STATEMHDE COMMON POLICH REQUEST NOVEMIBER 1,2017

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## COMMON POLICIES OVERVIEW

Common policies represent a standard method of determining the budget need, by department, for services that are centrally provided by the Department of Personnel \& Administration (DPA), Department of Law, and the Governor's Office of Information Technology. Funding requests for these services are developed using a common methodology for each department. This ensures that the same assumptions are used while developing budget requests for specific line item appropriations within individual departments.

This packet discusses common policies for services provided by DPA, separated into two general categories: 1) total compensation (or personal services) common policies, and 2) operating common policies.

For FY 2018-19, the Department of Personnel \& Administration has prepared this document to summarize the statewide common policy request and calculation methodology in order to provide a clear set of common policy descriptions to use throughout the budget process.

Note: The information contained in this document pertains primarily to the Executive Branch agencies under the purview of the Governor's Office. Total compensation information presented for non-executive agencies, including elected officials, contains only estimates of future need.

## TOTAL COMPENSATION COMMON POLICIES

Total compensation refers to employee salary and benefit costs, specific to the employees in each department. Total compensation common policies are funded through a group of centrally appropriated line items, generally found in a department's Executive Director's Office long bill group. Appropriations from these line items are distributed among a department's divisions based on the need in each division. The annual budget request for total compensation is primarily driven by employee salaries, benefit elections, and requested policy changes. The centrally appropriated line items that make up the total compensation common policies include: Salary Survey, Merit Pay, Shift Differential, Amortization Equalization Disbursement, Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement, Short-term Disability and Health, Life, and Dental.

## TOTAL COMPENSATION CALCULATION DETAILS

The request amounts for total compensation common policies are calculated each year using a snapshot of July's payroll. The July payroll is used since it reflects all total compensation changes that are implemented at the beginning of each fiscal year - this ensures that the Department is using up-to-date information for the total compensation request. Each department receives snapshot data including salary and benefit data for each employee that received a paycheck in July. Next, agencies are allowed to request revisions to the snapshot data to account for positions that are added through decision items and special bills that are not yet filled, positions that are seasonal, positions that are being eliminated and positions that are not appropriated. This process helps to determine an accurate position count and associated salary cost for each position. The final adjusted data is used to determine the base, or continuation, salary amount for each department for the request year.

Once the data revision process is complete, agencies are asked to provide fund source information for each employee. Employee salaries are paid through a combination of General Fund, Cash Funds, Reappropriated Funds, and Federal Funds. Once the fund source data is finalized, the Department of Personnel \& Administration aggregates the data to determine the total need for the request year by fund source for each total compensation common policy line item, in each department.

The following sections provide a detailed explanation for each total compensation common policy line item, and the corresponding request for FY 2018-19, by department.

## SALARY SURVEY

The Salary Survey request represents adjustments to employee base salaries for a few reasons: system maintenance studies, occupational group adjustments, a Salary Survey pay-rate adjustment and finally an adjustment to move an employee's salary to the range minimum if it falls below the requested range minimum for his or her job classification.

## Salary Range Adjustment

For FY 2018-19, the request includes a salary range adjustment of 2 percent for all occupational groups as recommended in the Annual Compensation Report. This adjustment will allow the State to keep pace with projected market increases and maintain a prevailing total compensation structure. Both the minimum and the maximum of the salary range will be increased by 2 percent. To the extent that these adjustments move an employee's salary below the range minimum, the associated funding has also been requested.

## Statewide Pay-Rate Adjustment

Another component of the Annual Compensation report is a recommendation for a Salary Survey pay-rate adjustment. This is generally requested as a standard percent, or across-the board increase, for all state employees. Base (ongoing) or non-base (one-time) adjustments are awarded when funding is provided for this purpose. For FY 2018-19, the Executive Branch is requesting a 3\% percent Salary Survey funding increase for all state employees, base building up to the range maximum.

## System Maintenance Study

System maintenance studies represent a detailed comparison of state salaries to market salaries for a specific role. These studies are conducted to ensure that 1) job classes are grouped and paid appropriately; 2) to determine whether a class structure is current and adequate; 3) to ensure salary grades and relationships are appropriate; and 4) to determine whether specific classes should be revised, abolished or created. For FY 2018-19, no system maintenance studies were conducted.

## Colorado State Patrol Trooper Evaluation

Pursuant to C.R.S. 24-50-104, the Colorado State Patrol Trooper classes are evaluated annually to ensure that the average salary of each class is equal to 99 percent of the actual average salary of the top three law enforcement agencies within the state that have both more than 100 commissioned officers and the highest actual average. The FY 2018-19 total compensation request for all trooper classifications includes a $3 \%$ salary survey increase.

## FY 2018-19 SALARY SURVEY DEPARTMENT FUNDING REQUESTS

The following table reflects the Salary Survey request by department for FY 2018-19. This includes the $3 \%$ percent Salary Survey funding increase and the fiscal impact of the movement to minimum costs associated with the 2 percent salary range adjustment.

| SUMMARY FOR SALARY SURVEY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation |  | FY 2018-19 <br> Total Request |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Total Base Adj } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | GF |  | CF |  | RF |  | FF |  |
| Agriculture | \$ | 305,289 | \$ | 552,511 | \$ | 552,511 | \$ | 181,459 | \$ | 371,052 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Corrections | \$ | 6,294,313 | \$ | 10,825,001 | \$ | 10,825,001 | \$ | 10,516,363 | \$ | 308,638 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Education | \$ | 869,349 | \$ | 1,474,713 | \$ | 1,474,713 | \$ | 515,668 | \$ | 214,113 | \$ | 161,344 | \$ | 583,588 |
| Governor's Office | \$ | 1,613,921 | \$ | 2,912,890 | \$ | 2,912,890 | \$ | 278,373 | \$ | 110,736 | \$ | 2,468,443 | \$ | 55,338 |
| HCPF | \$ | 614,974 | \$ | 1,203,861 | \$ | 1,203,861 | \$ | 453,147 | \$ | 67,167 | \$ | 29,534 | \$ | 654,013 |
| Higher Education | \$ | 246,605 | \$ | 439,884 | \$ | 439,884 | \$ | 25,408 | \$ | 236,023 | \$ | 78,666 | \$ | 99,787 |
| Human Services | \$ | 4,197,219 | \$ | 8,558,755 | \$ | 8,558,755 | \$ | 5,516,155 | \$ | 590,520 | \$ | 1,318,998 | \$ | 1,133,082 |
| Judicial* | \$ | 6,214,805 | \$ | 10,557,987 | \$ | 10,557,987 | \$ | 10,048,416 | \$ | 509,571 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Labor and Employment | \$ | 1,494,911 | \$ | 2,651,053 | \$ | 2,651,053 | \$ | 134,693 | \$ | 1,111,892 | \$ | 20,030 | \$ | 1,384,438 |
| Law | \$ | 808,565 | \$ | 1,389,030 | \$ | 1,389,030 | \$ | 395,407 | \$ | 159,570 | \$ | 798,184 | \$ | 35,869 |
| Legislature * | \$ | - | \$ | 1,192,878 | \$ | 1,192,878 | \$ | 1,192,878 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Local Affairs | \$ | 232,794 | \$ | 409,559 | \$ | 409,559 | \$ | 81,338 | \$ | 49,551 | \$ | 186,126 | \$ | 92,544 |
| Military Affairs | \$ | 162,021 | \$ | 276,353 | \$ | 276,353 | \$ | 101,574 | \$ | 4,553 | \$ | - | \$ | 170,226 |
| Natural Resources | \$ | 2,063,897 | \$ | 3,633,789 | \$ | 3,633,789 | \$ | 576,986 | \$ | 2,853,030 | \$ | 112,625 | \$ | 91,148 |
| Personnel and Administration | \$ | 477,327 | \$ | 868,386 | \$ | 868,386 | \$ | 327,193 | \$ | 60,619 | \$ | 480,574 | \$ | - |
| Public Health | \$ | 1,911,500 | \$ | 3,408,357 | \$ | 3,408,357 | \$ | 475,738 | \$ | 1,161,721 | \$ | 405,088 | \$ | 1,365,810 |
| Public Safety | \$ | 4,072,692 | \$ | 4,641,895 | \$ | 4,641,895 | \$ | 1,085,587 | \$ | 3,058,351 | \$ | 361,395 | \$ | 136,562 |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$ | 708,752 | \$ | 1,272,248 | \$ | 1,272,248 | \$ | 44,121 | \$ | 1,133,773 | \$ | 75,896 | \$ | 18,458 |
| Revenue | \$ | 1,444,882 | \$ | 2,582,782 | \$ | 2,582,782 | \$ | 1,083,134 | \$ | 1,496,461 | \$ | 3,187 | \$ | - |
| State | \$ | 161,622 | \$ | 328,415 | \$ | 328,415 | \$ | - | \$ | 328,415 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Transportation | \$ | 204,885 | \$ | 339,690 | \$ | 339,690 | \$ | - | \$ | 339,690 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| Treasury | \$ | 38,555 | \$ | 78,249 | \$ | 78,249 | \$ | 50,859 | \$ | 27,390 | \$ | - | \$ | - |
| TOTAL | \$ | 34,138,878 | \$ | 59,598,286 | \$ | 59,598,286 | \$ | 33,084,497 | \$ | 14,192,836 | \$ | 6,500,090 | \$ | 5,820,863 |

*Non-Executive branch agencies are not required to submit budget proposals to the Governor's Office; agencies that did not submit budget proposals have been included and the estimated need and fund splits are based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill.

Note: The table above only includes the base request for FY 2018-19. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers above. Salary Survey base adjustment always reflects the total need since this appropriation is always zeroed out.

## MERIT PAY

The Total Compensation Report includes recommendations for Merit Pay for the State Classified System as required under Section 24-50-104 (1) (c), C.R.S. The Merit Pay appropriation provides funding for increases in pay (both base-building and one-time in nature) depending on a State employee's individual performance and placement within his or her pay range. For FY 2018-19, the Executive Branch did not request funding for a statewide Merit Pay adjustment.

| SUMMARY FOR MERIT PAY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Total Request | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Total Base } \\ \text { Adj } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | GF | CF | RF | FF |
| Agriculture | \$128,166 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Corrections | \$2,777,553 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Education | \$354,432 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Governor's Office | \$677,810 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| HCPF | \$291,490 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Higher Education | \$89,872 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Human Services | \$1,889,255 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Judicial * | \$2,033,432 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Labor and Employment | \$677,814 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Law | \$322,498 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Legislature * | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Affairs | \$96,785 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Military Affairs | \$77,920 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Natural Resources | \$727,888 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Personnel and Administration | \$203,377 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Public Health | \$671,696 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Public Safety | \$956,942 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$299,867 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Revenue | \$646,030 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| State | \$61,746 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transportation | \$84,517 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Treasury | \$16,124 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL | \$13,085,214 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |

*Non-Executive branch agencies are not required to submit budget proposals to the Governor's Office; agencies that did not submit budget proposals have been included and the estimated need and fund splits are based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill.

Note: The table above only includes the base request for FY 2018-19. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers above. Merit Pay base adjustment always reflects the total need since this appropriation is always zeroed out.

## SHIFT DIFFERENTIAL

The Shift Differential line item funds compensation adjustments for employees who work outside of normal work hours. These are second and third shift workers whose scheduled work hours fall outside of the Monday through Friday, 8:00 am to 5:00 pm work schedule. Offering Shift Differential is a standard practice in the private sector.

In recent years, the Executive Branch followed a policy of requesting Shift Differential at 100 percent of actual expenditures in the most recent fiscal year. This allows agencies to maintain operations at the current level. The FY 2018-19 request continues the policy of funding 100 percent of prior year actual expenditures. The following table reflects the Shift Differential request by department for FY 2018-19.

## FY 2018-19 SHIFT DIFFERENTIAL DEPARTMENT FUNDING REQUESTS

| SUMMARY FOR SHIFT DIFFERENTIAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department | FY 2017-18 Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Total Request | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Total Base Adj } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | GF | CF | RF | FF |
| Agriculture | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Corrections | \$8,125,195 | \$8,070,903 | $(\$ 54,292)$ | (\$69,955) | \$15,663 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Education | \$114,584 | \$120,452 | \$5,868 | \$11,310 | \$33 | $(\$ 5,475)$ | \$0 |
| Governor's Office | \$92,356 | \$99,153 | \$6,797 | \$0 | \$0 | \$6,797 | \$0 |
| HCPF | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Higher Education | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Human Services | \$5,391,384 | \$6,742,501 | \$1,351,117 | \$716,243 | \$131,153 | (\$430,870) | \$934,591 |
| Judicial * | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Labor and Employment | \$13,339 | \$0 | $(\$ 13,339)$ | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | (\$13,339) |
| Law | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Legislature * | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Affairs | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Military Affairs | \$27,954 | \$31,196 | \$3,242 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$3,242 |
| Natural Resources | \$42,863 | \$41,331 | (\$1,532) | \$0 | (\$1,532) | \$0 | \$0 |
| Personnel and Administration | \$43,735 | \$47,086 | \$3,351 | \$0 | \$0 | \$3,351 | \$0 |
| Public Health | \$27,437 | \$24,443 | $(\$ 2,994)$ | $(\$ 1,156)$ | \$921 | \$0 | $(\$ 2,759)$ |
| Public Safety | \$529,250 | \$512,910 | $(\$ 16,340)$ | $(\$ 19,609)$ | \$39,818 | (\$36,740) | \$191 |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Revenue | \$130,712 | \$126,584 | (\$4,128) | (\$1,273) | $(\$ 2,855)$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| State | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transportation | \$23,490 | \$27,275 | \$3,785 | \$0 | \$4,668 | (\$883) | \$0 |
| Treasury | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL | \$14,562,299 | \$15,843,834 | \$1,281,535 | \$635,560 | \$187,869 | (\$463,820) | \$921,926 |

*Non-Executive branch agencies are not required to submit budget proposals to the Governor's Office; agencies that did not submit budget proposals have been included and the estimated need and fund splits are based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill.

Note: The table above only includes the base request for FY 2018-19. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers above.

## SHIFT DIFFERENTIAL CALCULATION DETAIL - REVISED BASE SALARY

In a year which salary increases are funded, the Salary Survey and Merit Pay adjustments are determined at the individual employee level then aggregated to the department level. The adjustment for Shift Differential is added next in order to calculate the department's revised base salary amount for the request year.

| Shift Differential Calculation Detail - Revised Base Salary |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Department Base Salary | $\$ 500,000$ |
| + Base Building Salary Survey $\left(\$ 500,000^{*} 2 \%\right)$ | $\$ 10,000$ |
| = New Salary | $\$ 510,000$ |
| + Base Building Merit Pay $(\$ 510,000 * 0.0 \%)$ | $\$ 0$ |
| = Total Base Salary FY 2018-19 | $\$ 510,000$ |
| + Shift Differential Actual FY 2016-17 | $\$ 100,000$ |
| = Department Revised Base Salary for FY 2018-19 | $\$ 610,000$ |

After the revised base salary is calculated, the Amortization Equalization Disbursement, Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement, and Short-term Disability request amounts are calculated based on a percentage of the FY 2018-19 revised base salary.

