Colorado State Patrol

Annual Report 1988-1989



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September 3, 1990

This 1988-89 Annual Report summarizes the programs, goals, and achievements of the Colorado State Patrol for this past year. This report marks the first year in a series for positive changes in the format and graphics of the document. Due to the diversity of geographic and demographic regions in Colorado, accomplishments of each field district will be featured annually.

Although state-wide fatalities increased in calendar year 1989 over 1988, we are holding the line on fatal accidents investigated by the Patrol. Our success resulted from our proven technique of identifying and targeting high accident-causing violations and locations and applying available resources to solve the problems. The Motor Carrier Safety Assistance Program has accomplished greater levels of compliance resulting in fewer heavy vehicle accidents.

Enabling legislation in auto theft and related fraud will result in an economic savings to the citizens of this state.

In the years to come, using the resources that are available, the Colorado State Patrol will continue to place a high priority on the above issues.

We look forward to the continuing success of the mission we have worked toward over the past years.

Sincerely

Colonel John N. Dempsey Chief, Colorado State Patrol

Roy Romer GOVERNOR

David J. Thomas EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

> Colorado State Patrol

Colorado Bureau of Investigation

Colorado Law Enforcement Training Academy

Division of Criminal Justice

Division of Disaster Emergency Services

> Division of Fire Safety

Colorado Safety Institute

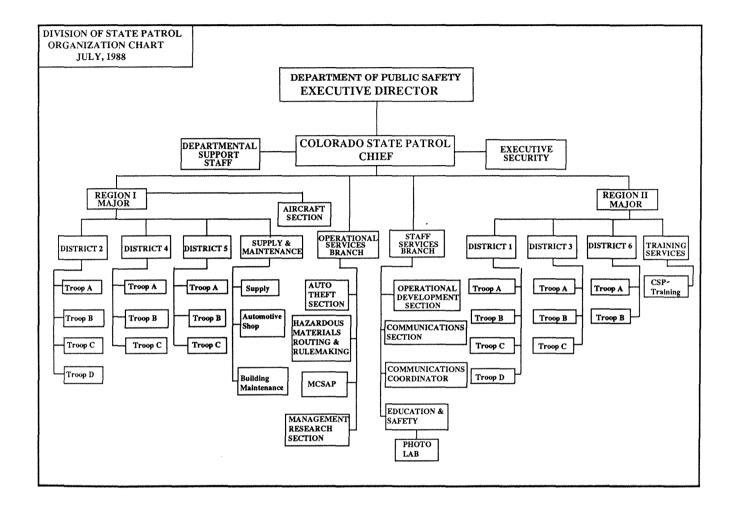


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ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE



The Colorado State Patrol is a division of the Department of Public Safety, which was created in 1984. Before that time, the Patrol was a division of the Department of Highways. The executive head, Colonel John Dempsey, was appointed to the office of Chief of the Colorado State Patrol in 1983. David J. Thomas was appointed Executive Director of the Department of Public Safety in 1987.

The Patrol divides the state into two regions; each region is commanded by a major, and each region contains three districts. The other sections of the Patrol consist of Hazardous Materials Section, Motor Carrier Safety, Auto Theft, Criminal Interdiction, and Safety Education. Sections dealing with the internal functions of the Patrol include Supply and Maintenance, Communications, Management Research, and Operational Development, and are under the command of a captain. The division consists of 750 FTE's.

RESULTS MANAGEMENT

Since 1979, the Colorado State Patrol has operated under a Management by Objectives program. All levels of the Patrol are involved in the process, with top managers setting broad goals for the organization, middle managers developing the criteria, and first line supervisors working directly with their subordinates to set and achieve objectives at the troop level, based on available resources. In fiscal year 1988-1989, the Patrol was successful in achieving its objective on the majority of the items.

COLORADO STATE PATROL MEASUREMENT CRITERIA, OBJECTIVES AND RESULTS FY 1986-87 TO FY 1988-89

	MEASUREMENT		FISC	CAL YEAR	
PATROL GOA	L CRITERIA	-	1986-87	1987-88	1988-89
To reduce motor vehicle injuries and the personal and economic loss thereof	 Number of patrol investigated injury and fatal motor vehicle accidents (excluding accidents on private property) 	OBJECTIVE RESULTS	10,338 9,672	10,391 8,871	9,044 8,629
	 Number of patrol-investigated alcohol-caused motor vehicle accidents (excluding accidents on private property) 	OBJECTIVE RESULTS	2,660 2,218	2,462 1,960	2,041 1,926
	 Percent of vehicles inspected when drivers' licenses are checked 	OBJECTIVE RESULTS	22.3% 29.4%	26.2% 32.1%	30.1% 35.1%
	Number of cursory truck inspections	OBJECTIVE RESULTS	NA NA	18,032 16,604	11,884 12,604
To assist in the efficient flow of traffic	 Number of motorists assists per 100 hours of trooper patrolling time 	OBJECTIVE RESULTS	31.6 30.4	30.3 30.8	30.3 30.8
To provide a secure environment	Number of auto theft recover- ies	OBJECTIVE RESULTS	631 549	603 515	624 549
	Number of hours dedicated to auto theft recovery	OBJECTIVE RESULTS	8,562 10,279	8,006 8,517	NA NA
	 Number of hours dedicated to auto theft recovery by special- ists 	OBJECTIVE RESULTS	NA NA	NA NA	5,197 7,630
	Number of hours dedicated to hazardous materials training and inspection	OBJECTIVE RESULTS	4,139 7,453	5,195 7,168	6,717 7,116
	Number of hours dedicated to livestock theft reduction	OBJECTIVE RESULTS	NA NA	NA NA	3,219 1,796

MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

The objective of the Motor Carrier Safety Assistance Program (MCSAP) is to reduce the number and severity of accidents and hazardous materials incidents involving commercial motor vehicles. This is achieved by substantially increasing the level of enforcement activity and the likelihood that safety defects, driver deficiencies, and unsafe carrier practices will be detected and corrected.

The overall goal of the program is to increase the number of inspections performed, therefore reducing the number of accidents. This has been very successful since the MCSAP section was established on July 1. 1985. The number of inspections performed have increased steadily, and the State of Colorado has seen a downward trend in both the severity and number of accidents involving commercial vehicles. Commercial vehicle accidents decreased from 4,132 in 1984 to 3,075 in 1988.

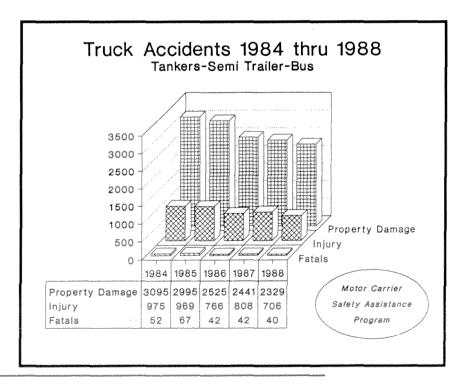
The Motor Carrier Safety Assistance Program Section of the Colorado State Patrol consists of one lieutenant, two sergeants, fourteen troopers, a management analyst, a senior secretary and a data entry operator. The fourteen troopers are divided into two man teams with each team having a van. These vans are customized with equipment and tools neccessary to conduct the in-depth inspections.

Public Safety Education

The MCSAP personnel are involved in a wide variety of safety related activities. A total of 102 presentations were conducted last fiscal year with 1,739 persons attending. These presentations are usually conducted at the request of motor carriers and cover the rules and regulations pertaining to carriers operating within the State of Colorado.

In- Depth Training

Troopers involved in the program have received indepth training in performing safety reviews. A safety review consists of visiting a commercial carrier's place of business to determine if the carrier is complying with the federal rules and regulations and maintaining the records as required. The safety review process is a cooperative effort between the Federal Highway Administration and the Patrol. After a safety review is conducted. the carrier is assigned a safety rating by the Federal Highway Administration.

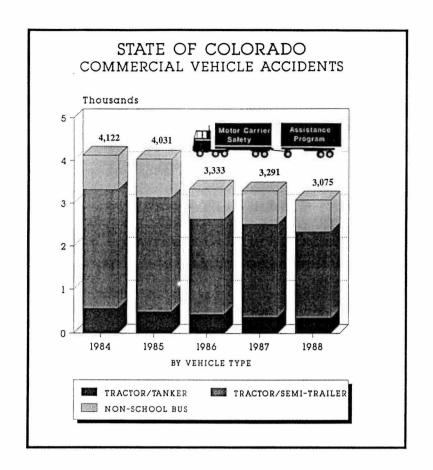


Effectiveness Measured

The Motor Carrier Safety Assistance Program Section participated in a nationwide random sampling inspection project during the last fiscal year. The purpose of these random sampling projects is to measure how many vehicles are operating with out-of-service defects. The completion of random samples on a regular basis could serve as a meaningful measure of program effectiveness. It is expected that the condition of vehicle maintenance will improve as more audits and inspections are performed through MCSAP.

Inspectors Aid in Determining Accident Causation

The inspectors are actively involved in assisting field personnel with accidents involving commercial vehicles. The inspectors' expertise relating to commercial vehicles has proven to be invaluable in the determination of accident causation. Although difficult to list specific criteria for determining if the inspectors can assist the field investigator. the accident will generally involve injuries, fatalities, excessive damage and/or an indication the accident may have been caused due to defective equipment or driver non-qualification.



Technology Contributes to National Safety Network

The personnel involved in MCSAP are participating in a federal pilot project with the use of lap top computers. A total of six computers were purchased with federal funds and are being utilized for entering inspection reports directly into the computer. The inspection information is then uploaded into a central computer at MCSAP Headquarters where it is processed and uploaded to the Federal Highway Administration's mainframe computer. This information is being collected nationwide and provides a valuable insight into a carrier's overall performance. The lap top computers have been very well received and are proving to be an effective enforcement tool.

The handout pamphlet titled "North American Driver/Vehicle Inspection Criteria" was updated and reprinted. This pamphlet is a fast reference for many commercial vehicle questions that are frequently asked. In addition to containing the out-of-service criteria used nationally, it contains hazardous material information and size and weight limitations for the State of Colorado.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RESPONSE TEAM

The field of hazardous materials response has become increasingly complex over the past few years. Because of this, fiscal year 88-89 was a transition year for the Colorado State Patrol and its hazardous materials program. During the FY 88-89, approximately 7,116 hours were dedicated to hazardous materials enforcement and response. The Patrol responded to approximately 70 incidents, of which the majority were highway transportation related. The hazardous materials specialists were also called in to assist on approximately 10 fixed site and private property incidents.

