licensing laws are in force, show most salutary results. Any person in either of these states who has not a license finds that he is handicapped without same, as the general public now comprehends distinctly the meaning attached to the issuance of a certificate of license.

It has been determined in numerous instances that on account of the provisions of the Licensing Laws, controlling the practise of Architecture, a person without a license as required by law, cannot recover anything from his client for services rendered, and that any contract for the payment of such services is void.



The licensing or registration of Architects has naturally increased the standard of Architectural education, by the substitution of a compulsory system of qualifications, instead of the old voluntary system wherein there was no possible or adequate protection to the public from unsafe construction and unsanitary buildings.

GENERAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The following is a general statement of the Receipts and Disbursements of the Board since its organization:

Receipts from Oct. 25, 1909, to Dec. 1, 1910.....	\$3,665.00
Disbursements from Oct. 25, 1909, to Dec. 1, 1910.....	1,665.00

Surplus paid into the State Treasury to form a nucleus of a fund to provide for an advanced course of Architectural study to be established in the University of the State of Colorado as per Section 6 of the Act.....	\$2,000.00
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Receipts from Dec. 1, 1910, to Dec. 1, 1911.....	\$4,008.52
Disbursements from Dec. 1, 1910, to Dec. 1, 1911.....	3,008.52

Surplus paid into State Treasury for advanced course of Architectural study in U. of C.....	\$1,000.00
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Receipts from Dec. 1, 1911, to Dec. 1, 1912.....	\$2,759.91
Disbursements from Dec. 1, 1911, to Dec. 1, 1912.....	2,009.91

Surplus paid into State Treasury for advanced course of Architectural study in U. of C.....	\$ 750.00
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Receipts from Dec. 1, 1912, to Dec. 1, 1913.....	\$2,493.30
Disbursements from Dec. 1, 1912, to Dec. 1, 1913.....	1,893.30

Surplus paid into State Treasury for advanced course of Architectural study in U. of C.....	\$ 600.00
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From the above statement you will notice that the total sum of \$4,350.00 has been deposited in the State Treasury, to provide for an advanced course of Architectural study, to be established



in the University of the State of Colorado, as required by Section 6 of the Act; which subject has been discussed by the American Institute of Architects, and several members of the Faculties of the Universities of Pennsylvania, Harvard, Cornell and others, which will be considered more fully in the following paragraphs, in referring to the advanced course of Architecture to be installed in the University of Colorado.

THE ADVANCED COURSE OF ARCHITECTURAL STUDY TO BE ESTABLISHED  
IN THE UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO.

According to the requirements of Section 6 of the Act, it is provided that, "Any surplus of fees, remaining in the hands of the Treasurer of this Board, after the payment of the expenses of the members of the Board and the salary of the Secretary-Treasurer, as herein provided for shall be paid annually to the Treasurer of the State of Colorado, and shall only be paid out upon the warrant and authority by requisition of said Board, and the approval of the Governor, and said surplus shall form the nucleus of a fund to provide for an advanced course of Architectural study, to be established in the University of the State of Colorado.

The Board has turned into the State Treasury the sum of six hundred dollars (\$600.00), being the surplus on hand from this year's income, after retaining sufficient funds to maintain the necessary running expenses of the Board. The present surplus added to the previous sums paid into the State Treasury by the Board, makes the total sum amount to four thousand three hundred and fifty dollars (\$4,350.00), which is now available to assist in installing this advanced course of Architecture in the University of Colorado.

The principal reason for the delay in having this Advanced Course of Architecture installed at the University has been caused on account of want of accommodations for such a class at the State University. The Board, after due consideration of this unfortunate condition, with the Regents and Faculty of the University, decided to present a Bill for an appropriation to erect a building for a School of Architecture and Engineering with the hope that the last Legislature would provide a sufficient fund to secure a suitable building with complete and necessary accommodations.



It was and is the intention of the Board to utilize the before mentioned surplus fund at present in the State Treasury to provide and furnish a complete Architectural, Engineering, Electrical and Sanitation Library, composed of the best literature on such subjects, and including photographs, cuts, plates, models and plaster casts, etc., of ancient and modern work, making the library up to date in every respect, and one of the best of its kind.

In connection with the above purpose, the Board took the liberty of addressing a communication to the Hon. Andrew Carnegie, L.L.D., of New York City, soliciting his assistance in securing a building to be used as a School of Architecture and Engineering at the State University, which reads as follows:

December 18th, 1911.

Hon. Andrew Carnegie, L.L.D.,  
No. 2 East 91st Street,  
New York City.

Dear Sir:

We seek to institute in connection with the Colorado State University, as is provided in its charter, a School of Architecture, including Structural, Sanitary and Electrical Engineering.

