SB 89-181 Annual Report FY 2017-2018

This annual report to the Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) is required under the provisions of SB 89-181 and the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) adopted by the Mined Land Reclamation Board (MLRB) and the WQCC. The Division of Reclamation, Mining and Safety (DRMS) is an implementing agency under the provisions of SB 89-181. As such, DRMS is responsible for ensuring that mine operators comply with state ground water quality standards. It is the responsibility of the WQCC to classify waters of the state and set standards for those classified waters.

If the WQCC has not set site specific ground water standards, DRMS uses the numeric protection levels, referenced in the WQCC adopted narrative ground water standards, to set appropriate permit conditions to protect ground water.

Minerals Program

DRMS analyzes all operations that have the potential to be classified as Designated Mining Operations (DMO) to ensure that their operations are protective of ground waters. Under HB 08-1161, all conventional and in situ uranium mines have DMO status. DRMS also requires non-DMO mining operations, including some aggregate operations, to initiate ground water sampling where there is a potential for impacts to ground water quality.

As of this reporting period, the Minerals Program requires approximately 34 mine sites to conduct some type of ground water quality monitoring. Of these sites, 29 are hard rock mining operations, and 5 are construction material extraction operations.

Please see the attached activity status, summaries and table for specific information about these sites for both the 2016-2017 and 2017-2018 reporting periods.

Coal Program

The Colorado Coal Program currently regulates a total of 23 coal mines, of which six were actively producing in FY16-17 and FY17-18. The producing mines are both surface and underground operations. The remaining 17 mines are in various phases of reclamation or temporary cessation. Approximately 70 percent of Colorado's coal production comes from underground mining operations. The predominant method of underground mining is longwall mining.

During the 2016-2017 and 2017-2018 reporting periods, the Coal Program accomplished the following functions:

• The Coal Program effectively implemented various rules pertaining to ground water protection at Colorado coal mines. The Coal Program's current requirements for ongoing monitoring and detailed pre-disturbance permitting will continue to provide proper ground water quality protection.

- The Coal Program conducted reviews of Annual Hydrologic Reports submitted by operators. This allows for timely identification of hydrology sampling anomalies and deficiencies, in addition to water quantity and quality trends.
- The Coal Program continued to focus coal mine permitting activities regarding minimization of impacts to the hydrologic balance and prevention of material damage. These activities included the ongoing review and update of Cumulative Hydrologic Impact Analyses (CHIAs).
- The Coal Program continued to conduct regular coal mine field inspections and monitoring activities regarding minimization of impacts to the hydrologic balance and prevention of material damage. During FY16-17 the Coal Program conducted 343 inspections. During FY17-18, the Coal Program conducted 320 inspections.
- The Coal Program and WQCD communicated regularly during the last two years to discuss specific issues of mutual concern.

Please see the attached table for specific information about these sites.

Abandoned Mine Land Program

Nonpoint Source and Water Quality Improvement Projects

Since October 2017, final reclamation construction work was completed on 4 legacy miningrelated water quality improvement projects, and investigations and design is ongoing at 6 other sites. Mine sites that underwent reclamation construction in 2017 were:

- Mt. Emmons, Gunnison County
- Standard Mine Level 5 and 98, **Gunnison County**
- Mountain Pride Mine, Summit County Lower North Empire Creek Restoration, Clear Creek County

The six mine site projects currently underway to investigate, characterize, and develop final reclamation designs are:

- Roy Pray Mine Pool Investigation, Hinsdale County
- Daisy Mine waste rock reclamation, Gunnison County
- Buckskin Joe/Phillips Mine, Park County
- Nelson Tunnel Remedial Investigation, • Mineral County
- Bonita Peaks Mining District, San Juan • County
- Pennsylvania Mine Pool Investigation, • Summit County

In addition to these on-ground projects, DRMS continues to provide technical assistance to watershed groups and federal agency partners, and provides matching funds for additional projects sponsored by those groups. DRMS is actively engaged in the Mining Impacted Stream Task Force and Colorado Mixed Ownership Group, providing unique perspectives on legacy

mine related issues. DRMS is also actively engaged with CDPHE-WQCD to evaluate the feasibility of developing a statewide inventory of non-point source related legacy mining issues.

In FY 17-18, DRMS expended \$775,482 on legacy mining-related water quality improvement projects and investigations. This total encompasses funding from all sources, including CDPHE NPS grants, grants and contributions from BLM, USFS, EPA, private contributions, as well as state severance tax matching funds and local watershed grants.

The AML Program table includes details of each of these projects.

Hard Rock Mining Operations December 2018

Company-Mine Name-	Site Conditions	FY17-18 Activity
Permit #		
AGC RESOURCES LLC CASH AND WHO DO MINES (Permit No. M-1983-141) Boulder County (HR01)	The Operator began a groundwater characterization program in 2007. This included sampling of two surface water stations and the Cash Mine water pool, and installation and sampling of monitoring wells above and below the mine. A	No mining has occurred since the end of 2008 The Division approved the Operator's request to place the site into Temporary
	comprehensive report of these activities was submitted in March 2009.	Cessation. The period of Temporary Cessation will last from June 13, 2013 until June 13, 2018, or until the Operator notifies the Division that active mining operations have resumed. Groundwater monitoring will continue on a quarterly basis.
		In October 2013, DRMS approved Technical Revision No. 7 (TR-7). TR-7 revised the monitoring plan to address the following: 1) Eliminate the following parameters from the sampling suite: aluminum, chromium, cobalt, copper, fluoride, iron, lead, lithium, mercury, nickel, selenium, and vanadium. The Cash Well monitoring location was eliminated and replaced with the Cash Mine Pool from the 3rd Level Adit.
AGC RESOURCES LLC	The mill is inactive. The permit requires	No milling has occurred
GOLD HILL MILL	monitoring of the four monitoring wells	since the end of 2008.
(Permit No. M-1994-117)	located below the mill tailings impoundment	
Boulder County	on a quarterly basis for verifying the	The Division approved the
(HR02)	integrity of the geo-membrane liner.	Operator's request to place
	Although not required by the permit, the	the site into Temporary
	Operator has previously sampled the pond	Cessation. The period of
	in the tailings impoundment, the Times/Wynona Mine located above the	Temporary Cessation will last from June 13, 2013 until
	1 miles/ wynona wine located above the	last from june 15, 2015 until

	tailings impoundment, the Hazel A Adit	June 13, 2018, or until the
	located below the tailings impoundment,	Operator notifies the
	and Left Hand Creek.	Division that active milling
		operations have resumed.
		Groundwater monitoring
		8
		will continue on a quarterly
		basis.
		In October 2012 DDMC
		In October 2013, DRMS
		approved Technical
		Revision No. 9 (TR-9). TR-9
		revised the monitoring plan
		to address the following:
		1) Eliminate the
		following parameters
		from the sampling
		suite: aluminum,
		chromium, cobalt,
		copper, fluoride,
		iron, lead, lithium,
		mercury, nickel,
		selenium, and
		vanadium.
		2) Remove Left Hand
		Creek water
		sampling location.
		3) Remove Hazel A
		water sampling
		location.
		4) Cease collection of
		samples from
		Wynona Mine until
		such time as the
		mine is used for
		water storage.
		MW1 (mill well) was
		established as the
		compliance point for Gold
		Hill Mill.
		Per the October 30, 2017
		Board Order, the operator
		must submit a conversion or
		amendment application. At
		such time, the approved
		groundwater monitoring
		plan will be re-evaluated.
L	1	L

