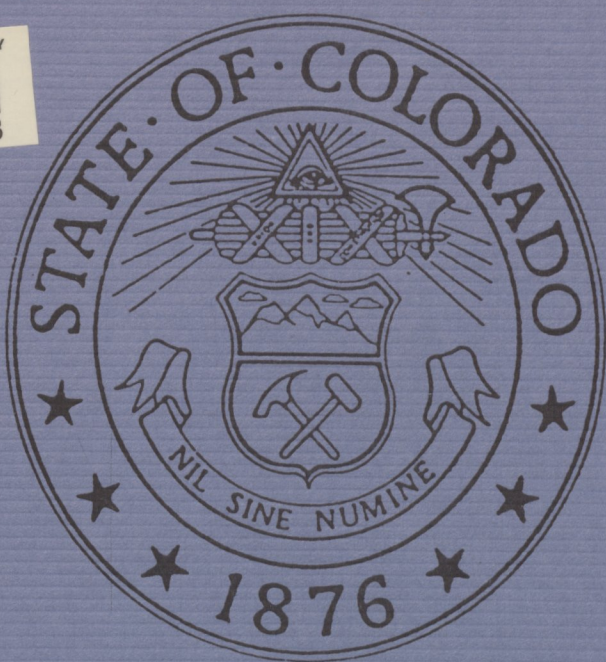


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# ADJUTANT GENERAL'S ANNUAL REPORT 1985



Major General John L. France  
The Adjutant General



**ADJUTANTS GENERAL OF COLORADO  
1861 - 1985**

Brigadier General Richard E. Whitsit .....	1861-1862
Brigadier General David H. Moffatt .....	1862-1863
Colonel Leavitt L. Bowen, Aide-de-camp and Commander-in-Chief .....	1865-1866
Brigadier General Lewis N. Tappan .....	1866-1867
Brigadier General Hal Sayre .....	1867-1872
Brigadier General W. R. Thomas .....	1872-1874
Brigadier General Champion Vaughn .....	1874-1875
Brigadier General Robert S. Roe .....	1875-1879
Brigadier General Frank Hall .....	1879-1881
Brigadier General Raymond M. Stevenson .....	1881-1883
Brigadier General Sidney A. Shepperd .....	1883-1885
Brigadier General F. A. Taylor .....	1885-1887
Brigadier General George West .....	1887-1889
Brigadier General Benjamin F. Klee .....	1889-1891
Brigadier General John C. Kennedy .....	1891-1893
Brigadier General T. J. Tarsney .....	1893-1895
Brigadier General Cassius M. Moses .....	1895-1898
Brigadier General Lewis Barnum .....	1898-1899
Brigadier General J. C. Overmeyer .....	1899-1901
Brigadier General George F. Gardner .....	1901-1903
Brigadier General Sherman Bell .....	1903-1905
Brigadier General Bulkely Wells .....	1905-1907
Brigadier General Carleton A. Kelley .....	1907-1909
Brigadier General John Chase .....	1909-1916
Brigadier General Harry P. Gamble .....	1916-1917
Major General (US Army Ret) Frank D. Baldwin .....	1917-1919
Colonel William Spangler .....	1919-1921
Colonel Patrick J. Hamrock .....	1921-1923
Colonel Paul P. Newlon .....	1923-1931
Brigadier General W. C. Danks .....	1931-1934
Brigadier General Neil W. Kimball .....	1934-1937
Brigadier General Alphonse P. Ardourel .....	1937-1939
Brigadier General Harold H. Richardson .....	1939-1943
Brigadier General Frazier Arnold .....	1943-1946
Major General Irving O. Schaefer .....	1946-1959
Major General Robert D. Charlton .....	1959-1960
Major General Joe C. Moffitt .....	1960-1974
Major General William D. Weller .....	1974-1979
Major General John L. France .....	1979-date



# STATE OF COLORADO

## DEPARTMENT OF MILITARY AFFAIRS

300 Logan Street  
Denver, Colorado 80203  
Phone (303) 777-8669  
Autovon 877-1833



1 July 1986

Richard D. Lamm  
Governor

Maj. Gen. John L. France  
The Adjutant General

Colonel Paul A. Parsons  
Deputy Adjutant General

The Honorable Richard D. Lamm  
Governor of Colorado and  
Commander-in-Chief, Colorado National Guard  
State Capitol Building  
Denver, Colorado 80203

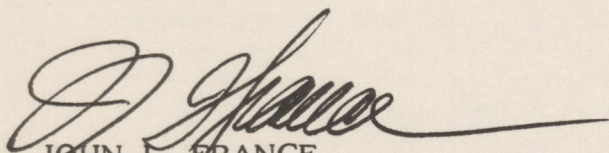
Dear Governor Lamm:

Pursuant to the provisions of Title 28, Article 3, Section 106, Colorado Revised Statutes, it is my pleasure to forward the Annual Report of the Department of Military Affairs for the Calendar Year 1985.

This report describes the programs and accomplishments of the Colorado Army and Air National Guard in satisfying the responsibilities of our State and Federal missions, and recounts operations, activities and achievements of the Colorado Wing, Civil Air Patrol. It also provides permanent reference of an historical nature.

I wish to express my thanks and appreciation to you and the members of the Colorado General Assembly for the support of the Colorado Department of Military Affairs.

Respectfully,

  
JOHN L. FRANCE  
Major General, Colo ANG  
The Adjutant General



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**COLORADO ARMY NATIONAL GUARD**

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**COLORADO AIR NATIONAL GUARD**

main relations of the state between five years, except such persons as

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**COLORADO WING, CIVIL AIR PATROL**

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shall elect its own officers, who shall be commissioned by the governor.

Section 4. Armies. The general assembly shall provide for the safe-keeping of the public arms, military records, relics and banners of the state.

Section 5. Exemption in time of peace. No officer having conscientious scruples against bearing arms, shall be compelled to do militia duty in time of peace, provided, such person shall pay an equivalent for such exemption.

In further implementing its constitutional authority, Congress enacted Title 32, United States Code, which is entitled "NATIONAL GUARD" of which the following extracts are particularly significant:



## **AUTHORITY - RESPONSIBILITY**

The drafters of the Constitution of the United States, recognizing the need for the militia (now known as the National Guard), included the following in Article III, Section 8;

"The Congress shall have power to provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions;

To provide for organizing, arming, and disciplining the Militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the States respectively, the Appointment of the Officers, and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by Congress. .."

The authors of the Colorado Constitution also recognized the need for the militia and included Article XVIII, which reads:

Section 1. Persons subject to service. The Militia of the State shall consist of all able-bodied male residents of the state between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, except such persons as may be exempted by the laws of the United States, or of the state.

Section 2. Organization - equipment - discipline. The organization, equipment and discipline of the militia shall conform as nearly as practicable to the regulations for the government of the armies of the United States.

Section 3. Officers - how chosen. The governor shall appoint all general, field, and staff officers and commission them. Each company shall elect its own officers, who shall be commissioned by the governor; but if the company shall fail to elect such officers within the time prescribed by law, they may be appointed by the governor.

Section 4. Armories. The general assembly shall provide for the safekeeping of the public arms, military records, relics and banners of the state.

Section 5. Exemption in time of peace. No officer having conscientious scruples against bearing arms, shall be compelled to do militia duty in time of peace; provided, such person shall pay an equivalent for such exemption.

In further implementing its constitutional authority, Congress enacted Title 32, United States Code, which is entitled "NATIONAL GUARD" of which the following extracts are particularly significant:



"Section 102. General Policy

In accordance with the traditional military policy of the United State it is essential that the strength and organization of the Army National Guard and the Air National Guard as an integral part of the first line defenses of the United States and be maintained and assured at all times. Whenever Congress determines that more units and organizations are needed for the national security than are in the regular components of the ground and air forces, the Army National Guard of the United States and the Air National Guard of the United States, or such parts of them as are needed, together with such units of other reserve components as are necessary for a balanced force, shall be ordered to active Federal duty and retained as long as needed. Aug 10, 1956, c.1041, 70A Stat. 597.

Section 106. Annual appropriations

Sums will be appropriated annually, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Army National Guard and the Air National Guard, including the issue of arms, ordnance stores, quartermaster stores, camp equipment, and other military supplies, and for the payment of other expenses authorized by law. Aug 10, 1956, c.1041, 70A Stat. 599.

Section 108. Forfeiture of Federal benefits.

