

STATE ENGINEER'S SIXTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT TO THE COLORADO GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON DAM SAFETY FOR FY 99-00



November 1, 2000

COLORADO DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER

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> TC 550 .C65 1999/2000

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COLORADO STATE ENGINEER'S SIXTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY ON DAM SAFETY FOR FISCAL YEAR 1999-2000

INTRODUCTION

The mission of Colorado's Dam Safety Program is to prevent loss of life and property damage and protect the state's water supplies from the failure of dams within the resources available to this office. The program assures a safe environment related to the design, construction, and operation of dams and reservoirs through working with dam owners and designers to achieve compliance with state statutes. The program includes the enforcement of a comprehensive set of regulations, policies, and procedures for the construction and maintenance of dams, the safe operation of reservoirs, and emergency preparedness. The public safety is provided by restricting the storage in the reservoir to a safe level. The safe storage level is determined by the review and approval of engineered plans for the construction and repair of dams, and regular safety evaluations of existing dams and reservoirs by professional engineers.

The program is managed by the State Engineer in accordance with Title 37, Article 87, of C.R.S. (1999 Supp.), and the Livestock Water Tank Act, Title 35, Article 49, of C.R.S. (1999 Supp.), as amended. The "Rules and Regulations for Dam Safety and Dam Construction" and Standard Specifications for Livestock Water Tanks and Erosion Control Dams establish the procedures and requirements of the State Engineer in the implementation of these statutes.

PURPOSE

This report is submitted in compliance with Section 37-87-114.4, C.R.S. (1999 Supp.), concerning the dam safety activities of the State Engineer and the Colorado Division of Water Resources relating to Sections 37-87-105 to 37-87-114, C.R.S. (1999 Supp.).

EFFECTIVENESS OF PROGRAM

The effectiveness of a program can be demonstrated by producing a result or accomplishment. For fiscal year 1999-2000, the dam safety program again achieved the majority of its goals and objectives in the design review and inspection of dams. We continue, however, to experience incidents at dams. Because of our dam safety program however, the incidents resulted in reduced consequences. This is attributed to the increased awareness of the dam owners to be responsible for their dams, including emergency preparedness; and to the enforcement of the regulations, policies, and procedures by our office.

At the end of the reporting period, there were 190 dams restricted from full storage due to various structural problems such as serious leakage, cracking and sliding of embankments, and

inadequate spillways. The restrictions provide increased safety for the public and environment until the problems are corrected. The owners are responsible for following the restricted operating levels, and the restrictions are enforced by the Division Engineers. See Appendix G for a list of restricted dams. In the event conditions of any dam or reservoir are so unsafe as to not permit the time to issue or enforce a restriction, or a dam is threatened by a large flood, the State Engineer may immediately employ remedial measures to protect the public safety. An emergency dam repair cash fund is provided under the Colorado Water Conservation Board's construction fund per Section 37-87-122.5 (1999 Supp.)

Six dams experienced serious problems during the period. Following is a short description of the incidents:

- ♦ Rist-Benson, a High Hazard dam near Loveland in Larimer County, experienced a point source leak from a rodent hole on the downstream slope of the dam. The reservoir is restricted to a level where the leakage ceased.
- Occhiato No.1, a Low Hazard dam near Beulah in Pueblo County, suffered a massive slide on the downstream slope. The reservoir is restricted to a level ten feet below the crest of the dam pending repairs.
- Woodland Park, a Significant Hazard dam owned by the Town of Woodland Park in Teller County, experienced uncontrolled leakage during the first filling after construction of a stability berm and seepage control drains. The reservoir has been lowered and is being monitored. Additional piezometers are being installed.
- Teller Dam, a significant Hazard structure owned by the US Army on Fort Carson experienced longitudinal cracking on the crest of the dam near the right abutment. The cracks were closely monitored and subsequently repaired. Any movement is monitored with a new inclinometer.
- North Lake, a High hazard dam near Stonewall in Las Animas County, experienced a sudden increase in outflow from a 24-inch Corrugated Metal Pipe(CMP) outlet, "possibly due to a hole in the pipe near the upstream gate which is closed". Investigations are under way to determine the problem while the situation is closely monitored.
- Grandby No.11 dam, a Significant Hazard structure on the Grand Mesa near Cedaredge experienced leakage and sinkholes on the upstream side of the dam. The reservoir was restricted and drawn down to investigate the problem. A repair plan has been submitted and approved.

With the passage of the National Dam Safety Program Act (NDSP), PL 104-303, and its subsequent funding, Colorado has applied for and received a \$25,162 assistance grant for 1998 to improve the effectiveness of its program. Additional grants were approved for \$49,230 for year 1999, and \$85,405 for 2000. These funds are being used to provide advanced training to the staff in the field of dam safety. Additional training will also be provided under the Technical Seminar training provisions of the Act. The grant funds will also be used to acquire emergency communication equipment; upgraded computers; engineering computer programs; and digital cameras. Future grants may be available each year under the Act, until the year 2002, subject to appropriations.

The following sections of this report cover the activities of the program during the period.

DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Organization

The Dam Safety Program is implemented by the State Engineer through the Dam Safety Branch and the Division Engineer's Offices. The branch is partially decentralized, with Dam Safety Engineers working under the general supervision of the Division Engineers in the several divisions throughout the state. The Dam Safety Engineers and the divisions are responsible for the Program for their geographic area, including enforcement of reservoir level restrictions. The Principal Engineer of the Branch, who is located in Denver, has program-wide responsibilities such as: communication, training, coordination, formulating the goals of the program, recommending policies for implementation of the regulations, preparing procedures for carrying out the policies, and providing technical guidelines for conduct of the work. The Principal Engineer also supervises the Design Review and Construction Inspection activities. (See Appendix A for tables and charts of the personnel and organization of the Branch.)

The Dam Safety Engineers' principal duties are to respond to emergency situations, conduct safety inspections of existing dams, review the adequacy of spillways under the rules, enforce the requirement for emergency planning, assist dam owners in developing their Emergency Preparedness Plans (EPP), provide design review and construction inspection of repairs and alterations when necessary, and investigate complaints on the safety of dams. They also investigate the construction of dams in violation of Section 37-87-105(1) and (4), C.R.S. (1999 Supp.), and conduct training on the inspection of dams for division personnel, dam owners, interested agencies, engineers, and the public. In addition, they review and approve Livestock Watertank and Erosion Control Dam applications, and do other related work as assigned.

Interagency coordination occurs as necessary. For example, we provide the U.S. Forest Service copies of our inspection reports and orders for repair for privately owned dams, so they can administer their use permits on national forest lands. We also coordinate the reviews of plans with the forest service for permitted dams. See page 5 for more information on the safety of federal dams.

A Memorandum of Understanding has been executed with the Division of Wildlife (DOW) regarding the responsibilities of each agency in carrying out the safety inspection of their dams. DOW is making safety inspections of their Low hazard (Class 3) dams.

The Design Review Engineers' principal duties are to review the plans and specifications for the construction, alteration, modification, repair, and enlargement of reservoirs or dams in accordance with Section 37-87-105, C.R.S. (1998 Supp.). This involves a comprehensive engineering review of the plans and specifications to assure that a safe design has been developed, and to inspect the construction of the dam. The engineers assist the Department of Health in the technical evaluation of tailing impoundments through a Memorandum of Understanding, participates in the state's Joint Review Process with the Department of Natural Resources, provides technical assistance to the Division Engineers' offices on dam safety, and performs other related work as assigned.

The Colorado Water Conservation Board uses its construction fund to assist owners with the repair of their dams. We coordinate the review and approval and the final acceptance of these dams with them.

Goals and Objectives of the Program

The program concentrates on "jurisdictional" dams and reservoirs as defined in Section 37-87-105, C.R.S. (1999 Supp.), which are greater than ten feet high at the spillway; or twenty acres in surface area, or 100 acre-feet in capacity at the high water line. Particular attention is placed on inspecting Class 1 (High Hazard) dams annually, Class 2 (Significant Hazard) dams every two years, and Class 3 (Low Hazard) dams are inspected at least every six years. Because of their non-hazardous location, Class 4 (No Hazard) dams are not inspected regularly, but observed for changes in hazard class periodically. See SAFETY INSPECTIONS AND CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATIONS, page 8 for more information.

The Dam Safety Branch developed the following goals and objectives for the Dam Safety Program.

- In order to protect the public safety, the Dam Safety Branch shall determine the amount of water, which is safe to impound in the several reservoirs in the state.
 All of the objectives were accomplished for the period. See page 9 for more details on the number of inspections conducted.
- 2. In order to protect the public from the failure of dams, the Dam Safety Branch shall review and recommend approval of plans and specifications for the construction, modification, and repairs of dams, in accordance with the Regulations for Dam Safety and Dam Construction, September 30, 1988. All of the objectives for this goal were also accomplished, including the Design Review Unit completing the review of plans and specifications within the 180-day limit. See page 6 for more details on the number of plans reviewed and approved.
- 3. In order to improve the public safety from the failures of dams, the Dam Safety Branch shall implement the Rules and Regulations for Dam Safety and Dam Construction in a reasonable time.

Emphasis has been placed during the period on improving the number and quality of Emergency Preparedness Plans for High and Significant hazard dams, especially getting existing plans updated. Moderate success is being realized due to the efforts of our Dam Safety Engineers, in some cases assisting the owners by providing the forms and data they need.

4. To improve the communications of the Dam Safety Branch, the Principal Engineer of the branch and the Division Engineers shall coordinate their activities closely. Communications are maintained through the use of e-mail and sending monthly activity reports to the Divisions by the Principal Engineer of the branch.

The Assistant State Engineer, Jack Byers, schedules frequent meetings with the Division Engineer's offices and annual meetings with the branch.

- 5. In order to improve the functions of the Branch, and to meet the public information needs, the Dam Safety Branch shall maintain a data information system. The maintenance of the DAMS database has been very successful. See page 11 for more information about this and the NATDAM program.
- 6. In order to improve the technical proficiency of the Branch, the Division of Water Resources shall provide training and professional development of the personnel. The Dam Safety Branch submitted a training plan as part of an application to the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) under the National Dam Safety Program Act (NDSP) to provide the staff with advanced training in technical subjects. During the period the staff have taken part in Technical Seminars offered by the Association of State Dam Safety Officials (ASDSO) as follows:

Association of State Dam Safety Officials Annual Conference and Technical Seminar on Risk Analysis. Two members of the branch attended. Out-of-state travel limitations prevented additional dam safety engineers attending.

The Branch engaged URS Griener Woodward-Clyde, Denver, to present a technical seminar on advanced slope stability analysis and seepage analysis. Eleven of the members of the branch participated.