## AMORTIZATION EQUALIZATION DISBURSEMENT (AED)

Pursuant to S.B. 04-257, the State contributes additional funds to assist in the amortization of the Public Employees' Retirement Association's (PERA) unfunded liability. During the 2005 legislative session, the General Assembly created a separate line item to provide funding each calendar year, until contributions reach the maximum rate of 5.0 percent in calendar year 2017. The table below shows the contribution rates by calendar year for both Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) and Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED, described in the next section).

| Calendar <br> Year | State PERA <br> Contribution | AED <br> Contribution | SAED <br> Contribution | Total State <br> Contribution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 | $10.15 \%$ | $2.20 \%$ | $1.50 \%$ | $13.85 \%$ |
| 2011 | $10.15 \%$ | $2.60 \%$ | $2.00 \%$ | $14.75 \%$ |
| 2012 | $10.15 \%$ | $3.00 \%$ | $2.50 \%$ | $15.65 \%$ |
| 2013 | $10.15 \%$ | $3.40 \%$ | $3.00 \%$ | $16.55 \%$ |
| 2014 | $10.15 \%$ | $3.80 \%$ | $3.50 \%$ | $17.45 \%$ |
| 2015 | $10.15 \%$ | $4.20 \%$ | $4.00 \%$ | $18.35 \%$ |
| 2016 | $10.15 \%$ | $4.60 \%$ | $4.50 \%$ | $19.25 \%$ |
| 2017 | $10.15 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ | $20.15 \%$ |
| 2018 | $10.15 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ | $20.15 \%$ |
| 2019 | $10.15 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ | $5.00 \%$ | $20.15 \%$ |

## AED CALCULATION DETAIL

The AED amount required for each department is a product of the department's revised base salary and the percent contribution as determined by statute. For budgeting purposes, six months of the yearly contributions percentages are converted to a blended rate for the fiscal year. For FY 201819, the blended rate is 5.0 percent of revised base salaries. The AED rate for the Judicial department is equal to the 2010 calendar year rate until December 31, 2018, pursuant to C.R.S. 24-51-411 (4). Under House Bill 17-1265, beginning January 1, 2019, the Judicial AED rate will increase to 3.4 percent. For FY 2018-19, the blended rate for Judicial is 2.8 percent. The AED calculation is described below:

| Calculation Detail - AED |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Department Revised Base Salary | $\$ 610,000$ |
| AED @ $5.0 \%$ | $\$ 610,000 * 5.0 \%$ |
| = Requested AED Appropriation | $\$ 30,500$ |

## FY 2018-19 AED DEPARTMENT FUNDING REQUESTS

| SUMMARY FOR AED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department | FY 2017-18 Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Total Request | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Total Base Adj } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | GF | CF | RF | FF |
| Agriculture | \$801,012 | \$849,881 | \$48,869 | \$37,742 | \$18,901 | \$0 | (\$7,774) |
| Corrections | \$16,892,514 | \$16,796,779 | $(\$ 95,735)$ | (\$119,622) | \$23,887 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Education | \$2,285,634 | \$2,273,850 | $(\$ 11,784)$ | (\$17,481) | \$21,495 | \$54 | $(\$ 15,852)$ |
| Governor's Office | \$4,236,421 | \$4,472,662 | \$236,241 | \$97,618 | (\$18,212) | \$116,034 | \$40,801 |
| HCPF | \$1,615,047 | \$1,851,815 | \$236,768 | \$96,626 | $(\$ 30,303)$ | \$7,401 | \$163,044 |
| Higher Education | \$611,920 | \$676,645 | \$64,725 | \$21,704 | \$16,616 | \$1,850 | \$24,555 |
| Human Services | \$11,255,675 | \$13,438,017 | \$2,182,342 | \$1,042,885 | \$541,331 | \$33,521 | \$564,605 |
| Judicial * | \$13,603,231 | \$14,649,326 | \$1,046,095 | \$860,395 | \$185,700 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Labor and Employment | \$3,922,337 | \$4,077,933 | \$155,596 | $(\$ 14,563)$ | \$296,423 | \$613 | (\$126,877) |
| Law | \$2,074,232 | \$2,122,985 | \$48,753 | \$51,084 | \$2,378 | $(\$ 14,689)$ | \$9,980 |
| Legislature * | \$1,335,047 | \$1,317,923 | $(\$ 17,124)$ | $(\$ 17,124)$ | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Affairs | \$610,754 | \$629,996 | \$19,242 | $(\$ 5,943)$ | $(\$ 2,713)$ | \$13,303 | \$14,595 |
| Military Affairs | \$426,805 | \$425,625 | (\$1,180) | \$7,656 | \$2,806 | \$0 | (\$11,642) |
| Natural Resources | \$5,410,905 | \$5,591,406 | \$180,501 | \$8,034 | \$157,110 | \$25,349 | $(\$ 9,992)$ |
| Personnel and Administration | \$1,254,045 | \$1,337,889 | \$83,844 | \$57,514 | \$8,823 | \$17,507 | \$0 |
| Public Health | \$5,013,631 | \$5,218,186 | \$204,555 | \$128,402 | \$42,351 | \$53,289 | $(\$ 19,487)$ |
| Public Safety | \$6,529,521 | \$7,060,602 | \$531,081 | \$117,171 | \$307,276 | \$130,217 | $(\$ 23,583)$ |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$1,859,709 | \$1,957,010 | \$97,301 | (\$191) | \$70,713 | \$6,592 | \$20,187 |
| Revenue | \$3,797,608 | \$3,978,588 | \$180,980 | \$40,916 | \$139,656 | \$408 | \$0 |
| State | \$420,997 | \$490,150 | \$69,153 | \$0 | \$69,153 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transportation | \$538,556 | \$523,742 | $(\$ 14,814)$ | \$0 | \$3,746 | $(\$ 18,560)$ | \$0 |
| Treasury | \$102,409 | \$105,337 | \$2,928 | (\$444) | \$3,372 | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL | \$84,598,010 | \$89,846,347 | \$5,248,337 | \$2,392,379 | \$1,860,509 | \$372,889 | \$622,560 |

*Non-Executive branch agencies are not required to submit budget proposals to the Governor's Office; agencies that did not submit budget proposals have been included and the estimated need and fund splits are based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill.

Note: The table above only includes the base request for FY 2018-19. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers above.

## SUPPLEMENTAL AMORTIZATION EQUALIZATION DISBURSEMENT (SAED)

Similar to the Amortization Equalization Disbursement line item, the Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED) line item increases contributions to the PERA Trust Fund to amortize the unfunded liability in the Trust Fund. During the 2006 legislative session the General Assembly passed S.B. 06-235, which added Supplemental AED payments. Pursuant to statute, the funding for SAED comes from moneys which would have otherwise gone to State employees as salary increases.

## SAED CALCULATION DETAIL

The SAED amount required for each department is a product of their revised base salary and the percent contribution as determined by statute. For budgeting purposes, six months of the yearly percentages are converted to a blended rate for the fiscal year. For FY 2018-19, the blended percentage contribution is 5.0 percent of revised base salaries. The SAED rate for the Judicial department is equal to the 2010 calendar year rate until December 31, 2018, pursuant to C.R.S. 24-51-411 (7). Under House Bill 17-1265, beginning January 1, 2019, the Judicial SAED rate will increase to 3.4 percent. For FY 2018-19, the blended rate for Judicial is 2.45 percent. The SAED calculation is described below:

| Calculation Detail - SAED |  |
| :---: | ---: |
| Department Revised Base Salary | $\$ 610,000$ |
| SAED @ 5.0\% | $\$ 610,000 * 5.0 \%$ |
| Requested SAED Appropriation | $\$ 30,500$ |

## FY 2018-19 SAED DEPARTMENT FUNDING REQUESTS

| SUMMARY FOR SAED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department | FY 2017-18 Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Total Request | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Total Base Adj } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | GF | CF | RF | FF |
| Agriculture | \$801,012 | \$849,881 | \$48,869 | \$37,742 | \$18,901 | \$0 | (\$7,774) |
| Corrections | \$16,892,514 | \$16,796,779 | $(\$ 95,735)$ | (\$119,622) | \$23,887 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Education | \$2,285,634 | \$2,273,850 | (\$11,784) | $(\$ 17,481)$ | \$21,495 | \$54 | $(\$ 15,852)$ |
| Governor's Office | \$4,236,421 | \$4,472,662 | \$236,241 | \$97,618 | (\$18,212) | \$116,034 | \$40,801 |
| HCPF | \$1,615,047 | \$1,851,815 | \$236,768 | \$96,626 | $(\$ 30,303)$ | \$7,401 | \$163,044 |
| Higher Education | \$611,920 | \$676,645 | \$64,725 | \$21,704 | \$16,616 | \$1,850 | \$24,555 |
| Human Services | \$11,255,675 | \$13,438,017 | \$2,182,342 | \$1,042,885 | \$541,331 | \$33,521 | \$564,605 |
| Judicial * | \$13,196,975 | \$14,440,982 | \$1,244,007 | \$1,057,158 | \$186,849 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Labor and Employment | \$3,922,337 | \$4,077,933 | \$155,596 | $(\$ 14,563)$ | \$296,423 | \$613 | (\$126,877) |
| Law | \$2,074,232 | \$2,122,985 | \$48,753 | \$51,084 | \$2,378 | $(\$ 14,689)$ | \$9,980 |
| Legislature * | \$1,335,047 | \$1,317,923 | $(\$ 17,124)$ | $(\$ 17,124)$ | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Affairs | \$610,754 | \$629,996 | \$19,242 | $(\$ 5,943)$ | $(\$ 2,713)$ | \$13,303 | \$14,595 |
| Military Affairs | \$426,805 | \$425,625 | $(\$ 1,180)$ | \$7,656 | \$2,806 | \$0 | $(\$ 11,642)$ |
| Natural Resources | \$5,410,905 | \$5,591,406 | \$180,501 | \$8,034 | \$157,110 | \$25,349 | $(\$ 9,992)$ |
| Personnel and Administration | \$1,254,045 | \$1,337,889 | \$83,844 | \$57,514 | \$8,823 | \$17,507 | \$0 |
| Public Health | \$5,013,631 | \$5,218,186 | \$204,555 | \$128,402 | \$42,351 | \$53,289 | $(\$ 19,487)$ |
| Public Safety | \$6,529,521 | \$7,060,602 | \$531,081 | \$117,171 | \$307,276 | \$130,217 | $(\$ 23,583)$ |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$1,859,709 | \$1,957,010 | \$97,301 | (\$191) | \$70,713 | \$6,592 | \$20,187 |
| Revenue | \$3,797,608 | \$3,978,588 | \$180,980 | \$40,916 | \$139,656 | \$408 | \$0 |
| State | \$420,997 | \$490,150 | \$69,153 | \$0 | \$69,153 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transportation | \$538,556 | \$523,742 | $(\$ 14,814)$ | \$0 | \$3,746 | $(\$ 18,560)$ | \$0 |
| Treasury | \$102,409 | \$105,337 | \$2,928 | (\$444) | \$3,372 | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL | \$84,191,754 | \$89,638,003 | \$5,446,249 | \$2,589,142 | \$1,861,658 | \$372,889 | \$622,560 |

*Non-Executive branch agencies are not required to submit budget proposals to the Governor's Office; agencies that did not submit budget proposals have been included and the estimated need and fund splits are based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill.

Note: The table above only includes the base request for FY 2018-19. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers above.

## SHORT-TERM DISABILITY (STD)

The Short-term Disability appropriation is used to provide partial payment of an employee's salary if an individual becomes disabled and cannot perform his or her work duties. All employees qualify for this employer-paid, payroll-based insurance benefit. This benefit is calculated on an annual basis. For FY 2018-19, the Executive Branch requests short-term disability funding at 0.17 percent of revised base salaries.

## STD CALCULATION DETAIL

The amount required for each department is a product of the department's revised base salary and 0.17 percent requested by the Executive Branch as shown in the table below.

| Calculation Detail - STD |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Department Revised Base Salary | $\$ 610,000$ |
| STD @ 0.17\% | $\$ 610,000^{*} 0.17 \%$ |
| =Requested STD Appropriation | $\$ 1,037$ |

## FY 2018-19 STD DEPARTMENT FUNDING REQUESTS

| SUMMARY FOR SHORT-TERM DISABILITY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department | FY 2017-18 Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Total Request | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Total Base } \\ \text { Adj } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | GF | CF | RF | FF |
| Agriculture | \$28,763 | \$27,369 | $(\$ 1,394)$ | \$329 | $(\$ 1,444)$ | \$0 | (\$279) |
| Corrections | \$628,089 | \$558,028 | $(\$ 70,061)$ | (\$69,010) | $(\$ 1,051)$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| Education | \$80,504 | \$73,221 | $(\$ 7,283)$ | $(\$ 3,022)$ | (\$236) | (\$749) | (\$3,276) |
| Governor's Office | \$160,652 | \$151,163 | $(\$ 9,489)$ | \$2,025 | $(\$ 1,423)$ | $(\$ 11,231)$ | \$1,140 |
| HCPF | \$58,060 | \$60,583 | \$2,523 | \$1,217 | $(\$ 1,421)$ | \$120 | \$2,607 |
| Higher Education | \$22,152 | \$22,945 | \$793 | \$647 | (\$68) | (\$264) | \$478 |
| Human Services | \$415,157 | \$441,640 | \$26,483 | \$4,524 | \$16,561 | $(\$ 7,202)$ | \$12,600 |
| Judicial * | \$468,419 | \$446,369 | (\$22,050) | $(\$ 25,731)$ | \$3,681 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Labor and Employment | \$147,847 | \$138,177 | $(\$ 9,670)$ | $(\$ 1,339)$ | \$4,643 | (\$94) | $(\$ 12,880)$ |
| Law | \$78,820 | \$72,182 | $(\$ 6,638)$ | (\$437) | (\$891) | $(\$ 5,469)$ | \$159 |
| Legislature * | \$45,680 | \$40,907 | $(\$ 4,773)$ | $(\$ 4,773)$ | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Affairs | \$22,366 | \$20,857 | $(\$ 1,509)$ | (\$659) | (\$368) | (\$523) | \$41 |
| Military Affairs | \$15,565 | \$14,114 | $(\$ 1,451)$ | (\$235) | \$79 | \$0 | (\$1,295) |
| Natural Resources | \$182,489 | \$168,774 | (\$13,715) | $(\$ 2,857)$ | (\$10,254) | \$244 | (\$848) |
| Personnel and Administration | \$46,335 | \$44,575 | (\$1,760) | \$287 | (\$12) | (\$2,035) | \$0 |
| Public Health | \$185,120 | \$174,418 | (\$10,702) | \$2,190 | $(\$ 4,668)$ | (\$182) | $(\$ 8,042)$ |
| Public Safety | \$244,718 | \$236,555 | $(\$ 8,163)$ | (\$2,718) | $(\$ 6,372)$ | \$2,729 | $(\$ 1,802)$ |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$70,408 | \$65,876 | $(\$ 4,532)$ | (\$291) | $(\$ 4,646)$ | (\$239) | \$644 |
| Revenue | \$144,085 | \$135,074 | $(\$ 9,011)$ | $(\$ 5,122)$ | $(\$ 3,885)$ | (\$4) | \$0 |
| State | \$15,998 | \$16,042 | \$44 | \$0 | \$44 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transportation | \$20,425 | \$17,765 | $(\$ 2,660)$ | \$0 | $(\$ 1,957)$ | (\$703) | \$0 |
| Treasury | \$3,720 | \$3,446 | (\$274) | (\$252) | (\$22) | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL | \$3,085,372 | \$2,930,080 | (\$155,292) | $(\$ 105,227)$ | (\$13,710) | (\$25,602) | (\$10,753) |

[^0]
## HEALTH, LIFE, AND DENTAL (HLD)

Each department's Health, Life, and Dental (HLD) appropriation is designed to cover the State's premium contribution for each employee's HLD insurance election. The State offers four categories of coverage for medical and dental insurance: Employee Only, Employee plus Children, Employee plus Spouse, and Family.

The Department of Personnel \& Administration contracts with a benefits actuary to provide an estimate of how insurance benefits should be funded in the subsequent budget year. The actuary analyzes the previous fiscal year's statewide and industry trends in healthcare costs to make a recommendation. This information is not available until December of each year, so if necessary, the Department may submit a FY 2018-19 budget amendment with revised figures in January 2018. The request amounts shown for HLD should be considered a placeholder for the future budget amendment.

