Colorado Climate Center – WATF Climate Update

Becky Bolinger, Assistant State Climatologist Water Availability Task Force March 18, 2021







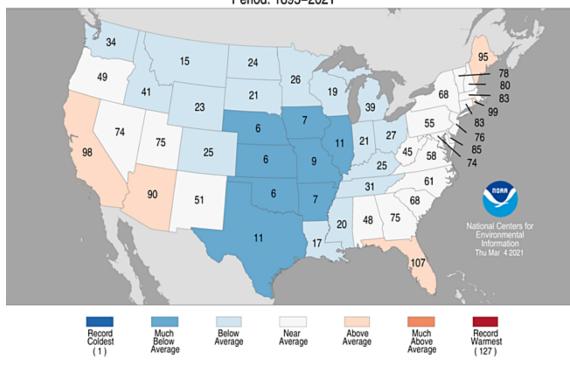
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2021 Water Year To Date

temperature, precipitation, evaporative demand



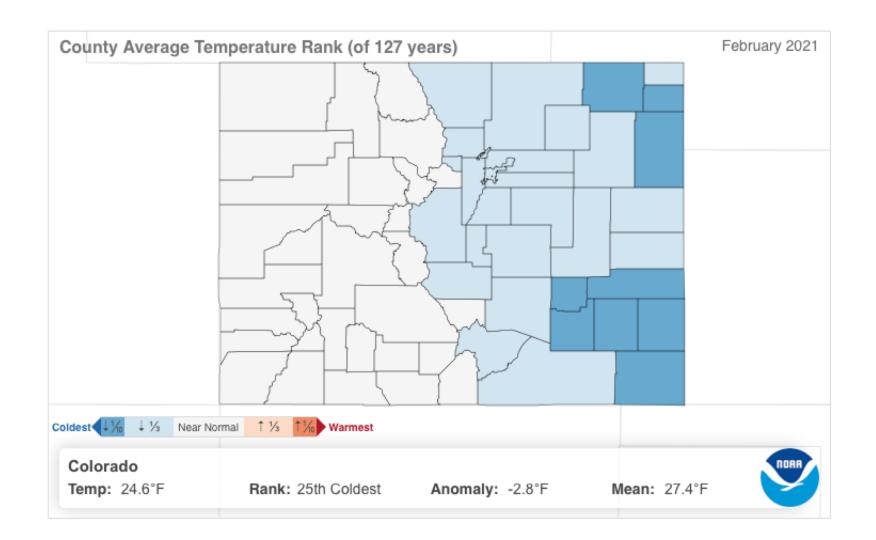
Statewide Average Temperature Ranks February 2021 Period: 1895–2021



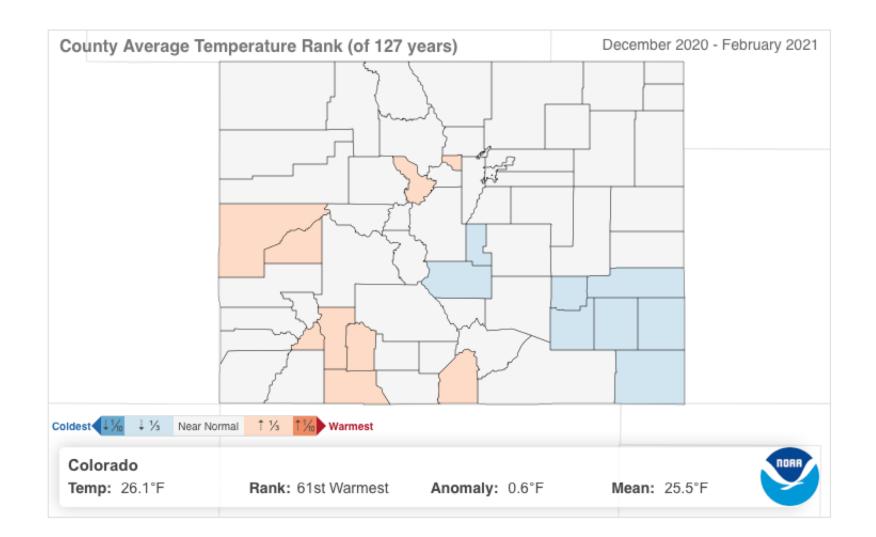
First below average month since October 2019	9
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Month	T Rank (of 127 years)	Above, below, or near avg?	
Oct	52 nd warmest	average	
Nov	7 th warmest	much above	
Dec	42 nd warmest	above	
Jan	32 nd warmest	above	
Feb	25 th coolest	below	
Mar			
Apr			
May			
June			
July			
August			