On March 6, 1989 the Federal government adopted and enacted CFR

29,1910.120. These regulations deal with hazardous materials reponse and training requirements for hazardous materials responders. It is now mandatory for responders to have different levels of training, depending on the expectation of their department. These levels are: Awareness, Operations, Technician, Specialist, and Incident Commander. These regulations also mandate that a responder to a hazardous material incident must have at least Awareness level training.

Because of these mandates, the Colorado State
Patrol began moving toward
full-time hazardous materials
response and enforcment
personnel. The long range
goal was to have a State

Patrol full-time hazardous materials response and enforcement unit implemented by fiscal year 89-90. During fiscal year 88-89 the Patrol maintained its part-time specialists in the field and began the long process of researching equipment and personnel needs for a full-time team.

With the increased diversity of hazardous materials being transported on the highways of Colorado and the recently enacted routing requirements, it became important that the Patrol broaden its response and enforcement efforts. Safety for the citizens of Colorado and motorists using the highways of this state is still the primary goal of the Patrol.

AUTO THEFT UNIT

Each annual report has begun to sound like a broken record. What new can be said about auto theft besides being a major economic problem in Colorado? In 1987, there were 14,463 vehicles reported stolen in Colorado. In 1988 the number of stolen vehicles

dropped to 13,859, a decrease of 4%. Even with the decrease in thefts, there is a motor vehicle theft every 38 minutes. Motor vehicle theft is still the number one property value crime in both Colorado and the United States. In Colorado alone, the figure for 1988 was

\$56,791,760.

Currently, the Auto Theft Section consists of a lieutenant, a sergeant, 9 investigators, and a staff assistant. This section handles a myriad of duties including auto theft investigation, certified vehicle indentification number verifications, affixing assigned vehicle identification numbers, instructing auto theft and criminal interdiction classes, and coordinating the criminal interdiction program.

There is an increase in the number of major cases

investigated and successfully prosecuted by the Auto Theft Section. These theft cases include motorcycle theft rings, truck, tractortrailer, construction equipment, and mail fraud cases concerning Colorado vehicle title fraud.

Criminal Interdiction
With each passing day
more troopers are being
trained in the procedures of
criminal interdiction.

During the 88-89 fiscal year, 207 criminal interdiction cases were filed by troopers of the State Patrol.

SUPPLY AND MAINTENANCE

The Supply and Maintenance Branch provides procurement and supply services for the entire Department of Public Safety. and is commanded by a lieutenant. The Supply staff consists of a sergeant, four storeroom employees, two full-time and one half-time clerical support member. Average monthly volume through the storeroom exceeds \$30,000. Over 50 purchase requisitions and 160 agency purchase orders are issued each month to support the Department.

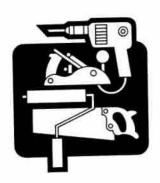
The Automotive Section is responsible for maintaining the fleet and preparing new vehicles for issue to the field. In addition to the senior auto shop foreman, the garage staff consists of six mechanics and one automaintenance worker. The garage is capable of performing every necessary repair function except auto

body, painting, and glass. An in-house Auto Parts Section stocks over 1600 different line-item parts.

The Construction Maintenance Section provides maintenance support to Patrol offices throughout the state. The three employees involved are capable of performing in every required construction trade category.

During Fiscal Year 88-89, the Supply and Maintenance Branch obtained a personal computer and automated the many previously hand tabulated reports and records. This provides a faster, more accurate means of data recovery and has enhanced the fleet management process by providing more information than is currently on line from the Patrol's MIS system.

Fleet management is becoming increasingly complex. The Patrol's fleet comprises 452 vehicles,



which are disbursed statewide. Each vehicle is outfitted with an array of equipment that must also be accounted for. A vehicle tracking system is being implemented via computer that will provide a level of accountability that has not been available in the past. This system also provides valuable vehicle projection needs.

The fixed asset tracking system used in fleet management can be easily expanded to include all of the Patrol's fixed assets. The Supply and Maintenance Branch is responsible for procurement of material and, by policy, is charged with maintaining the Patrol's fixed asset inventory.

COMMUNICATIONS

At the heart of our successful Patrol operation are seventeen Communication Centers that are staffed with 137 communications officers and supervisors. The Centers are located throughout the State in areas where the officers and the public can best be served. The primary function is one of service. Service by a communication officer comes in many forms. A normal shift could include dispatching accident information to officers; calling wreckers or ambulances: directing the activities of a high speed chase or a hazardous material spill: trying to locate lost or separated parties, and providing communication during a natural disaster.

Communications officers are proficient in handling distress calls, citizen com-

plaints, giving road and weather information - along with giving life-saving instruction by phone.

Closely tied to the Communications Centers is the Communications Coordination Section. The communictions coordinator is responsible for all technical planning and equipment replacement in the telecommunications infrastructure. An extensive replacement and frequency redistricting program started in 1982 has replaced most of the equipment from the mountain tops to the cars. Radio coverage has improved drastically and new telephone systems have added to the communications officers' efficiency. Due to the nature of electronic equipment, the system that was installed in District Four in 1982 is now obsolete and plans are under way to start a phase II replacement program. The entire replacement program that has just been completed was a \$3.28 million project.

The goal of the Communications Coordination Section is safety to the officers and the public by the use of the most modern technology available. By working closely with the Department of Administration, Division of Communications: and with the dedication of the Communications Coordination Section and the communications officers, the Colorado State Patrol has a telecommunications network that is second to none in Colorado state government and is constantly changing for the better. We look forward to the challenges of the future.

AIRCRAFT

The Aircraft Section conducts aerial law enforcement and emergency response functions in addition to the operation and administration of the State Aircraft Pool.

Five aircraft are presently included in the Aircraft Pool. Four of these are stationed in Denver and consist of a

Beechcraft King Air, Beechcraft Baron, and two Cessna Skylanes. A third Cessna is stationed in Grand Junction and provides aerial support for Western Colorado.

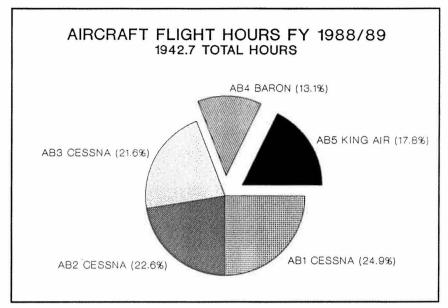
The Aircraft Pool provides 24 hour transportation service for all state governmental agencies on a reser-

vation or emergency basis. During this fiscal year, 908 passengers utilized this service, traveling approximately 120,000 miles. This is a key resource for conducting state business since 81% of Colorado's rural cites do not have commercial airline service.

During this fiscal year,

aerial traffic enforcement and highway patrolling resulted in the issuance of 4,144 citations. While the majority of these citations were for speeding offenses, 570 were issued for various violations ranging from driving under the influence to eluding police officers, and four percent of the violations involved commercial vehicles.

The Aircraft Section frequently responds to requests for assistance from local law enforcement agencies, other divisions of state government, emergency medical facilities, and the general public. These assistance missions include surveillance and photography, motor vehicle chases, searches for missing persons, prison escapees or criminal suspects as well as observation and communication support for civil demon-



strations, special events and natural disasters. Life saving transportation of urgently needed medical supplies such as serum, blood, organs, or special equipment is provided whenever possible.

Fiscal year 1988/1989 completes 24 years of accident and injury free flight operations for the State Patrol since implementation of aircraft usage by the agency. In over two decades, a total of 30,240 accident free flight hours have been recorded, an equivalent of approximately 5,320,000 miles or over 212 times around the globe.

The utilization of aircraft continues to play a key role in support of the State Patrol's law enforcement and emergency service mission.

EXECUTIVE SECURITY UNIT

The primary responsibility of the Executive Security Unit is to provide security for the Governor and his family, and legislative branch of government in Colorado. This unit consists of thirteen troopers, one lieutenant and one secretary.

Of the thirteen troopers,

four troopers directly assist the governor and his wife with daily activities and transportation. Seven troopers work at the mansion and also act on a rotating basis to help with Capitol functions.

The Security Unit also provides officers for various

hearings upon request, and two hand held metal detectors (wands) are available for security measures.

The Legislature recently purchased an x-ray machine for use of the Security Unit in checking packages, suspicious letters, and briefcases that are found

abandoned. Two troopers are permanently assigned at the State Capitol to provide security for members of the house and senate and their

staff.

In addition to these normal assignments, the Security Unit has assisted in providing transportation and security for over 30 dignitary visits from visiting governors and other VIP's during the fiscal year.

EDUCATION AND SAFETY

Along with continuing to promote the use of seatbelts and other passenger restraints, the Education and Safety Unit monitors and promotes the Operation REDDI program. REDDI is an acronym for 'Report Every Drunk Driver Immediately'.

This highly effective program has had an excellent success rate in the total number of citizen calls vs. the total number of contacts which resulted in DUI arrests. The chart on this page gives an overview of the total number of contacts

made from those calls and the number of DUI arrests resulting from those contacts. Often a number of calls will be made by different citizens on the same

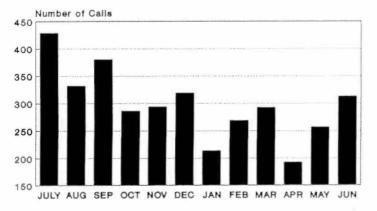
DUI. These figures represent only the CSP and those agencies who report their Operation REDDI results to the State Patrol.