If, within a time to be fixed by the President, a state does not comply with or enforce a requirement of, or regulation prescribed under its title, its National Guard is barred, wholly or partly as the President may prescribe, from receiving money or any other aid, benefit, or privilege authorized by law. Aug 10, 1956, c. 1041, 70A Stat. 600."

The Colorado General Assembly has further implemented provisions of the Colorado Constitution through enactment of laws now contained in Title 28, Article 3, Colorado Revised Statutes.

The Administrative Organization Act of 1968 as amended created the Department of Military Affairs with the following organizational elements:

OFFICE OF THE ADJUTANT GENERAL

DIVISION OF NATIONAL GUARD

DIVISION OF CIVIL AIR PATROL

DIVISION OF STATE GUARD



Report of The Adjutant General, 1985

Report of The Adjutant General, 1985

KEY STAFF  
1985

STATE BUDGET

The Adjutant General	Major General John L. France
Deputy Adjutant General	Colonel Paul A. Parsons
Administrative/Personnel Officer	Joseph D. Levesque
Budget Officer	Michael Gibas
Facilities Officer	Darrell R. Mallory

TOTAL PAYROLL INPUT TO STATE

TOTAL FUNDS

SECTION III

EXPENDITURES

Utilities	908,281	848,725	848,725
Division of Civil Air Patrol			
Utilities	709.92	709.92	709.92
Special Purpose (30 FTE)			
Capital Outlay	27,811	27,811	27,811
Operating Expenses	418,854	418,854	418,854
Travel	585,857	585,857	585,857
Operating Expenses	774,500	774,500	774,500
Personal Services (25.0 FTE)	238,868	238,868	238,868
Division of National Guard			
Travel	540,153	540,153	540,153
Travel & Lodging	178,907	178,907	178,907
TOTAL MONIES SPENT WITH STATE BUDGET	2,475,811	2,475,811	2,475,811
Construction	121,121	121,121	121,121
Supplies & Services	145,581	145,581	145,581
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	338,623,266	338,623,266	338,623,266
State Income Tax Withheld from Technician Payroll	217,182	100,805	761,743
Sales Tax on Total Payroll Input to State of Colorado			
(44,707,216 - 508,031 x .43798165 x .75 x .035)			985,452
*Paid from Open Allotment			



**STATE BUDGET**

State support of the Department is provided through appropriation by the Joint Budget Committee. Funding provides for a total of 36 state employees and 38 federal contract employees. Funding sources and categories of expenditure for FY 1984-1985 are shown below.

State Funding Sources and Expenditures  
From July 1, 1984 to June 30, 1985

**FUNDING SOURCES:**

General Fund	\$1,539,344	
Federal Funds	1,017,501	
Cash Funds	<u>41,951</u>	
<b>TOTAL FUNDS</b>		<b>\$2,598,796</b>

**EXPENDITURES:**

Division of National Guard

Personal Services (25.0 FTE)	\$754,774	
Operating Expenses	215,051	
Travel	5,076	
Capital Outlay	45,423	
Special Purpose (30 FTE)	889,903	
Utilities	<u>527,619</u>	2,437,846

Division of Civil Air Patrol:

Personal Services (1.0 FTE)	\$27,334	
Operating Expenses	58,900	
Travel	1,162	
Special Purpose	8,044	
Capital Outlay	<u>65,510</u>	<u>160,950</u>

<b>TOTAL EXPENDITURES</b>		<b>\$2,598,796</b>
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DIVISION OF NATIONAL GUARD

DIVISION OF CIVIL AIR PATROL

DIVISION OF STATE GUARD



Report of The Adjutant General, 1985

**FEDERAL BUDGET**

EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL FUNDS  
FY 1985

	<u>ARMY</u>	<u>AIR</u>	<u>GRAND TOTAL</u>
<b>SECTION I:</b>			
*IDT Pay	\$ 5,914,354	\$ 2,990,760	\$ 8,905,114
Annual Training	2,397,157	1,243,114	3,640,271
School & FTTD Pay	1,928,762	2,933,894	4,862,656
*CFTM/AFTM/FTRF Pay	6,096,661		6,096,661
Med. Disab. Pay	137,272	14,676	151,948
Technician Pay	<u>6,245,385</u>	<u>14,405,181</u>	<u>20,650,566</u>
TOTAL PAYROLL INPUT TO STATE	22,719,591	21,587,625	44,307,216

**SECTION II:**

Rations for IDT Tng	209,871	60,642	270,513
Travel & Annual Tng	331,045	663,176	994,221
Petro Products	638,362	7,940,996	8,579,358
Freight	137,153	68,324	205,477
Communications	208,751	459,814	668,565
Recruiting Material	76,170	42,602	118,772
Medical Expenses (Civilian Facil.)	44,493	29,607	74,100
Utilities	<u>192,900</u>	<u>537,048</u>	<u>729,948</u>
TOTAL MONIES SPENT WITH STATE BUSINESS	\$ 1,838,745	\$ 9,802,209	\$11,640,954

Construction	121,586	562,796	684,382
Supplies & Services	185,541	4,670,636	4,856,177
<b>GRAND TOTAL OF ECONOMIC IMPACT TO COLORADO</b>	<b>\$24,865,463</b>	<b>\$36,623,266</b>	<b>\$61,488,729</b>

State Income Tax Withheld from Technician Payroll	253,712	508,031	761,743
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Sales Tax on Total Payroll Input to State of Colorado (44,307,216 - 508,031 = 43,799,185 x .75 x .035)			985,482
--	--	--	---------

\*Paid from Open Allotment



**FACILITIES**

LOCATION	TYPE FACILITY	YEAR CONSTRUCTED	REPLACEMENT <sup>1</sup> COST <sup>2</sup>
Aurora	Armory - 47,115 5.6 Acres	1967 & 1979	3,910,545
Boulder	Armory - 4 Bldgs 22,952 SF, 10 Acres	1948 & 1949	1,905,016
Canon City	Armory - 14,510 SF, .4 Acres	1922	1,228,400
Colorado Springs	6 Buildings - Armory, OMS, 3 Storage, Fuel Station - 24,383 SF, 15 Acres	1942, 1958 & 1976	2,023,789
Cortez	Armory & OMS 7 12,200 SF, 4.9 Acres	1962	1,228,400
Craig	Armory - 12,616 SF, 5 Acres	1974	1,228,400
Denver	Armory - 47,278 SF, 3.3 Acres	1936	3,924,074
Durango	Armory - 7,522 SF, 1.4 Acres	1949	1,228,400
Fort Collins	Armory - 13,306 SF, 5 Acres	1969	1,228,400
Fort Morgan	Armory - 14,510 SF, .3 Acres	1922	1,228,400
Grand Junction	5 Buildings - Armory, OMS & 3 Storage, 21,902 SF, 3.85 Acres	1949 & 1959	1,816,866
Greeley	4 Buildings Armory, Ground Power Bldg, Storage & Guard House, - 23,905 SF, 5 Acres	1961, 1963,	1,984,115
La Junta	Armory - 9,914 SF,	1949 & 1967 3.2	1,228,400 Acres



Report of The Adjutant General, 1985

LOCATION	TYPE FACILITY	YR CONSTR	REPL COST
Lamar	Armory - 12,800 SF, 6.8 Acres	1965	1,228,400
Las Animas	Armory - 10,583 SF, 5.5 Acres	1957	1,228,400
Longmont	Armory - 12,680 SF, .4 Acres	1954	1,228,400
Monte Vista	Armory - 10,582 SF, 5 Acres	1964	1,228,400
Montrose	Armory - 10,582 SF, 1.6 Acres	1955	1,228,400
Pueblo	Armory - 18,032 SF, 5 Acres	1963	1,496,656
Rocky Ford	OMS, 7,522 SF 1.9 Acres	1949	624,326
Sterling	2 Buildings Armory & OMS 14,201 SF, 1.4 Acres	1955 & 1974	1,528,777
Trinidad	Armory - 7,592 SF, 1.7 Acres	1951	1,228,400
Camp George West	72 Buildings Armory, USPFO Complex, Mil Acad, OMS, Warehouse, CSMS 268,263 SF 375 Acres	1923 thru 1980	22,265,829
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>110 Buildings</b>	<b>23 Locations</b>	<b>\$57,450,193</b>

<sup>1</sup> Based on \$83 per square foot. Includes site preparation, A&E fees, and building construction.