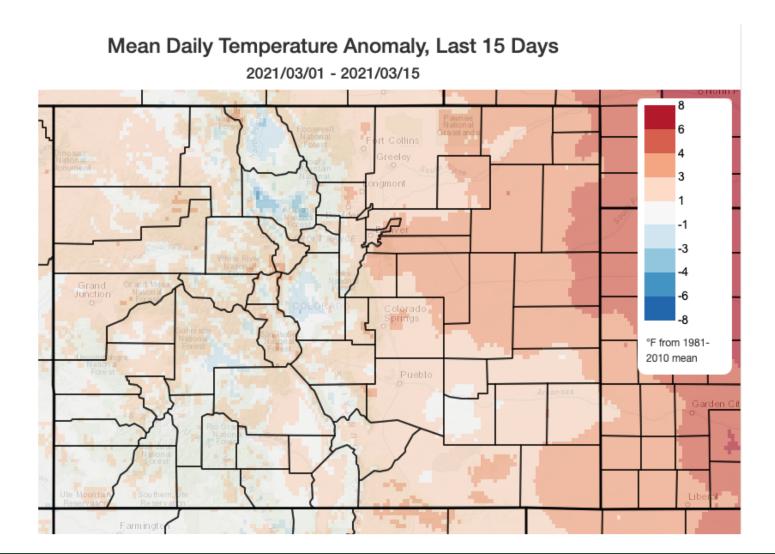






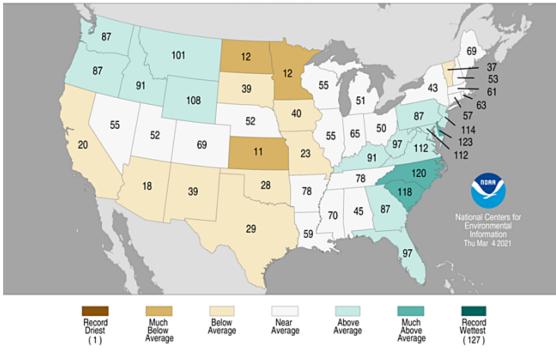








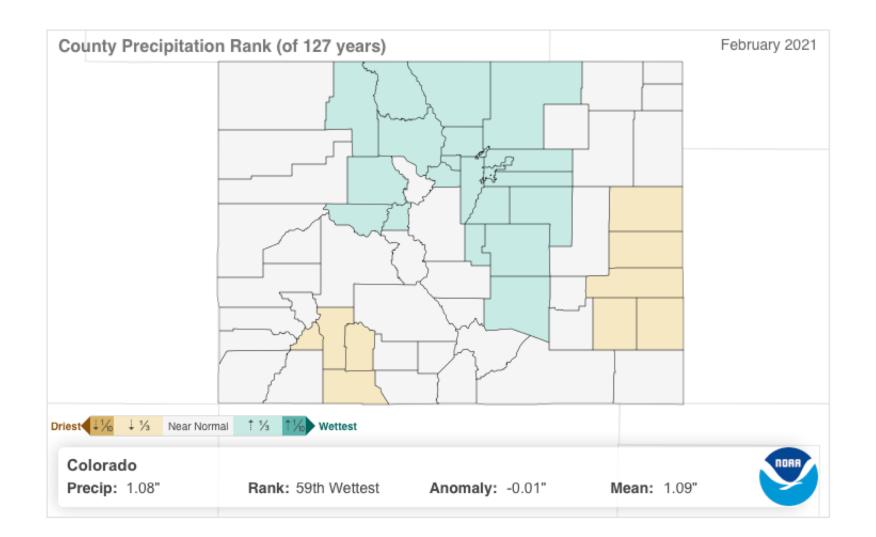
Statewide Precipitation Ranks February 2021 Period: 1895–2021



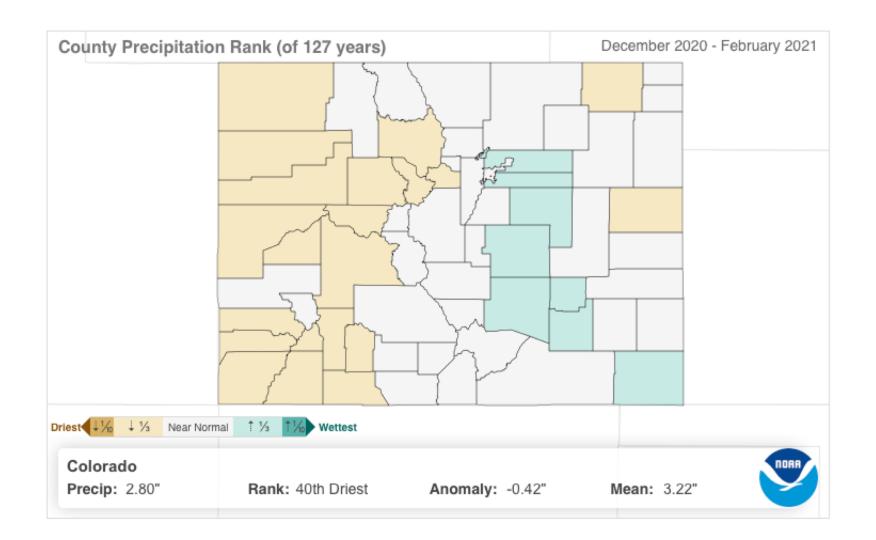
Apr 2020-Feb 2021 driest on record

Month	P Rank (of 127 years)	Above, below, or near avg?		
Oct	16 th driest	below		
Nov	44 th driest	average		
Dec	60 th driest	average		
Jan	38 th driest	below		
Feb	59th wettest	average		
Mar				
Apr				
May				
June				
July				
August				



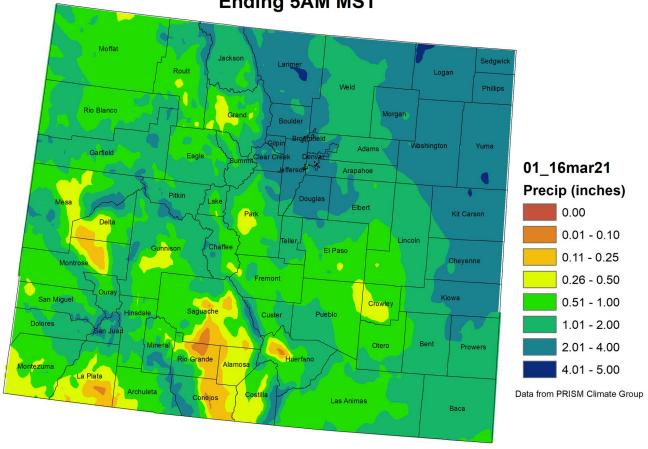








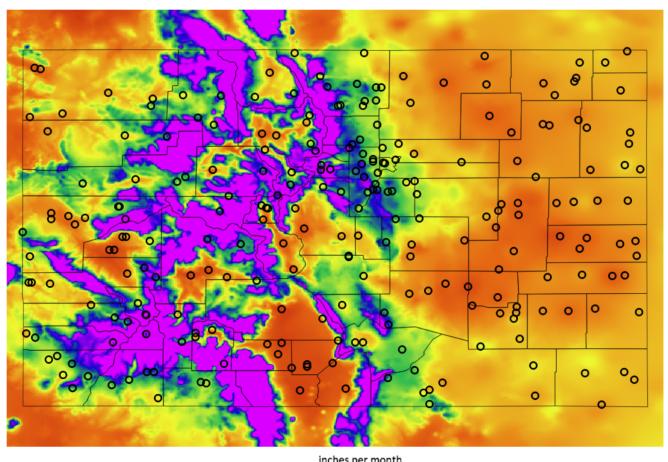
Colorado Month to Date Precipitation 1 - 16 March 2021 Ending 5AM MST





