

Department of Local Affairs

Strategic Plan for FY2013-14

November 15, 2013 Revised March 17, 2014

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Departmental Introduction

The Department of Local Affairs (DOLA) serves as the primary interface between the State and local communities. The Department provides financial support to local communities and professional and technical services (including training and technical assistance) to community leaders in the areas of governance, housing, and property tax administration. While all state governments provide such services through various departmental structures, Colorado's approach is unique in that these local community services are gathered into one department of "Local Affairs" which has a central focus on strengthening those communities and enhancing livability.

DOLA makes financial resources available to support community infrastructure (i.e. water, sewer, road and bridge projects) and services (i.e. housing) either through statutory formula distributions of state and federal funds (i.e. energy impact direct distribution, Community Service Block Grants, Conservation Trust Fund) or through state and federal grants (i.e. Energy Impact, Limited Gaming Impact, Community Development Block Grants).

In addition to providing assistance and services to local governments and communities, DOLA provides technical assistance and services for individual citizens. DOLA assists property owners to ensure their property taxes have been determined in a fair, accurate and consistent manner in accordance with property tax laws. DOLA also helps citizens obtain Section 8 rental assistance through local housing authorities and non-profit service organizations. In these ways, DOLA is a direct point of contact for many Coloradoans and other Colorado property owners.

Further, all four divisions of DOLA perform a variety of regulatory functions as assigned by the Constitution and statutes. These range from ensuring proper implementation of state property tax laws, implementing safety and related policies regarding manufactured housing, enforcing requirements on local governments regarding public access to key government documents, and many others.

DOLA has established a culture within the Department that encourages collaboration and efficiency, both internally and in relationships with our customers (communities, community leaders and other partners) in advancing the interests and capabilities of local governments.

Constitutional and Statutory Authority

Department of Local Affairs (DOLA) - Title 24, Article 32, C.R.S.
 Division of Property Taxation (DPT) - Article X, Sections 3 and 15, of the Colorado Constitution and Title 39, Articles 1-14, C.R.S.
 Board of Assessment Appeals (BAA) - Article X, Section 3 and Article XII, Section 13 of the Colorado Constitution and Title 39, Article 2, C.R.S.
 Division of Housing (DOH) - Title 24, Article 32, Section 702, C.R.S.
 Division of Local Government (DLG) - Title 24, Article 32, Part 1, C.R.S.

DOLA Organizational Chart

Executive Director's Office

Executive Director: Reeves Brown

14.2 FTE | \$6,151,919

Division of Property Taxation

Property Tax Administrator: JoAnn Groff 36.7 FTE | \$2,986,194 Board of Assessment Appeals Director: Mike Beery

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13.2 FTE | \$555,831

Division of Housing

Director: Pat Coyle 47.8 FTE | \$61,812,032

Division of Local Government

Director: Chantal Unfug 52.4 FTE | \$233,699,041

FY 2013-14 Appropriation and FY 2014-15 Request

FY 2013-14 Appropriation	Total Funds	FTE	General Fund	Cash Funds	Reappropriated Funds	Federal Funds
Executive Director's Office	\$6,151,949	14.2	\$983,247	\$549,826	\$3,670,597	\$948,279
Property Taxation (incl. BAA)	\$3,542,025	49.9	\$1,309,049	\$1,173,291	\$1,059,685	\$0
Division of Housing	\$61,812,032	47.8	\$7,824,284	\$1,078,105	\$211,722	\$52,697,921
Division of Local Government	\$233,699,041	52.4	\$7,581,988	\$206,119,335	\$3,687,578	\$16,310,140
FY 2013-14 Total Appropriation	\$305,205,047	164.3	\$17,698,568	\$208,920,557	\$8,629,582	\$69,956,340
						- · ·
FY 2014-15 Request	Total Funds	FTE	General Fund	Cash Funds	Reappropriated Funds	Federal Funds
FY 2014-15 Request Executive Director's Office	Total Funds \$6,171,223	FTE 14.2	General Fund \$1,278,194	Cash Funds \$650,858		
					Funds	Funds
Executive Director's Office	\$6,171,223	14.2	\$1,278,194	\$650,858	Funds \$3,307,325	Funds \$934,846
Executive Director's Office Property Taxation (incl. BAA)	\$6,171,223 \$3,634,413	14.2 49.9	\$1,278,194 \$1,409,210	\$650,858 \$1,131,556	Funds \$3,307,325 \$1,093,647	Funds \$934,846 \$0





DOLA Strategic Framework Summary

DOLA Mission:

DOLA strengthens communities and enhances livability in Colorado by providing accessible assistance in the following areas:

1. Equitable and consistent implementation of property tax laws;

2. Community development that is revitalizing and sustainable;

3. Financial support for community needs; and

4. Safe, affordable housing.

DOLA Vision:

The Colorado Department of Local Affairs strengthens communities and enhances livability in Colorado. Using reliable and objective assessment methods, DOLA bridges the gap beween localities and state government, partnering with local leadership to solve a wide range of problems and address a broad spectrum of issues and challenges. Through responsive action, flexibility and unparalleled customer service, DOLA helps to ensure safety, equity and vitality throughout the state.

DOLA Tenets:

Assist customers in solving problems Fulfill regulatory responsibilities Employees		Improve internal business systems			
DOLA Strategic Priorities by Category:					
Improve	Develop Grow Innovate				
Assessment Appeals: 86% percent of resolved appeals to	Property Tax: 99% of counties in compliance with abatement	Housing: Increase affordable housing supply by 2,150 units ir	• .		

Preceipt by FY15-16Property Tax: 85% AssessorHousing: Improvesatisfaction for manufacturedsatisfaction for manufacturededucational program for FY13-14housing builders and buyers toLocal Government: 1,73775% by FY15-16estimated new jobs generated byHousing: Increase percent ofcompetitive grants (including

housing vouchers going to disabled and homeless to 75% by FY15-16

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leveraged funds) for FY15-16

Local Government: 95% of

governments in compliance with annual budget document filing requirements by FY15-16

DOLA Goals by Division and Tenet:						
Tenets	Assist customers in solving problems	Fulfill regulatory responsibilities	Cultivate DOLA Employees	Improve internal business systems		
Division of Property Taxation	Monitoring the satisfaction of all customer sectors. Reduce number of days to review abatement /refund petitions.* Increase effectiveness of the education program for assessors and staff including training available remotely. Decrease time to approve or deny exemptions.*	Producing accurate, equitable, defensible values for state-assessed properties	Increase core efficiencies and skills of staff	Reduce number of days to review abatement/refund petitions.* Decrease time to approve or deny exemptions.*		
Board of Assessment Appeals	Fulfill the Board's statutory responsibilities with improved timeliness for resolving taxpayer appeals.* Improve customer service and taxpayer education.* Assist customers by facilitating dialogue among parties to encourage collaborative and cooperative solutions.*	Fulfill the Board's statutory responsibilities with improved timeliness for resolving taxpayer appeals.* Improve customer service and taxpayer education.* Assist customers by facilitating dialogue among parties to encourage collaborative and cooperative solutions.*	Increase core efficiencies and skills of staff	Improve customer service and taxpayer education.*		
Division of Housing	Ensure sufficient affordable housing for persons with the lowest incomes. Implement plans for Fort Lyon Supportive Housing Program	Fulfill Division's regulatory role as a building department. Fulfill Division's regulatory role as a statewide housing authority				
Division of Local Government	Assess and improve customer service delivery.* Increase awareness and knowledge of demographic, economic and financial data among state agencies, local governments and others with the intention of maximizing their use of data in decision-making and service improvement. Enhance local governments' community and economic development efforts. Improve local governments' capacity to administer and implement grants.* Improve local governments' compliance with statutory requirements and transparency through increased online postings of statutory and other public documents for general public viewing.*	Assess and improve customer service delivery.*	Increase core efficiencies and skills of staff	Improve local governments' capacity to administer and implement grants.* Improve local governments' compliance with statutory requirements and transparency through increased online postings of statutory and other public documents for general public viewing.*		

*Asterisked items address more than one tenet.

Departmental Mission Statement

DOLA strengthens communities and enhances livability in Colorado by providing accessible assistance in the following areas:

- 1. Equitable and consistent implementation of property tax laws
- 2. Community development that is revitalizing and sustainable
- 3. Financial support for community needs
- 4. Safe, affordable housing

DOLA strives to be responsive, attentive, solutions-oriented and respectful, within and beyond our departmental boundaries.