<sup>2</sup> Minimum size for one-unit armory under present criteria is 14,800 square feet and five acres of land



CAMP GEORGE WEST

Camp George West is comprised of approximately 375 acres, located four miles east of Golden, Colorado, at the junction of Interstate Highway 70 and Old Golden Road. There are 72 buildings located on the property, ranging in size from 150 to 55,000 square feet. The oldest buildings date from the 1920's and the newest building was completed in 1974. The newer buildings have been built with either State-Federal funds or 100 Federal funds. The gas, water and electrical distribution systems are state owned. Natural gas and electricity are purchased from the Public Service Company. Water and sewer service are furnished by Pleasant View Water and Sanitation District. Telephone service is furnished by a Dimension 400 switchboard, owned and maintained by AT&T. Three hundred acres of land (located on the south fact of Table Mountain) were deeded to the Department of Energy for the Solar Energy Research Institute in December 1971.

Tenants use and occupy facilities at Camp George West on a continuing basis. These include:

1. Department of Military Affairs.

a. Full-Time Federal Support. Normal complement of full-time personnel is 134 individuals assigned to support activities of the Colorado National Guard, eight Army National Guard units, and the Colorado National Guard Military Academy.

b. State Employees. Normal complement is 12 employees assigned to the facilities maintenance operation of the Department of Military Affairs.

c. Military Units. Eight units with an average weekend population of 784 members.

2. Colorado Department of Public Safety.

a. Colorado Law Enforcement Training Academy. Permanent staff is 22 employees. The student population averages 50. CLETA is normally in session year round with two weeks of during Christmas holidays.

b. Colorado State Patrol. The Golden District Office has a staff of eight. In addition, 35 patrolmen are based here. Garage space is provided for 25 cars.

c. Division of Disaster Emergency Services. The State Emergency Operation Center houses the Division of Disaster Emergency Services, with a complement of 20 full-time employees.

3. Department of Corrections Honor Camp. Permanent staff is 24 employees. The inmate population averages 98. This activity operates an inmate dining facility, laundry and workshop. A total of 14 buildings are occupied.

4. Department of Health. A smoke generator is located at Camp George West by the Health Department for use in training pollution control personnel. This generator is used approximately 12 times each year.



5. Colorado Forest Service. The Forest Service has a permanent staff of six and buildings for housing the district forester.
6. Other Agencies. Other local, state and Federal agencies use the facilities on an intermittent basis. These include:
  - a. Federal Bureau of Investigation.
  - b. U. S. Secret Service.
  - c. Denver Police Department.
  - d. Jefferson County Sheriff's Department.
  - e. Lakewood Police Department.
  - f. Jefferson County YMCA.

Camp George West acquired its name on May 1, 1934, when The Adjutant General issued General Orders Number 10, renaming the State Rifle Range, in honor of General George West who served as The Adjutant General of the State of Colorado from 1887 to 1889.



## BUCKLEY AIR NATIONAL GUARD BASE

Buckley Air National Guard base consists of two separate land areas totaling 3,528 acres. The airfield complex consists of two runways of 11,000 and 8,000 feet. Each is 150 feet wide. The original structures remaining from the time when the base was constructed for the U. S. Army Air Corps in 1942-43 and those newly constructed facilities are categorized as either operations, maintenance or training types. The base has no community facilities, base housing, or billeting capabilities. The flying activity is at a maximum and all facilities are fully occupied and in use.

The Colorado Air National Guard operates and maintains Buckley for the Air Force and supports various tenants of the active and reserve forces and certain civilian agencies. Occupancy and use of land and facilities is negotiated locally and approved by the Secretary of the Air Force. Agreements under which the Colorado Air National Guard provides and is reimbursed for services are drawn up locally and funded through the National Guard Bureau.

Buckley is the only military flying base in the area. It is charged with certain responsibilities related to aircraft search and rescue and crash response within the geographical area measuring half the distance from Buckley to Cheyenne, Salt Lake City, Colorado Springs and Wichita. In addition to supporting all base assigned aircraft, the base also serviced 4,800 transient military aircraft in 1985, of which approximately 2,700 remained at least one night on base. Practically every type of aircraft in the inventory from every service and command visits Buckley ANG Base during the year.

The original cost of construction of Buckley ANG Base was \$7.5 million. A major military construction project (was begun at Buckley on 18 August 1981; a Base Supply and Equipment Warehouse facility with approximately 35,000 square feet was completed in August 1982 at a cost of \$1.7 million.

a. Colorado Law Enforcement Training Academy. Personnel staff is 22 employees. The student population averages 50. CLETA is normally in session year round with two weeks of during Christmas holidays.

b. Colorado State Patrol. The Golden District Office has a staff of eight. In addition, 35 patrolmen are based here. Garage space is provided for 25 cars.

c. Division of Disaster Emergency Services. The State Emergency Operation Center houses the Division of Disaster Emergency Services, with a complement of 20 full-time employees.

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4. Department of Health. A smoke generator is located at Camp George West by the Health Department for use in training pollution control personnel. This generator is used approximately 12 times each year.



**SUPPORT PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT OFFICE**

The Support Personnel Management Office (SPMO) is an arm of The Adjutant General's Office. The purpose historically has been to administer the military technician program for the Colorado National Guard. Military technicians are Federal Civil Service employees hired by the National Guard to perform day-to-day duties in a wide variety of areas including administration, personnel, training, logistics, and maintenance. These technicians differ from most civil service employees because they are required to maintain military membership in the National Guard.

Members of the Active Guard/Reserve (AGR) workforce receive full pay and allowances as though they were on active duty in the U. S. Armed Forces. These personnel are answerable, however, to the Governor rather than the President. The management of the AGR program is also a function of the SPMO. The AGR program has been in existence since 1983.

The office manages the full range of functions for both full-time support programs. Functions include recruitment of personnel personnel services, awards, pay determinations, etc.

Manning Levels.

The SPMO manages the full-time support program for both the Colorado Army and Air National Guard. At the end of 1985, the National Guard of Colorado employed 932 full-time technicians and AGR personnel. In addition to these employees, Buckley Air National Guard Base employed approximately 216 Air Force Civilians in support of the base. These employees are administered by the Civilian Personnel Office at Lowry Air Force Base, and are referred to as Title 5 employees.

Trends

With the adoption of the Total Force Policy and modernization of equipment in the National Guard, there has been a dramatic increase in requirements for training, travel, maintenance, etc. These demands continue to increase at a more rapid rate than full-time manning increases, which has resulted in several areas suffering from needed attention., Increases in full-time manning are forecast for the next several years which will provide relief in these areas. It is anticipated that there will be constant growth in both mission requirements and full-time support over the next decade.

Btry B 1st Bn 157th FA	Camp Geo West	94	86	81
Btry C 1st Bn 157th FA	Grand Junction	94	93	88
Svc Btry 1st Bn 157th FA	Boulder	72	70	87
HHB 2d Bn 157th FA	Colo Springs	130	117	80
Btry A 2d Bn 157th FA	La Junta	98	102	102
Btry B 2d Bn 157th FA	Colo Springs	96	73	76
Btry C 2d Bn 157th FA	Pueblo	98	90	93
Svc Btry 2d Bn 157th FA	Canon City	73	68	93
STATE TOTALS		3384	3248	93



**AWARDS**

Many Colorado Guard members received recognition for their excellence in the military service in the form of medals, and ribbons during 1985. These awards included the following:

Army Meritorious Service Medals	21
Army Commendation Medals	54
Army Achievement Medals	189
Good Conduct Medals	40
Air Force Commendation Medals	48
Air Force Achievement Medals	186
Colorado Meritorious Service Medals	28
Colorado Commendation Ribbons	221
Colorado Achievement Ribbons	136
<u>Total Awards - 1985</u>	<u>923</u>



