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Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site

Information Exchange

THIRD QUARTER 2002



Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment

This is a numerical summary of environmental surveillance measurements performed by the Department during the past quarter. Also included are additional data for earlier periods that have not been reported previously.



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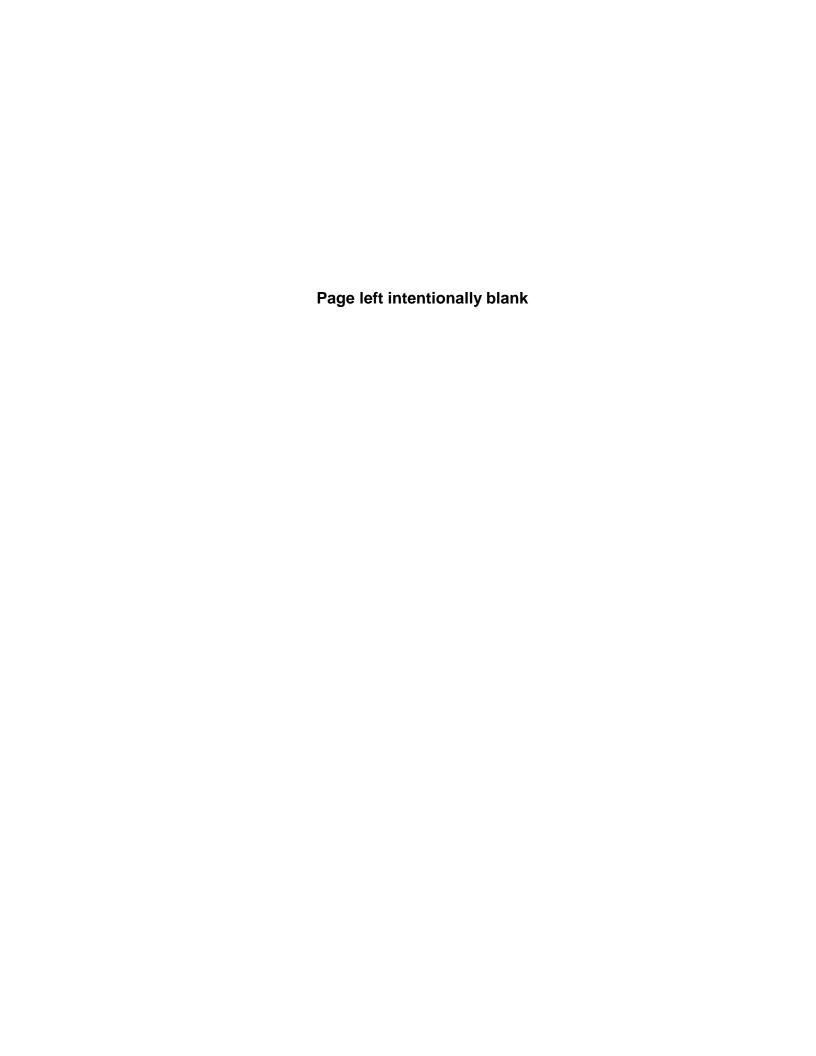
Introduction

The purpose of this Environmental Surveillance Report (ESR) is to provide a quarterly update on Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) air and surface water monitoring data at the Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site (RFETS).

CDPHE currently has three Divisions that conduct monitoring at RFETS including the Air Pollution Control Division (APCD), the Hazardous Materials Waste Management Division, and the Laboratory and Radiation Services Division (LARS). APCD monitors air for contaminants such as particulates, oxides of nitrogen, ozone, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), radionuclides beryllium. The Hazardous Materials Waste Management Division conducts surface water monitoring for many parameters, including metals, inorganics and radionuclides. The Radiation Control Division performs radiological monitoring in air, and precipitation.

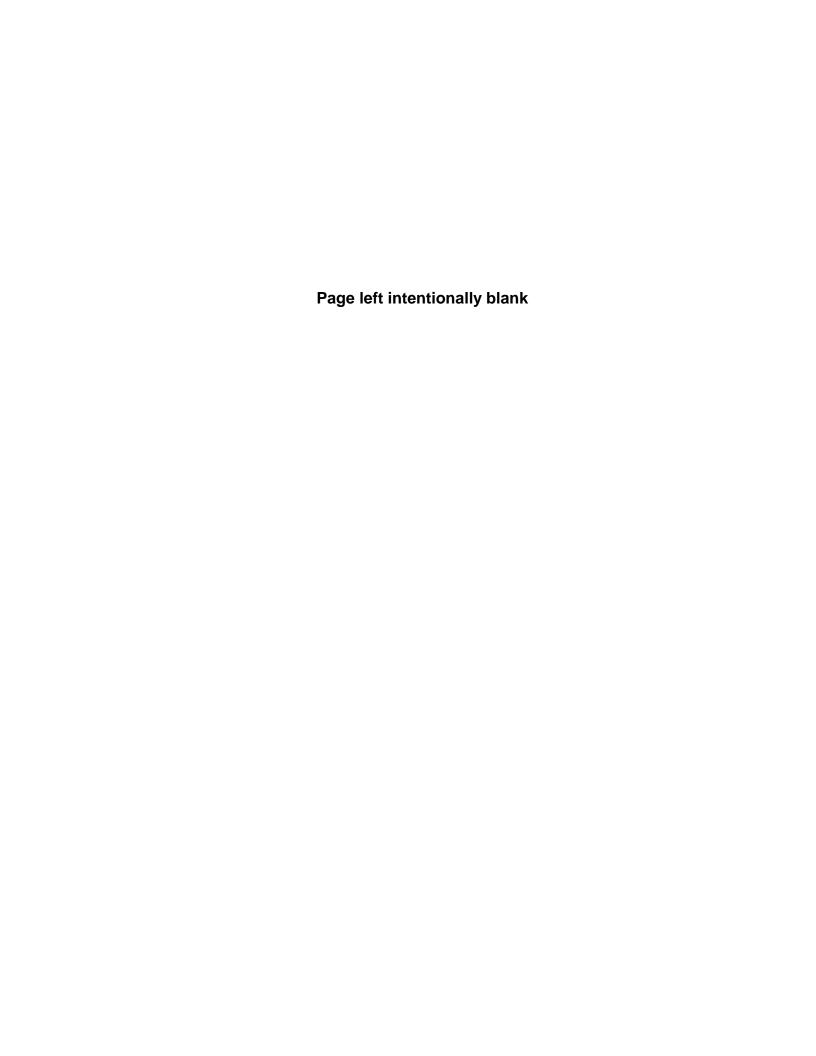
Under normal conditions, groundwater and soils are not monitored by Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE), but are monitored by DOE.

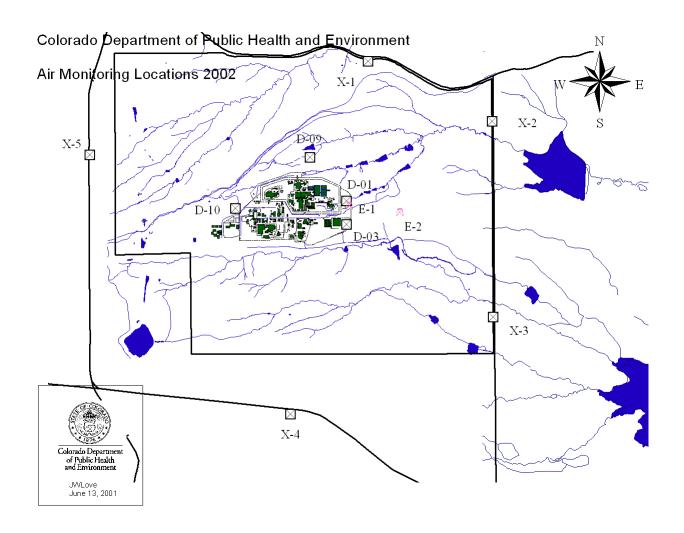
Sampling and data analysis is performed by CDPHE according to the Rocky Flats Integrated Monitoring Plan (IMP), which describes not only the monitoring done by CDPHE, but also that done by the Site and surrounding communities. It is possible that CDPHE may do some additional sampling as part of a special study or for some unusual circumstances. This report describes the results of both types of CDPHE monitoring.

