## 2003

# County Commissioners Poll: 

Commissioners' Perspectives on Current Issues Affecting Colorado Counties


## COUNTY ISSUES

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## Budget Constraints, Water, and the Economy Predicted to be Top County Issues in 2003

Budget constraints, water, and economic concerns will be the top three issues confronting Colorado counties in 2003, according to the latest County Commissioners Poll conducted by the Colorado Department of Local Affairs. 110 commissioners, representing 61 of the state's 64 counties, participated in the study, which was conducted by mail between October 15 and December 22, 2002.

Specifically, nearly one in three commissioners (31\%) identified budget constraints as the "most important" county issue for 2003, followed closely by water ( $27 \%$ ) and economic concerns (24\%). Rounding out the top five issues are growth (9\%) and a tie between transportation issues (7\%) and infrastructure needs (7\%). (See Table 1.)

The percentage of commissioners identifying budget constraints as the top county issue has more than doubled, from $14 \%$ to $31 \%$, since the 2001 Poll, while the percentage citing water as the top issue has increased sevenfold, $4 \%$ to $27 \%$, as a result of statewide drought conditions. Meanwhile, the percentage of commissioners citing economic concerns as the top county issue has been growing steadily during the recent recession and subsequent anemic recovery, going from $9 \%$ in 1999 , to $18 \%$ in 2001 , and to $24 \%$ in 2003. (See Table 1.)

The 2003 Commissioners Poll marks the first time since the Poll's inception in 1997 that growth is not the number one issue for Colorado counties. Specifically, the percentage of commissioners citing growth as the top issue fell from $30 \%$ in 2001 to $9 \%$ in 2003. To discount growth as a major issue in Colorado, however, would be a mistake. More than one in four commissioners ( $26 \%$ ), for example, still feel that growth is one of the top three issues in their counties, and a majority indicate that increasing demands on local services and facilities due to growth (70\%) and paying for growth impacts (56\%) continue to be "major or moderate problems." Moreover, the problem of increasing demands on local services and facilities due to growth is perceived to be one of the top ten issues that are "growing worse" (58\%). (See Tables 1, 2, 4 and 8.)

The issues tracking segment of the 2003 Commissioners Poll identified a number of factors pressuring county budgets. Insurance costs, for example, is considered to be a "major or moderate problem" by nine out of ten commissioners ( $92 \%$ ) surveyed, and also tops the list of county problems that are perceived to be "growing worse" (89\%). (See Tables 3 and 4.)

Other budgetary pressures that are considered to be "major or moderate problems" by a significant majority of commissioners include funding federal/state mandates (85\%), economic conditions in general ( $80 \%$ ), increased demands on services and facilities due to growth (70\%), impact of natural disaster on the local economy (69\%), statutory revenue and spending limits (67\%), and the need for more state and federal aid (66\%). (See Tables 6, 7, and 8.)

Declining sales tax revenue is an additional, growing source of budgetary stress for some Colorado counties. Currently, nearly half of the commissioners whose counties levy sales taxes (48\%) feel that declining sales tax revenue is a "major or moderate problem," and nearly two-thirds (63\%) believe the problem is "growing worse." (See Table 4.) At the present time, 50 of the state's 64 counties levy sales taxes, which account for $25 \%$ of the counties' total revenue for general government activities.

Results of the county issues tracking also suggest that commissioners' concerns regarding the economy go beyond the current recession and slow recovery. Four out of five commissioners, for example, report that lack of jobs that pay living wages (84\%), need for economic development (80\%), and need for economic diversification (79\%) are "major or moderate problems" in their counties that need long-term solutions. Preserving the agricultural economy (69\%), availability of affordable child-care (66\%), and lack of infrastructure to attract new businesses (64\%) are additional economic issues described as "major or moderate problems" by a majority of commissioners. (See Table 9.)

The Commissioners Poll also tracks perceived changes in 50 issues and problems commonly affecting Colorado counties. Topping the list of issues that commissioners feel are "growing worse" are rising insurance costs ( $89 \%$ ), economic conditions in general (77\%), availability of water (76\%), impact of natural disasters (drought, fires, floods, etc.) ( $75 \%$ ), maintaining quality county services with tighter budgets ( $72 \%$ ), and declining sales tax revenues (63\%). (See Table 4.)