For the FY 2018-19 total compensation request, the estimated health contribution rates represent the total combined potential premium increase to both employer and employee contributions. The following table shows the placeholder amounts that are included in the November 1 request for FY 2018-19 for Health, Life and Dental.

| FY 2018-19 Health and Dental Monthly State Contributions by Tier and Plan |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Plan | Tier | Tier Description | Health | Dental | Life |
| United Healthcare HDHP | 1 | Employee | \$526.25 | \$25.92 | \$9.02 |
|  | 2 | Employee + Spouse | \$989.73 | \$42.62 | \$9.02 |
|  | 3 | Employee + Child(ren) | \$979.99 | \$46.44 | \$9.02 |
|  | 4 | Family | \$1,395.73 | \$62.22 | \$9.02 |
| United Healthcare Co-Pay | 1 | Employee | \$530.47 | \$25.92 | \$9.02 |
|  | 2 | Employee + Spouse | \$998.59 | \$42.62 | \$9.02 |
|  | 3 | Employee + Child(ren) | \$988.01 | \$46.44 | \$9.02 |
|  | 4 | Family | \$1,408.39 | \$62.22 | \$9.02 |
| Kaiser Permanente HDHP | 1 | Employee | \$469.06 | \$25.92 | \$9.02 |
|  | 2 | Employee + Spouse | \$879.67 | \$42.62 | \$9.02 |
|  | 3 | Employee + Child(ren) | \$871.39 | \$46.44 | \$9.02 |
|  | 4 | Family | \$1,239.63 | \$62.22 | \$9.02 |
| Kaiser Permanente Co-Pay | 1 | Employee | \$531.05 | \$25.92 | \$9.02 |
|  | 2 | Employee + Spouse | \$1,007.97 | \$42.62 | \$9.02 |
|  | 3 | Employee + Child(ren) | \$987.50 | \$46.44 | \$9.02 |
|  | 4 | Family | \$1,422.24 | \$62.22 | \$9.02 |

## HLD CALCULATION DETAIL

The budget request is based on employee health and dental elections by tier and by plan as of July 2017. The example below shows an employee enrolled in United Healthcare's High Deductible Health Plan tier one for health benefits and the basic dental tier one benefits. All employees receive the state paid life insurance benefit. To determine the request amounts, this calculation is completed and annualized for every benefit-eligible employee in each department.

| Calculation Detail - HLD |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Tier 1 Health (United Healthcare - HDHP) | $\$ 526.25$ |
| + Tier 1 Dental (Basic) | $\$ 25.92$ |
| + Life | $\$ 9.02$ |
| = Monthly State HLD Contribution Request <br> (one employee) | $\$ 561.19$ |

## FY 2018-19 HLD DEPARTMENT FUNDING REQUESTS

| SUMMARY FOR HEALTH LIFE DENTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Total Request | FY 2018-19 Total Base Adj | GF | CF | RF | FF |
| Agriculture | \$2,409,997 | \$2,712,303 | \$302,306 | \$133,728 | \$183,112 | \$0 | (\$14,534) |
| Corrections | \$54,108,968 | \$55,775,526 | \$1,666,558 | \$1,556,187 | \$110,372 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Education | \$5,180,585 | \$5,446,454 | \$265,869 | \$65,522 | \$108,823 | \$14,211 | \$77,313 |
| Governor's Office | \$9,678,425 | \$10,410,864 | \$732,439 | \$415,970 | $(\$ 42,525)$ | \$299,372 | \$59,622 |
| HCPF | \$3,637,126 | \$4,639,956 | \$1,002,830 | \$367,755 | $(\$ 46,802)$ | \$31,500 | \$650,378 |
| Higher Education | \$1,872,206 | \$2,294,305 | \$422,099 | \$140,070 | \$191,667 | (\$243) | \$90,604 |
| Human Services | \$35,626,745 | \$44,447,022 | \$8,820,277 | \$2,911,907 | \$3,083,723 | \$188,472 | \$2,636,176 |
| Judicial * | \$40,498,042 | \$43,543,449 | \$3,045,407 | \$2,911,334 | \$134,073 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Labor and Employment | \$10,787,604 | \$11,709,546 | \$921,942 | \$12,989 | \$886,396 | \$13,851 | \$8,707 |
| Law | \$4,100,333 | \$4,489,835 | \$389,502 | \$88,761 | \$122,845 | \$137,412 | \$40,485 |
| Legislature * | \$3,114,086 | \$3,116,175 | \$2,089 | \$2,089 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Affairs | \$1,616,584 | \$1,670,124 | \$53,540 | $(\$ 15,168)$ | \$6,582 | \$48,261 | \$13,865 |
| Military Affairs | \$1,099,477 | \$1,066,655 | $(\$ 32,822)$ | \$31,614 | \$4,049 | \$0 | $(\$ 68,485)$ |
| Natural Resources | \$14,157,819 | \$15,155,330 | \$997,511 | \$151,160 | \$812,074 | \$59,443 | $(\$ 25,167)$ |
| Personnel and Administration | \$3,524,252 | \$3,748,027 | \$223,775 | \$130,553 | \$59,417 | \$33,806 | \$0 |
| Public Health | \$11,622,144 | \$12,741,224 | \$1,119,080 | \$321,810 | \$338,029 | \$278,444 | \$180,797 |
| Public Safety | \$16,299,944 | \$18,259,698 | \$1,959,754 | \$428,393 | \$1,173,121 | \$391,434 | $(\$ 33,194)$ |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$4,591,610 | \$4,959,138 | \$367,528 | $(\$ 12,446)$ | \$294,806 | \$34,734 | \$50,433 |
| Revenue | \$11,848,685 | \$12,533,050 | \$684,365 | \$372,860 | \$316,978 | $(\$ 5,473)$ | \$0 |
| State | \$1,006,113 | \$1,215,553 | \$209,440 | \$0 | \$209,440 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transportation | \$1,332,161 | \$1,320,728 | $(\$ 11,433)$ | \$0 | \$49,573 | $(\$ 61,007)$ | \$0 |
| Treasury | \$298,256 | \$309,908 | \$11,652 | \$22,720 | $(\$ 11,068)$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL | \$238,411,162 | \$261,564,869 | \$23,153,706 | \$10,037,807 | \$7,984,685 | \$1,464,216 | \$3,666,998 |

*Non-Executive branch agencies are not required to submit budget proposals to the Governor's Office; agencies that did not submit budget proposals have been included and the estimated need and fund splits are based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill.

Note: The table above only includes the base request for FY 2018-19. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers above.

## OPERATING COMMON POLICIES

Operating common policies refer to an array of statewide services provided by the Department of Personnel \& Administration (DPA). Services include: Administrative Law Judge Services, Workers' Compensation, Payment to Risk Management and Property Funds, Capitol Complex Leased Space, and CORE Operations. Departments request appropriations to pay DPA for services through these five operating common policy line items, often centrally appropriated in the Executive Director's Office long bill group. DPA's appropriation reflects corresponding Reappropriated Funds spending authority in order to spend the moneys received from billing other agencies for services.

The requested amounts for operating common policies are calculated by the Department of Personnel \& Administration, based on the total estimated program need for FY 2018-19. The
requested amounts for the following operating common policy line items appear in departments' individual budget submissions.

## ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE SERVICES

The Colorado Office of Administrative Courts (OAC) was statutorily created in 1976 to provide an easily accessible, independent and cost-effective administrative law adjudication system in Colorado. The Office is one of 24 central panels of independent Administrative Law Judges (ALJ) in the United States, and provides administrative law hearings to over 50 State agencies, counties and other entities out of its three offices (Denver, Colorado Springs and Grand Junction).

The OAC conducts all workers' compensation merit hearings for the entire State; all public benefits cases (food stamps, Colorado Works/TANF, Medicaid, etc.); all professional licensing board work involving the denial, revocation, suspension or other discipline of holders of a professional license (such as doctors, nurses, architects, real estate brokers, engineers, etc.); teacher dismissal cases, and all Secretary of State cases where a citizen has filed a complaint under the Fair Campaign Practices Act. In addition, the Office conducts mediations and settlement conferences.

## FY 2018-19 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE ESTIMATED COSTS

For FY 2018-19, the Administrative Law Judge Services request includes a base adjustment to the ALJ line item for each department based on updated program expenditures anticipated for FY 2018-19.

The descriptions and table below provide the amount and rationale behind each of the request components and outlines any departure from the previously requested amounts or methodologies. The Department submits an adjustment for this common policy annually, based on actual use of ALJ services in the most recent completed fiscal year.

| FY 2018-19 Administrative Law Judge Request |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Description | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Request |
| Personal Services | $\$ 3,747,811$ | $\$ 3,870,332$ |
| Total Compensations Common Policies | $\$ 668,928$ | $\$ 711,804$ |
| Operating and OIT Common Policies | $\$ 964,065$ | $\$ 868,674$ |
| Operating Expenses | $\$ 202,439$ | $\$ 164,439$ |
| Indirect Costs | $\$ 194,278$ | $\$ 194,278$ |
| Salary Survey and Merit Expense | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Fund Balance Adjustment | $(\$ 31,365)$ | $\mathbf{( \$ 1 1 2 , 3 2 3 )}$ |
| Total | $\$ 5,746,156$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 , 6 9 7 , 2 0 4}$ |

- Personal Services: The amount requested for Personal Services accounts for the base building impact of Salary Survey and Merit Pay, if any.
- Total Compensation Common Policies: This includes funding for the ALJ program staff for the following: Health, Life, and Dental, Short-term Disability, AED, SAED, Salary Survey and Merit Pay.
- Operating and OIT Common Policies: This includes the program's need for the following centrally appropriated line items: Workers' Compensation, Legal Services, Payment to Risk Management and Property Funds, Leased Space, Capitol Complex Leased Space, Payments to OIT, and CORE Operations.
- Operating Expenses: A continuation level of funding has been requested for operating expenses.
- Indirect Costs: This represents the program's share of indirect costs for FY 2018-19.
- Fund Balance Adjustment: The fund balance adjustment is the mechanism by which the Department adjusts rates up or down to address any over/under collection from previous fiscal years. For the ALJ fund balance adjustment, eight and a quarter percent of base expenditures is requested as a reserve. The table below shows the calculation of the fund balance adjustment:

| FY 2018-19 Administrative Law Judge Fund Balance Projection |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Description | Amount |
| Final Fund Balance - FY17 Projected | $\$ 615,106$ |
| Projected FY18 Revenue | $\$ 5,746,156$ |
| Projected FY18 Expense | $\$ 5,900,042$ |
| Final Fund Balance - FY18 Proj. | $\$ 461,220$ |
| FY19 - Personal Services | $\$ 3,870,332$ |
| FY18 - Operating | $\$ 164,439$ |
| FY18 - Indirect Costs | $\$ 194,278$ |
| FY18 - Total Expenditure Base | $\$ 4,229,049$ |
| Targeted Fund Bal - 8.25\% of Exp Base | $\$ 348,897$ |
| Addition / (Reduction) Required to Reach Target | $\mathbf{( \$ 1 1 2 , 3 2 3 )}$ |

## ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE COST ALLOCATION TO DEPARTMENTS

The Administrative Law Judge Services allocations are based on utilization in the most recent fiscal year. This allocation methodology uses the sum of all personal services and operating expenditures projected for program operation (see FY 2018-19 Administrative Law Judge Request table) and allocates the cost proportionally by department, according to the prior fiscal year's actual ALJ Services usage.

| FY 2018-19 Administrative Law Judge Service Allocations for State Agencies |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | FY 2016-17 <br> Utilization | FY 2018-19 <br> Request | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Incremental <br> Need |
| Department of Agriculture | $0.13 \%$ | $\$ 7,137$ | $\$ 4,963$ | $\$ 2,174$ |
| Department of Corrections | $0.00 \%$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Department of Education | $3.70 \%$ | $\$ 210,726$ | $\$ 252,579$ | $(\$ 41,853)$ |
| Office of the Governor | $0.00 \%$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Department of Health Care Policy \& Finance | $10.47 \%$ | $\$ 596,700$ | $\$ 647,622$ | $(\$ 50,922)$ |
| Department of Higher Education | $0.02 \%$ | $\$ 1,296$ | $\$ 7,982$ | $(\$ 6,686)$ |
| Department of Human Services | $10.86 \%$ | $\$ 618,993$ | $\$ 652,018$ | $(\$ 33,025)$ |
| Judicial | $0.00 \%$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Department of Labor and Employment | $64.44 \%$ | $\$ 3,671,550$ | $\$ 3,774,323$ | $(\$ 102,773)$ |
| Department of Law | $0.10 \%$ | $\$ 5,803$ | $\$ 7,819$ | $(\$ 2,016)$ |
| Legislature | $0.00 \%$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Department of Local Affairs | $0.00 \%$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Department of Military Affairs | $0.00 \%$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Department of Natural Resources | $0.01 \%$ | $\$ 563$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 563$ |
| Department of Personnel and Administration | $0.05 \%$ | $\$ 2,874$ | $\$ 11,506$ | $(\$ 8,632)$ |
| Department of Public Health \& Environment | $0.77 \%$ | $\$ 43,610$ | $\$ 49,790$ | $(\$ 6,180)$ |
| Department of Public Safety | $0.00 \%$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Department of Regulatory Agencies | $6.95 \%$ | $\$ 395,778$ | $\$ 242,917$ | $\$ 152,861$ |
| Department of Revenue | $0.07 \%$ | $\$ 4,207$ | $\$ 11,303$ | $(\$ 7,096)$ |
| Department of State | $2.41 \%$ | $\$ 137,498$ | $\$ 79,557$ | $\$ 57,941$ |
| Department of Transportation | $0.01 \%$ | $\$ 469$ | $\$ 2,670$ | $(\$ 2,201)$ |
| Department of Treasury | $0.00 \%$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ | $\$ \mathbf{5 , 6 9 7 , 2 0 4}$ | $\$ \mathbf{5 , 7 4 5 , 0 4 9}$ | $\mathbf{( \$ 4 7 , 8 4 5 )}$ |

## FY 2018-19 ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE DEPARTMENT FUNDING REQUESTS

| Summary of FY 2018-19 Base Request for Administrative Law Judge |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Request } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Total Base } \\ \text { Adj } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | GF | CF | RF | FF |
| Agriculture | \$7,137 | \$2,174 | \$0 | \$2,174 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Education | \$210,726 | $(\$ 41,853)$ | \$0 | $(\$ 34,629)$ | $(\$ 7,224)$ | \$0 |
| Health Care Policy and Financing | \$596,700 | $(\$ 50,922)$ | (\$18,450) | $(\$ 5,245)$ | $(\$ 1,856)$ | (\$25,371) |
| Higher Education | \$1,296 | $(\$ 6,686)$ | \$0 | $(\$ 6,686)$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| Human Services | \$618,993 | $(\$ 33,025)$ | $(\$ 17,834)$ | \$0 | $(\$ 15,191)$ | \$0 |
| Labor and Employment | \$3,671,550 | $(\$ 102,773)$ | (\$243) | (\$101,908) | \$0 | (\$622) |
| Law | \$5,803 | $(\$ 2,016)$ | \$0 | $(\$ 2,016)$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| Natural Resources | \$563 | \$563 | \$0 | \$563 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Personnel and Administration | \$2,874 | $(\$ 8,632)$ | \$0 | $(\$ 8,632)$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| Public Health and Environment | \$43,610 | $(\$ 6,180)$ | \$0 | \$0 | (\$6,180) | \$0 |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$395,778 | \$152,861 | \$7,011 | \$145,850 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Revenue | \$4,207 | $(\$ 7,096)$ | \$0 | $(\$ 7,096)$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| State | \$137,498 | \$57,941 | \$0 | \$57,941 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transportation | \$469 | $(\$ 2,201)$ | \$0 | $(\$ 2,201)$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL | \$5,697,204.00 | (\$47,845) | (\$29,516) | \$38,115 | (\$30,451) | (\$25,993) |

Note: The table above only includes the base request for FY 2018-19. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers above. Fund Splits have been estimated based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill

## WORKERS' COMPENSATION

This line item provides funding for payments made to the Department of Personnel \& Administration (DPA) to support the State's Workers' Compensation program. This is part of the State's self-funded property, liability, and workers' compensation insurance programs managed by DPA's Risk Management Unit.