March Average Precipitation

Visit our website to select a station and view specific monthly averages

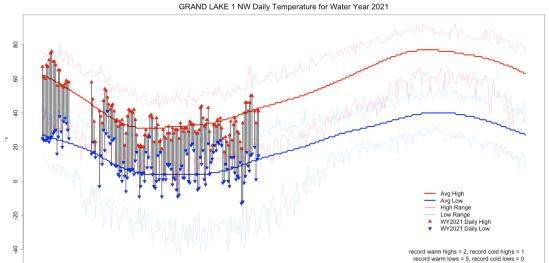


http://climate.colostate.edu/normals/p_mar_norm.html

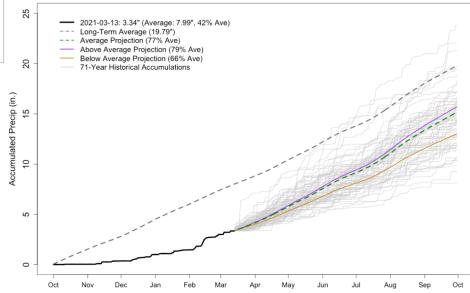


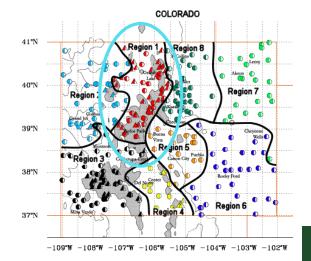




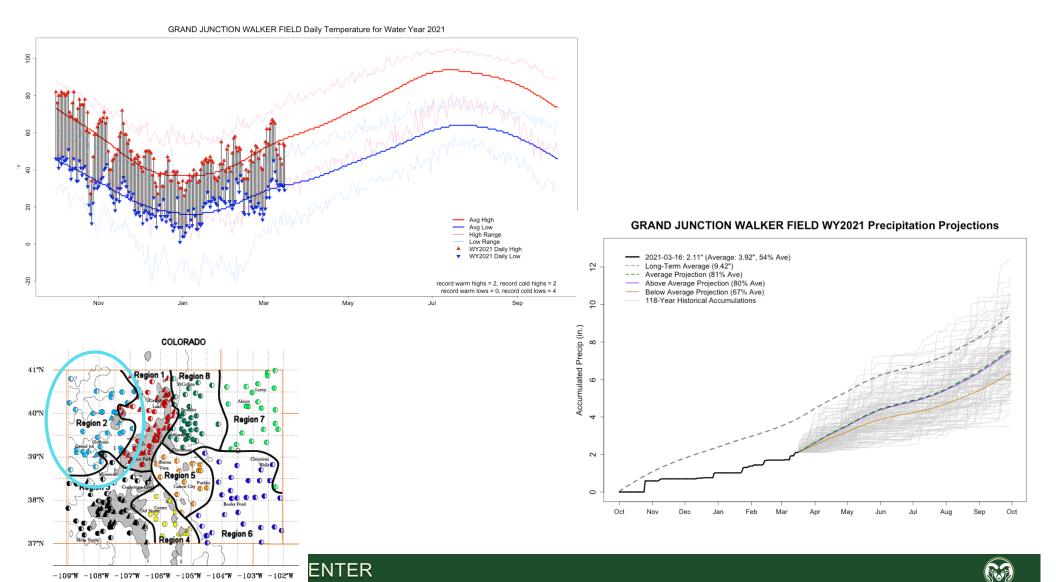


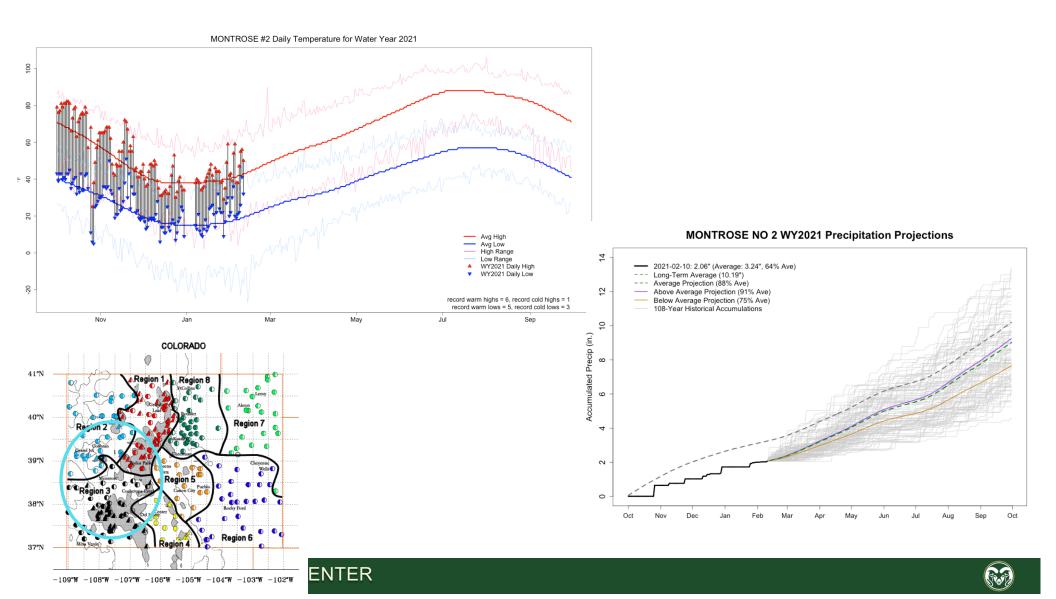
GRAND LAKE 1 NW WY2021 Precipitation Projections