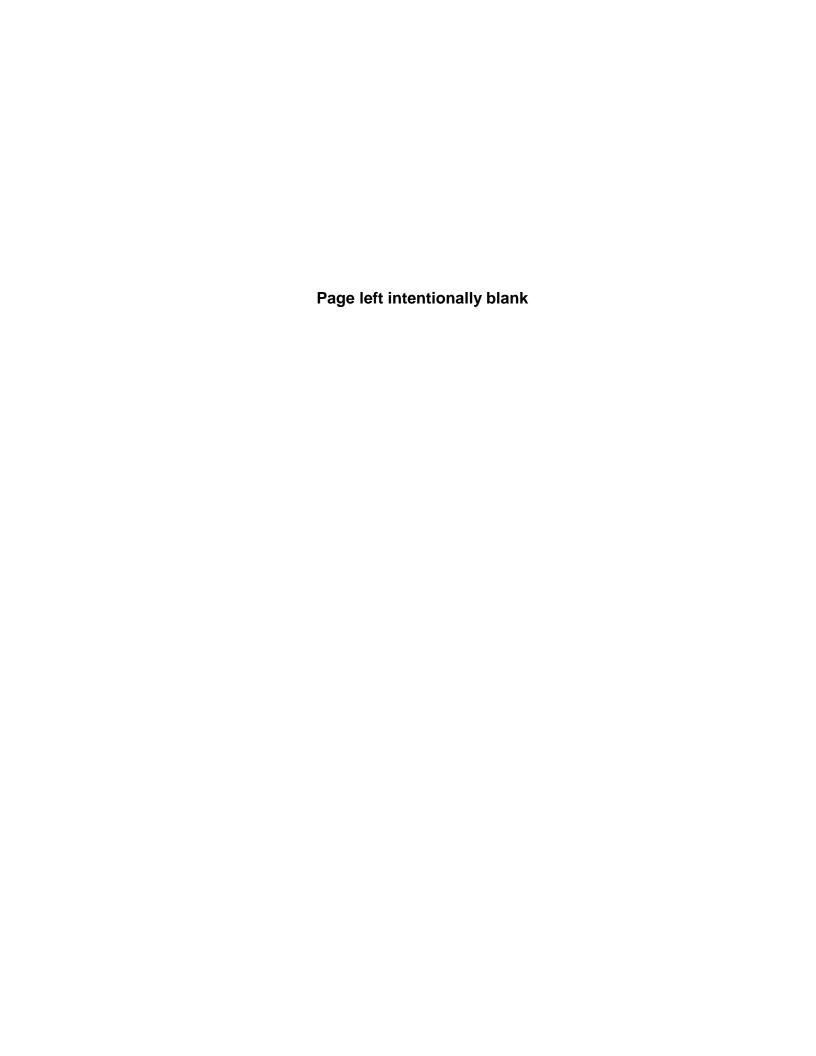


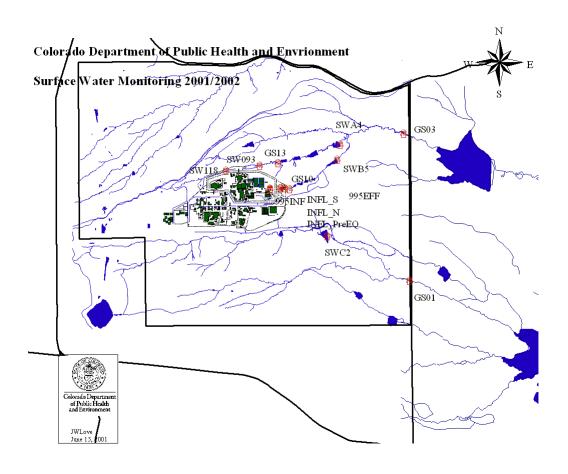
BACKGROUND INFORMATION

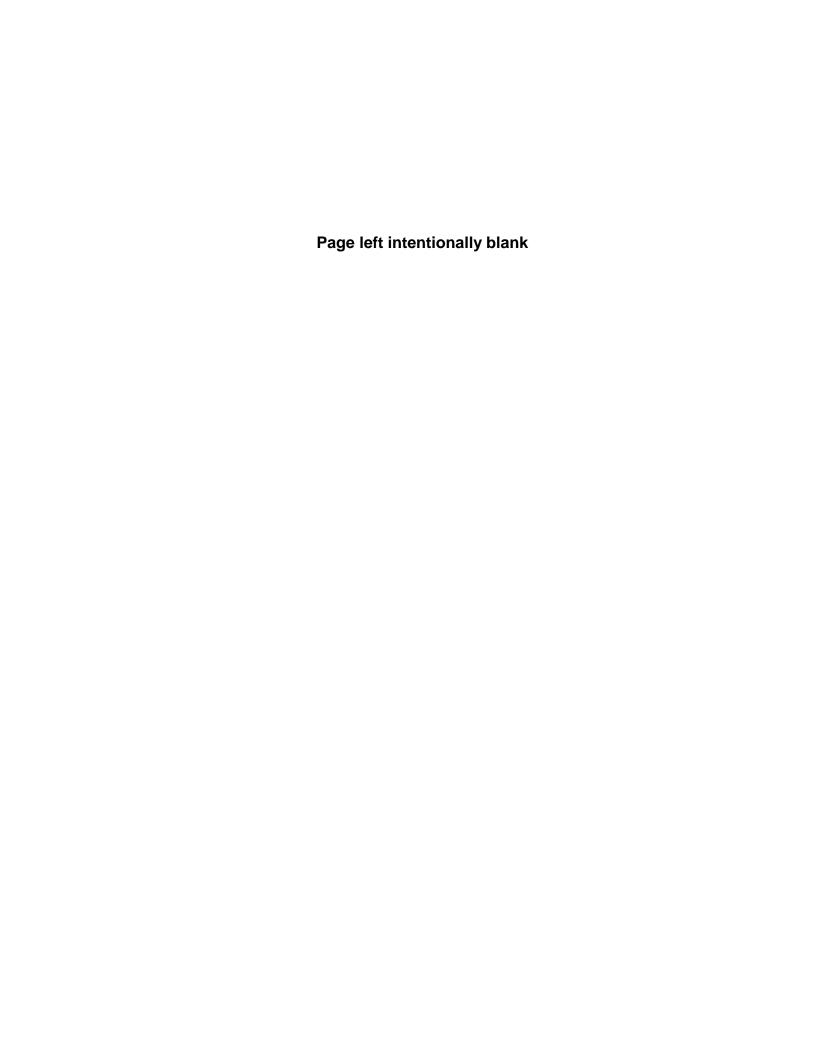
MONITORING STATIONS DECISION RULES ANALYTES OF INTEREST AIR STANDARDS WATER STANDARDS











Decision Rules

The data acquired for each quarter is examined using standard methods of evaluation that are described in the Integrated Monitoring Plan (IMP). The methods use a series of decision rules to effectively analyze the data that has been collected, and make determinations about what actions need to be taken. Decision rules are if-then statements pertaining to data quality objectives. The decision rules define, quantitatively and qualitatively, the point at which a decision should be made or action should be taken.

The decisions could involve many different actions including, but not limited to, further analysis of data, implementation of new monitoring stations for source detection, management decisions, or evaluation of remediation alternatives. Any exceedence of an action level for a surface water or air contaminant during the quarter are summarized in this report, along with any actions taken or follow up investigations that are required.

The primary decision rules that pertain to each media are outlined below:

A. Air Monitoring

1. <u>Ambient Air Quality Monitoring</u>: Nitrogen Dioxide (NO₂), Ozone (O₃) and particulate monitoring is performed by APCD. Particulate monitoring includes monitoring of both fine particulates (PM₁₀) and total suspended solids (TSP).

IF: A perimeter monitor detects an NO₂ (annual arithmetic mean) concentration of

0.053 parts per million (ppm), an O_3 (1 hr av. time) concentration of 0.12 ppm, a TSP measurement of 75 micrograms per cubic meter ($\mu g/m^3$) averaged over a 1

year time period or $150 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ over a 24-hour time period, or a PM₁₀

concentration of 50 µg/m³ annually or 150 µg/m³ in a 24-hour period (Include

these values in a table in the report, too confusing this way)

THEN: The Site's operating permit may potentially be revised to mitigate the

exceedence.

2. <u>Beryllium (Be) Monitoring</u>: Emission points (stacks) are monitored for Be.

IF: Be emissions from a source exceed 10 g in a 24-hour period

THEN: CDPHE may take enforcement action.

IF: Ambient Be concentrations at monitoring sites exceed 0.01 μg/m³ over a 30-day

Period

THEN: CDPHE may take action to identify the source.

