ANNUAL REPORT
IRRIGATION DIVISION NO. 1
M. W. Mattern, Division Engineer

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Mr. J. E. Whitten
State Engineer
232 State Services Building Denver, Colorado

Dear Mr. Whitten:

I hereby submit the Annual Report of the Office of Division Engineer, Irrigation Division No. l, for the year ending October 31, 1964.

SNOW PACK
The snow reports of May 1, 1964, were somewhat misleading for they indicated moisture contents ranging from 93 to $112 \%$ of normal, but these percentages were the results of very late snows which were absorbed by very dry ground conditions, thereby resulting in much lower runtoff than one might expect.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

The year was entered with reservoirs very low. Several reservoirs below Denver did manage to fill before the irrigation season started. However, the Upper South Platte Basin was very short and did not improve, as was witnessed at Cheesman Reservoir, which failed to fill the first decree for 30,700 acre feet. Water was transferred from ll-Mile Reservoir to Cheesman and also to Denver's intake, reducing storage at ll-Mile Reservoir to 50,000 acre feet. Antero Reservoir still remains dry after being drained in 1963.

PRECIPITATION
Precipitation in the South Platte River Basin was extremely low. During May and June, there occurred several storms which produced momentary peaks, but

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PRECIPITATION - (Continued)
was largely absorbed by dry soil conditions as was indicated by reports of 7.92 inches of rain on May 31 at Franktown, Colorado, on the Cherry Creek drainage but run-off from this storm failed to reach Cherry Creek Reservoir. Crops were hailed out in several areas on the Lower South Platte River. The Upper South Platte River and South Park in particular, failed to receive little, if any precipitation.

## WATER SUPPLY

The water supply for the South Platte River Basin below the St. Vrain was, to some extent, much better than the Upper South Platte, but far short of a normal amount. The South Park area was extremely dry and caused no end of controversy among the ranchers. The water demands, or calls, were changed a total of forty-nine (49) times during the year.

## CROPS

Crops, as a whole, were below average. Sugar beets, being one of the better crops, also had problems as it was necessary to irrigate them in order that they could be dug. This brought about the cooperation of several ditch companies in some areas and was accomplished without difficulty. Meadow hay and dry land crops were far below normal.

## TRANSHMOUNTAIN DIVERSI ONS

Most trans-mountain diversions were operated without difficulty, but some on a much smaller quantity than has been available in past years. A new transmountain diversion was commenced officially as of July 17, 1964, when water was

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## TRANSHMOUNTAIN DIVERSIONS (Continued)

diverted from Dillon Reservoir through the Harold D. Roberts Tunnel by the Denver Water Board. This diversion proved to be a definite asset to Denver as storage reservoirs were being drawn down at a rather rapid rate. Many days exceeded the thousand acre-foot mark by users of the Denver Water Board.

COMPACTS AND U. S. SUPREME COURT RULINGS
In compliance with the Laramie River and Sand Creek agreements, the administration of these agreements was accomplished without serious difficulty.

## STOCK WATER DAMS

Stock water dams are still being built at an average rate. While these prove to be beneficial to some, they, undow tedly, cause problems by changing the regiment of the streams. A definite revision of the Livestock Water Tank Act and also an understanding regarding water retention dams as constructed by the $U$. S. Soil Conservation Service and should be made so as to be in compliance with other statutory requirements, whereby sufficient and justifiable fees for processing could be collected also, definite regulations and controls could be administered by the State Engineer. PUMPING FROM UNDERGROUND SUPPLIES

Development of sub-surface water for various purposes still progresses at a fair rate. A need for logs or records of the time and rate of flow of pumping facilities becomes more evident as time progresses. Use of sub-jsurface water has reached; for perhaps in some instances, oxceeded-the definite statutory laws regulating and governing the use of this resource. These laws, however, should be

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PUMPING FROM UNDERGROUND SUPPLIES (Continued)
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applicable with the laws governing the doctrine of appropriation and use of surface water.

URBAN DEVELOPMENT
Urban Development still continues at a good rate. Some areas face the problem of adequate storage. In some areas, the quality of the water creates problems, while in others, it is the available quantity. The need for the definite requirement for the change of character of use when acquired by municipalities and urban areas would, in the opinion of this writer, alleviate some of the problems which arise.

## MEASURING DEVICES

The policy established by the State Engineer to improve facilities for measuring water from the streams has continued. Colorado Springs complied with requests by this office and installed a new flume and recorder above Montgomery Reservoir. Several ditch owners have installed or improved their respective measuring devices and headgates. On occasion, failure to comply with this policy has brought about the need to invoke the statutes and deny the use of the water from the streams.

## CHERRY CREEK RESERVOIR

The cooperation of the Corps of Army Engineers with this office, has been very good. Only one release was made from the Cherry Creek Reservoir and this was at such a time as to be of more benefit to the water users. The released amount was 1,240 acre feet.

SUMMARY
As pertains to Irrigation Division No. 1, this has been a year to remember, what with a shortage of snow last winter and very little precipitation making

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## SUMMARY (Continued)

for difficulties, thiswas aparently not enoagh. On April 23, our very good friend and boss, J. Eugene Whitten, came out second best in his encounter with a tractor. Probably not too many know just how close we came to losing him, for his injuries were very extensive. We can be thankful that he is still with us and has made a remarkable recovery. During the time he was recuperating, I should like to point out that A. Ralph Owens, Deputy State Engineer, picked up the reins and did a most admirable job of keeping the office on an even keel. Aowif-beref mixthap-wacmat_onangh, Another blow was dealt by the sudden death of $C$. Axel Carlson, Water Commissioner of South Park, who was killed in a needless head-on collision August 18, 1964. Finding a replacement for him has become a job in itself. These misfortunes which I have cited, together with other incidents which have taken place involving disgruntled water users, is the reason to say this has been a year to remember. I wish to thank all who have helped and assisted me in the administration of Irrigation Division No. 1 , and to borrow a phrase of Ralph Owens, next year things will be different.

The administration of the Colorado-Big Thompson Project waters, the quantities of water delivered to the several systems, and the problems encountered, are contained in the report of Special Deputy State Engineer, Clark E. Schnurr.

Respectfully submitted,

Bill: Do you want your name typed in?..... M. W. Mattern, Irrigation Division Engineer Irrigation Division No. 1