CLIMAX MOLYBDENUM COMPANY HENDERSON MINE AND MILL (Permit No. M-1977-342) Clear Creek and Grand Counties (HR03)	Permit conditions protective of groundwater at the Henderson Mine and Mill include groundwater interception wells and seepage collection canals located at the toe of the tailings dams to pump potentially contaminated groundwater back into the mill water circuit for reuse. The seepage pipelines are tested for integrity at least once per year and a description of the testing and results are provided in the annual reclamation report. The groundwater monitoring plan includes three times per year monitoring of the one point of compliance well at the mine and four point of compliance wells at the mill.	An Environmental Protection Plan (EPP) and Groundwater Monitoring Plan (GMP) were approved by the Division in 2012 and implementation of the plans by Climax Molybdenum Company at the Henderson Mine and Mill facilities started in 2012. Monitoring activities at the site have continued in 2017. The Groundwater Monitoring Plan is evaluated for the mill and mine facilities based on the results of the groundwater monitoring results.
BATTLE MOUNTAIN RESOURCES INC. SAN LUIS PROJECT (Permit No. M-1988-112) Costilla County (HR04)	The San Luis Project is currently in reclamation mode and cyanide processing has not occurred since 1996. The permit requires groundwater monitoring at twenty- one wells, including several water wells located outside the permit area (Shalom Ranch and the San Luis Town Well). Groundwater monitoring is conducted at this site to verify containment of cyanide solution at the lined mill tailings facility and to assess the progress of groundwater management in the West Pit. West Pit groundwater quality is managed by pumping to prevent contact with polluting strata. The pumped water is then treated and discharged as regulated by the WQCD.	Monitoring activities at the site have continued unchanged during the past year. A new M-14 was installed and the Division is monitoring the new data. At this time, the monitoring data indicate compliance and successful containment of cyanide solutions.
CATALIX INTERNATIONAL, LLC PRECIOUS MINE (Permit No. M-2013-008) Crowley County (HR05)	This 110d permit was approved in 2013 and includes an Environmental Protection Plan. Shale will be mined in open pits and processed using acids in aqua regia treatments for leaching out gold and platinum. Piezometers will be installed around the pits. Groundwater quality will be monitored in a down gradient groundwater point of compliance well.	Permit was issued 10/30/2014 after required Financial Warranty was submitted. Mining activities have not yet commenced at this site. Operator submitted full release request for permit. Site was inspected on 10/4/2017. DRMS observed

		that no groundwater monitoring wells had been installed and the operation never commenced. Therefore, full release was approved on 10/16/2017. Accordingly, this permit will be excluded from further reports.
EXXONMOBIL COLONY OIL SHALE PROJECT (Permit No. M-1980-047) Garfield County (HR06)	In the past, ExxonMobil has conducted ground and surface water monitoring programs of varying scopes with various objectives. However, the only reporting requirements were for surface discharge at Pond 5 as specified by the NPDES program. In June 2007 ExxonMobil implemented a water monitoring program taking monthly water levels and quarterly samples for chemical analysis in three wells (one up-gradient and two down- gradient). In January 2008 a fourth well was installed down-gradient of an electrofrac experiment location to provide rapid detection of any groundwater impact from the experiment. Drilling and fracturing tests were conducted in 2008.	No mining activity is currently being conducted at the site.
OCCIDENTAL OIL SHALE, INC. LOGAN WASH (Permit No. M-1977-424) Garfield County (HR07)	Final reclamation of the main facilities began during summer 2003 and continued through 2008. Maintenance of reclamation and remaining facilities continues. Discharge of water from within the sealed mine consists of mine water and retort water. Mine water from the lower portal and from the research portal are monitored for flow rate and sampled on a weekly, monthly and quarterly schedule (depending on analyte) when the site is accessible and flow is present at the outfall. NPDES monitoring is reported to the WQCD.	Mine water and retort water are monitored monthly at the portal locations for flow rate. The retort water discharges to an evaporation pond.
LKA INTERNATIONAL, INC. GOLDEN WONDER MINE (Permit No. M-1978-091 UG) Hinsdale County (HR08)	LKA International, Inc., (LKA) collects water from a shallow off-site sampling well on Deadman Gulch and from the Lake Fork above and below the confluence with Deadman Gulch. During 2006 and 2007 LKA collected surface water from several points	Lined diversion structures appear to be functioning effectively, as no seeps were noted at the toe of the waste dump in 2017. Diversion structure consists of welded

	along Deadman Gulch and ground water	polyethylene pipe and
	from the underground mine workings.	limestone-lined open ditch.
	Except during seasonal runoff periods,	•
	Deadman Gulch is dry.	
	Adit discharge was not observed or reported	
	for several years, since the operator has	
	impounded water in an underground sump	
	in the workings. Operator neutralizes	
	underground impounded water with sodium	
	bicarbonate. Ground water monitoring	
	locations are shallow sumps on and below	
	the waste rock dump, acting as wells.	
	,	
	During 2007 through 2009 a series of small	
	seeps were observed issuing from the waste	
	rock dump, and additional sampling ensued	
	to determine sources of the water. The	
	operator installed lined diversion structures	
	to isolate the waste dump from surface run-	
	on, and installed two piezometers to monitor	
	for possible connection of underground mine	
	water and seep flow. Piezometer sampling	
	was approved to be discontinued when the	
	piezometers were found to be dry.	
	Mine discharge was observed during an	
	October 2016 site inspection. The operator	
	was ordered to address the issue with a	
	water treatment system. The majority of the	
	treatment system was installed and observed	
	by DRMS staff September 2017. DRMS was	
	provided as-built certifications for the	
	treatment system October 2017 and is	
	waiting for water quality sampling results to	
	determine if the system is effective.	
COTTER CORPORATION	This underground uranium mine operated	Cotter Corporation
SCHWARTZWALDER	from 1953 to 2000, and is now in reclamation.	completed construction of a
MINE	The mine is a Designated Mining Operation.	new water treatment facility
(Permit No. M-1977-300)	Mine pool water and groundwater in alluvial	adjacent to the Steve Level
Jefferson County	fill are contaminated with uranium, sulfate,	adit. The RO system and IX
(HR09)	and other constituents.	system have both been
		transferred to the new
	The operator treats mine pool water using an	facility and are operational.
	in-situ biological process. The site also has a	The mine pool was at an
	reverse osmosis system for treating pumped	elevation of 6,472 ft. (130 ft.
	general second sec	

	mine pool water and an ion exchange system for treating alluvial ground water that is captured in underground sumps.	below Steve Level) on October 20, 2017. The target elevation for the mine pool
	The operator monitors groundwater quality in 11 alluvial wells, 8 bedrock wells, and in the mine pool. Concentrations of selected analytes in mine pool water sampled on August 16, 2017 were: :	is 150 ft. below Steve Level.
	Analyte Standard Concentration	
	Manganese 2.37 mg/L 0.05 mg/L	
	Molybdenum 4.13 mg/L 0.035 mg/L	
	Radium 226 21.8 pCi/L 5 pCi/L	
	Sulfate 3600 mg/L 250 mg/L Uranium 27.6 mg/L	
	0.03 mg/L	
DEADWOOD GULCH	The facility is permitted for a cyanide vat	This site is in Temporary
MINING CO.	leach system to leach gold and silver, and	Cessation. There was no
INCAS MINE	previously produced small (~10 tons per	mining or milling activity
(Permit No. M-1986-076)	year) quantities of tailings. The site is	during 2016-17, and no
La Plata County	permitted as a DMO, and is required to	water quality samples were
(HR10)	sample surface and groundwater during the	taken. The operation was
	seasons that its mill and leaching facility is	put into temporary cessation
	active. The site is monitored for pH, EC,	in June of 2014 after
	TDS, sulfate and WAD cyanide. The site has an NPDES permit for historic adit discharge.	verification that all hazardous materials had
	an in Des permit for historic aut discharge.	been removed from the site.
SUNRISE MINING LLC	The permit was converted to a 112d in 2011	In January of 2016 the MLRB
MAY DAY IDAHO MINE	through approval of CN-01, which included	ordered the new Operator,
COMPLEX	the old permit area under M-2006-069 and	Sunrise Mining LLC, to
(Permit No. M-1981-185)	M-2010-003. The operator has installed	undergo a complete permit
La Plata County	groundwater monitoring wells at the site,	amendment. The Division is
(HR11)	and surface water sample locations have	currently engaged in the
	been established in order to provide baseline conditions for 5 quarters. Mining and	permit review process, and water quality monitoring is
	milling are not yet approved at this site.	ongoing to establish the 5
	in the first yet approved at the site.	quarters of data required to
		characterize the baseline
		conditions.