ASDSO Western Region conference and Technical Seminar on construction Inspection. Two members of the branch attended.

Administrative leave is also provided for continuing education and participation on task groups and committees.

7. In order to improve our dam safety program, and to participate in the development of national policies on dam safety, and to take advantage of the continuing education and information available, the State shall be a full voting member of the Association of State Dam Safety Officials (ASDSO). Under Goal 7, the Principal Engineer of the Branch is the designated state representative to ASDSO. He has served on task groups, committees, and the Board of Directors, and was an officer. All of the personnel in the Branch have had an opportunity to attend ASDSO conferences and technical seminars over the years. Their Associate Member dues are paid for from operating funds.

Safety of Federal Dams

A Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) has been executed with the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (BOR), the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), and the Air Force Academy (AFA) relating to dam safety activities in Colorado. They provide for the exchange of safety related information of dams under each agency's jurisdiction. An MOU is also being revised with the U.S.

Forest Service, Rocky Mountain Region, to provide coordination of our mutual responsibilities for dam safety. MOUs are being pursued with the other federal agencies such as the Army Corp of Engineers and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission to assure that the dams under their jurisdiction are being maintained in safe condition and to coordinate our activities and exchange of information and data.

Safety evaluations are done in accordance with the "Federal Guidelines for Dam Safety". We monitor the activities of these federal agencies to assure they are following their guidelines.

We have curtailed participating in routine inspections of federal dams in accordance with the audit. The Branch, however, has participated in the evaluation of the safety of several federal dams for special issues and performance problem evaluations during the period, in accordance with the procedure for obtaining approval to participate in these inspections. One hundred seventy four (174) hours were spent participating in these safety inspections at a cost of \$7,308.

Federal Energy Regulatory Commission Licensed Dams

The Branch makes safety inspections of dams, which are also regulated by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). In accordance with an agreement with them, they notify us of their schedules, and invite us to participate in their inspections. They also furnish us copies of their reports for our records. We notify the FERC of any safety problems that we have identified based on our safety inspections, when requested by them. We have also curtailed our participation in FERC regulated dams in accordance with the audit, but in accordance with the procedures for approval spent 37 hours on inspections to evaluate specific performance or maintenance issues, at a cost of \$1,554.

Tables of Jurisdictional Dams

See page 13 for a table showing the distribution of dams by ownership. Table 1 shows the ownership of jurisdictional dams in divisions by hazard class and type of owner.

APPROVAL OF PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION OF DAMS AND RESERVOIRS

During FY 99 - 00, the State Engineer's Office received plans for four new dams, and thirty-two plans for alteration, modification, repair, or enlargement. Nine separate hydrology studies were also submitted for determination of the inflow design flood for spillway design. The estimated cost of construction for the submitted plans was \$6,495,971. Eighteen thousand five hundred and sixty eight dollars (\$18,568) was collected for the examination and filing of the submitted plans.

Thirty-seven sets of plans and specifications for construction, and four hydrology studies were approved by the State Engineer during FY 99-00. (See Appendix B for lists of dams which were approved.) In order to expedite the approval of repair plans for dams, the Dam Safety Engineers may review them and perform the construction inspections. This enables the owners to repair their dams sooner by shortening the review time.

Upon completion of construction, the owner's engineer submits copies of the "AS-CONSTRUCTED" plans showing any changes made during construction. These plans are reviewed by the engineer who monitored the construction for completeness before being accepted for filing. The superseded plans are disposed of and the "AS-CONSTRUCTED" plans serve as the public record as required by the statutes.

Section 37-87-114.5., C.R.S. (1999 Supp.) exempts certain structures from the State Engineer's approval. They are structures not designed or operated for the purpose of storing water, mill tailing impoundments permitted under Article 32 or Article 33 of Title 34, C.R.S. (Minerals or Coal Mines), uranium mill tailing and liquid impoundment structures permitted under Article 11 of Title 25, C.R.S., siltation structures permitted under Article 33 of Title 34, C.R.S. (Coal Mines), and structures which only store water below the natural surface of the ground.

In order to prevent administrative problems as a result of the construction of small dams which do not fall under the jurisdiction of the State Engineer's review and approval, Section 37-87-125, C.R.S. (1998 Supp.) requires that a Notice of Intent to Construct a Nonjurisdictional Water Impoundment Structure must be submitted to the State Engineer prior to beginning construction.

SAFETY INSPECTIONS AND CONSTRUCTION OBSERVATIONS

Scope

The statutes specify that a safety inspection include the review of previous inspection reports and drawings, site inspection of the dam, spillways, outlet facilities, seepage control and measurement system, and permanent monument or monitoring installations. Construction inspections also need to be maintained at a high level. Construction inspections are important to assure that the approved plans are being followed and to assure changed conditions during construction does not jeopardize the safety of the design. The site visit is preceded by a review of the file and history of performance, coordination with the owner, division staff, and other interested parties so they may take part in the inspection.

The safety inspection must also include an evaluation of the adequacy of the spillway to pass the appropriate sized flood for the dam's size and hazard class, to make an evaluation of the dam's hazard classification and whether it has changed, and to assess the adequacy of the Emergency Preparedness Plan for the dam. The internal inspection of the outlet works and evaluation of instrumentation has also been added to the workload as required by the regulations. The hydrologic evaluation of spillways has been postponed on dams located above 7500 feet in elevation, pending the completion of a study of extreme precipitation by the State Engineer and the Water Conservation Board, (See page 10 for more information.).

The findings of the inspection are documented on a report form which rates the conditions observed of the several components of the dam and reservoir. The overall conditions are rated as satisfactory, conditionally satisfactory, or unsatisfactory (unsafe) for full storage, and a recommendation is made for the safe storage level by the Dam Safety Engineer. An order is prepared for the State Engineer's signature, restricting storage in the reservoir until the problem is corrected. The report also identifies the several repair and maintenance items which the owner should take care of, and any engineering and monitoring requirements necessary to assure the safety of the dam. A copy of the ENGINEERS INSPECTION REPORT is in Appendix D.

Procedures have been implemented to begin reporting incidents, and the findings of safety inspections where orders have been issued to make modifications for safety reasons, to the Center for the Performance of Dams at Stanford University, Palo Alto, California. This is a new national program that has been developed by the Association of State Dam Safety Officials and the Federal Emergency Management Agency for accumulating data for the improvement of design and safety evaluations of dams nationwide. Dam incident reports were submitted for six dams during the period.

Orders to repair or maintain the dam usually require the reinspection of the dam in order to verify that the work has been done in an acceptable manner. Re-inspections also occur to assure follow-up of the State Engineer's orders or as requested by the owner. If the safety inspection finds that the overall conditions are unsafe, an order is written by the State Engineer restricting the storage in the reservoir to a safe storage level. If the findings are conditionally satisfactory, full storage is recommended contingent upon appropriate monitoring being provided by the owner. Restriction letters are accompanied by orders to rehabilitate the dam to make it safe for full

storage or to breach the dam. In the event the owner fails to comply with an order to make the dam safe, a breach order is issued to remove the hazard created by the dam and reservoir.

Scheduling

The Dam Safety Engineers collectively conduct about 800 to 1000 safety and construction inspections each year. Jurisdictional dams identified for inspection in accordance with the policies of the State Engineer are assigned to the Dam Safety Engineers in each Division. The number of inspections required to be scheduled is related to the number of dams in each division and their hazard class. Included in these numbers has been the annual inspection of all Class 1 dams, one-half of the Class 2 hazard dams, and about one-sixth of the Class 3 hazard dams. Inspection of federal dams for nonroutine inspections are integrated with these schedules. Subsequent follow-up and problem solving meetings with dam owners results in additional inspections each year.

In order to track potential problems which could develop at Class 3 dams, the Dam Safety Engineers assign dams to be observed to the Division's Water Commissioners, and they file an observation report. The report is reviewed, and then furnished to the owner for their information, and to implement any recommendations for repair and maintenance. A copy of the WATER COMMISSIONER DAM OBSERVATION REPORT form is in Appendix C.

Number of Inspections

During FY 99-00, a total of 562 safety inspections and 134 construction inspections were conducted for a total of 696. In addition, 164 follow-up inspections were made. The safety inspections included 236 Class 1 (High) hazard dams, 178 Class 2 (Significant) hazard dams, 146 Class 3 (Low) hazard dams, and two inspections of Class 4 (No Hazard) dams (includes Federal dams which are inspected at 3 year intervals and which we participated.) Fewer low hazard inspections were done due to a vacancy in Divisions 3 and 7. For inspections of federally owned dams in which we don't participate, we receive and review their reports and findings.

DAM SAFETY PROJECTS

Extreme Precipitation Study

The State Engineer and the Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) continued the process during the period to study extreme precipitation in the mountainous areas of Colorado. See Proposal for Evaluating Extreme Precipitation for the Mountainous Areas of Colorado in Appendix E. A volunteer committee of meteorologists, hydrologists, engineers, federal and state agencies, and private entities prepared the proposal. The Department of Atmospheric Science, CSU (State Climatologist) was engaged for doing Phase I of the study, which is the collection and verification of data. A workshop was held to provide a forum for professionals in the field to determine which modeling technology should be used during Phase II of the plan. The Phase I report was completed in May 1997. It contains a list of recommended extreme storms that will be used for modeling research, and can be used for site specific analysis of extreme events for project studies. The CWCB approved \$300,000 for doing the Phase II study. They also approved the use of \$100,000 for updating the 100-year frequency atlas for Colorado. The National Weather Service, NOAA, will be requested to update the atlas, however they are behind schedule and no work is expected to get done until 2002.

A Memorandum of Understanding was approved on March 5, 1999 with Colorado State University (CSU) Department of Atmospheric Science, Ft. Collins, Colorado to develop new methodologies for determining extreme precipitation. This will be about a two plus year (February 1999 – June 2001) research project using the RAMS model at CSU to simulate extreme precipitation of historic events, and to create a graphical user interface (GUI) with the RAMS model to develop extreme precipitation estimates in Colorado. A Technical Review Group is assisting us in reviewing the progress of the research. The members of the group are Mr. Jimy Dudhia, National Center for Atmospheric Research; Mr. Louis Schreiner and Mr. David Mathews, US Bureau of Reclamation; and Mr Stephen Spann, Consultant. These new criteria should save millions of dollars in the construction of spillways for dams. They are presently on schedule testing the model.