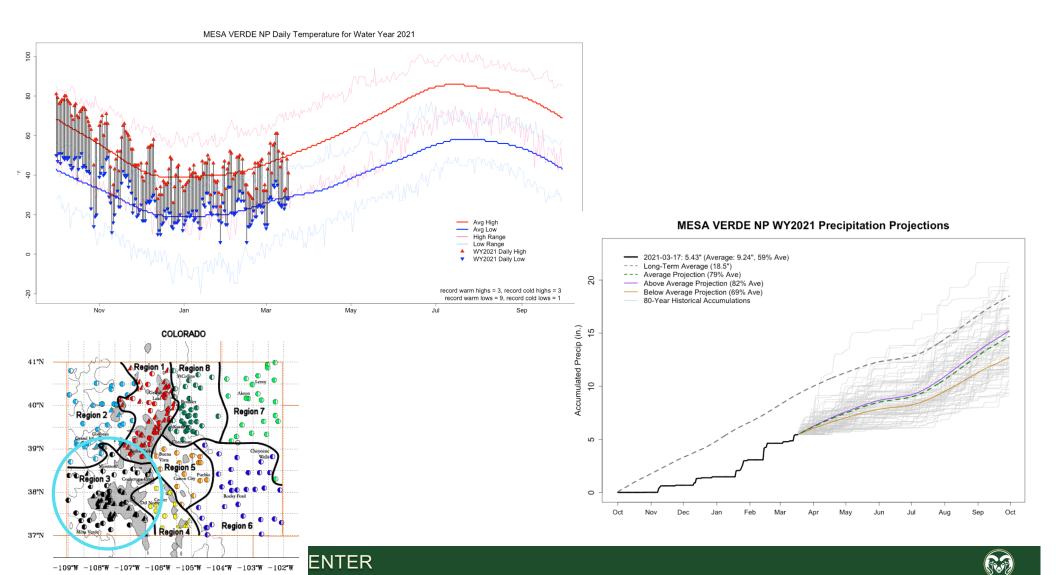


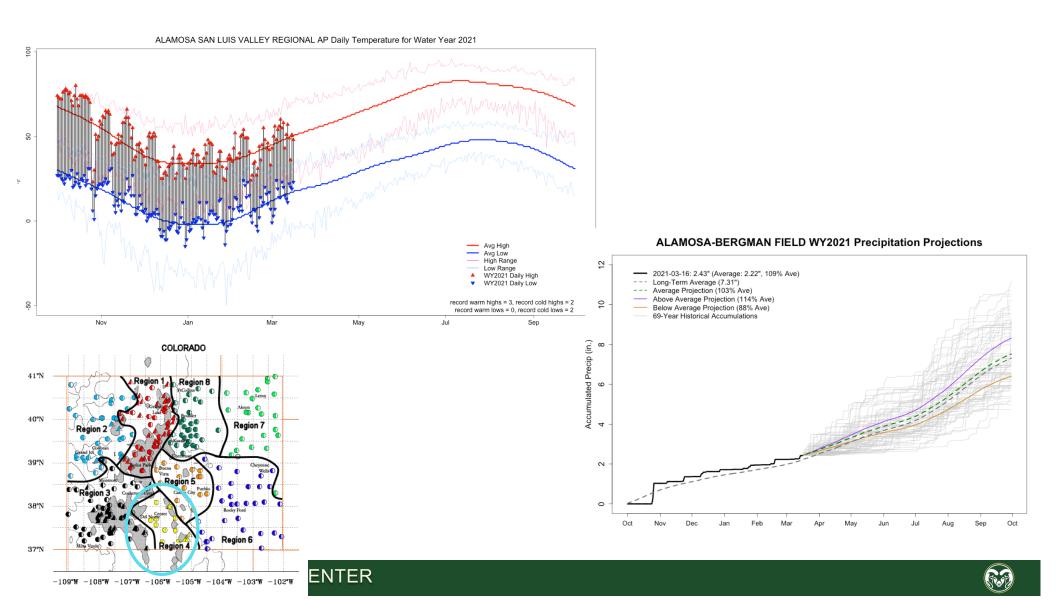


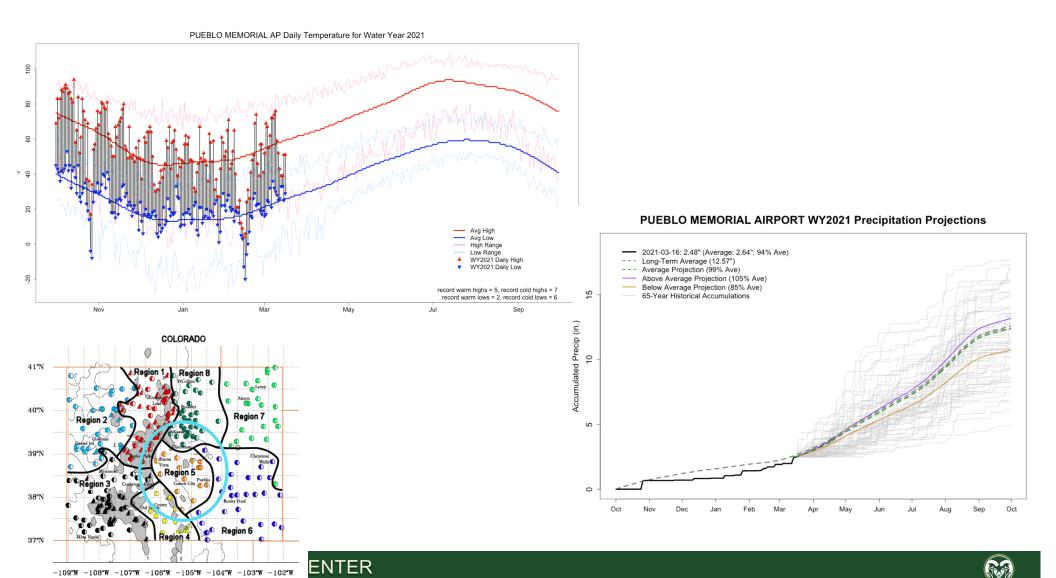


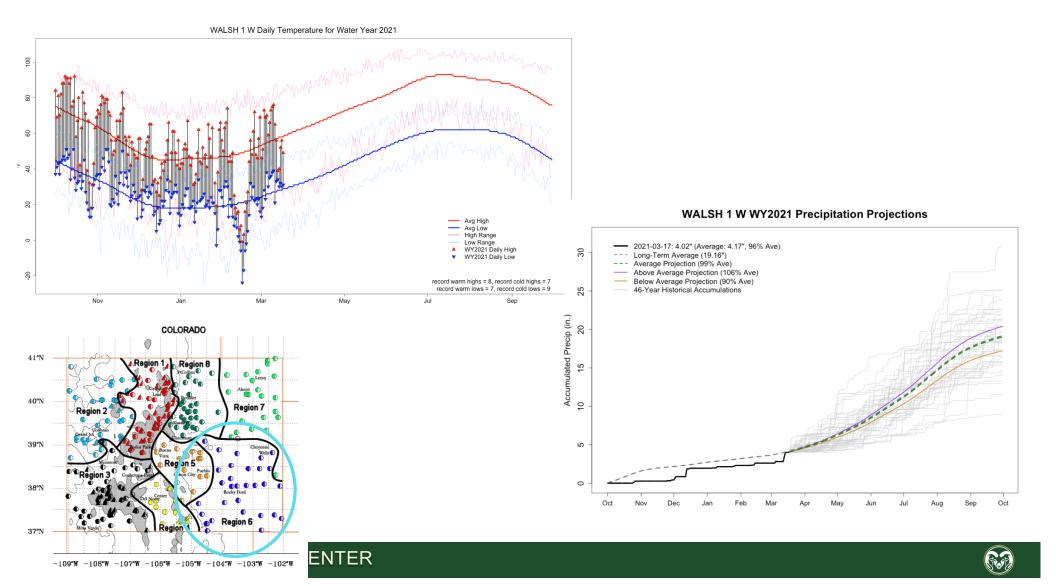


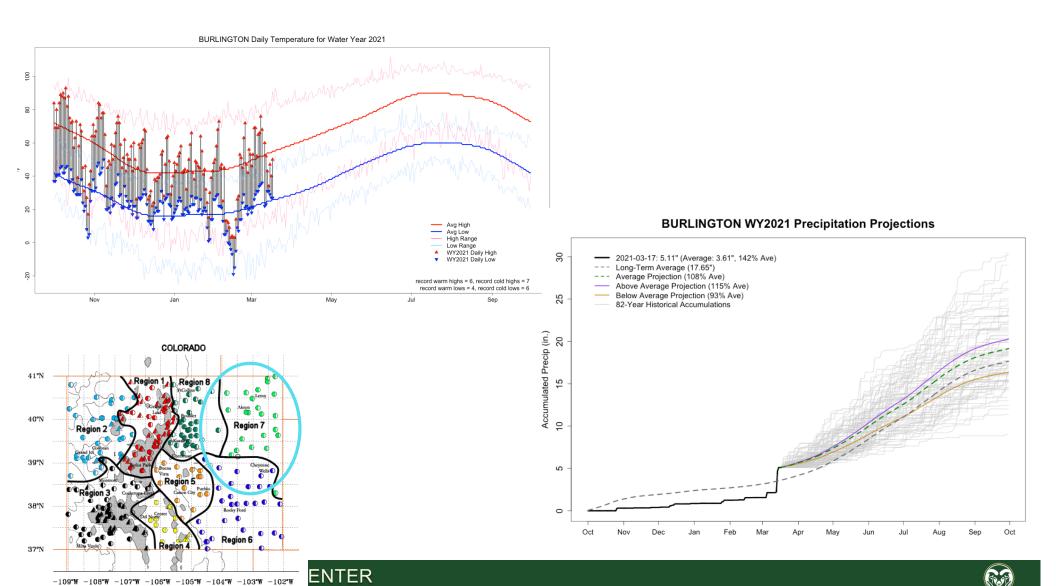


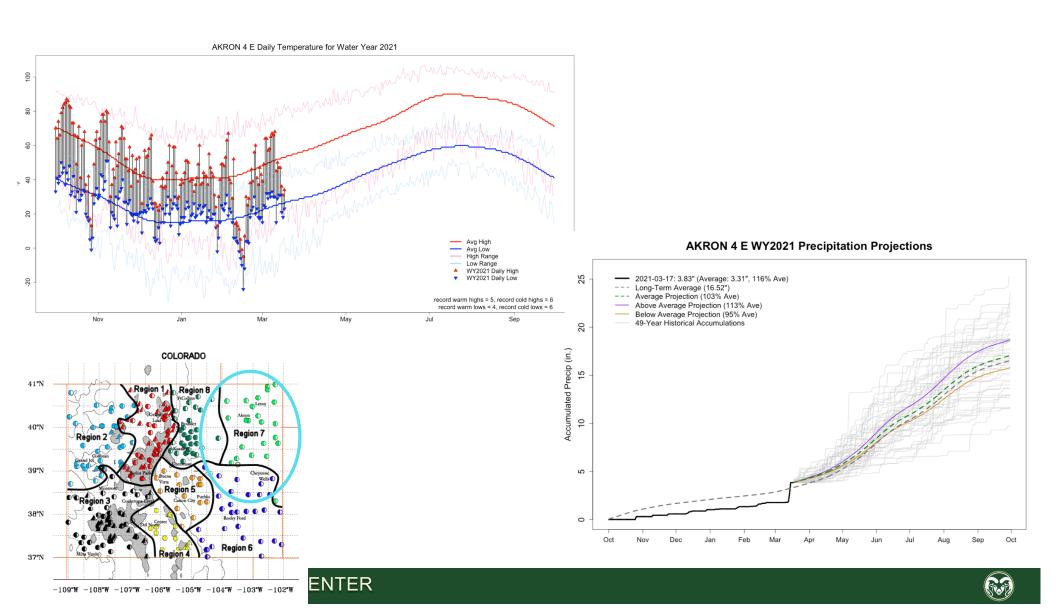