DEGUDDECTIONACIONIC		
RESURRECTION MINING	The approved groundwater monitoring plan	Site under reclamation.
CO.	specifies quarterly monitoring of six wells	
BLACK CLOUD MINE	and one surface water sampling station cross	
(Being Reclaimed under a	gradient and downgradient from the tailing	
Consent Decree File No. M-	impoundment. A point of compliance is	
2008-083)	established down gradient of the	
Lake County	impoundment and numeric protection levels	
(HR12)	are established. The Black Cloud Mine pool	
	is pumped and piped to the Yak Tunnel	
	Water Treatment Plant.	
ENERGY FUELS	The mine was on standby status as of	Quarterly well sampling and
RESOURCES	October 2008. The Division placed the mine	annual reporting continues.
CORPORATION, INC.	-	annual reporting continues.
WHIRLWIND MINE	into temporary cessation on May 6, 2013.	Cocord named of Languages
(Permit No. M-2007-044)	The operator installed a monitor well below	Second period of temporary
	proposed mine dump areas in October of	cessation granted on
Mesa County (HR13)	2008 as part of the requirements for a DMO	November 8, 2017.
(ПК13)	EPP. An existing upgradient well is utilized	
	for sampling to establish baseline data.	
	Sampling was conducted from October 2008	
	through April 2010 on a bimonthly schedule.	
	Groundwater sampling is, as of June 2010,	
	required to be conducted and submitted to	
	DRMS on an annual basis. The mine has a	
	water treatment and discharge permit	
	through WQCD. No treatment or discharge	
	occurred in 2017-2018. A mine pool	
	developed in historic workings over several	
	decades. It is anticipated that the pool will	
	reform over an extended period of time. The	
	operator is monitoring pool levels and can	
	turn on pumps if they reach undesirable	
	levels prior to reactivation of the mine.	
RIO GRANDE SILVER,	Water monitoring was terminated by the	The mine is in Temporary
INC. BULLDOG MINE	former operator. Rio Grande Silver (RGS)	Cessation (TC) status, and
(Permit No. M-1977-215)	has applied for a permit amendment	no construction, mining, or
Mineral County	consisting of an Environmental Protection	processing is occurring.
(HR14)	Plan (EPP) which includes a water sampling	Water sampling will occur
		on an annual basis while
	and monitoring program. The EPP	
	amendment must be approved and a WQ	permit is in TC.
	baseline established before the mine can be	
	reactivated or possible mill constructed,.	
	There is currently no observed discharge to	
	the surface. RGS has been voluntarily	
	sampling surface water throughout their	
	unpatented claim area.	

COTTER CORPORATION	Due to HB-1161 this mine is a Designated	The site is in temporary
JD-7 PIT	Mining Operation (DMO) and the Division	cessation. There was no
(Permit No. M-1979-094HR)	required the operator to submit an	activity during the fiscal
Montrose County	Environmental Protection Plan (EPP). The	, ,
(HR15)	EPP was approved on February 21, 2014.	year.
(11113)	11 5	
	The site is currently in temporary cessation.	
	During mining, water accumulated in the	
	underground mine is treated and discharged	
	in accordance with an NPDES permit.	
COTTER CORPORATION	Due to HB-1161 this mine is a Designated	The site is in temporary
JD-9 MINE	Mining Operation (DMO) and the Division	cessation. There was no
(Permit No. M-1977-306)	required the operator to submit an	activity during the fiscal
Montrose County	Environmental Protection Plan (EPP). The	year.
(HR16)	EPP was approved on February 11, 2014.	
	The site is currently in temporary cessation.	
	During mining, water accumulated in the	
	underground mine is treated and discharged	
	in accordance with an NPDES permit.	
CAMP BIRD COLORADO,	After several years of reclamation activity,	The EPA is currently
INC.	the operator began new surface activity in	conducting reclamation of
CAMP BIRD MINE	the fall of 2012 including reconstruction of a	"pre-law" waste dump piles
(Permit No. M-1982-090)	sedimentation pond and a pipeline	outside of the permit area.
Ouray County	conveying portal discharge to the pond. The	The EPA has plans to begin
(HR17)	operator has applied for a new or renewed	slope reduction of waste
	discharge permit from WQCD. Upstream	dump piles adjacent to
	and downstream surface water sampling has	Sneffels Creek within the
	begun on a quarterly basis.	permit area spring of 2018.
	begun on a quarterry basis.	permit area spring of 2010.
FORTUNE REVENUE	Operation was approved as a 112d-1 permit	Operator began quarterly
SILVER MINES, INC.	in 2013, and included an EPP. The main	surface and groundwater
REVENUE MINE	portal discharges water that is piped to lined	sampling in 2012. The
(Permit No. M-2013-032)	settling pond, to reduce suspended zinc	Division approved a mine
Ouray County	before it is piped to a passive bioreactive	water handling plan to
(HR18)	treatment system which then infiltrates to	involve on site
	groundwater which was approved July 2016	treatment.The operator is
	under Technical Revision 8. Operator is	currently developing a new
	required to monitor surface and	water treatment plan and
	groundwater and implement mine water	will submit a new technical
	handling plan. Sampling plan includes five	revision early 2018. Water
		sampling, treatment and
		sumpling, irealinent and

	locations for groundwater and four locations for surface water.	monitoring will continue as
	for surface water.	required.
	A permit transfer from Fortune Revenue	
	Silver Mines to Ouray Silver Mines was	
	completed in November 2015.	
AMERICAN SODA, LLC	American Soda ceased production in 2004	Groundwater quality
YANKEE GULCH PROJECT	and started reclamation of the site.	monitoring is continuing at a
(Permit No. M-1999-002)		reduced rate for both the
Rio Blanco County (HR19)		interim status period and for
(11K19)		the possibility that
		commercial production may once again resume.
NATURAL SODA INC	Thisty two active manifolds and 11-	-
NATURAL SODA, INC. NAHCOLITE PROJECT	Thirty two active monitoring wells are located at the mine with water quality	Monitoring activities at the site have continued
(Permit No. M-1983-194)	samples obtained from discrete zones. A	unchanged during the past
Rio Blanco County	total of seventeen wells are equipped with	year.
(HR20)	continuous water level measurement	5
	transducers and data acquisition and storage	
	systems. Groundwater monitoring includes	
	water levels and over 50 water quality	
	parameters. An annual monitoring report is	
	submitted to DRMS, the BLM and the EPA.	
COLORADO GOLDFIELDS, INC.	Operations at the Pride of the West Mill (previously named Howardsville Mill) site	In August of 2017 the surface reclamation of Cell
PRIDE OF THE WEST	were both historic and modern. in	1A was completed by the
MILL	December of 2016 the MLRB revoked the	Division's Inactive Mines
(Permit No. M-1984-049)	permit and secured the forfeited Financial	Program.
San Juan County	Warranties in the amount of \$515,130.00.	0
(HR21)		
SUNNYSIDE GOLD	Approximately 36 spring and seep locations	Sunnyside Gold Corporation
CORPORATION SUNNYSIDE MINE	were monitored semi-annually in accordance	continues towards
(Permit No. M-1977-378)	with the DRMS/WQCD Consent Decree for drainage associated with the mine pools of	completion of final reclamation, release of
San Juan County	the American and Terry Tunnels. The	warranties, and termination
(HR22)	Consent Decree was subsequently	of its reclamation permit.
	terminated by the parties. Terry Tunnel	r
	bulkhead final closure occurred on October	
	5, 2000. American Tunnel Bulkhead No. 1	
	was closed May 14, 2001; Bulkhead No. 2	
	was closed August 31, 2001; and Bulkhead	
	No. 3 was closed on December 3, 2002.	
	Sunnyside Gold Corporation also removed	
	the water treatment plant pursuant to a court order. Water monitoring continues twice per	
	order. Water monitoring continues twice per	