Report of The Adjutant General, 1985

**STRENGTH**

<u>UNIT</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>AUTH</u>	<u>ACTUAL</u>	<u>%</u>
HHD, Colo STARC	Denver	212	246	116
147th Med Hosp	Aurora	126	120	95
101st Army Band	Denver	45	42	93
104th Pub Affairs Det	Denver	13	13	100
Co D 40th Avn Bn	Aurora	241	235	96
1157th Trans Det	Denver	4	4	100
1158th Trans Det	Denver	5	4	80
Command & Control Hqs	Camp Geo West	35	34	97
HHC 140th Signal Bn	Aurora	139	125	90
Co A 140th Sig Bn	Sterling	58	46	79
Det 1 Co A 140th Sig Bn	Ft. Morgan	36	31	86
Co B 140th Sig Bn	Ft. Collins	105	80	76
Det 1 Co B 140th Sig Bn	Craig	30	32	107
Co C 140th Sig Bn	Aurora	117	93	79
142d Sig Det	Aurora	57	52	102
HHD 217th Med Bn	Aurora	39	34	87
122d Med Co (Amb)	Trinidad	42	44	105
Det 1 122d Med Co	Monte Vista	55	57	104
928th Med Co (Amb)	Cortez	46	49	107
Det 1 928th Med Co	Durango	60	61	102
947th Med Co (Clr)	Las Animas	58	78	134
Det 1 947th Med Co	Lamar	78	78	100
HHD 193d MP Bn	Camp Geo West	34	32	94
220th MP Co	Camp Geo West	139	136	98
3650th Maint Co	Camp Geo West	160	142	89
Det 1 3650th Maint Co	Fort Carson	52	61	87
HHD 5th SF Bn	Camp Geo West	57	44	77
Co A 5th SF Bn	Aurora	72	79	110
Co B 5th SF Bn	Pueblo	72	80	111
Co C 5th SF Bn	Ft. Collins	72	70	97
HHB 169th FA Brigade	Aurora	141	143	101
HHB 1st Bn 157th FA	Longmont	119	124	104
Btry A 1st Bn 157th FA	Montrose	94	78	83
Btry B 1st Bn 157th FA	Camp Geo West	94	86	91
Btry C 1st Bn 157th FA	Grand Junction	94	93	98
Svc Btry 1st Bn 157th FA	Boulder	72	70	97
HHB 2d Bn 157th FA	Colo. Springs	130	117	90
Btry A 2d Bn 157th FA	La Junta	96	102	102
Btry B 2d Bn 157th FA	Colo. Springs	96	73	76
Btry C 2d Bn 157th FA	Pueblo	96	90	93
Svc Btry 2d Bn 157th FA	Canon City	73	68	93
STATE TOTALS		3364	3246	96



UNITS

The allocation of Army National Guard units is coordinated by the Department of the Army and the National Guard Bureau with the actual troop list for each state, subject to the concurrence of the respective Governors. The current Colorado ARNG troop list is a composite of combat, combat support, and combat service support units organized as follows:

Headquarters, Colorado State Area Command

This unit has an authorized strength of 60 officers, 32 warrant officers, and 120 enlisted personnel. The unit is located in Denver with the mission of advising and assisting The Adjutant General in the administration, logistics, training and operations of the Army Guard Forces of the State in preparation for the dual missions established by law for Army National Guard units.

101st Army Band

This unit is located in Denver with an authorized strength of one warrant officer and 44 enlisted personnel. Its mission is to provide band support at an assigned Army installation.

104th Public Affairs Detachment

Also located in Denver. it has an authorized strength of four officer and nine enlisted personnel, with a mission of providing public information support to local units.

147th Medical Hospital

This unit is located at Buckley Air National Guard Base Aurora, and has an authorized strength of 38 officers and 87 enlisted personnel. Its mission is the operation of a 100-bed hospital.

Company D 40th Aviation Battalion (Attack Helicopter)

This company has an authorized strength of 18 officers, 44 warrant officers, and 179 enlisted men. The unit is located at Buckley ANG Base, Aurora, and has 21 attack helicopters, 12 observation helicopters, and two utility helicopters authorized. The assigned mission is to increase the combat effectiveness of the unit to which assigned or attached by employment of direct aerial fires in offensive and defensive actions.

1157th Transportation Detachment (Highway Regulation Point)

This unit has an authorized strength of one officer and three enlisted personnel. The unit is located at Camp George West. Its assigned mission is to operate a highway regulating point, to coordinate the movement of authorized traffic, and to effect changes in truck or convoy routings.



1158th Transportation Detachment

This unit has an authorized strength of one officer and four enlisted personnel. It is located at Camp George West. Its assigned mission is to control movements of military convoys.

Command and Control Headquarters (Detachment 1, STARC)

This unit has an authorized strength of nine officers, five warrant officers and 21 enlisted personnel. It is stationed at Camp George West in Golden with the mission of exercising command and control over four battalions of the Colorado Army National Guard -- the Signal Battalion Medical Battalion, Military Police Battalion and Special Forces Battalion.

5th Special Forces Battalion, 19th Special Forces

This battalion is allocated to the State with an authorized strength of 52 officers, one warrant officer and 219 enlisted personnel. The four elements of the battalion are located as follows:

Hq & Hq Detachment	Golden
Company A	Aurora
Company B	Pueblo
Company C	Fort Collins

Headquarters & Headquarters Detachment, 193d Military Police Battalion

This battalion headquarters has an authorized strength of seven officers and 27 enlisted personnel. It is located at Camp George West in Golden. The mission is to provide command and control over subordinate military police companies and a maintenance company.

220th Military Police Company

This company is authorized four officers and 135 enlisted personnel. Located at Camp George West the unit has the mission of providing military police support in an assigned area.

3650th Maintenance Company (Non Divisional)(DS)

Located at Camp George West, this company has an authorized strength of four officers, five warrant officers, and 151 enlisted personnel. It has a Detachment at Fort Carson in Colorado Springs which is authorized one officer, two warrant officers, and 67 enlisted personnel. Its mission is to provide maintenance support to units in an assigned area.

140th Signal Battalion

This battalion is allocated to the state with an authorized strength of 24 officers, 13 warrant officers and 499 enlisted. The four organic and one attached units are located as follows:



## Report of The Adjutant General, 1985

Hq & Hq Company	Aurora
Company A	Sterling
Detachment 1, Company A	Fort Morgan
Company B	Fort Collins
Detachment 1, Company B	Craig
Company C	Aurora
142 Signal Detachment	Aurora

### Headquarters, 217th Medical Battalion

This battalion headquarters has an authorized strength of six officers, one warrant officer, and 32 enlisted personnel. The unit is located in Aurora with a mission of providing operational control of subordinate medical units.

### 122 Medical Company (Ambulance)

This company has an authorized strength of four officers and 93 enlisted personnel. The unit strength is split between Trinidad and Monte Vista/Alamosa with a mission of providing ambulance support as required.

### 928th Medical Company (Ambulance)

This company has an authorized strength of four officers and 102 enlisted personnel. This unit is split between Durango and Cortez. Its mission is to provide ambulance support as required.

### 947th Medical Company (Clearing)

This company has an authorized strength of 13 officers and 123 enlisted personnel. The unit is split between Las Animas and Lamar with the mission of establishing three medical clearing stations in the forward areas of a combat zone.

### 169th Field Artillery Brigade

This unit has an authorized strength of 24 officers, two warrant officers and 115 enlisted personnel. It is located in Aurora with a Federal mission of commanding and controlling two or more artillery battalions.

### 1st Battalion, 157th Field Artillery

This battalion has an authorized strength of 26 officers, two warrant officers, and 445 enlisted personnel. The five battery-size units of this battalion are located as follows:

Hq & Hq Battery	Longmont
Battery A	Montrose
Battery B	Golden
Battery C	Grand Junction
Service Battery	Boulder

The basic armament of this battalion is twelve 8-inch self propelled howitzers, four located in each of the three firing batteries. The unit is capable of firing



both conventional and nuclear artillery projectiles in support of the ground gaining arms.

