

HIV SURVEILLANCE QUARTERLY REPORT, 2ND Quarter 2023

STI/HIV/Viral Hepatitis Surveillance Program, Published October 2023



COLORADO
Department of Public
Health & Environment

HIV diagnoses and AIDS diagnoses occurring January 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023; and people diagnosed with HIV, reported in Colorado, and presumed to be living as of June 30, 2023

	New HIV Diagnoses							New AIDS diagnoses ⁴		PLHIVdx as of 06/30/23		Viral Suppression ⁵	
	Total		Non Concurrent AIDS diagnosis		Concurrent with AIDS diagnosis ²			No.	%	No.	%	No.	Row % ⁶
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	Row % ³						
Total	223	100%	171	100%	52	100%	23%	47	100%	15,124	100%	8,133	54%
Gender⁷													
Man	200	90%	150	88%	50	96%	25%	41	87%	13,019	86%	6,925	53%
Transgender Man	3	1%	3	2%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	13	0.1%	9	69%
Transgender Woman	4	2%	4	2%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	143	1%	78	55%
Woman	16	7%	14	8%	2	4%	13%	6	13%	1,949	13%	1,121	58%
Race and Hispanic Origin⁸													
Asian/Pacific Islander, NH	5	2%	4	2%	1	2%	20%	0	0%	234	2%	151	65%
Black/African American, NH	36	16%	29	17%	7	13%	19%	7	15%	2,421	16%	1,279	53%
Hispanic/Latino/a/x (All Races)	101	45%	71	42%	30	58%	30%	25	53%	3,850	25%	2,187	57%
Indigenous/Native American, NH	3	1%	0	0%	3	6%	100%	1	2%	105	1%	57	54%
Multiple Race/Unknown, NH	1	0.4%	1	1%	0	0%	0%	1	2%	249	2%	157	63%
White, NH	77	35%	66	39%	11	21%	14%	13	28%	8,217	54%	4,302	52%
Unknown	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	48	102%	0	0%	0	0%
Age group (years)⁹													
Under 13	1	0.4%	1	1%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	14	0.1%	9	64%
13-24	44	20%	39	23%	5	10%	11%	5	11%	330	2%	227	69%
25-34	98	44%	70	41%	28	54%	29%	21	45%	2,092	14%	1,328	63%
35-44	51	23%	42	25%	9	17%	18%	11	23%	2,884	19%	1,737	60%
45-54	18	8%	13	8%	5	10%	28%	7	15%	2,984	20%	1,754	59%
55-64	8	4%	4	2%	4	8%	50%	2	4%	4,148	27%	2,130	51%
65 and over	3	1%	2	1%	1	2%	33%	1	2%	2,672	18%	948	35%
County of Residence¹⁰													
Denver TGA ¹¹	152	68%	115	67%	37	71%	24%	36	77%	10,895	72%	5,737	53%
Non-TGA Urban ¹²	58	26%	48	28%	10	19%	17%	8	17%	3,013	20%	1,705	57%
Rural	13	6%	8	5%	5	10%	38%	3	6%	1,200	8%	690	58%
Unknown	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	16	0.1%	1	6%
Exposure Category													
Heterosexual contact	14	6%	11	6%	3	6%	21%	4	9%	1,582	10%	933	59%
Injection Drug Use (IDU)	5	2%	5	3%	0	0%	0%	1	2%	783	5%	348	44%
Male-male sex (MSM)	143	64%	111	65%	32	62%	22%	23	49%	9,623	64%	5,317	55%
MSM & IDU	4	2%	2	1%	2	4%	50%	4	9%	1,384	9%	739	53%
Pediatric ¹³	1	0.4%	1	1%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	156	1%	97	62%
Transfusion/Hemophiliac	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	29	0.2%	15	52%
No Identified Risk ¹⁴ /Other	56	25%	41	24%	15	29%	27%	15	32%	1,567	10%	684	44%

Data Source: enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS). PLHIV=People living with HIV; dx=diagnosis/diagnosed; N/A=Not applicable. All percents are column percents unless otherwise

indicated and may not equal 100% due to rounding. ¹For events reported by September 30th, 2023. ²HIV diagnosed concurrently with AIDS (within 30 days of HIV diagnosis). ³Row percent is percent of total HIV diagnoses that were concurrent with AIDS diagnoses. ⁴AIDS=Stage 3, diagnosed with a cd4 count <200 or in the absence of a cd4 count, a cd4 percent <14. Includes concurrent AIDS diagnoses and those that progressed to AIDS. ⁵Includes those labs from the previous 12 months. Suppressed includes a viral load ≤200 cells/mL. ⁶Row percent of PLHIVdx as of 06/30/23. ⁷Sex at birth used when gender identity was unknown. ⁸NH=Non-Hispanic. ⁹For HIV and AIDS diagnoses, age at diagnosis; for PLHIVdx and vl suppression, age as of June 30, 2022. ¹⁰For HIV and AIDS diagnoses, residence at diagnosis; for PLHIVdx and vl suppression, residence as of June 30, 2023. ¹¹Includes Adams, Arapahoe, Broomfield, Denver, Douglas, and Jefferson counties. ¹²Includes Boulder, El Paso, Larimer, Mesa, Pueblo, and Weld counties. ¹³Pediatric cases are individuals under age 13 years at the time of diagnosis. ¹⁴No Identified Risk will be reduced over a 12 month period after diagnosis as new risks are reported. The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment acknowledges that social, economic and environmental inequities result in adverse health outcomes and have a greater impact than individual choices. Reducing health disparities through systems change can help improve opportunities for all Coloradans.