

HIV SURVEILLANCE QUARTERLY REPORT, 2nd Quarter 2025

STI/HIV/Viral Hepatitis Surveillance Program, Published October 2025



COLORADO

Department of Public Health & Environment

HIV diagnoses and AIDS diagnoses occurring January 1, 2025 through June 30, 2025; and people diagnosed with HIV, reported in Colorado, and presumed to be living as of June 30, 2025

	New HIV Diagnoses							New AIDS diagnoses ⁴		PLHIVdx as of 06/30/25		Viral Suppression ⁵	
	Total		Non Concurrent AIDS diagnosis		Concurrent with AIDS diagnosis ²			No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	Row % ³						
Total	201	100%	167	100%	34	100%	17%	18	100%	15,923	100%	8,554	54%
Gender⁷													
Man	167	83%	138	83%	29	85%	17%	16	89%	13,601	85%	7,206	53%
Transgender Man	1	0.5%	1	1%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	22	0.1%	18	82%
Transgender Woman	4	2%	4	2%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	213	1%	127	60%
Woman	29	14%	24	14%	5	15%	17%	2	11%	2,087	13%	1,203	58%
Unknown	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Race and Hispanic Origin⁸													
Asian/Pacific Islander, NH	5	2%	5	3%	0	0%	0%	1	6%	270	2%	161	60%
Black/African American, NH	27	13%	24	14%	3	9%	11%	1	6%	2,578	16%	1,351	52%
Hispanic/Latino/a/x (All Races)	100	50%	79	47%	21	62%	21%	13	72%	4,444	28%	2,550	57%
Indigenous/Native American, NH	2	1%	1	1%	1	3%	50%	0	0%	107	1%	59	55%
Multiple Race/Unknown, NH	1	0.5%	1	1%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	325	2%	168	52%
White, NH	66	33%	57	34%	9	26%	14%	3	17%	8,199	51%	4,265	52%
Age group (years)⁹													
Under 13	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	11	0.1%	9	82%
13-24	49	24%	46	28%	3	9%	6%	2	11%	358	2%	239	67%
25-34	79	39%	67	40%	12	35%	15%	10	56%	2,258	14%	1,383	61%
35-44	36	18%	29	17%	7	21%	19%	3	17%	3,123	20%	1,906	61%
45-54	16	8%	9	5%	7	21%	44%	3	17%	2,917	18%	1,745	60%
55-64	15	7%	12	7%	3	9%	20%	0	0%	4,037	25%	2,106	52%
65 and over	6	3%	4	2%	2	6%	33%	0	0%	3,219	20%	1,166	36%
County of Residence¹⁰													
Denver TGA ¹¹	133	66%	110	66%	23	68%	17%	11	61%	11,426	72%	5,980	52%
Non-TGA Urban ¹²	52	26%	44	26%	8	24%	15%	6	33%	3,231	20%	1,869	58%
Rural	16	8%	13	8%	3	9%	19%	1	6%	1,254	8%	705	56%
Unknown	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	12	0.1%	0	0%
Exposure Category													
Heterosexual contact	6	3%	4	2%	2	6%	33%	1	6%	1,600	10%	929	58%
Injection Drug Use (IDU)	14	7%	11	7%	3	9%	21%	3	17%	786	5%	354	45%
Male-male sex (MSM)	82	41%	75	45%	7	21%	9%	4	22%	10,046	63%	5,484	55%
MSM & IDU	3	1%	2	1%	1	3%	33%	1	6%	1,397	9%	764	55%
Pediatric ¹³	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	175	1%	109	62%
Transfusion/Hemophiliac	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	26	0.2%	10	38%
No Identified Risk ¹⁴ /Other	96	48%	75	45%	21	62%	22%	9	50%	1,893	12%	904	48%

Data Source: enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS). PLHIV=People living with HIV; dx=diagnosis/diagnosed; N/A=Not applicable. All percents are column percents unless otherwise indicated and may not equal 100% due to rounding. ¹For events reported by September 30th, 2025. ²HIV diagnosed concurrently with AIDS (within 30 days of HIV diagnosis). ³Row percent is percent of total HIV diagnoses that were concurrent with AIDS diagnoses. ⁴AIDS=Stage 3, diagnosed with a cd4 count <200 or in the absence of a cd4 count, a cd4 percent <14. Includes concurrent AIDS diagnoses and those that progressed to AIDS. ⁵Includes those labs from the previous 12 months. Suppressed includes a viral load ≤200 cells/mL. ⁶Row percent of PLHIVdx as of 06/30/25. ⁷Sex at birth used when gender identity was unknown. ⁸NH=Non-Hispanic. ⁹For HIV and AIDS diagnoses, age at diagnosis; for PLHIVdx and vl suppression, age as of June 30, 2025. ¹⁰For HIV and AIDS diagnoses, residence at diagnosis; for PLHIVdx and vl suppression, residence as of June 30, 2025. ¹¹Includes Adams, Arapahoe, Broomfield, Denver, Douglas, and Jefferson counties. ¹²Includes Boulder, El Paso, Larimer, Mesa, Pueblo, and Weld counties. ¹³Pediatric cases are individuals under age 13 years at the time of diagnosis. ¹⁴No Identified Risk will be reduced over a 12 month period after diagnosis as new risks are reported. The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment acknowledges that social, economic and environmental inequities result in adverse health outcomes and have a greater impact than individual choices. Reducing health disparities through systems change can help improve opportunities for all Coloradans.