DOLA distills its mission to be: "*Strengthening Colorado's Communities*" and is committed to this motto.

Departmental Vision Statement

The Colorado Department of Local Affairs strengthens communities and enhances livability in Colorado. Using reliable and objective assessment methods, DOLA bridges the gap between localities and state government, partnering with local leadership to solve a wide range of problems and address a broad spectrum of issues and challenges. Through responsive action, flexibility, and unparalleled customer service, DOLA helps to ensure safety, equity, and vitality throughout the state.

DOLA structures its budget with this vision statement in mind. DOLA views itself as a partner to local governments to enhance the livability of Colorado communities through strategic investments using various financial tools and with technical support provided by the department's staff.

Overall DOLA Tenets

1. Assist customers in solving problems

- Respond to customers in a timely, effective and efficient manner.
- Listen respectfully and strive to understand each problem or issue.
- Facilitate dialogue to encourage collaborative and cooperative solutions.
- Provide appropriate financial and technical assistance.
- Connect each customer to the correct person in state government to assist in addressing each issue.

2. Fulfill regulatory responsibilities

- Be knowledgeable of the statutory and regulatory requirements for which we are responsible.
- Provide expertise to customers to help each comply with these requirements.
- Educate customers regarding the intent and application of these requirements.

- Ensure compliance with all requirements.
- Be consistent, fair and timely in the application of these requirements.

3. Cultivate DOLA employees

- Develop DOLA employees professionally so that they can continue to improve service to customers as we encourage retention of effective employees.
- Recognize and reward employee performance.
- Engage employees to continually enhance the department's ability to deliver effective and efficient service to customers.

4. Improve internal business systems

- Maintain an environment of continuous improvement.
- Collaborate across divisions and departments as well as with other stakeholders to improve business systems.
- Ensure use of appropriate and effective technology.
- Advocate for technological capabilities in alignment with customers' needs.

Specific goals and processes are addressed in the respective divisions' chapters in the full Strategic Plan for FY2013-14.

DOLA Customers by Division

DOLA Division	Division Clients
Division of Property Taxation:	County assessors
	Assessment staff
	Exempt property owners
	Property taxpayers
	County commissioners
	County treasurers
	State assessed companies
Board of Assessment Appeals:	Property taxpayers
	Taxpayer representatives
	County assessors and attorneys
	County Boards of Equalization
	Boards of county commissioners
	State Property Tax Administrator
Division of Housing:	Private for-profit and nonprofit
	housing organizations
	Housing authorities
	Colorado renters and homeowners
	Housing manufacturers
	Owners and potential owners of
	factory-built residential and
	non-residential structures
	Nonprofit independent living agencies
	Mental health agencies
	Chronically homeless individuals
Division of Local Government:	Local governments ¹
	State agencies
	Universities
	Private firms
	Nonprofit organizations
	Consultants
	General public

¹ Local governments include municipalities, counties, and special districts

Fund Sources by Division – FY 2013-14

Fund Sources by Division	Executive Director's Office	Division of Property Taxation	Board of Assessment Appeals	Division of Housing	Division of Local Government
ate					
General Fund	٠	•	•	•	•
General Fund Exempt (associated with Volunteer Firefighter Pension Plans)					●
Moffat Tunnel Cash Funds	•				
Property Tax Exemption Cash Funds	۲	٠			
Board of Assessment Cash Funds	۲		•		
Private Activity Bond Allocation Cash Funds	•			٠	
Homeless Prevention Activities Program Cash Funds	•			٠	
Building Regulation Cash Funds	•			٠	
Local Government Energy & Mineral Impact Funds	•	•		•	•
Local Government Severance Tax Funds	٠	٠		٠	•
Conservation Trust Funds	۲				•
Local Government Limited Gaming Impact Funds	•				•
Colorado Search & Rescue Funds	۲				•
Colorado Heritage Communities Grants					•
Departmental or State Indirect Cost Recoveries (State and Federal)	•	•	•		•
Water Pollution Control & Drinking Water Revolving Funds	●				•
ederal					
Community Development Block Grant Funds				•	•
Community Service Block Grant Funds					•
Environmental Protection Agency Funds	•				•
Departmental Indirect Cost Recoveries (various Federal)	•			•	•
Dept of Justice Grant Funds				•	
Department of Housing and Urban Development Grant Funds				•	•
HUD-VA Grant Funds				٠	•
Various Federal Funds	•				

Locations by Divisions

While all of the divisions operate state-wide, some of them have field offices both in and out of the Denver metro area. In addition, all divisions periodically conduct meetings, hearings and trainings statewide.

DOLA Locations by Division	Executive Director's Office	Division of Property Taxation	Board of Assessment Appeals	Division of Housing	Division of Local Government
Denver	•	•	•	•	•
Alamosa					•
Durango				•	•
Glenwood Springs				•	
Golden					۲
Greeley				•	
Grand Junction		•			•
Las Animas & Bent Counties				۲	
Frisco					•
Loveland				•	•
Pueblo				•	•
Sterling					•

Strategic Policy Initiatives

New to the strategic planning process under the SMART Government Act is the identification of "strategic policy initiatives" intended to reflect the individual cultures of Executive Branch Departments. The Department of Local Affairs, through its divisions, engages in numerous services to the State, spelled out in the State constitution or statutes. Yet there are certain functions which are so fundamental that they warrant specific initiatives to advance the work of the department in the coming year and three years into the future. Most of these have been selected from a set of outcomes identified by the respective divisions in the course of annual strategic planning. The first, however, arises from the recent, extensive, and historic flooding in numerous locations throughout Colorado.

Division of Property Taxation

Strategic Policy Initiatives	FY2013-14	FY2015-16	Cross Reference		
Counties in compliance with abatement statutes99%99%		DPT Process #3 [Tenet #2]			
<u>Strategy for improvement</u> : DPT review of abatements over \$10,000 ensures county commissioners are legally granting tax relief to taxpayers who have potentially overpaid taxes on their property, thereby avoiding inappropriate negative effects within the respective taxing authority.					

Strategic Policy Initiatives	FY2013-14	FY2015-16	Cross Reference		
Assessor satisfaction with educational program	85%	85%	DPT Process #4 <i>[Tenet #1]</i>		
<u>Strategy for improvement</u> : DPT must actively market and deliver training which meets the needs of each assessment office, especially in light of staff turnover and assumption of new responsibilities, thereby ensuring statewide understanding of property tax laws and procedures.					
Board of Assessment Anneals					

board of Assessment Appeals

Strategic Policy Initiatives	FY2013-14	FY2015-16	Cross Reference		
Percent of resolved appeals that were resolved within one year of receipt	82%	86%	BAA Process #1 [Tenet #1]		
Strategy for improvement: Expand use of facilitator services and mediation for appeal resolution in order to					

improve taxpayer satisfaction while reducing the average time for appeals to be resolved.

Division of Housing

Strategic Policy Initiatives	FY2013-14	FY2015-16	Cross Reference		
Increased affordable housing supply (from previous year)	2,150	2,800	DOH Process #1 [Tenet #1]		
Strategy for improvement: Increase finan-	cial resources for hous	ing production.			
Improved satisfaction for manufactured builders and buyers	50%	75% DOH Proce			
Strategy for improvement: Reduce timeling	ne for plan reviews and	d approval of permits a	nd building installations.		
Percent of housing vouchers going to disabled and homeless	78%	80%	DOH Process #3 [Tenet #1]		
Strategy for improvement: Link housing assistance to supportive services.					
Percent of Ft. Lyon residents returning to permanent housing	n/ap	75%	DOH Process #4 [Tenet #1]		
Strategy for improvement: Continue supp	ortive services and sec	cure jobs for Fort Lyon	graduates.		

Division of Local Government

Strategic Policy Initiatives	FY2013-14	FY2015-16	Cross Reference			
Estimated new jobs generated by competitive grants (incl. leveraged funds)	1,703	1,737	DLG Process #4 [Tenet #1]			
Strategy for improvement: With the improvement in competitive grant dollars leveraged and reported on by grantees, new jobs generated by competitive grants will increase.						
Percentage of governments in compliance with annual budget document filing requirements95%95%DLG Process #5.2 [Tenet #2]						
<u>Strategy for improvement</u> : Continue providing annual training and communication of requirements to ensure new local government officials and staff are aware of and able to meet requirements.						

Division of Property Taxation (DPT)

Introduction

Under the general laws of Colorado, the Property Tax Administrator heads the Division of Property Taxation.