		1
	year in the Animas River above and below	
	the Mayflower Mill site and in Cement Creek	
	above and below the American Tunnel	
	complex.	
PINON RIDGE MINING,	Lower portions of the underground	The Environmental
LLC	workings accumulate groundwater, which	Protection Plan (EPP) that
SUNDAY MINE	was managed during periods of active	was approved in 2012
(Permit No. M-1977-285)	mining by using it for drill water,	includes a groundwater
San Miguel County	underground dust control and by pumping it	monitoring plan. Up-
(HR23)	elsewhere in the extensive workings. No	gradient and down-gradient
· · ·	pumping or other water management is	monitoring well locations
	currently occurring. Accumulation of mine	were determined, as well as
	pool water has apparently equilibrated,	compliance well locations
	during several years of temporary cessation,	farther down-gradient near
	and the flooded portion of the workings is	the permit boundary. The
	not expanding.	wells will be located on the
		adjacent permit area for the
	Due to HB-1161 this mine is now a DMO and	Topaz Mine (M-1980-
	the Division required the former operator to	055HR).
	submit an EPP.	Well installation approved
	A permit transfer from Energy Fuels	under the EPP was
	Resources to Pinon Ridge Mining was	completed in 2013. Five
	completed in October 2014.	quarters of data were
		collected. The mine is in
		temporary cessation and no
		additional sampling has
		occurred.
PINON RIDGE MINING,	Lower portions of the underground	The Environmental
LLC	workings accumulate groundwater, which	Protection Plan (EPP) that
WEST SUNDAY MINE	was managed during periods of active	was approved in 2012
(Permit No. M-1981-021)	mining by using it for drill water,	includes a groundwater
San Miguel County	underground dust control and by pumping it	monitoring plan. Up-
(HR24)		
(1112+)	elsewhere in the extensive workings. No	gradient and down-gradient
	pumping or other water management is	monitoring well locations
	currently occurring. Accumulation of mine	were determined, as well as
	pool water has apparently equilibrated	compliance well locations
	during several years of temporary cessation,	farther down-gradient near
	and the flooded portion of the workings is	the permit boundary. These
	not expanding.	wells will be located on the
		adjacent permit area of the
	Due to HB-1161 this mine is now a DMO and	Topaz Mine (M-1980-055HR)
	the Division required the former operator to	
	submit an EPP.	Well installation approved
		under the EPP was
		completed in 2013. Five
		quarters of data were
		quarters of and were

A permit transfer from Energy Fuels Resources to Pinon Ridge Mining was completed in October 2014.collected. The mine is temporary cessation ar additional sampling ha occurred.PINON RIDGE MINING, LLC TOPAZ MINELower portions of the underground workings accumulated groundwater, which was managed during periods of activeThe operator Environn Protection Plan (EPP) t was approved in 2012	nd no as
LLC workings accumulated groundwater, which Protection Plan (EPP) t	
LLC workings accumulated groundwater, which Protection Plan (EPP) t	nental
was managed during periods of active was approved in 2012	
(Permit No. M-1980-055 HR) mining by using it for drill water, dust includes a groundwate	er
San Miguel Countycontrol, and by pumping it elsewhere in themonitoring plan. Up-	
(HR26) extensive workings. No pumping or other gradient and down-gradient and down	
water management is currently occurring. monitoring well location	
Accumulations of mine pool water has were determined, as w	
apparently equilibrated during several years compliance well location	
of temporary cessation, and the flooded farther down-gradient	near
portion of the workings is not expanding. the permit boundary.	
Due to HB-1161 this mine is now a DMO and Well installation appro	wed
the Division required the former operator to under the EPP was	vcu
submit an EPP. completed in 2013. Fiv	ze.
quarters of data were	c
A permit transfer from Energy Fuels collected. The mine is	in
Resources to Pinon Ridge Mining was temporary cessation ar	nd no
completed in October 2014. additional sampling hat occurred.	
CLIMAX MOLYBDENUM Groundwater monitoring has continued as DRMS, Climax, and W	QCD
COMPANY approved in the EPP for the site. This have met several times	
CLIMAX MINE includes increased monitoring frequency discuss if INS table val	ue
(Permit No. M-1977-493) (monthly) for pH in the GW#2 well located standards are appropriate	iate
Summit, Lake, and Eaglein the Tenmile drainage.for analytes of concern	
Counties (primarily Mn) when	
(HR27) All engineering measures to protect establishing site NPLs.	
groundwater, including groundwater cutoff Based on these discuss	
walls and pump-back systems, the 5-Shaft and site data provided	5
dewatering pumps, the sludge densification Climax, DRMS will pro	ovide
plant (SDP), and the new discharge water direction to Climax	1.
treatment plant are still in place and operational.regarding this issue in 2017.	late
A possible group dwater to surface water	
A possible groundwater to surface water seep(s) has been recently identified near the	
Storke yard collection area and	
characterization/monitoring is ongoing by	
Climax. DRMS directed Climax to contact	
CDPHE regarding this feature in Oct. 2013.	

	To-date Climax is still monitoring these seeps while awaiting further direction from CDPHE.	
CRIPPLE CREEK & VICTOR GOLD MINING COMPANY CRESSON PROJECT (Permit No. M-1980-244) Teller County (HR28)	CC&V continues to monitor groundwater at the Cresson Project. The monitoring plan was most recently reviewed in permit amendment No. 11 (AM-11), approved February 8, 2017. The plan requires quarterly monitoring of 17 compliance wells. The Division is currently re-evaluating the groundwater monitoring plan to determine whether it complies with Regulation No. 41 requirements pertaining to NPLs. Any required changes to the approved plan will require submittal of a permit revision or amendment.	The operator reported no exceedances for this reporting year. However, the Division is currently re- evaluating the monitoring plan, including NPLs set for each of the 6 drainages monitored. The mine added new compliance wells downgradient in Arequa Gulch in 2013, and new Grassy Valley and Squaw Gulch wells were sampled beginning the 2nd Qtr of 2014.
VENTURE RESOURCES, INC. HUKILL GULCH MILLSITE (PERMIT NO. M-2009-076) Clear Creek County (HR29)	Venture Resources monitors groundwater in upgradient and downgradient monitoring wells to ensure there is no release of process water from the lined tailings impoundment. The wells are monitored and reported on a monthly basis.	Following a violation issued in 2016, a Cease and Desist Order was placed on the operation and remains in effect. Venture Resources, Inc. has removed all material from within the tailings impoundment and made the necessary repairs to the Environmental Protection Facility (EPF). The Division is currently assessing the remediation work and recertification of the EPF will occur following a site inspection. Monthly monitoring of upgradient and downgradient wells has shown no loss of process solution from the EPF.