At present, any student in Colorado, who elects to pursue the course indicated, can realize his desires at no nearer point than Chicago or Champaign, Ill.

The conditions and expense consequent upon such a venture, bar many competent and deserving students, who, if competent provision were made at our own University, could acquire the education and training that would not only make a credit to the profession, but commensurately add qualities to our citizenship that are obtained by such discipline as the study and practise of the science of Architecture promote.

We enclose a copy of our first report of the work performed by our Board. In looking over the financial statement you will notice that two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00) was deposited last year in the State Treasury by this Board, to be used in behalf of this Advanced Course of Architectural study.

This year we have added another one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) to this fund; hereafter we shall augment this fund materially, from fees received from the licensed Architects in the State.



The administration of the University of Colorado reports, that the limited accommodations for students of this science are congested; that the scope can be adequately enlarged only by the erection of a separate building; this is requisite before the interests of the School of Architecture can be properly and effectively promoted.

Our University places no restrictions upon the admission of applicants, whose residences are without the State. Such a School, as would be that contemplated, would enroll its classes from the entire Mississippi Valley. Its graduates, in their varied and separate locations, would enhance the architectural beauties of their respective cities and towns, and guide public interest, along the line of clean, pure building; the cost of a comely structure does not exceed that of the cost of a monstrosity.

Such a building, we estimate will cost about one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars (\$125,000.00), with twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000.00) additional for equipment, including a complete technical and reference library. We can reasonably promise that the Colorado State Legislature will obligate the State, to provide for the current expenses of the School when once established, and care for the upkeep in all directions; this Board will contribute its entire small fund.

With a realization that you are completely informed upon what the enterprise means to the nation, state and ourselves; appreciating our lame presentation; knowing of your life's purpose and practise in adding to educational forces, we are bold enough to seek through your power, the erection of a Carnegie Hall at the University of Colorado, to house a School of Architecture. Hoping, even trusting, that whatever limitations be placed, we may be able to meet them.

Very respectfully,

(Signed) ROBERT WILLISON, Secretary.

(Signed) THOMAS F. WALSH, President.

At the suggestion of the Board, Professor Milo S. Ketchum, C.E., dean of the University of Colorado, forwarded the following letter to the Hon. Andrew Carnegie, L.L.D., explaining the exact conditions of the present Engineering course at the University, and the necessity and demands for a course in Architecture:



Boulder, Colo., Dec. 26th, 1911.

Hon. Andrew Carnegie, L.L.D.,  
No. 2 East 91st Street,  
New York City.

My Dear Sir :

At the suggestion of the Secretary of the State Board of Architects, Mr. Robert Willison, I am writing you with reference to the status of technical education in the University of Colorado.

Work in Engineering in the University of Colorado was first started in 1893, and at the present time we have a registration of 282 students, who are taking courses in Civil Engineering, Electrical Engineering, Mechanical Engineering and Chemical Engineering. The instruction in Engineering is of high grade, and our graduates are filling positions of trust and responsibility. Most of the students in the College of Engineering are residents of Colorado or the neighboring states, many of whom would be unable to obtain an Engineering training were it not for the opportunities in Colorado.

For several years there has been considerable demand for a course in Architecture, and a year ago the writer recommended to the Board of Regents that such a course be established. One of the provisions of the State Architects' License Law is that all money received from fees which is not necessary for defraying the expenses of the State Board of Examiners shall be turned over to the State Treasurer for the support of a course in Architecture in the State University. At the time that the writer recommended that a course in Architecture be established there was two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00) from this fund in the hands of the State Treasurer. The present Engineering Buildings are very much crowded, and to make proper provision for a course in Architecture, will require additional lecture rooms and drawing rooms, which will make necessary a new building. There will also be a considerable expense in furnishing the necessary books, models, photographs, plans and other necessary equipment for a course in Architecture. Under these conditions the Regents of the University decided that the University was not in a financial condition to establish a course in Architecture, and thus receive the funds resulting from the operation of the State Architects' License Law.



The annual fees for Engineering students, including shop fees, etc., are \$30.00 per year, which makes it possible for the very poorest student to attend the University. A course of Architecture in the College of Engineering will be of great assistance in educating the people to a higher artistic ideal, and will also offer an opportunity to a large number of deserving young men who are anxious to enter the profession of Architecture and who are now unable to do so on account of the cost of attending the eastern schools of Architecture.

I am taking the liberty to send you under separate cover a catalog of the University, a book of University views, a description of the Engineering Shops, and a copy of the University of Colorado Journal of Engineering, an Annual published by the Engineering students, which also contains a list of the graduates of the College of Engineering.

It is certainly a great pleasure to write to you with reference to this matter, and I sincerely hope that it will be possible for you to build a Carnegie Hall, or furnish such other assistance as will make possible the founding of a course in Architecture in the State University that will redound to your credit and to the credit and benefit of the State.