Issues receiving the greatest acknowledgement for improving include upgrading county information systems ( $27 \%$ ), county government relations with municipalities and districts ( $26 \%$ ), preparing/updating county master plans ( $25 \%$ ), quality of public education ( $22 \%$ ), land use, zoning, and planning issues ( $22 \%$ ), and highway/road maintenance and development (19\%). (See Table 5.)

Counties provide a number of vital services to Colorado citizens including law enforcement, road construction and maintenance, social services, land use planning and zoning, cultural and recreational services, health services, elections coordination, public records maintenance, and administration of state motor vehicle laws. Many counties also run enterprise activities such as hospitals, nursing homes, airports, correctional facilities, and transit systems.

The County Commissioners Poll was inaugurated in 1997 by the Colorado Department of Local Affairs and is updated every two years. The purpose of the Poll is to fulfill, in part, the department's statutory responsibility to inform state lawmakers and citizens about the issues affecting local governments in Colorado.

TABLE 1: Most Important County Issue*

| Issue | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Budget constraints | $31.2 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ | $25.3 \%$ | $17.7 \%$ |
| Water issues | $26.6 \%$ | $3.7 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $2.5 \%$ |
| Economic concerns | $23.9 \%$ | $17.6 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ |
| Growth-related issues | $9.2 \%$ | $29.9 \%$ | $37.4 \%$ | $39.2 \%$ |
| Transportation issues | $7.4 \%$ | $9.2 \%$ | $8.1 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Infrastructure needs | $7.4 \%$ | $7.4 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $2.6 \%$ |
| Health care issues | $3.7 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Housing issues | $2.8 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ |
| Governmental relations | $0.9 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $3.8 \%$ |
| Welfare reform | $0.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ | $1.0 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ |
| All other issues | $1.2 \%$ | $11.8 \%$ | $12.2 \%$ | $14.0 \%$ |

TABLE 2: Three Most Important County Issues (Combined Mentions)*

| Issue | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Budget constraints | $68.8 \%$ | $27.1 \%$ | $58.6 \%$ | $43.0 \%$ |
| Economic concerns | $67.0 \%$ | $62.6 \%$ | $31.3 \%$ | $35.4 \%$ |
| Water issues | $51.4 \%$ | $12.2 \%$ | $7.1 \%$ | $10.1 \%$ |
| Growth-related issues | $25.7 \%$ | $64.4 \%$ | $82.8 \%$ | $82.2 \%$ |
| Infrastructure needs | $23.2 \%$ | $24.3 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ | $21.6 \%$ |
| Transportation issues | $21.8 \%$ | $36.4 \%$ | $34.3 \%$ | $24.1 \%$ |
| Health care issues | $15.6 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Housing issues | $11.9 \%$ | $18.7 \%$ | $9.1 \%$ | $15.2 \%$ |
| Governmental relations | $8.3 \%$ | $14.1 \%$ | $13.1 \%$ | $7.6 \%$ |
| Environmental issues | $6.4 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| All Other | $31.1 \%$ | $43.1 \%$ | $34.4 \%$ | $39.3 \%$ |

*Q. "Looking ahead, what, in your opinion, are the three most important issues that your county will face in 2003?"

TABLE 3: County Issues Tracking Top 10 Issues Considered to be Major or Moderate Problems

| Item | Mean <br> Rating* | Major <br> Problem | Moderate <br> Problem | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Insurance costs | 3.65 | $74.0 \%$ | $17.9 \%$ | $91.9 \%$ |
| 2. Impact of natural disaster (drought, fires, floods, etc.) | 3.33 | $60.6 \%$ | $19.1 \%$ | $79.7 \%$ |
| 3. Lack of jobs that pay "living wages" | 3.33 | $51.1 \%$ | $32.6 \%$ | $83.7 \%$ |
| 4. Maintaining quality county services with tighter budget | 3.28 | $48.4 \%$ | $35.1 \%$ | $83.5 \%$ |
| 5. Need to diversify economic base | 3.26 | $47.8 \%$ | $31.6 \%$ | $79.4 \%$ |
| 6. Need for economic development in general | 3.24 | $47.4 \%$ | $32.9 \%$ | $80.3 \%$ |
| 7. Unfunded federal/state mandates | 3.24 | $41.2 \%$ | $43.3 \%$ | $84.5 \%$ |
| 8. Availability of water | 3.16 | $42.3 \%$ | $37.1 \%$ | $79.4 \%$ |
| 9. Economic conditions | 3.14 | $37.4 \%$ | $42.5 \%$ | $79.9 \%$ |
| 10. Impact of natural disaster on local economy | 3.05 | $46.0 \%$ | $23.1 \%$ | $69.1 \%$ |

*Scale: 4=major problem, 3=moderate problem, 2=minor problem, and 1=no problem.