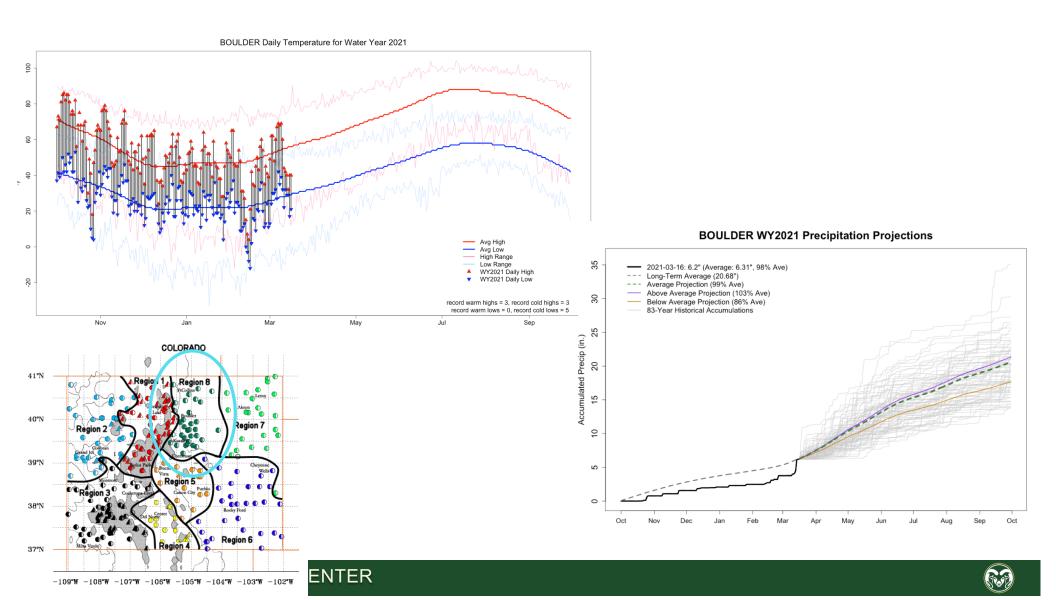




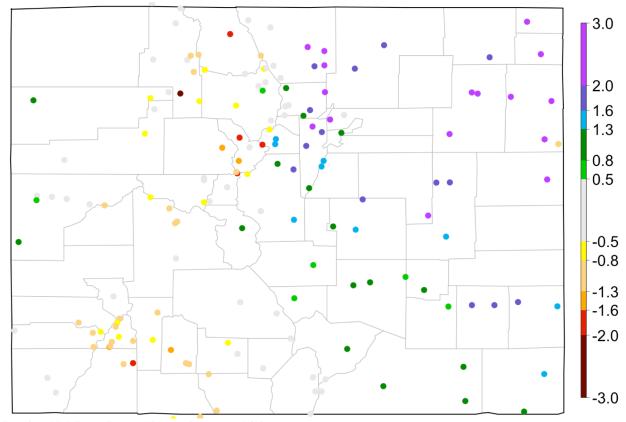






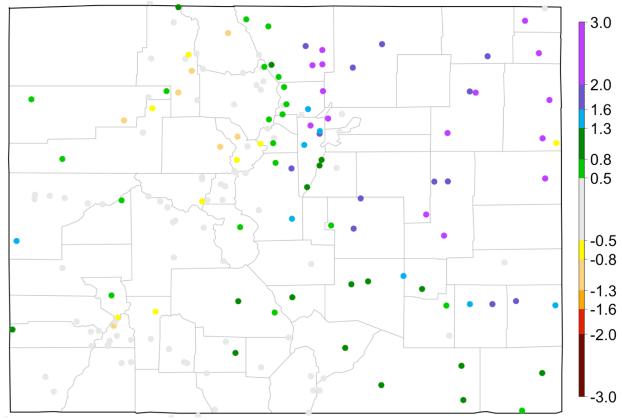


30-day SPI: 2021/02/13 - 2021/03/15



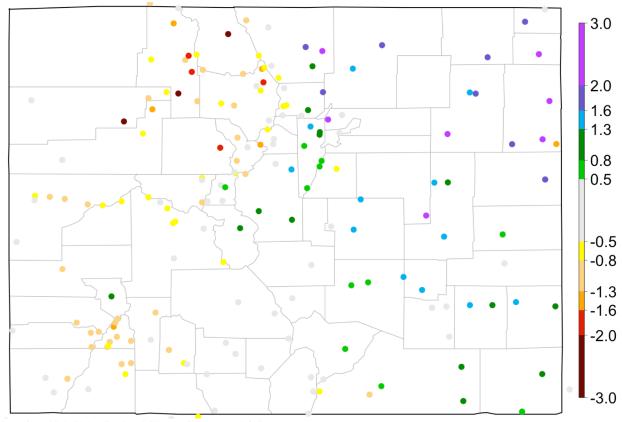


60-day SPI: 2021/01/14 - 2021/03/15