3. <u>Volatile Organic Compound (VOCs) Monitoring</u>: Various VOC monitoring stations exist around the perimeter of the site and are maintained by APCD. It is possible that remediation processes could release significant levels of VOCs. VOC data does not tend to vary and the measured concentrations are generally very low. A significant increase from normal levels of any VOC at any monitoring site could indicate a potential problem.

IF: A measured value of any VOC exceeds trends in historical data

THEN: An investigation will be enacted to determine the source of the elevated VOC

concentration.

4. <u>Radiological Ambient Air Quality Monitoring</u>: LARS and APCD air sampling locations are monitored for radiological contaminants, PM₁₀ and total suspended particulates (TSP).

IF: Measured values of radionuclides exceed typical trends existing in historical

data

THEN: Any number of actions may be taken including, but not limited to, analysis of

samples for verification, comparison of samples from nearest DOE monitoring sites, ComRad Program samplers, and/or APCD monitoring sites, request for investigation or explanation of elevated results from DOE, calculation of public

dose/risk and/or a presentation to CDPHE management.

B. Surface Water Monitoring

1. <u>Pond Predischarge Monitoring</u>: Analytes of Interest (AoIs) and some VOCs are monitored in the ponds previous to pond discharge so that discharge will not result in exceedence of stream standards.

IF: Predischarge monitoring indicates apparent exceedence of stream standards

THEN: CDPHE will notify the Site of additional AoIs for that discharge.

AND: The Site would then perform flow-paced POC monitoring for the additional

AoIs during that discharge, as part of the Segment 4 compliance monitoring.

OR

The Site may evaluate alternative water management options which avoid immediate discharge including, but not limited to, treatment, storage or disposal.

2. Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) Influent Radiological and Metals Monitoring: The Site has made an effort to eliminate any possible connections between waste streams containing radionuclides and WWTP influent. Therefore, it is assumed that radiologic loads will not significantly increase from baseline values. Radiologic parameters include total plutonium, total americium, total uranium, tritium, as well as alpha and beta activity. Metals parameters include for the total recoverable fraction - arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, chromium (total), iron, lithium, and thallium; plus special metals (total recoverable fraction) – silver, copper, manganese, nickel and selenium. Decontamination and decommissioning (D&D) activities could potentially

introduce radiologic loads to WWTP influent. The influent is monitored to track sources of contaminants that may be introduced during the cleanup process, through evaluation of pollutant loads and concentrations coming through the WWTP collection system.

IF: Influent loading for any of the radiologic parameters exceeds baseline

values determined from historical data

THEN: Evaluation will be performed to determine the source of contamination.

3. <u>Performance Monitoring:</u> Performance monitoring is conducted where specific D&D operations or remedial action pose a concern for a specific contaminant release that could impact surface water or groundwater. Performance monitoring is integrated with groundwater investigations and conducted to improve monitoring network resolution to isolate impacts of individual projects. CDPHE conducts performance monitoring in association with the Mound and East Trenches groundwater plume and treatment system, and Solar Pond Plume Treatment System.

a. Mound and East Trenches – VOC and metal contamination are present in the area of the Mound and East Trenches plume (south of South Walnut Creek). In order to ensure that stream standards are being attained, monitoring for VOCs and selected metals will be conducted in South Walnut Creek in the immediate vicinity where the groundwater contaminant plumes may be intersecting the stream.

IF: VOC or metal concentrations exceed stream standards

THEN: The monitoring frequency and number of sampling locations may be increased

ELSE: VOC monitoring will be discontinued after three years and metals concentrations will be reviewed using the following Decision Rule.

IF: Metals concentrations are lower than stream standards, but significantly higher than the concentrations found at other RFETs locations.

THEN: Further investigation of in-stream concentrations and the cause of unusually high concentrations will be considered.

ELSE: Metals monitoring may be discontinued after a period of three years.

b. <u>Solar Pond Plume Treatment System</u> – The Solar Ponds groundwater contaminant plume contains elevated concentrations of nitrate, uranium and chloride, as well as lower concentrations of several metals. A groundwater treatment system has been installed, monitoring is being conducted to ensure that stream standards are being attained. The Site collects nitrate and uranium parameters. CDPHE collects metals and nitrate (as part of the *Ad Hoc* Nitrate Study).

IF: Metals or nitrate concentrations exceed stream standards.

THEN: The monitoring frequency and number of sampling locations may be increased.

ELSE: Metals and nitrate monitoring will be continued until it has been demonstrated that metals concentrations at the most downgradient portion of the Solar Pond Plume are declining.

- 4. <u>Ad Hoc Program:</u> Ad Hoc Monitoring may be requested by DOE or the stakeholders to collect specific information related to special projects or to support decision-making processes. CDPHE has taken the responsibility for an evaluation of nitrate loading on Walnut Creek, and man-made versus natural uranium by inductively coupled plasma/mass spectrometry (ICP/MS) methodology.
 - a. <u>Nitrate Loading</u> Nitrate from the Solar Pond Groundwater Plume and treated effluent from the on-site Sewage Treatment Plant pose potential impact to surface water in the Walnut Creek Drainage and pond system. To supplement in-place continuous performance monitoring, for more accurate evaluation of nitrate loading, CDPHE is conducting additional water quality monitoring, consisting of grab samples for nitrate and ammonia analysis.

IF: No upward trend or high variability is detected.

THEN: Monitoring will continue on a quarterly basis.

ELSE Monitoring frequency may change.

b. <u>Uranium ICP/MS</u> – Conducted to augment the ICP/MS evaluation of groundwater at RFETs. The Uranium ICP/MS study has been undertaken to evaluate where man-made uranium isotopes are present in groundwater versus natural uranium in groundwater. The Site is supporting CDPHE in the collection of samples and analysis by ICP/MS.

IF: Sample results indicate non-natural uranium,

THEN: Evaluate potential sources of non-natural uranium and whether loading from that source may change over time.

5. <u>Stream Segment 4, Non-POC Monitoring</u> – POC monitoring will be supplemented to assess the effect of reduced flows and reduced nutrient loading to the Walnut Creek drainage as a result of the Sites' closure process. Monitoring for select metals will be conducted to ensure that stream standards are attained. To assist with the assessment of loading inorganics, nutrients (nitrate and ammonia) and physical parameters (pH, dissolved oxygen, hardness, total suspended solids) are also collected.

IF: Concentrations or loadings of specified contaminants exceed their 95% upper tolerance levels (UTLs)

THEN: CDPHE will notify the Site and the Cities, and RFETS may propose a change in ambient standards.

Analytes of Interest							
Analytes		Air	Water	Purpose of Monitoring			
Radionuclide	Pu	X	X	High level of public concern. Known carcinogen. Known past releases (within the past 8 years) have exceeded RFCA stream standards and action levels. This provides reasonable cause to expect future releases in excess of RFCA Action Levels.			
	U	X	X	Known renal toxicity. Past exceedances provide reasonable cause to expect future releases in excess of RFCA stream standards and action levels.			
	Am	X	X	Known carcinogen. Known past exceedances provide reasonable cause to expect future releases in excess of RFCA stream standards and action levels.			
	Tritium		X	Is an AOI due to past releases to drinking water supplies			
Metals	Be	X	X	Known to cause berylliosis in susceptible individuals when exposed in inhalation. May also cause contact dermatitis. Will be monitored as an indicator of releases from process and waste storage areas.			
	Cr		X	Physiological and dermal toxicity. High level of regulatory concern due, in part to the chromic acid of incident of 1989. Low levels can cause significant ecological damage.			
	Ag		X	Highly toxic to fish at low levels, if chronic. State of Colorado has temporarily removed its stream standard for silver, while under study. The study has been completed, and the standard will be reinstated at the next triennial review of South Platte stream standards, if not before. Used at RFETS only for photographic development. Routinely accepted by POTWs as municipal waste, but discharge is regulated. May be removed from this list later if data do not support concern.			
	Cd		X	Highly toxic to fish at low levels, if chronic. Known human carcinogen (prostate cancer) and depletes physiologic calcium. Used at RFETS in plating processes. Monitoring data for the Interceptor Trench System (ITS) and the proposed discharge of untreated ITS waters into Walnut Creek provide reasonable cause to expect future releases in excess of RFCA Action Levels			
	Hardness		X	Required to evaluate metals analyses, due to its effect on solubility to these metals.			
Particulates	Total suspended particulates	X		Monitored to provide information on total airborne particulate levels. Filters also used for metals and radionuclides analyses.			