Emergency Preparedness Plans

Emergency preparedness for incidents at dams that jeopardize the public safety, including the failure of dams, has become an integral part of dam safety programs. All the federal dam owning/regulating agencies, and most states require that plans be formulated in order to detect incidents at dams, give adequate warning, and maintain preparedness, for the eventual failure or misoperation of dams. Colorado has been actively involved in this area since 1981, ultimately requiring that Emergency Preparedness Plans (EPP) be prepared for High and Significant Hazard dams as part of the regulations for dam safety adopted in September 1988. As a result of increased effort, at the end of the period of this report, June 30, 2000, emergency plans have been prepared for 100 percent of the High Hazard dams of record statewide. Much work is still needed, however, to update, maintain, and exercise the plans annually.

The Dam Safety Engineers in the Divisions continue to assist dam owners in the preparation of their EPPs. Approximately 98 percent of the Significant Hazard dams have plans on file. The others who do not have a plan, have been notified of the requirement to prepare them. In some

cases, we have prepared the plans for the owners. This will continue to be enforced during the following year of inspections. We also participate in a variety of emergency exercises in coordination with federal, state, and local emergency managers.

Dam Safety Database Management System

The dams database (DAMS) is maintained on a personal computer system (PC) using dBASE IV as the data management program. While the main database is kept on a PC in Denver, the several dam safety engineers maintain the data for their Divisions on their PCs. The main database in Denver is updated from the several Divisions on a periodic basis. The Dam Safety Branch's capability to maintain the database and analyze dams was enhanced by the receipt of computer hardware and software for the Denver office and the Division offices under the auspices of the National Dam Safety Program Assistance Grants. The addition of e-mail and Internet Services has improved our ability to maintain and share our databases materially.

Publications/Internet

As a service to dam owners, the Dam Safety Branch makes available, at no charge, a brochure on the construction and operation of dams in Colorado (January 1999). It contains general information on requirements for approval of plans, water rights, financing, liability, insurance, Emergency Preparedness Plans, statutes, publications, and Division Engineer and Water Court addresses. A "Dam Safety Manual" is also available at a reasonable cost that instructs dam owners on the safety inspection of their dams. Guidelines for preparing EPPs and a Project Review Guide for submitting plans for approval also are provided at no cost.

In addition, the Regulations, Project Review Guide, application forms, sample plans, Livestock and Erosion Control Dam Permits, and Notice to Construct a Nonjurisdictional Impoundment Structure are available on the Dam Safety Web Page.

ASSOCIATION OF STATE DAM SAFETY OFFICIALS

All of the engineers in the Dam Safety Branch are members of the Association of State Dam Safety Officials (ASDSO) and actively participate in its programs, presenting papers and serving on task groups and committees. The purpose of ASDSO is to provide a forum for the exchange of ideas and experiences on dam safety issues, foster interstate cooperation, provide information and assistance to dam safety programs, provide representation of state interests before Congress and Federal agencies for dam safety, and to improve efficiency and effectiveness of state dam safety programs. Alan Pearson, Principal Engineer of the Dam Safety Branch, is the state's representative for the Association. Mr. Pearson also is a member of the Peer Review Committee and the Executive Committee for the National Center for Performance of Dams (NPDP). The Peer Review Program provides member states with an opportunity to have their dam safety programs reviewed to ensure that they are accomplishing their objectives, and to receive recommendations for improving their programs. Colorado has taken advantage of this opportunity for a review in 1991. Several of the recommendations have been implemented to date. The NPDP's mission is to be the leading source of information on the operational and structural performance of dams.

The Center and the data will provide an important research tool in the improvement of dam safety in the United States.

The Branch executed an MOA with the Association for submitting incidents to the National Center for Performance of Dams for 1999. We received \$2000 for fiscal year 1999-00 upon agreeing to include the submittal of incident data to the Center. The funds were used for training.

USE OF APPROPRIATED FUNDS

Dam safety personal service expenditures for the fiscal year 1999-00 were \$936,550. Total operating and travel expenditures were approximately \$25,000.

\$49,230 of the National Dam Safety Program Act assistance grant for 1999 has been expended to date, for training and purchase of equipment and software. These expenditures were made in accordance with the plan that was submitted to FEMA for improving Colorado's Dam Safety Program.

RECEIPTS GENERATED FOR COSTS OF FILING PLANS

Fees collected by the State Engineer and deposited in the General Fund for dam safety amounted to \$18,568 for filing plans and specifications during the period.

ENFORCEMENT ORDERS AND PROCEEDINGS

No enforcement orders on dam safety were issued during the period.

LEGISLATION

No legislation affecting dam safety was enacted during the period.

TABLE 1

DISTRIBUTION OF DAMS BY IRRIGATION DIVISION/CLASS

HAZARD <u>RATING</u>	DIVISION	NONFEDERAL	<u>FED</u> ERAL	<u>TOTAL</u>
Class 1	1	420	***************************************	
Class 2	1	129 121	14	143
Class 3	1		8	129
Class 4	1	420 34	11	431
	•	34	9	43
Class 1	2	37	6	43
Class 2	2	50	3	53
Class 3	2	104	11	115
Class 4	2	98	4	102
Class 1	3	9	1	10
Class 2	3	14	0	14
Class 3	3	29	4	33
Class 4	3	15	0	15
Class 1	4	30	10	40
Class 2	4	37	0	37
Class 3	4	148	6	154
Class 4	4	4	3	7
Class 1	5	24	16	40
Class 2	5	36	1	37
Class 3	5	117	15	132
Class 4	5	16	0	16
Class 1	6	12	0	12
Class 2	6	14	1	15
Class 3	6	107	9	116
Class 4	6	11	0	11
Class 1	7	12	4	16
Class 2	7	19	1	20
Class 3	7	42	1	43
Class 4	7	6	0	6
TOTALS		1695	138	1833

Class 1 - Loss of human life is expected in the event of failure of the dam, while the reservoir is at the high water line.

Class 2 - Significant damage to improved property is expected in the event of failure of the dam while the reservoir is at the high water line, but no loss of life is expected.

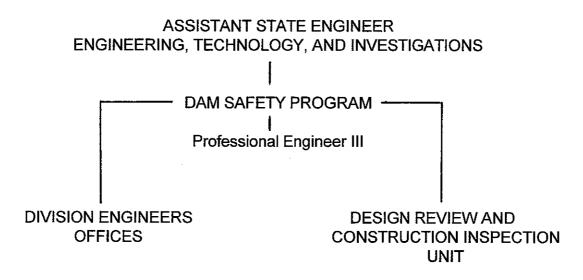
Class 3 - Loss of human life is not expected, and damage to improved property is expected to be small in the event of failure of the dam while the reservoir is at the high water line.

Class 4 - Loss of human life is not expected, and damage will occur only to the dam owner's property in the event of failure of the dam while the reservoir is at the high water line.

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APPENDIX A

DAM SAFETY BRANCH



1 - Professional Engineer II

DIVISION 1 4 - Professional Engineer II

DIVISION 2 2 - Professional Engineer II

DIVISION 3-7 Professional Engineer II

DIVISION 4
Professional Engineer II

DIVISION 5 Professional Engineer II

DIVISION 6
Professional Engineer II

APPENDIX A

PERSONNEL DAM SAFETY BRANCH

TITLE	<u>NAME</u>	AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY
	Denver Office	
Professional Engineer III	Alan Pearson	Principal Engineer, Dam Safety Program
Professional Engineer II	Mark Haynes	Design Review/Const. Inspection
	Resident, Division Off	īces
Professional Engineer II Professional Engineer II Professional Engineer II Professional Engineer II	Dennis Miller Michael Cola James Dubler Gregory Hammer	Dam Safety Engineer, Division 1 Dam Safety Engineer, Division 1 Dam Safety Engineer, Division 1 Dam Safety Engineer, Division 1
Professional Engineer II Professional Engineer II	Michael Graber Garrett Jackson	Dam Safety Engineer, Division 2 Dam Safety Engineer, Division 2 ¹
Professional Engineer II	Brett Nordby	Dam Safety Engineer, Divs. 3&7
Professional Engineer II	James Norfleet	Dam Safety Engineer, Division 4
Professional Engineer II	John Blair	Dam Safety Engineer, Division 5
Professional Engineer II	Sally Lewis	Dam Safety Engineer, Division 62

One-half time Field Engineer, one-half time Design Review Engineer
 One-half time Field Engineer, one-half time Asst. Division Engineer

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APPENDIX B

APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR ALTERATIONS ENLARGEMENTS, OR REPAIRS OF EXISTING DAMS

<u>NAME</u>	DAMID	C-NO(1)	DATE	USE				
CARL SMITH	400517	C-473A	07/09/1999	IRRIGATION				
MEADOW CREEK	510118	C-1363B	07/15/1999	DOMESTIC				
HALLENBECK NO.1	420125	C-356D	07/26/1999	IRRIGATION				
HUGHES	380114	C-335B	08/20/1999	RECREATION				
MCMAHON NO.2	500115	C-413A	08/31/1999	RECREATION				
GOOSE LAKE	060121	C-1639B	09/07/1999	DOMESTIC				
WATSON LAKE	030334	C-1090A	09/20/1999	RECREATION				
LONE TREE	040138	C-1482B	09/27/1999	IRRIGATION				
HORSE CREEK	170228	C-1329B	10/07/1999	IRRIGATION				
CROWN HILL CEMETERY	070123	C-1647A	12/01/1999	IRRIGATION				
OURAY DAM	680113	C-1361A	12/16/1999	POWER				
TALBOTT IRRIGATION	020330	C-696A	01/06/2000	IRRIGATION				
LAKE MEREDITH	170204	C-0192B	01/21/2000	IRRIGATION				
MODEL	190114	C-0154B	02/03/2000	IRRIGATION				
PANAMA NO. 1 - EAST DAM	060206	C-1469B	02/28/2000	IRRIGATION				
FRUITA NO.3	730104	C-0258A	03/06/2000	DOMESTIC				
GLEN EYRIE #3	100132	C-0217A	03/28/2000	RECREATION				
GARDEN OF THE GODS GC	100131	C-0950A	03/28/2000	RECREATION				
REYNOLDS	360107	C-0329A	05/03/2000	RECREATION				
LAKE MANCHESTER	060307	Letter	06/07/2000	RECREATION				
ANDERSON NO.6	420104	C-226A	06/21/2000	DOMESTIC				
[1] Filing system for approved p	[1] Filing system for approved plans (C-473A). Letter at end of number denotes revisions/additions							

APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR NEW DAMS OR OLD DAMS NOT PREVIOUSLY APPROVED

NAME	DAMID	C-NO(2)	DATE	USE
FORTUNE RESERVOIR	02	C-1784	11/16/1999	DOMESTIC
STILLWATER	080444	C-1785	09/07/1999	RECREATION
CLIFTON RAW WATER POND	72	C-1786	06/09/2000	DOMESTIC
SILVER CREEK RES B	51	C-1787	08/04/1999	RECREATION
WADDLE CREEK NO.2	440307	C-1788	08/04/1999	IRRIGATION
EXPOSITION PARK	02	C-1789	10/18/1999	FLOOD CONTROL
DROZ CREEK	110233	C-1790	10/07/1999	RECREATION
BUMGARNER	360116	C-1791	09/27/1999	IRRIGATION
RUSSELL LAKES SWA	26	C-1793	12/16/1999	RECREATION
PRINCE NO.1	060208	C-1794	02/07/2000	DOMESTIC
TROUT CREEK	11	C-1795	04/20/2000	RECREATION
GEIST	030509	C-1797	06/09/2000	IRRIGATION
TAMARACK SWA B	640216	C-1798	05/12/2000	RECREATION
ELK POND	600133	C-1799	05/15/2000	IRRIGATION
	510125	C-1801	06/14/2000	IRRIGATION
CHAMBERS	420110	C-1802	06/21/2000	IRRIGATION
[2] Eiling auctom for annual a	Inna (O. 4704)			

[2] Filing system for approved plans (C-1784). Assigned to plans for new dams, and alterations and repairs to existing dams that weren't previously approved.