Very truly yours,

(Signed)

MIL0 S. KETCHUM.

A reply to the foregoing letter was received by Dean M. S. Ketchum of the College of Engineering at the University of Colorado, from Mr. James Bertram, private secretary to Mr. Carnegie in which he stated that Mr. Carnegie was indisposed to erect buildings or to give endowments to State Institutions, etc. From the tenor of the reply we believe that had our plea not been made for assistance to benefit a public or State Institution, but for a strictly private or individual enterprise, endorsed by the Architects and Engineering Societies of the State as a whole there would have been no doubt but Mr. Carnegie would have willingly lent us his aid.

Failing to secure the necessary appropriation for the proposed building, and equipment for the study of Architecture and Engineering, from private sources, the Board prepared and endorsed the following Bill which was submitted to the last General Assembly of the State of Colorado, which was as follows, viz.:



A BILL  
FOR  
AN ACT TO APPROPRIATE MONEY FOR THE UNIVERSITY OF COLORADO TO BE EXPENDED FOR A NEW BUILDING FOR ENGINEERING AND ARCHITECTURE AND FOR THE EQUIPMENT OF SAME.

*Be it Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado.*

Section 1. For the purpose of erecting and equipping an Engineering and Architecture Building on the grounds of the State University at Boulder, there is hereby appropriated, out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000.00).

Section 2. For the purpose of equipping said Engineering and Architecture Building, including library for same, there is hereby authorized the expenditure of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000.00) of the sum hereby appropriated.

In explanation of the necessity for the passage of this Bill, the following detailed statement of the actual conditions existing at the University of Colorado with regard to a School of Architecture and the present College of Engineering, were presented to the members of the Legislature for their consideration, and which were as follows, viz.:

1. The Architect's License Law of Colorado provides that the income obtained from the fees in excess of the expenses incident to the operation of the law shall go to the University of Colorado for the support of a department of Architecture. There is at present approximately \$4,000.00 deposited with the State Treasurer, that has resulted from the operation of this law, and there will in the future be an annual revenue of about \$700.00. On account of lack of room and the necessary funds to establish and support a department of Architecture, the Regents of the University have not been able to accept the conditions of the Act.

2. There is no high grade department of Architecture nearer than the University of Illinois and there is definite demand for a department of Architecture in the State University.

3. The College of Engineering with 275 students in four-year courses in Civil, Electrical, Mechanical and Chemical Engineering is badly handicapped due to the following:



(a) Lack of room.—The present buildings do not provide more than one-half enough room for the present enrollment.

(b) Inadequate equipment.—The Engineering departments did not have an initial equipment, and the yearly appropriations have not been sufficient, to much more than provide for depreciation.

(c) Inadequate appropriations for maintenance and instruction.—The appropriations for maintenance during the past biennial period were only \$2,000.00 or \$1,000.00 per year, for all four departments. This appropriation would be a meagre one for books alone and is entirely inadequate for the purchase of books, equipment and materials for the entire College of Engineering.

4. With very inadequate support the College of Engineering has reached a position where it compares favorably with any technical school in the country. Additional appropriations for buildings, equipment and maintenance, are absolutely essential if the departments are to maintain the present efficiency and standards.

5. The appropriations asked for will enable the College of Engineering of the State University to offer a high grade course in Architecture and will enable it to maintain the present efficiency of the work in the other departments, both of which will be impossible with the present buildings and resources.

The Appropriation Bill was reported on favorably by the House of Representatives and was placed on the Calendar of the House Appropriation Committee for conference with the Senate Appropriation Committee, and there the Bill, with many others, met an untimely end on account of a shortage in the finances of the State.

To complete the curriculum of the University of Colorado in accordance with the Act, it is most important that provision be made for a suitable building, combined with high grade professors of Architecture to work in conjunction with the present excellent staff in the College of Engineering. As soon as the School of Architecture and College of Engineering have been suitably provided with a building and the necessary equipment, many of our own brightest students in these lines of study, will complete the course here, and will be added to by many students from the states, located between Illinois and California, thus



making the University of Colorado, the center of Art and Engineering in this vast territory.

#### CONCLUSION.

The Act providing for the licensing of Architects, and regulating the practise of Architecture in the State of Colorado, has withstood the test since its organization over four (4) years ago, and has been upheld by the District Court on several occasions, as to the discretionary power of the Board in granting licenses. The Illinois Appellate Court and the Supreme Court of California have sustained the constitutionality of similar laws in these states.