2d Battalion, 157th Field Artillery

This unit is identical in organization with its sister battalion described above but with authorized strength of 26 officers, two warrant officers and 463 enlisted personnel. Unit locations are as follows:

Hq & Hq Battery	Colorado Springs
Battery A	La Junta
Battery B	Colorado Springs
Battery C	Pueblo
Service Battery	Canon City



**COMMANDERS**

Headquarters, Colorado State Area Command  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 147th Medical Hospital (100 B)  
 101st Army Band  
 104th Public Affairs Detachment  
 1157th Transportation Detachment  
 1158th Transportation Detachment  
 Company D 40th Aviation Battalion (Atk Hel)

BG William K. White  
 MAJ Donald A. Carey  
 COL Christy J. Mauries  
 CW2 Delwin R. Befus  
 CPT John Spann  
 1LT Patricia A. Shepard  
 1LT Anthony J. Panasuk  
 MAJ Gary Alzola

Command and Control Headquarters  
 Headquarters 140th Signal Battalion  
 Headquarters Company  
 Company A  
 Detachment 1, Company A  
 Company B  
 Company C  
 Detachment 1, Company C  
 142d Signal Detachment  
 Headquarters 217th Medical Battalion  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 122d Medical Company (Ambulance)  
 Detachment 1  
 928th Medical Company (Ambulance)  
 Detachment 1  
 947th Medical Company (Clearing)  
 Detachment 1  
 Headquarters, 193d Military Police Battalion  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 220th Military Police Company  
 3650th Maintenance Company  
 Detachment 1  
 Headquarters, 5th Special Forces Battalion  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Company A  
 Company B  
 Company C

COL Robert J. Poirot  
 LTC Dennis B. Stiefvater  
 1LT Brian J. McNulty  
 CPT Wendell L. Parrish  
 1LT Daniel A. Cutshall  
 CPT Scot M. Simons  
 1LT Diane P. Cox  
 2LT James M. Canfield  
 1LT William H. Holden III  
 LTC Gary L. Franch  
 CPT Gregory A. Bussey  
 CPT Silverio S. Salazar  
 2LT James G. Firstine  
 CPT Michael S. Bills  
 1LT John C. Davis  
 MAJ Gregory V. Ronning  
 1LT Karen L. Perry  
 LTC John W. Allen  
 CPT Richard T. Vigil  
 CPT William M. Steinborn  
 CPT Paul J. Richardson  
 1LT Robert K. Balster  
 LTC Ray Z. Dissinger  
 MAJ Harold J. Praznik, Jr.  
 MAJ Edwin T. Hamlin  
 MAJ Clyde M. Wadsworth  
 MAJ Richard A. Vnuk

Headquarters, 169th Field Arty Brigade  
 Headquarters Battery  
 Headquarters, 1st Bn, 157th Field Arty  
 Headquarters Battery  
 Battery A  
 Battery B  
 Battery C  
 Service Battery  
 Headquarters, 2d Bn, 157th Field Arty  
 Headquarters Battery  
 Battery A  
 Battery B  
 Battery C  
 Service Battery

COL Joe C. Boyersmith  
 CPT Richard A. Murphy  
 MAJ William R. Suhre  
 CPT Michael A. Hughes  
 CPT Edward J. Clayton III  
 CPT Ricky J. Marlette  
 CPT John J. McGee  
 CPT Ernest E. Applegate  
 LTC Jesse T. Stacks  
 CPT James Reinhardt  
 1LT Frederick H. Prince  
 CPT Dennis L. Bachman  
 CPT John M. Hovey, Jr.  
 CPT Roger W. Hammock



**TRAINING HIGHLIGHTS**

The Colorado Army National Guard is a State military organization with a mission of assisting Colorado authorities with equipment and manpower in the protection of life and property at the call of the Governor. In addition the Colorado Army National Guard is a reserve of the Army with a mission to mobilize and deploy units in a national emergency.

The Adjutant General of Colorado is responsible for training Colorado Army National Guard units to meet both State and Federal missions. He is guided by regulations issued by Department of the Army, Training and Doctrine Command, U. S. Army Forces Command, and the National Guard Bureau. Funding to support a wide variety of training means is provided by the Federal government.

Units and individuals continually strive to enhance their readiness posture through Yearly Training Programs which include, but are not limited to, 48 four-hour training periods and 15-day Annual Training periods once a year. The 48 training assemblies are most often conducted at the 23 armories located throughout the State. Units travel to various locations through the United States and to foreign countries for their annual training periods. Annual training sites utilized during 1985 were:

<u>UNIT</u>	<u>DATES</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
Headquarters, STARC	Year-round	Denver, Colorado
1157th Transportation Det	Year-round	Camp George West, Colorado
1158th Transportation Det	Year-round	Camp George West, Colorado
147th Medical Hospital	14-29 June	Tripler AMC, Hawaii
101st Army Band	Year-round	Denver, Colorado
104th Public Affairs Det	Year-round	Denver, Colorado
140th Signal Battalion	6-20 July	Camp Guernsey, Wyoming
142d Signal Detachment	6-20 July	Camp Guernsey, Wyoming
217th Medical Battalion	15-29 June	Camp Roberts, California
122d Medical Company	15 Jun - 1 Jul	Camp George West, Colorado
928th Medical Company	15-30 June	Camp Roberts, California
947th Medical Company	REFORGER 85	Federal Republic of Germany
193d Military Police Bn	8-22 June	Fort Hood, Texas
220th Military Police Co	8-22 June	Fort Hood, Texas
3650th Maintenance Co	10 Jan 2 Feb	Fort Carson, Colorado
5th Special Forces Bn	14 29 June	Hilo, Hawaii
169th Field Artillery Bde	6-20 July	Camp Guernsey, Wyoming
1st Battalion, 157th FA	6-20 July	Camp Guernsey, Wyoming
2d Battalion, 157th FA	6-20 July	Camp Guernsey, Wyoming
Company D 40th Avn Bn	4-18 May	Camp Guernsey, Wyoming

Individuals must first be trained in a military occupational specialty. As examples, some are trained to be artillerymen, Others are trained to be medical specialists. And still others are trained to be communications-electronics specialists. Once these soldiers are trained as individuals, they must be integrated into the unit to which they belong so that the soldiers can begin to train as a team. Whether trained as an individual or as part of a unit, each soldier has certain standards of training which must be met. Once standards are achieved by the individual he or she is considered fully trained. Once the







Report of The Adjutant General, 1985

**STRENGTH**

UNIT	LOCATION	AUTH	ACTUAL	%
Headquarters, Colo ANG	Denver	28	25	85
OL-AA Headquarters, Colo ANG	Buckley	14	0	
Hqs, 140th Tactical Ftr Wg	Buckley	55	46	84
140th Tac Ftr Wg, Airburst ANG Gunnery Range (OL-GR)	Ft Carson	7	7	100
120th Tactical Fighter Sq	Buckley	56	46	82
140th Combat Support Sq	Buckley	93	83	89
140th Cons. Acft Maint Sq	Buckley	414	375	91
140th Civil Engr Flt	Buckley	88	88	100
140th Wpns Sys Sec Flt	Buckley	48	48	100
140th Tactical Hospital	Buckley	51	41	80
140th Comm Flight	Buckley	39	36	92
140th Res Mgt Sq	Buckley	121	114	94
120th Weather Flt	Buckley	12	11	92
240th Civil Engr Flt	Buckley	23	20	87
154th Tac Control Gp	Buckley	131	106	81
139th Tac Control Flt	Buckley	70	58	83
138th Tac Control Flt	Greeley	94	73	77
<b>TOTAL STRENGTH</b>		<b>1344</b>	<b>1177</b>	<b>88</b>

At the end of calendar year 1985, the authorized strength of the Colorado Air National Guard and all attached units was 223 officers and 1,121 airmen for a total of 1,274 personnel. Assigned strength was 1,177 with 192 officers and 1,018 airmen. There were 96 discharges through the year and 236 enlistments.



## UNITS

### Headquarters, Colorado Air National Guard

This unit has an authorized strength of 16 officers and 12 airmen. The assigned mission is to advise and assist Colorado State authorities in the administration, logistics training and operation of the Air Forces of the State. This encompasses planning and employment of the Air National Guard for State missions.

### OL-AA, Headquarters, Colorado Air National Guard

This unit has an authorized strength of 7 officers and 1 enlisted personnel. The primary mission is to provide executive management and top level supervision of those functions that maintain and operate Buckley ANG Base. The workforce that is managed by this unit is made up by a consolidation of Title 5 and 32 technicians and state employees. This workforce has the mission to maintain and operate Buckley when the mission units are present or when they are federalized and deployed.

### Detachment 1, Headquarters, Colorado Air National Guard

Detachment 1, HQCOANG is authorized four T-43 aircraft, the military equivalent to a Boeing 737. Two of the T-43's are configured for navigational training in support of the U. S. Air Force Academy Airmanship Program (flight training). The two other aircraft received 1 October 1985, are configured with seating for up to 64 passengers. They support the Military Airlift Command and the National Guard Bureau. To accommodate the different missions of Detachment 1, there are currently 101 positions, 70 of which are full-time. The two twin-engine navigational trainers accrued a total of 1,956 flying hours during 1985.