REDDI REPORTS - FY 1988-89				
	CALLS	CONTACTS	ARRESTS	
JULY	429	89	44	
AUGUST	332	67	34	
SEPTEMBER	380	76	38	
OCTOBER	286	57	26	
NOVEMBER	294	57	26	
DECEMBER	319	67	34	
JANUARY	214	37	16	
FEBRUARY	269	50	31	
MARCH	293	56	23	
APRIL	193	42	23	
MAY	257	55	26	
JUNE	313	58	22	
FISCAL YEAR TOTAL	3,579	711	343	
PROGRAM TOTAL	48,573	9,206	5,199	





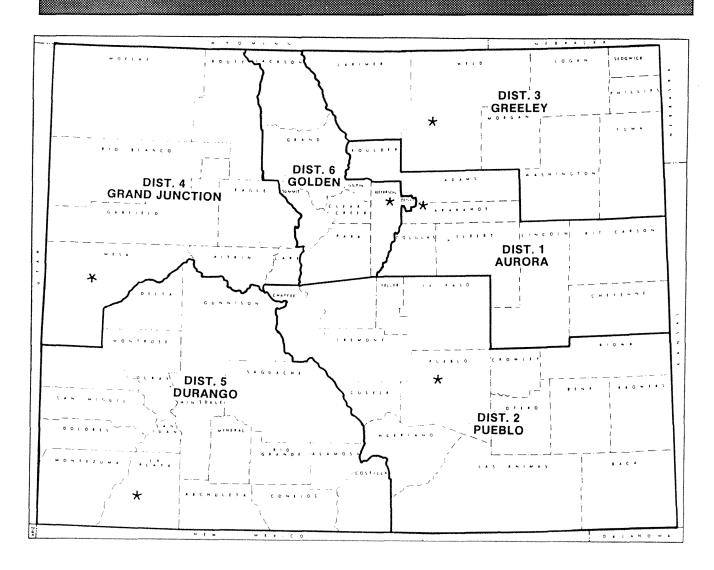
REDDI REPORTS



The number of citizens responding to this program indicates the need to remove these potential killers from our highways.

Operation REDDI works if the citizen does. Hence the slogan, "Take the time to drop a dime on a drunk, call Operation REDDI, Report Every Drunk Driver Immediately."

STATE



The State Patrol divides Colorado into six districts. Each of the districts is geographically unique, bringing different challenges to each.

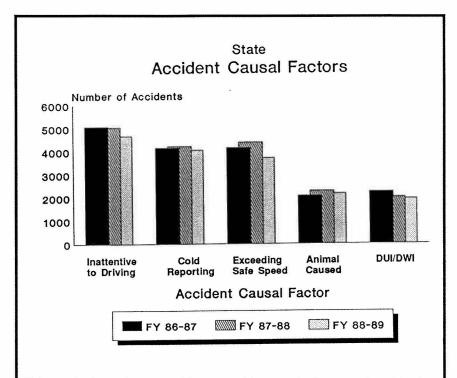
Colorado's eastern plains are primarily small farming communities. This region is faced with weather related problems of snow and wind in winter and the accompanying need for the assistance of the Patrol in aiding stranded motorists. The front range is densely populated and has the challenges of heavier traffic associated with the metropolitan areas. The mountainous areas and rugged terrain of the western slope brings difficulties related to winter sports and

Statistical Profile				
CSP Covered Fatalities 1988 1987	350 408			
Total Accidents	27,163			
Vehicle Miles Traveled * (in millions of miles)	102,989			
Accidents per 100,000 Vehicle Miles Traveled	3.79			
Number of Registered Vehicles	2,817,857			

the influx of visitors to the state.

Each district summary features a brief statistical profile. Registered vehicle statistics are from the Department of Revenue. The number of vehicle miles traveled are reported in million miles, and the statistics are compiled by the Highway Department. One million vehicle miles traveled is equivalent to one vehicle traveling one million miles or one thousand vehicles traveling one thousand miles each. Accidents reported are those that were investigated by the Colorado State Patrol and include fatal, injury, and property damage accidents. The accident rate is given for number of accidents per 100.000 vehicle miles traveled.

The accident causal factor graph depicts the top five circumstances contributing to accidents. These



This graph shows the top accident causal factors, the factor assigned by the officer as being the primary cause of the accident, even though other factors may be involved. Cold reporting are accidents which are reported after the fact. The person(s) involved file a counter report at a later time.

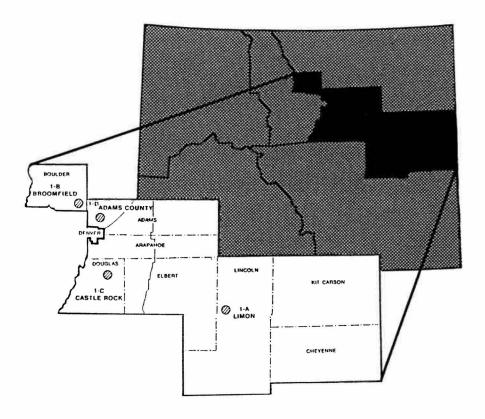
causal factors are determined by the investigating officers as the primary cause of the accident.

The chart below is a focus on alcohol related accidents and arrests. By arresting more intoxicated

drivers before they become involved in accidents, a safer environment is created for all Colorado citizens.

State				
	FY 86-87	FY 87-88	FY 88-89	Percent Change From FY 86-87
Alcohol Related Accidents				
Fatal	76	78	64	-16%
Injury	1344	1164	1167	-13%
Property Damage	805	750	695	-14%
Total Alcohol Related Accidents	2225	1992	1926	-13%
Non-Accident DUI Arrests	4357	4644	5015	15%
DUI Arrests / DUI Accidents	1.96	2.33	2.6	

DISTRICT ONE



District One spans 11,998 square miles in eight central and eastern Colorado counties. This area ranges from small farming communities on the eastern plains, to the heavily populated Denver metro area, to mountain communities. The population of the district is over 750,000 people. District One troopers are responsible for coverage of over 13,000 miles of state and county roads. This includes approximately 175

miles of Interstate-70, the major east/west highway in Colorado, and numerous miles of Interstate-25, all of which are located within the heavily populated front range area.

The district is divided into four troops with offices located in Limon, Broomfield, Castle Rock and Adams County. There are a total of 114 employees in District One. The Limon troop includes a radio communication center which also

Statistical Pro	file
Total Accidents	7,574
Vehicle Miles Traveled * (in millions of miles)	29,009
Accidents per 100,000 Vehicle Miles Traveled	3.83
Number of Registered Vehicles * Explanation on page 1	897,542 3
* Explanation on page 1	3

provides communications support for the local police, sheriff, and fire departments as well as ambulance services. The Headquarters Communications Section provides communication to the troopers in the Denver metro area.

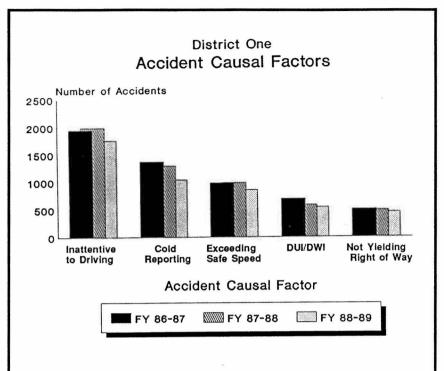
The district was able to meet its high priority objective for 1988-89, even with a reduction in manpower. The district reduced the number of fatal accidents by 39%, injury accidents by 17%, and alcohol related accidents by 21%, while increasing non-accident DUI arrests by 31%.

Some of the highlights during the past year are:

Troop 1-A, Limon, keeps busy each year with the harvest and tourist traffic in the summer and the weather related problems during the

winter. When the wind blows on the eastern plains, Troop 1-A braces itself for the worst and assists the motoring public to safety.

Troop 1-B, Broomfield are the pros at handling "Special Events" on the highways. The recreational activities in the troop and the events at the University of Colorado in Boulder generate the highest number of special events in the state. During May, 1989, the troop was the focal point of a major school bus accident in a mountain canyon which gained national attention. The investigation was a massive team effort requiring 579 man hours to complete.



This graph shows the top accident causal factors, the factor assigned by the officer as being the primary cause of the accident, even though other factors may be involved. Cold reporting are accidents which are reported after the fact. The person(s) involved file a counter report at a later time.

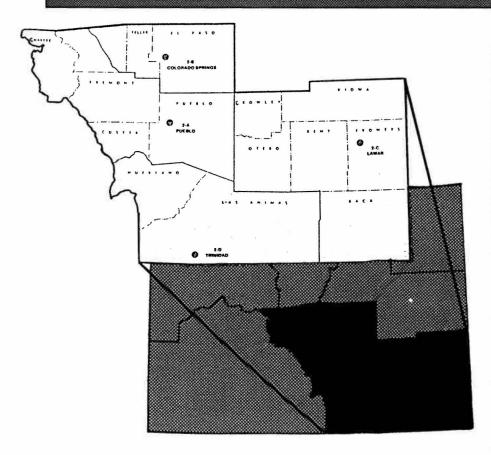
Valor Award Earned

Adams County Troop 1-D's Trooper Frits Boss was awarded the Valor Award, the highest award bestowed by the State Patrol. Trooper Boss earned the award when he arrested a felon

who was committing an armed robbery and using a weapon to effect his escape. Trooper Boss disarmed the subject and saved citizens from certain injury.

District One				
	FY 86-87	FY 87-88	FY 88-89	Percent Change From FY 86-87
Alcohol Related Accidents				
Fatal	18	23	11	-39%
Injury	421	355	349	-17%
Property Damage	239	198	175	-27%
Total Alcohol Related Accidents	678	576	535	-21%
Non-Accident DUI Arrests	1175	1301	1536	31%
DUI Arrests / DUI Accidents	1.73	2.25	2.87	

DISTRICT TWO



District Two encompasses the southeastern corner of Colorado and is made up of 14 1/2 counties covering a total of 25,741 square miles. There are nearly 6,000 miles of State Highways within the district, plus many miles of country roads. The population in this area is over 565,000.

Two main highways cross District Two. Interstate 25 is the major north/south highway and the entry

point at the New Mexico/ Colorado border rates as the highest volume location within the state. Colorado 50 is the east/west system carrying traffic through the District from Kansas to Utah.

Troop offices are located in Pueblo, Colorado Springs, Lamar, and Trinidad. Each troop has a communications center to handle the radio communications within the District. The Pueblo Troop has a second communica-

Statistical Profile				
Total Accidents	4,439			
Vehicle Miles Traveled * (in millions of miles)	19,010			
Accidents per 100,000 Vehicle Miles Traveled	4.28			
Number of Registered Vehicles * Explanation on page	641,146 13			

tions center in Canon City. There are a total of 118 employees in District Two.

The geography of District Two ranges from high mountain passes to the plains of southeastern Colorado, from major metropolitan areas to areas of sparse population and small rural communities.

