## HIV SURVEILLANCE QUARTERLY REPORT, 1st Quarter 2025

STI/HIV/Viral Hepatitis Surveillance Program, Published July 2025



HIV diagnoses and AIDS diagnoses occurring January 1, 2025 through March 31, 2025; and people diagnosed with HIV, reported in Colorado, and presumed to be living as of March 31, 2025

, ,	New HIV Diagnoses							New AIDS diagnoses <sup>4</sup>		PLHIVdx as of 03/31/25		Viral Suppression <sup>5</sup>	
	Total		Non Concurrent AIDS diagnosis		Concurrent with AIDS diagnosis <sup>2</sup>		_						Row
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	Row % <sup>3</sup>	No.	%	No.	%	No.	% <sup>6</sup>
Total	109	100%	97	100%	12	100%	11%	10	100%	15,798	100%	8,457	54%
Gender'													
Man	87	80%	79	81%	8	67%	<b>9</b> %	8	80%	13,501	85%	7,147	53%
Transgender Man	1	1%	1	1%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	22	0.1%	15	68%
Transgender Woman	2	2%	2	2%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	210	1%	134	64%
Woman	19	17%	15	15%	4	33%	21%	2	20%	2,065	13%	1,161	56%
Unknown	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
Race and Hispanic Origin <sup>8</sup>													
Asian/Pacific Islander, NH	3	3%	3	3%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	268	2%	158	59%
Black/African American, NH	15	14%	14	14%	1	8%	<b>7</b> %	0	0%	2,545	16%	1,325	52%
Hispanic/Latino/a/x (All Races)	57	52%	50	52%	7	58%	12%	8	80%	4,379	28%	2,474	56%
Indigenous/Native American, NH	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	105	1%	64	61%
Multiple Race/Unknown, NH	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		0	0%	318	2%	162	51%
White, NH	34	31%	30	31%	4	33%	12%	2	20%	8,183	52%	4,274	52%
Age group (years) <sup>9</sup>													
Under 13	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	13	0.1%	9	69%
13-24	25	23%	24	25%	1	8%		1	10%	355	2%	227	64%
25-34	48	44%	43	44%	5	42%		6	60%	2,269	14%	1,380	61%
35-44	19	17%	14	14%	5	42%		2	20%	3,073	19%	1,850	60%
45-54	7	6%	6	6%	1	8%	14%	1	10%	2,903	18%	1,727	59%
55-64	7	6%	7	7%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	4,034	26%	2,098	52%
65 and over	3	3%	3	3%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	3,151	20%	1,166	37%
County of Residence <sup>10</sup>													
Denver TGA <sup>11</sup>	70	64%	65	67%	5	42%	7%	6	60%	11,342	<b>72</b> %	5,938	52%
Non-TGA Urban <sup>12</sup>	30	28%	25	26%	5	42%	17%	3	30%	3,205	20%	1,830	57%
Rural	9	8%	7	7%	2	17%		1	10%	1,232	8%	688	56%
Unknown	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		0	0%	19	0.1%	1	5%
Exposure Category													
Heterosexual contact	6	6%	4	4%	2	17%	33%	0	0%	1,596	10%	923	58%
Injection Drug Use (IDU)	7	<b>6</b> %	6	6%	1	8%	14%	1	10%	774	5%	339	44%
Male-male sex (MSM)	44	40%	42	43%	2	17%	5%	3	30%	9,996	63%	5,490	55%
MSM & IDU	3	3%	2	2%	1	8%	33%	1	10%	1,402	<b>9</b> %	749	53%
Pediatric <sup>13</sup>	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	171	1%	102	60%
Transfusion/Hemophiliac	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%		0	0%	25	0.2%	8	32%
No Identified Risk <sup>14</sup> /Other	49	45%	43	44%	6	50%		5	50%	1,833	12%	846	46%

Data Source: enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS). PLHIV=People living with HIV; dx=diagnosis/diagnosed; N/A=Not applicable. All percents are column percents unless otherwise indicated and may not equal 100% due to rounding. ¹For events reported by June 30th, 2025. ²HIV diagnosed concurrently with AIDS (within 30 days of HIV diagnosis). ³Row percent is percent of total HIV diagnoses that were concurrent with AIDS diagnoses. ⁴AIDS=Stage 3, diagnosed with a cd4 count <200 or in the absence of a cd4 count, a cd4 percent <14. Includes concurrent AIDS diagnoses and those that progressed to AIDS. ⁵Includes those labs from the previous 12 months. Suppressed includes a viral load ≤200 cells/mL. ⁴Row percent of PLHIVdx as of 03/31/25. ⁻Sex at birth used when gender identity was unknown. <sup>8</sup>NH=Non-Hispanic. <sup>9</sup>For HIV and AIDS diagnoses, age at diagnosis; for PLHIVdx and vl suppression, age as of March 31, 2025. ¹¹For HIV and AIDS diagnoses, residence at diagnosis; for PLHIVdx and vl suppression, residence as of March 31, 2025. ¹¹Includes Adams, Arapahoe, Broomfield, Denver, Douglas, and Jefferson counties. ¹²Includes Boulder, El Paso, Larimer, Mesa, Pueblo, and Weld counties. ¹³Pediatric cases are individuals under age 13 years at the time of diagnosis. ¹⁴No Identified Risk will be reduced over a 12 month period after diagnosis as new risks are reported. The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment acknowledges that social, economic and environmental inequities result in adverse health outcomes and have a greater impact than individual choices. Reducing health disparities through systems change can help improve opportunities for all Coloradans.