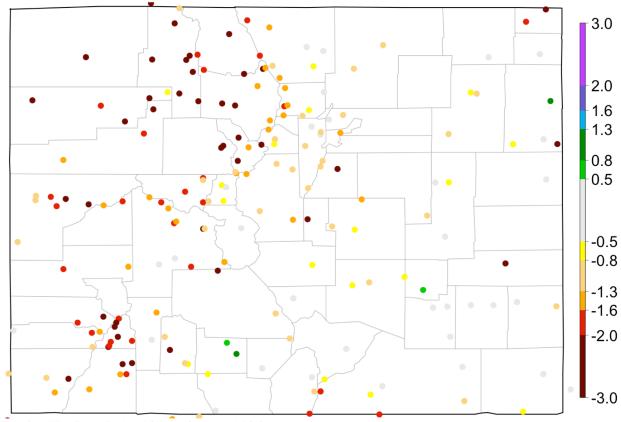


120-day SPI: 2020/11/15 - 2021/03/15





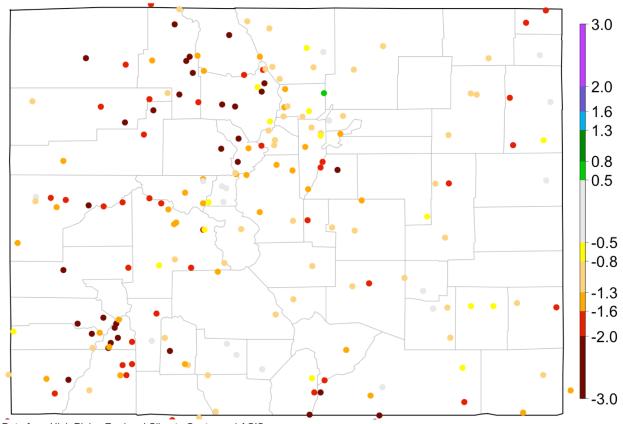
9-month SPI: 2020/06/16 - 2021/03/15



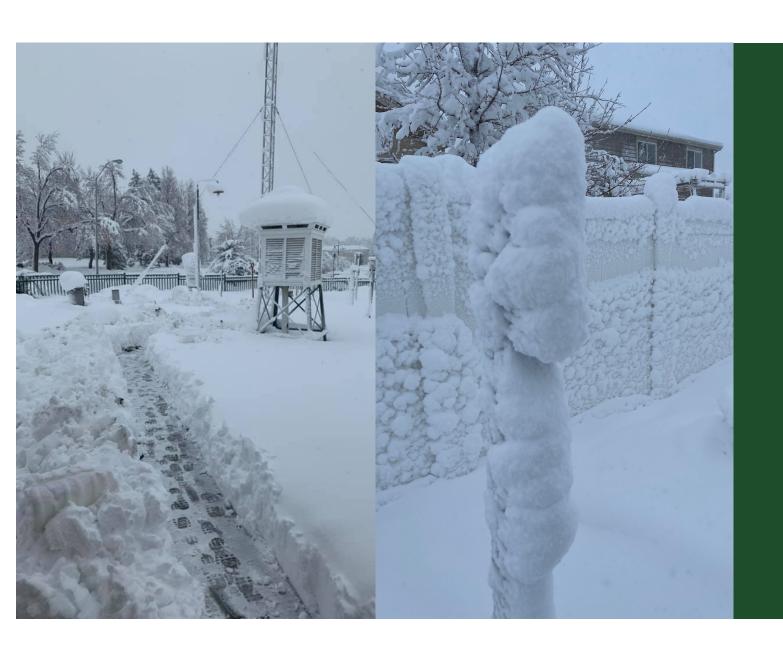
Data from High Plains Regional Climate Center and ACIS