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APPENDIX C WATER COMMISSIONER • DAM OBSERVATION REPORT • OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER

	 									
DAN	M NAME			W. DIV.	W. DIST.	DATE OF INSPECTION.		_/	,	<u> </u>
DAK	vi ID	FILE NO. C-	FOREST I.D.		D	ate of last inspection.		_/		
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CON	NTACT NAME_					TACT PHONE				
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_		DIRECTIONS: MARK AN X FOR CONDITION:							Condit	
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ž		ENT ACTIVITY ON UPSTREAM SLOPE, CREST, DOWNSTREAM SLOPE, TO	***		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ğ		E
=_		AND OPERATING MECHANISM NEED MAINTENANCE (68) OTHER DIRECTIONS: ENTER PROBLEM N					<u> </u>		<u></u>	ΙΞ
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go A A nue	ty to	MAINTENANCE - MINOR REPAIR - MONITORING ACTION REQ	WIRED OF O	WHER TO IMPROVE	THE SAFETY OF T	RE DAM.				
or and	front dam.	(80) PROVIDE ADDITIONAL RIPRAP:								1-
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ă și	th the or or or	(85) PROVIDE SURFACE DRAINAGE FOR								
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Engl.	# E & C & C & C & C & C & C & C & C & C &	(88) OTHER:								
r ge	20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	DAM REQUIRES INSPECTION BY A FIELD ENGINEER				FIELD DIMENSI	ONS	SHO	WH OI	BACK
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APPENDIX D

ENGINEERS INSPECTION REPORT

OFFICE OF THE STATE ENGINEER-DIVISION OF WATER RESOURCES - DAM SAFETY BRANCH
1313 Sherman Street, Room 818, Denver, CO 80203, (303) 866-3581

	3,500,000,000,000				
D/	AM NAME		\angle	,	
D/	AM ID DATE OF LAST INSPECTION		_/	, 	
01	NNER NAMEOWNER PHONE				
Al	DDRESSZIP CODE				
CC	ONTACT NAMECONTACT PHONE				
	ASS CAPACITY AF SURFACE AREA AC. HEIGHT FT. CREST LENGTH FT CREST WIDTH				
	rrent restriction (NO) (Yes) Level EPP on File (NO) (Yes) Spwy Width Ft, Fbd.	i	FT, Z		
PA	PRESENTING				
-	DIRECTIONS: MARK AN X FOR CONDITIONS FOUND AND UNDERLINE WORDS THAT APPLY. GIVE LOCATION AND EXTENT WITH NUMBER				_
-	REFERENCE I.E. (25) ALL ALONG SLOPE, OR SHOW IT ON SKETCH. FIELD CONDITIONS OBSERVED				
W.	ATER LEVEL - BELOW DAM CRESTFT. BELOW SPILLWAYFT., GAGE ROD				
ER	DUND MOISTURE CONDITION: DRY WET SNOWCOVER OTHER				itions
	PROBLEMS NOTED: (1) NONE (1) RIPRAP - MISSING, SPARSE DISPLACED, WEATHERED (2) WAVE EROSION-WITH SCARPS	1	一		
A M	□ (3) CRACKS-WITH DISPLACEMENT □ (4) SINKHOLE □ (5) APPEARS TOO STEEP □ (6) DEPRESSIONS OR BULGES □ (7) SLIDES		-	╟┼	_ ₹
TRE OBE	(8) CONCRETE FACING-HOLES, CRACKS, DISPLACED, UNDERMINED (9) OTHER		۵	ACCEPTABLE	
PS.	Comments:	ļ	GOOD	EPT/	PSTR SLO
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	PROBLEMS NOTES: (10) NONE (11) RUTS OR PUDDLES (12) EROSION. (13) CRACKS - WITH DISPLACEMENT (14) SINKHOLES (15) NOT WIDE ENOUGH (16) LOW AREA (17) MISALIGNMENT (18) INADEQUATE SURFACE DRAINAGE		Ш		
EST	☐ (19) OTHER ☐ (17) MISALIGNMENT ☐ (18) INADEQUATE SURFACE DRAINAGE			щ	L
CRE	Comments:		goop	EPTABL	CRES
J		Sheet	ĕ	ACCEPTABLE	(0
		S St		₹	2,5
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HE/	☐ (25) APPEARS TOO STEEP ☐ (26) DEPRESSION OR BULGES ☐ (27) SLIDE ☐ (28) SOFT AREAS ☐ (29) OTHER	Back			REA
Sign	Comments:	on B	8	CCEPTABLE	
NMO SI'C		nes o	G00D	CEPTA	<u>₹</u> 5
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	PROBLEMS NOTED: (30) NONE (31) SATURATED EMBANKMENT AREA (32) SEEPAGE EXITS ON EMBANKMENT	Guidel	$\vdash \uparrow$	+	
Ш	☐ (33) SEEPAGE EXITS AT POINT SOURCE ☐ (34) SEEPAGE AREA AT TOE ☐ (35) FLOW ADJACENT TO OUTLET ☐ (36) SEEPAGE INCREASED/MUDDY	See	\dashv	+	ii.
PAC	BRAIN DUTFALLS SEEN NOYes			31.6	AG
SEEPAGE	[] (39) OTHER Show location of drains on sketch and indicate amount and quality of discharge.		goop	ACCEPTABLE	SEEPAG
. 00	Comments:			20 P	(ir
	PROBLEMS NOTED: 440) NONE 41) NO OUTLET FOUND (42) POOR OPERATING ACCESS (42) INCORPORTED		_	+	
	PROBLEMS NOTED: 40) NONE 41) NO OUTLET FOUND 42) POOR OPERATING ACCESS 43) INOPERABLE 44) UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM STRUCTURE DETERIORATED 45) OUTLET NOT OPERATED DURING INSPECTION		4	+	
	INTERIOR INSPECTED (120) NO (121) YES. (46) CONDUIT DETERIORATED OR COLLAPSED (47) JOINTS DISPLACED (48) VALVE LEAKAGE			"	in.
ΟŲΤLΕΤ	☐ (49) OTHER		G00D	EPTAB POOR	OUTL
0	Comments:		Ğ	ACCEPTABLE POOR	ō
					** ₄
	PROBLEMS RETER: [50) NONE [51] NO EMERGENCY SPILLWAY FOUND [52] EROSION-WITH BACKCUTTING [53] CRACK - WITH DISPLACEMENT	ſ			
VAY	☐ (54) APPEARS TO BE STRUCTURALLY INADEQUATE ☐ (55) APPEARS TOO SMALL ☐ (56) INADEQUATE FREEBOARD ☐ (57) FLOW OBSTRUCTED				*
SPILLWAY	☐ (58) CONCRETE DETERIORATED/UNDERMINED ☐ (59) OTHER		ا۾	ABL >A	A.
SP	•	- [G000	ACCEPTABLE POOR	111
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DC 185a	85				كالتات

APPENDIX D

DAM NA		DAM 1.0.: DATE				=
MONITORING	(1 MONI Comm	NG INSTRUMENTATION FOUND (110) NONE (111) GAGE ROD (112) PIEZOMETERS (113) SEEPAGE WEIRS/FLUMES 4) SURVEY MONUMENTS (115) OTHER (115) OTHER (116) NO (117) YES PERIODIC INSPECTIONS BY: (118) OWNER (119) ENGINEER ORIS:		0000	ACCEPTABLE POOR	And the second s
MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR	(6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6) (6)	EMS NOTED: (60) NONE (61) ACCESS ROAD NEEDS MAINTENANCE (62) CATTLE DAMAGE) BRUSH ON UPSTREAM SLOPE, CREST, DOWNSTREAM SLOPE, TOE (64) TREES ON UPSTREAM SLOPE, CREST, DOWNSTREAM SLOPE, TOE) RODENT ACTIVITY ON UPSTREAM SLOPE, CREST, DOWNSTREAM SLOPE, TOE (66) DETERIORATED CONCRETE-FACING, OUTLET, SPILLWAY) GATE AND OPERATING MECHANISM NEED MAINTENANCE (68) OTHER (68) OTHER (68) OTHER (69) OTHER (-	0000	ACCEPTABLE	
· m	REMA	ixs:			,	
DVERALL						
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a o o	Based	on this Safety Inspection and recent file review, the overall condition is determined to be:				
	□ 71	SATISFACTORY 72 CONDITIONALLY SATISFACTORY 73 UNSATISFACTORY				
	$\overline{\exists}$	ITEMS REQUIRING ACTION BY OWNER				1
į	ē .	TO IMPROVE THE SAFETY OF THE DAM				
100 d	9.5	MAINTENANCE - MINOR REPAIR - MONITORING				
9 5 5	0	(80) PROVIDE ADDITIONAL RIPRAP:				_
F E S		(82) CLEAR TREES AND/OR BRUSH FROM:				
200		(83) INITIATE RODENT CONTROL PROGRAM AND PROPERLY BACKFILL EXISTING HOLES:				_
5 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	. E	(84) GRADE CREST TO A UNIFORM ELEVATION WITH DRAINAGE TO THE UPSTREAM SLOPE:				_
0.35	E 2	(8S) PROVIDE SURFACE DRAINAGE FOR:				4
>5 E	83	[(86) MONITOR:				_
0 c 3	20	(88) OTHER:				_
E 2 5	١٤٥	□ (89) OTHER:				
ing this current	servoir o	ENGINEERING - EMPLOY AN ENGINEER EXPERIENCED IN BESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION OF BAMS TO: (Plans & Specification must be approved by State Engineer prior (90) PREPARE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE REHABILITATION OF THE DAM:	o c	nstn	iction.)	_
200	20	(91) PREPARE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS OF:				_
200	SE	[92) PERFORM A GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION TO EVALUATE THE STABILITY OF THE DAM: [93) PERFORM A HYDROLOGIC STUDY TO DETERMINE REQUIRED SPILLWAY SIZE:				-
1	2	(93) PREPARE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR AN ADEQUATE SPILLWAY:				_
550	*	(95) SET UP A MONITORING SYSTEM INCLUDING WORK SHEETS, REDUCED DATA AND GRAPHED RESULTS:				
무를	돩	(95) PERFORM AN INTERNAL INSPECTION OF THE OUTLET:				_
Star S	율	(97) OTHER:				_
1	뚫	☐ (98) OTHER:				-
L		SAFE STORAGE LEVEL RECOMMENDED AS A RESULT OF THIS INSPECTION			_	_
		[] (101) FULL STORAGE				
		(102) CONDITIONAL FULL STORAGE RESTRICTED LEVEL OFFICIAL ORDER TO FOLLOW FT. BELOW SPILLWAY CREST				
		(103) RECOMMENDED RESTRICTION OF TOTAL ORDER TO FOLLOW FT. GAGE HEIGHT NO STORAGE-MAINTAIN OUTLET FULLY OPEN				
REASO	N FOR	RESTRICTION:				_
						_
ACTION	NS RE	JIRED FOR CONDITIONAL FULL STORAGE OR CONTINUED STORAGE AT THE RESTRICTED LEVEL:				_
						_
		•				_
						_
Enginee		Owner's			, .	/
Signatu DC-22-		Signature Owner/Owner's REPRESENTATIVE DATE			ກະ 2	