	Analytes of Interest								
Analytes		Air	Water	Purpose of Monitoring					
	PM ₁₀ particulates	X		Monitored to provide information on fine airborne particulate levels. Filters also used for metals and radionuclides analyses.					
Volatile Organic Compounds	VOCs	X	X	A variety of volatile organic compounds, some of which are toxic to humans and ecology. Known discharges to air and water as well as groundwater infiltration.					
Real Time Monitoring of Physical and Indicator Parameters	РН		X	Toxicity to humans and ecology. Regulatory concern due to chromic acid incident. Real-time monitoring is an inexpensive and effective method of detecting acid spills such as (chromic acid or plutonium nitrate) or failure of treatment systems.					
(Note A)	Conductivity		X	Conductivity is an indicator of total dissolved solids, metals, anions, and pH. Real-time monitoring of conductivity is an inexpensive indicator of overall water quality.					
	NO ₃		X	Past releases near RFCA stream standards and action levels upstream of ponds provide reasonable cause to expect future releases in excess of RFCA stream standards and action levels. ITS discharges are often high in nitrate, and may challenge RFCA action levels.					
	Flow		X	Required to detect flow events, evaluate contaminant loads and plan pond operations and discharges. Affects nearly every decision rule, and is the most commonly discussed attribute of RFETS surface waters.					
	Oxides of Nitrogen	X		Monitored due to RFETS historical use of nitric acid.					
	Ozone	X		Monitored as part of the CDPHE network. Not required or part of monitoring for RFETS.					
	Wind speed	X		Monitored to provide emergency response modeling information.					
	Wind direction	X		Monitored to provide emergency response modeling information.					
	Temperature	X		Monitored to provide emergency response modeling information.					

Note A: These parameters provide real-time indication for a wide variety of regulated contaminants, and are also required component for monitoring for AoIs. They require no laboratory analysis and are the RFETS most cost effective defensive monitoring.

NATIONAL AMBIENT AIR QUALITY STANDARDS

POLLUTANT	AVERAGING TIME	STANDARD
Carbon Monoxide (CO)		
Primary Standard	1 Hour ^(a)	35 ppm
Primary Standard	8 Hour (a)	9 ppm
Ozone (O ₃)		
Primary and Secondary Standards (up to 1997)	1 Hour ^(b)	0.12 ppm
Primary and Secondary Standards (as of July 1997)	8 Hour ^(c)	0.08 ppm
Nitrogen Dioxide (NO ₂)		
Primary and Secondary Standards	Annual Arithmetic Mean	0.053 ppm
Sulfur Dioxide (SO ₂)		
Primary Standard	Annual Arithmetic Mean	0.030 ppm
Primary Standard	24 Hour ^(a)	0.14 ppm
Secondary Standard	3 Hour ^(a)	0.5 ppm
Particulates (PM ₁₀)		
Primary and Secondary Standards	Annual Arithmetic Mean (d)	$50 \mu g/m^3$
Primary and Secondary Standards	24 Hour (b) prior to July 1997, (e) as of July	$150 \mu \text{g/m}^3$
Fine Particulates (PM _{2.5}) (as of July 1997)		
Primary and Secondary Standards	Annual Arithmetic Mean (d)	$15.0 \ \mu g/m^3$
Primary and Secondary Standards	24 Hour ^(f)	65 μg/m ³
Lead (Pb)		
Primary and Secondary Standards	Calendar Quarter Average	$1.5 \mu g/m^3$
Total Suspended Particulates (TSP)		
Primary Standard	Annual Geometric Mean (g)	75 μg/m ³
Primary Standard	24 Hour ^(g)	$260 \mu \text{g/m}^3$
Secondary Standard	Annual Geometric Mean (g)	60 μg/m ³
Secondary Standard	24 Hour ^(g)	150 μg/m ³

Not to be exceeded more than once per year.

⁽b) Statistically estimated number of days with concentrations above this level averaged over a three-year period, is not to be more than 1 per year.

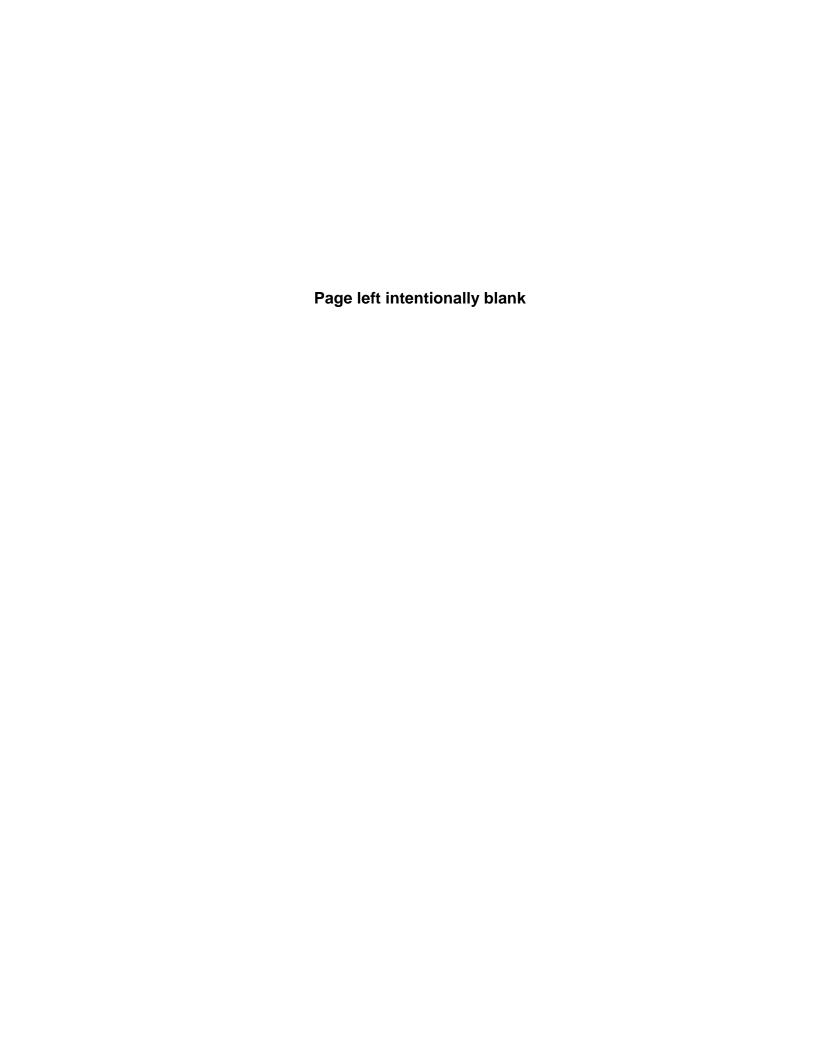
The three-year average of the fourth maximum value for each year is not to exceed this level.

The average of three years of annual averages (based on quarterly averages) is not to exceed this level.

⁽e) The three-year average of the 99th percentile for each year is not to exceed this level.

The three-year average of the 98th percentile for each year is not to exceed this level.

The TSP standard was replaced by the PM_{10} standard on July 1, 1987. TSP is now a State standard only and was temporarily suspended from 30 August 1993 to 30 October 1995 by the AQCC.



Colorado Water Quality Control Commission Standards for Radioactive Materials at and around RFETS

	SEGMENT 2 Standley Lake	SEGMENT 3 Great Western Reservoir	SEGMENTS 4a and 5 Woman Creek	SEGMENTS 4a, 4b and 5 Walnut Creek
Gross Alpha (pCi/L)	6	5	7	11
Gross Beta (pCi/L)	9	12	8	19
Plutonium (pCi/L)	0.03	0.03	0.15*	0.15 *
Americium (pCi/L)	0.03	0.03	0.15*	0.15 *
Tritium (pCi/L)	500	500	500	500
Uranium (pCi/L)	3	4	11	10

^{*} The modification is a narrative standard requiring that the concentration of americium and plutonium be consistent with attaining the numerical water quality standard in Segment 4(b) of Big Dry Creek

Standards for Inorganics and Metals

	SEGMENTS 4a & 4b	SEGMENT 5
Inorganic/Metal	Standards (μg/L)	Action Levels (μg/L)
Ammonia	*	*
Beryllium, total recoverable	4	4
Cadmium, dissolved **	1.5	1.5
Cadmium, Total recoverable	5	-
Chloride	250,000	250,000
Chromium (VI), dissolved**	11	11
Copper, dissolved**	16	16
Iron, dissolved	300	-
Iron, total recoverable	1000	1000
Manganese, dissolved**	50	1000
Manganese, total recoverable	200	-
Nitrate	10,000	100,000 ™
Nitrite	500	4500 ™
Phosphate, ortho	-	-
Phosphate, total	-	-
Selenium, dissolved**	5	5
Silver, dissolved**	0.59	0.59
Sulfate	250,000	250,000
Sulfide	2	2

^{*}There is no unionized ammonia standard for Segment 5 or Segment 4b. A standard of 0.1 mg/L applies to Segment 4a.