### Headquarters, 140th Tactical Fighter Wing

This unit has an authorized strength of 22 officers and 30 airmen. The Wing has one Tactical Fighter Group and one Tactical Fighter Squadron assigned; the 138th Tactical Fighter Group at Tulsa, Oklahoma, and the 120th Tactical Fighter Squadron at Buckley. Both fly the A 7D. The 138th was placed under the Wing in 1979 so as to have like weapons systems together. The primary mission of the Wing is to provide overall supervision and necessary advisory assistance to the Fighter Group and Squadrons to ensure they maintain a high state of combat readiness. Additionally the Wing is responsible for establishing and maintaining war readiness material to provide supplies to the Tactical Squadron when it is deployed.

### 140th Tactical Fighter Wing (OL/GR)

This operating location has an authorized strength of two officers and 11 enlisted personnel. It operates the Airburst Air-to-Ground gunnery range and is stationed at Peterson Air Force Base, with a duty location at Fort Carson Colorado. This unit is a Military Full-time Training and Administration Program with all personnel in an AGR status. The primary mission is to supply realistic training situations and opportunities for the 140th Tactical Fighter Wing and any other



unit that requires the use of an Air-to-Ground gunnery range. The primary users of the range are the 120th Tactical Fighter Squadron, 150th Tactical Fighter Group 27th Tactical Fighter Wing, the 4th Division Army Aviation Unit and Company D 1-10th Cavalry. The Airburst Range logged 4659 sorties last year. The unit supports a drop zone used primarily by C-130 aircraft from the 302d TAW and the Wyoming Air National Guard. The unit also supports Security Police units throughout the State of Colorado with large caliber weapons training at the Airburst Range.

#### 120th Tactical Fighter Squadron

This squadron has an authorized strength of 36 officers and 20 airmen. This is the combat arm of the Fighter Wing with an assigned mission to train for and maintain full combat readiness in support of the Tactical Air Command. The squadron is capable of worldwide deployment at all times. When augmented by the support elements required by a national contingency the Squadron strength swells to 389 personnel. The squadron is equipped with the A-7D/K Corsair II aircraft. There are 24 A-7D and 1 A-7K aircraft assigned to the unit at Buckley. Squadron personnel include 32 pilots in four flights a medical element with a Flight Surgeon, administrative element, operations element, Life Support element and an intelligence element. These squadron personnel are presently made up of eight full-time technicians and 44 part time National Guard members. The primary mission of the Squadron is to provide delivery of air-to-ground ordnance in a variety of combat scenarios during day or night operations.

#### 140th Combat Support Squadron

This squadron has an authorized strength of 14 officers and 98 enlisted personnel. The primary mission of the support squadron is to provide total base support of the tactical organization when required. Functions which come under the support squadron include personnel services, security and law enforcement administration, disaster preparedness, chaplain, legal, social actions, information systems, small arms, visual services and training. The Combat Support Squadron provides the command control element for non-tactical operations.

#### 140th Consolidated Aircraft Maintenance Squadron

This squadron has an authorized strength of 8 officers and 406 airmen. The primary mission of the squadron is to provide organizational and field maintenance of air frames, engines and allied maintenance; electric and electronic systems and equipment for the assigned A-7D aircraft. When deployed, the majority of assigned personnel are attached to the tactical squadron to move as a unit anywhere in the world to provide maintenance of the aircraft. At Buckley ANG Base the squadron maintains two hangars, nine maintenance buildings, an Engine Test Facility, four munitions storage igloos and one munitions storage multi-cube facility.

#### 140th Tactical Hospital

The hospital has an authorized strength of 18 officers and 33 airmen. It also responsible for an Air Transportable Clinic. The primary mission of the hospital is to provide medical support, including environmental support, to personnel and units. The hospital provides limited diagnostic and therapeutic service to assigned and transient personnel at Buckley ANG Base. The Hospital will deploy



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on short notice to augment other medical units or alone to provide medical care for supported units.

#### 140th Civil Engineering Squadron

This unit has an authorized strength of 6 officers and 91 enlisted personnel. There are two separate and distinct missions for this squadron. First, and most important, is to provide a highly mobile (Prime Beef Team) response capability with highly skilled specialists able to deploy as a unit or with the Wing to satisfy USAF civil engineering requirements worldwide. The second mission is to provide minor construction, rehabilitation, repair and maintenance of installed property, fire protection and aircraft crash/rescue services.

#### 240th Civil Engineering Flight

This unit has an authorized strength of 24 officers and 11 enlisted personnel. The mission for the flight is to provide staff augmentation as an S-1 Prime BEEF Team. To do this, the flight consists of senior noncommissioned and officer personnel with extensive civil engineering experience in contingency engineering and resource management. This unit's gaining command is HQ PACAF.

#### 140th Information Systems Flight

This unit has an authorized strength of 3 officers and 41 enlisted personnel. This unit is gained by Air Force Communications (AFCC) upon activation, as opposed to most other organizations reporting to Tactical Air Command. The Flight is, however attached to the Wing for active duty, at which time the unit has a two fold mission: That of providing both a Base Support Element (BSE) and Colocated Operating Base (COB) function in support of the Wing. The COB shall deploy with the Wing, while the BSE shall remain at Buckley ANG Base. Both COB and BSE provide 24 hour per day operations and maintenance, using in place equipment -- information processing center telephone switchboard and radio operations. In addition the Data Automation function shall remain at Buckley (as part of the BSE) and continue to provide the data processing functions for which it is currently tasked.

#### 140th Weapons Systems Security Flight

This unit has an authorized strength of 1 officer and 47 airmen. All personnel are attached to the support group for administration and training. Upon federalization, the flight would deploy with the tactical squadron for enroute security operations, being integrated into the host base security police organization upon arrival. During peacetime, the flight is responsible for the training of personnel for the protection of assigned resources under the provisions of AFR 207-1 and other applicable directives.

#### 120th Weather Flight

This unit has an authorized strength of 3 officers and 9 airmen. The Flight's primary mission is to provide forecasting and observing services in a tactical environment to the 163d Armored Cavalry Regiment, Montana ARNG. Upon mobilization the Flight will be gained by Air Weather Service under the Military Airlift Command, and deploy with the Regiment. The Flight obtains



administrative support from the 140th Tactical Fighter Wing, and conducts routine training at Buckley ANG Base.

#### 140th Resource Management Squadron

This squadron has an authorized strength of 8 officers and 113 airmen. The primary mission of the squadron is to provide mission support to the fighter wing in the supply procurement comptroller and traffic management areas. Upon federalization, the squadron would deploy with the tactical squadron being integrated into the host base organization.

#### Headquarters, 154th Tactical Control Group

This group has an authorized strength of 42 officers and 85 enlisted personnel. The primary mission of the group is coordinated time-phased reception and onward movement of the TACS reinforcement units with appropriate authorities. Apprises and coordinates with U. S. Headquarters the availability of TACS units for transfer to appropriate theater commanders including declaration of operational capability and logistic sustainability. Coordinates with appropriate authorities for logistical support and replenishment of life support, equipment, and personnel resources for TACS units. Coordinates the integration of the TACS units into the existing theatre C<sup>2</sup> system. Provides augmentation personnel for U. S. and Allied wartime requirements. Augments/maintains a Group Operations Center.

#### 138th Tactical Control Flight

This unit has an authorized strength of 10 officers and 81 enlisted personnel. The primary mission is to provide a forward extension of the tactical radar system. In the forward areas, the Forward Air Control Post (FACP) provides control of offensive and defensive air operations early warning and gap filler capability within its area of responsibility. Because of its mobility and compact design, the FACP can be quickly moved to maintain a desirable location for a changing tactical situation. It is a transportable, manual radar control facility, equipped with a three dimensional radar, mobile operations, communications, and maintenance facilities, and point to point and assorted ground to-air communications. The unit is designed to meet world wide contingency requirements.

#### 139th Tactical Control Flight

This unit has an authorized strength of 10 officers and 84 enlisted personnel. The Flight has the assigned mission of a Forward Air Control Post (FACP). The primary equipment operated by the Flight is a mobile radar system and mobile communications system. The unit will be deployed into forward areas in the initial move of an assault operation to provide surveillance and control of air operations. In addition, the flight is able to defend its personnel and equipment. The flight operates as an element of the Tactical Air Control System (TACS).



## AIRCRAFT

The Colorado Air National Guard is authorized 24 A-7Ds, one A7K (2-seat Model) and four T-43A transport aircraft. The A-7D is a single engine, single seat close-air support interdiction tactical fighter bomber. The 120th Tactical Fighter Squadron is one of 12 fighter squadrons in the Air National Guard that fly this aircraft. It is among the most sophisticated air-to-ground delivery aircraft in the world today. Total flying hours for the Colorado Air National Guards A-7D's during 1985 was 5,523.