The Division's charge is to coordinate and administer the implementation of property tax law throughout the sixty-four counties of Colorado to ensure that valuations are uniform and that each property class is responsible for only its fair share of the total property tax obligation. This includes the granting of exemptions, valuation of state assessed companies for ad valorem taxation, providing technical assessment assistance, and promoting the equalization of property valuation.

To fulfill these responsibilities, the division is divided into four sections:

Appraisal Standards Section

Appraisal Standards prepares and publishes appraisal manuals, procedures and instructions. It holds schools and seminars regarding all areas of appraisal. It conducts field studies and provides statewide assistance in agricultural land classification, natural resources and personal property valuation, as well as assistance in the valuation of residential, commercial and industrial properties. The section assists in reappraisal efforts, reviews internal appraisal forms used by assessors, and investigates and responds to taxpayer complaints.

The Appraisal Standards section conducts three tested courses: Basic Appraisal Principles, Basic Appraisal Procedures, and Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP). This section also offers several non-tested courses and workshops throughout the year.

Administrative Resources Section

Administrative Resources prepares and publishes administrative manuals, procedures and instructions. It conducts a number of classes and seminars regarding the administrative functions of the assessors' offices, including one tested course: Introduction to Assessment. It performs field studies and provides statewide assistance with issues such as, tax increment financing, the administration and valuation of manufactured homes, senior and disabled veteran exemptions, classification of property, title conveyance, mapping, production of the Abstract of Assessment, certification of values to taxing entities, and the tax warrant. The section also investigates taxpayer complaints. It is responsible for various studies and reports such as fiscal impacts for Legislative Council, the residential assessment rate study and the Property Tax Administrator's *Annual Report to the General Assembly and State Board of Equalization*. It also coordinates with agencies having an interest in property taxation. In addition, the field staff works closely with assessors in all areas of property taxation. Administrative Resources is also responsible for approving or disapproving all petitions for refund or abatement of taxes in excess of \$10,000.

Exemptions Section

The Exemptions section is responsible for determining qualification for exemption from property taxation for properties that are owned and used for religious, charitable and private school purposes. This section also reviews reports filed annually by exempt property owners to determine if the property's exempt status is still warranted. It also provides assistance to counties and taxpayers with

inquiries about exempt properties, conducts hearings on exemption applications and revocations of exemptions, and defends appeals of its final decisions.

State Assessed Section

The State Assessed section is the only area of the division which regularly performs original valuation of property on an annual basis. The section values all public utilities doing business in Colorado as defined by statute, including: rail transportation companies, airlines, non-renewable and renewable energy companies, and pipelines. The company valuations are then apportioned to the counties for collection of local property tax. Both county commissioners and public utilities may protest the value assigned to state assessed property, and may appeal to the Board of Assessment Appeals (BAA) or Denver District Court if the protest is not resolved at the division level.

Constitutional and Statutory Authority

Article X, Sections 3 and 15, of the Colorado Constitution and Title 39, Articles 1-14, C.R.S.

Mission Statement

The Division staff strives for excellence in all it does to ensure the fairness and equalization of property taxation for all Colorado taxpayers.

Vision Statement

The Division is committed to the fair, accurate and consistent application of property tax law for the benefit of all residents and property owners of this state.

Div. of Property Taxation Customers

County assessors Assessment staff Exempt property owners Property taxpayers County commissioners County treasurers State assessed companies

Fund Sources for Div. of Property Taxation – FY 2013-14

<u>State</u>

General Fund Property Tax Exemption Cash Funds Local Government Energy & Mineral Impact Funds Local Government Severance Tax Funds Departmental or State Indirect Cost Recoveries (State and Federal)

Geographic Locations

Denver *

Grand Junction *

* In addition to these sites, DPT personnel travel throughout the state to deliver educational programs, provide direct assistance to County Assessors, investigate complaints, and address reappraisal orders.

Goals ~ Processes ~ Results

DPT Goal #1: Monitoring the satisfaction of all customer sectors.

(DOLA tenet #1)

<u>Process #1</u>: Monitor customer satisfaction by developing and conducting a survey of customer satisfaction

Includes but is not limited to:

- Obtaining timely objective feedback on the accuracy, timeliness and reliability of services
- o Focus on continuous process improvement in customer service

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE ¹	n/ap ²	n/ap ²	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Number of customers to be asked to participate	391	n/ap	1,983	2000	2,000	2,000

Notes on inputs:

¹ Developed and conducted a customer satisfaction survey once, in February 2010

² New survey to be designed and administered in 2013. Results will help set baseline for future years.

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Report of survey outcomes ¹	n/ap ²	n/ap ²	97% Positive	99% Positive	99% Positive	99% Positive
Number of survey responses received	76 ²	n/ap ²	283	400	600	800

Notes on outputs:

¹ Proposed outcome measures will include a target of 90% customer satisfaction.

² New survey to be designed and administered in 2013. Results will help set baseline for future years.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Customer satisfaction rating	n/a	n/a	97%	98%	98%	98%

DPT Goal #2: Increase core efficiencies and skills of staff.

(DOLA tenet #3)

Process #2: Employee development

Includes but is not limited to:

- Creating opportunities for all employees to stay current on an ever changing industry base and valuation methodologies
- Division will provide each employee with a list of core services of the division, highlighting those pertinent to the respective employee
- Core performance areas to target or improvement are identified by employees, subject to supervisor approval
- Classes and training for staff includes DPT developed and taught classes and other training and classes to improve staff skills provided from both internal and external sources
- Competencies in the most current appraisal, assessment and administrative functions
- Annual performance reviews will give special attention to the respective core areas

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Number of employees eligible to participate in a professional development activity	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	33	33	33	33

Notes on inputs:

¹ Program to be designed and delivered in FY2013.

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Number of employees successfully completing a professional development activity	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	33	33	33	33

Notes on outputs:

¹ Program to be designed and delivered in FY2013.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Employee satisfaction based on feedback survey concluding professional development activity	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	80%	80%	80%

Notes on outcomes:

Commencing 1/1/14, DPT will administer a feedback survey for all employees who engage in professional development activities, including but not limited to training (in house and other), conference attendance, webinars and other forms of professional development. Because this is commencing in January of 2014, there will be no mid-year achievement value for

DPT Goal #3: Reduce number of days to review abatement / refund petitions.

(DOLA tenets #1 and #4)

<u>Process #3</u>: Review, approve or deny petitions for refund or abatement approved by county commissioners for amount >\$10,000

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
Number of petitions ¹	2,028	478 ¹	359	400	400	400

Notes on inputs:

¹ The drop in the number of petitions resulted from a change in the relevant legal threshold for abatement from \$1,000 to \$10,000.

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Average number of days to process petitions for refund or abatement	14.9	15	5.1	8	8	8
Number of petitions processed within 15 days	1,215 ¹	342 1	359	400	400	400
Number of denials (all written)	3	3	3	3	2	2

* Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Notes on outputs:

¹ The drop in the number of petitions resulted from a change in the relevant legal threshold for abatement from \$1,000 to \$10,000.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
 Counties in compliance with abatement statutes 	n/ap	n/ap	99%	99%	99%	99%

• Designates an outcome for which there is a strategic policy initiative identified in Chapter 1 of this plan.

DPT Goal #4: Increase effectiveness of the education program for assessors and staff including training available remotely.

(DOLA tenet #1)

<u>Process #4</u>: Education program for assessor-level staff

- Training staff of the various assessor's offices to address core competencies, thereby reducing errors and creating more accurate property values throughout the state
- Improve pass rate on tested courses
- Improve satisfaction of trainees and county assessors with the training program
- Improve access to distance learning, reducing travel time and overnight costs for nonmetro counties

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	5.0
Catalog of classes maintained	42	45	47	47	50	50
Total of students – all courses ¹	1,434	1,280	1,295	1,300	1,500	1,300
Number of students in tested courses ¹	204	109	157	210	250	210

Notes on inputs:

¹ Student levels are higher in even years, due to the reassessment of property in odd years.