TABLE 4: County Issues Tracking Top 10 Issues Considered to be Growing Worse

| Item | Growing Worse | Major or Moderate <br> Problem |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Insurance costs | $89.0 \%$ | $91.9 \%$ |
| 2. Economic conditions | $76.5 \%$ | $79.9 \%$ |
| 3. Availability of water | $76.3 \%$ | $79.4 \%$ |
| 4. Impact of natural disaster (drought, fires, floods, etc.) | $75.2 \%$ | $79.7 \%$ |
| 5. Maintaining quality county services with tighter budget | $72.0 \%$ | $83.5 \%$ |
| 6. Impact of natural disaster on local economy | $64.4 \%$ | $69.1 \%$ |
| 7. Declining sales tax revenues | $62.6 \%$ | $48.1 \%$ |
| 8. Increasing demands on local services \& facilities | $58.2 \%$ | $70.2 \%$ |
| 9. Unfunded federal/state mandates | $57.4 \%$ | $84.5 \%$ |
| 10. Preserving the agricultural economy | $50.2 \%$ | $69.2 \%$ |

## TABLE 5: County Issues Tracking Top 10 Issues Considered to be Improving

| Item | Improving | Major or Moderate <br> Problem |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Upgrading county information systems | $26.5 \%$ | $43.0 \%$ |
| 2. County government relations with cities and districts | $25.6 \%$ | $16.6 \%$ |
| 3. Preparing/updating county master plans | $24.5 \%$ | $34.1 \%$ |
| 4. Improving quality of public education | $22.4 \%$ | $52.1 \%$ |
| 5. Land use/zoning/planning issues | $21.6 \%$ | $42.8 \%$ |
| 6. Highway/road maintenance and development | $18.9 \%$ | $76.4 \%$ |
| 7. Population growth and development | $11.6 \%$ | $55.7 \%$ |
| 8. Need for new prisons and jails | $11.6 \%$ | $34.6 \%$ |
| 9. Insufficient open space, trails, or recreational facilities | $11.5 \%$ | $18.1 \%$ |
| 10. Access to quality medical treatment | $10.9 \%$ | $49.3 \%$ |

TABLE 6: County Issues Tracking

## General Items

| Item | Mean Rating* | Major Problem | Moderate Problem | Minor or No Problem | Grew <br> Worse | No <br> Change | Improved |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Impact of natural disaster (drought, flood, fire, tornado, etc.) | 3.33 | 60.6\% | 19.1\% | 20.3\% | 75.2\% | 21.4\% | $3.4 \%$ |
| Availability of water | 3.16 | 42.3\% | 37.1\% | 20.5\% | 76.3\% | 21.9\% | 1.8\% |
| Economic conditions | 3.14 | 37.4\% | 42.5\% | 20.1\% | 76.5\% | 18.9\% | 4.7\% |
| Highway/road maintenance \& development | 3.01 | 34.6\% | 41.8\% | 23.7\% | 39.1\% | 42.0\% | 18.9\% |
| Availability of affordable housing | 2.90 | 28.8\% | 38.2\% | $32.9 \%$ | 28.4\% | 61.2\% | 10.4\% |
| Preemption of local control by federal/state government | 2.65 | 18.7\% | 37.3\% | 44.0\% | 27.9\% | 71.4\% | 0.8\% |
| Population growth and development | 2.55 | 16.8\% | 38.9\% | 44.4\% | $32.7 \%$ | 55.7\% | 11.6\% |
| Improving quality of public education | 2.47 | 13.8\% | 38.3\% | 47.9\% | 15.2\% | 62.4\% | 22.4\% |
| Access to quality medical treatment | 2.45 | 14.4\% | 34.9\% | 50.7\% | 20.0\% | 69.1\% | 10.9\% |
| Landfill/solid waste disposal issues | 2.20 | 13.1\% | 21.8\% | 65.1\% | 24.3\% | 67.1\% | 8.6\% |
| Need for new jails or prison facilities | 2.11 | 19.4\% | 15.2\% | 65.3\% | 21.2\% | 67.2\% | 11.6\% |
| County government relations with state government | 2.09 | 7.4\% | 20.3\% | 72.4\% | 22.1\% | 67.3\% | 10.6\% |
| Citizen participation in county government | 2.08 | 10.5\% | 23.1\% | 66.4\% | 12.0\% | 78.8\% | 9.2\% |
| Water quality problems | 2.08 | 10.0\% | 23.5\% | 66.5\% | 19.1\% | 72.7\% | 8.2\% |
| Violent crime | 2.05 | 1.1\% | 22.9\% | 76.0\% | 12.2\% | 80.5\% | 7.3\% |
| County government relations with cities \& districts | 1.93 | 3.0\% | 13.6\% | 83.4\% | 9.7\% | 64.7\% | 25.6\% |
| Race relations | 1.56 | 1.6\% | 9.8\% | 88.6\% | 8.0\% | 84.7\% | 7.2\% |

