

HIV SURVEILLANCE QUARTERLY REPORT, 4th Quarter 2023

STI/HIV/Viral Hepatitis Surveillance Program, Published April 2024



COLORADO
Department of Public Health & Environment

HIV diagnoses and AIDS diagnoses occurring January 1, 2023 through December 31, 2023; and people diagnosed with HIV, reported in Colorado, and presumed to be living as of December 31, 2023

	New HIV Diagnoses							New AIDS diagnoses ⁴		PLHIVdx as of 12/31/23		Viral Suppression ⁵	
	Total		Non Concurrent AIDS diagnosis		Concurrent with AIDS diagnosis ²			No.	%	No.	%	No.	Row % ⁶
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	Row % ³						
Total	479	100%	389	100%	90	100%	19%	95	100%	15,414	100%	8,439	55%
Gender⁷													
Man	411	86%	329	85%	82	91%	20%	81	85%	13,214	86%	7,177	54%
Transgender Man	3	1%	3	1%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	14	0.1%	10	71%
Transgender Woman	20	4%	18	5%	2	2%	10%	2	2%	198	1%	114	58%
Woman	44	9%	39	10%	5	6%	11%	11	12%	1,982	13%	1,134	57%
Unknown	1	0.2%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	1	1%	6	<0.1%	4	67%
Race and Hispanic Origin⁸													
Asian/Pacific Islander, NH	11	2%	9	2%	2	2%	18%	1	1%	247	2%	153	62%
Black/African American, NH	67	14%	56	14%	11	12%	16%	15	16%	2,463	16%	1,330	54%
Hispanic/Latino/a/x (All Races)	223	47%	170	44%	53	59%	24%	51	54%	4,047	26%	2,322	57%
Indigenous/Native American, NH	5	1%	2	1%	3	3%	60%	1	1%	111	1%	59	53%
Multiple Race/Unknown, NH	3	1%	3	1%	0	0%	0%	1	1%	254	2%	159	63%
White, NH	170	35%	149	38%	21	23%	12%	26	27%	8,244	53%	4,416	54%
Unknown	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	48	0.3%	0	0%
Age group (years)⁹													
Under 13	1	0.2%	1	0.3%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	16	0.1%	13	81%
13-24	92	19%	82	21%	10	11%	11%	10	11%	351	2%	227	65%
25-34	209	44%	167	43%	42	47%	20%	39	41%	2,167	14%	1,378	64%
35-44	105	22%	85	22%	20	22%	19%	26	27%	2,976	19%	1,817	61%
45-54	46	10%	36	9%	10	11%	22%	12	13%	2,917	19%	1,755	60%
55-64	21	4%	14	4%	7	8%	33%	7	7%	4,156	27%	2,201	53%
65 and over	5	1%	4	1%	1	1%	20%	1	1%	2,831	18%	1,048	37%
County of Residence¹⁰													
Denver TGA ¹¹	338	71%	271	70%	67	74%	20%	74	78%	11,114	72%	5,950	54%
Non-TGA Urban ¹²	116	24%	100	26%	16	18%	14%	15	16%	3,086	20%	1,812	59%
Rural	25	5%	18	5%	7	8%	28%	6	6%	1,196	8%	677	57%
Unknown	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	18	0.1%	0	0%
Exposure Category													
Heterosexual contact	22	5%	18	5%	4	4%	18%	5	5%	1,579	10%	909	58%
Injection Drug Use (IDU)	15	3%	14	4%	1	1%	7%	4	4%	786	5%	363	46%
Male-male sex (MSM)	307	64%	255	66%	52	58%	17%	46	48%	9,827	64%	5,547	56%
MSM & IDU	12	3%	10	3%	2	2%	17%	4	4%	1,390	9%	755	54%
Pediatric ¹³	1	0.2%	1	0.3%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	156	1%	0	0%
Transfusion/Hemophiliac	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	28	0.2%	14	50%
No Identified Risk ¹⁴ /Other	122	25%	91	23%	31	34%	25%	36	38%	1,647	11%	755	46%

Data Source: enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS). PLHIV=People living with HIV; dx=diagnosis/diagnosed; N/A=Not applicable. All percents are column percents unless otherwise indicated and may not equal 100% due to rounding. ¹For events reported by March 31, 2024. ²HIV diagnosed concurrently with AIDS (within 30 days of HIV diagnosis). ³Row percent is percent of total HIV diagnoses that were concurrent with AIDS diagnoses. ⁴AIDS=Stage 3, diagnosed with a cd4 count <200 or in the absence of a cd4 count, a cd4 percent <14. Includes concurrent AIDS diagnoses and those that progressed to AIDS. ⁵Includes those labs from the previous 12 months. Suppressed includes a viral load ≤200 cells/mL. ⁶Row percent of PLHIVdx as of 12/31/23. ⁷Sex at birth used when gender identity was unknown. ⁸NH=Non-Hispanic. ⁹For HIV and AIDS diagnoses, age at diagnosis; for PLHIVdx and vl suppression, age as of December 31, 2023. ¹⁰For HIV and AIDS diagnoses, residence at diagnosis; for PLHIVdx and vl suppression, residence as of December 31, 2023. ¹¹Includes Adams, Arapahoe, Broomfield, Denver, Douglas, and Jefferson counties. ¹²Includes Boulder, El Paso, Larimer, Mesa, Pueblo, and Weld counties. ¹³Pediatric cases are individuals under age 13 years at the time of diagnosis. ¹⁴No Identified Risk will be reduced over a 12 month period after diagnosis as new risks are reported. The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment acknowledges that social, economic and environmental inequities result in adverse health outcomes and have a greater impact than individual choices. Reducing health disparities through systems change can help improve opportunities for all Coloradans.