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Number of classes delivered ¹	59	66	58	60	65	60
Pass rate for students in tested courses	98.1%	95% est.	97%	98%	98%	98%
Number of students in tested courses achieving passing scores	101	114	153	206	245	210

* Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Notes on outputs:

¹ Includes delivery of Annual School for Assessors aka Annual Law Seminar for Assessors.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Student satisfaction	92%	92%	92% est.	95%	95%	95%
Assessor satisfaction	88%	89%	88%.	85%	85%	85%

• Designates an outcome for which there is a strategic policy initiative identified in Chapter 1 of this plan. <u>Notes on Outcomes</u>:

¹ Equalization of values throughout the state is mandated by the Colorado Constitution. Trainings of Assessors and assessment staff contribute to more consistent and accurate application of relevant statutes.

DPT Goal #5: Decreasing time to approve or deny exemptions.

(DOLA tenets #1 and #4)

<u>Process #5</u>: Determine qualification for initial and continued property tax exemption for religious, charitable and private school properties

Includes but is not limited to:

- Staff engaged in application of all laws regarding exemption for charitable, religious and private school properties
- On receipt of an initial application for exemption, staff inspects properties to verify that they are owned and used for religious, charitable or private school purposes that qualify for exemption leading to scheduling appropriate actions and more efficient distribution
- Annual review of all currently exempted properties to confirm ownership and ensure use of property is unchanged or take appropriate action to revoke or amend exemption if status has changed
- o Approval or denial of exemption of property from the property tax rolls

Input Measures: FY 2010-11 FY 2011-12 FY 2012-13 FY 2013-14 FY 2014-15 FY 2015-16 Actual Projected Projected Actual Actual Projected 7.86¹ 7.63¹ FTE 10.2 10.2 10.2 10.2 Number of applications 510 573 640 640 650 650 received

Notes on inputs:

During these two years we had staff deployed due to military service and out on extended leave due to illness

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Percent of applications processed within 12 months of receipt (target is 100%)	95.18%	89.45	93% est.	98%	99%	99%
Number of applications approved or denied	562	550	600	625	635	645

DPT Goal #6: Producing accurate, equitable, defensible values for state-assessed properties.

(DOLA tenet #2)

<u>Process #6</u>: Perform property valuation for public utilities, rail transportation companies, airlines and renewable energy facilities; and apportion to respective counties as well as to defend those values when appealed at the Board of Assessment Appeals or district court

Includes but is not limited to:

- o Maintain a staff knowledgeable in all laws & valuation methodology
- Maintain current records, clean up files after valuation season, update and create new files, destroy old files
- o Perform valuations according to statute and required deadlines
- Issue values annually for state assessed properties and communicated to both the company and the counties
- Track protests through the division as well as those appealed to the BAA or the Denver District Court

• Defend any appeals

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	4.5	5.1	4.1	5.1	5.1	5.1
Companies to be valued	526	495	479	480	465	465
Protests	19	29	30	38	35	35
Appeals	16	12	6	10	12	12

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Companies valued	526	495	479	480 est	465	
Appeals resolved prior to hearing ¹	16	13	11	8	9	9
Appealed valuations upheld	0	0	0	1	2	2
Appealed valuations changed by hearing	0	0	0	1	1	1

Notes on outputs: ¹Formal protests and appeals happen in the fiscal year following when the values are set, due to the valuation year being a calendar year and the fiscal year ending June 30. Additionally, not all appeals are resolved within one year, so number of appeals and resolutions may not be mathematically consistent.

Introduction

The Board of Assessment Appeals (BAA) hears appeals filed by real and personal property owners regarding the valuation placed on their property for property tax purposes.

County Assessors are responsible for valuing all property in their county except for exempt property and state assessed properties. Taxpayers may appeal the assigned values to the Assessor and the County Board of Equalization (valuation appeal) or to the Board of County Commissioners (abatement). These cases may then be appealed to the BAA.

State assessed properties and exemptions are appealed to the property tax administrator. These cases may then be appealed to the BAA.

Appeals may also be filed with the BAA when a County Board of Commissioners or a County Board of Equalization has failed to make a timely decision on a matter properly presented.

Such appeals must be made in writing to the Board within 30 days from the date of the decision that is being appealed. After the appeal is docketed, a receipt of appeal is sent to the Petitioner. A notice of hearing is mailed to all parties at least 30 days prior to the scheduled hearing. The Board's decision is transmitted in a written order and mailed to all parties. Board decisions are also posted on the Board's website. Board decisions may be appealed to the Colorado Court of Appeals.

Members of the Board are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the State Senate. By statute, the Governor may appoint from three to nine appraisers to the Board. At this writing, there are eight (8) members of the Board to allow cases to be heard on a timely basis.

Constitutional and Statutory Authority

Article X, Section 3 and Article XII, Section 13 of the Colorado Constitution and Title 39, Article 2, C.R.S.

Mission Statement

The Board of Assessment Appeals exists to strengthen Colorado communities by providing a fair and impartial forum for taxpayers to appeal real and personal property valuations or exemptions.

The Board of Assessment Appeals strives to be:

- Responsive to the needs of taxpayers and counties.
- Careful with resources.
- Solutions-oriented in our approach to problems.
- Respectful of the people with whom we work both inside and outside the Division.

Vision Statement

The Board of Assessment Appeals is recognized for providing an accessible forum for resolving taxpayer valuation and exemption appeals in a fair, impartial and timely manner. In order to achieve this vision, the Board of Assessment Appeals will focus on: (1) reducing the time it takes for a

taxpayer's appeal to be resolved; and (2) improving accessibility to a fair and impartial hearing process for taxpayers.

Customers

Property taxpayers Taxpayer representatives County assessors and attorneys County Boards of Equalization Boards of County Commissioners State Property Tax Administrator

Fund Sources- FY 2013-14

State

General Fund Board of Assessment Cash Funds Departmental or State Indirect Cost Recoveries (State and Federal)

Geographic Locations

Denver *

* There are also occasional visits to Grand Junction and Alamosa to hear appeals for Western Slope and San Luis Valley counties.

Goals ~ Processes ~ Results

BAA Goal #1: Fulfill the Board's statutory responsibilities with improved timeliness for resolving taxpayer appeals.

(DOLA tenets #1 and #2)

BAA Goal #2: Improve customer service and taxpayer education.

(DOLA tenets #1, #2 and #4)

BAA Goal #3: Assist customers by facilitating dialogue among parties to encourage collaborative and cooperative solutions.

(DOLA tenets #1 and #2)

(DOLA tenet #3)

BAA Goal #4: Increase core efficiencies and skills of staff.

BAA Process #1: BAA Hearings process

Includes but is not limited to:

- Employ, train and professionally develop excellent staff and Board members to fulfill the BAA's statutory responsibilities.
- Answer taxpayer questions regarding appeals.
- Develop and provide forms and educational materials to taxpayers concerning how to file an appeal and what to expect at a hearing.

- Receive and docket appeal petitions filed with the BAA.
- o Process fees.
- Issue appeal receipts and notices of hearing.
- Receive and process motions and documents for hearings.
- Hold prehearing conferences and conduct facilitator services and mediations with parties.
- Hold hearings.
- o Use video conference system for hearings and facilitator services when requested.
- Issue orders and written decisions.

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Actual	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE Staff	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Operating Appropriation ¹	\$543,416	\$543,416	\$555,039	\$555,831	\$579,545	\$594,034 ²
FTE Board Members	7.2 ³	7.2 ³				
Number of FTE staff eligible to participate in a professional development activity	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	6	6	6
Number of Board members eligible to participate in a professional development activity	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	8	8	8

Footnotes to Inputs:

¹ The BAA's operating appropriation for FY 2009-2010 was \$683,148. The operating appropriation was cut in FY 2010-11 by over 20%.

²Assumes a 2.5% increase per year.

³ While there are 7.2 FTEs budgeted, there may be as many as 9 Board members appointed at any time per statute.

Additional Input Measures:	FY 2005-06 Actual (Tax Year 2005)	FY 2006-07 Actual (Tax Year 2006)	FY 2007-08 Actual (Tax Year 2007)	FY 2008-09 Actual (Tax Year 2008)	FY 2009-10 Actual (Tax Year 2009)	FY 2010-11 Actual (Tax Year 2010)	FY 2011-12 Actual (Tax Year 2011)	FY 2012-13 Actual (Tax Year 2012)	FY 2013-14 Projected (Tax Year 2013)	FY 2014-15 Projected (Tax Year 2014)	FY 2015-16 Projected (Tax Year 2015)	FY 2016-17 Projected (Tax Year 2016)
Number of Appeals Filed	1,834	1,357	2,386	1,308	3,959	2,111	3,047	1,325	2,200	1,200	2,200	1,200
Two Year Tax Cycle – Number of Appeals Filed	3,1	91	3,6	94 ¹	6,0	70 ¹	4,3	72 ¹	3,4	00^{1}	3,4	00^{1}

Footnotes to Additional Input Measure:

¹ The dramatic increase in appeals filed in FY 2010-2012 can be attributed to the economic downturn and the great recession. The improved economy and rebounding real estate market in FY2013 resulted in a more normal level of appeals. The projected number of appeals for future years assumes a stable and more normal real estate market.