Construction Materials Operations December 2018

Company-Mine Name-	Site Conditions	FY17-18 Activity
Permit #		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
CEMEX, INC. LYONS QUARRY (Permit No. M-1977-208) Boulder County (CM01)	Groundwater monitoring is required at the Lyons Quarry to verify that the disposal of cement kiln dust (CKD) into the mined out limestone quarry (C-Pit) does not cause groundwater degradation. Groundwater protection requirements include: backfilling the pit with overburden and shale from ongoing quarry operations for reducing ponded water in C Pit to less than one-half acre, and lining portions of the Boulder Feeder Canal near C-Pit to reduce seepage into the pit. The monitoring program requires continuous monitoring of water elevation in the C-pit and in an up gradient well, and quarterly monitoring of water elevation in a deep down gradient well. Water quality samples are collected quarterly from the C-Pit and from down gradient alluvial and bedrock wells. DRMS approved Technical Revision No. 12 (TR- 12). TR-12 revised the numeric standards for chloride and sulfate. The previous numeric standards for chloride and sulfate were based on drinking water standards. The drinking water standards were not appropriate as the groundwater down-gradient from the operation is not used for drinking. A chemical analysis of chloride and sulfate was performed on the water in C-Pit using a stiff diagram. The average concentrations of chloride and sulfate in C-Pit were used to establish the revised numeric	In March 2014, the Operator requested a revision to the monitoring plan (TR-12) that DRMS approved, which demonstrated the exceedances of chloride and sulfate in CEM-004 could not be attributed to migration of water from C-Pit. The revised numeric standards for chloride and sulfate are: 1) Chloride (mg/L): 1,053 Sulfate (mg/L): 2,641
HOLCIM US, INC.	standards. Holcim monitors groundwater to evaluate	Data are collected and
PORTLAND LIMESTONE (Permit No. M-1977-344) Fremont County (CM02)	potential release of contaminants from cement kiln dust (CKD) stored on site. Holcim completed the collection of five quarters of	submitted to DRMS annually. The required parameters and numeric
(CM02)	baseline data and submitted their report on June 7, 2004. Three wells are designated as compliance and monitoring wells to be monitored for TDS, sulfate (SO4), potassium (K), sodium (Na), iron (Fe) and manganese (Mn). In February 2015 the	protection levels for MW- 7 and MW-13, respectively are: 1) TDS (mg/L): 3918, 4026

	DRMS approved a technical revision requested by Holcim to replace the Na standard with K: Na ratio using 0.5 as a numeric protection limit.	 SO4 (mg/L): 2080, 2200 K (mg/L): 17, 13 Na: K ratio: 0.5 Fe (mg/L): 4.5, 0.13 Mn (mg/L): 0.88, 0.30
HOLCIM, INC. BOETTCHER QUARRY (Permit No. M-1977-348) Larimer County (CM03)	The Boettcher Quarry and cement plant were permanently closed in 2002 and the cement plant was demolished in 2004. The site has been largely reclaimed, and the Cement Kiln Dust (CKD) disposal area has been capped and revegetated. Groundwater monitoring to date indicates a very tight formation with deep groundwater and little groundwater movement. Additional groundwater monitoring is being conducted at this time to determine if the site can be considered for final closure. Three additional monitoring wells were installed in 2013 to help characterize current conditions. Additional monitoring data and site characterization information continue to be collected.	DRMS is evaluating the ongoing monitoring results and will determine if additional enhanced groundwater monitoring will be required, or if the site is eligible for final closure. Barium levels in several monitoring wells continue to exceed the MCL of 2mg/l, however this may be due to naturally elevated background levels of this element.
GCC RIO GRANDE, INC. PUEBLO CEMENT PLANT AND LIMESTONE QUARRY (Permit No. M-2002-004) Pueblo County (CM04)	GCC conducts semi-annual monitoring of a down gradient well. DRMS approved a permit revision in March 2013 that eliminated monitoring of four alluvial wells, based on a lack of hydrologic connection between them and the facility. DRMS approved a permit revision in August 2015 to allow the beneficial re-use of a portion of kiln feed material from the main kiln baghouse in the quarry area for reclamation backfill purposes.	DRMS approved a permit revision in July 2017 to construct an additional groundwater monitoring well immediately down gradient of the area associated with backfilling kiln feed material. The new well will be monitored quarterly for the first 18 months (sampling will be reduced to semi-annual if no groundwater is encountered).
AGGREGATE INDUSTRIES - WCR, INC. PLATTE VALLEY OPERATION (PERMIT NO. M-1989-120) Weld County (CM05)	This sand and gravel mining operation has three open water basins. The Operator allows importation of inert material to backfill into the pit excavations. CDPHE inspected the site and found Broda Inert Fill (Broda) had possibly imported unauthorized waste to the site without obtaining a Certificate of Designation. CDPHE	On September 5, 2017, Aggregate Industries submitted the quarterly groundwater measurement data collected by Aggregate Industries as well as

	1 . 1.
required Broda to install three groundwater	groundwater quality
monitoring wells at the site to test groundwater	monitoring and
quality. These wells and a monitoring plan were	measurement data
incorporated into the DRMS mining and	collected at the site. This
reclamation plans. These wells are monitored on	data was also submitted
a quarterly basis and the results sent to CDPHE	to the Colorado
and also reported to DRMS annually.	Department of Public
	Health and Environment
	as required under the
	recycling license held by
	Broda Inert Fill and in
	accordance with
	Technical Revision No.
	03.

Colorado Coal Mines – Activity Status December 2017

Colowyo Mine (Producing) - C-1981-019

Moffat and Rio Blanco Counties

Company Name:	Colowyo Coal Company L.P.
Mine Name:	Colowyo Coal Mine
Mine Type/Status:	Surface/Federal/Active
FY 17-18 Production:	1,997,411 tons (July 2017-June 2018)
No. Miners:	190
Permit Acres:	27,529.24 (3,573.07 federal surface and 22,910.97 federal coal)
Affected Acres:	5,812.10
Disturbed Acres:	5,802.10
Bond Amount:	Required - \$146,219,785; Actual Held - \$108,025,721*
	-

Mining operations began in 1976 with the East Pit, a multi-seam coal operation with eight coal seams. Extraction of coal from the East Pit was terminated in 2006, and currently the only ongoing operation in the East Pit is reclamation of the final cut, including backfilling and grading of the pit and highwall reduction. Coal extraction from the multi-seam West Pit, including highwall mining, concluded in 2015. In 2006, Colowyo expanded the permit boundary by approximately 6,000 acres to the west and south into the South Taylor/Lower Wilson area. Mining, including highwall mining, in the South Taylor Pit will continue until 2019, with reclamation continuing until 2025. Permit Revision PR-04, which changes the mine plan for the Collom Area, originally approved with Permit Revision PR-03, was approved in September 2016. Colowyo completed the infrastructure for Collom (haul rods, ponds, facilities area, etc.) over the summer of 2018 and anticipates starting the box-cut in the fall of 2018.

*The difference between the amount of bond required and the amount of bond held is due the Division's approval of Permit Revision PR-04. Colowyo currently has an incremental bond schedule in place. Prior to disturbing any surface, Colowyo will be required to submit the appropriate reclamation bond.

Deserado Mine (Producing) – (2-1981-018	Moffat and Rio Blanco Counties
Company Name:	Blue Mountain Energy, Inc.	
Mine Name:	Deserado Mine	
Mine Type/Status:	Underground/Federal/Active	
FY 17-18 Production:	2,231,324 tons (July 2017-June 2018)	
No. Miners	154	
Permit Acres:	13,645.01 (13,325.01 federal surface a	nd 13,645.01 federal coal)
Affected Acres:	8,215.75	
Disturbed Acres:	513.46	
Bond Amount:	Required - \$5,719,215; Actual Held -	\$5,808,383.

The Deserado Mine is an underground longwall mine that is currently mining in the B-Seam. All coal mined from Deserado Mine is shipped by train directly to the Bonanza Power Plant located near Bonanza, Utah. The Deserado Mine continually drills into their current longwall workings to allow nitrogen to be pumped into the mine as a fire preventative measure.