The four T-43s (a military version of the Boeing 737) continue to support the Air Force navigator training utilized by the U. S. Air Force Academy Airmanship Program (flight training); and Military Airlift Command. Eighteen positions accommodate this mission. The four twin-engine jet aircraft accrued a total of 1,956.0 flying hours during 1985.

The Aero Club of the Lowry Technical Training Center has one Cessna 150 aircraft, three Cessna 172 aircraft, one Cessna 182 aircraft and one Beechcraft T-34 aircraft assigned to Buckley ANG Base. Additionally, the club has one 177RG Cardinal, three Cessna 152 aircraft, one T-41 and 310 twin, which is a Cessna reciprocal engine aircraft used to train student pilots.

## MILITARY EDUCATION

The I. G. Brown Professional Military Education Center conducts three schools for members of the Air National Guard; the Academy of Military Science (AMS), Noncommissioned Officers Academy (NCOA) and ANG Leadership School. All three schools are conducted at McGhee Tyson Air National Guard Base Alcoa, Tennessee, and are accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Occupational Education.

The mission of the Academy of Military Science is to prepare officer candidates mentally, morally and physically to become officers in the Air National Guard. The training is a varied program of military academic and physical training. The six week program consists of lectures, seminars and demonstration performance. Physical training consists of competitive sports and all officer candidates are required to run in a scaled version of the Air Force Aerobics Program.

The Air National Guard Noncommissioned Officers Academy is designed to provide the academic and military environment that will increase the noncommissioned officer's ability to function as a supervisor, communicator, resource manager, and professional leader. The curriculum consists of at least 225 academic hours and the school is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Occupational Education. The major divisions of the curriculum are devoted to seven basic subjects: Human Relations, USAF and ANG History World Affairs, Communicative Skills Supervision and Management, Military Training and Military Justice. In addition to these courses, physical training is accomplished by each flight competing against the others in selected sports.



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In order to prepare selected Airmen and Sergeants to assume supervisory positions, the Air National Guard Leadership School was established. The two-week course is a mixture of physical, military and academic training.

NCO's in the grades of E-8 and E-9 (including E-8 selectees) are encouraged to attend the highest level USAF PME service academy for senior NCO's conducted at Air University in Alabama. A program of professional military education to prepare selected senior NCO's to better fulfill their leadership and management responsibilities. Course improves and broadens leadership and managerial capabilities and expands student perspective of the military profession. Instruction includes lecture, seminar and independent research on communication skills, management concepts and techniques, U. S. policy formulation and force employment. Major emphasis is on management of the material and human resources. Course requires extensive student participation in communication skills. Student must demonstrate skills in planning and presenting both formal and informal speeches and complete a series of writing assignments that focus on the course curriculum.

A program open to all Air Guard members is the Community College of the Air Force. It is free to enlisted members and is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools Commission on Occupational Educational Institutions. The curriculum is a defined pattern of prescribed course content in General, Management and Physical Education. Successful completion of programs of study offered by CCAF can result in an Associate Degree. The college recently announced that the credit hours earned can be used in support of the Air Guard commissioning program.

### Aerospace Education

The objective of the aerospace education mission is to provide an understanding of the nature of the earth's atmospheric and outer space environments and the social, political, economic, technical, and philosophical impacts of these environments and vehicles upon a global society. Aerospace education is provided to both cadet and senior members of Civil Air Patrol and the general population by utilization of seminars, classes and structured school programs at various levels.

### Cadet Program

The objective of the cadet program is to produce dynamic Americans and aerospace leaders. To put it more specifically to produce forceful and productive citizens capable of advocating and activating the principles inherent in the U. S. Constitution and Declaration of Independence. Cadet programs provide



## COMMANDERS

Assistant Adjutant General, Air  
Chief of Staff, Air  
OL-AA, Headquarters Colorado Air NG  
Detachment 1, Headquarters Colo Air NG

Hq. 140 Tactical Fighter Wing  
140th Tactical Fighter Wing, OL GR  
140th Combat Support Squadron  
120 Tactical Fighter Squadron  
120th Weather Flight  
140 Consolidated Acft Maint Sq  
140th Civil Engineer Squadron  
140 Tactical Hospital  
140th Communications Flight  
140th Weapons System Security Flight  
140th Resources Management Squadron

154th Tactical Control Group  
139th Tactical Control Flight  
138th Tactical Control Flight

240th Civil Engineering Flight

BG Donald David  
COL Jack M. Rosamond  
LTC Arvey E. Mason  
LTC Ronald N. Germano

BG George A. Franzen, Jr.  
MAJ John W. Dronenburg  
MAJ Kenneth R. Kimber  
LTC Mason C. Whitney  
MAJ Douglas Brown  
MAJ Donald S. Lovisone  
LTC Lawrence F. Sheehan  
COL Roger G. Santala  
MAJ Elwood P. Glaser  
CPT Gary H. Mittelstadt  
LTC Claud E. Dutro

COL Salvatore Villano, Jr.  
LTC Donald R. Simonson  
LTC Roy C. Chase

COL Charles J. Bowling



## HISTORY

The Colorado Wing, Civil Air Patrol, was founded in December, 1941, along with the initial organization of Civil Air Patrol as part of the U. S. Office of Civil Defense. During the early formative period the Colorado Wing flew light aircraft in support of the armed forces. This support consisted of flying mail, parts, and personnel between the various military facilities within the Rocky Mountain Region. Shortly after the end of World War II, the Civil Air Patrol was officially incorporated by Congress, and its missions were standardized into three areas: (1) Emergency Services; (2) Aerospace Education; and (3) Cadet Program. At approximately the same time the Colorado Division of Civil Air Patrol (CAP) was organized by statute (currently 28-1-101) and became part of the Department of Military Affairs with the Reorganization Act of 1968.

## MISSIONS

### Emergency Services:

The objective of the CAP's Emergency Services mission is to save lives and minimize disasters through its search and rescue, communications, and disaster relief facilities and Civil Defense affiliations. With Emergency Services its most publicized mission, the Colorado Wing, Civil Air Patrol, in support of the United States Air Force is charged with the primary responsibility for the conduct over all search operations involving missing aircraft within the State. CAP also supports the various sheriffs departments within the State of Colorado with ground search for missing hunters, lost hikers etc., and the local and county disaster preparedness agencies during times of natural disasters.

In 1985, Colorado CAP was credited with the saving of eight lives. These were a combination of downed aircraft recoveries, missing persons and emergency transportation of blood and other medical supplies.

The Colorado Civil Air Patrol's emergency services mission is successfully maintained by 15 corporate owned aircraft over 450 radio stations, and approximately 75 corporate owned vehicles, and is supported by a small state budget.

### Aerospace Education:

The objective of the aerospace education mission is to provide an understanding of the nature of the earth's atmospheric and outer space environments and the social, political, economic, technical and philosophical impacts of these environments and vehicles upon a global society. Aerospace education is provided to both cadet and senior members of Civil Air Patrol and the general population by utilization of seminars, classes and structured school programs at various levels.

### Cadet Program:

The objective of the cadet program is to produce dynamic Americans and aerospace leaders. To put it more specifically to produce forceful and productive citizens capable of advocating and activating the principles inherent in the U. S. Constitution and Declaration of Independence. Cadet programs provide



direct hands on opportunities for the cadet members of the Civil Air Patrol. These programs vary from basic aerospace orientation summer activities at military bases around the nation, flight instruction etc.

The Colorado Wing Civil Air Patrol was founded in December 1947 as the first organization of Civil Air Patrol as part of the U. S. Office of Civil Defense. During the early formative period the Colorado Wing first flight instructor in support of the armed forces. This support consisted of flying main parts and personnel between the various military facilities within the Rocky Mountain Region. Shortly after the end of World War II the Civil Air Patrol was officially recognized by Congress and its mission was established into three areas: (1) Emergency Services, (2) Aerospace Education, and (3) Cadet Program. At approximately the same time the Colorado Division of Civil Air Patrol (CAP) was organized by statute (enactment 28-1-101) and became part of the Department of Military Affairs with the Reorganization Act of 1950.