Output Measures:	FY 2005-06 Actual	FY 2006-07 Actual	FY 2007-08 Actual	FY 2008-09 Actual	FY 2009-10 Actual	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected	FY 2016-17 Projected
Number of Appeals Resolved	1,456	1,225	1,749	2,004	2,684	3,347	3,360	2,3871	1,700 ¹	1,200 ¹	1,700	1,200
Two Year Tax Cycle Number of Appeals Resolved	2,6	581	3,7	753	6,0	031	5,7	47 ¹	2,9	00^{1}	2,9	000

Output Measures:	FY 2005-06 Actual	FY 2006-07 Actual	FY 2007-08 Actual	FY 2008-09 Actual	FY 2009-10 Actual	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected	FY 2016-17 Projected
Number of resolved appeals that were resolved within one (1) year of receipt	341	519	579	742	1340	1704	2055	1,874	1,394	1,008	1,462	1,056
Number of pre- hearing conferences, mediations and pro- se facilitator services held	n/ap ²	49	55	60	60	60						
Number of new or modified educational materials or processes implemented	n/av ³	6	9	10	10	10						
Number of employees successfully completing a professional development activity	n/ap	4	5	6	6							
Number of Board members successfully completing a professional development activity	n/ap	7	7	8	8							

Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Footnotes to Output Measures:

¹ The decrease in the number of resolved appeals reflects the successful elimination of a backlog of appeals from previous years. As of 6/30/2013, only 366 appeals remained to be resolved. Only 30 of the 366 appeals had been outstanding longer than 1 year. Most of the 30 appeals very being held in abeyance pending the outcome of decisions by the Court of Appeals.
 ² The BAA did not offer pre-hearing conferences and mediations before FYE 2013.
 ³ The BAA did not track this output before FYE 2013.

Outcomes:	FY 2005-06 Actual	FY 2006-07 Actual	FY 2007-08 Actual	FY 2008-09 Actual	FY 2009-10 Actual	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected	FY 2016-17 Projected
Percent of resolved appeals that were resolved within one (1) year of receipt	23%	42%	33%	37%	50%	51%	61%	79%	82%	84%	86%	88%
Employee satisfaction	n/ap	60%	70%	80%	85%							

Designates an outcome for which there is a strategic policy initiative identified in Chapter 1 of this plan. ٠

Introduction

The Department of Local Affairs, Division of Housing (DOLA Housing Division) works with a variety of partners to increase the availability of affordable housing to residents of Colorado. DOLA Housing Division provides grants, loans, rental subsidies and bond authority to local governments, housing authorities, non-profit organizations, for-profit and non-profit developers, private landlords and other organizations to create, preserve and rehabilitate housing for Colorado's workers, families, seniors and those with special needs. DOLA Housing Division also certifies all factory/ manufactured structures built in or shipped to Colorado and approves multifamily construction in counties with no construction codes.

To assist in meeting the affordable housing needs within the State of Colorado, DOLA Housing Division administers the following grant, loan, and bond authority as well as manufactured housing programs:

- HOME Investment Partnership Grant/Loan Program
- Community Development Block Grant Program
- Emergency Solutions Grant Program
- Housing Opportunities for People with AIDS Grant Program
- Housing Development Grant (HDG) Program
- Housing Development Loan Fund (HDLF)
- Shelter Plus Care Housing Program
- Private Activity Bonds (balance of State) Program
- Housing Choice Voucher, Homeownership and Family Self-Sufficiency Program
- Manufactured Housing Dealer Registration Program
- Inspection and certification programs for all factory-built (modular) housing, commercial structures, and manufactured homes
- Consumer complaint service program for factory/manufactured structures
- Manufactured Home Installation Program
- Homeless Prevention Tax Check Off Program
- Fort Lyon Supportive Housing Program

<u>Colorado State Housing Board</u>: The Colorado State Housing Board (the Board) was created in 1970 to advise the General Assembly, the Governor, and the DOLA Housing Division on Colorado housing needs. The seven member Board reviews financing requests and adopts policies to assist in the development of affordable housing. The Board also adopts regulations governing factory built structures and multifamily housing in counties with no codes.

<u>Preparation of the DOLA Housing Division Strategic Plan</u>: DOLA Housing Division develops two housing plans annually that assist in setting the strategic plan for the Division. The State Consolidated Plan and the Housing Choice Voucher Agency Plan identify DOLA Housing Division strategies and goals to address affordable housing needs in Colorado communities. DOLA Housing Division relies on a number of resources and publications to identify the greatest needs for affordable housing in

Colorado. These sources include a quarterly vacancy survey report, foreclosure report, household income report, housing needs assessments, US census building permits, unemployment reports, economic growth report, public housing waiting lists and the homeless vulnerability index. Information from these reports is supplemented by data from the DOLA demography section and outside sources. All the information referenced above is utilized in preparing the DOLA Housing Division Strategic Plan.

DOLA Housing Division also has a Community Housing Assistance Team, or "CHATS" staff that works one-on-one with local communities throughout Colorado to identify housing needs, prepare housing strategies, identify potential housing projects and create financing packages for new housing and to preserve existing housing. The team has staff in Denver and in three field offices in Colorado. The CHATS work with other affordable housing funders (Colorado Housing Finance Authority, Department of Housing and Urban Development, Rural Development, Mercy Housing, Enterprise Foundation, etc.) to identify and maintain a pipeline of potential affordable housing projects.

Livability Focus: DOLA, in partnership with local governments and the public and private sector, is strategically linking each of its programs to improve people's lives in five areas: jobs, housing, transportation, education and environment. This is accomplished by leveraging program dollars and staff consultation within DOLA for our partners and stakeholders as well as strengthening coordination of services and funding resources from other state agencies. DOLA Housing Division's leadership and participation in this effort is essential.

Because safe and affordable housing is fundamental to the ultimate success of all Colorado communities, DOLA Housing Division will target a number of key objectives with the greatest emphasis on providing housing to those earning less than 50% of the Area Median Income.

Constitutional and Statutory Authority

Title 24, Article 32, Section 702, C.R.S.

Mission Statement

The mission of the DOLA Housing Division is to ensure that Coloradans live in safe, decent, and affordable housing. We do this by helping communities meet their housing goals.

Vision Statement

With stakeholders, create a strategic direction for the DOLA Housing Division to improve the state's impact on affordable housing.

Division of Housing Customers

Private for-profit and nonprofit housing organizations Housing authorities Colorado renters and homeowners Housing manufacturers Owners and potential owners of factory-built residential and non-residential structures Nonprofit independent living agencies Mental health agencies Chronically homeless individuals

Fund Sources for Division of Housing – FY 2013-14

State

General Fund Private Activity Bond Allocation Cash Funds Homeless Prevention Activities Program Cash Funds Building Regulation Cash Funds Local Government Energy & Mineral Impact Funds Local Government Severance Tax Funds

Federal

Community Development Block Grant Funds Departmental Indirect Cost Recoveries (various Federal) Dept of Justice Grant Funds Department of Housing and Urban Development Grant Funds HUD-VA Grant Funds

Locations for Division of Housing

While all of the divisions operate state-wide, some of them have field offices both in and out of the Denver metro area. In addition, all divisions periodically conduct meetings, hearings and trainings statewide.

Denver Durango Glenwood Springs Greeley Las Animas & Bent Counties Loveland Pueblo

Goals ~ Processes ~ Results

Housing Goal #1: Ensure sufficient affordable housing for persons with the lowest incomes

(DOLA tenet #1)

<u>DOH Process #1</u>: Creation of additional affordable housing options for renters and homeowners, especially households in greatest need ^{1, 2}

Includes but is not limited to:

- o Additional homeless beds and resources for service agencies
- Establishing and applying funding priorities for developing housing for households with the lowest incomes
- o Resources for additional special needs housing
- Resources for rental housing assistance
- Educational activities (e.g. Section 8 training, Developer's Tool Kit, Advanced Financing, etc.)