^{**}The standards for these metals were calculated using a formula based on hardness. A hardness value of 143 mg/L was used because this is the average hardness found in these waters.

TM – Temporary Modification

EPA Method 524.2 for VOCs in Surface Waters

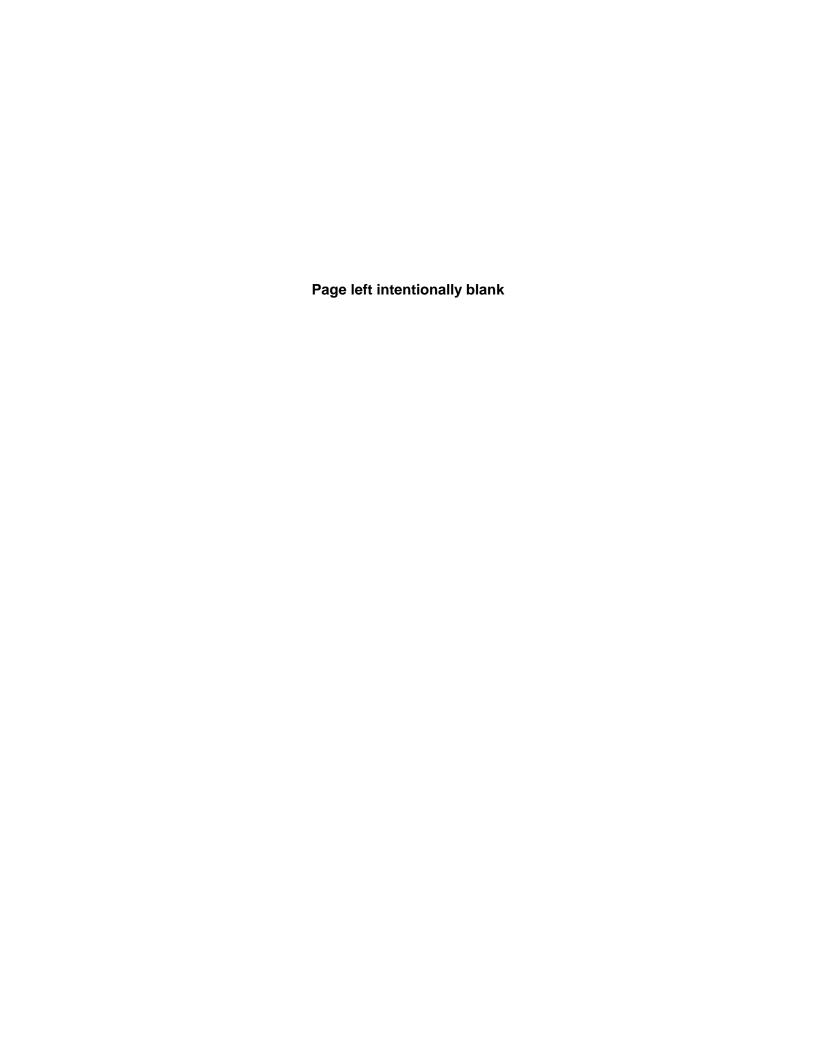
VOCs	MCL (μg/L)	MDL (μg/L)	PQL (μg/L)	VOCs	MCL (μg/L)	MDL (μg/L)	PQL (μg/L)
1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	none	0.5	0.5	Chloroform	5.7	0.5	0.5
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	200	0.5	0.5	Chloromethane	none	0.5	0.5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethan	0.18	0.5	0.5	Dibromochloromethane	none	0.5	0.5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	3	0.5	0.5	Dibromomethane	none	0.5	0.5
1,1-Dichlorethane	none	0.5	0.5	Dichlorodifuoromethane	none	0.5	0.5
1,1-Dichlorethene	7	0.5	0.5	Ethylbenzene	700	0.5	0.5
1,1-Dichloropropene	none	0.5	0.5	Fluorotrichloromethane	none	0.5	0.5
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	none	0.5	0.5	Hexachlorobutadiene	14	0.5	0.5
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	none	0.5	0.5	Isopropylbenzene	none	0.5	0.5
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	70	0.5	0.5	Naphthalene	28	0.5	0.5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	none	0.5	0.5	Propylbenzene	none	0.5	0.5
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	600	0.5	0.5	Styrene	100	0.5	0.5
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.38	0.5	0.5	Tetrachloroethene	5	0.5	0.5
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.52	0.5	0.5	Toluene	1000	0.5	0.5
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	none	0.5	0.5	Trichloroethene	5	0.5	0.5
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	600	0.5	0.5	Vinyl chloride	2	0.5	0.5
1,3-Dichloropropane	none	0.5	0.5	Xylene, (total)	10,000	0.5	0.5
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	75	0.5	0.5	cis-1,2-Dichlroethene	70	0.5	0.5
2,2-Dichloropropane	none	0.5	0.5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	none	0.5	0.5
2-Chlorotoluene	none	0.5	0.5	n-Butylbenzene	none	0.5	0.5
4-Chlorotoluene	none	0.5	0.5	sec-Butylbenzene	none	0.5	0.5
4-Isopropyltoluene	none	0.5	0.5	tert-Butylbenzene	none	0.5	0.5
Benzene	1.2	0.5	0.5	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	100	0.5	0.5
Bromobenzene	none	0.5	0.5	trans-1,3-Dichloroethene	none	0.5	0.5
Chloroethane	none	0.5	0.5	Methylene Chloride	4.7	0.5	0.5
Bromodichloromethane	0.56	0.5	0.5	,			
Bromoform	4.3	0.5	0.5				
Carbon Tetrachloride	0.27	0.5	0.5				
Clorobenzene	100	0.5	0.5				
Chloroethane	none	0.5	0.5				
1,1-Dichloropropene	none	0.5	0.5				

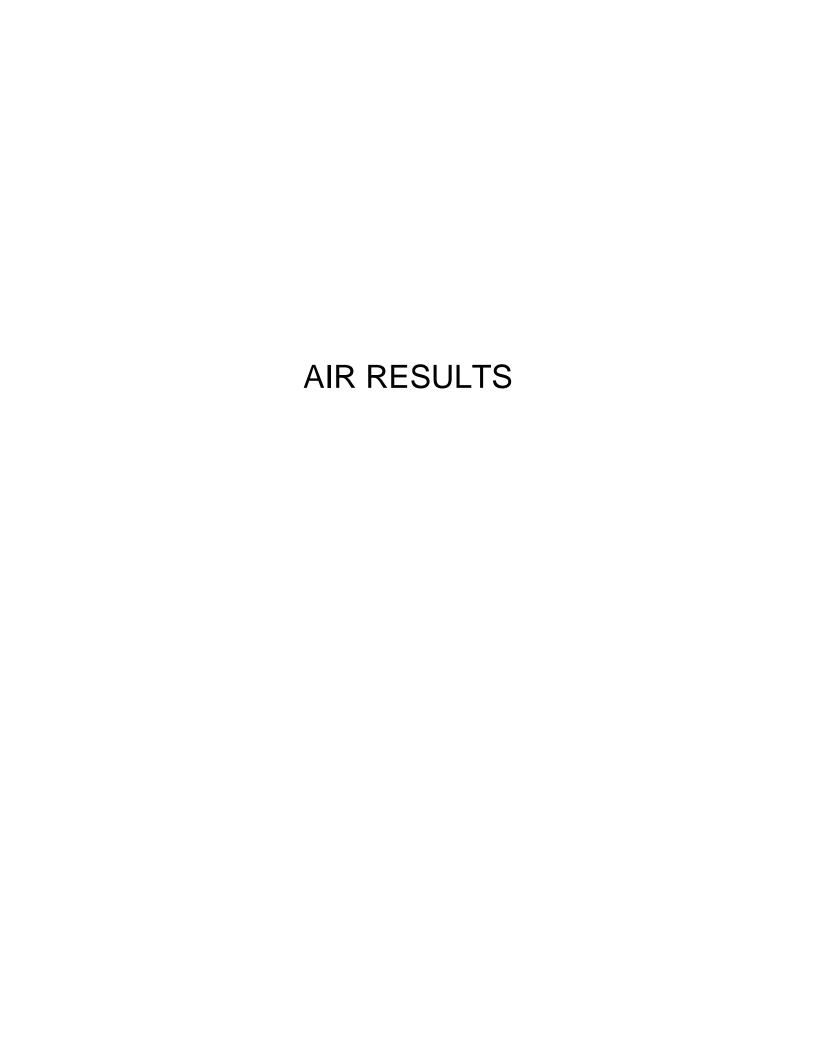
EPA Method 515.1 for Chlorinated Acid Herbicides