CONDITIONS OBSERVED - APPLIES TO UPSTREAM SLOPE, CREST, DOWNSTREAM SLOPE, OUTLET, SPILLWAY

GOOD

the safety of the dam.

In general, this part of the structure has a near new appearance, and conditions observed in this area do not appear to threaten

Although general cross-section is maintained, surfaces may be irregular, eroded, rutted, spalled, or otherwise not in new condition. Conditions in this area do not currently appear to threaten the safety of the dam.

Conditions observed in this area appear to threaten the safety of the dam.

CONDITIONS OBSERVED - APPLIES TO SEEPAGE

GOOD

No evidence of uncontrolled seepage. No unexplained increase in flows from designed drains. All seepage is clear. Seepage conditions do not appear to threaten the safety of the dam.

ACCEPTABLE

ACCEPTABLE

Some seepage exists at areas other than the drain outfalls, or other designed drains. No unexplained increase in seepage. All seepage is clear. Seepage conditions observed do not currently appear to threaten the safety of the

Seepage conditions observed appear to threaten the safety of the dam. Examples:

1) Designed drain or seepage flows have increased without increase in reservoir level.

2) Drain or seepage flows contain sediment, i.e., muddy water or particles in jar samples.

3) Widespread seepage, concentrated seep-

age or ponding appears to threaten the safety

CONDITIONS OBSERVED - APPLIES TO MONITORING

GOOD

Monitoring includes movement surveys and leakage measurements for all dams, and piezometer readings for Class I dams. Instrumentation is in reliable, working condition. A plan for monitoring the instrumentation and analyzing results by the owner's engineer is in effect. Periodic inspections by owner's engineer.

ACCEPTABLE

Monitoring includes movement surveys and leakage measurements for Class I & II dams; leakage measurements for Class III dams. Instrumentation is in serviceable condition. A plan for monitoring instrumentation is in effect by owner. Periodic inspections by owner or representative. OR, NO MONITORING REQUIRED.

POOR

of the dam.

POOR

POOR

All instrumentation and monitoring described under "ACCEPTABLE" here for each class of dam, are not provided, or required periodic readings are not being made, or unexplained changes in readings are not reacted to by the owner.

CONDITIONS OBSERVED - APPLIES TO MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

GOOD

Dam appears to receive effective on-going maintenance and repair, and only a few minor items may need to be addressed.

ACCEPTABLE

Dam appears to receive maintenance, but some maintenance items need to be addressed. No major repairs are required.

POOR

Dam does not appear to receive adequate maintenance. One or more items needing maintenance or repair has begun to threaten the safety of the dam.

SATISFACTORY

The safety inspection indicates no conditions that appear to threaten the safety of the dam, and the dam is expected to perform satisfactorily under all design loading conditions. Most of the required monitoring is being performed.

OVERALL CONDITIONS CONDITIONALLY SATISFACTORY

The safety inspection indicates symptoms of possible structural distress (seepage, evidence of minor displacements, etc.), which, if conditions worsen, could lead to the failure of the dam. Essential monitoring, inspection, and maintenance must be performed as a requirement for continued full or reduced storage in the reservoir.

UNSATISFACTORY

The safety inspection indicates definite signs of structural distress (excessive seepage, cracks, slides, sinkholes, severe deterioration, etc.), which could lead to the failure of the dam if the reservoir is used to full capacity. The dam is judged unsafe for full storage of water.

SAFE STORAGE LEVEL

FULL STORAGE

Dam may be used to full capacity with no conditions attached.

CONDITIONAL FULL STORAGE

Dam may be used to full storage if certain monitoring, maintenance, or operational conditions are met.

RESTRICTION

Dam may not be used to full capacity, but must be operated at some reduced level in the interest of public safety.

CLASSIFICATION OF DAMS

CLASS I

Class I - Loss of human life is expected in the event of failure of the dam, while the reservoir is at the high water line.

CLASS II

Class II - Significant damage to improved property is expected in the event of failure of the dam while the reservoir is at the high water line, but no loss of human life is

CLASS III

Class III - Loss of human life is not expected, and damage to improved property is expected to be small, in the event of failure of the dam while the reservoir is at high water line.

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APPENDIX E

PROPOSAL FOR EVALUATING EXTREME PRECIPITATION FOR THE MOUNTAINOUS AREAS OF COLORADO

INTRODUCTION

The state engineer's Regulations for Dam Safety and Dam Construction require that spillways for dams be adequate to handle floods based upon Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP). PMP is the theoretically greatest depth of precipitation for a given duration, that is physically possible over a drainage basin at any specific time of year. This is essentially a no risk standard that is in accord with the national standards for dam safety, and Colorado case law, where failure of a dam could be catastrophic to the public health and welfare.

PROBLEM

The sources of extreme rainfall (PMP)¹ data for the mountainous areas of Colorado are presently the National Weather Service.² Recent studies by the US Geological Survey (Jarrett-Costa), reveal a difference in quantity between the level of flooding predicted by the weather service publications, and runoff observations for areas above 7500 feet in Colorado. Also, studies presently being done (December 1993) by the Denver Water Board for their Williams Fork Dam appear to support that the extreme rainfall for this basin is significantly less than predicted by the weather service. Another study, of the Grizzly Creek watershed near Aspen (1992), provided a conservative reduction of about 20 % in the PMP in relation to the weather service.

PROPOSAL

Because of these apparent differences, and the significant cost associated with designing/constructing spillways to handle floods caused by extreme precipitation (EP), the state engineer is proposing that the Colorado Water Conservation Board fund a study of the extreme precipitation problem in the mountainous areas of Colorado.

of dams affected.

81 Class I. 69 Class II

Total = 150

of owners affected.

81

Volume of storage affected.

3.379.000 Acre Feet

According to a thesis by David Chagnon, Colorado State University, Department of Atmospheric Science (1986), the total economic effect of estimating EP magnitude ranges from \$10 -\$16 Million per inch of change in rainfall, for about 150 dams in the area affected by HMR 55A. (1996 costs at 3% inflation for 10 years are \$13.5 - \$22 Million per inch of change in rainfall.) A 20% reduction in estimates of about 3 inches (conservative analysis) could result in a total savings of \$40 - \$60 million dollars (1996 dollars).

¹Hydrometeorological Reports No. 55A (June 1988) for areas east of the continental divide; and No. 49 (1984) for areas west of the divide.

²US Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmosphere Administration (NOAA)

PLAN

This proposal was developed by a volunteer committee of meteorologists, hydrologists, and engineers from universities, consulting firms, dam owners, and state and federal agencies. The proposal contains the following components, which will be executed in three phases:

	1.	Data collection (Extreme precipitation data/studies).									
	2	Development of EP Database (Verification)									
Phase I	3.	Modeling Workshops (Forum for professionals in field to reach consensus on which technology would be applicable for predicting an EP atmosphere in the mountains of Colorado.)									
Phase II	4.	Research/Development of "Model/s" for use.									
	5.	Creation of data for isohyetal maps and depth-duration data of EP. Correlation of data with hydrologic records (Including paleo-hydrologic.).									
Phase III	6.	Peer review and endorsement by other agencies.									
:	7.	Documentation, development of the procedures for use by practitioners.									

Phase I is expected to be accomplished in about one-years time. The State Climatologist's Office (SCO) will do the inventory, and develop the EP database. The SCO will also organize and conduct a workshop on modeling of EP at Colorado State University. Additional workshops may be organized for other components. The estimated cost of these Phase I components are \$50,000 - \$75,000 for the inventory, and \$20,000 - \$25,000 for the workshops (primarily for reimbursement of travel expenses of participants). Total cost estimate is \$70,000 - \$100,000.

The research/development component of Phase II is necessary to understand the physical mechanisms of extreme precipitation with elevation, and to develop a modeling program for analyzing/defining extreme precipitation. (The scope of this component is expected to be defined by the workshops.) The time period could be from 3 to 5 years as presently estimated. The cost shall also be defined by the workshops. After the EP analyses and modeling program are developed, the EP data will be produced and correlated with historic records for verification during Phase III. The generated EP data can then be used to develop (after peer review) procedures for use by practitioners. Geographical Information Systems (GIS) technology is available to do this. The time period for this is estimated to be 1 - 2 years. The cost will be defined by the scope of the project and requests for proposals from the industry.

Total estimated time for completion of all phases is 5 to 8 years. The benefits expected from this proposal are:

Significant reduced costs for the design of new dams, and for upgrading spillways at existing dams, to the standards contained in the regulations.

increased conservation pools in reservoirs.

Increased head available for power generation.