*Mean ratings are based on the following scale: $4=$ major problem, $3=$ moderate problem, $2=$ minor problem, and $1=$ no problem.

## TABLE 7: County Issues Tracking

## County Budget Items

| Item | Mean <br> Rating* | Major <br> Problem | Moderate <br> Problem | Minor or <br> No Problem | Grew <br> Worse | No <br> Change | Improved |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Insurance costs | 3.65 | $74.0 \%$ | $17.9 \%$ | $8.1 \%$ | $89.0 \%$ | $11.0 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Maintaining quality services with tighter budget | 3.28 | $48.4 \%$ | $35.1 \%$ | $16.5 \%$ | $72.0 \%$ | $23.4 \%$ | $4.5 \%$ |
| Unfunded federal/state mandates | 3.24 | $41.2 \%$ | $43.3 \%$ | $15.5 \%$ | $57.4 \%$ | $42.6 \%$ | $0.0 \%$ |
| Funding capital projects | 3.03 | $39.6 \%$ | $31.2 \%$ | $29.2 \%$ | $45.6 \%$ | $45.7 \%$ | $8.8 \%$ |
| Need for additional federal/state aid | 2.84 | $26.0 \%$ | $40.3 \%$ | $33.7 \%$ | $45.9 \%$ | $49.8 \%$ | $4.3 \%$ |
| Revenue/spending limits | 2.83 | $28.6 \%$ | $38.2 \%$ | $33.2 \%$ | $45.1 \%$ | $51.3 \%$ | $3.6 \%$ |
| Declining sales tax revenues | 2.61 | $25.9 \%$ | $23.8 \%$ | $50.3 \%$ | $65.2 \%$ | $29.6 \%$ | $5.1 \%$ |
| Upgrading county information systems | 2.45 | $14.1 \%$ | $28.9 \%$ | $57.1 \%$ | $25.4 \%$ | $48.1 \%$ | $26.5 \%$ |
| Finding and keeping quality personnel | 2.38 | $9.9 \%$ | $33.6 \%$ | $56.5 \%$ | $22.0 \%$ | $71.6 \%$ | $6.3 \%$ |
| Shrinking property tax revenues | 2.34 | $23.5 \%$ | $21.6 \%$ | $54.9 \%$ | $48.2 \%$ | $46.9 \%$ | $4.9 \%$ |
| Inflation | 2.31 | $15.5 \%$ | $21.9 \%$ | $62.5 \%$ | $24.8 \%$ | $72.8 \%$ | $2.4 \%$ |

*Mean ratings are based on the following scale: $4=$ major problem, $3=$ moderate problem, $2=$ minor problem, and $1=$ no problem.