## FY 2018-19 WORKERS' COMPENSATION ESTIMATED COSTS

## Calculation Methodology

Each year, the Department contracts with an actuary to estimate two primary components of the overall workers' compensation allocations for each department. First, the actuary estimates the total current liability the State is facing based on a three year analysis of actual losses and/or claims by each department. Next, the actuary estimates the allocation for each department as a percent of the total.

Once the Department obtains the estimates from the actuary, calculations to determine the allocable cost pool begin. The allocable pool is determined by adding estimated overhead costs, program and policy costs, and a fund balance adjustment. Finally, the actuary's allocations are applied to the allocable pool.

## Overhead Costs

The following table shows the development of the overhead costs for the Risk Management Unit, which includes the workers' compensation, property, and liability programs. The Department allocates the overhead costs to each program proportionally, based on the total estimated personal services expenditures for each program. The descriptions below provide additional information on the components of the request.

| Calculation of Program Overhead for FY 2018-19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Description | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Request | Liability | Property | Workers' <br> Comp |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overhead Allocation \% |  | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 . 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 . 4 \%}$ |
| Personal Services | $\$ 767,321$ | $\$ 767,321$ | $\$ 313,360$ | $\$ 97,858$ | $\$ 356,103$ |
| Total Compensation Common Policies | $\$ 163,201$ | $\$ 182,978$ | $\$ 74,725$ | $\$ 23,336$ | $\$ 84,918$ |
| Operating and OIT Common Policies | $\$ 212,591$ | $\$ 163,000$ | $\$ 66,566$ | $\$ 20,788$ | $\$ 75,646$ |
| Operating Expenses | $\$ 62,539$ | $\$ 62,539$ | $\$ 25,540$ | $\$ 7,976$ | $\$ 29,023$ |
| Indirect Costs | $\underline{\$ 214,251}$ | $\underline{\$ 214,251}$ | $\underline{\$ 87,496}$ | $\underline{\$ 27,324}$ | $\underline{\$ 99,431}$ |
| Total Program Overhead | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 4 1 , 9 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 9 0 , 0 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 6 7 , 6 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 7 7 , 2 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 4 5 , 1 2 1}$ |

- Personal Services: The amount requested for Personal Services accounts for the base building impact of Salary Survey and Merit Pay, if any.
- Total Compensation Common Policies: This includes funding for program staff for the following: Health, Life, and Dental, Short-term Disability, AED, SAED, Salary Survey and Merit Pay.
- Operating and OIT Common Policies: This includes the program's need for the following centrally appropriated line items: Workers' Compensation, Payment to Risk Management and Property Funds, Leased Space, Capitol Complex Leased Space, Payments to OIT, and CORE Operations.
- Operating Expenses: The Department requests a continuation level of funding for operating expenses.
- Indirect Costs: This represents the program's share of indirect costs for FY 2018-19.


## Program and Policy Costs

The following table details the Workers' Compensation program and policy costs for FY 2018-19, including the overhead expenses as determined above in the Calculation of Program Overhead for FY 2018-19 table.

| Workers' Compensation Program and Policy Costs |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Request } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| (C) Risk Management Services |  |  |
| Program Overhead Expenses | \$670,194 | \$645,121 |
| Actuarial and Broker Services | \$37,500 | \$37,500 |
| RMIS Service Fees | \$64,434 | \$64,434 |
| Total Risk Management Program Administration | \$772,128 | \$747,055 |
| (4) Workers' Compensation |  |  |
| Workers' Compensation Claims | \$35,712,576 | \$36,319,344 |
| Workers' Compensation TPA Fees and Loss Control | \$2,450,000 | \$2,450,000 |
| TPA Fees | \$2,400,000 | \$2,400,000 |
| Loss Control Incentives | \$50,000 | \$50,000 |
| Total Workers' Compensation Excess Policy | \$751,657 | \$781,639 |
| Excess Policy | \$599,657 | \$629,639 |
| CDLE Permit | \$2,000 | \$2,000 |
| CDLE Surcharge | \$150,000 | \$150,000 |
| Workers' Compensation Legal Services | \$2,380,838 | \$2,318,256 |
| DHS Prior Year Claim Payouts | \$80,000 | \$80,000 |
| Adjustment to Targeted Fund Balance | (\$7,363,341) | (\$3,906,413) |
| Total Workers' Compensation Allocations | \$34,783,858 | \$38,789,881 |

The following text provides a brief description of each component and any considerable changes to the amount or methodology from prior submissions.

- Total Risk Management Program Administration: This includes the Workers' Compensation portion of program overhead, Broker Fees incurred by the State for an independent broker to source the various excess policies required by the State, and Risk Management Information System (RMIS) Service Fees represent the costs incurred by the State for its tracking system.
- Workers' Compensation Claims: This amount is actuarially determined for each fiscal year according to prior years' loss experiences, including severity and frequency.
- Workers' Compensation TPA Fees and Loss Control: This includes third-party administrator (TPA) fees incurred for having a third-party administer workers' compensation

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$$

claims filed against the State. Loss Control Incentives represents funding to implement and maintain various loss control programs throughout State agencies. Information about these programs can be accessed on DPA's website (https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/dhr/safety-loss-control).

- Workers' Compensation Excess Policy: The excess workers' compensation policy limits the amount of the State's financial exposure in any one workers' compensation occurrence to $\$ 10$ million and provides coverage for the next $\$ 50$ million. The Department of Labor \& Employment Permit Fee pays an annual self-insured workers' compensation permit, required by CDLE. The CDLE Surcharge is a self-insured employer fee, used to fund the subsequent injury fund. The surcharge is based on payroll and the types of jobs performed by State employees.
- Workers' Compensation Legal Services: This cost represents the amount of money the Department anticipates spending to have legal representation for workers' compensation claims, as well as expenses for expert opinions regarding workers' compensation. For FY 2018-19 this amount is also estimated by DPA's actuary.
- Adjustment to Targeted Fund Balance: The following table shows the calculation of the target fund balance adjustment. The Department uses the year end fund balance for the most recent fiscal year, then adds anticipated revenues and subtracts anticipated expenditures for the current fiscal year and request year to calculate the fund balance adjustment. For FY 2018-19, the Department requests a reserve balance of five percent of the total projected expenditures from the Workers' Compensation Fund, plus ten percent of the prospective claims payouts.

| Workers' Compensation Fund Balance Adjustment |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| FY 2016-17 End-of-Year Fund Balance | $17,036,503$ |
| FY 2017-18 Expenditure Estimate | $(42,147,199)$ |
| FY 2017-18 Agency Billings | $34,783,858$ |
| FY 2018-19 Estimated End-of-Year Fund Balance | $9,673,162$ |
| Targeted Fund Balance \%'s | $5 \% / 10 \%$ |
| TARGET FUND BALANCE FY 2018-19 | $5,766,749$ |
| Increase / (Decrease) to Common Policy Request | $(\$ 3,906,413)$ |

## WORKERS' COMPENSATION COST ALLOCATION TO DEPARTMENTS

The allocations to State agencies for workers' compensation are determined by the Department's actuary. The actuary performs an analysis of loss history and forecasted trends to determine the appropriation allocations of the total risk pool. The Department of Human Services request includes a prior year claim amount each fiscal year in addition to the amount from the actuarial study to cover institutions not originally covered by Pinnacol Assurance. The following tables show the allocated percentages as well as the total amount allocated to each department or institution for FY 2018-19.

| FY 2018-19 Workens ${ }^{\prime}$ Compensation Allocations for All State Agencies |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
|  | Code | \% Allocation | \$ Base Allocation |
| Agriculture | AG | $0.6510 \%$ | $\$ 252,522$ |
| Corrections | CO | $19.1210 \%$ | $\$ 7,417,013$ |
| Education | ED | $1.3390 \%$ | $\$ 519,397$ |
| Governor's Office | EX | $1.1580 \%$ | $\$ 449,187$ |
| Health Care Policy \& Finance | HC | $0.2550 \%$ | $\$ 98,914$ |
| Higher Education | HE | $9.6730 \%$ | $\$ 3,752,145$ |
| Human Services | HS |  |  |
|  |  | $25.5270 \%$ | $\$ 9,821,893$ |
| Cost Allocation Share |  |  | $\$ 80,000$ |
| Prior Year Claims |  |  | $\$ 9,901,893$ |
| Human Services subtotal | JD | $4.7170 \%$ | $\$ 1,829,719$ |
| Judicial | LA | $2.3000 \%$ | $\$ 892,168$ |
| Labor \& Employment | LW | $0.4890 \%$ | $\$ 189,683$ |
| Law | LE | $0.0700 \%$ | $\$ 27,153$ |
| Legislature | LO | $0.3920 \%$ | $\$ 152,057$ |
| Local Affairs | MA | $0.3960 \%$ | $\$ 153,608$ |
| Military Affairs | NR | $4.0100 \%$ | $\$ 1,555,474$ |
| Natural Resources | GS | $0.8930 \%$ | $\$ 346,394$ |
| Personnel | PH | $1.4990 \%$ | $\$ 581,460$ |
| Public Health | PS | $8.2600 \%$ | $\$ 3,204,044$ |
| Public Safety | RG | $0.4960 \%$ | $\$ 192,398$ |
| Regulatory Agencies | RV | $2.7990 \%$ | $\$ 1,085,728$ |
| Revenue | ST | $0.0830 \%$ | $\$ 32,195$ |
| Secretary of State | HI | $15.8670 \%$ | $\$ 6,154,790$ |
| Transportation | TR | $0.0050 \%$ | $\$ 1,939$ |
| Treasury |  | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ | $\$ 38,789,881$ |
| Allocation Totals |  |  |  |


| FY 2018-19 Workers' Compensation Allocations for Higher Education |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency | Code | \% Allocation | \$ Base Allocation |
| Arapahoe Community College | AR | $3.234 \%$ | $\$ 121,344$ |
| Auraria Higher Education Center | AU | $5.291 \%$ | $\$ 198,526$ |
| College Access Network | GL | $0.252 \%$ | $\$ 9,455$ |
| College Invest | OB | $0.268 \%$ | $\$ 10,056$ |
| Colorado Commis sion on Higher Education | HE | $0.926 \%$ | $\$ 34,745$ |
| Colorado State University - Pueblo | SC | $10.880 \%$ | $\$ 408,233$ |
| Community College of Aurora | CA | $3.545 \%$ | $\$ 133,014$ |
| Community College System | CC | $3.795 \%$ | $\$ 142,394$ |
| CSU - Global | CG | $0.857 \%$ | $\$ 32,156$ |
| Denver Community College | CD | $5.327 \%$ | $\$ 199,877$ |
| Front Range Community College | FR | $12.240 \%$ | $\$ 459,263$ |
| History Colorado | HS | $1.161 \%$ | $\$ 43,562$ |
| Lamar Community College | LA | $1.857 \%$ | $\$ 69,677$ |
| Metropolitan State University of Denver | ME | $11.960 \%$ | $\$ 448,757$ |
| Morgan Community College | MO | $1.385 \%$ | $\$ 51,967$ |
| Northeastern Junior College | NE | $1.885 \%$ | $\$ 70,728$ |
| Northwestern Community College | NW | $1.413 \%$ | $\$ 53,018$ |
| Otero Junior College | OT | $3.280 \%$ | $\$ 123,070$ |
| Pikes Peak Community College | PP | $11.349 \%$ | $\$ 425,830$ |
| Private Occupational | PS | $0.055 \%$ | $\$ 2,064$ |
| Pueblo Community College | PV | $6.289 \%$ | $\$ 235,972$ |
| Red Rocks Community College | RR | $8.526 \%$ | $\$ 319,908$ |
| Trinidad State Junior College | TR | $4.225 \%$ | $\$ 158,529$ |
| Allocation Totals |  | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ | $\$ 3,752,145$ |

## FY 2018-19 WORKERS' COMPENSATION DEPARTMENT FUNDING REQUESTS

| Summary for Workers' Compensation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { FY 2018- } \\ 19 \\ \text { Request } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Base Adj. | GF | CF | RF | FF |
| Agriculture | \$235,986 | \$252,522 | \$16,536 | \$2,347 | \$14,189 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Corrections | \$6,857,483 | \$7,417,013 | \$559,530 | \$541,849 | \$17,681 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Education | \$506,676 | \$519,397 | \$12,721 | \$5,682 | \$1,660 | \$860 | \$4,519 |
| Governor's Office | \$579,862 | \$449,187 | (\$130,675) | $(\$ 13,310)$ | \$0 | (\$117,365) | \$0 |
| Health Care Policy \& Finance | \$65,937 | \$98,914 | \$32,977 | \$11,949 | \$3,396 | \$1,202 | \$16,430 |
| Higher Education | \$3,296,867 | \$3,752,145 | \$455,278 | \$0 | \$318,694 | \$136,584 | \$0 |
| Human Services | \$8,596,146 | \$9,821,893 | \$1,225,747 | \$661,903 | \$0 | \$563,844 | \$0 |
| Judicial | \$1,471,444 | \$1,829,719 | \$358,275 | \$358,275 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Labor \& Employment | \$617,729 | \$892,168 | \$274,439 | \$23,299 | \$108,479 | \$3,504 | \$139,157 |
| Law | \$128,404 | \$189,683 | \$61,279 | \$17,147 | \$8,220 | \$34,317 | \$1,595 |
| Legislature* | \$17,352 | \$27,153 | \$9,801 | \$9,801 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Affairs | \$124,934 | \$152,057 | \$27,123 | \$25,086 | \$907 | \$1,130 | \$0 |
| Military Affairs | \$124,934 | \$153,608 | \$28,674 | \$13,782 | \$0 | \$0 | \$14,892 |
| Natural Resources | \$1,270,162 | \$1,555,474 | \$285,312 | \$9,235 | \$274,322 | \$1,712 | \$43 |
| Personnel | \$235,986 | \$346,394 | \$110,408 | \$30,044 | \$11,618 | \$68,746 | \$0 |
| Public Health | \$478,913 | \$581,460 | \$102,547 | \$0 | \$0 | \$102,547 | \$0 |
| Public Safety | \$3,043,528 | \$3,204,044 | \$160,516 | \$0 | \$140,051 | \$20,465 | \$0 |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$131,874 | \$192,398 | \$60,524 | \$2,284 | \$54,484 | \$3,036 | \$720 |
| Revenue | \$985,589 | \$1,085,728 | \$100,139 | \$40,384 | \$59,755 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Secretary of State * | \$21,345 | \$32,195 | \$10,850 | \$0 | \$10,850 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transportation | \$5,927,419 | \$6,154,790 | \$227,371 | \$0 | \$227,371 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Treasury * | \$0 | \$1,939 | \$1,939 | \$1,939 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL | \$34,718,570 | \$38,709,881 | \$3,991,311 | \$1,741,696 | \$1,251,678 | \$820,582 | \$177,356 |

Note: Fund splits are estimates based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill. The table above only includes the base request for FY 201819. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers above.
*Includes non-appropriated institutions of Higher Education. Fund splits are estimates only.

## PAYMENTS TO RISK MANAGEMENT AND PROPERTY FUNDS

The Risk Management Unit is located within the Department of Personnel \& Administration's Division of Human Resources. It manages the State's self-funded property, liability, and workers' compensation insurance programs. The State's Payment to Risk Management and Property Funds common policy consists of two programs: the Liability Program and the Property Program.

The Liability Program manages claims and lawsuits filed against the State for negligence in occurrences such as automobile accidents, employment discrimination, and road maintenance. During a typical year, approximately 1,800 liability claims are filed against the State, most of which are dismissed due to the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act (CGIA). The majority of expenditures from the Liability Premiums line item are related to federal law, where the focus is on civil rights and employment discrimination. For individual departments, the liability portion of department-wide expenditures is caught in the Payment to Risk Management and Property Funds line item, which also includes the Property Premiums described below.