12-month SPI: 2020/03/16 - 2021/03/15





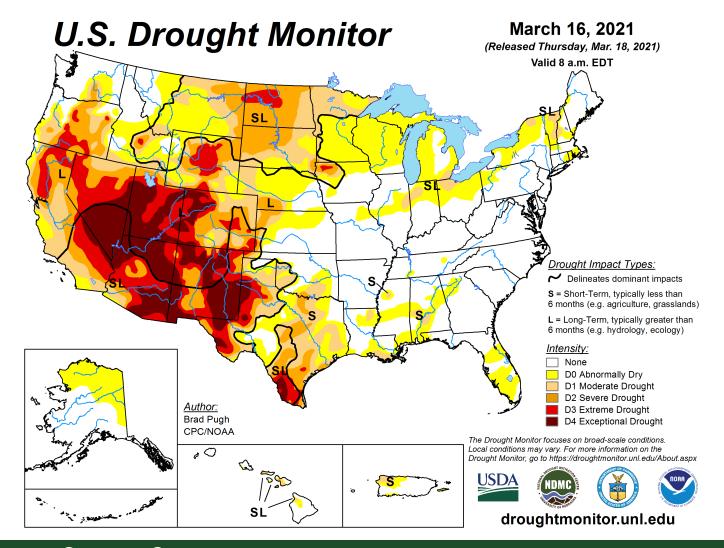


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Drought

National Drought
Colorado Drought Facts







U.S. Drought Monitor Colorado

March 16, 2021

(Released Thursday, Mar. 18, 2021)
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	0.00	100.00	95.76	71.47	38.64	15.10
Last Week 03-09-2021	0.00	100.00	98.57	88.76	56.64	15.89
3 Month's Ago 12-15-2020	0.00	100.00	100.00	93.73	76.17	27.60
Start of Calendar Year 12-29-2020	0.00	100.00	100.00	93.73	76.17	27.60
Start of Water Year 09-29-2020	0.00	100.00	99.29	89.35	52.88	2.64
One Year Ago 03-17-2020	30.09	69.91	46.88	3.30	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

None D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

Author:

Brad Pugh CPC/NOAA







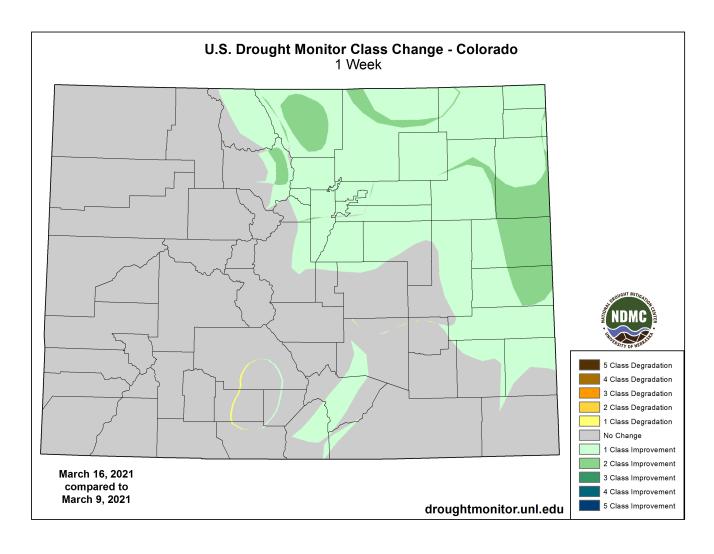


droughtmonitor.unl.edu



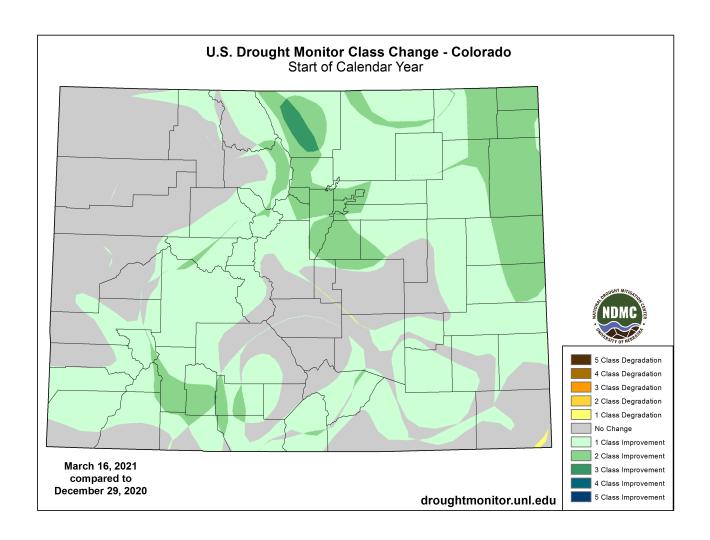
A 2-category change in a one week period is a big deal!
Usually only reserved for a very large amount of moisture.

Our last 2-category improvement was with the September 2013 floods.





Mainly improvements since the beginning of the calendar year.







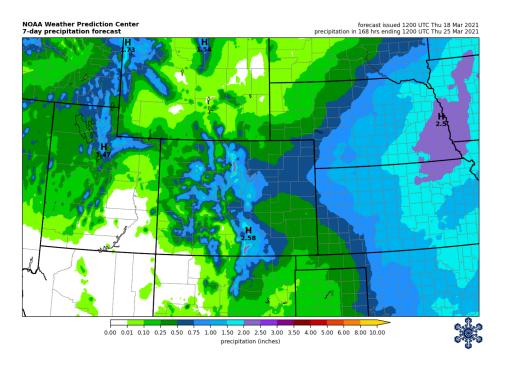
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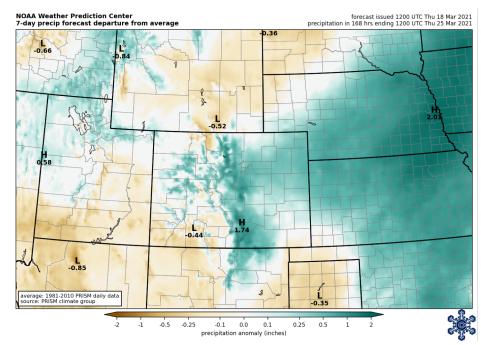
Outlook