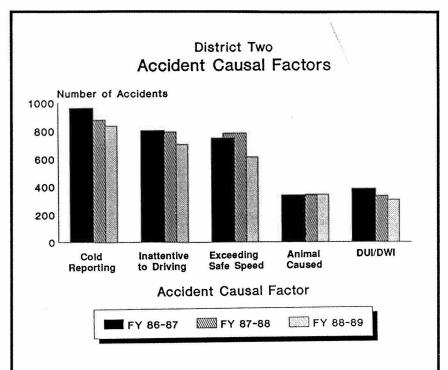
At the end of summer, the Colorado State Fair is held in Pueblo and the Patrol is responsible for law enforcement on the State Fairgrounds. The 1988 State Fair attracted a record of 642,932 visitors.

A District Two, Special Emergency Response Team (S.E.R.T. II), responded to the Arkansas Correctional Facility in Ordway on January ninth and twelfth, 1989, in anticipation of problems

due to inmate unrest. In March of 1989, S.E.R.T. II, at the request of the Department of Wildlife, responded to the San Luis Valley in a back-up role during a major illegal wildlife poaching operation.

District Two was very successful in the Results Management Program in the 88-89 fiscal year. The number of injury and fatal accidents reached a fiveyear low. The same is true with alcohol caused accidents. The reduction in the alcohol caused accidents can be attributed, in part, to the 884 DUI arrests made by the troopers in District Two. The first experience working with the DUI Overtime Enforcement Plan was also a success.

In the 88-89 fiscal year, an experimental program was conducted in District Two, where Troopers trained in criminal interdiction



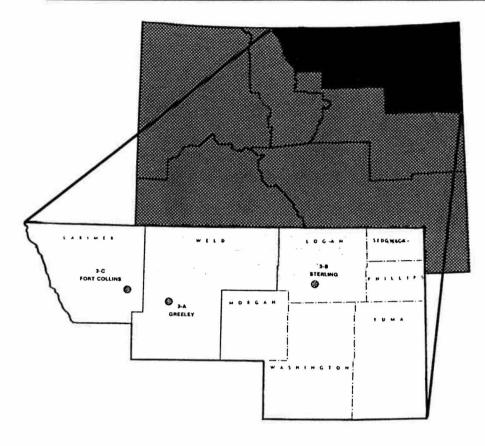
This graph shows the top accident causal factors, the factor assigned by the officer as being the primary cause of the accident, even though other factors may be involved. Cold reporting are accidents which are reported after the fact. The person(s) involved file a counter report at a later time.

worked on I-25 in the Walsenburg area. Teams of four troopers worked the Interstate in an effort to improve awareness of criminal interdiction methods and to exchange information among those working the team effort. Though no

large scale criminal interdiction cases were made during this time, a number of arrests for various violations were made and small amounts of contraband were recovered.

District Two				
	FY 86-87	FY 87-88	FY 88-89	Percent Change From FY 86-87
Alcohol Related Accidents				
Fatal	11	14	8	-27%
Injury	231	197	189	-18%
Property Damage	150	120	105	-30%
Total Alcohol Related Accidents	392	331	302	-23%
Non-Accident DUI Arrests	955	962	884	-7%
DUI Arrests / DUI Accidents	2.50	2.25	2.87	

DISTRICT THREE



District Three stretches from the snow covered Colorado mountains on the west to the rolling grasslands of Kansas on the east. Wyoming and Nebraska sit to the north while the Denver metro area is on the southern boundary. Larimer County, which makes up Troop C, contains most of Rocky Mountain National Park and Trail Ridge Road. which tops out at 12.183 feet above sea level. At the east end of the District. Interstate-76 leaves the state near

Julesburg in Troop B, at an elevation of 3,477 feet. Weld County, Troop A, is Colorado's most productive agricultural county and the third largest county in Colorado. The District has a population in excess of 378,400. The communications center in Sterling dispatches the six counties of Troop B. The communications center in Greelev handles both Troops A and C. The District has a total of 89 employees.

For the fiscal year, Dis-

Statistical Pro	file
Total Accidents	3,556
Vehicle Miles Traveled * (in millions of miles)	18,408
Accidents per 100,000 Vehicle Miles Traveled	5.18
Number of Registered Vehicles * Explanation on page	897,542 13

trict Three has a 9% overall reduction in accidents. Alcohol caused accidents dropped 5.5% while overall DUI arrests increased by 4%. The first DUI Overtime Grant contributed to the total 974 DUI arrests within the District.

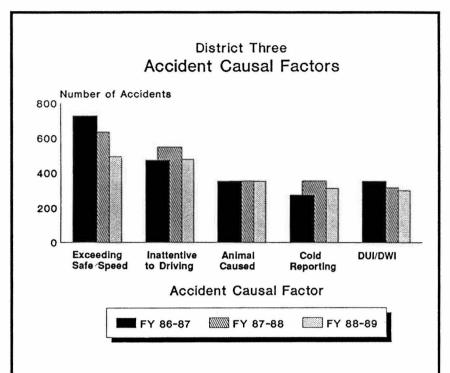
Communication officer Linda Hunter received training from the National Highway Traffic Association to become a national instructor of Occupant Protection Usage and Enforcement. She is one of only two civilian state employees to be recognized nationally.

Trooper Richard Cole was given a national award from the American Red Cross for his lifesaving actions. Trooper Cole stopped a violator and found a passenger in the vehicle bleeding severly. He applied the necessary first aid,

thereby saving the victim's life.

Trooper Claude Edens received an award from the Weld County Chapter of the American Red Cross for his lifesaving actions. When he responded to an accident where the vehicle was on its side, he found the unconscious driver lying on top of the passenger. Trooper Edens immobilized the passenger which prevented further spinal injury and applied first aid to the driver which prevented serious bleeding.

Highlights from Troop B, Sterling, include: troopers teamed up with the Burlington Northern Railroad in the Trooper-On-A-Train Program to detect drivers who ignore railroad crossing laws. During the month of January, 1989, four major hazardous materials spills were successfully mitigated in the Fort Morgan area. In May, troopers in a combined drug operation with the Morgan County Sheriff's



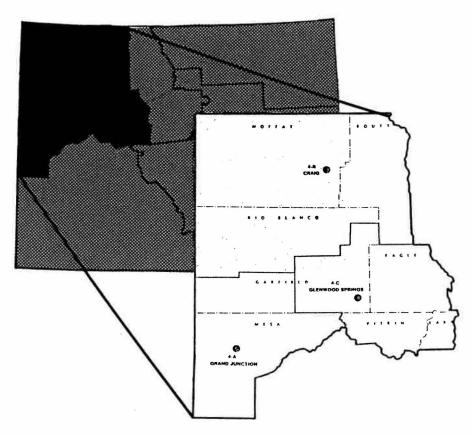
This graph shows the top accident causal factors, the factor assigned by the officer as being the primary cause of the accident, even though other factors may be involved. Cold reporting are accidents which are reported after the fact. The person(s) involved file a counter report at a later time.

Office and Fort Morgan Police Department, arrested 17 people and confiscated two houses and five vehicles.

Two county roads, County Road 38E and County Road 19, west of Fort Collins, produced more DUI related injury and fatal accidents than any other roads in Larimer County in fiscal year 87-88. The troop targeted these roads for DUI enforcement and DUI overtime hours. With diligent efforts, alcohol arrests doubled for 1988-89, and DUI is no longer a primary accident causal factor.

District Three				
	FY 86-87	FY 87-88	FY 88-89	Percent Change From FY 86-87
Alcohol Related Accidents				
Fatal	19	11	13	-32%
Injury	225	203	194	-14%
Property Damage	109	102	92	-16%
Total Alcohol Related Accidents	353	316	299	-15%
Non-Accident DUI Arrests	533	613	649	22%
DUI Arrests / DUI Accidents	1.51	1.94	2.17	

DISTRICT FOUR



District Four encompasses the northwestern corner of Colorado. It is bordered by Utah and Wyoming and is made up of eight counties covering a total of 19,863 square miles In addition to a multitude of county and back country jeeping roads, there are nearly 926 miles of state highways. With the influx of seasonal residents, the area population varies throughout

the year and is nearing 200,000. One hundred ninety miles of Interstate-70, a major east/west interstate highway, is located in this district. U.S. 50, a major east/west system, carries traffic into Utah through Grand Junction, Colorado 13, a major north/south corridor, extends from the Wyoming state line to Interstate -70 near Rifle.

District Four is divided

Statistical Pro	file	
Total Accidents	3,502	
Vehicle Miles Traveled * (in millions of miles)	11,386	
Accidents per 100,000 Vehicle Miles Traveled	3.25	
Number of Registered Vehicles	225,855	
* Explanation on page 13		

into three troops. Troop offices are located in Grand Junction, Craig, and Glenwood Springs with subtroop offices located in Steamboat Springs and Eagle. The District has a total of 81 employees.

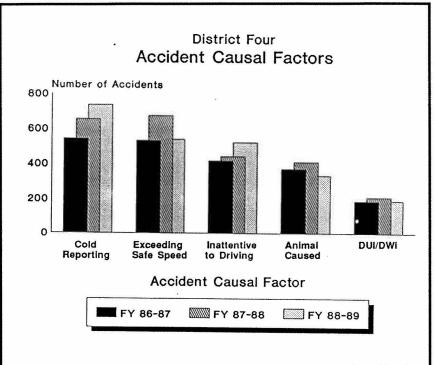
Elevations in District Four range from 4,586 feet in Grand Junction to 12,095 feet at the top of Independence Pass. World famous ski resorts and wilderness areas, and sparsely populated rural farming, ranching and mining communities offer a diverse range of lifestyles. Thousands of tourists are attracted to this mountainous wonderland each year.

Troopers in District Four successfully removed a total of 884 drunk drivers from its highways during fiscal year

88-89 resulting in a lower number of alcohol related accidents. Much of this success can be attributed to the new DUI Enforcement Program allowing overtime for officers to focus on the DUI problem.