The Property Program manages the State's incurred costs for self-insured property exposures (e.g., floods, wind, fires, and theft). The Risk Management Unit administers large policy deductibles, and pursuant to statute, State agencies and institutions of higher education pay the first $\$ 5,000$ per claim. Policy premiums are allocated to State agencies and institutions of higher education based on pro-rata building and content values.

By industry standards, the State of Colorado is considered self-insured as it covers the liability for losses in these areas at least up to the first $\$ 100,000$, though many losses are covered to a considerably higher limit. The excess policies carried by the State protect it from extreme cases where a particular loss could jeopardize the overall solvency of the risk management funds.

## FY 2018-19 ESTIMATED COSTS - LIABILITY

## Calculation Methodology

The Department contracts with an actuary to estimate two primary components of the liability allocations for each department. First, the actuary estimates the total current liability the State is facing based upon a multi-year analysis of actual losses and/or claims by each department. Second, using the same loss/claim data, the actuary estimates the allocation for each department as a percentage of the total liability.

Once the Department has the actuary's estimates, calculations to determine the allocable cost pool begin. The allocable pool is determined by adding estimated overhead costs, program and policy costs, and a fund balance adjustment. Finally, the actuary's allocations are applied to the allocable pool.

## Overhead Costs

The following table shows the development of the overhead costs for the Risk Management Unit, which includes the workers' compensation, property, and liability programs. The Department allocates the overhead costs to each program proportionally, based on the total estimated personal services expenditures for each program. Please refer to the Workers' Compensation Calculation of Program Overhead section for a description of each component included in the table.

| Calculation of Program Overhead for FY 2018-19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Description | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Request | Liability | Property | Workers' <br> Comp |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overhead Allocation \% |  | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 . 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 . 4 \%}$ |
| Personal Services | $\$ 767,321$ | $\$ 767,321$ | $\$ 313,360$ | $\$ 97,858$ | $\$ 356,103$ |
| Total Compensation Common Policies | $\$ 163,201$ | $\$ 182,978$ | $\$ 74,725$ | $\$ 23,336$ | $\$ 84,918$ |
| Operating and OIT Common Policies | $\$ 212,591$ | $\$ 163,000$ | $\$ 66,566$ | $\$ 20,788$ | $\$ 75,646$ |
| Operating Expenses | $\$ 62,539$ | $\$ 62,539$ | $\$ 25,540$ | $\$ 7,976$ | $\$ 29,023$ |
| Indirect Costs | $\underline{\$ 214,251}$ | $\underline{\$ 214,251}$ | $\underline{\$ 87,496}$ | $\underline{\$ 27,324}$ | $\$ 99,431$ |
| Total Program Overhead | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 4 1 9 , 9 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 9 0 , 0 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 6 7 , 6 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 7 7 , 2 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 4 5 , 1 2 1}$ |

## Program and Policy Costs

The following table details Liability Program and Policy Costs for the FY 2018-19, including the overhead expenses as determined above, in the Calculation of Program Overhead for FY 2018-19 table.

| Liability Program and Policy Costs |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Description | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Request |
| (C) Risk Management Services |  |  |
| Program Overhead Expenses | $\$ 545,243$ | $\$ 567,687$ |
| Total Actuarial and Broker Services | $\$ 32,073$ | $\$ 32,073$ |
| Risk Management Information System | $\underline{464,434}$ | $\underline{\$ 64,434}$ |
| Total Risk Management Program Administration | $\$ \mathbf{6 4 1 , 7 5 0}$ | $\$ \mathbf{6 6 4 , 1 9 4}$ |
| 2) Liability | $\$ 5,492,182$ | $\$ 4,915,029$ |
| Liability Claims | $\$ 363,825$ | $\$ 382,000$ |
| Liability Excess Policy | $\$ 4,556,435$ | $\$ 4,606,572$ |
| Liability Legal Services | $\mathbf{\$ 1 0 , 4 1 2 , 4 4 2}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 9 , 9 0 3 , 6 0 1}$ |
| Total Liability | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 4 6 3 , 9 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 5 1 4 , 6 2 9}$ |
| C-SEAP Funding | $\mathbf{\$ 2 1 8 , 1 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{( \$ 3 , 3 0 8 , 6 2 6}$ |
| Adjustment to Targeted Fund Balance | $\mathbf{\$ 1 2 , 7 3 6 , 2 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 8 , 7 7 3 , 7 9 8}$ |
| Total Liability Allocations |  |  |

The following text provides a brief description of each component and any considerable changes to the amount or methodology from prior submissions.

- Total Risk Management Program Administration: This includes program overhead, Broker Fees incurred by the State for an independent broker to source the various excess policies required by the State, and RMIS Service Fees represent the costs incurred by the State for its tracking system.
- Liability Claims: This value is actuarially determined for the Department on an annual basis. The State's actuary takes into account previous loss experience and a number of other historical and forecasted trends to develop this figure.
- Liability Excess Policy: This policy exists to protect the State from any auto-related liability incurred outside of the State or claims brought in federal court. Inside the State, the State's liability is limited to $\$ 600,000$ by the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act. The cost represented in the table is the value the Department anticipates paying for this coverage in FY 2018-19.
- Liability Legal Services: The legal expenses line is estimated by the Department's actuary and presented in its report to the State each year. This appropriation is necessary to defend the State against liability lawsuits in which it is named as the defendant.
- C-SEAP Funding: Beginning in FY 2013-14, the funding for the Colorado State Employee Assistance Program was transitioned from the Workers' Compensation allocations to the Liability allocations. A detailed calculation for C-SEAP funding is provided below.

| Calculation of FY 2018-19 CSEAP Funding Request |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Description | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Request |
| Personal Services | $\$ 757,481$ | $\$ 837,330$ |
| Total Compensation Common Policies | $\$ 208,009$ | $\$ 211,258$ |
| Operating Expenses | $\$ 53,075$ | $\$ 53,794$ |
| Operating Common Policies | $\$ 280,755$ | $\$ 247,633$ |
| Indirect Costs | $\$ 164,614$ | $\$ 164,614$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 4 6 3 , 9 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 5 1 4 , 6 2 9}$ |

- Adjustment to Targeted Fund Balance: The following table shows the calculation of the target fund balance adjustment. The Department uses the year end fund balance for the most recent fiscal year, then adds anticipated revenues and subtracts anticipated expenditures for the current fiscal year and request year to calculate the fund balance adjustment. For FY 2018-19, the Department requests a reserve balance of five percent of the total projected expenditures from the Liability Fund, plus ten percent of the prospective claims payouts.

| Liability Fund Balance Adjustment |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| FY 2016-17 End-of-Year Fund Balance | $4,194,236$ |
| FY 2017-18 Expenditure Estimate | $(12,601,943)$ |
| FY 2017-18 Agency Billings | $12,736,226$ |
| FY 2018-19 Estimated End-of-Year Fund Balance | $4,328,519$ |
| Targeted Fund Balance \%'s | $5 \% / 10 \%$ |
| TARGET FUND BALANCE FY 2018-19 | $\$ 1,019,893$ |
| Increase / (Decrease) to Common Policy Request | $(\$ 3,308,626)$ |

## FY 2018-19 ESTIMATED COSTS - PROPERTY

## Calculation Methodology

The Department surveys state agencies annually to determine the total value of the State's building and building contents. Allocations are assigned proportionally, based on a department's or institution's percentage of assets or holdings relative to the State's total asset pool.

Once the Department has determined the property allocations, calculations to determine the allocable cost pool begin. The allocable pool is determined by adding estimated overhead costs, program and policy costs, and a fund balance adjustment. Finally, the property allocations are applied to the allocable pool.

## Overhead Costs

The following table shows the development of the overhead costs for the Risk Management Unit, which includes the workers' compensation, property, and liability programs. The Department allocates the overhead costs to each program proportionally, based on the total estimated personal services expenditures for each program. Please refer to the Workers' Compensation Calculation of Program Overhead section for a description of each component included in the table.

| Calculation of Program Overhead for FY 2018-19 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Description | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Request | Liability | Property | Workers' <br> Comp |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Overhead Allocation \% |  | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 . 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 . 8 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 6 . 4 \%}$ |
| Personal Services | $\$ 767,321$ | $\$ 767,321$ | $\$ 313,360$ | $\$ 97,858$ | $\$ 356,103$ |
| Total Compensation Common Policies | $\$ 163,201$ | $\$ 182,978$ | $\$ 74,725$ | $\$ 23,336$ | $\$ 84,918$ |
| Operating and OIT Common Policies | $\$ 212,591$ | $\$ 163,000$ | $\$ 66,566$ | $\$ 20,788$ | $\$ 75,646$ |
| Operating Expenses | $\$ 62,539$ | $\$ 62,539$ | $\$ 25,540$ | $\$ 7,976$ | $\$ 29,023$ |
| Indirect Costs | $\underline{\$ 214,251}$ | $\underline{\$ 214,251}$ | $\underline{\$ 87,496}$ | $\underline{\$ 27,324}$ | $\underline{\$ 99,431}$ |
| Total Program Overhead | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 4 1 9 , 9 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 , 3 9 0 , 0 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 5 6 7 , 6 8 7}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 7 7 , 2 8 1}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 6 4 5 , 1 2 1}$ |

## Program and Policy Costs

The following table details the total FY 2018-19 costs for the Property Program, including the overhead expenses as determined above, in the Calculation of Program Overhead for FY 2018-19 table.

| Property Program and Policy Costs |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Request } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| (C) Risk Management Services |  |  |
| Program Overhead Expenses | \$204,466 | \$177,281 |
| Actuarial and Broker Services | \$187,427 | \$187,427 |
| RMIS Service Fees | \$64,434 | \$64,434 |
| Total Risk Management Program Administration | \$456,327 | \$429,142 |
| (3) Property |  |  |
| Property Policies | \$5,449,696 | \$5,691,679 |
| Property \& Boiler Policies | \$4,839,678 | \$5,081,661 |
| Terrorism Premium | \$0 | \$0 |
| Flood Zone A Premiums | \$230,000 | \$230,000 |
| Crime Policy | \$380,018 | \$380,018 |
| Policy Deductibles and Payouts | \$2,860,000 | \$5,800,000 |
| Adjustment to Targeted Fund Balance | \$3,190,501 | (\$1,314,519) |
| Total Property Allocations | \$11,956,524 | \$10,606,302 |

The following text provides a brief description of each component and any considerable changes to the amount or methodology from prior submissions.

- Total Risk Management Program Administration: This includes program overhead, Broker Fees incurred by the State for an independent broker to source the various excess policies required by the State, and RMIS Service Fees represent the costs incurred by the State for it tracking system.
- Property Policies: Property \& Boiler policies cover the State's approximately $\$ 9$ billion in buildings, assets, and real property from loss with a $\$ 500,000$ deductible. The terrorism premium funds a terrorism policy to secure the same type of coverage as offered under the Property \& Boiler policies for losses caused by acts of terrorism. Flood Zone Premiums represents the additional cost to the State for having insurance coverage for those properties within a flood zone. The crime policy allows the State to protect itself from employee acts of dishonesty including employee theft of money or property (physical or intellectual). For FY 2018-19 the Property \& Boiler Policies contract amount was increased due to a contract renewal and bid process.
- Policy Deductibles and Payouts: This is the estimated payout for residuals, required by the policies above. With the exception of incidents of losses over $\$ 500,000$, the State is self-funded for the majority of the claims filed under the property policy. For FY 2018-19, the Policy Deductibles and Payouts estimated cost was increased based on the FY 2016-17 actual payouts experienced.
- Adjustment to Targeted Fund Balance: The following table shows the calculation of the target fund balance adjustment. The Department uses the year end fund balance for the
most recent fiscal year, then adds anticipated revenues and subtracts anticipated expenditures for the current fiscal year and request year to calculate the fund balance adjustment. For FY 2018-19, the Department requests a reserve balance of five percent of the total projected expenditures from the Property Fund, plus ten percent of the prospective claims payouts.

| Property Fund Balance Adjustment |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| FY 2016-17 End-of-Year Fund Balance | $(699,941)$ |
| FY 2017-18 Expenditure Estimate | $(8,766,023)$ |
| FY 2017-18 Agency Billings | $11,956,524$ |
| FY 2018-19 Estimated End-of-Year Fund Balance | $2,490,560$ |
| Targeted Fund Balance \%'s | $5 \% / 10 \%$ |
| TARGET FUND BALANCE FY 2018-19 | $\$ 1,176,041$ |
| Increase / (Decrease) to Common Policy Request | $(\$ 1,314,519)$ |

## COST ALLOCATION TO DEPARTMENTS - LIABILITY AND PROPERTY

The following tables show the allocated percentages as well as the total amount allocated to each department or institution for FY 2018-19. The property and liability allocations are appropriated in a single line item; therefore, the Department has also provided a table to show the incremental calculation in total, and also a series of tables with the fund splits.

| FY 2018-19 Liability Allocations for State Agencies |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Agency | Code | \% Allocation | \$ Base Allocation |
| Agriculture | AG | $1.095 \%$ | $\$ 96,065$ |
| Corrections | CO | $23.463 \%$ | $\$ 2,058,559$ |
| Education | ED | $0.689 \%$ | $\$ 60,439$ |
| Governor's Office | EX | $2.341 \%$ | $\$ 205,396$ |
| Health Care Policy \& Finance | HC | $0.922 \%$ | $\$ 80,922$ |
| Higher Education | HE | $8.160 \%$ | $\$ 715,936$ |
| Human Services | HS | $9.112 \%$ | $\$ 799,479$ |
| Judicial | JD | $6.570 \%$ | $\$ 576,449$ |
| Labor \& Employment | LA | $0.997 \%$ | $\$ 87,503$ |
| Law | LW | $2.078 \%$ | $\$ 182,316$ |
| Legis lature | LE | $0.173 \%$ | $\$ 15,162$ |
| Local Affairs | LO | $0.390 \%$ | $\$ 34,218$ |
| Military Affairs | MA | $0.324 \%$ | $\$ 28,437$ |
| Natural Resources | NR | $3.390 \%$ | $\$ 297,390$ |
| Personnel | GS | $0.752 \%$ | $\$ 65,955$ |
| Public Health | PH | $1.448 \%$ | $\$ 127,082$ |
| Public Safety | PS | $11.702 \%$ | $\$ 1,026,736$ |
| Regulatory Agencies | RG | $1.431 \%$ | $\$ 125,593$ |
| Revenue | RV | $2.175 \%$ | $\$ 190,817$ |
| Secretary of State | ST | $1.051 \%$ | $\$ 92,207$ |
| Transportation | HI | $21.698 \%$ | $\$ 1,903,737$ |
| Treasury | TR | $0.039 \%$ | $\$ 3,400$ |
| Allocation Totals |  | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ | $\$ 8,773,798$ |


| FY 2018-19 Liability Allocations for Higher Education |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Agency | Code | \% Allocation | \$ Base Allocation |
| Arapahoe Community College | AR | $5.187 \%$ | $\$ 37,136$ |
| Auraria Higher Education Center | AU | $1.831 \%$ | $\$ 13,111$ |
| College Access Network | GL | $0.963 \%$ | $\$ 6,896$ |
| College Invest | OB | $0.465 \%$ | $\$ 3,330$ |
| Colorado Commis sion on Higher Education | HE | $0.955 \%$ | $\$ 6,835$ |
| Colorado State University - Pueblo | SC | $6.630 \%$ | $\$ 47,463$ |
| Community College of Aurora | CA | $2.607 \%$ | $\$ 18,668$ |
| Community College System | CC | $9.291 \%$ | $\$ 66,515$ |
| CSU - Global | CG | $3.315 \%$ | $\$ 23,731$ |
| Denver Community College | CD | $5.271 \%$ | $\$ 37,740$ |
| Front Range Community College | FR | $6.046 \%$ | $\$ 43,288$ |
| History Colorado | HS | $0.996 \%$ | $\$ 7,130$ |
| Lamar Community College | LA | $0.731 \%$ | $\$ 5,233$ |
| Metropolitan State University of Denver | ME | $31.099 \%$ | $\$ 222,650$ |
| Morgan Community College | MO | $1.019 \%$ | $\$ 7,297$ |
| Northeastern Junior College | NE | $1.614 \%$ | $\$ 11,555$ |
| Northwestern Community College | NW | $1.628 \%$ | $\$ 11,658$ |
| Otero Junior College | OT | $1.257 \%$ | $\$ 8,997$ |
| Pikes Peak Community College | PP | $8.602 \%$ | $\$ 61,588$ |
| Private Occupational | PS | $0.055 \%$ | $\$ 396$ |
| Pueblo Community College | PV | $4.199 \%$ | $\$ 30,064$ |
| Red Rocks Community College | RR | $4.100 \%$ | $\$ 29,353$ |
| Trinidad State Junior College | TR | $2.137 \%$ | $\$ 15,302$ |
| Allocation Totals |  | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ | $\$ 715,936$ |