APPENDIX F

Restriction List

STATE OF COLORADO --- DAM SAFETY BRANCH LISTING OF DAMS UNDER STORAGE RESTRICTION ORDERS

FOR DIVISION 1

Ħ					
DAMID A	DAM NAME	RESTRICTED	REASON FOR RESTRICTION	GAGE ACTDATE ACT	VOLUME
23		RESERVOIR LEVEL		HGT TYPE	LOST
010104 3	ADAMS & BUNKER #3	6.0 CREST	INADEQUATE FREEBOARD, SEEPAGE	0.0 05/22/1975 C	150
010115 2	BIJOU #2 (DIKE #1) (WEST DAM)	GH 16 FT.	SCARPING OF U/S FACE, NO EMER SPWY, SEEPAGE	16.0 06/01/1993 C	1700
010132 3	J. B. COOKE	3.0 CREST	FREEBOARD	0.0 05/06/1998 R	0
010138 3	DOVER	10.0 FT. CREST	POOR CONDITION	0.0 06/27/1996 I	69
010210	EMPIRE (BAST EMBANKMENT)	GH 29 FT.	ABSENCE OF SPILLMAY	29.0 03/07/1985 R	2779
010419 3	D.A.LORD NO 4	2.0 SPILLMAY	INADEQUATE SPILLWAY		400
010505 2	PROSPECT	GH 35.5.	QUESTIONABLE SLOPE STABILITY	35.5 08/31/1988 C	900
010506 1	RIVERSIDE	GH 33.55 FT.	PREVENT OVERFILLING OF RESERVOIR	33.5 05/09/1984 I	2500
010611 3	BRAMKAMP	9.0 CREST	SCARPING/EROSION OF U/S SLOPE	0.0 12/05/1990 I	320
010716 3	HOWARDS LAKE	3.0 FT. SPILLWAY	EROSION OF DAM AND CREST	0.0 06/03/1998 I	20
020109 3	BRIGHT VIEW #1	7.0 CREST	INOP. OUTLET, INADEQUATE FREEBOARD	0.0 09/30/1985 I	1.7
020113 3	CARLIN	5.0 CREST	NO SPILLWAY	0.0 07/29/1986 C	0
020115 3	LOWER CHURCH LAKE	3.0 FT CREST	INADEQUATE SPILLMAY	0.0 06/22/1999 I	0
020119 3	COLE	NO STORAGE	POOR CONDITION	0.0 06/30/1994 I	95
020123 2	EASTLAKE #1	NO STORAGE	INADEQUATE SPILLMAY, POOR CONDITION	0.0 03/19/1992 I	125
020125 2	EASTLAKE #2	NO STORAGE	POOR CONDITION	0.0 03/19/1992 I	198
020314 3	NORTH STAR	3.0 CREST		0.0 10/11/1991 I	30
020315 2	OHIO LAKE	5.0 CREST	EROSION ON U/S SLPE, RDNT ACTIVIY, LCK MAINTNNCE	0.0 05/14/1984 I	0
020322 2	SIGNAL #1	5.0 CREST	CONCENTRAID SPG AREAS&QUESINBLE COND OF OUTLET	0.0 06/21/1993 R	99
020327 2	RANKIN RESERVOIR	NO STORAGE	POOR CONDITION	0.0 07/12/1995 I	44
020330 3	TALBOT	5.0 FT.CREST	NO SPILLWAY	0.0 06/05/1997 I	0
020333 3	THOMPSON	5.0 CREST	INADEQUATE FREEBOARD, GENERALLY POOR CONDITION	0.0 10/07/1987 R	30
020411 2	NISSEN NO.2	1.75 SPILLWAY	LACK OF FREEBOARD	0.0 09/11/1995 I	50
020615 3	HAVANA STREET DAM	NO STORAGE	NO SPILLWAY	0.0 06/17/1987 C	0
020634 3	VOGEL POND	3.0 FT. CREST	NO SPILLIMAY	0.0 11/04/1996 I	0
030107 1	BLACK HOLLOW DAM	4.2 FT. SPILLWAY	INADEQUATE SPILLWAY	31.0 10/22/1997 I	666
030108 3	BOX ELDER #2	3.0 FT. SPILLWAY	EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE	E.5 08/08/1989 I	49
030122 2	CURTIS LAKE	GH 10 FT.	CREST, SLOPE, EXT. SEEP. AREA BELOW D/S TOE	10.0 07/02/1985 I	397
030128 3	DRY CREEK	GH 11.5 FT.	OUTLET DETERIORATION, SEEPAGE, INAD SW	11.5 01/17/1996 R	150
030131 1	ELDER	2.0 FT. SPILLWAY	SINKHOLES	0.0 04/26/1999 I	200
030138 2	GRAY NO.3	NO STORAGE	SINKHOLE OVER OUTLET	0.0 05/27/1997 I	100
030214 3	LAW, JOHN	3.0 CREST	INADEQUATE SPILLWAY AND FREEBOARD	11.0 06/22/1987 C	45
030220 3	MATTINGLY DAM	2.0 FT. SPILLWAY	EROSION/3-5 FT. SCARP ON U/S FACE	0.0 10/23/1997 I	66
030225 3	MOUNTAIN SUPPLY NO.1	10 FT. CREST	POOR CONDITION	5.0 11/05/1997 I	200
030226 3	MOUNTAIN SUPPLY NO.2	10 FT. CREST	POOR CONDITION	5.0 11/05/1997 I	300
030227 3	MOUNTAIN SUPPLY #6	3.0 CREST	NO SPILLMAY	0.0 08/22/1994 I	120
030229 3	MOUNTAIN SUPPLY #8	NO STORAGE	POOR CONDITION	0.0 10/03/1978 I	643

STATE OF COLORADO --- DAM SAFETY BRANCH

LISTING OF DAMS UNDER STORAGE RESTRICTION ORDERS

0.00		LISTING OF DAMS UNDER	DAMS UNDER STORAGE RESTRICTION ORDERS	PAGE	3E 2
FOR DIVISION	NOBTU BOTTOB # 1	#2000 c r			
	‡ :	CARS I	SEEF. @ HIGHER SIGE. LEVELS/COND. OF UP SLOPE	9.0 10/17/1988 R	365
	NORTH POUDRE # 4	GH 17 FT.	POOR U/S FACE, GENERAL CONDITION	17.0 04/17/1984 R	295
030509 3	GEIST	5.0 CREST	INADEQUATE SPILLMAY	6.7 06/18/1998 C	58
030512 3	RIST CANYON	3.0 CREST	SEEPAGE, INADEQUATE SPILLWAY	0.0 04/19/1983 I	
040123 2	FAIRPORT	6.0 SPILLWAX	POOR CONDITION	8.0 06/22/1987 R	30
040208 1	RIST-BENSON		LEAKAGE/RODENT HOLE	9.7 08/02/1999 I	300
	GEORGE RIST		DILAPIDATED CONDITION, NO SPILLMAY	6.5 06/07/1995 R	300
040211 2	RYAN GULCH		INADEQUATE SPILLMAY, LEAKAGE		40
040213 2	SOUTH SIDE	8.0 CREST	DAM UNSAFE FOR ORIG. STOR. AMT.	8.0 07/07/1978 I	105
040237 3	WESTERDOLL	8.5 CREST	POOR CONDITION		60
045234 3	IDE AND STARBIRD #1	3.0 CREST	POOR MN, ERODED U/S FACE, QUES. SPILLMAY		0
050101 2	AKERS & TARR	7.0 CREST OCT. 1 - APRIL 1	SLIDE ON D/S SLOPE, SPGE. IN AREA OF ABAND OTL		34
050124 1	FOOTHILLS	GH 41 FT.	SEEPAGE	41.0 05/20/1986 I	450
050132 3	HIGHLAND	3.0 BELOW TOP OF CONCRETE WALL AT	NO SPILLINAY	0.0 11/26/1990 R	0
		OUTLET			
050206 3	KNOTH	NO STORAGE	NEVER COMPLETED DAM	0.0 12/24/1985 I	204
050212 3	LITILE GEM	10.0 CREST	EROSION ON U/S SLOPE & CRST, TREES ON U/S SLOPE	0.0 10/11/1985 I	9
050230 2	OLIGARCHY NO.1		RODENT HOLES	26.0 05/20/1999 I	500
050301 3	STEELE BROTHERS #1	4.0 SPILLWAY	SAT. EMBKMT.; INOP. O'S.; INAD. FBD.; SPWY.REPAIR	0.0 12/01/1987 I	34
050302 3	STEELE BROTHERS #2	3.0 SPILEWAY	TOTAL REHABILITATION REQUIRED	0.0 11/23/1987 I	14
050304 3	SWEDE	5.0 CREST	EMBANKMENT SEEPAGE & INADEQUATE FREEBOARD	0.0 11/14/1986 I	75
050308 2	UNION	GH 28 FT.	EMERG. SPLWY NOT BUILT TO PLAN	28.0 12/06/1977 I	0
060115 2	ERIE	3.0 CREST	INSUFFICIENT FREEBOARD	12.0 06/02/1986 I	29
060121 2	GOOSE LAKE	4.0 SPILLEWAY	EXCESS SEEPAGE	22.0 09/18/1995 I	200
060122 4	GREEN LAKE #1	3.0 CREST	SEEPAGE, NO SPILLWAY	0.0 10/12/1984 I	30
060124 4	GREEN LAKE #3	3.0 CREST	LEAKS, INADEQUATE SPILLMAY FREEBOARD	0.0 10/08/1984 I	60
060134 2	LOUISVILLE #1	GH 92 FT. (10/1 - 4/30), GH 94 FT.	EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE	92.0 06/28/1985 I	32
	MCKAY LAKE	GH 11 FT.	INAD. FREEBOARD, SEEPAGE	11.0 09/11/1995 I	06
	MESA	NO STORAGE	POOR COND	0.0 06/28/2000 I	100
	PRINCE NO.1	7.25 CREST	Leakage	4.0 07/07/1994 I	32
	SECTION 19	4.0 CREST	NO SPILLWAY	0.0 07/24/1984 I	10
	VARSITY POND	1 FT. SPILLWAY	SEEPAGE/SPILLMAY	0.0 08/31/1999 I	H
060314 3	HODGSON-HARRIS	6.0 CREST	POOR CONDITION	0.0 11/14/1995 I	60
	IDAHO SPRINGS	9.0 CREST	SEEPAGE, SETTLEMENT & REPAIRS REQD. ON SPWY.	0.0 07/23/1996 R	69
	LOWER CHINNS		SINKHOLES	110.0 11/24/1999 I	9
	DEWEY #1	3.0 CREST(NW)	POOR CONDITION	0.0 11/19/1990 I	15
070201 1	KALCEVIC	11.0 CREST	ERODED UPSTREAM SLOPE	0.0 02/10/1983 1	43
070202 3	KELLY	3.0 CREST	NO SPILLWAY,	0.0 12/05/1986 I	30
070209 1	LEYDEN	GH 24 FT./NO REFILL AFTER RELEASE	INADEQUATE SPILLWAY, LOW AREAS IN CREST	24.0 05/04/1998 R	750
		FOR IRR.			