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9
Personal Services Appropriation	\$46,672,018	\$47,877,814	\$12,000,000 _{1,2}	\$12,000,000	\$11,280,000	\$11,280,000
Operating Appropriation	\$298,237	\$298,237	\$298,237	\$298,237	\$298,237	\$298,237
Number of renter households earning less than \$20,000/yr. and paying more than 35% of income for shelter	142,965	142,940	144,369	145,812	147,270	148,742
Number of homeless individuals	18,999	18,999	14,665	18,999	17,500	18,000
Number of special needs individuals needing housing assistance	160,124	168,815	190,110	190,110	190,110	190,110
Number of households on Section 8 housing waiting list (statewide)	58,667	53,297	51,308	52,000	54,000	58,000
Number of Mortgage Default Clients	8,310	10,094	7,210	8,283	6,300	6,000

Footnotes on inputs:

¹ This process also includes establishing funding priorities.

² Additional inputs include \$ 3.2 million of CDBG, \$ 4.7 million of HOME, \$2_ million of HDG, \$1.9million of HDLF and \$ 37 million in Neighborhood Stimulus Grant program, which was last funded in March 2013.

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Rental production	1,121	1,104	1,125	1,750	2,000	2,200
Homeownership production	315	285	366	400	500	600

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Housing Units Constructed & Rehabbed	1,132	1,052	1,003	1,500	1,700	1,800
Foreclosure Prevention thru deferment and/or counseling	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%	90%
Number of shelter beds available	1,962	1,962	2,009	2,000	2,000	1,900
Percent of Section 8 units leased	99.78%	97.73%	96.5%	97%	97%	97%

Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
◆Increased affordable housing supply	1,414	1,408	1,613	2,150	2,500	2,800
Additional construction employment ¹	1,698	1,578	1,505	2,250	2,550	2,700
Additional management employment ²	359	353	360	560	640	704
Additional tax revenue	\$22,491,708	\$20,902,188	\$19,928,607	\$29,803,500	\$33,777,300	\$35,764,200
Resulting recidivism for ex-offenders ³	n/av	n/av	27% ³	27% ³	27% ³	27% ³
Reduced housing costs for nursing home residents with resulting Medicaid savings ⁴	n/av	n/av	\$25,154	\$25,154	\$25,154	\$25,154

• Designates an outcome for which there is a strategic policy initiative identified in Chapter 1 of this plan. Footnotes on outcomes:

¹ National Homebuilders' study uses a multiplier of 1.5 construction jobs for each unit of new construction.

² National Homebuilders' study uses a multiplier of $\underline{.32}$ management jobs for each unit of new construction.

³ Pilot program funded by US Dept of Justice. Current recidivism rate 59% . DOJ grant has been renewed consistent with projected results.

⁴ Savings reported by the Colorado C Transition Program, Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Finance In addition to the above, the Division of Housing will seek data from school districts regarding attendance, reading and math scores, etc.

Housing Goal #2: Fulfill Division's regulatory role as a building department

DOH Process #2: Perform required building-department functions

Includes but is not limited to:

• Utilizing regulatory authority and other resources to maintain safe and decent housing in counties served

(DOLA tenet #2)

- Ensuring that manufactured buildings (residential and nonresidential) are safe and decent
- Promotion of energy efficiency for manufactured and site-built housing
- o Conducting residential and commercial plan reviews
- Inspections of manufactured housing unit plants
- o Field inspection of manufactured housing unit installation
- Inspect site-build housing

• Improve the division's internal standards for success

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	11.7	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3
Personal Services Appropriation	\$1,230,870	\$749,025	\$818,024	\$858,925	\$901,871	\$946,000
Number of plan reviews requested	517	558	550	550	575	590
Number of inspections requested	384	285	240	300	320	340
Number of consumer complaints	6	4	4	4	4	4

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Percent of residential plan reviews completed in 10 days ¹	52%	38%	58%	75%	80%	80%
Percent of commercial plan reviews completed in 20 days ¹	50%	44%	45%	60%	80%	80%
Percent of manufacturer plant inspections that meet request dates	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Percent of consumer complaints resolved within 30 days	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

• Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Footnotes on outputs:

¹ FY 12-13 longer turn-around times because cash funding was withdrawn requiring reduced staffing.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
◆Improved satisfaction for manufactured builders and buyers ¹	n/ap ¹	34%	n/ap ¹	50%	n/ap ¹	75%
Improved energy efficiency 2	30	36	26	20	25	25

• Designates an outcome for which there is a strategic policy initiative identified in Chapter 1 of this plan. <u>Footnotes on outcomes</u>:

¹ Data obtained from biannual DOH"s Office of Housing Technology and Standards Survey; Percent of Customers reporting "Excellent" or "Good" relationship with DOH.

² Annual Survey of Colorado Building Code jurisdictions. Number of local governments adopting latest energy codes. New codes every three years.

Housing Goal #3: Fulfill Division's regulatory role as a statewide housing authority.

(DOLA tenet #2)

DOH Process #3: Perform required housing authority functions

Includes but is not limited to:

- o Manage housing under its jurisdiction
- Manage lease rates to be most cost-effective based on HUD Section 8 performance measures

• Maximize the division's voucher rate while serving households with the lowest incomes as well as those with disabled household members

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	9	17.29	17.29	16.0	16.0	14
Personal Services Appropriation	\$18,000,000	\$37,000,000	\$36,884,430	\$36,884,430	\$32,642,721	n/av
Number of renter households earning less than \$20,000/yr. and paying more than 35% of income for shelter	142,965	142,940	144,369	145,812	147,270	148,742
Number of households requiring rental assistance	58,667	53,297	52,000	52,000	54,000	n/av
Number of housing vouchers available	5,852	5,918	6,023	6,023	6,182	6,182

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Percent of Housing vouchers funding obligated	101.53%	103%	100.1%	100%	101%	100%
Percent of housing vouchers leased	99.78%	97.73%	97%	96%	97%	97%
Percent of correct rental calculations	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

• Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Footnotes on outputs:

¹ In addition to the above, the Division is consolidating 15% of local operations and decentralizing others.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Savings from administrative efficiencies ¹	n/av	\$1,741,343	\$2,237,679	n/av	n/av	n/av
Percent of vouchers going to disabled and homeless ²	TBA	TBA	76% ²	78%	80%	80%

• Designates an outcome for which there is a strategic policy initiative identified in Chapter 1 of this plan. Footnotes on outcomes:

¹ HB11-1230 merges two housing authorities. The cost savings are granted to local contractors.

 2 In contrast, national experience is 29%.

Housing Goal #4: Implement plans for Fort Lyon Supportive Housing Program

(DOLA tenet #1)

DOH Process #4: Perform required oversight of Fort Lyon's operations

Includes but is not limited to:

- Repurpose Fort Lyon to be a supportive residential community for the chronically homeless
- Create a statewide referral system to identify vulnerable homeless individuals, provide permanent housing and treatment, and "measure the daylights out of the program".¹
- o Ensure the successful management of the entire Fort Lyon campus

- Initiate the Start Up of the Fort Lyon supportive residential community and statewide referral system
- Lease up to 200 units of housing at Fort Lyon to chronically homeless by June 30, 2013 and offer mental health and substance abuse treatment, medical care, and job training

 Denver Post editorial May 12, 2013, Governor John Hickenlooper.

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Number of persons housed at Fort Lyon	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	200	300	300
Percent receiving mental health treatment	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	90%	90%	90%
Percent receiving educational & vocational training	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	60%	60%	60%
Percent receiving job training	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	75%	75%	75%

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
 Percent of residents returning to permanent housing 	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	75%	75%
Percent of residents obtaining employment	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	65%	65%

• Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
 Reduction in the number of chronic homeless 	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	0	TBA	TBA
Amount of Public Cost Savings	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	\$3,127,218	\$4,690,827

Designates an outcome for which there is a strategic policy initiative identified in Chapter 1 of this plan.

Introduction

The Division of Local Government (DLG) provides long-term, high quality professional strategic services along with well administered financial assistance to over 3,000 local governments. By providing this unique blend of services, DLG strives to strengthen Colorado's communities by supporting Colorado's local governments and the continuum of good government from the ground up.

In order to integrate the delivery of technical, financial, and information services to local governments, the Division of Local Government (DLG) includes several organizational or functional areas:

Financial Assistance: Local governments can obtain grants and loans for capital improvements and for operations. Supported projects include, but are not limited to, local water and wastewater improvements, local road improvements, municipal and county facilities and public libraries. DLG also administers several formula-based distributions.