The Board will prosecute all persons found practising without a license, against whom evidence is obtainable, before the Courts and will discipline any practising Architect who violates the law, after each have received a fair trial. The Board in enforcing the law is in no way arbitrary, because many violations are the result of misunderstanding of the law, which, while not a legal excuse, entitles them to clemency. Better results are received by timely warning and advice, especially as in the case of many who may have attempted to practise without a license, without having a full understanding of their liability, therefore the Board is satisfied that more is accomplished with proper advice than by drastic action and recourse to the Courts.

It has been the aim of the Board at all times, since its inception to carry out as far as possible the true intent and spirit of the Statute, and is gradually accomplishing the results desired, and more especially in so far as its enforcement demands more competent and reliable persons in the profession of Architecture, and who must show their ability to prepare plans for and construct buildings that will be safe structurally, sanitary in their appointments and free from danger or in any way a menace to the public.

The Board desires to extend to you its high appreciation of the many courtesies received.

Respectfully submitted,

*The Colorado State Board of Examiners of Architects.*

ROBERT WILLISON, Secretary.

Attest: FRANK E. EDBROOKE, President.



## AN ACT

TO PROVIDE FOR THE LICENSING OF ARCHITECTS  
AND REGULATING THE PRACTISE OF ARCHITECTURE  
IN THE STATE OF COLORADO.

ENACTED BY THE SEVENTEENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT THE  
REGULAR SESSION, APPROVED APRIL 26, 1909, AND IN FORCE  
OCTOBER 25, 1909; WITH AMENDMENTS ADOPTED BY THE  
NINETEENTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY, AND APPROVED MAY 13,  
1913.

*Be It Enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Colorado.*

### APPOINTMENT OF A STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF ARCHITECTS.

Section 1. Within sixty days after the passage of this Act, the Governor of the State of Colorado shall appoint a State Board of Examiners of Architects, to be composed of five members, who shall be architects residing in the State of Colorado, and who have been engaged in the practise of architecture at least five years. Two of the said practising architects appointed as examiners shall be designated to hold office for two years, and the other three to hold office for four years, from the date of the passage of this Act.

### GOVERNOR OF THE STATE TO FILL VACANCIES ON THE BOARD.

Sec. 2. Upon the expiration of the term of each member, the Governor shall appoint his successor for a term of four years; each member shall hold over after the expiration of his term until his successor shall have been duly appointed and qualified. Any vacancy occurring in the membership of the board shall be filled by the Governor of the State, for the unexpired term of such membership.

### EXAMINERS TO FILE OATH—TREASURER TO FILE BOND.

Sec. 3. The members of the State Board of Examiners of Architects shall, before entering upon the discharge of their



duties, and within thirty days after their appointment, take and subscribe an oath before any officer authorized to administer oaths in the State, for the faithful performance of duty, and file same with the Secretary of State. They shall as soon as organized, and annually thereafter in the month of January, elect from their number a president and a secretary, who shall also be treasurer. The treasurer shall file a bond for the penal sum of two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00) with the Secretary of State, said bond to be accepted and approved by the Secretary of State, before entering upon his duties.

BOARD SHALL ADOPT RULES AND SEAL.

Sec. 4. The Board shall adopt all necessary rules, regulations and by-laws to govern its proceedings, not inconsistent with this Act, the laws of this State or of the United States. The Board shall adopt a seal, and the secretary shall have the care and custody thereof, and shall keep a record of all proceedings of the Board, which shall be open at all times to public examination.

ALL EXPENSES PAID FROM THE REGISTRATION FEES.

Sec. 5. The expenses of said Board, and of the officers thereof and of the examination held by said Board, and of any other matter in connection with the provisions of this Act, shall be paid from the registration fees herein provided for, and not otherwise, and in no case shall any of the expenses be paid by the State of Colorado or be a charge against said State.

The members of the Board shall be entitled to reimbursement for their traveling and hotel expenses incurred in pursuance of their duties, and five dollars (\$5.00) per diem shall be allowed for each member of said Board for attending each annual examination, the secretary and treasurer of the State Board of Examiners of Architects shall receive such annual compensation as shall be provided by the Board, by resolution adopted by it at a regular meeting. Neither the State Treasurer nor any member of this Board shall be held responsible for any portion of the secretary's and treasurer's salary, should the fees for certificates received by said Board be insufficient to meet the same.\*

\*As amended May 13, 1913.



SURPLUS TO FORM FUND FOR ADVANCED COURSE OF ARCHITECTURAL  
STUDY IN THE STATE UNIVERSITY.

Sec. 6. Any surplus or fees remaining in the hands of the treasurer of this Board after the payment of the expenses of the members of the Board and the salary of the secretary and treasurer, as herein provided for, shall be paid annually to the Treasurer of the State of Colorado, and shall only be paid out upon the warrant and authority by requisition of said Board and the approval of the Governor, and said surplus shall form the nucleus of a fund to provide for an advanced course of architectural study to be established in the University of the State of Colorado.