## TABLE 8: County Issues Tracking

Growth-Related Items

| Item | Mean <br> Rating* | Major <br> Problem | Moderate <br> Problem | Minor or <br> No Problem | Grew <br> Worse | No <br> Change | Improved |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Increasing demands on local services/facilities due to growth | 2.74 | $13.8 \%$ | $56.4 \%$ | $29.8 \%$ | $58.2 \%$ | $39.5 \%$ | $2.3 \%$ |
| Paying for growth impacts | 2.70 | $27.3 \%$ | $28.2 \%$ | $44.5 \%$ | $38.7 \%$ | $54.8 \%$ | $6.5 \%$ |
| Traffic congestion | 2.38 | $19.7 \%$ | $28.4 \%$ | $51.9 \%$ | $46.3 \%$ | $51.6 \%$ | $2.0 \%$ |
| Protecting agricultural interests from growth | 2.38 | $19.6 \%$ | $25.7 \%$ | $54.7 \%$ | $31.8 \%$ | $61.5 \%$ | $6.7 \%$ |
| Lack of citizen consensus regarding growth | 2.41 | $16.0 \%$ | $28.1 \%$ | $55.9 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ | $74.0 \%$ | $5.6 \%$ |
| Land use/zoning/planning issues | 2.34 | $12.5 \%$ | $30.3 \%$ | $57.2 \%$ | $24.1 \%$ | $54.2 \%$ | $21.6 \%$ |
| Balancing growth impacts and quality of life | 2.21 | $6.2 \%$ | $34.7 \%$ | $59.0 \%$ | $22.2 \%$ | $72.1 \%$ | $5.7 \%$ |
| Balancing growth impacts and the environment | 2.19 | $9.1 \%$ | $29.5 \%$ | $61.4 \%$ | $20.7 \%$ | $70.0 \%$ | $9.3 \%$ |
| Preparing/updating county master plans | 2.06 | $11.1 \%$ | $23.0 \%$ | $65.9 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ | $63.1 \%$ | $24.5 \%$ |
| Increasing crime due to growth | 1.88 | $1.5 \%$ | $17.7 \%$ | $80.8 \%$ | $21.8 \%$ | $74.0 \%$ | $4.2 \%$ |
| Insufficient open space, trails, recreational facilities | 1.72 | $3.4 \%$ | $14.7 \%$ | $81.9 \%$ | $12.4 \%$ | $76.1 \%$ | $11.5 \%$ |

*Mean ratings are based on the following scale: $4=$ major problem, $3=$ moderate problem, $2=$ minor problem, and $1=$ no problem.

TABLE 9: County Issues Tracking

## Economic Development Items

| Item | Mean Rating* | Major Problem | Moderate Problem | Minor or No Problem | Grew <br> Worse | No Change | Improved |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lack of jobs that pay "living wages" | 3.33 | 51.1\% | 32.6\% | 16.3\% | 48.4\% | 49.6\% | 1.9\% |
| Need to diversify economic base | 3.26 | 47.8\% | 31.6\% | 20.7\% | 42.3\% | 48.0\% | 9.7\% |
| Need for economic development in general | 3.24 | 47.4\% | 32.9\% | 19.7\% | 43.2\% | 47.5\% | 9.3\% |
| Impact of natural disaster on local economy | 3.05 | 46.0\% | 23.1\% | 30.9\% | 64.4\% | 33.9\% | 1.6\% |
| Preserving the agricultural economy | 2.96 | 44.1\% | 25.1\% | 30.7\% | 50.2\% | 46.3\% | 3.5\% |
| Availability of affordable child care | 2.96 | 31.1\% | 35.0\% | 33.9\% | 34.4\% | 58.1\% | 7.5\% |
| Lack of infrastructure to attract new businesses | 2.93 | 40.1\% | 23.9\% | 36.0\% | 34.0\% | 58.8\% | 7.2\% |
| Poverty | 2.54 | 19.5\% | 23.9\% | 56.6\% | 34.5\% | 63.1\% | 2.4\% |
| Lack of trained/educated/skilled workers | 2.51 | 18.8\% | 33.8\% | 47.3\% | 27.2\% | 68.7\% | 4.1\% |
| Unemployment | 2.43 | 13.0\% | 32.4\% | 54.6\% | 38.1\% | 58.2\% | 3.7\% |

*Mean ratings are based on the following scale: $4=$ major problem, $3=$ moderate problem, $2=$ minor problem, and $1=$ no problem.