Foidel Creek Mine (Producing) - C-1982-056

Routt County

Company Name:	Twentymile Coal, LLC
Mine Name:	Foidel Creek Mine
Mine Type/Status:	Underground/Federal/Active
FY 17-18 Production:	3,162,667 tons (July 2017-June 2018)
No. Miners:	265
Permit Acres:	22,607 (6,070 federal surface and 8,484.8 federal coal)
Affected Acres:	19,961.33
Disturbed Acres:	773
Bond Amount:	Required - \$9,647,442; Actual Held - \$10,267,598

The Foidel Creek Mine is an underground longwall mine located near Oak Creek, Colorado. Mining at the Foidel Creek Mine has historically occurred in the Wadge seam. In December 2014, the Division approved a revision to allow for development mining of the deeper Wolf Creek seam. During 2015 and 2016, the company ramped down to, and conducted development mining in, the Wolf Creek seam. Longwall mining in the Wadge seam ended in June 2016. Longwall mining in the Wolf Creek seam began in September 2016.

King Coal Mine (Producing) - C-1981-035

La Plata County

Company Name:	GCC Energy, LLC
Mine Name:	King Coal Mine
Mine Type/Status:	Underground/Federal/Active
FY 17-18 Production:	598,283 tons (July 2017-June 2018)
No. Miners	90
Permit Acres:	2,705.40 (81.30 federal surface and 1,346.20 federal coal)
Affected Acres:	1,654.70
Disturbed Acres:	49.59
Bond Amount:	Required - \$837,375; Actual Held - \$908,673

The King Coal Mine, permitted by GCC Energy, LLC (GCC), is an underground mine west of Durango in La Plata County. Mining at the original mine (King I) was completed in 2009 and those portals have been sealed. Expansion to the King II Mine was approved in 2006. Coal extraction from the King II mine began in 2007. The King II mine's surface facilities were constructed in 2008. Coal is mined from the "A" seam of the Menefee Formation using conventional room-and-pillar methods. The coal is hauled from the site by truck to a railhead located in Gallup, NM. Much of the King II coal is federally owned and located beneath surface lands owned by the Ute Mountain Tribe. All of the King II surface facilities fall under the jurisdiction of the Division as they are situated upon State-owned lands, but OSM is the permitting agency for the federal coal beneath the Ute lands.

New Elk Mine (Non-Producing) - C-1981-012

Company Name:	New Elk Coal Company, LLC
Mine Name:	New Elk Mine
Mine Type/Status:	Underground/Private/Active (Idled)
FY 17-18 Production:	0 (July 2017-June 2018)

No. Miners: 2

Las Animas County

Permit Acres:	4,201.90 (0 federal surface and 0 federal coal)
Affected Acres:	2,900.41
Disturbed Acres:	223.80
Bond Amount:	Required - \$4,044.697; Actual Held - \$4,133,137.

The New Elk Mine is an underground room and pillar mine located approximately 25 miles west of Trinidad, Colorado. The operation has an off-site loadout located on the western edge of Trinidad. In July of 2012, the mine suspended production and went into Temporary Cessation for an initial period of 60 days. In September 2012, this Temporary Cessation was extended indefinitely "pending improved market conditions". In May 2014, the permit status was returned to Active. During CY14, 14,238 tons of coal were mined and delivered to a prospective customer on a test-burn basis. No coal was mined in FY16-17.

New Horizon North Mine (Non-Producing since March 2017) – C-2010-089 Montrose County

Company Name:	Elk Ridge Mining and Reclamation, LLC
Mine Name:	New Horizon North Mine
Mine Type/Status:	Surface/Private/Active
FY 17-18 Production	n: 0 tons (July 2017-June 2018)
No. Miners:	24
Permit Acres:	234.60 (0.00 federal surface and 0.00 federal coal)
Affected Acres:	203.0
Disturbed Acres:	203.0
Bond Amount:	Required - \$4,843,021; Actual Held - \$5,254,691

The New Horizon North Mine is a surface mine located west of Nucla, Colorado and ships its coal to the Nucla Generating Station. Overburden removal is accomplished with trucks and excavators. In October 2016, Tri-State Generation and Transmission, the mine's parent company, informed the Division that the Nucla Generating Station was going to be retired by December 31, 2022, and that the station had already been shut down on a temporary basis. Coal extraction at the mine Ceased in March 2017.

Trapper Mine (Producing) - C-1981-010

Moffat County

Company Name:	Trapper Mining, Inc.
Mine Name:	Trapper Mine
Mine Type/Status:	Surface/Federal/Active
FY 17-18 Production:	1,933,247 tons (July 2017-June 2018)
No. Miners:	172
Permit Acres:	11,156.69 (0.00 federal surface and 5,540.43 federal coal)
Affected Acres:	3,265.70
Disturbed Acres:	3,265.70
Bond Amount:	Required - \$22,847,951; Actual Held - \$23,400,000

The Trapper Mine, permitted by Trapper Mining, Inc., is a surface mine located south of Craig. Draglines, excavators, loaders and trucks are used to mine the coal. The coal is trucked directly to the Craig Power Plant located adjacent to the mine site. In October 2016, Tri-State Generation and Transmission, the company that operates the Craig Power Plant, announced that Unit No.1, the oldest unit, would be retired by December 31, 2025.

Delta and Gunnison Counties

West Elk Mine (Producing) - C-1980-007

Mountain Coal Company, LLC
West Elk Mine
Underground/Federal/Active
4,481,366 tons (July 2017-June 2018)
261
19,854.90 (13,358.40 federal surface and 15,395.00 federal coal)
15,953.10
600.38
Required - \$14,428,380; Actual Held - \$15,000,000.00

The West Elk Mine is an underground longwall mine that is producing coal from the E-Seam. The operator is currently mining in the sixth longwall panel in the southern mining area. Complications with obtaining a lease to the south has led the operator to pursue new workings in the B-Seam. A project to establish access to the B-Seam from the existing workings is ongoing. The existing coal wash plant and refuse pile are expected to provide sufficient capacity for the remaining life of mine. The operator continues to construct and reclaim mine ventilation boreholes, and their associated drill pads and light-use roads. In 2018, MCC had a revision approved that allowed for the mining of four additional panels in the E-Seam south of their current workings. This revision added 2,620 acres to the permit area and 53.63 acres to the disturbed area.

Colorado Coal Mines November 2017

Permit #	Mine	Total Permitted Acreage	Inspections Required
	Active		
C-1980-007	West Elk Mine*	19,854.90	12
C-1981-010	Trapper Mine*	11,156.69	12
C-1981-012	New Elk Mine	4,201.90	12
C-1981-018	Deserado Mine*	13,645.01	12
C-1981-019	Colowyo Mine*	27,529.24	12
C-1981-022	Elk Creek Mine	15,676.51	12
C-1981-035	King Coal Mine*	2,705.40	12
C-1982-056	Foidel Creek*	22,607.00	12
C-1983-059	Terror Creek Load Out	20.00	12
C-2010-089	New Horizon North Mine	234.60	12
	TOTAL ACTIVE	117,631.25	120
	Reclamation and Cessation		
C-1980-004	McClane Canyon Mine (Temporary Cessation)	3,561.40	4
C-1981-008	New Horizon Mine	916.79	12
C-1981-025	North Thompson Mine (Phase II released)	411.80	4
C-1981-028	Keenesburg Mine	225.55	12
C-1981-038	Bowie No. 1	5,035.20	12
C-1981-041	Roadside Portals	548.00	12
C-1981-044	Williams Fork Mines (Temporary Cessation)	6,363.00	4
C-1982-057	Seneca IIW Mine	3,878.50	12
C-1984-065	Coal Ridge No. 1 Mine (Phase II released)	2,484.30	4
C-1992-081	H-G Loadout	391.20	12
C-1994-082	Yoast Mine	2,318.30	12
C-1996-083	Bowie No. 2 (Temporary Cessation)	10,987.40	4
C-1996-084	Lorencito Canyon Mine	384.00	12
C-2009-087	Peabody Sage Creek Mine	10,164.00	12
C-2010-088	Fruita Loadout (Temporary Cessation)	208.60	4
	TOTAL RECLAMATION AND CESSATION	47,878.04	132
	Revoked		
C-1981-015	Fruita No. 1 & 2	16.00	4
C-1981-014	Southfield Mine	1.45	2
C-1981-033	Bear Mine	1,108.40	12
C-1981-037	GEC Strip Mine	890.00	2
	TOTAL REVOKED	2,015.85	20
	New		
C-2006-085	Northfield Mine (pending bond)	1,157.00	0
	TOTAL NEW	1,157.00	0
	Total	168,682.14	272
	* Actively Producing Mines		