In January, Vail hosted the 1989 World Alpine Ski Championships. The Patrol was provided with additional funding by the legislature to utilize 50 troopers and communications officers from throughout Colorado to



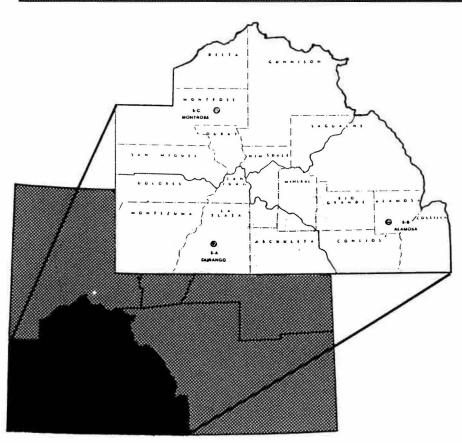
This graph shows the top accident causal factors, the factor assigned by the officer as being the primary cause of the accident, even though other factors may be involved. Cold reporting are accidents which are reported after the fact. The person(s) involved file a counter report at a later time.

work with local law enforcement to provide security for the world-wide televised event.

Troopers assigned to District Four are frequently called upon to assist other agencies; respond to emergency situations; perform their duties during inclement weather; and fulfill their mission effectively, efficiently, and professionally in their efforts to make Colorado's highways safer.

District Four					
	FY 86-87	FY 87-88	FY 88-89	Percent Change From FY 86-87	
Alcohol Related Accidents					
Fatal	9	10	8	-11%	
Injury	105	101	85	-19%	
Property Damage	73	99	95	30%	
Total Alcohol Related Accidents	187	210	188	1%	
Non-Accident DUI Arrests	540	510	701	30%	
DUI Arrests / DUI Accidents	2.89	2.62	3.73		

DISTRICT FIVE



District Five consists of sixteen counties in the southwest corner of the State. There are 11 major mountain passes within the District which create a special enforcement challenge to the troopers in winter and summer. Colo. 50, Colo. 550, and Colo. 160 are the main highways which provide the influx of tourists, skiers, and hunters into this very scenic part of Colorado. District Five has no inter-

state highways within its borders and only 22 miles of divided four lane highway to patrol. The major industries are tourism, agriculture, mining, and timber.

There are 91 State Patrol employees within the District. With an average of 13.6 years of service, they have excellent long term exposure to the communities they serve. District Five personnel received 16 Official Commendations and

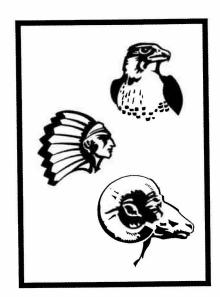
Ü	Statistical Pro	file
	Total Accidents	2,773
	Vehicle Miles Traveled * (in millions of miles)	11,073
	Accidents per 100,000 Vehicle Miles Traveled	3.99
	Number of Registered Vehicles * Explanation on page	193,538 13

54 letters of appreciation from citizens and other agencies.

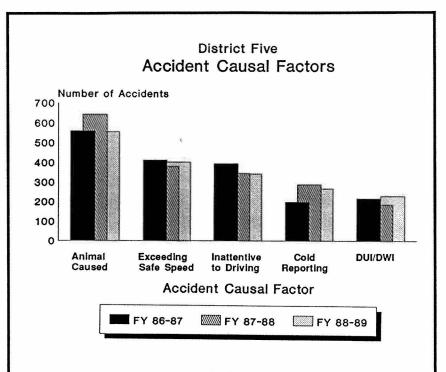
Fiscal year 1988-89 also experienced the historical event of five members celebrating 25 years of service to the State Patrol and the citizens of Colorado. They were Captain Don Moomey (Durango), Sergeant George Campbell (Alamosa), Sergeant Jack Donner (Cortez), Communications Supervisor Ron Zimmerman (Cortez), and Communications Supervisor Al Kline (Alamosa).

Troop offices are located in Durango, Alamosa, and Montrose. Additionally, there are four State Patrol Communications Centers in the District, one in each Troop office and an additional one in Cortez. Many local police, sheriffs, fire departments, and ambu-

lance services, as well as the State Patrol, are provided with communications through these centers.



The District has the only two Indian reservations in the state of Colorado within its borders. The Southern Ute Reservation is head-quartered at Ignacio and the Ute Mountain Reservation is headquartered at Towaoc. Federal and tribal law create some very complex and unusual enforcement challenges to the troopers working near these reservations.



This graph shows the top accident causal factors, the factor assigned by the officer as being the primary cause of the accident, even though other factors may be involved. Cold reporting are accidents which are reported after the fact. The person(s) involved file a counter report at a later time.

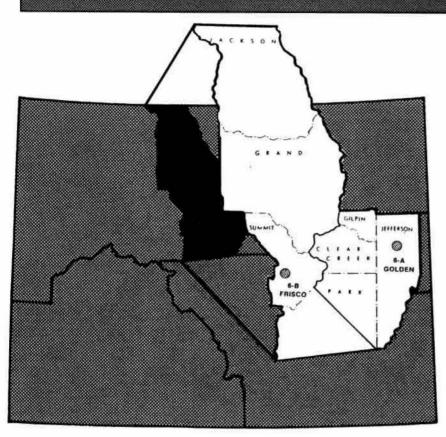
District Five has taken a very active role in the criminal interdiction field, handling 73 criminal interdiction cases with numerous arrests and seizures.

Additionally, District Five has experienced a decline in the number of people killed in fatal accidents from a six

year high of seventy-one in 1986/87 to a six year low of forty-eight in 1988/89. This is attributed to the overall mission of the State Patrol, efforts at education, and the enforcement of stricter laws governing alcohol consumption and seat belts.

District Five					
	FY 86-87	FY 87-88	FY 88-89	Percent Change From FY 86-87	
Alcohol Related Accidents	4				
Fatal	8	6	10	25%	
Injury	121	96	140	16%	
Property Damage	86	83	78	-9%	
Total Alcohol Related Accidents	215	185	228	6%	
Non-Accident DUI Arrests	686	665	522	-24%	
DUI Arrests / DUI Accidents	2.89	3.59	2.29		

DISTRICT SIX



District Six includes seven counties in north central Colorado. While District Six is geographically the smallest district, it is one of the largest in terms of population.

It is very diverse since the counties range from Jefferson, one of the largest, to Jackson, one of the most sparsely populated. It also ranges from very dense metropolitan areas to virtually uninhabited mountain areas.

Three major U.S. highways carry the majority of the traffic which passes through the district. Interstate 70 is the major east/ west arterial in the state. with the bulk of the ski traffic and summer tourist traffic utilizing this highway for access to the mountains. During this fiscal year, 6,330,643 vehicles passed through the Eisenhower/ Johnson Tunnel on Interstate 70. U.S. 285 and U.S. 40 are the primary routes of

Statistical Profile				
5,319				
14,103				
2.65				
460,843				
460,84 13				

traffic to/from Denver to access southwestern and northwestern Colorado respectively. Thus, the majority of all summer vacationers and winter ski enthusiasts visiting the Colorado Rockies pass through District Six.

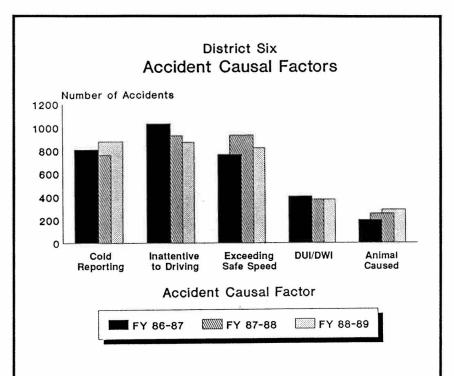
There are two troops in the district, one in Golden on the front range and one in Frisco on the western slope. Subtroop offices are located in Idaho Springs and Hot Sulphur Springs. The two troops and district office combined have 64 employees.

Even with the constantly increasing traffic and workload, the Patrol's Management by Objectives Program has enabled District Six to show a decrease

in injury and fatal accidents and an increase in arrests for driving under the influence (DUI).

Steps were taken with the cooperation of the Department of Highways to help solve the ongoing problem of runaway trucks on the steep downgrade of I-70 in Mount Vernon Canyon. Additional warning signs, lights, and a lower speed limit for heavy vehicles was put in place. Speed, equipment, and inspection enforcement was increased by troopers of 6A.





This graph shows the top accident causal factors, the factor assigned by the officer as being the primary cause of the accident, even though other factors may be involved. Cold reporting are accidents which are reported after the fact. The person(s) involved file a counter report at a later time.

Valor Award Presented

Sergeant Joe Copley, Idaho Springs, was awarded the highest award bestowed by the State Patrol, the Valor Award, for actions taken while he was in Sterling. Sergeant Copley prevented a possible tragedy when he stopped a felon in a high-speed chase by passing the pursued car and slowing his Patrol vehicle to a stop before reaching an elementary school located on a curve with children playing in the school yard.

District Six					
	FY 86-87	FY 87-88	FY 88-89	Percent Change From FY 86-87	
Alcohol Related Accidents					
Fatal	11	14	14	27%	
Injury	241	212	210	-13%	
Property Damage	148	148	150	1%	
Total Alcohol Related Accidents	400	374	374	-7%	
Non-Accident DUI Arrests	468	552	723	54%	
DUI Arrests / DUI Accidents	1.17	1.48	1.93		

ACTIVITY SUMMARIES AND ACCIDENT REPORTS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1988-89

The first four tables titled "Annual Summary," "Time Distribution," "Total Number," and "Violation Reports" are from the Activity Summary Reports. Description of these reports can be found in Appendix A.

The last table titled "Accident Summary" is from the Accident Summary Reports. Description of this report is in Appendix B.