QUORUM.

Sec. 7. Three members of this Board shall constitute a quorum.

SPECIAL MEETING—RULES FOR EXAMINATIONS.

Sec. 8. Special meetings of the Board shall be called by the secretary upon the request of any two members, by giving at least five (5) days' written notice of the meeting to each member. The Board shall adopt rules and regulations for the examination and registration of applicants desiring to practise architecture in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and may amend, modify and repeal such rules and regulations from time to time.

FILE WITH SECRETARY OF STATE NAMES OF EXAMINERS AND PUBLISH  
IN ONE DAILY NEWSPAPER.

Sec. 9. The Board shall, immediately upon the election of each officer thereof, and upon the adoption, repeal or modification of the rules and regulations for the registration of applicants for license, file with the Secretary of State, and publish in at least one daily newspaper in the State, the names and post-office address of each officer, and a copy of such rules and regulations, or the amendment, repeal or modification thereof.

EXAMINATIONS—APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE TO PAY FEE OF \$10.

Sec. 10. Provision shall be made by the State Board of Examiners of Architects for holding examinations at least once in each year, of applicants for license to practise architecture,



if there shall be any such applicants. Any person over twenty-one (21) years of age, upon payment of a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) to the secretary of this Board, shall be entitled to enter any examination to determine his or her qualifications. If any applicant fails to pass said examination, his or her application fee shall be retained by the Board.\*

EXAMINATIONS IF PASSED, FURTHER FEE OF \$15.00 TO BE PAID—  
WITHOUT EXAMINATIONS FEE \$25.00—ALL LICENSES  
TO BE RECORDED.

Sec. 11. If the examination of any applicant shall be satisfactory to a majority of the Board, and upon payment of an additional fee of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) to the said Board, a certificate shall be issued to the applicant authorizing him or her to practise the profession of architecture.

Any person who shall at the time of the passage of this Act have been engaged in the practise of architecture in this State for at least one year, and who shall present to this Board an affidavit to that effect, or a certificate from a similarly constituted board of another State; and any person who is a member of the American Institute of Architects, shall be entitled to receive such certificate upon the payment to the said Board of a fee of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00), without an examination by the Board of Examiners, which fee shall be turned into State Treasury. In the case of a co-partnership of architects, each member must be licensed to practise architecture.

Each person licensed shall cause such license to be recorded in the Secretary of State's office. Failure to have his or her license recorded shall be deemed sufficient cause for revocation of said license.

#### LICENSED ARCHITECTS TO HAVE STAMPS.

Sec. 12. Every licensed architect shall have a stamp; which must contain the name of the architect, his or her place of business, and the words: "Licensed Architect," "State of Colorado," with which he or she shall stamp all drawings and specifications issued from his or her office, for use in this State.

\*As amended May 13, 1913.



PENALTY FOR PRACTISING ARCHITECTURE WITHOUT A LICENSE.

Sec. 13. After six (6) months from the passage of this Act it shall be unlawful, and it shall be a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than ten dollars (\$10.00), nor more than two hundred dollars (\$200.00), for any person to practise architecture without a license in this State, and to advertise or put out any sign or card or other device which might indicate to the public that he or she is entitled to practise as an architect except as otherwise provided in this Act.

PERSONS WHO ARE TO BE REGARDED AS ARCHITECTS.

Sec. 14. Any person who shall be engaged in the planning or supervision of the erection, enlargement or alteration of buildings for others, and to be constructed by persons other than himself except as hereinafter provided, shall be regarded as an architect within the provisions of this Act, and shall be held to comply with the same; but nothing contained in this Act shall prevent the draughtsmen, students, clerks of works, or superintendents and other employees of those lawfully practicing as architects, under license as herein provided for, from acting under the instruction, control, or supervision of their employers; or shall prevent the employment of superintendents of buildings paid by the owners from acting, if under the control and direction of a licensed architect who has prepared the drawings and specifications for the building. The term building in this Act shall be understood to be a structure consisting of foundations, walls and roof, with or without the other parts; but nothing contained in this act shall be construed to prevent any person, mechanic or builder from making plans and specifications for, or supervising the erection, enlargement or alteration of any building less than three stories in height that is to be constructed.

LICENSE REVOKED.