07/05/2000 PAGE 3

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STATE OF COLORADO --- DAM SAFETY BRANCH

LISTING OF DAMS UNDER STORAGE RESTRICTION ORDERS

FOR DIVISION 1	I NOI	AGUNO DINO TO CATALONI	DATE ONDER STORMED RESIRICITON URDERS	PAGE	m
075309 1	EAST	1.0 FT. SPILLMAY	SAND BOILS IN SPILLMAY FLOOR	1 0001/80/90 0 0	ć
075311 1	SMITH	1.0 SPILLWAY	SEEPAGE		97 .
080101 3	ALLIS	15.0 CREST	SLOUGHING, SEEPAGE	0.0 01/26/2000 K	001
080105 3	BAIRD #1	7.0 CREST	SEVERE BEAVER ACTIVITY, PLUGGED OUTLET	0.0 06/23/1992 K	O 1
080218 3	LAMBERT	8.0 CREST	COMPLETELY REHABILITATE THE DAM		ט נ
080306 3	WAKEMAN	NO STORAGE	SPILLMAY EROSION	0.0 10/17/1904 1	06 -
080321 4	QUICK	NO STORAGE	NO SPILLMAY, INOPERABLE OUTLET	0.0 10/22/1987 1	7 7
080327 1	SKEEL DAM	2.0 FT. SPILLWAY	POOR CONDITION		, C
080422 3	RAINBOW FALLS #5	9.0 CREST	INADEQUATE SPILLMAY		2 22
080424 3	GERLITS	NO STORAGE	DAM PARTIALLY BREACHED DUE TO OVERTOPPING.	0.0 11/13/1984 I	0 0
090104 1	BERGEN EAST	10.0 CREST	INADEQUATE SPILLIMAY CAPACITY	0.0 11/23/1987 C	400
090115 2	Harriman	GH 19 FT.	EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE		00.
090138 4	HAYSTACK #1	NO STORAGE	SPILLWAY UNDERMINED		, ~
090204 1	WILLOW SPRINGS NO.1	2.0 SPILLWAY	EROSION OF US FACE	12.0 05/06/1996 T	, <u>4</u>
095223 2	BEERS SISTERS	5.0 CREST	NO SPILLWAY	0.0 01/08/1999 I	2
230102 1	ANTERO	GH 18 FT.	STAB. BERM CONST. & NEW INSTR. MONITORING	18.0 02/04/1986 R	5100
230308 3	MOUNTAIN	4.0 CREST	INSUFFICIENT FREEBOARD, SEEPAGE AT TOE		~
230310 3	STOCKING POND	NO STORAGE	INADEQUATE SPILLMAY	0.0 06/13/1988 I	, 5
230311 3	SUN	5.0 CREST	SEEPAGE-RESTRICT O 8' BELOW CREST	0.0 12/31/1984 R	9
230312 3	WIND	5.5 CREST	SATURATED D/S SLOPE	0.0 09/20/1985 C	, щ
480101 3	NOSHIOP	4.0 CREST(3.0 CREST IRR. SEASON)	EROS. ON U/S FACE, IMPROPER FB., SEEP/D/S TOE	0.0 07/18/1994 C	. 89
640104 1	JULESBURG	GH 24 FT. FOR 90 DAYS, THEN GH 23	CONDITION OF OUTLET, EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE	24.0 05/02/1995 R	6964
		PT.			·
640108 1	PREWITT	GH 26.5 FT.	NO SPWY & EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE	26.5 08/23/1990 T	2531
650121 3	DUCK	4.0 SPILLEWAY	NARROW CREST, STEEP SLOPES	0.0 03/23/1987 T	, t
650123 3	HANSHAW	5.0 CREST	SEEPAGE, SLIDE		20

33803 AF VOLUME OF STORAGE LOST DUE TO RESTRICTION FOR DIVISION 1 =

TOTAL NUMBER OF DAMS AFFECTED = 100 DAMS

LISTING OF DAMS UNDER STORAGE RESTRICTION ORDERS STATE OF COLORADO --- DAM SAFETY BRANCH

FOR DIVISION 2

	=						
DAMID	¥	DAM NAME	RESTRICTED	REASON FOR RESTRICTION	GAGE ACTDATE A	ACT VOLUME	MΕ
	13		RESERVOIR LEVEL		HGT	TYPE LOST	Н
100123	۳	A. MCCRAY DAM	5.0 FT SPILLWAY	INSTABILITY	0.0 04/13/1998	H	10
100131	ы	GARDEN OF THE GODS GOLF COURSE 3.0 CREST	3.0 CREST	NO SPILLWAY	0.0 05/31/1988	н	0
100205	m	KEETON	10.0 FT. SPILLWAY	EROSION OF SPILLWAY, LEAKAGE, PIPING	0.0 08/08/1997	H	10
100214	7	MONUMENT LAKE	3.0 SPILLWAY	UNSAT. SPILLMAY CONDITION	0.0 04/23/1985	1 1	150
100215	z	MODERN WOODMEN OF AMER.	NO STORAGE	INADEQUATE SPILLWAY, POOR REPAIR	0.0 08/12/1983	ĸ	85
100235	7	PROSPECT LAKE	3.5 CREST	NO SPWY., OTLT OPERABILITY QUESTIONABLE	0.0 05/31/1988	Ħ	0
100309	ю	VALLEY NO. 1	15.0 CREST	INOPERABLE OUTLET & BLOCKED SPILLMAY	0.0 12/27/1984	I	50
100311	-	WOODMOOR LAKE	5 FT. SPILLWAY	HYDROLOGIC INADEQUACY	***.* 05/28/1998	1 2	200
100402	7	VALLEY RESERVOIR NO. 2	NO STORAGE	INOPERABLE OUTLET, POOR CONDITION	0.0 07/14/1999	C D	185
100440	7	TELLER	10 FT, SPILLWAY	LONGITUDINAL CRACKS ON CREST	0.0 11/22/1999	I 13	1300
110106	m	EVANS GULCH	3.0 CREST	INSUFFICIENT FREEBOARD	0.0 02/02/1985	DK.	7
120136	м	PARK CENTER L & W #2	8.8 CREST	SLIDE ON DOWNSTREAM SLOPE	0.0 01/04/1989	ĸ	11
120202	m	PARK CENTER L & W #10	GH 7 FT.	EXTENSIVE CRACKING ON THE CREST	7.0 10/02/1974	H	48
120218	7	VICTOR #2	8.0 CREST	EXTENSIVE CRACKING ALONG EMBANKMENT	23.0 06/11/1984	1	17
150116	ю	OCCHIATO NO.1	10 FEET CREST	SLIDE	0.0 09/16/1999	н	٣
160108	г	CUCHARAS #5	GH 100 FT.	POOR OVERALL CON. EMBKMT. HISTY. MVMNT.	100.0 07/21/1988	R 33000	00
160112	, 1	HORSESHOE LAKE	5.0 FT. SPILLWAY	EXTENSIVE LEARAGE, PIPING AT OUTLET	0.0 02/17/1998	R 10	1000
160135	m	CLARK #1	8.0 CREST	ERODED UPSTREAM SLOPE	0.0 02/16/1994	æ	80
160218	п	MARTIN LAKE	5.0 CREST	NO SPILLMAY	0.0 02/18/1983	I 1200	00
170118	m	CUDAHY #1	5.0 FT. BELOW DAM CREST	INADEQUATE FREEBOARD AND INOPERABLE OUTLET	0.0 07/15/1985	6 I	900
170217	m	SWINK #1	5.0 CREST	IN DISREPAIR, ABANDONED	0.0 04/24/1986	I 5	200
170218	m	SWINK #2	5.0 CREST	IN DISREPAIR, ABANDONED	0.0 04/24/1986	9 I	600
170219	м	SWINK #5	5.0 CREST	IN DISREPAIR, ABANDONED	0.0 04/24/1986	, 1	750
170220	m	SWINK #6	5.0 CREST	IN DISREPAIR, ABANDONED	0.0 04/24/1986	9 I	650
170222	m	TIMPAS #3	10.0 CREST	IN DISREPAIR, ABANDONED	0.0 04/21/1986	1 S	200
180206	8	APISHIPA DAM	22.0 CREST	SPILLNAY, OUTLET SILTED IN	0.0 02/18/1994	1 2	260
180201	e	SEVEN LAKES	7.0 CREST	DILAPIDATED CONDITION OF DAM	0.0 05/06/1987	I 12	1200
190114	m	MODEL	3.0 FT SPILLWAY	POOR COND	0.0 06/28/2000	I 10	1000
670218	7	NEE-NOSHE		SAND BOILS IN OUTLET CHANNEL	23.5 06/22/1999	R 6392	92
670236	~	TWO BUTTES	GH 20 FT.	HYDRAULICALLY INADEQUATE SPILWAY	20.0 01/24/1983	I 31465	5

81568 AF VOLUME OF STORAGE LOST DUE TO RESTRICTION FOR DIVISION 2 =

30 DAMS TOTAL NUMBER OF DAMS AFFECTED ==

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LISTING OF DAMS UNDER STORAGE RESTRICTION ORDERS STATE OF COLORADO ... DAM SAFETY BRANCH

FOR DIVISION 3

	VOLUME	LOST	7679	9	2000	
	ACTDATE ACT V	TYPE	64.5 08/01/1995 R	0.0 01/18/1991 I	117.0 07/18/1984 I	
	GAGE ACT	HGT	64.5 08/	0.0 01/	117.0 07/	
						c K Z Z
	REASON FOR RESTRICTION		LEAKAGE	CORRODED OUTLET, INADEQUATE FREEBOARD	DETERIORATED SPILLWAY	TOTAL NIMBER OF DAMC ADDECTED - 2 DAMC
	-		TE!	100	DE	9739 AF
	RESTRICTED	RESERVOIR LEVEL	GH 64.5	5.0 CREST	7.0 SPILLWAY	VOLUME OF STORAGE LOST DUE TO RESTRICTION FOR DIVISION 3 =
	DAM NAME		CONTINENTAL DAM	WEE RUBY	TERRACS	WE OF STORAGE LOST DUE
Ħ	DAMID A	13	200110 1	200221 3	210102 1	VOLUI
			. 4	1.4	. 4	