The objective of the CAP's Emergency Services mission is to save lives and minimize disaster through its search and rescue, communications, and disaster relief activities and Civil Defense affiliations. With Emergency Services its most publicized mission the Colorado Wing Civil Air Patrol in support of the United States Air Force is charged with the primary responsibility for the conduct over all search operations involving missing aircraft within the state. CAP also supports the various sheriff's departments within the State of Colorado with ground search for missing hunters, lost hikers etc., and the local and county disaster preparedness agencies during times of natural disasters.

In 1982 Colorado CAP was credited with the saving of eight lives. These were a combination of downed aircraft recoveries, missing persons and emergency transportation of blood and other medical supplies.

The Colorado Civil Air Patrol's emergency services mission is successfully maintained by 12 corporate owned aircraft over 480 radio stations and approximately 75 corporate owned vehicles, and is supported by a small state budget.

Aerospace Education:

The objective of the aerospace education mission is to provide an understanding of the nature of the earth's atmosphere and outer space environments and the social, political, economic, technical, and philosophical impacts of these environments and vehicles upon a global society. Aerospace education is provided to both cadet and senior members of Civil Air Patrol and the general population by utilization of seminars, classes and structured school programs at various levels.

Cadet Program:

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Report of The Adjutant General, 1985

**COLORADO WING, CIVIL AIR PATROL**

**SEARCH AND RESCUE MISSIONS - 1985**

<u>MISSION NUMBER</u>	<u>TYPE OF MISSION</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>DATES</u>
1. 84 51-COL	Rte Survey ANG	Eastern Colo	5-6 January
2.+ AFRCC 7-0057	ELT	Meadowlake APT	12 January
3. AFRCC 7-0063A	Missing Snowmoblr	Rabbit Ears Pass	14 January
4. AFRCC 7-0098	C152	SW of Canon City	19-20 January
5. AFRCC 7-0132	Medical Airlift	JeffCO to Alamosa	25 January
6. AFRCC 7-0142A	C150	SW of Durango	26-27 January
7. AFRCC 7-0184A	Missing Person	Archuleta County	4 February
8. AFRCC 7-0234	Medical Airlift	JeffCO to Holyoke	14 February
9.+ AFRCC 7-0259	ELT	Greeley Airport	17 February
10. S61-85	SARCAP	Ft Collins/Loveland	22-25 February
11.+ AFRCC 7-0372	ELT	Wray Airport	6-7 March
12.+ AFRCC 7-0401	ELT	Colorado Springs	9-10 March
13.+ AFRCC 7-0439	ELT	10 Mi NE Denver	15 March
14.+ AFRCC 7-0460	ELT	Weld Co Airport	18 March
15. AFRCC 7-0471	MAYDAY Report	Clear Creek Co	20-21 March
16. AFRCC 7-0475	PA28 N83598	Beaver Creek Ski Area	22-26 March
17. AFRCC 7-0501	Missing Skier	Creede Area	26 March
18. AFRCC 7-0516	Comdr N772CB	E of Colo Spgs	28-29 March
19.* AFRCC 7-0599	Medical Airlift	Sterling	9 April
20.+ AFRCC 7-0635	ELT (Emer Landg)	5 mi NW of Frederick	14-15 April
21. AFRCC 7-0663	C-210 N5267V	NW of Cortez	18 April
22. S125-85	SARCAP	Gunnison	3-6 May
23.+ AFRCC 7-0794	ELT	Peterson AFB	6 May
24.* AFRCC 7-0810	Medical Airlift	Sterling	8 May
25.* AFRCC 7-0871	Medical Airlift	Ft. Morgan	15 May
26.+ AFRCC 7-0923	ELT	Colorado Springs	21 May
27.+ AFRCC 7-0964	ELT	Near Centen. Aprt	25 May
28.+ AFRCC 7-1012	ELT	Kiowa	1 June
29.+ AFRCC 7-1045	ELT	Near Conifer	4 June
30. AFRCC 7-1160	2 ELTs	Near Thatcher	17 June
31.+ AFRCC 7-1166	C-402, N100HK	S. of Bailey	17-19 June
32. S189-85	Rocky Mtn High	Logan, Utah	21-23 June
33.+ AFRCC 7-1256A	Missing Person	Gunnison Area	30 June
34. AFRCC 7-1291	ELT (Airborne)	Trinidad Area	3-4 July
35. AFRCC 7-1367	ELT	Weld Co Airport	11-12 July
36. AFRCC 7-1370	Aircraft Down	10 mi E. of Aspen	12 July
37. AFRCC 7-1398A	5 Missing Children	Echo Basin, Montezuma County	16 July
38. S-204-85	SARCAP	Craig	19-22 July
39. AFRCC 7-1425	ELT	Montrose Airport	18 July
40. AFRCC 7-1437	ELT	Colorado Springs	19 July
41. AFRCC 7-1646	ELT	Pinon Canyon	10-11 August
42.+ AFRCC 7-1667	ELT	Stapleton Aprt	13-14 August
43.* AFRCC 7-1670	Medical Airlift	La Junta	14 August
44. S-247-85	SARCAP	Pagosa Springs	16-19 August
45. AFRCC 7-1736A	Missing Person	Cortez Area	20-21 August



Report of The Adjutant General, 1985

MISSION NUMBER	TYPE MISSION	LOCATION	DATES
46. AFRCC 7-1831	ELT Reports	N. of Ft. Collins	31 August
47.++AFRCC 7-1837	2 ELT Reports	Ft.Collins/Boulder	31 August
48.* AFRCC 7-1855	Medical Airlift	Greeley	3 September
49. AFRCC 7-1867A	Missing Person	San Juan Co	4-6 September
50.+ AFRCC 7-1893	ELT	N. of Wray	8 September
51. AFRCC 7-1909	ELT	South Fork	11 September
52. AFRCC 7-1915	Aircraft Down	W. of Ft. Collins	12 September
53. S-292-85	SARCAP	Boulder Airport	20-24 September
54. AFRCC 7-2012	ELT	Wray/Yuma Area	25 September
55.+ AFRCC 7-2021	ELT	Wray Area	26 September
56. AFRCC 7-2102A	Assist NM Wing	Farmington	6 October
57.* AFRCC 7-2146	Medical Airlift	Alamosa	11-12 October
58. AFRCC 7-2164	Missing Hunter	Gunnison Area	13 October
59.+ AFRCC 7-2165	ELT (2)	Meadow Lake Aprt	13 October
60.+ AFRCC 7-2170	ELT (3)	Crystal Park Landfill	13 October
61. AFRCC 7-2270	Missing Hunter	Dolores County	28 October
62.+ AFRCC 7-2312	Piper Pacer Repl (N26BW)	SW of Elbert	3-8 November
63.*+AFRCC 7-2314	Missing Hunter	Gunnison	3 November
64. AFRCC 7-2360	Downed Acft	7 mi S Cent Aprt	9-10 November
65. AFRCC 7-2441A	Missing Woodcutter	Near Cortez	17 November
66.+**AFRCC 7-2543	Downed Aircraft	Centen Aprt	1-2 December
67. S-23-86	SAR CAP	Pueblo	6-15 December
68.* AFRCC 7-2583	Medical Airlift	Lamar	6-7 December
69. AFRCC 7-2716A	Missing Persons	Boulder County	26 December
70. AFRCC 6-2715	Missing Persons	Santa Fe NM	27-28 December
71.+ AFRCC 7-2749	ELT	Meadow Lake Aprt Colo. Spgs.	31 December

+ Indicates a find  
\* Indicates a life saved



**IN MEMORIAM - 1985**

Sergeant Robert Lee Leyba  
220th Military Police Company  
31 March 1985

Staff Sergeant Danny Ray Theragood  
Headquarters 169th Field Artillery Brigade  
18 April 1985

Private First Class Scott James Maxim  
Battery A 1st Battalion, 157th Artillery  
18 May 1985

Colonel Darryl Dean Peters  
Headquarters Colorado State Area Command  
30 May 1985

Private First Class Darrell D. Fidler  
Detachment 1, 122d Medical Ambulance Company  
8 June 1985

Lieutenant Colonel Thomas R. Quigley  
147th Medical Hospital  
9 August 1985

Chief Warrant Officer Frank Leroy Wampler  
Colorado Army National Guard (Retired)  
24 September 1985

Chief Warrant Officer Floyd S. Culver  
Colorado Army National Guard (Retired)  
23 October 1985

Sergeant William Royce Feldman  
Company B 140th Signal Battalion  
3 November 1985

Specialist James Edward Noonan  
Headquarters Company 140th Signal Battalion  
5 December 1985



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