Sec. 15. Architect's license issued in accordance with the provisions of this Act shall remain in full force until revoked for cause, as hereinafter provided. Any license so granted may be revoked by unanimous vote of the State Board of Examiners of Architects for gross incompetency, or recklessness in the construction of buildings, or for dishonest practises on the part of the holder thereof; but before any license shall be revoked, such



holder shall be entitled to at least twenty days' notice of the charge against him, and of the time and place of the meeting of the Board for the hearing and determination of such charge. And on the cancellation of such license it shall be the duty of the secretary of the Board to give notice of such cancellation to the Secretary of State, who shall mark the license recorded in his office cancelled. The person whose license was revoked may have a new license issued to him by the secretary upon certificate of the Board of Examiners, issued by them upon satisfactory evidence of proper reasons for his reinstatement, and upon payment to the secretary of the fee of ten dollars (\$10.00), which fee shall be turned into the State Treasury.

#### RENEWAL OF LICENSES.

Sec. 16. Every licensed architect in this State who desires to continue the practise of his or her profession shall annually, during the time he or she shall continue in practise, pay to the secretary of the Board during the month of July a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00), which fee shall be turned into the State Treasury, and the secretary shall thereupon issue to such licensed architect a certificate of renewal of his or her license for a term of one year. Any licensed architect who shall fail to have his or her license renewed during the month of July in each and every year, shall have his or her license revoked; but the failure to renew said license shall not deprive him or her of the right to renewal upon payment of said fee.

#### REPORT OF PROCEEDINGS TO BE FILED WITH AUDITOR OF STATE.

Sec. 17. Within the first week of December, after the organization of the Board, and annually thereafter, the secretary of the Board shall file with the Auditor of State a full report of the proceedings of the Board, and a complete statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Board, attested by the affidavits of the president and secretary.



RULES OF THE COLORADO STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF ARCHITECTS.

RULES.

1. Roberts' Rules of Order shall govern the conduct of business at its meetings.

OFFICERS.

2. The State Board of Examiners of Architects shall annually elect a president, vice-president and secretary, who shall also be treasurer, said officers shall hold office until their successors shall have been duly appointed and qualified. The secretary shall keep a record of all the proceedings of the Board, which shall be open to public examination. (Adopted January 15, 1912.)

SEAL OF THE BOARD.

3. The Board shall adopt a seal for its own use and shall have the words: "Colorado State Board of Examiners of Architects," and the year "1909" inscribed thereon, and the secretary shall have the care and custody thereof.

HEADQUARTERS AND EXAMINATIONS.

4. The headquarters of the Board shall be at Denver, and the examinations shall take place at Denver, or such other place as shall be designated by a vote of the Board.

LOCATION.

5. The office of the secretary and treasurer shall be at room 900 Ideal Building in the City of Denver.

FINANCE.

6. All funds collected shall be deposited in bank to the credit of the Board, and all checks shall be signed by the secretary and treasurer and countersigned by the president, and no disbursements shall be made except on order of the Board. There shall be an auditing committee, composed of two members of the Board other than the president and the secretary and treasurer, who shall audit the treasurer's accounts within the last



week of November of each year. All bills shall be presented to the Board at a regular meeting.

#### REGULAR MEETINGS.

7. The regular meetings of the Board shall be held on the third Monday of each month at 2 p. m., and the place shall be as ordered by the president. Special meetings of the Board shall be called by the secretary upon the request of any two members, by giving at least five days' notice of the meeting to each member. Three members of the Board shall constitute a quorum.

#### EXAMINATIONS AND CERTIFICATES OF LICENSE.

8. Any person who shall present to the said Board a certificate from a similarly constituted board of another State, and any person who is a member of the American Institute of Architects, shall be entitled to receive a certificate of license, upon the payment to the said Board of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00).

Any person over twenty-one (21) years of age, upon the payment of a fee of ten dollars (\$10.00) to the Board, shall be entitled to enter any examination to determine his or her qualifications for an architect's license.

If the examination of any applicant for such a license shall be satisfactory to a majority of the Board, and upon the payment of an additional fee of fifteen dollars (\$15.00) to the said Board, a certificate of license shall be issued to the applicant authorizing him or her to practise the profession of architecture.

Applications for license from residents of other States may be considered at any meeting of the Board, without the personal appearance of the applicants; provided, the proofs submitted in connection with such applications from non-resident architects, establish an ability equal to that demanded by the regular written and oral examinations, the Board shall issue license to such applicants.

Each person licensed shall cause such license to be recorded in the Secretary of State's office. (Adopted May 19, 1913.)

#### CLASS EXAMINATIONS.

9. Regular written and oral examinations to occupy not more than three (3) days, shall be held as provided by the Act of April 26, 1909. The time shall be devoted to ascertaining the



ability of the candidate to make practical application of his or her knowledge in the professional work of an architect. The examination shall be directed toward ascertaining the qualifications of the applicant in draughtsmanship, construction, design, the art of planning, and preparing specifications.