Contaminant	MDL (μg/L)	PQL (µg/L)	Contaminant	MDL (µg/L)	PQL (µg/L)
Acifluorfen	0.3	3	3,5-Dichlorobenzoic acid	8.0	8
Bentazon	0.4	4	Dichlorprop	0.3	3
Cloramben	1.2	12	Dinoseb	0.6	6
2,4-D	0.3	3	4-Nitrophenol	0.8	8
Dalapon	0.7	7	Pentachlorophenol	0.6	6
2,4-DB	0.5	5	Picloram	0.5	5
DCPA	0.4	4	2,4,5-T	0.3	3
Dicamba	0.3	3	2,4,5-TP	0.3	3

EPA Method 525.2 for SVOCs in Surface Waters

SVOCs	MCL (μg/L)	MDL (µg/L)	PQL (µg/L)	SVOCs	MCL (μg/L)	MDL (µg/L)	PQL (μg/L)
1,2,4-Ttichlorobenzene	none	5	10	Benzo(a)anthracene	none	5	10
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	none	5	10	Benzo(a)anthracene	0.2	5	10
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	none	5	10	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	none	5	10
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	none	5	10	Benzo(ghi)perylene	none	5	10
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	none	5	10	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	none	5	10
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	none	5	10	Butyl benzyl phthalate	none	5	10
2,4-Dichlorophenol	none	5	10	Chrysene	none	5	10
2,4-Dimethylphenol	none	5	10	Di-n-butylphthalate	none	5	10
2,4-Dinitrophenol	none	25	10	Di-n-octylphthalate	none	5	10
2,4-Dinitroroluene	none	5	10	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	none	5	10
2-Chloronaphthalene	none	5	10	Dibenzofuran	none	5	10
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	none	25	50	Diethyl phthalate	none	5	10
2-Chlorophenol	none	5	10	Dimethyl phthalate	none	5	10
2-Methylnaphthalene	none	5	10	Hexachlorobutadine	none	5	10
2-Methylphenol	none	5	10	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	50	5	10
2-Nitroaniline	none	5	10	Hexachloroethane	none	5	10
2-Nitrophenol	none	5	10	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	none	5	10
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	none	5	10	Isophorone	none	5	10
3-Nitroaniline	none	25	50	N-Nitosodi-n-propylamine	none	5	10
4-Bromophenylphenylether	none	5	10	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	none	5	10
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	none	10	20	Naphthalene	none	5	10
4-Chloroaniline	none	10	20	Nitrobenzene	none	5	10
4-Chlorophenylphenylether	none	5	10	Pentachlorophenol	1	25	10
4-Methylphenol	none	5	10	Phenanthrene	none	5	10
4-Nitoraniline	none	25	50	Phenol	none	5	10
4-Nitrophenol	none	25	50	Pyrene	none	5	10
Acenaphthene	none	5	10	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	none	5	10
Acenaphthylene	none	5	10	bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether	none	5	10
Anthracene	none	5	10	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	6	5	10







CDPHE AIR MONITORING THIRD QUARTER 2002

Laboratory and Radiation Services Division

1. General Discussion

Table A contains the complete gross alpha/gross beta results for the 3rd quarter 2002. Table B contains complete plutonium, americium and isotopic uranium results for the 2nd quarter 2002. All of these data show no obvious anomalies, compared to historical data. Plutonium and americium results (Table B) for the third quarter of 2002 are not yet available.

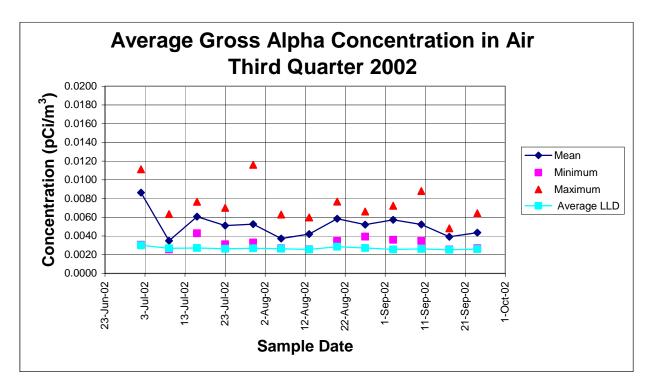
In response to high results for plutonium and americium at the S-137 location in March of 2002, ten filters from the X-3 and E-2 samplers collected from February to April were analyzed for plutonium. As shown in Table B-Special, all results were below the sample detection limits. Thus, we cannot confirm the positive result reported by the Site for this period.

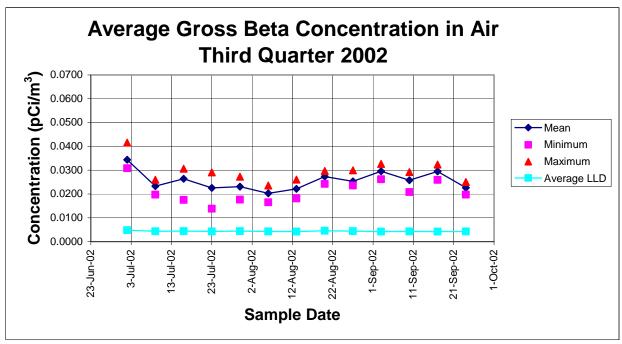
Ozone data for the third quarter of 2002 are presented in Table D. Ozone concentrations for the third quarter of 2002 are at typically high summertime levels, but are higher than previous years. This is due to the higher amount of sunlight and higher temperatures related to the drought conditions.

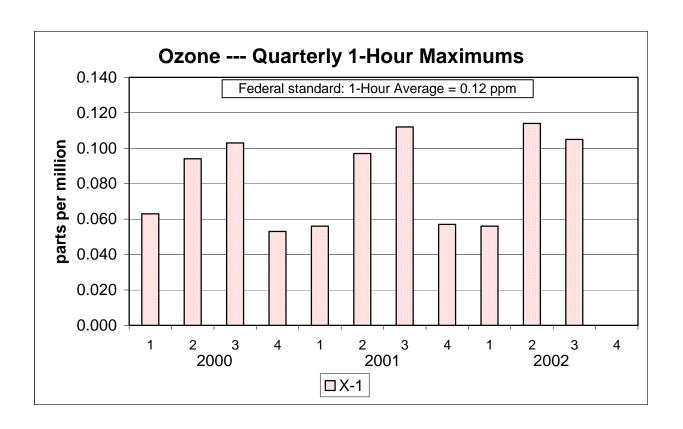
Speciated uranium, americium and plutonium results for the Air Pollution Control Division samplers at X-1 through X-5 for the first and second quarters of 2001 are finally complete and are presented in Table B. A number of samples had detections, but none are at levels that are very high. Quarterly composite beryllium data from X-1 through X-5 for the first and second quarters of 2001 are presented in Table F. No detections were found. This finalizes the radionuclide and metals data from the Air Pollution Control Division.

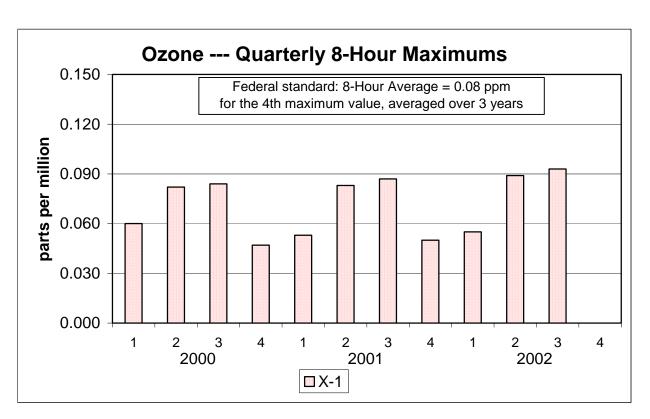
2. Graphical Presentation

Graphs of pertinent and abnormal data from air monitoring are presented in this section.