COLORADO ABANDONED MINE LAND PROGRAM NONPOINT SOURCE AND WATER QUALITY IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS November 2018

SAN JUAN RIVER WATERSHED

Project	Status	Partners
Bonita Peaks Mining District		
The Bonita Peaks Mining District (BPMD) was designated as a Superfund site by EPA following the 2015 Gold King event and renewed focus on impacts by "legacy" mines to the Animas River. DRMS is currently providing technical assistance to BLM, USFS, EPA, CDPHE and other partners within the BPMD. DRMS has been given funding by BLM and USFS to provide technical assistance, reclamation project design, and potential implementation of reclamation projects on BLM and USFS managed mine sites. DRMS is involved in the Hydrogeologic Workgroup, Characterization Workgroup, coordinating cultural clearances, collecting mine map information, and utilizing the legacy site knowledge to help inform the superfund partners. DRMS is currently funded by CDPHE to inspect the bulkheads in the mining district and anticipates continued CDPHE funding to provide technical assistance, design and implementation of additional mine reclamation projects within the BPMD.	Ongoing	DRMS, BLM, USFS, EPA, CDPHE, ARSG, MSI

LOWER COLORADO RIVER WATERSHED

Project	Status	Partners
Uncompaghre Watershed Partnership NPS 319 grant		
The Uncompany Watershed Partnership (UWP) is a 501 c(3) organization located in Ridgway, Colorado whose mission is to focus on the Upper Uncompany watershed. The UWP has been in existence since 2007 and is headed by a Board of	Completed	DRMS, UWP, CDPHE

Project	Status	Partners
Directors with consultation from the previous watershed coordinator. The UWP was awarded a NPS 319 grant in 2014 for 3 projects located on 3 separate 303(d) listed waters. The WQCD has assisted in water quality sampling to characterize water quality.		
DRMS technical assistance and potential funding for two water quality projects in Sneffels Creek drainage. Partners Ouray Silver Mines and Trout Unlimited along with UWP using Supplemental Environmental Project funding from CDPHE to consolidate and amend the Atlas Mill tailings and provide stream bank stabilization, and runon/runoff controls.	Ongoing with anticipated implementation in 2019	USFS, Ouray Silver Mines, Alpine Environmental Consultants, GeoSyntec, Trout Unlimited, DRMS
DRMS staff providing additional technical assistance for a project in negotiation with CDPHE using Idarado Natural Resource Damage Funds in assistance with Ouray Silver Mines and UWP to cap and cover more acidic and oxidized waste rock with buffered non-oxidized waste rock in Governor Basin. Provide runon/runoff controls and revegetation.	Ongoing with anticipated implementation in 2020	USFS, Ouray Silver Mines, Alpine Environmental Consultants, GeoSyntec, Trout Unlimited, DRMS
Carbonero Mine, Howard Fork/ San Miguel River Watershed		
Ongoing water quality monitoring assistance with San Miguel Watershed Coalition to determine legacy mining impacts in the Howard Fork of the San Miguel River.	Underway - 2017 and 2018 Sampling	DRMS, EPA, CDPHE, USFS, San Miguel Watershed Coalition

Project	Status	Partners
Redwell Basin/ Daisy Mine, Slate River/		
Gunnison River Watershed		
Gunnison River Watershed <u>Gunsight Processing Area</u> The Gunsight Processing Area is located outside of the Town of Crested Butte on lands managed by the Bureau of Land Management. The site comprises approximately 3 acres of disturbed lands, with approximately 3,000 cubic yards of ore and waste rock, presumably transported to the site in the mid-1950's from Redwell Basin likely the Daisy Mine. This site has significant run-off and seeps and springs associated with the waste rock/ ore dump. Surface waters potentially impacted are Oh Be Joyful Creek, the Slate River, and associated wetland areas. The site was funded by the BLM and the 319 Non-point source program for reclamation and included the Coal Creek Watershed Coalition and the Gunnison Field Office of the BLM as project partners. 2016 sitework included drilling groundwater monitoring wells, furnishing those wells withy pressure transducers, and excavating soil pits to determine the depth of waste and potential	Completed 2017 with low and high flow monitoring in 2018.	DRMS, CDPHE, BLM, CCWC
locations for "borrow" soil. Project was bid and constructed in the summer/fall of 2017. Project design included consolidating and encapsulating the waste rock on-site into a waste consolidation area and applying a rock cap, treating the removal area with pulverized limestone, grading the site, covering the disturbed area with topsoil, installing run- on/run-off controls, and revegetating the site.		

Project	Status	Partners
Daisy Mine The Daisy mine is the largest anthropogenic source of metals loading into Redwell Creek, Oh Be Joyful Creek, and the Slate River. High levels of Pb, Zn, As, Cu, and Cd run-off the waste rock area and contaminate the receiving streams. Low pH conditions within the waste rock dumps and draining adit facilitate the transport of metals from the site. 2016 site work included mapping of the site, water sampling of the draining adit, and soil sampling.	Drilling planned for 2019	DRMS, CDPHE, FMI
Standard Mine, Coal Creek/Gunnison River Watershed		
DRMS has been providing technical assistance to CDPHE, EPA, and their contractor with respect to implementation of the Record of Decision for the Standard Superfund site. DRMS involvement included review of design documents, quality assurance with respect to construction of various remedies, and input on O&M items	Ongoing	CDPHE, EPA, HDR
DRMS has partnered with USFS for Level 5 and Level 98 work at the Standard Mine. These levels were not included in the Standard Mine Superfund Project. Work includes diversion of Level 5 drainage, trench closure, waste consolidation, and wetland restoration at Level 98, and revegetation at both Level 5 and 98. Mt. Emmons Mine, Coal Creek/Gunnison	Underway with portions completed. Final completion in 2019.	DRMS USFS
River Watershed		
DRMS is providing reclamation design and implementation of mine waste reclamation on Freeport owned property at the Mt. Emmons site. DRMS working under an agreement with Freeport McMoran to implement reclamation activities.	Level 1370 and 1670 reclamation completed 2018. Additional revegetation and gossan project 2019.	DRMS, FMI, TU
Work completed included consolidation and removal of waste rock materials, site grading, hydrologic controls, in-situ		