State
July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1989

ANNUAL SUMMARY				
MILES DRIVEN MLS PER CONTACT % TIME PAT & SE ENFORCEMENT INDEX CONTACTS: VEHICLES DR LICENSE CHKD PEDESTRIANS	8743943 15 65.2 12 546793 397830 4674			
ORAL: TRAFFIC ASSISTS ALL OTHER TOTAL	207733 101779 140914 450426			

TIME DISTRIBUTION				
	HOURS	8		
GEN.ACC.REDUC.(TARG)	147174.00	18.4		
GEN.ACC.REDUC.(NON-TAI				
ALC.ACC.REDUC.(TARG)	37840.00	4.7		
ALC.ACC.REDUC.(NON-TAI	RG) 11894.50	1.4		
ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION	N 51947.81	6.4		
-1000 ACCIDENT INVEST	7533.50	0.9		
ACCIDENT REPORTING	12488.48	1.5		
COURT	22235.29	2.7		
MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY	14111.50	1.7		
CURSORY INSPECTIONS	2848.25	0.3		
HAZ MATERIALS RESPONS	E 5219.2 5	0.6		
PRISONER PROCESSING	8429.75	1.0		
OTHER PRODUCTIVE	74994.00	9.3		
TOTAL (PROD)	530730.87	65.6		
ALL OTHER	268800.23			
TOTAL	799531.10	100.0		
ROUTINE REPORTING	32348.48			

***************************************	TOTAL NUMBER
	DUI CITATIONS 6920
	SAFETY PROGRAM 1235
-	TCR 12382
-	ACC REPORT (63%) 21915
	OT HOURS 0
	COMP TIME (0%) 27677
	VEH. INSPECTED 144116
	VEH. IN VIOLATION 73522
1	% OF VEH IN VIO. 51.0
1	-1000 ACC. INV. 5669
	FELONY 0
1	MISDEMEANOR 0
ı	AUTO THEFT:
I	ASSISTS 94
1	VEH. INSPECTIONS 6895
1	BUSINESS INSP. 389
ı	

VIOLATION REPORTS				
PATROLLING	54460	35.9		
RADAR	54704	36.0		
VASCAR	17345	11.4		
AIRCRAFT	3930	2.5		
SAFETY CHECK	1652	1.0		
SUB-TOTAL	132091	87.1		
ACC CITATIONS	19545	12.8		
TOTAL	151636	100.0		
WARNING TICKETS	15604			
HVPT	109382	(72%)		
OPTIONAL FIELD 1	1135			

ACCIDENT SUMMARY						
PRIVATE PROPERTY	ACCIDENT CAUSAL FACTORS FACTORS # CIT INAT DRVNG 4665 17.2 3956 COLD REPOR 4062 15.0 28 EX SAF SPD 3713 13.7 2300 ANIMAL 2142 7.9 8 DUI/DWI 1926 7.1 7077 ALL OTHERS 1537 5.7 2130 YLD ROW 1326 4.9 1656 EX LAW SPD 1247 4.6 79032 DRV ASLEEP 939 3.5 766 REMAINDER 5606 20.6 19960 TOTAL(ACC CAUS FACT) 116913					
BREAKDOWN OF REMAINING AC FACTORS # 8 CIT FOL TO CLS 852 3.1 2213 IMP BACK 690 2.5 1034 LANE VIOL 628 2.3 1475 IMP L TURN 622 2.3 853 DEFECT VEH 619 2.3 1655 WRNG SD RD 597 2.2 897 IMP PASSNG 358 1.3 2171 O IMP TURN 269 1.0 1244	FACTORS # % CIT O TRAF DEV 239 .9 2596 STOP SIGN 236 .9 2212 PARK VIOL 196 .7 418 PED VIOL 102 .4 67					

District 1 July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1989

ANNUAL SUMMARY				
MLS PI % TIMI ENFORG CONTAG VEHIC DR L		1784325 13 62.7 9 136975 97896 1423		
ORAL:	TRAFFIC ASSISTS ALL OTHER TOTAL	55515 26050 36849 118414		

TIME DISTRIBUTION				
	HOURS	&		
GEN.ACC.REDUC.(TARG)	37614.50	20.0		
GEN.ACC.REDUC. (NON-TARG)	25234.75	13.4		
ALC.ACC.REDUC.(TARG)	8825.50	4.7		
ALC.ACC.REDUC. (NON-TARG)	3539.50	1.8		
ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION	12740.75	6.7		
-1000 ACCIDENT INVEST.	2002.75	1.0		
ACCIDENT REPORTING	3023.75	1.6		
COURT	4759.99	2.5		
MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY	7.00	0.0		
CURSORY INSPECTIONS	561.50	0.2		
HAZ MATERIALS RESPONSE	419.00	0.2		
PRISONER PROCESSING	2953.75	1.5		
OTHER PRODUCTIVE	18576.25	9.8		
TOTAL (PROD)	120258.99	63.4		
ALL OTHER	67420.50	35.9		
TOTAL	187679.49	100.0		
ROUTINE REPORTING	8996.50			

TOTAL NUMBER			
DUI CITATIONS	1994		
SAFETY PROGRAM	173		
TCR	2544		
ACC REPORT (69%)	6139		
OT HOURS	0		
COMP TIME (0%)	8847		
VEH. INSPECTED	34471		
VEH. IN VIOLATION	16706		
% OF VEH IN VIO.	48.4		
-1000 ACC. INV.	1888		
FELONY	0		
MISDEMEANOR	0		
AUTO THEFT:			
ASSISTS	7		
VEH. INSPECTIONS	2317		
BUSINESS INSP.	67		

VIOLATION REPORTS				
PATROLLING		18909	47.8	
RADAR		9196	23.2	
VASCAR		4320	10.9	
AIRCRAFT		624	1.5	
SAFETY CHECK		494	1.2	
SUB-TOTAL		33543	84.9	
ACC CITATIONS		5964	15.0	
TOTAL		39507	100.0	
WARNING TICKETS		3828		
HVPT		26406	(66%)	
OPTIONAL FIELD 1	394		. ,	

ACCIDENT SUMMARY					
	ACCIDEN	T CAUSAL FA	CTORS		
PRIVATE PROPERTY 556 ANIMAL	FACTORS INAT DRVNG COLD REPOR EX SAF SPD DUI/DWI YLD ROW ALL OTHERS EX LAW SPD FOL TO CLS IMP L TURN REMAINDER TOTAL(ACC C.	852 11.2 535 7.1 448 5.9 341 4.5 322 4.3 307 4.1 274 3.6 1704 22.5	1835 19 531 2121 585 508 17324 1107 393 6130		
BREAKDOWN OF REMAINING A	CCIDENT CAUSAL	FACTORS			
FACTORS # % CIT ANIMAL 274 3.6 3 IMP BACK 264 3.5 482 LANE VIOL 220 2.9 490 DRV ASLEEP 178 2.4 133 DEFECT VEH 133 1.8 500 WRNG SD RD 122 1.6 198 O TRAF DEV 114 1.5 1306 IMP PASSNG 89 1.2 466	FACTORS O IMP TURN PARK VIOL STOP SIGN PED VIOL SPILL LOAD SIG VIOL IMP LIGHT IMP LOAD	69 .9 68 .9 38 .5 21 .3 17 .2	583 101 760 23 2 356 689		

District 2 July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1989

ANNUAL SUMMARY				
MILES DRIVEN MLS PER CONTACT % TIME PAT & SE ENFORCEMENT INDEX CONTACTS: VEHICLES DR LICENSE CHKD . PEDESTRIANS	1838375 16 69.8 14 108388 77747 1096			
ORAL: TRAFFIC ASSISTS ALL OTHER TOTAL	31873 21124 33236 86233			

TOTAL NUMBE	R	,
DUI CITATIONS	1187	
SAFETY PROGRAM	144	
TCR	2509	
ACC REPORT (71%)	3412	
OT HOURS	0	
COMP TIME (0%)	3108	
VEH. INSPECTED		
VEH. IN VIOLATION	12657	
% OF VEH IN VIO.	48.5	
-1000 ACC. INV.	713	
FELONY	0	
MISDEMEANOR	0	
AUTO THEFT:		
ASSISTS	18	
VEH. INSPECTIONS	913	
BUSINESS INSP.	62	

VIOLATION REPORTS				
PATROLLING		10245	31.2	
RADAR		14716	44.8	
VASCAR		3313	10.1	
AIRCRAFT		998	3.0	
SAFETY CHECK		186	0.5	
SUB-TOTAL		29458	89.8	
ACC CITATIONS		3342	10.1	
TOTAL		32800	100.0	
WARNING TICKETS		4278		
HVPT		24873	(75%)	
OPTIONAL FIELD 1	50		•	

ACCIDENT SUMMARY							
				ACCIDEN			
PRIVATE PROF ANIMAL TOTAL CITATI WRN TKTS (ACC ECONOMIC IM 66 FTL 1559 INJ 2814 PD	ONS CAUS F PACT (N X 24000 X 920 X 120	ACT) SC FIG 0=\$ 15 0=\$ 14	341 33865 644 3.1-89) 840000 342800 376800	FACTORS COLD REPOR INAT DRVNG EX SAF SPD ANIMAL DUI/DWI ALL OTHERS EX LAW SPD DRV ASLEEP YLD ROW REMAINDER TOTAL(ACC C.	834 703 610 341 302 268 229 217 204 731	18.8 15.8 13.7 7.7 6.8 6.0 5.2 4.9 4.6 16.4	616 463 3 1197 390 19828 267 273 3448
BREAK	DOWN (OF REM.	AINING A	CCIDENT CAUSAL F	ACTO	RS	
FACTORS FOL TO CLS DEFECT VEH WRNG SD RD LANE VIOL IMP BACK IMP L TURN IMP PASSNG STOP SIGN	97 92 81 74 74 54	2.3 2.2 2.1 1.8 1.7	299 304 156 258 132	FACTORS O IMP TURN PARK VIOL O TRAF DEV SIG VIOL PED VIOL SPILL LOAD IMP LIGHT IMP LOAD	30 19 17 17 15 9	.7 .4 .4 .3 .2	183 67 462 155 10
			TOTAL(OF ALL OTHER ACC	CAUS	FACT)	3448

District 3
July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1989

ANNUAL SUMMARY			
MLS P % TIM ENFOR CONTA VEHI DR L		1454720 17 65.7 12 84120 62571 485	
ORAL:	TRAFFIC ASSISTS ALL OTHER TOTAL	37410 14121 18694 70225	

TIME DISTRIBUTION			
	HOURS	ą.	
GEN.ACC.REDUC.(TARG)	20211.00	15.7	
GEN.ACC.REDUC. (NON-TARG)	30481.25	23.7	
ALC.ACC.REDUC.(TARG)	3513.25	2.7	
ALC.ACC.REDUC.(NON-TARG)	1957.00	1.5	
ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION	7707.25	5.9	
-1000 ACCIDENT INVEST.	1060.00	0.8	
ACCIDENT REPORTING	2117.50	1.6	
COURT	3612.25	2.8	
MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY	50.00	0.0	
CURSORY INSPECTIONS	311.25	0.2	
HAZ MATERIALS RESPONSE	885.00	0.6	
PRISONER PROCESSING	1015.75	0.7	
OTHER PRODUCTIVE	12621.50	9.8	
TOTAL (PROD)	85543.00	66.0	
ALL OTHER	42937.25	33.4	
TOTAL	128480.25	100.0	
ROUTINE REPORTING	4578.50		