3. Tabular Data

Tables of current data are presented in this section

Environmental Surveillance Report

TABLE A: GROSS ALPHA AND GROSS BETA RADIOACTIVITY CONCENTRATIONS IN SUSPENDED AIRBORNE PARTICULATE MATERIAL

THIRD QUARTER 2002

	Sampler Type		Gross Alpha				Gross Beta		
Location		Number of Samples	Mean pCi/m³	Max pCi/m³	Min pCi/m³	Mean pCi/m³	Max pCi/m³	Min pCi/m³	
INDUSTRIAL									
AREA SAMPLERS									
D-1	TSP / Continuous	12	< 0.0045	0.0065	0.0007	0.0274	0.0326	0.0213	
D-3	TSP / Continuous	13	0.0055	0.0116	0.0027	0.0253	0.0315	0.0205	
E-1-T	TSP / Continuous	13	< 0.0044	0.0096	0.0019	0.0236	0.0373	0.0168	
BUFFER ZONE									
SAMPLERS									
D-9	TSP / Continuous	13	< 0.0048	0.0083	0.0013	0.0248	0.0329	0.0165	
D-10	TSP / Continuous	13	0.0045	0.0077	0.0030	0.0260	0.0351	0.0213	
E-2-T	TSP / Continuous	13	0.0054	0.0075	0.0031	0.0258	0.0322	0.0197	
SITE BOUNDARY									
SAMPLERS									
X-1	TSP / Continuous	13	0.0054	0.0111	0.0029	0.0242	0.0318	0.0168	
X-2	TSP / Continuous	9	0.0058	0.0103	0.0036	0.0276	0.0416	0.0163	
X-3	TSP / Continuous	13	0.0050	0.0089	0.0028	0.0264	0.0327	0.0211	
X-4	TSP / Continuous	13	< 0.0050	0.0080	0.0020	0.0253	0.0383	0.0139	
X-5	TSP / Continuous	11	0.0064	0.0108	0.0036	0.0263	0.0337	0.0216	

pCi/m³ = Picocuries per cubic meter

TSP = Total Suspended Particulates
PM10 = Particulate Material < 10 microns in diameter

TABLE B: ALPHA SPECTROMECTRIC ANALYSIS AND LONG-LIVED GROSS ALPHA RADIOACTIVITY CONCENTRATIONS IN SUSPENDED AIRBORNE PARTICULATE MATERIAL

SECOND QUARTER 2002

Location	Sampler Type	²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰ Pu pCi/m³	²⁴¹ Am pCi/m³	²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰ Pu / ²⁴¹ Am Ratio	Mean Gross Alpha pCi/m³
D-1	TSP / Continuous	0.000025 +/- 0.000005	<0.000008		0.0054
D-3	TSP / Continuous	0.000101 +/- 0.000014	< 0.000013		< 0.0047
X-1	TSP / Continuous	< 0.000005	< 0.000009		< 0.0036
X-2	TSP / Continuous	< 0.00005	< 0.000006		0.0047
X-3	TSP / Continuous	< 0.000003	< 0.000006		< 0.0040
X-4	TSP / Continuous	< 0.00008	< 0.000017		0.0044
X-5	TSP / Continuous	< 0.000004	< 0.000012		0.0045
		²³⁴ U	²³⁵ U	²³⁸ U	
Location	Sampler Type	pCi/m³	pCi/m³	pCi/m ³	
D-1	TSP / Continuous	0.000068	0.000005	0.000065	
D-3	TSP / Continuous	0.000070	< 0.000005	0.000074	
X-1	TSP / Continuous	0.000044	< 0.000007	< 0.000035	
X-2	TSP / Continuous	0.000059	< 0.000005	0.000057	
X-3	TSP / Continuous	0.000055	< 0.000004	0.000057	
X-4	TSP / Continuous	0.000053	< 0.000006	0.000065	
X-5	TSP / Continuous	0.000075	0.000006	0.000072	

pCi/m³ = Picocuries per cubic meter

TSP = Total Suspended Particulates

Continuous = continuous sampling

TABLE B: ALPHA SPECTROMECTRIC ANALYSIS AND LONG-LIVED GROSS ALPHA RADIOACTIVITY CONCENTRATIONS IN SUSPENDED AIRBORNE PARTICULATE MATERIAL

THIRD QUARTER 2002

Location	Sampler Type	²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰ Pu pCi/m ³	²⁴¹ Am pCi/m ³	²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰ Pu / ²⁴¹ Am Ratio	Mean Gross Alpha pCi/m³
D-1	TSP / Continuous				
D-3	TSP / Continuous				_
X-1	TSP / Continuous				
X-2	TSP / Continuous		DATA NOT Y	ET AVAILABLE	
X-3	TSP / Continuous				
X-4	TSP / Continuous				_
X-5	TSP / Continuous				
Location	Sampler Type	²³⁴ U pCi/m³	²³⁵ U pCi/m ³	²³⁸ U pCi/m³	
D-1	TSP / Continuous				
D-3	TSP / Continuous				
X-1	TSP / Continuous				
X-2	TSP / Continuous		DATA NOT Y	ET AVAILABLE	
X-3	TSP / Continuous				
X-4	TSP / Continuous				_
X-5	TSP / Continuous				

pCi/m³ = Picocuries per cubic meter

TSP = Total Suspended Particulates

Continuous = continuous sampling

TABLE B – SPECIAL (In response to high Pu and Am values at S-137 in March 2002)

ALPHA SPECTROMECTRIC ANALYSIS OF PLUTONIUM CONCENTRATIONS IN SUSPENDED AIRBORNE PARTICULATE MATERIAL

FEBRUARY - MARCH - APRIL 2002

			²³⁹⁺²⁴⁰ Pu
Location	Sampler Type	Date	pCi/m³
X-3	TSP / Continuous	26-Feb-2002	< 0.00008
X-3	TSP / Continuous	19-Mar-2002	< 0.000008
X-3	TSP / Continuous	26-Mar-2002	< 0.000006
X-3	TSP / Continuous	02-Apr-2002	< 0.000008
X-3	TSP / Continuous	09-Apr-2002	< 0.000006
E-2	TSP / Continuous	12-Mar-2002	< 0.00006
E-2	TSP / Continuous	19-Mar-2002	< 0.000009
E-2	TSP / Continuous	26-Mar-2002	< 0.000010
E-2	TSP / Continuous	02-Apr-2002	< 0.000008
E-2	TSP / Continuous	09-Apr-2002	< 0.000008

pCi/m³ = Picocuries per cubic meter

TSP = Total Suspended Particulates

Continuous = continuous sampling

TABLE B: ALPHA SPECTROMECTRIC ANALYSIS AND LONG-LIVED GROSS ALPHA RADIOACTIVITY CONCENTRATIONS IN SUSPENDED AIRBORNE PARTICULATE MATERIAL

FIRST QUARTER 2001

Location	Sampler Type	²³⁴ U pCi/m ³	²³⁵ U pCi/m³	²³⁸ U pCi/m ³	²³⁹ Pu pCi/m ³	²⁴¹ Am pCi/m ³
V. 4	TOD D (4/6 days asserted a series attached	0.000004	0.000040	0.00000		
X-1	TSP – P (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000091	< 0.000018	< 0.000092		
X-1-CL	TSP – CL (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	0.000197	< 0.000023	0.000187		
X-2	TSP (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000131	< 0.000026	< 0.000132		
X-3	TSP (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000131	< 0.000026	< 0.000132		
X-4	TSP (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000129	< 0.000026	< 0.000129		
X-5	TSP (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000341	< 0.000068	< 0.000345	< 0.000027*	< 0.000083*
X-1	PM10 (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000067	< 0.000013	< 0.0000067		
X-2	PM10 – P (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000050	< 0.000010	< 0.000051		
X-2-CL	PM10 – CL (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	0.000089	< 0.000012	0.000082		
X-3	PM10 (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000125	< 0.000025	< 0.000126		
X-4	PM10 (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000079	< 0.000016	0.000079		
X-5	PM10 (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000150	< 0.000030	< 0.000151	< 0.000004	< 0.000014

pCi/m³ = Picocuries per cubic meter

TSP = Total Suspended Particulates (P = primary, CL = collocated)
PM10 = Particulate Material < 10 microns in diameter (P = primary, CL = collocated)