Project	Status	Partners
treatment of wastes at 1670 level, and		
revegetation.		
Henson Creek/Gunnison River Watershed		
Hough Mine Post Reclamation water quality sampling DRMS and its partners are currently sampling the Henson Creek and Palmetto Gulch watersheds to determine reclamation effectiveness at the Hough Mine. The Hough Mine reclamation was completed in 2015. Post Reclamation monitoring has been on- going for three years. Initial results indicate that the reclamation was effective at reducing metals concentrations by more than 50% and increasing pH downstream of the Hough Mine from pH 3.5 to pH 6.5.	Ongoing	DRMS, LFVC, CDPHE
Roy Pray Post Reclamation Monitoring Post Reclamation Monitoring of the hydrologic bulkhead seal in the Roy Pray adit in underway. Construction of a drill hole and installation of a piezometer was completed in September 2018. Water sampling of the mine pool and the area around the Roy Pray was also completed and a report about mine pool conditions will be completed in the Spring of 2019. The work is being funded by the BLM.	Portions completed 2018	DRMS, BLM

UPPER COLORADO RIVER

Project	Status	Partners
Snake River Watershed Pennsylvania Mine Project-		
DRMS continues to provide in-kind technical assistance to the various agencies and groups investigating impacts to Peru Creek and the Snake River from the Pennsylvania Mine and other Legacy sites within the watershed.	Post construction monitoring, installation of monitoring wells in 2017 and 2018.	DRMS, EPA, CDPHE, USFS, USGS, Summit County Open Space

Project	Status	Partners
Following completion of bulkheads on both Level F and Level C of the Pennsylvania Mine, DRMS has provided monitoring of mine pool conditions and assisted with water sampling. Efforts are ongoing to determine the long term effectiveness of the installed bulkheads. In 2018, multiple monitoring wells were installed in an attempt to intercept mine pool waters for future monitoring.		
Mountain Pride Mine, Blue River Watershed The CDPHE, EPA, USFS, USGS, USFWS, DRMS and Trout Unlimited (TU) have been investigating abandoned mine impacts to water quality in Illinois Gulch, a tributary to the Blue River, since 2012. These investigations have proceeded in consultation with local landowners, Summit County, and the Town of Breckenridge and led to the development of a reclamation project at the Mountain Pride mine in upper Illinois Gulch. The Mountain Pride mine project was managed by TU and completed in 2018. The DRMS contributed funding and conducted a site evaluation and research to provide TU a report on the relationship of surface disturbances and other surface features to the historic underground mine workings.	Completed 2018	TU, DRMS, CDPHE, EPA, USGS,USFS, USFWS

SOUTH PLATTE RIVER WATERSHED

Project	Status	Partners
North Empire Creek, Clear Creek		
Watershed		
Lower North Empire Creek Restoration	Completed 2018	CCWF, CDPHE, DRMS,
Project-		EPA
This project will address the <i>lower reach</i> ,		
which encompasses about 1/3 lineal mile of		
the entire drainage system. The Middle and		
Upper North Empire Creek Restoration		
Projects have already addressed the upper		

0	
Ungoing	EPA, CDPHE
Investigations and	EPA, CDPHE, CUSP, DRMS,
Characterization Underway	USFS, Town of Alma, Park
-	County, TU, USGS
	-
	8

Project	Status	Partners
floor to ceiling collapse approximately 100-		
feet from the portal.		
EPA is developing plans to drill into the		
flooded mine workings behind the collapse		
in 2019. DRMS provided technical review		
and comments on the drilling plan. EPA and		
DRMS have partnered on a rigorous		
program of flume monitoring and		
maintenance to occur every 4-weeks		
November 2018 through February 2019, then		
every 2-weeks through June 2019 in order to		
secure a high-quality flow data set from low		
flow into the high flow period.		

ARKANSAS RIVER WATERSHED

Project	Status	Partners
Chalk Creek / Mary Murphy Mine, Golf Tunnel Hydrologic-Bulkhead, Chaffee County-CDPHE, EPA, USFS, DRMS:		
DRMS continues to coordinate with the USFS and EPA in addition to other stakeholders regarding ongoing monitoring and long term data collection within Chalk Creek. DRMS is also assisting in the development of a site wide O&M plan to not only help establish success of the reclamation work within the watershed, but to provide a mechanism for addressing any maintenance needs that may arise. Future work within Chalk Creek may entail construction of a hydrologic bulkhead seal on the 1400 Level of the Mary Murphy to address discharge associated with the Golf Tunnel mine pool.	Ongoing Monitoring	DRMS, EPA, CDPHE, USFS

RIO GRANDE RIVER WATERSHED

Project	Status	Partners
Nelson Tunnel Source Controls Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study (RIFS), West Willow Creek- CDPHE, EPA, DRMS:		
The EPA, CDPHE and DRMS continue to investigate the feasibility of implementing	Ongoing	DRMS, EPA, CDPHE

Project	Status	Partners
source control measures at the Nelson		
Tunnel, Creede, Colorado. During this		
process, DRMS continues to provide		
technical assistance pertaining to RIFS		
documents and underground related		
information.		
Future tasks for DRMS may involve		
facilitation of additional underground		
investigations, review and analysis of		
existing data, development of additional cost		
analysis for installation of multiple		
bulkheads, facilitation and cooperation with		
potential sampling well installations, and		
development of potential source control		
remedies.		

STATEWIDE MINING NPS INITIATIVES

Project	Status	Partners
Mixed Ownership		
In 2018, DRMS received an interagency agreement from CDPHE to provide technical assistance and field work related to Legacy Mine Mixed Ownership sites throughout the State.	Ongoing	CDPHE, EPA, USFS, TU
Technical assistance from DRMS will include in office and onsite field assessment of various AML Mixed Ownership sites as determined by the Mixed Ownership Group. The onsite activities may include, but are not limited to, waste pile and adit discharge sampling, site mapping, discharge and flow rate measurements. DRMS staff will also attend mixed ownership meetings and phone calls to discuss results of data collection, site prioritization, reclamation alternatives, and future project planning.		

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Mine Impacted Stream Task Force		
DRMS actively participates in the Task Force formed following the Gold King release in 2015. Activities associated with the Task	Ongoing	CDPHE (HMWD, WQCD), DRMS
Force have included the AML Data Hub and the Draining Mines Inventory. The Task Force is currently evaluating the feasibility of assessing mining related non-point source impacts from legacy sites throughout the State, and whether a statewide prioritization could be possible. 2013 Mine-Related Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Implementation -		
UPDATES In 2013 DRMS received a grant from CDPHE to improve water quality in Colorado by providing technical assistance in the characterization and assessment of watershed planning processes as they relate to "legacy" mine in the state, by the development of local partnerships to ensure that projects are implemented technically correctly and by the implementation of mine reclamation projects. The DRMS provides assistance in all aspects of watershed restoration including watershed planning, site characterization, project planning, project implementation, 319 proposal review, and financial assistance. Division personnel have attended watershed meetings, participated in sampling events, conducted reconnaissance activities, and provided project management and technical assistance to numerous watershed groups, and various government agencies. The grant		CDPHE, USFS, USGS, EPA
also has provided funding for DRMS to work with the CDPHE and other government entities to outline a list of mining impaired "priority watersheds" in the State and assist with the updating of the management plan. Specifically, the grant provides funding for		

DRMS personnel to implement two main activities:		
Activity 1: Provide technical assistance to watershed groups, government agencies and private individuals in developing and implementing TMDLs and/or watershed plans using best management practices.	Completed 2018	
Activity 2: Implement Bullion King Mine Reclamation Project.	Completed 2016	
List of Watershed Groups and partners to which DRMS provides technical assistance with funds from the Technical Assistance Grant:		
 Willow Creek Reclamation Committee Snake River Watershed Group Animas River Stakeholders Clear Creek Watershed Association/Foundation Coal Creek Coalition Headwaters of the Arkansas Watershed Group Lake Fork of the Arkansas Lake Fork of the Gunnison Blue River Watershed Coalition for the Upper South Platte San Miguel Watershed Coalition Lefthand Watershed Group James Creek Watershed Group Uncompaghre Watershed Partnership San Juan RC&D Colorado Mountain College Aspen Source Water Protection Group 		