| FY 2018-19 Property Allocations for State Agencies |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency | Code | Building \& Contents Value | \% Allocation | \$ Allocation |
| Agriculture | AG | \$81,150,258 | 0.86\% | \$91,318 |
| Corrections | CO | \$1,628,212,017 | 17.27\% | \$1,832,199 |
| Education | ED | \$72,153,466 | 0.77\% | \$81,193 |
| Governor's Office | EX | \$91,445,605 | 0.97\% | \$102,902 |
| Health Care Policy \& Finance | HC | \$4,046,765 | 0.04\% | \$4,554 |
| Higher Education | HE | \$2,937,133,547 | 31.16\% | \$3,305,106 |
| Human Services | HS | \$957,679,427 | 10.16\% | \$1,077,660 |
| Judicial | JD | \$183,639,850 | 1.95\% | \$206,647 |
| Labor \& Employment | LA | \$37,745,102 | 0.40\% | \$42,474 |
| Law | LW | \$6,419,716 | 0.07\% | \$7,224 |
| Legis lature | LE | \$5,594,609 | 0.06\% | \$6,296 |
| Local Affairs | LO | \$13,185,841 | 0.14\% | \$14,838 |
| Military Affairs | MA | \$118,158,522 | 1.25\% | \$132,962 |
| Natural Resources | NR | \$530,325,013 | 5.63\% | \$596,766 |
| Personnel | GS | \$689,620,348 | 7.32\% | \$776,018 |
| Public Health | PH | \$86,248,964 | 0.92\% | \$97,054 |
| Public Safety | PS | \$152,087,254 | 1.61\% | \$171,141 |
| Regulatory Agencies | RG | \$20,795,173 | 0.22\% | \$23,400 |
| Revenue | RV | \$45,191,740 | 0.48\% | \$50,853 |
| Secretary of State | ST | \$7,897,247 | 0.08\% | \$8,887 |
| Transportation | HI | \$1,756,532,762 | 18.64\% | \$1,976,596 |
| Treasury | TR | \$190,226 | 0.00\% | \$214 |
| Allocation Totals |  | \$9,425,453,452 | 100.00\% | \$10,606,302 |


| FY 2018-19 Estimated Property Allocations for Higher Education |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Agency | Code |  <br> Contents Value | \% Allocation | \$ Allocation |
| Arapahoe Community College | AR | $\$ 146,832,592$ | $4.999 \%$ | $\$ 165,228$ |
| Auraria Higher Education Center | AU | $\$ 699,664,302$ | $23.821 \%$ | $\$ 787,320$ |
| College Access Network | GL | $\$ 31,254$ | $0.001 \%$ | $\$ 35$ |
| College Invest | OB | $\$ 750,550$ | $0.026 \%$ | $\$ 845$ |
| Colorado Commission on Higher Education | HE | $\$ 556,225$ | $0.019 \%$ | $\$ 626$ |
| Colorado State University - Pueblo | SC | $\$ 357,959,628$ | $12.187 \%$ | $\$ 402,806$ |
| Community College of Aurora | CA | $\$ 42,365,456$ | $1.442 \%$ | $\$ 47,673$ |
| Denver Community College | CD | $\$ 37,158,610$ | $1.265 \%$ | $\$ 41,814$ |
| Front Range Community College | FR | $\$ 231,124,279$ | $7.869 \%$ | $\$ 260,080$ |
| History Colorado | HS | $\$ 134,939,553$ | $4.594 \%$ | $\$ 151,845$ |
| Lamar Community College | LA | $\$ 60,482,394$ | $2.059 \%$ | $\$ 68,060$ |
| Metropolitan State University of Denver | ME | $\$ 81,837,776$ | $2.786 \%$ | $\$ 92,091$ |
| Morgan Community College | MO | $\$ 52,144,625$ | $1.775 \%$ | $\$ 58,677$ |
| Northeastern Junior College | NE | $\$ 139,651,286$ | $4.755 \%$ | $\$ 157,147$ |
| Northwestern Community College | NW | $\$ 61,065,242$ | $2.079 \%$ | $\$ 68,716$ |
| Occupational Ed. Division | OE | $\$ 210,257,105$ | $7.159 \%$ | $\$ 236,599$ |
| Otero Junior College | OT | $\$ 74,489,727$ | $2.536 \%$ | $\$ 83,822$ |
| Pikes Peak Community College | PP | $\$ 194,368,616$ | $6.618 \%$ | $\$ 218,720$ |
| Pueblo Community College | PV | $\$ 153,962,835$ | $5.242 \%$ | $\$ 173,252$ |
| Red Rocks Community College | RR | $\$ 137,299,805$ | $4.675 \%$ | $\$ 154,501$ |
| Trinidad State Junior College | $\$ 120,191,688$ | $4.092 \%$ | $\$ 135,249$ |  |
| Allocation Totals | TR |  | $\$ \mathbf{2 , 9 3 7 , 1 3 3 , 5 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 . 0 0 \%}$ |

Combined Allocation for Payment to Risk Management and Property Funds
Payments to Risk Management and Property Fund Request FY 2018-19

| Department | Liability <br> Base Need | Property <br> Need | Total Liability + <br> Property | FY 2017-18 <br> Long Bill | Incremental <br> Adjustment |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Agriculture | $\$ 96,065$ | $\$ 91,318$ | $\$ 187,383$ | $\$ 209,448$ | $(\$ 22,065)$ |
| Corrections | $\$ 2,058,559$ | $\$ 1,832,199$ | $\$ 3,890,758$ | $\$ 5,020,275$ | $(\$ 1,129,517)$ |
| Education | $\$ 60,439$ | $\$ 81,193$ | $\$ 141,632$ | $\$ 152,910$ | $(\$ 11,278)$ |
| Governor's Office | $\$ 205,396$ | $\$ 102,902$ | $\$ 308,298$ | $\$ 391,627$ | $(\$ 83,329)$ |
| Health Care Policy \& Finance | $\$ 80,922$ | $\$ 4,554$ | $\$ 85,476$ | $\$ 128,274$ | $(\$ 42,798)$ |
| Higher Education | $\$ 715,936$ | $\$ 3,305,106$ | $\$ 4,021,042$ | $\$ 5,449,763$ | $(\$ 1,428,721)$ |
| Human Services | $\$ 799,479$ | $\$ 1,077,660$ | $\$ 1,877,139$ | $\$ 2,521,021$ | $(\$ 643,882)$ |
| Judicial | $\$ 576,449$ | $\$ 206,647$ | $\$ 783,096$ | $\$ 1,127,976$ | $(\$ 344,880)$ |
| Labor \& Employment | $\$ 87,503$ | $\$ 42,474$ | $\$ 129,977$ | $\$ 146,076$ | $(\$ 16,099)$ |
| Law | $\$ 182,316$ | $\$ 7,224$ | $\$ 189,540$ | $\$ 255,055$ | $(\$ 65,515)$ |
| Legislature | $\$ 15,162$ | $\$ 6,296$ | $\$ 21,458$ | $\$ 23,173$ | $(\$ 1,715)$ |
| Local Affairs | $\$ 34,218$ | $\$ 14,838$ | $\$ 49,056$ | $\$ 59,569$ | $(\$ 10,513)$ |
| Military Affairs | $\$ 28,437$ | $\$ 132,962$ | $\$ 161,399$ | $\$ 174,791$ | $(\$ 13,392)$ |
| Natural Resources | $\$ 297,390$ | $\$ 596,766$ | $\$ 894,156$ | $\$ 1,024,433$ | $(\$ 130,277)$ |
| Personnel | $\$ 65,955$ | $\$ 776,018$ | $\$ 841,973$ | $\$ 887,149$ | $(\$ 45,176)$ |
| Public Health | $\$ 127,082$ | $\$ 97,054$ | $\$ 224,136$ | $\$ 252,884$ | $(\$ 28,748)$ |
| Public Safety | $\$ 1,026,736$ | $\$ 171,141$ | $\$ 1,197,877$ | $\$ 1,900,191$ | $(\$ 702,314)$ |
| Regulatory Agencies | $\$ 125,593$ | $\$ 23,400$ | $\$ 148,993$ | $\$ 198,282$ | $(\$ 49,289)$ |
| Revenue | $\$ 190,817$ | $\$ 50,853$ | $\$ 241,670$ | $\$ 336,022$ | $(\$ 94,352)$ |
| Secretary of State | $\$ 92,207$ | $\$ 8,887$ | $\$ 101,094$ | $\$ 120,855$ | $(\$ 19,761)$ |
| Transportation | $\$ 1,903,737$ | $\$ 1,976,596$ | $\$ 3,880,333$ | $\$ 4,305,106$ | $(\$ 424,773)$ |
| Treasury | $\$ 3,400$ | $\$ 214$ | $\$ 3,614$ | $\$ 4,221$ | $(\$ 607)$ |
| Totals | $\$ 8,773,798$ | $\$ 10,606,302$ | $\$ 19,380,100$ | $\$ 24,689,101$ | $\mathbf{( \$ 5 , 3 0 9 , 0 0 1 )}$ |

## FY 2018-19 RISK MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT FUNDING REQUESTS

| Summary for Payments to Risk Management |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department | FY 2017-18 Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Request | Base Adj. | GF | CF | RF | FF |
| Agriculture | \$209,448 | \$187,383 | (\$22,065) | (\$9,919) | (\$12,146) | \$0 | \$0 |
| Corrections | \$5,020,275 | \$3,890,758 | (\$1,129,517) | (\$1,085,014) | (\$44,503) | \$0 | \$0 |
| Education | \$152,910 | \$141,632 | (\$11,278) | $(\$ 11,278)$ | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Governor's Office | \$391,627 | \$308,298 | $(\$ 83,329)$ | $(\$ 26,180)$ | \$0 | (\$57,149) | \$0 |
| Health Care Policy \& Finance | \$128,274 | \$85,476 | $(\$ 42,798)$ | (\$15,506) | (\$4,408) | (\$1,560) | (\$21,324) |
| Higher Education* | \$5,449,763 | \$4,021,042 | (\$1,428,721) | \$0 | (\$1,357,285) | (\$71,436) | \$0 |
| Human Services | \$2,521,021 | \$1,877,139 | $(\$ 643,882)$ | (\$347,696) | \$0 | (\$296,186) | \$0 |
| Judicial | \$1,127,976 | \$783,096 | $(\$ 344,880)$ | (\$344,880) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Labor \& Employment | \$146,076 | \$129,977 | $(\$ 16,099)$ | $(\$ 1,368)$ | $(\$ 6,363)$ | (\$205) | $(\$ 8,163)$ |
| Law | \$255,055 | \$189,540 | (\$65,515) | $(\$ 18,332)$ | $(\$ 8,788)$ | $(\$ 36,690)$ | (\$1,705) |
| Legislature | \$23,173 | \$21,458 | (\$1,715) | (\$1,715) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Affairs | \$59,569 | \$49,056 | (\$10,513) | $(\$ 9,786)$ | (\$638) | (\$89) | \$0 |
| Military Affairs | \$174,791 | \$161,399 | $(\$ 13,392)$ | $(\$ 13,392)$ | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Natural Resources | \$1,024,433 | \$894,156 | (\$130,277) | $(\$ 10,980)$ | (\$116,370) | $(\$ 1,685)$ | (\$1,242) |
| Personnel | \$887,149 | \$841,973 | $(\$ 45,176)$ | $(\$ 12,212)$ | (\$4,644) | $(\$ 28,320)$ | \$0 |
| Public Health | \$252,884 | \$224,136 | (\$28,748) | \$0 | \$0 | (\$28,748) | \$0 |
| Public Safety | \$1,900,191 | \$1,197,877 | (\$702,314) | \$0 | $(\$ 383,910)$ | (\$318,404) | \$0 |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$198,282 | \$148,993 | $(\$ 49,289)$ | (\$1,860) | (\$44,370) | $(\$ 2,472)$ | (\$587) |
| Revenue | \$336,022 | \$241,670 | $(\$ 94,352)$ | $(\$ 38,050)$ | $(\$ 56,302)$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| Secretary of State | \$120,855 | \$101,094 | $(\$ 19,761)$ | \$0 | (\$19,761) | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transportation | \$4,305,106 | \$3,880,333 | (\$424,773) | \$0 | $(\$ 424,773)$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| Treasury | \$4,221 | \$3,614 | (\$607) | (\$607) | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL | \$24,689,101 | \$19,380,100 | (\$5,309,001) | (\$1,948,775) | (\$2,484,261) | (\$842,944) | (\$33,021) |

Note: Fund splits are estimates based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill. The table above only includes the base request for FY 201819. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers above.
*Includes non-appropriated institutions of Higher Education, subject to final appropriation by JBC. Fund splits are estimates only.

## CAPITOL COMPLEX LEASED SPACE

The Capitol Complex facilities encompass approximately 1.3 million square feet. Facilities management includes housekeeping, grounds maintenance, and property management functions for the Capitol Complex adjacent to the State Capitol Building, 1881 Pierce Street, the Kipling Campus, and North Campus as well as other facilities in Grand Junction and Camp George West.

This line item provides funding for payments to the Department of Personnel \& Administration to manage the Capitol Complex. Agencies are allocated a portion of the total management cost realized by the Department of Personnel \& Administration based on occupied square feet per campus.

## FY 2018-19 ESTIMATED COSTS

The Department of Personnel \& Administration is required by statute to recover only the costs associated with operating and maintaining the buildings within the Capitol Complex. Therefore, the Department is generally not allowed to under or over-recover funding from the agencies occupying Capitol Complex space.

Capitol Complex Leased Space (CCLS) allocations are determined by aggregating the costs associated with maintaining the program to an allocable pool, then splitting the allocable pool among all user agencies. These costs are aggregated for each of the three primary campuses: Camp George West, Grand Junction, and Denver. Once the total costs are determined, the Department calculates the effective rate per square foot by dividing the total cost of the allocable pool by the total number of square feet in the complex. Next, the Department distributes the total cost among each department based on the square feet each department occupies at each campus. The following table provides the total estimated costs for the Capitol Complex Lease Space request.

| FY 2018-19 Capitol Complex Leased Space Base Adjustment |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | FY 2017-18 Appropriation | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Request } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Personal Services | \$3,206,979 | \$3,275,675 |
| Total Compensation Common Policies | \$718,755 | \$752,702 |
| Operating Expenses | \$2,709,468 | \$2,709,468 |
| Capitol Complex Repairs | \$56,520 | \$56,520 |
| Operating and OIT Common Policies | \$1,382,694 | \$1,203,199 |
| Depreciation Estimate | \$272,000 | \$286,000 |
| Energy Performance Depreciation | \$2,478,000 | \$2,663,000 |
| Utilities | \$3,283,656 | \$3,360,094 |
| Capitol Complex Security | \$405,243 | \$469,099 |
| Indirect Costs | \$1,041,130 | \$1,041,130 |
| Sprint Leased Tower Space | $(\$ 46,295)$ | $(\$ 47,618)$ |
| Total Base Costs | \$15,508,150 | \$15,769,269 |
| Fund Balance Adjustment | \$1,477,686 | $(\$ 202,683)$ |
| Total Allocable Cost | \$16,985,836 | \$15,566,586 |
| Allocated Square Feet | 1,273,241 | 1,273,241 |
| Estimated Cost Per Square Foot | \$13.34 | \$12.23 |

The following text provides a brief description of each component and any considerable changes to the amount or methodology from prior submissions.