Professional Strategic Services:

- **Technical Assistance:** Local government officials receive training, individual support and professional assistance. Topics include, but are not limited to, conduct of local elections, land use planning, downtown revitalization, budgeting, community visioning, financial management, property tax revenue limits, hands-on project development from conception to completion, and compliance with state statutes pertaining to local governments.
- **Regional Services**: Experts on statewide issues, who live and work in the respective regions, provide on-the-ground professional services and assistance. This staff is able to provide more timely and relevant assistance to the local communities from their offices located outside the Denver metro area. They also broker services and act as ombudsmen on behalf of DOLA and other agencies.
- **Disaster Recovery**: (In partnership with the Office of Emergency Management within the Department of Public Safety). In the event of a disaster, DLG's role, in partnership with OEM, is to assist local governments impacted by disaster. DLG's role in such recovery efforts includes working with the local government(s) to establish, open and staff the Disaster Assistance Center (DAC). Additional roles include assistance in community and economic recovery efforts.

State Demography Office: This office creates, organizes and analyzes population and demographic information for the state. Its data are used by State agencies to forecast demand for facilities and services. Demographic data are also used by local governments and non-profit organizations in the state to anticipate growth or decline and to plan and develop programs and community resources. The office makes the data publicly available on DOLA's website, answers requests for economic and demographic data, and provides training workshops on accessing and using the data.

Division staff members partner with local, state, and federal financial resources to support communities at all times and have provided essential guidance during the recent financial downturn. Reductions in severance tax and federal mineral lease cash funds over the past few years have had a significant negative impact on local governments' abilities to fund key capital improvement projects such as water and waste water projects. Restoration of grant funds has permitted some communities to begin to meet the backlog of deferred capital improvements at the local level.

Constitutional and Statutory Authority

Title 24, Article 32, Part 1, C.R.S.

Mission Statement

The Division of Local Government provides high quality professional strategic technical and financial assistance services to local governments and communities throughout Colorado to enable them to achieve sustainable community development.

Vision Statement

The Division of Local Government strengthens Colorado communities by assuring that local governments and their citizens receive the resources they need to achieve their goals.

Div. of Local Government Customers

Local governments¹

State agencies

Universities

Private firms

Nonprofit organizations

Consultants

General public

¹ Local governments include municipalities, counties, and special districts

Fund Sources for Div. of Local Government – FY 2013-14

State

General Fund General Fund Exempt (associated with Volunteer Firefighter Pension Plans) Local Government Energy & Mineral Impact Funds Local Government Severance Tax Funds Conservation Trust Funds Local Government Limited Gaming Impact Funds Colorado Search & Rescue Funds Colorado Heritage Communities Grants Departmental or State Indirect Cost Recoveries (State and Federal) Water Pollution Control & Drinking Water Revolving Funds

Federal

Community Development Block Grant Funds Community Service Block Grant Funds Environmental Protection Agency Funds Departmental Indirect Cost Recoveries (various Federal) Department of Housing and Urban Development Grant Funds HUD-VA Grant Funds

Locations of Div. of Local Government

While all of the divisions operate state-wide, some of them have field offices both in and out of the Denver metro area. In addition, all divisions periodically conduct meetings, hearings and trainings statewide.

Denver Alamosa Durango Golden Grand Junction Frisco Loveland Pueblo Sterling

Goals ~ Processes ~ Results

DLG Goal #1: Assess and improve customer service delivery.

(DOLA tenets #1 and #2)

<u>DLG Process #1</u>: Monitor customer satisfaction by developing and conducting a survey of customer satisfaction

Includes but is not limited to:

• Engage professional firm to develop, administer and assist in interpretation of a customer survey

- Use the 2012 survey results to establish a baseline for future improvements to customer service
- Revise and repeat survey periodically to identify opportunities for service improvements
- Assess viability of survey tool and develop more timely feedback tools to be used more frequently throughout the year

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	1	n/ap ²	n/ap ²	n/ap ²
Number of local government customers	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	3,417	n/ap ²	n/ap ²	n/ap ²
Number of individual customers to be surveyed	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	2,485	n/ap ²	n/ap ²	n/ap ²
Estimated cost of consulting contract for customer satisfaction survey	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	\$20,000	n/ap ²	n/ap ²	n/ap ²

Notes on inputs:

¹ Survey designed and administered in FY 2012-13. Results will help set baseline for future years.

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Customer service approval rating ²	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	94%	n/ap ²	n/ap ²	n/ap ²
Number of individual customers to be surveyed	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	2,485	n/ap ²	n/ap ²	n/ap ²

Notes on outputs:

¹ Survey to be designed and administered in FY 2012. Results will help set baseline for future years.

² In the next version, this may be moved to "outcomes."

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
From survey feedback, achieve percent customer satisfaction level ¹	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	94%	n/av ¹	n/av ¹	n/av ¹

Notes on outcomes:

Survey to be completed periodically. DLG will utilize that feedback to improve its strategies for service delivery.

DLG Goal #2: Increase awareness and knowledge of demographic, economic and financial data among state agencies, local governments and others with the intention of maximizing their use of data in decision-making and service improvement.

(DOLA tenet #1)

DLG Process #2: Create, organize, analyze and publish population, economic and demographic information for the State of Colorado

Includes but is not limited to:

- o Development and release of demographic and economic data
- Presentations to state agencies and local governments how data can be used to improve decision-making

- Production of demographic and economic profiles for communities in the Main Street program
- Development of income survey guidelines for communities to qualify for funding
- Development of tools for customers which integrate demographic, financial and other data
- Creation of a series of webinars to train customer in using demographic and financial data

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	n/av	n/av	6.25	6.25	6.25	6.25
Number of requests for economic and demographic information	31,350	31,500	31,350	31,400	31,500	31,600

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Economic and demographic products and in-depth technical assistance delivered by Demography staff	270	300	310	310	320	330
Main Street profiles completed by Main Street Team of CD Office	n/ap	n/ap	8	4	4	4
Webinars and web-based trainings on financial and demographic tools delivered by Technical Assistance Team and Demographer	n/ap	n/ap	8	8	10	12

• Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Notes on outputs:

Main Street Profiles consist of economic and demographic information, including physical and cultural asset inventories.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Additional web tools available to improve local government effectiveness in using demographic and economic data ¹	3	7	3	3	3	3

Notes on outcomes:

¹ These additional tools permit localities to better link data to planning and decision-making

DLG Goal #3: Enhance local governments' community and economic development efforts.

(DOLA tenet #1)

DLG Process #3: Analyze and respond to local governments' operational needs

Includes but is not limited to:

- Development of tools and outreach strategy for those communities willing to address deficiencies and opportunities
- Provide training, consultation and information in eight subject areas; budget/financial management, land use / environmental planning, general administration, personnel, capital improvements / infrastructure planning, strategic planning, economic development, and elections
- o Technical assistance regarding access to appropriate grants
- o Online, direct and webinar presentations to meet local needs
- Implement the Rural Economic Development Initiative

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	n/av	n/av	16.15	16.15	16.25	16.25
Constituent local governments	3,417	3,417	3,417	3,417	3,417	3,417

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Main Street communities' detailed work plans	n/ap	4	10	12	12	12
Webinar trainings on community development	n/ap	n/ap	50	50	40 1	40 1
Communities receiving intensive technical assistance	326	384	401	225 1	225 '	225 1

◆ Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Notes on outputs:

The Impact Assistance grant program has been reinstated. Consequently, staff will be splitting time between assistance in grant preparation and operational technical assistance.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
For 12 Main Street communities, increased performance in 10 program evaluation criteria	n/av	n/av	1	1	2	2
Communities receiving competitive funding resulting from technical assistance	260	113	120	120	120	120

Notes on outcomes:

As Main Street communities' performance improves, there will be additional spinoff benefits to the state as well as improved local planning.

DLG Goal #4: Improve local governments' capacity to administer and implement grants awarded.