Next 7 days
8-14 day Outlook
CPC Outlooks
Weakening La Niña



NOAA 7-day precip forecast

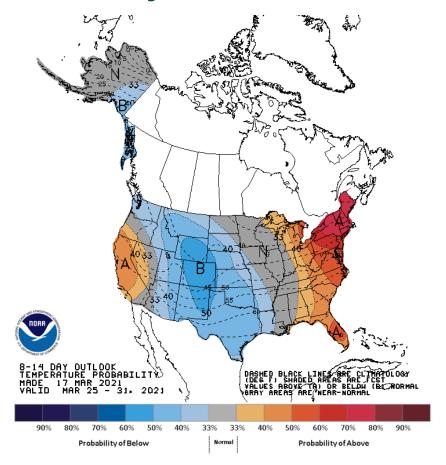


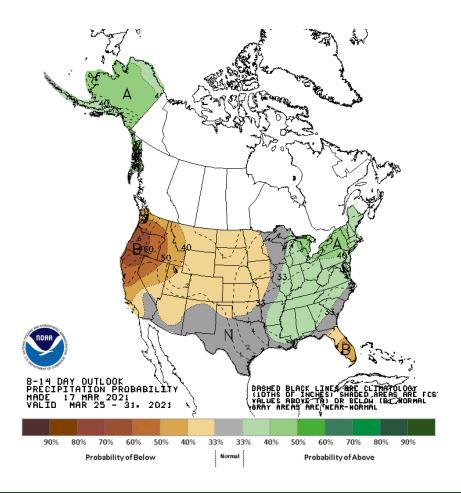


http://schumacher.atmos.colostate.edu/weather/



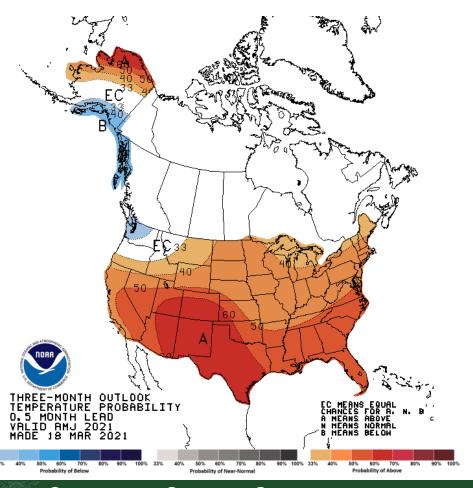
8-14 day outlook

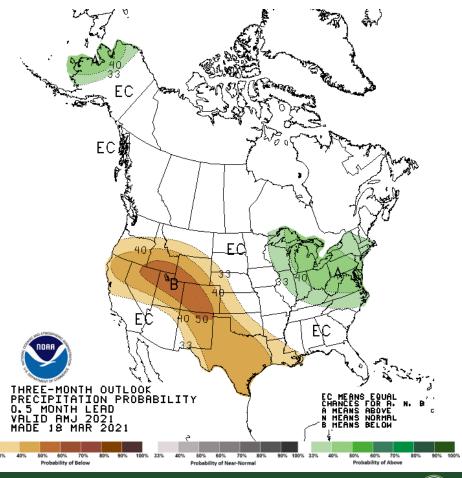






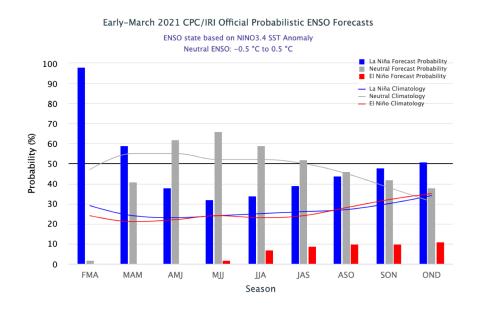
Seasonal outlook

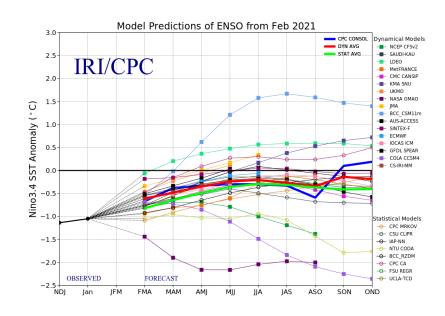






What's the El Niño forecast?



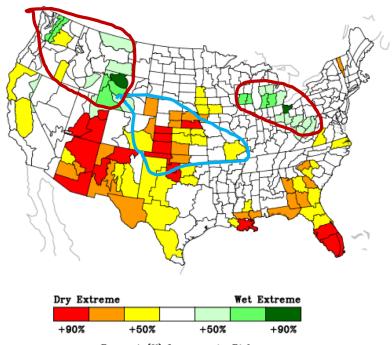


Sea surface temperatures and the atmospheric variables continue to exhibit La Niña conditions. La Niña is expected to continue through the spring with an increasing chance of neutral conditions in the summer.

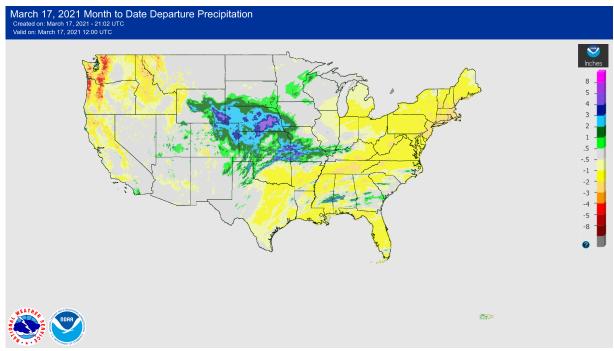


La Niña?? Not always a perfect relationship...

MAM Precipitation During La Nina Increased Risk of Wet or Dry Extremes









Summary points

- A warmer and drier pattern has continued this winter.
- So why have we seen improvements? Conditions are not as severe as they were in the fall.
- The recent snow storm definitely boosted moisture east of the Divide.
- West of the Divide, this was not a drought buster.
- Seasonal outlook shows confidence in our area experiencing warmer than average conditions for April-May-June.
- There is a tilt to higher chances of drier than average for April-May-June
- March proves it is hard to forecast beyond 2 weeks!



To view this and other presentations: http://climate.colostate.edu/ccc_archive.html

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Thank you!