#### APPLICATIONS.

10. Applications for examinations will be received at any time, and should their number and urgency make it seem expedient to the Board to hold examinations at any other time than herein mentioned, due notice of such additional examinations will be forwarded by the secretary to those whose applications are already filed at his office. Applications to enter an annual examination shall be at the secretary's office on or before the third Monday of November in each year, and the annual examination be held on the third Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of December in each year. (Adopted November 17, 1913.)

#### DATES OF REGULAR CLASS EXAMINATIONS.

11. Regular class examinations shall be held once in each year. In all cases in which applications for examinations have remained on file one year or more, the parties have not appeared for examinations, the examination fees shall be returned and the applications cancelled. (Adopted May 19, 1913.)

#### NOTICES.

12. Applicants will be duly notified of the result of the examinations. All licenses shall bear the date of the time when finally approved by the Board. (Adopted May 19, 1913.)

#### CO-PARTNERSHIP LICENSES.

13. Each member of a firm of practising architects, including each practising member of an incorporated architectural firm, shall have a separate license. All certificates of license shall be signed by the president and secretary.

#### ARCHITECT'S STAMPS.

14. The stamp of licensed architects shall be circular and two (2) inches in diameter. The words "State of Colorado" shall appear at the top between two (2) circular lines and the



words "Licensed Architect," at the bottom, between the same lines. The name and place of business of the licensee, are to be placed within the inner circle. Where there is a co-partnership of architects, the individual names of the several members licensed may appear on one stamp.

The plans and specifications for buildings; (a) more than two (2) stories in height; (b) public or semi-public buildings, such as churches, schools, museums, libraries, art galleries, state, county and city buildings, theaters and assembly halls shall be made and stamped by a licensed architect.

When the ceiling of the lower story of any building is four (4) feet or more above grade line, or when the attic story or space immediately under the roof of any building can be used for any purpose, such lower story or attic story, shall each be a story for the purpose of this Act. (Adopted May 19, 1913.)



LIST OF ARCHITECTS LICENSED TO PRACTISE THE  
PROFESSION OF ARCHITECTURE IN THE  
STATE OF COLORADO.

(Corrected to December 1, 1913.)

LICENSE

NO.	NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
A 59	Antrobus, John H., 14 Kellar Bldg., Montrose, Colo.
A 88	Anthony, H. P., 408 Bank Block, Denver, Colo.
A 73	Arend, Nicholas Van den, 203 Hagerman Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.
A 83	Baerresen, A. A., Cheyenne, Wyoming.
A 4	Baerresen, Harold W., 408 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 11	Baerresen, V. E., 408 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 18	Barber, T. P., 73 First National Bank Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.
A105	Barnett, Tom P., Central Nat'l Bank Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.
A100	Beman, Solon S., 606 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.
A 43	Benedict, J. B., 910 Central Nat'l Bank Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 42	Betteher, Geo. L., 608 Empire Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 68	Biscoe, Maurice B., 900 Mining Exchange Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 97	Bowman, W. N., 915 Central Savings Bank Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 58	Boyer, Jesse B., Fair Bldg., Grand Junction, Colo.
A 98	Burnett, George, 1702 Amicable Bldg., Waco, Texas.
A 37	Child, W. T., 16 Evans Block, Denver, Colo.
A102	Clymer, Harry G., 619-620 Wainright Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.
A 3	Cooper, Francis W., 108 Pope Block, Pueblo, Colo.
A 41	Cowe, William, 510 Mack Bldg., Denver, Colo.
B 8	Cross, R. W., 901 Zang's Boulevard, Dallas, Texas.
B 1	Desjardins, Leo A., 3727 H, Galveston, Texas.
A 19	Douglas, W. F., 15 and 16 Gazette Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.



LICENSE

NO.	NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
A103	Drishler, Francis, 619-620 Wainwright Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.
A 32	Dryden, David W., 430 Temple Court, Denver, Colo.
A 82	Dubree, Walter, 506 Colo. Ave., La Junta, Colo.
A 7	Eberley, F. C., 311-12 German American Trust Co. Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 2	Edbrooke, Frank E., 512 Opera House Blk., Denver, Colo.
A 30	Edbrooke, H. W. J., 512 Opera House Blk., Denver, Colo.
A 50	Edwards, W. H., 1215 Foster Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 12	Fallis, M. S., 900 Ideal Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 15	Fisher, William E., 459 Railway Exchange Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 52	Fisher, Arthur A., 459 Railway Exchange Bldg., Denver, Colo.
B 16	Frazer, Guy L., 3495 Haywood Pl., Denver, Colo.
B 3	French, Park M., 314 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Denver, Colo.
B 10	Frewen, F. W., Jr., 524 Majestic Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 91	Frost, Charles S., 105 So. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.
A 29	Fry, William A., 417½ Santa Fe Ave., Pueblo, Colo.
A 56	Fuller, M. W., 7 and 8 Forrester Bldg., Fort Collins, Colo.
A 60	Fuller, Robert K., 7 and 8 Forrester Bldg., Fort Collins, Colo.
A119	Fulton, John C., Main and Montgomerie Sts., Uniontown, Pa.
A115	Garden, H. M. G., 104 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.
A 72	Gates, Chas. M., 511 Ideal Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 28	Gile, J. M., 217 Central Block, Pueblo, Colo.
A 10	Gove, Aaron M., 520 Boston Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A117	Graham, John, Highlands Bank Bldg., Detroit, Mich.
A120	Groves, Eugene G., Indianapolis, Ind.
A 57	Harnois, Frederick Louis, 100 16th Ave., Denver, Colo.
A 53	Harvey, George, Jr., 407 Commonwealth Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 81	Hendrickson, A. C., McCormick Bldg., Trinidad, Colo.
A 17	Hetherington, T. D., 15-16 Gazette Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.