LISTING OF DAMS UNDER STORAGE RESTRICTION ORDERS STATE OF COLORADO --- DAM SAFETY BRANCH

FOR DIVISION 4

	VOLUME	TSC	99		7.0	000	000	9 6	> 6	>	c	-	c	2 1	7	112	1 1 1) F	2 6	ָּ בַ	j <u>r</u>	9	ς σ	100	29	4.4	, 6	9 6	2 6	2 2	25
	GAGE ACTDATE ACT	HGT TYPE	0 12/12/1985		8.0 09/24/1991 R			10/15/1007	10/15/1087	1957/57/54	17.0 01/08/1988 R		0.0 07/31/1996 R			0.0 10/19/1984 I			06/02/1988	05/06/1987	05/06/1987	07/21/1988	04/26/1989	08/12/1998	0.0 08/26/1992 R	0.0 01/27/1988 R	08/26/1985	06/04/1987	08/08/1988	07/29/1975	09/16/1985
	REASON FOR RESTRICTION		POOR CONDITION		SINKHOLES ON EMBANKMENT	SEEPAGE	INADEQUATE FREEBOARD, OUTLET INOPERABLE	D/S FACE SLIDE DUE TO SEEPAGE	SEBPAGE		EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE AT TOE AND ON EMBANKMENT		CRACKS ON CREST, UNAPPROVED PLANS, POOR CONSTR			6' ELEVATION DIFF ALONG CREST WITH NO SPILLWAY	SLIDE ON DOWNSTREAM SLOPE	POOR OUTLET VALVE, LACK OF FREEBOARD, MAINTENANC	CONSTRUCTION WITHOUT APPROVED PLANS & SPECS	POORLY CONSTRUCTED	POORLY CONSTRUCTED	GENERAL POOR CONDITION, CONST. WO/APP. PLANS	BUILT WITHOUT APPROVED PLANS & SEEPAGE	SLIDE ON DOWNSTREAM SLOPE	NARROW CREST, STEEP SLOPES, POOR OUTLET	INADEQUATE FREEBOARD	SEEP. ON D/S SURFACE, NUMEROUS LARGE TREES	SEVERE EROSION OF THE EMERGENCY SPILLMAY	SEEPAGE	OUTLET-INOP. SPWY-INAD. EMB. SEEPS	INSUFFICIENT FREEBOARD
	RESTRICTED	RESERVOIR LEVEL	DAM WAS ABANDONED, BUT CAN STILL	HOLD WATER	GH 8 FT.	10.0 FT. SPILLMAY	4.0 CREST	GH 17 FT.	4.0 SPILLWAY (PROVISIONAL DURING	WINTER)	FULL STORAGE FROM 4/1 TO 8/15 IF	MONITORED	30.0 CREST	10.0 SPILLWAY, FILL/MONITORING PLAN	IN PLACE	10.0 CREST	B.O SPILLWAY	5.0 CREST	10.0 CREST	NO STORAGE	NO STORAGE	NO STORAGE	9.0 CREST(AFTER 60 DAYS FULL)	20 FT. CREST	NO STORAGE	3.0 CREST	8.0 CREST	2.0 SPILLWAY (PRIN SPWY LOWERED)	2.5 SPILLWAY	6.0 CREST	3.0 CREST
	DAM NAME		ARCH SLOUGH		BIG BATTLEMENT	CEDAR MESA	CYPHER #1	GRANBY #12	GRANBY #11		KNOX		LONE STAR #1	MONUMENT		TODD	TRIO	HARRY WHITE #2	LONE STAR #2	WEBSTER #1	WEBSTER #3	COFFEY RESERVOIR	MOCK #1	FRUITA NO.1	G.H. AND S. #2	GRAND MESA #1	REEDER	MERIDIAN LAKE PARK #1	PAXTON	CUSHMAN	PRIEST
Ħ		7	103 3		112 2	135 1	212 3	306 2	307 2		330 3		£05 3	413 2		522 3	524 3	501 3	519 3	705 3	107 3	201 3	202 3	116 2	119 3	120 3	135 3	113 2	118 3	126 3	127 1
	DAMID		400103		400112	400135	400212	400306	400307		400330		400405	400413		400522	400524	400601	400619	400705	400707	410201	410202	420116	420119	420120	420135	590113	600118	600126	600127

2162 AF VOLUME OF STORAGE LOST DUE TO RESTRICTION FOR DIVISION 4 =

25 DAMS TOTAL NUMBER OF DAMS AFFECTED = The c

LISTING OF DAMS UNDER STORAGE RESTRICTION ORDERS STATE OF COLORADO --- DAM SAFETY BRANCH

FOR DIVISION 5

	ATE ACT	TYPE																		
	ATE		92 R	35 I	1 S6	35 I	D 06	91 R	96 R	78 C		98 R	89 C	85 C	1 06	95 R	I 66	94 I	1 S6	1 06
	ACTD		0.0 12/14/1992 R	0.0 11/09/1995	0.0 11/01/1995	0.0 09/18/1995	0.0 10/01/1990 C	0.0 05/10/1991 R	0.0 12/20/1996 R	41.0 03/07/1978 C		0.0 07/08/1998 R	0.0 06/28/1989 C	0.0 09/20/1985 C	17.0 07/20/1990	0.0 08/02/1995 R	0.0 07/07/1999	0.0 08/23/1994	0.0 05/24/1995	0.0 07/05/1990 I
	GAGE ACTDATE	HGT	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	17.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	REASON FOR RESTRICTION		INADEQ FRBD., STABILITY OF DOWNSTREAM SLOPE	ILLEGAL DAM /INADEQUATE SPILLMAY	INADEQUATE SPILLMAY	INADEQUATE SPILLMAY	POOR CONDITION OF OUTLET	EXCESSIVE LEAKAGE	OUTLET DISTRESS, SLOUGHING AT OUTLET	EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE		SLIDE ON DOWNSTREAM SLOPE	DAM BREACHED BY OWNER BUT WANTS TO REPAIR	SPILLWAY EROSION	EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE THROUGH ABUTMENTS	UNCONTROLLED LEAKAGE	SEEPAGE, UNAPPROVED PLANS	PIPING HOLE	SLIDE ON HILL ABOVE SPILLMAY, BACKCUTTING	UNSTABLE D/S SLOPE & NARROW CREST
	RESTRICTED	RESERVOIR LEVEL	4.0 CREST	NO STORAGE	NO STORAGE	NO STORAGE	NO STORAGE	15.0 CREST (AUG 1 THRU MAY 1)	ORDER TO BREACH BY 01/15/97	3 MTN 10.0 SPILLWAY		14.0 CREST	NO STORAGE	5.0 CREST	20.0 CREST	RELAX 5/1-8/15, 3.0 SPILLWAY	NO STORAGE	NO STORAGE	5.0 SPILLWAY	5.0 SPILLWAY
	DAM NAME		LOWER G.G.	FORIER NO.3	WARREN LAKE NO.3	BATTLEMENT NO. 2	BATTLEMENT #1	MILK CREEK	DALE	LITTLE KING RANCH AKA KING MTN 10.0 SPILLWAY	RANCH	SYLVAN	ROCK CREEK	KELLY	NEWTON GULCH	STERNER	WINSLOW	CARPENTER RESERVOIR	CURRIER NO.2	PALISADE #3
H	æ	8	m	m	7	m	m	m	٣	7		H	z	m	m	m	m	m	m	m
	DAMID		370116	370205	380207	450101	450102	500126	510104	510114		510125	510129	530119	530125	530129	530137	720117	720126	720410

TOTAL NUMBER OF DAMS AFFECTED = 2115 AF VOLUME OF STORAGE LOST DUE TO RESTRICTION FOR DIVISION 5 =

17 DAMS

LISTING OF DAMS UNDER STORAGE RESTRICTION ORDERS STATE OF COLORADO --- DAM SAFETY BRANCH

FOR DIVISION 6

	VOLUME			10	52	159	09	20	100	330	396	10
	GAGE ACTDATE ACT	HGT TYPE	0.0 11/13/1997 I	3.0 09/30/1989 I	0.0 08/19/1987 C	8.0 08/01/1968 R	0.0 05/30/1986 I	0.0 08/02/1999 I	25.0 06/20/2000 R	0.0 08/30/1988 C	0.0 02/05/1996 R	0.0 07/14/1999 I
	REASON FOR RESTRICTION		SEEPAGE, EROSION OF U/S FACE	INOPERABLE OUTLET, INAD SPWY	DILAPIDATED CONDITION	SEEPAGE & INSTABILITY	POOR OUTLET CONDITION	BREACHED, BEAVER DAMS, FREEBOARD	UPSTREAM SLOPE FAILURE	SLIDES ON DOWNSTREAM SLOPE	SLIDES ON DOWNSTREAM SLOPE	SEEPAGE, INADEQUATE SPILLMAY, EROSION
	RESTRICTED	RESERVOIR LEVEL	5.0 FT. SPILLWAY	3.0 SPILLWAY	5.0 SPILLMAY	8.0 SPILLWAY	NO STORAGE	5.0 FT CREST MAIN DAM		15.0 CREST	NO STORAGE BY MARCH 31, 1996	5.0 FT SPILLMAY
	DAM NAME		BAXTER DAM	WILSON #3	BISKUP	DRESCHER	ELLGEN #2	FLATTOP	POLE MOUNTAIN	LAKE EMRICH	LONG LAKE DAM	LOWER SPRING CREEK
Ħ	æ	17	ž S	2 3	6 3	0 3	4 3	ы ы	0 2	4 3	8 1	4 2
	DAMID		430205	430212	440106	440120	440124	440213	470210	570114	580118	580304 2

1200 AF VOLUME OF STORAGE LOST DUE TO RESTRICTION FOR DIVISION 6 =

TOTAL NUMBER OF DAMS AFFECTED # 10 DAMS

PAGE

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STATE OF COLORADO --- DAM SAPETY BRANCH

LISTING OF DAMS UNDER STORAGE RESTRICTION ORDERS

FOR DIVISION 7

	GAGE ACTDATE ACT	HGT TYPE	0.0 07/08/1996 I	0.0 08/27/1984 R	I 6661/29/1999 I	0.0 05/08/2000 I	23.6 06/03/1998 R		
	REASON FOR RESTRICTION		POOR CONDITION	SATURATION HIGH ON EMBANKMENT	OUTLET FAILURE	INOPERABLE OUTLET	EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE		
	RESTRICTED	RESERVOIR LEVEL	NO STORAGE	3.0 SPILLWAY	NO STORAGE	NO STORAGE	NOT TO EXCEED 1.1' BELOW SPILL FOR EXCESSIVE SEEPAGE	> 3 WEEKS	
	DAM NAME		HARRIS BROTHERS & BOONE NO.2	BAUER LAKE #1	HURST	J.O. SPENCER	SUMMIT		
C;	¥	N	ľ	~	m	ر	7		
	DAMID		290103 3	340101	340106	340119	340203		

206 144 35 16 579

VOLUME

LOST

980 AF VOLUME OF STORAGE LOST DUE TO RESTRICTION FOR DIVISION 7 =

5 DAMS

TOTAL NUMBER OF DAMS AFFECTED =

4004
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