(DOLA tenets #1 and #4)

DLG Process #4: Administer competitive and formula-based grant programs

Includes but is not limited to:

- Development and implementation of competitive grant guidelines, timeframes, evaluation criteria, appropriate advisory committee participation, application processes, and contract execution to award program dollars.
- o Successful application and award of grants
- Reinstatement of Energy Impact grant program
- Utilization of baseline data to track 85% of grantees achieving quarterly submissions and reducing grant violations.
- o Establishment and maintenance of formula-based grant processes
- o Reconciliation with state statutes
- Develop and implement IT processes to improve accountability of customers as well as program management for distribution of funds

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	n/av	n/av	18.5	18.5	18.5	18.5
Competitive grant dollars available	\$29.5 mil	\$10.5 mil	\$35.3 mil	\$89.2 mil	\$93.0 mil	\$93.0 mil
Formula grant dollars available	\$106.1 mil	\$123.1 mil	\$119.4 mil	\$123.0 mil	\$123.0 mil	\$123.0 mil
Aggregate demand for grant funds	\$135.6 mil	\$133.6 mil	\$154.7 mil	\$209.2 mil	\$216.0 mil	\$216.0 mil

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Competitive grant dollars awarded	\$29.5 mil	\$10.5 mil	\$34.8 mil	\$89.2 mil	93.0 mil	93.0 mil
✤Formula grant dollars awarded	\$106.1 mil	\$123.1 mil	\$19.4 mil	\$123.0 mil	\$123.0 mil	\$123.0 mil
Successful contract closeout without violations ¹	n/av	n/av	99.5%	95%	95%	95%

Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Notes on outputs:

¹ This standard is a Federal requirement.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Grants awarded to assist local governments to achieve community and economic development objectives ¹	132	94	414	475	475	475

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Competitive grant dollars leveraged by DLG grants	98.3 mil	24.1 mil	98.5 mil	100.0 mil	100.0 mil	100.0 mil
•Estimated new jobs generated by competitive grants with leverage ²	1,150	311	1,203	1,703	1,737	1,737
Reduction in statutory violations	n/av	n/av	17	2% / year	2% / year	2% / year

• Designates an outcome for which there is a strategic policy initiative identified in Chapter 1 of this plan. Notes on outcomes:

¹ Reduction in leaks in funded water systems increases collections and fees. Also, water quality standards more likely to be achieved.

² Standard forecasting tool shows 9 jobs created for every \$ million spent on economic development from competitive grants awarded – Source: RIMS multiplier.

³ Grants resuming this FY will serve as baseline for 2013-14 and beyond.

DLG Goal #5: Improve local governments' compliance with statutory requirements and transparency through increased online postings of statutory and other public documents for general public viewing.

(DOLA tenets #1 and #4)

<u>DLG Process #5.1</u>: Maintain an effective and efficient system for ensuring public access to local government documents required to be submitted to DLG

Includes but is not limited to:

- o Digitization of public documents required to be filed with DLG
- Posting statutory and other public documents for public viewing

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	n/av	n/av	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25
Local governments subject to transparency requirements	2,946	3,000	3,040	3,228	3,228	3,228
Documents provided by local governments	10k est	10k est	10,555	11k	11k	11k

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Digitized documents of local governments available for viewing	n/ap	n/ap	28,000	39,000	45,000	50,000

* Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Online retrieval requests for public documents, enhancing transparency and accountability of local governments	n/av	n/av	20,915 est.	21,000	21,000	21,000

Notes on outcomes:

¹ Page view count of file retrieval requests used as estimate of FY12-13 actual; source: Google Analytics

<u>DLG Process #5.2</u>: Ensure local governments' compliance with filing of annual budget report

Includes but is not limited to:

- o Staff training, webinars and consultation
- Electronic filing portal
- Technical assistance with budgets
- o Web-based repository for budget information
- o Enhancement of electronic portal for citizen access

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	n/av	n/av	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25
Number of local governments subject to requirement ¹	3,000	3,034	3,064	3,089	3,089	3,089

Notes on inputs:

¹ While there is no data regarding volume of requests, all such requests are satisfied.

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Number of localities receiving technical assistance from Division	507	523	498	509	509	509

* Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Notes on outputs:

¹ While there is limited data regarding volume of requests, all such requests are satisfied.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
• Percentage of governments in compliance 1	95.6%	93.3%	93.5%	95%	95%	95%

• Designates an outcome for which there is a strategic policy initiative identified in Chapter 1 of this plan. <u>Notes on outcomes</u>:

¹ Previously appeared in outputs. This is a continuous process because of the turnover in government officials. For example, in an average year 5% of special districts are in the process of dissolution. Increased compliance results in enhanced transparency of local government activity.

² Transparency rises due to ready access by citizens to their communities' budgets.

DLG Process #5.3: Enforce statutory 5.5% property tax limit

Includes but is not limited to:

- o Comparison property tax limit to local government levies.
- Identification of taxing entities which have exceeded the limit
- If jurisdiction is out of compliance, DLG orders temporary reduction in following year
- Assistance to local governments to develop complying strategies
- Evaluation of ballot language and the results of the election to determine if compliant
- o Maintenance of the information repository for public use

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
FTE	n/av	n/av	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Taxing entities subject to 5.5% property tax revenue limit	3,129	3,161	3,174	3,199	3,199	3,199

Notes on inputs:

¹ Includes tax entities levying zero mills for operations that year.

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Cocalities receiving technical assistance to ensure compliance	1,824	1,835	1,859	1,884	1,884	1,884

* Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

Notes on outputs:

¹ Technical assistance delivered to achieve compliance includes providing draft and final limit calculation or confirmation of election, conducting individual and group training, providing notification for apparent violation, and ordering reduced mill levies for violation

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Percentage/number of non-compliant tax entities receiving order to reduce mill levy ¹	100% / 33	100% / 23	100% / 21	100% / 26	100% / 26	100% / 26

Notes on outcomes:

¹ Increased compliance is expected to lead to greater accountability and improved governance.

DLG Process #5.4: Enforce special district elections compliance

Includes but is not limited to:

- Identify the election needs, develop tools to assist in educating and training, and review results to confirm compliance
- Maintain special districts' elected board and officer contact information accessible for the public
- Verification that appropriate elections held and reported in accordance with statute

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	n/av	n/av	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25
Number of special districts subject to requirement ¹	1,915	1,938	1,950	1,975	1,975	1,975

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Localities receiving technical assistance to achieve compliance ¹	1,835	0 ²	1,835	0 2	1,955	0 ²

Notes on outputs:

¹ Technical assistance delivered to achieve compliance includes providing copes of election law and forms, conduction individual and group training, and providing notification for failure to file.

² Only applicable in election years. Zero's reflect no elections.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11	FY 2011-12	FY 2012-13	FY 2013-14	FY 2014-15	FY 2015-16
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Projected	Projected	Projected
Percent in compliance / # not in compliance. Verification that all required elections are reported to DOLA ¹	93% / 134	n/ap 1	92.3% / 151	n/ap 1	93% / 138	n/ap 1

Notes on outcomes:

¹ Because elections occur generally in even years, compliance work occurs in the succeeding period so that by the next cycle is generally resolved. Notification ensures that citizens know the identity of their elected officials, which assists them in ensuring that services are provided.

DLG Goal #6: Increase core efficiencies and skills of staff.

(DOLA tenet #3)

<u>DLG Process #6</u>: Employee support and development

(Results from the first DLG employee survey clearly showed DLG employees have 3 key areas for division-wide focus: improved shared communication between sections; support employees, and program integration and utilization.)

Includes but is not limited to:

- Creating opportunities for all employees to stay current on knowledge and best practices in their areas of professional expertise and to acquire skills to enable professional development. (Both externally or internally provided courses, trainings, workshops are acceptable. Core performance areas to target for improvement are identified by employees in the annual IPO, subject to supervisor approval)
- Creating opportunities for program integration and utilization
- o Creating opportunities for information sharing and general education within DLG

Input Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
FTE	n/ap ¹	n/ap1	n/ap ¹	0.5	0.5	0.5
Number of employees eligible to participate in a professional development activity and communications initiatives	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	43	43	43

Notes on inputs:

¹ Program to be designed and delivered in FY2014.

Output Measures:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Number of employees successfully completing a professional development activity	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	23	33	43
Number of opportunities created to improve program integration and utilization	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	5	8	12
Number of opportunities created to improve communication within DLG	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	n/ap ¹	5	8	12

* Designates an output for tracking in the statewide system.

<u>Notes on inputs:</u> ¹ Program to be designed and delivered in FY2014.

Outcomes:	FY 2010-11 Actual	FY 2011-12 Actual	FY 2012-13 Actual	FY 2013-14 Projected	FY 2014-15 Projected	FY 2015-16 Projected
Number of employees reaching a designated certification level for their area of expertise	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	1	5	10
Employee satisfaction	n/ap	n/ap	n/ap	80%	85%	90%