

HIV SURVEILLANCE QUARTERLY REPORT, 3rd Quarter 2022

STI/HIV/Viral Hepatitis Surveillance Program, Published January 2023



COLORADO
Department of Public Health & Environment

HIV diagnoses and AIDS diagnoses occurring January 1, 2022 through September 30, 2022; and people diagnosed with HIV, reported in Colorado, and presumed to be living as of September 30, 2022

	New HIV Diagnoses							New AIDS diagnoses ⁴		PLHIVdx as of 09/30/22		Viral Suppression ⁵	
	Total		Non Concurrent AIDS diagnosis		Concurrent with AIDS diagnosis ²			No.	%	No.	%	No.	Row % ⁶
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	Row % ³						
Total	327	100%	266	100%	61	100%	19%	64	100%	14,760	100%	7,900	54%
Gender⁷													
Man	273	83%	217	82%	56	92%	21%	55	86%	12,693	86%	6,703	53%
Transgender Man	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	12	0.1%	10	83%
Transgender Woman	9	3%	9	3%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	143	1%	79	55%
Woman	45	14%	40	15%	5	8%	11%	9	14%	1,912	13%	1,108	58%
Race and Hispanic Origin⁸													
Asian/Pacific Islander, NH	5	2%	2	1%	3	5%	60%	1	2%	212	1%	136	64%
Black/African American, NH	40	12%	34	13%	6	10%	15%	12	19%	2,347	16%	1,248	53%
Hispanic/Latino/a/x (All Races)	130	40%	111	42%	19	31%	15%	21	33%	3,680	25%	2,035	55%
Indigenous/Native American, NH	4	1%	2	1%	2	3%	50%	1	2%	107	1%	61	57%
Multiple Race/Unknown, NH	1	0.3%	1	0.4%	0	0%	0%	1	2%	294	2%	148	50%
White, NH	147	45%	116	44%	31	51%	21%	28	44%	8,272	56%	4,272	52%
Age group (years)⁹													
Under 13	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	16	0.1%	9	56%
13-24	54	17%	48	18%	6	10%	11%	2	3%	301	2%	213	71%
25-34	134	41%	114	43%	20	33%	15%	20	31%	2,066	14%	1,274	62%
35-44	85	26%	68	26%	17	28%	20%	20	31%	2,749	19%	1,655	60%
45-54	27	8%	18	7%	9	15%	33%	12	19%	3,124	21%	1,778	57%
55-64	20	6%	13	5%	7	11%	35%	9	14%	4,176	28%	2,079	50%
65 and over	7	2%	5	2%	2	3%	29%	1	2%	2,480	17%	892	36%
County of Residence¹⁰													
Denver TGA ¹¹	200	61%	164	62%	36	59%	18%	41	64%	10,764	73%	5,597	52%
Non-TGA Urban ¹²	109	33%	90	34%	19	31%	17%	18	28%	2,971	20%	1,640	55%
Rural	18	6%	12	5%	6	10%	33%	5	8%	1,161	8%	663	57%
Unknown	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	16	0.1%	0	0%
Exposure Category													
Heterosexual contact	26	8%	24	9%	2	3%	8%	5	8%	1,535	10%	885	58%
Injection Drug Use (IDU)	10	3%	9	3%	1	2%	10%	1	2%	803	5%	350	44%
Male-male sex (MSM)	195	60%	159	60%	36	59%	18%	35	55%	9,460	64%	5,139	54%
MSM & IDU	12	4%	10	4%	2	3%	17%	2	3%	1,435	10%	754	53%
Pediatric ¹³	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	155	1%	99	64%
Transfusion/Hemophiliac	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0%	0	0%	32	0.2%	14	44%
No Identified Risk ¹⁴ /Other	84	26%	64	24%	20	33%	24%	21	33%	1,492	10%	659	44%

Data Source: enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS). PLHIV=People living with HIV; dx=diagnosis/diagnosed; N/A=Not applicable. All percents are column percents unless otherwise

indicated and may not equal 100% due to rounding. ¹For events reported by December 31, 2022. ²HIV diagnosed concurrently with AIDS (within 30 days of HIV diagnosis). ³Row percent is percent of total HIV diagnoses that were concurrent with AIDS diagnoses. ⁴AIDS=Stage 3, diagnosed with a cd4 count <200 or in the absence of a cd4 count, a cd4 percent <14. Includes concurrent AIDS diagnoses and those that progressed to AIDS. ⁵Includes those labs from the previous 12 months. Suppressed includes a viral load ≤200 cells/mL. ⁶Row percent of PLHIVdx as of 09/30/22. ⁷Sex at birth used when gender identity was unknown. ⁸NH=Non-Hispanic. ⁹For HIV and AIDS diagnoses, age at diagnosis; for PLHIVdx and vl suppression, age as of September 30, 2022. ¹⁰For HIV and AIDS diagnoses, residence at diagnosis; for PLHIVdx and vl suppression, residence as of September 30, 2022. ¹¹Includes Adams, Arapahoe, Broomfield, Denver, Douglas, and Jefferson counties. ¹²Includes Boulder, El Paso, Larimer, Mesa, Pueblo, and Weld counties. ¹³Pediatric cases are individuals under age 13 years at the time of diagnosis. ¹⁴No Identified Risk will be reduced over a 12 month period after diagnosis as new risks are reported. The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment acknowledges that social, economic and environmental inequities result in adverse health outcomes and have a greater impact than individual choices. Reducing health disparities through systems change can help improve opportunities for all Coloradans.