TOTAL NUMBER	?
DUI CITATIONS	985
SAFETY PROGRAM	420
TCR	2320
ACC REPORT (63%)	3070
OT HOURS	0
COMP TIME (0%)	4098
VEH. INSPECTED	27590
VEH. IN VIOLATION	12415
% OF VEH IN VIO.	44.9
-1000 ACC. INV.	725
FELONY	0
MISDEMEANOR	0
AUTO THEFT:	
ASSISTS	52
VEH. INSPECTIONS	1858
BUSINESS INSP.	227

VIOLATION REPORTS				
PATROLLING RADAR VASCAR AIRCRAFT SAFETY CHECK SUB-TOTAL ACC CITATIONS TOTAL WARNING TICKETS HVPT	7538 9154 4097 636 113 21538 2669 24207 2187 17739	31.1 37.8 16.9 2.6 0.4 88.9 11.0 100.0		
OPTIONAL FIELD 1 2	47	. ,		

		ACC	IDENT S	UMMARY			
				ACCIDEN'	r caus.	AL FAC	TORS
				FACTORS	#	*	
PRIVATE PROPE				EX SAF SPD	493	13.9	303
ANIMAL				INAT DRVNG			
TOTAL CITATIO				ANIMAL	353	9.9	
WRN TKTS (ACC				COLD REPOR		8.8	
ECONOMIC IMP				DUI/DWI	299	8.4	974
53 FTL X				YLD ROW			281
1313 INJ X				EX LAW SPD	187	5.3	14030
2190 PD X	1200	=\$ 2	628000	ALL OTHERS			
	****			DRV ASLEEP	160	4.5	134
3556 TOTA	LS \$	27,4	27,600	REMAINDER	838	23.5	2269
				TOTAL (ACC C	AUS FA	CT)	18520
BREAKD	OWN OF	REMA	INING A	CIDENT CAUSAL	FACTO	RS	nte de la resta se de la la composition de la composition de la composition de la composition de la composition de
FACTORS	#	*	CIT	FACTORS	#	*	CIT
			235	O IMP TURN	48	1.3	115
LANE VIOL							* * * *
LANE VIOL DEFECT VEH		3.0	197	O TRAF DEV			
DEFECT VEH	106		197 177	PARK VIOL	18	. 5	78
	106 100	2.8		PARK VIOL PED VIOL	18 16	. 5 . 4	78 11
DEFECT VEH FOL TO CLS WRNG SD RD	106 100	2.8	177	PARK VIOL PED VIOL IMP LIGHT	18 16 12	. 5 . 4 . 3	78 11 263
DEFECT VEH FOL TO CLS WRNG SD RD	106 100 78 70	2.8 2.2 2.0	177 136	PARK VIOL PED VIOL IMP LIGHT SPILL LOAD	18 16 12 12	.5	78 11 263 0
DEFECT VEH FOL TO CLS WRNG SD RD IMP BACK	106 100 78 70 66	2.8 2.2 2.0	177 136 84	PARK VIOL PED VIOL IMP LIGHT SPILL LOAD SIG VIOL	18 16 12 12 7	.5 .4 .3 .3	78 11 263 0 134
DEFECT VEH FOL TO CLS WRNG SD RD IMP BACK STOP SIGN	106 100 78 70 66	2.8 2.2 2.0 1.9	177 136 84 330	PARK VIOL PED VIOL IMP LIGHT SPILL LOAD	18 16 12 12 7	.5 .4 .3 .3	78 11 263 0

District 4 July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1989

ANNUAL SUMMARY					
MILES DRIVEN MLS PER CONTACT % TIME PAT & SE ENFORCEMENT INDEX CONTACTS: VEHICLES DR LICENSE CHKD PEDESTRIANS	1215765 18 66.6 17 66217 50713 403				
ORAL: TRAFFIC ASSISTS ALL OTHER TOTAL	26630 10565 16393 53588				

TIME DISTRIBUTION					
	HOURS	%			
GEN.ACC.REDUC.(TARG)	17590.00	17.5			
GEN.ACC.REDUC.(NON-TARG)	18502.50	18.4			
ALC.ACC.REDUC.(TARG)	6759.50	6.7			
ALC.ACC.REDUC.(NON-TARG)	1825.75	1.8			
ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION	6364.50	6.3			
-1000 ACCIDENT INVEST.	1003.50	1.0			
ACCIDENT REPORTING	1013.00	1.0			
COURT	3040.75	3.0			
MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY	9.50	0.0			
CURSORY INSPECTIONS	286.75	0.2			
HAZ MATERIALS RESPONSE	1439.50	1.4			
PRISONER PROCESSING	1102.50	1.0			
OTHER PRODUCTIVE	8313.00	8.2			
TOTAL (PROD)	67250.75	66.5			
ALL OTHER	33086.50	32.9			
TOTAL	100337.25	100.0			
ROUTINE REPORTING	4113.00				

TOTAL NUMBER					
DUI CITATIONS	884				
SAFETY PROGRAM	135				
TCR	1899				
ACC REPORT (57%)	2635				
OT HOURS	0				
COMP TIME (0%)	2924				
VEH. INSPECTED	16241				
VEH. IN VIOLATION	8824				
% OF VEH IN VIO.	54.3				
-1000 ACC. INV.	658				
FELONY	0				
MISDEMEANOR	0				
AUTO THEFT:					
ASSISTS	2				
VEH. INSPECTIONS	91				
BUSINESS INSP.	3				

VIOLATION	REPO	RTS	
PATROLLING		6220	24.0
RADAR		6329	34.0
VASCAR		7515	40.4
		1997	10.7
AIRCRAFT		534	2.8
SAFETY CHECK		52	0.2
SUB-TOTAL		16427	88.4
ACC CITATIONS		2155	11.5
TOTAL		18582	100.0
WARNING TICKETS		1412	
HVPT		13573	(73%)
OPTIONAL FIELD 1	13		

ACCIDENT SUMMARY							
					NT CAUSA	L FAC	rors
PRIVATE PRO	PERTY		382	FACTORS	#	*	CIT
ANIMAL				COLD REPOR		21.0	3
TOTAL CITAT				EX SAF SPD	538	15.4	398
WRN TKTS (AC				INAT DRVNG	521	14.9	361
ECONOMIC I				ANIMAL		9.5	
	X 24000			ALL OTHERS	208	5.9	296
658 INJ				DUI/DWI	188	5.4	891
2801 PD				DRV ASLEEP	153	4.4	88
				YLD ROW	143	4.1	168
3502 100	PAT.S S	19	734,800	EX LAW SPD	138	3.9	9948
3302 10	21120 4	1,	. 34,000	REMAINDER	543	15.5	1981
				TOTAL (ACC	CAUS FAC	T)	14136
BREAK	(DOWN ()F REM	AINING A	CCIDENT CAUSA	L FACTOR	2S	**************************************
	-			,	#		CIT
FACTORS	#	*	CIT	PARK VIOL	*4	-	
DEFECT VEH	81	2.3	198	O TRAF DEV			202
WRNG SD RD				SPILL LOAD	13	. 4	0
IMP BACK			108	STOP SIGN			252
FOL TO CLS			174	PED VIOL			2
IMP L TURN			63	SIG VIOL			76
LANE VIOL			148	IMP LOAD	3	. 1	10
IMP PASSNG			239	IMP LIGHT			240
O IMP TURN	24	. 7	84				
			afort arts areas to the	OF ALL OTHER A	A	who he was start 5	1981

District 5
July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1989

ANNUAL SUMMARY					
MILES DRIVEN MLS PER CONTACT % TIME PAT & SE ENFORCEMENT INDEX CONTACTS: VEHICLES DR LICENSE CHKD PEDESTRIANS	1281977 20 68.4 12 63880 46304 420				
ORAL: TRAFFIC ASSISTS ALL OTHER TOTAL	23476 11619 15479 50574				

TIME DISTRIBUTION				
GEN.ACC.REDUC.(TARG) GEN.ACC.REDUC.(NON-TARG) ALC.ACC.REDUC.(TARG) ALC.ACC.REDUC.(NON-TARG) ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION -1000 ACCIDENT INVEST. ACCIDENT REPORTING COURT MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY CURSORY INSPECTIONS HAZ MATERIALS RESPONSE PRISONER PROCESSING	HOURS 18368.50 16507.50 10043.25 983.00 6098.00 771.50 1135.75 2666.00 750.75	17.5 15.7 9.5 0.9 5.8 0.7 1.0 2.5 0.0 0.7 0.7		
	67494.50 37254.25 104748.75 4096.25	35.5		

TOTAL NUMBER	{
DUI CITATIONS	748
SAFETY PROGRAM	140
TCR	1771
ACC REPORT (54%)	2418
OT HOURS	0
COMP TIME (0%)	3881
VEH. INSPECTED	9098
VEH. IN VIOLATION	5791
% OF VEH IN VIO.	63.6
-1000 ACC. INV.	620
FELONY	0
MISDEMEANOR	0
AUTO THEFT:	
ASSISTS	4
VEH. INSPECTIONS	1716
BUSINESS INSP.	16

VIOLATION	REPO	RTS	
PATROLLING RADAR VASCAR AIRCRAFT SAFETY CHECK SUB-TOTAL ACC CITATIONS TOTAL WARNING TICKETS HVPT OPTIONAL FIELD 1	6	4437 7343 1838 211 136 13965 1816 15781 1787 11891	28.1 46.5 11.6 1.3 0.8 88.4 11.5 100.0