LICENSE

NO.	NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
A111	Horn, C. H. E., 714 G. & E. Bldg., Denver, Colo.
B 5	Hoyt, M. H., 2509 W. 36th Ave., Denver, Colo.
A 14	Huddart, John J., 408 Bank Block, Denver, Colo.
A 25	Huntington, G. W., 414 McPhee Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 31	Huntington, H. W., 414 McPhee Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 33	Hyder, James B., 1609 Franklin St., Denver, Colo.
A 66	Iloff, Glen H., 505 Commonwealth Bldg., Denver, Colo.
B 7	Jenkins, F. E., Fair Bldg., Grand Junction, Colo.
B 6	Kundsen, H. J., 2736 California St., Denver, Colo.
A 21	MacLaren, Thomas, 420 Hagerman Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.
A 36	Manning, H. J., 524 Majestic Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A116	Martin, E. P., 104 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.
A 8	Marean, Willis A., 221 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A118	Merrick, Harry M., Armour & Co., Colorado Springs, Colo.
B 14	McIntyre, T. W., 206 Cooper Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 47	Mountjoy, F. E., 314 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 9	Murdoch, James, 408 Mack Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 23	Norton, A. J., 221 Chamber of Commerce Bldg., Denver, Colo.
B 17	Parry, Richard O., 970 E. 4th Ave., Denver, Colo.
A 65	Pease, Louis A., 59 P. O. Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.
A 64	Phillips, Richard, 28 Jacobson Bldg., Denver, Colo.
B 15	Pierce, R. A., 202-3 Ideal Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 77	Rapp, I. H., McCormick Bldg., Trinidad, Colo.
A 79	Rapp, W. M., McCormick Bldg., Trinidad, Colo.
A 85	Redding, Wm., 510 Opera House Blk., Denver, Colo.
A 87	Redding, E. Floyd, 510 Opera House Blk., Denver, Colo.
A 26	Reynolds, A. W., 224 Majestic Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 22	Rice, Walter L., Bldg. Dept. City Hall, Denver, Colo.
A 20	Roe, George W., 42 Masonic Bldg., Pueblo, Colo.
B 12	Rosenberg, T., Glenwood Springs, Colo.
A 1	Roeschlaub, Robert S., 725 Foster Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 24	Roeschlaub, Frank S., 725 Foster Bldg., Denver, Colo.



LICENSE

NO.	NAME AND BUSINESS ADDRESS.
A 45	Rogers, H. C., Craig, Colo.
A 44	Saunders, Arthur E., 1136 Spruce St., Boulder, Colo.
A114	Schmidt, R. E., 104 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.
A 86	Smith, Silas W., Redmen's Hall, Durango, Colo.
A 27	Stein, John J., 311 Colorado Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 38	Sterner, Fred J., 528 Majestic Bldg., Denver, Colo.
B 11	Stickney, W. W., 89 Opera House Block, Pueblo, Colo.
A 54	Taylor, Wilford H., 753 Santa Fe Ave., Denver, Colo.
A 51	Thomas, Charles E., 420 Hagerman Bldg., Colorado Springs, Colo.
A 16	Varian, E. P., 464 Gas & Electric Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 46	Varian, L. E., 464 Gas & Electric Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 78	Viney, B. C., Kistler Bldg., Longmont, Colo.
A 5	Walsh, Thomas F., 520 Boston Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A108	Welch, Geo. W., 407 E. Broadway, Salt Lake City, Utah.
A 71	Westfall, Wm. J., 311 Colorado Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A121	Wetherell, Frank E., 202 Youngerman Blk., Des Moines, Iowa.
B 9	Wetzel, J. A., Mobile, Ala.
A 39	Wieger, T. Robert, 1911 Van Lennen St., Cheyenne, Wyo.
A 40	Williamson, George H., 528 Majestic Bldg., Denver, Colo.
A 6	Willison, Robert, 900 Ideal Bldg., Denver, Colo.



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