- Personal Services: The amount requested for Personal Services accounts for the base building impact of Salary Survey and Merit Pay.
- Total Compensation Common Policies: This includes funding for the following: Health, Life, and Dental, Short-term Disability, AED, SAED, Salary Survey, Merit Pay and Shift Differential.
- Operating Expenses: The Department requests a continuation level of funding for operating expenses.
- Capitol Complex Repairs: A continuation level of funding for Capitol Complex Repairs is included for FY 2018-19. The General Assembly appropriates funding to this line item to account for some of the HVAC repairs that must take place for the Capitol Complex to operate effectively.
- Operating and OIT Common Policies: This includes the program's need for the following centrally appropriated line items: Workers' Compensation, Legal Services, Administrative Law Judge Services, Payment to Risk Management and Property Funds, Leased Space, Capitol Complex Leased Space, Payments to OIT, and CORE Operations.
- Depreciation Estimate: This cost accounts for the depreciation of equipment as estimated by the Department's accounting group. Including depreciation in the cost pool allows the State to recover funding outlays for capital expenses in the program. Per federal government requirements, the inclusion of depreciation is the only acceptable methodology for recovering these types of expenses.
- Energy Performance Depreciation: The Energy Performance Depreciation line item has increased from year-to-year based on the inclusion of the depreciation associated with Phase 4 of the Department's energy performance contracts. Essentially, the Department finances improvements to the State's buildings by signing agreements with vendors to perform capital improvements to energy consuming systems to save money in excess of the cost of the contract through lower utility bills. Due to federal rules published by the Office of Management and Budget, the State is not allowed to recover the full cost of the financing over the term of the financing period if it is less than the useful life of the improvement. Per federal government requirements, the inclusion of depreciation is the only acceptable methodology for recovering these types of expenses.
- Utilities: See the Utilities Methodology section below. In addition to the utilities amount, this represents the cost of the Performance Contract interest payments.
- Capitol Complex Security: This cost is for the Colorado State Patrol to provide security within the Capitol Complex, primarily the State Capitol. A continuation level of funding has been requested though the allocation should be updated once any updates to this figure are known.
- Indirect Costs: This represents the program's share of indirect costs for FY 2018-19.
- Sprint Leased Tower Space: The Department of Personnel \& Administration leases land to Sprint for a cell tower at Camp George West. This funding offsets expenses at Camp George West.
- Fund Balance Adjustment: The CCLS request includes a targeted fund balance adjustment as a part of the common policy request. For this year, the Department requests an 8.25 percent fund balance target.

| Estimate of Fund Balance Adjustment for FY 2018-19 |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Description | Amount |
| FY 2016-17 End-of-Year Cash Balance | $\$ 3,225,962$ |
| Estimated FY 2017-18 Expenditures | $\$ 15,508,150$ |
| Estimated FY 2017-18 Revenues | $\$ 16,985,836$ |
| Estimated FY 2017-18 End-of-Year Balance | $\$ 4,703,648$ |
| Approved Capital Asset Set Aside Balance | $\$ 3,200,000$ |
| Net Available Operating Fund Balance | $\$ 1,503,648$ |
| FY 2018-19 Estimated Base Expenditures | $\$ 15,769,269$ |
| Targeted Operating Fund Balance (8.25\%) | $\$ 1,300,965$ |
| Total Target Reserve | $\$ 4,500,965$ |
| Addition/(Reduction) Required to Reach Target | $\mathbf{( \$ 2 0 2 , 6 8 3 )}$ |

## UTILITIES METHODOLOGY

For FY 2018-19, the Department of Personnel \& Administration has continued the established utilities methodology for the common policy submission, with the exception of the elimination of Camp George West utilities. Agencies occupying Camp George West are now charged directly for utilities use, except for water \& sewer. The utilities request for the Capitol Complex program was constructed, by campus, using the following methodology:

1. Determine the total usage by utility type.
2. Determine the total billing by utility type.
3. Determine the full-year's effective rate for each utility by campus.
4. Apply the estimated growth factor.
5. Take the product of the rate determined in step \#4 and the total actual usage determined in \#1 - this is the total utility need for the utility type for each campus.

The following tables detail the calculation outlined on the previous page:

| FY 2018-19 Utilities Build for Capitol Complex Leased Space |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Utility Type |  |  |  |  |
|  | Eectric | Gas | Steam | Water \& Sewer | Total Utilities Need |
| Denver |  |  |  |  |  |
| FY 2016-17 Total Usage | 21,296,566 | 90,515 | 13,218 | 35,249,000 |  |
| FY 2016-17 Total Billing | \$1,788,622 | \$75,784 | \$374,915 | \$253,847 |  |
| FY 2016-17 Average Billing Rate | 0.08400 | 0.8373 | 28.3640 | 0.0072 |  |
| Estimated Rate Increase FY 2016-17 to FY 2018-19 | 5\% | 5\% | 5\% | 3\% |  |
| Projected Rate | 0.0882 | 0.8792 | 29.7822 | 0.0074 |  |
| FY 2018-19 Estimated Need by Utility | \$1,878,357 | \$79,581 | \$393,661 | \$260,843 | \$2,612,442 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Eectric | Gas | Steam | Water \& Sewer | Total Utilities Need |
| Grand Junction |  |  |  |  |  |
| FY 2016-17 Total Usage | 654,880 | 6,526 |  | 880,000 |  |
| FY 2016-17 Total Billing | \$59,160 | \$4,104 |  | \$6,421 |  |
| FY 2016-17 Average Billing Rate | 0.0903 | 0.6289 |  | 0.0073 |  |
| Estimated Rate Increase FY 2016-17 to FY 2018-19 | 5\% | 5\% |  | 3\% |  |
| Projected Rate | 0.0948 | 0.6603 |  | 0.0075 |  |
| FY 2018-19 Estimated Need by Utility | \$62,083 | \$4,309 |  | \$8,533 | \$74,925 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Eectric | Gas | Steam | Water \& Sewer | Total Utilities Need |
| Camp George West |  |  |  |  |  |
| FY 2016-17 Total Usage |  |  |  | 149,963 |  |
| FY 2016-17 Total Billing |  |  |  | \$81,957 |  |
| FY 2016-17 Average Billing Rate |  |  |  | 0.5465 |  |
| Estimated Rate Increase FY 2016-17 to FY 2018-19 |  |  |  | 3\% |  |
| Projected Rate |  |  |  | 0.5629 |  |
| FY 2018-19 Estimated Need by Utility |  |  |  | \$84,414 | \$84,414 |

In addition to utilities costs, the utilities line item is used to pay interest and principal payments for performance contracts. The performance contract detail is outlined below:

| FY 2018-19 Utilities Line Item Build |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Description | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Request |
| Allocated Utilities | $\$ 2,653,038$ | $\$ 2,771,781$ |
| Performance Contract Interest Payment | $\$ 621,745$ | $\$ 588,314$ |
| Subtotal Allocated Amount | $\$ 3,274,783$ | $\$ 3,360,095$ |
| Performance Contract Principal Payment | $\$ 1,249,121$ | $\$ 1,348,727$ |
| True-Up Steam Rebates | $\$ 345,063$ | $\$ 353,690$ |
| Total Request Utilities Line Item Request | $\$ 4,868,967$ | $\$ 5,062,512$ |

## CAPITOL COMPLEX LEASED SPACE COST ALLOCATION TO DEPARTMENTS

The following tables show the total square foot per agency, square foot campus rates, and request amounts for each department or institution for FY 2018-19.

| Square Foot Allocation Per Location by Agency |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency | Denver | Pierce | North <br> Campus | Grand <br> Junction | Camp George West | Total |
| Corrections | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 46,696 | 46,696 |
| Correctional Industries | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 18,672 | 18,672 |
| Education | 42,049 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 42,049 |
| Governor, Lt Governor, OSPB | 19,780 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 19,780 |
| OIT | 13,853 | 0 | 0 | 1,346 | 0 | 15,199 |
| Health Care Policy and Financing | 33,264 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 33,264 |
| Human Services | 89,429 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 89,429 |
| Labor \& Employment | 0 | 0 | 5,381 | 4,149 | 0 | 9,530 |
| Legis lature | 142,740 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 142,740 |
| Local Affairs | 38,107 | 0 | 0 | 3,783 | 0 | 41,890 |
| Military and Veterans Affairs | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 55,865 | 55,865 |
| Natural Resources | 79,277 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 79,277 |
| Personnel | 125,593 | 0 | 82,034 | 2,853 | 0 | 210,480 |
| Public Health and Environment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4,477 | 0 | 4,477 |
| Public Safety | 93,226 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 170,141 | 263,367 |
| Revenue | 73,685 | 89,031 | 2,119 | 5,919 | 0 | 170,754 |
| Transportation | 100 | 0 | 0 | 12,618 | 13,703 | 26,421 |
| Treasury | 3,351 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3,351 |
| CSU Forest Service | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | 754,454 | 89,031 | 89,534 | 35,145 | 305,077 | 1,273,241 |


| FY 2018-19 Estimated Cost per Square Foot |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Description | Denver | Pierce | North <br> Campus | Grand <br> Junction | Camp George <br> West |  |
| Cost per Square Foot | $\$ 18.39$ | $\$ 10.40$ | $\$ 2.69$ | $\$ 7.36$ | $\$ 0.88$ |  |


| FY 2018-19 Total Estimated Need by Agency |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency | Denver | Pierce | North <br> Campus | Grand Junction | Camp George West | Total |
| Corrections | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$41,151 | \$41,151 |
| Correctional Industries | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$16,455 | \$16,455 |
| Education | \$773,186 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$773,186 |
| Governor, Lt Governor, OSPB | \$363,710 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$363,710 |
| OIT | \$254,726 | \$0 | \$0 | \$9,905 | \$0 | \$264,631 |
| Health Care Policy and Financing | \$611,650 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$611,650 |
| Human Services | \$1,644,398 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,644,398 |
| Labor \& Employment | \$0 | \$0 | \$14,470 | \$30,534 | \$0 | \$45,004 |
| Legis lature | \$2,624,667 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,624,667 |
| Local Affairs | \$700,702 | \$0 | \$0 | \$27,840 | \$0 | \$728,542 |
| Military and Veterans Affairs | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$49,231 | \$49,231 |
| Natural Resources | \$1,457,726 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$1,457,726 |
| Personnel | \$2,309,372 | \$0 | \$220,591 | \$20,996 | \$0 | \$2,550,959 |
| Public Health and Environment | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$32,948 | \$0 | \$32,948 |
| Public Safety | \$1,714,216 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$149,937 | \$1,864,153 |
| Revenue | \$1,354,901 | \$925,626 | \$5,698 | \$43,560 | \$0 | \$2,329,785 |
| Transportation | \$1,839 | \$0 | \$0 | \$92,859 | \$12,075 | \$106,773 |
| Treasury | \$61,617 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$61,617 |
| CSU Forest Service | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Total | \$13,872,710 | \$925,626 | \$240,759 | \$258,642 | \$268,849 | \$15,566,586 |


| Legislature Detail |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Capitol Complex Leased Space Allocation | $\$ 2,624,667$ |
| Parking at 1525 Sherman | $\$ 31,200$ |
| Conference Center Rental | $\$ 1,500$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{\$ 2 , 6 5 7 , 3 6 7}$ |

## FY 2018-19 CCLS DEPARTMENT FUNDING REQUESTS

| Summary for Capitol Complex Leased Space |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Department | Request | Base Adj. | GF | CF | RF | FF |
| Corrections | $\$ 57,606$ | $(\$ 5,945)$ | $(\$ 4,247)$ | $(\$ 1,698)$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Education | $\$ 773,186$ | $(\$ 68,978)$ | $(\$ 19,393)$ | $(\$ 9,259)$ | $(\$ 12,479)$ | $(\$ 27,847)$ |
| Governor | $\$ 628,341$ | $(\$ 54,893)$ | $(\$ 26,366)$ | $\$ 0$ | $(\$ 28,527)$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Health Care Policy and Financing | $\$ 611,650$ | $(\$ 54,567)$ | $(\$ 19,770)$ | $(\$ 5,620)$ | $(\$ 1,989)$ | $(\$ 27,188)$ |
| Human Services | $\$ 1,644,398$ | $(\$ 146,701)$ | $(\$ 79,219)$ | $\$ 0$ | $(\$ 67,482)$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Labor and Employment | $\$ 45,004$ | $(\$ 4,911)$ | $(\$ 417)$ | $(\$ 1,941)$ | $(\$ 63)$ | $(\$ 2,490)$ |
| Legislative* | $\$ 2,624,667$ | $(\$ 268,155)$ | $(\$ 268,155)$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Local Affairs | $\$ 728,542$ | $(\$ 65,534)$ | $(\$ 12,318)$ | $(\$ 3,932)$ | $(\$ 44,490)$ | $(\$ 4,794)$ |
| Military and Veteran Affairs | $\$ 49,231$ | $(\$ 5,081)$ | $(\$ 5,081)$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Natural Resources | $\$ 1,457,726$ | $(\$ 130,047)$ | $(\$ 24,943)$ | $(\$ 66,162)$ | $(\$ 24,758)$ | $(\$ 14,184)$ |
| Personnel and Administration | $\$ 2,550,959$ | $(\$ 232,648)$ | $(\$ 188)$ | $(\$ 11,069)$ | $(\$ 221,391)$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Public Health and Environment | $\$ 32,948$ | $(\$ 3,577)$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $(\$ 3,577)$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Public Safety | $\$ 1,864,153$ | $(\$ 164,737)$ | $(\$ 37,799)$ | $(\$ 43,978)$ | $(\$ 82,960)$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Revenue | $\$ 2,329,785$ | $(\$ 225,464)$ | $(\$ 150,139)$ | $(\$ 75,325)$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| Transportation | $\$ 106,773$ | $(\$ 11,494)$ | $\$ 0$ | $(\$ 61,417)$ | $\$ 446$ | $\$ 49,477$ |
| Treasury* | $\$ 61,617$ | $(\$ 5,365)$ | $(\$ 5,365)$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ | $\$ 0$ |
| TOTAL | $\mathbf{T 1 5 , 5 6 5 , 5 8 6}$ | $\mathbf{( \$ 1 , 4 5 1 , 4 6 6 )}$ | $(\$ 656,769)$ | $(\$ 280,401)$ | $(\$ 487,270)$ | $(\$ 27,026)$ |

* Non-Executive branch agencies are not required to submit budget proposals to the Governor's Office. The amounts included in this table represent the estimated need and fund splits were estimated based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill.

Note: The table above only includes the base request for FY 2018-19. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers above.

## COLORADO OPERATIONS AND RESOURCE ENGINE (CORE)

In 2011, the State Auditor published a risk assessment regarding the sustainability of operations under the State's accounting system called Colorado Financial Reporting System (COFRS). The report concluded that "COFRS is at significant risk of partial or complete failure and can no longer be supported by outside vendors or maintained by existing resources within the State." Responding to the concerning findings of the risk assessment, the General Assembly provided the Governor's Office of Information Technology (OIT) an appropriation in FY 2012-13, funded through common policy allocations, to begin the modernization of COFRS.

The replacement system for COFRS now operates as the Colorado Operations Resource Engine (CORE). During FY 2015-16, there were over 4,000 CORE users that produced over five million documents or records across budget, accounting and procurement. Starting in FY 2015-16 the administrative responsibility for CORE was transferred from OIT to DPA. Along with this transfer, DPA now has oversight of the common policy used to bill agencies for use of the system.