ACCIDENT SUMMARY							
				ACCIDENT	r caus	AL FAC	TORS
PRIVATE PROPE	ERTY		158	FACTORS	#	*	CIT
ANIMAL				ANIMAL	555	20.0	0
TOTAL CITATIO				EX SAF SPD	400	14.4	192
WRN TKTS (ACC	CAUS FA	ACT)	409	INAT DRVNG		12.3	
ECONOMIC IMP	PACT (NS	SC FIG	1.1-89)	COLD REPOR	266	9.6	0
38 FTL X	240000)=\$ 9	120000	ALL OTHERS			
873 INJ X	9200)=\$ 8	031600	DUI/DWI			
1862 PD X	1200)=\$ 2	234400	EX LAW SPD			
		-		YLD ROW			
2773 TOTA	LS \$	19,3	86,000	DRV ASLEEP			
				REMAINDER			
	THE POST OF THE PO			TOTAL(ACC CA	AUS FA	CT)	12397
BREAK	DOWN (F REM	IAINING A	CCIDENT CAUSAL I	FACTO	RS	
FACTORS	#	*	CIT	FACTORS		-	CIT
DEFECT VEH	81	2.9	196	IMP L TURN			33
WRNG SD RD			105				65
FOL TO CLS			58	SIG VIOL			
			449		8	. 3	0
IMP PASSNG		7 5	45	PED VIOL	5	.2	6
O IMP TURN						3	54
O IMP TURN IMP BACK	38	1.4	46	O TRAF DEV	2	. 1	
O IMP TURN	38	1.4		IMP LOAD	2	.1	16
O IMP TURN IMP BACK	38 35	1.4	46 143		2 2 1	. 1	16 171

District 6
July 1, 1988 through June 30, 1989

ANNUAL SUMMARY					
MILES DRIVEN MLS PER CONTACT % TIME PAT & SE ENFORCEMENT INDEX CONTACTS: VEHICLES DR LICENSE CHKD PEDESTRIANS	1038665 12 55.5 8 80121 55636 864				
ORAL: TRAFFIC ASSISTS ALL OTHER TOTAL	33515 18609 20139 72263				

TIME DISTRIBUTION		
	HOURS	8
GEN.ACC.REDUC. (TARG)		17.4
GEN. ACC. REDUC. (NON-TARG)	15363.49	14.6
ALC. ACC. REDUC. (TARG)	4099.75	3.9
ALC.ACC.REDUC. (NON-TARG)		
ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION	9859.31	9.3
-1000 ACCIDENT INVEST.	1668.50	1.5
ACCIDENT REPORTING	3066.48	2.9
COURT	3910.04	3.7
MOTOR CARRIER SAFETY	18.00	0.0
CURSORY INSPECTIONS	432.00	0.4
HAZ MATERIALS RESPONSE	440.00	0.4
PRISONER PROCESSING	1365.75	1.3
OTHER PRODUCTIVE	11140.25	10.6
TOTAL (PROD)	71300.57	67.5
ALL OTHER	33624.00	32.0
TOTAL	104924.57	100.0
ROUTINE REPORTING	5901.98	

DUI CITATIONS 1137 SAFETY PROGRAM 55 TCR 1809
mon 1000
TCR 1809
ACC REPORT (62%) 4283
OT HOURS 0
COMP TIME (0%) 4941
VEH. INSPECTED 22872
VEH. IN VIOLATION 11116
% OF VEH IN VIO. 48.6
-1000 ACC. INV. 1251
FELONY 0
MISDEMEANOR 0
AUTO THEFT:
ASSISTS 11
VEH. INSPECTIONS 314
BUSINESS INSP. 7

VIOLATION REPORTS				
PATROLLING RADAR VASCAR AIRCRAFT SAFETY CHECK SUB-TOTAL ACC CITATIONS TOTAL WARNING TICKETS HVPT OPTIONAL FIELD 1	7624 5945 2060 809 140 16578 3661 20239 2277 13900	37.6 29.3 10.1 3.9 0.6 81.9 18.0 100.0		

APPENDIX A

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF CSP ACTIVITY SUMMARY

Miles Driven	Total miles driven by troopers in Patrol cars.	Alc Acc	Normal DUI preventative
MLS Per Contact	Number of miles driven by troopers between contacts	Reduc (Targ)	patrolling on all targeted road segments. Includes any activ- ities relating to this objective.
	with motorists.	Alc Acc	Normal DUI preventative
% Time PAT	Percent of troopers' time spent	Reduc (Non-	patrolling on all non-targeted
& SE	on patrolling and on selective	Targ)	road segments.
	enforcement. Selective enforce-	Accident	Travel to and time spent at an
	ment includes radar, vascar,	Investigation	accident, a hospital, a garage,
	aircraft, and safety checks.		or a morgue. Time spent on
Enforcement	The number of Hazardous Vio-		follow-up investigation is
Index	lations Penalty Tickets divided		included in this time.
	by the number of injury acci-	Accident	Time spent completing all
	dents multiplied by the convic-	Reporting	accident related reports and
	tion rate (.90).		investigative summaries.
Contacts	Total vehicles contacted and	Motor Carrier	Time spent inspecting commer-
	drivers licenses checked.	Safety	cial motor vehicles to insure
Oral: Traffic	Number of warnings for traffic		that they meet strict federal
	infractions which were issued		safety standard guidelines.
	verbally.	HAZ Materials	Time spent in the response,
Assists	Total number of trooper assists.		inspection, or cleanup of
All Other	Number of warnings issued		hazardous materials.
	for all other reasons.	Prisoner Pro-	Time spent processing an arrest
Total	Sum of these three activities.	cessing	other than a DUI arrest.
Time Distribution	Breakdown of trooper time	Court	Time spent in pretrial confer-
	by selected activity.		ences, court preparation,
Hrs	Total number of trooper hours		court appearances, and travel
	devoted to an activity.		time for these activities.
%	The percent of the troopers'	Other Productive	
	total time devoted to an activity.		office supervision, on edu-
Gen Acc	Normal preventative patrolling		cation and safety, and on such
Reduc (Targ)	on all targeted road segments.		activities as DUI processing,
	Includes any activities relating		aircraft operation, and auto theft.
	to this objective.	Total (Prod)	Summation of hours spent on
Gen Acc	Normal preventative patrolling		previous 11 categories.
Reduc (Non-	on all non-targeted road seg-	All Other	Variety of activities not prev-
Targ)	ments. Includes the time spent		iously noted. Examples:
	on paperwork while in the car		dispatching, auto maintenance,
	on preventive patrolling.		warrant service, and guberna-
	-		torial security.

Violation Reports	Citations issued by troopers.		where troopers gave a safety
Patrolling	Number and percent of total		talk or instructions, or appeared
	citations issued by troopers		on radio or tv.
	while on general patrol.	TCR	The number of Truck Contact
Radar	Number and percent of total		Reports issued by the Patrol.
	citations issued by troopers	Acc Report (%)	The total number of accident
	using radar equipment.		reports. The percentage is the
Aircraft	Number and percent of total		percent of accidents reported
	citations issued by troopers		for which a ticket was issued.
	using aircraft surveillance.	OT Hours	The total number of overtime
Safety Checks	Number and percent of total		hours logged by troopers.
	citations issued by troopers	Comp Time	The number of hours of
	during safety checks.		compensated overtime. The
Sub-Total	Sum of the number of citations		percentage is the percent of
	issued during patrolling with		overtime hours which were
	the use of radar, vascar, aircraft,		compensated.
	and during safety checks.	Veh Inspected	Number of vehicles inspected
Acc Citations	The total number of citations		for adhering to certain safety
	issued for accidents.		standards.
Total	Grand total of all citations	Veh in Violation	Number of vehicles failing to
	issued by the Patrol.		meet one or more equipment
Warning Tickets	The total number of warning		safety standards.
	tickets.	% of Veh	Number of vehicles in vio-
HVPT	The total number of Hazardous	In Violation	lation divided by the number
	Violation Penalty Tickets.		of vehicles inspected.
	HVPT's are citations which	Felony	The number of felony arrests.
	contain at least one violation	Misdemeanor	The number of misdemeanor
	that could create a driving hazard.		arrests.
Optional Field 1	Used to collect data to be used	Auto Theft:	•
	by management at the state level.	Assists	The number of assists provided
Optional Field 2	Used to collect data to be used		by the Auto Theft Unit to law
	by management at the local		enforcement agencies or to other
	level.		troopers.
DUI Citations	Total number of citations	Veh Inspected	The number of vehicles in-
	issued for Driving Under the		spected by the Auto Theft
	Influence or Driving while		Unit and by liaison officers.
	Impaired.	Bus Inspected	The number of businesses
Safety Programs	Total number of occasions		inspected for the Daily Records
			Law.

APPENDIX B

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF CSP ACCIDENT SUMMARY

		Abbreviations of	Description
		Accident Causal Factors	
Private Property	This is the total number of acci-	INAT DRVNG	Inattentive to Driving
	dents reported as occurring on	COLD REPOR	Cold Report: An accident
	private property.		report filed by an individual
Animal	This is the total number of acci-		involved in the accident, after
	dents involving an animal.		the accident occured and with-
Total Citations	This is the total number of tickets		out investigation.
	issued in this Patrol jurisdiction.	EX SAF SPD	Exceeding Safe Speed
WRN TKTS	This is the total number of	DUI/DWI	Driving Under the Influence/
(Acc Caus Fact)	warning tickets that were		Driving While Intoxicated
	issued for accident causal	YLD ROW	Yield Right of Way
	factors* on target roads only.	FOL TO CLS	Following Too Closely
Economic Impact	This will take the number of	EX LAW SPEED	Exceeding Lawful Speed
(NSC Figures)	fatal (FTL) accidents, the	IMP L TURN	Improper Left Turn in Face of
	number of injury (INJ) accidents,		Approaching Traffic
	and the number of property	DRV ASLEEP	Drove While Asleep
	damage (PD) accidents and	LANE VIOL	Lane Violation
	multiply each by the latest	ANIMAL	Animal Caused
	dollar figure published by the	DEFECT VEH	Defective Vehicle
	National Safety Council (NSC)	IMP BACK	Improper Backing
	to determine the cost to society	O TRAF DEV	Disregard Other Traffic
	for these motor vehicle accidents.		Control Device
	The NSC bases these figures	WRNG SD RD	Wrong Side of Road
	on averages throughout the	IMP PASSNG	Improper Passing
	nation.	O IMP TURN	Other Improper Turn
Factors	What the investigating trooper	STOP SIG	Disregarded Stop Sign
	determines to be the actual	PARK VIOL	Parking Violation
	cause of the accident.	PED VIOL	Pedestrian Violation
#	The number of accidents with	IMP LIGHT	Improper Vehicle Lighting
	this causal factor.	SPILL LOAD	Spilling of Load
%	The percent of all accidents	SIG VIOL	Signaling Violation
	with this causal factor.	IMP LOAD	Improper Load
CIT	The number of citations which		
	were issued for this causal factor.		

^{*}The accident causal factor is what the investigating trooper determines to be the actual cause of the accident.