## FY 2018-19 CORE ESTIMATED COSTS

For FY 2018-19, the request includes a base adjustment to the CORE Operations line item for each department based on updated program expenditures anticipated for FY 2018-19. The descriptions and table below provide the amount and rationale behind each of the request components and outline any departure from the previously requested amounts or methodologies. The Department submits an adjustment for this common policy annually, based on final and historical final document count in the most recent complete fiscal year.

| FY 2018-19 CORE Operations Base Adjustment |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Description | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | FY 2018-19 <br> Request |
| Personal Services | $\$ 1,656,877$ | $\$ 1,835,803$ |
| Total Compensation Common Policies | $\$ 353,910$ | $\$ 366,016$ |
| Operating Expenses | $\$ 1,369,408$ | $\$ 1,369,408$ |
| Operating and OIT Common Policies | $\$ 519,111$ | $\$ 424,260$ |
| Payment for CORE and Support Modules | $\$ 5,282,872$ | $\$ 5,282,872$ |
| Depreciation | $\$ 4,229,791$ | $\$ 4,871,503$ |
| Fund Balance Adjustments | $(\$ 2,036,264)$ | $(\$ 2,511,122)$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{\$ 1 1 , 3 7 5 , 7 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{\$ 1 1 , 6 3 8 , 7 4 0}$ |

- Personal Services: The amount requested for Personal Services accounts for the base building impact of Salary Survey and Merit Pay, if any.
- Total Compensations Common Policies: This includes funding for the CORE program staff for the following: Health, Life, and Dental, Short-term Disability, AED, SAED, Salary Survey and Merit Pay.
- Operating and OIT Common Policies: This includes the program's need for the following centrally appropriated line items: Workers' Compensation, Legal Services, Payment to Risk

Management and Property Funds, Leased Space, Capitol Complex Leased Space, Payments to OIT, and CORE.

- Operating Expenses: A continuation level of funding has been requested for operating expenses.
- Payments for CORE and Support Modules: This line item allows DPA to submit payments to the CORE vendor for Managed Services and Labor Data Collection (LDC).
- CORE Depreciation Expense: Calculating the depreciable value of the CORE system is necessary in order to properly bill cash and federal sources of revenue for their proportional share of the implementation and ongoing costs of the system. Depreciation is calculated based on a 10-year straight-line schedule, with the total value of the CORE asset set at $\$ 46,447,361$. The depreciation is anticipated to remain stable for the depreciable term of the asset.
- Fund Balance Adjustment: The fund balance adjustment is the mechanism which the Department adjusts rates up or down to utilize any over/under collections from the previous fiscal year. CORE operations have two funds to utilize for this purpose, the adjustment in the table above shows the net impact of both of these funds.

The Supplier Database Cash Fund receives revenues from rebates on statewide price agreements. Prior to CORE implementation, this fund supported Contract and Procurement functions. The CORE Operations common policy allocation has been subsidized with $\$ 2,687,640$ cash funds in FY 2018-19 from the Supplier Database Cash Fund. The Department has requested to retain a reserve of eight and a quarter percent of the estimated FY 2017-18 year end fund balance.

| FY 2018-19 Supplier Database Fund 2810 Fund |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Balance Projection |  |
| Description | Amount |
| Final Fund Balance - FY 2016-17 Projected <br> Projected FY 2017-18 Revenue$\$ 1,491,158$ |  |
| Projected FY 2017-18 Expense | $\$ 1,448,200$ |
| Final Fund Balance - FY 2017-18 Projected | $\$ 1,304,067$ |
| Fund Balance Reserve - 8.25\% of Fund <br> Balance | $\$ 107,586$ |
| Addition/(reduction) to Allocations | $(\$ 2,687,640)$ |

The Statewide Financial Information Technology Systems Cash Fund was created to allow DPA to collect and expend revenues for the CORE common policy. In order to retain a fund balance reserve of 8.25 percent of Personal Service and Operating Expenses, $\$ 176,518$ has been added to the FY 2018-19 request.

| FY 2018-19 Statewide Financial IT System 6140 Fund <br> Balance Projection |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Description | Amount |
| Final Fund Balance - FY 2016-17 Projected | $\$ 2,022,028$ |
| Projected FY 2017-18 Revenue | $\$ 11,375,705$ |
| Projected FY 2017-18 Expense | $\$ 13,309,821$ |
| Final Fund Balance - FY 2017-18 Projected | $\$ 87,912$ |
| Fund Balance Reserve - 8.25\% PS/OE | $\$ 264,430$ |
| Addition/(reduction) to Allocations | $\$ 176,518$ |

## CORE COST ALLOCATION TO DEPARTMENTS

CORE Operations allocations to departments are based on the final and historical final document count from the most recent fiscal year. The requested allocation uses the total of all personal services and operating expenditures projected for the program operations (See FY 2018-19 CORE Operations Base Adjustment Table) and allocates the cost proportionally by department, according to the prior fiscal year's final and historical final document count in CORE. The following table shows the requested allocation by agency.

| FY 2018-19 CORE Incremental Need by Department |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agency | FY 2017-18 Appropriation | \% CORE <br> Documents | Estimated Allocation for FY 2018-19 | Incremental <br> Need <br> over/(under) | \% <br> Change |
| Agriculture | \$103,507 | 0.95\% | \$110,989 | \$7,482 | 7.23\% |
| Corrections | \$418,183 | 3.56\% | \$413,877 | $(\$ 4,306)$ | -1.03\% |
| Education | \$236,105 | 2.13\% | \$247,935 | \$11,830 | 5.01\% |
| Governor | \$334,245 | 2.59\% | \$300,881 | $(\$ 33,364)$ | -9.98\% |
| Health Care Policy and Financing | \$1,583,166 | 10.54\% | \$1,227,100 | (\$356,066) | -22.49\% |
| Higher Education | \$171,848 | 1.72\% | \$199,636 | \$27,788 | 16.17\% |
| Human Services | \$1,046,437 | 8.91\% | \$1,036,508 | $(\$ 9,929)$ | -0.95\% |
| Judicial | \$836,556 | 8.34\% | \$970,599 | \$134,043 | 16.02\% |
| Labor and Employment | \$267,411 | 3.43\% | \$399,566 | \$132,155 | 49.42\% |
| Law | \$59,305 | 0.62\% | \$72,541 | \$13,236 | 22.32\% |
| Legis lature | \$34,089 | 0.30\% | \$35,457 | \$1,368 | 4.01\% |
| Local Affairs | \$426,454 | 3.51\% | \$409,010 | $(\$ 17,444)$ | -4.09\% |
| Military and Veteran Affairs | \$58,108 | 0.50\% | \$58,753 | \$645 | 1.11\% |
| Natural Resources | \$2,968,967 | 27.10\% | \$3,153,728 | \$184,761 | 6.22\% |
| Personnel | \$297,516 | 3.05\% | \$354,830 | \$57,314 | 19.26\% |
| Public Health and Environment | \$925,297 | 8.16\% | \$949,998 | \$24,701 | 2.67\% |
| Public Safety | \$326,391 | 2.82\% | \$328,590 | \$2,199 | 0.67\% |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$193,497 | 2.08\% | \$242,310 | \$48,813 | 25.23\% |
| Revenue | \$718,378 | 6.91\% | \$804,259 | \$85,881 | 11.95\% |
| State | \$16,792 | 0.16\% | \$19,006 | \$2,214 | 13.18\% |
| Transportation | \$122,678 | 1.16\% | \$135,105 | \$12,427 | 10.13\% |
| Treasury | \$172,690 | 1.44\% | \$168,062 | $(\$ 4,628)$ | -2.68\% |
| Total | \$11,317,620 | 100.00\% | \$11,638,740 | \$321,120 | 2.84\% |

## FY 2018-19 CORE DEPARTMENT FUNDING REQUESTS

| Summary for CORE Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department | FY 2017-18 <br> Appropriation | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Request } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { FY 2018-19 } \\ \text { Base Adj. } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | GF | CF | RF | FF |
| Agriculture | \$103,507 | \$110,989 | \$7,482 | \$608 | \$5,957 | \$0 | \$917 |
| Corrections | \$418,183 | \$413,877 | (\$4,306) | (\$3,797) | (\$244) | (\$265) | \$0 |
| Education | \$236,105 | \$247,935 | \$11,830 | \$4,492 | \$1,481 | \$5,857 | \$0 |
| Governor's Office | \$334,245 | \$300,881 | $(\$ 33,364)$ | $(\$ 3,738)$ | $(\$ 2,446)$ | $(\$ 24,721)$ | $(\$ 2,459)$ |
| Health Care Policy \& Finance | \$1,583,166 | \$1,227,100 | $(\$ 356,066)$ | $(\$ 129,009)$ | $(\$ 36,672)$ | $(\$ 12,977)$ | (\$177,408) |
| Higher Education | \$171,848 | \$199,636 | \$27,788 | \$0 | \$12,768 | \$15,020 | \$0 |
| Human Services | \$1,046,437 | \$1,036,508 | $(\$ 9,929)$ | $(\$ 5,362)$ | \$0 | $(\$ 4,567)$ | \$0 |
| Judicial | \$836,556 | \$970,599 | \$134,043 | \$134,043 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Labor \& Employment | \$267,411 | \$399,566 | \$132,155 | \$11,219 | \$52,238 | \$1,688 | \$67,010 |
| Law | \$59,305 | \$72,541 | \$13,236 | \$3,664 | \$1,783 | \$7,443 | \$346 |
| Legislature | \$34,089 | \$35,457 | \$1,368 | \$1,368 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Local Affairs | \$426,454 | \$409,010 | $(\$ 17,444)$ | $(\$ 7,542)$ | \$0 | $(\$ 8,276)$ | (\$1,626) |
| Military Affairs | \$58,108 | \$58,753 | \$645 | \$645 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Natural Resources | \$2,968,967 | \$3,153,728 | \$184,761 | \$27,161 | \$146,511 | \$6,065 | \$5,024 |
| Personnel | \$297,516 | \$354,830 | \$57,314 | \$15,560 | \$5,908 | \$35,846 | \$0 |
| Public Health | \$925,297 | \$949,998 | \$24,701 | \$1,283 | \$0 | \$23,418 | \$0 |
| Public Safety | \$326,391 | \$328,590 | \$2,199 | \$479 | \$1,478 | \$242 | \$0 |
| Regulatory Agencies | \$193,497 | \$242,310 | \$48,813 | \$1,842 | \$43,942 | \$2,448 | \$581 |
| Revenue | \$718,378 | \$804,259 | \$85,881 | \$34,634 | \$51,247 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Secretary of State | \$16,792 | \$19,006 | \$2,214 | \$0 | \$2,214 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Transportation | \$122,678 | \$135,105 | \$12,427 | \$0 | \$12,427 | \$0 | \$0 |
| Treasury | \$172,690 | \$168,062 | (\$4,628) | $(\$ 2,083)$ | $(\$ 2,545)$ | \$0 | \$0 |
| TOTAL | \$11,317,620 | \$11,638,740 | \$321,120 | \$85,467 | \$296,047 | \$47,220 | (\$107,615) |

Note: The table above only includes the base request for FY 2018-19. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers above. Non-Executive branch agencies are not required to submit budget proposals to the Governor's Office. The amounts included in this table represent the estimated need and fund splits were estimated based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill.

## VEHICLE LEASE PAYMENTS

This line item includes the costs agencies experience from vehicle lease-purchase loan payments, plus a management fee collected by DPA. These costs represent fixed costs for State vehicles. Depending on the length of the lease-purchase agreement and the replacement policy for State fleet vehicles, departments' Vehicle Lease Payments appropriations are adjusted annually. If warranted, these incremental base adjustments are addressed through a decision item prepared by DPA.

The Vehicle Lease Payments line item does not include the variable costs for State fleet vehicles, which are also set by DPA. Variable costs include the cost of maintenance, fuel, and auto insurance for department operated vehicles. These costs are funded within an individual department's operating and/or program line items. Since these costs are appropriated within individual departments, changes in funding needs for the variable costs will be addressed on a case-by-case basis unless a change is substantial enough to warrant a statewide request. If a statewide request is deemed appropriate, DPA will author the request with the corresponding input from affected agencies. For the November 1 Budget Submission for FY 2018-19 no request for variable vehicle costs has been submitted.

For FY 2018-19, the Department has submitted a funding request, R-06 Annual Fleet Vehicle Request, to replace 767 fleet vehicles ( 413 which are designated as potential alternative fuel vehicles). This will require an increase of $\$ 1,425,833$ in appropriated funds for all state agencies' Vehicle Lease Payment appropriations, and an increase of $\$ 1,899,894$ for the Department's Vehicle Replacement Lease/Purchase line item for FY 2018-19.

| Lease Line Reconciliation for FY 2018-2019 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dept | Division | Long Bill Vehicle Lease Payment Appropriation for FY 2017-18 | Total Need After Requested | Total Base Adjustments |
| Long Bill Appropriated Agencies |  |  |  |  |
| CDPS | EDO | \$567,345 | \$512,942 | (\$54,403) |
| CDPS | Colorado State Patrol | \$7,146,590 | \$7,401,639 | \$255,049 |
| CDPS | CBI | \$286,966 | \$336,157 | \$49,191 |
| CDPS | CDPS Total | \$8,000,901 | \$8,250,738 | \$249,837 |
| CDA | Agriculture | \$236,066 | \$264,961 | \$28,895 |
| CDHS | Department of Human Services | \$1,063,662 | \$1,241,325 | \$177,663 |
| CDLE | Labor and Employment | \$190,733 | \$206,336 | \$15,603 |
| DOC | Department of Corrections | \$3,206,280 | \$3,651,602 | \$445,322 |
| DOE | Department of Education | \$22,963 | \$29,931 | \$6,968 |
| DOL | Attorney General | \$46,084 | \$66,827 | \$20,743 |
| DOLA | Local Affairs | \$86,086 | \$106,304 | \$20,218 |
| DOMA | Military Affairs | \$58,069 | \$53,956 | $(\$ 4,113)$ |
| DONR | Natural Resources | \$4,207,446 | \$4,437,287 | \$229,841 |
| DOR | Department of Revenue | \$660,489 | \$664,360 | \$3,871 |
| DORA | Regulatory Agencies | \$173,575 | \$241,436 | \$67,861 |
| DOS | Secretary of State | \$4,038 | \$4,308 | \$270 |
| DPA | Dept of Personnel | \$191,940 | \$233,807 | \$41,867 |
| DPHE | Department of Health | \$366,216 | \$438,468 | \$72,252 |
| GOV | Economic Development | \$11,256 | \$13,224 | \$1,968 |
| GOV | CEO | \$3,212 | \$5,736 | \$2,524 |
| GOV | OIT | \$85,260 | \$89,986 | \$4,726 |
| JUD | Public Defender | \$94,354 | \$125,428 | \$31,074 |
| JUD | Courts | \$93,762 | \$102,203 | \$8,441 |
| Total Long Bill Appropriated Agencies |  | \$18,802,392 | \$20,228,225 | \$1,425,833 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Non Long Bill Appropriated Agencies |  |  |  |  |
| DOT | Department of Transportation | \$2,034,760 | \$2,538,625 | \$248,770 |
| DOHE | Higher Education Total | \$617,116 | \$1,118,528 | \$392,268 |
| Total Non Appropriated Agencies |  | \$2,651,876 | \$3,657,153 | \$641,038 |
| Statewide Total |  | \$21,454,268 | \$23,885,378 | \$2,066,871 |


[^0]:    *Non-Executive branch agencies are not required to submit budget proposals to the Governor's Office; agencies that did not submit budget proposals have been included and the estimated need and fund splits are based on the FY 2017-18 Long Bill.

    Note: The Short-Term Disability table on page 10 only includes the base request for FY 2018-19. Any additional changes due to change requests from this or other departments are not reflected in the numbers within this table.