TABLE B: ALPHA SPECTROMECTRIC ANALYSIS AND LONG-LIVED GROSS ALPHA RADIOACTIVITY CONCENTRATIONS IN SUSPENDED AIRBORNE PARTICULATE MATERIAL

SECOND QUARTER 2001

Location	Sampler Type	²³⁴ U pCi/m ³	²³⁵ U pCi/m³	²³⁸ U pCi/m³	²³⁹ Pu pCi/m³	²⁴¹ Am pCi/m ³
X-1	TSP – P (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000068	< 0.000014	< 0.000068		
X-1-CL	TSP – CL (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000065	< 0.000013	0.000112		
X-2	TSP (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000218	< 0.000044	< 0.000221		
X-3	TSP (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	0.000104	< 0.000014	0.000091		
X-4	TSP (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000083	< 0.000017	< 0.000084		
X-5	TSP (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	0.000140	< 0.000013	0.000138	< 0.000027*	< 0.000034*
X-1	PM10 (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	0.000162	< 0.000013	0.000159		
X-2	PM10 – P (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	0.000152	< 0.000013	0.000182		
X-2-CL	PM10 – CL (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	< 0.000058	< 0.000012	0.000061		
X-3	PM10 (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	0.000086	< 0.000011	0.000091		
X-4	PM10 (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	0.000112	< 0.000011	0.000090		
X-5	PM10 (1/6 day, quarterly composite)	0.000067	< 0.000013	0.000070	< 0.000005	< 0.000017

pCi/m³ = Picocuries per cubic meter

TSP = Total Suspended Particulates (P = primary, CL = collocated)

PM10 = Particulate Material < 10 microns in diameter (P = primary, CL = collocated)

TABLE D: INORGANIC GASEOUS COMPOUNDS IN AIR

SECOND QUARTER 2002

North Site (X-1)

Compound	Average 1-Hour ppm	Maximum 1-Hour ppm	Maximum 8-Hour Average ppm	# Hours				
JULY 2002								
Ozone (O ₃)	0.053	0.105	0.093	737				
Ozone (O ₃)	0.046	<u>AUGUST 2002</u> 0.090	0.082	737				
Ozone (O ₃)	0.039	<u>SEPTEMBER 200</u> 0.089	0.079	711				

ppm = Parts per million N/A = Not available

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TABLE F: METALS IN AIR

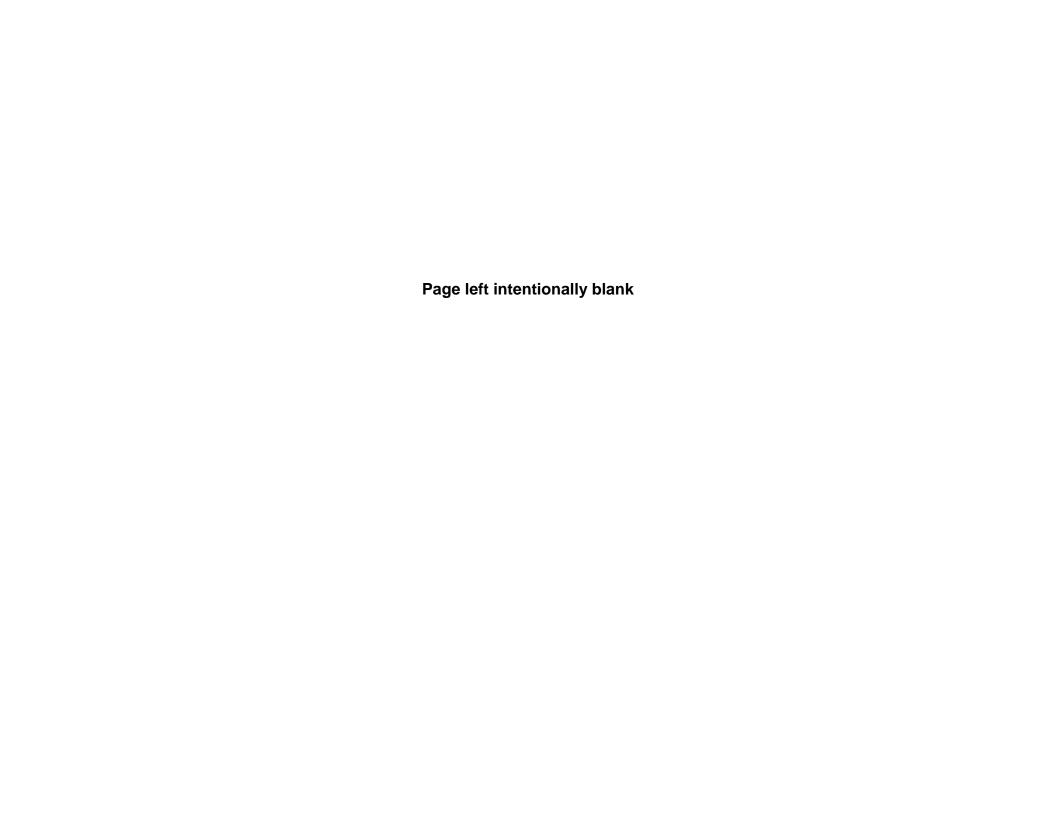
FIRST - SECOND QUARTER 2001

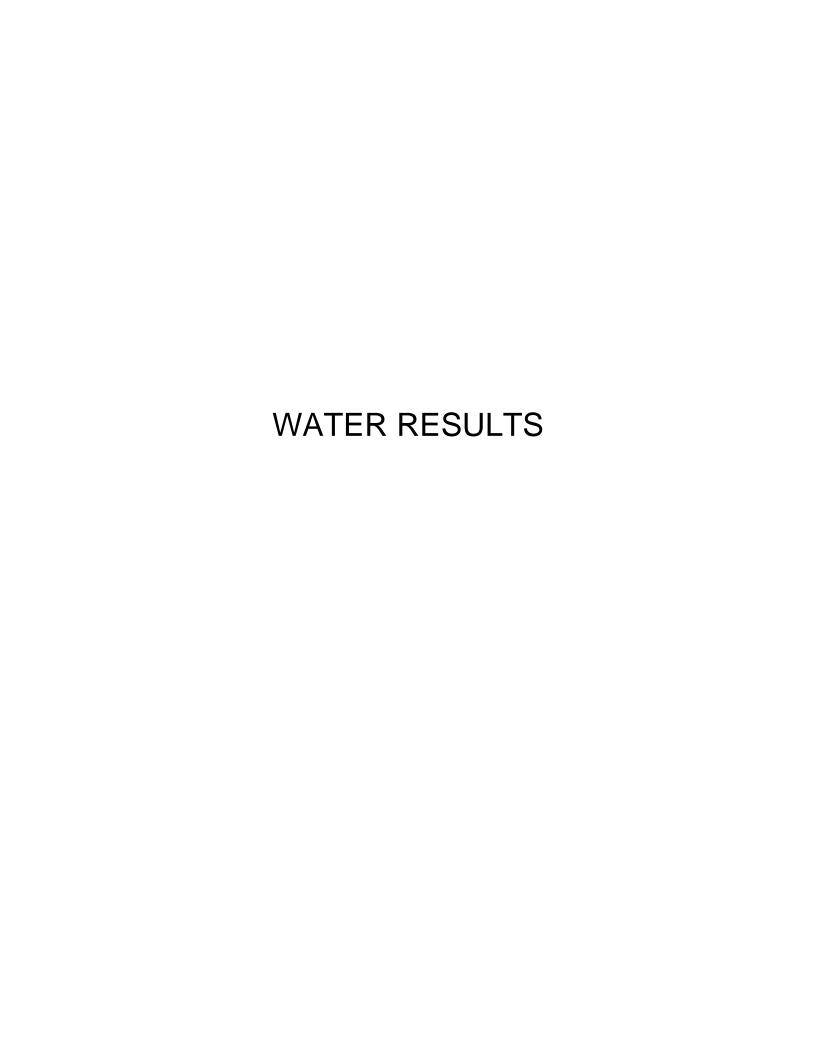
	Metal	North Site (X-1) (Quarterly composites) ug/m ³	Northeast Site (X-2) (Quarterly composites) ug/m ³	Southeast Site (X-3) (Quarterly composites) ug/m ³	South Site (X-4) (Quarterly composites) ug/m³	West Site (X-5) (Quarterly composites) ug/m ³
First Quarter 2001	Beryllium TSP-P	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011
	Beryllium PM10-P	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011
	Beryllium TSP-CL	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011
	Beryllium PM10-CL	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011
Second Quarter 2001	Beryllium TSP-P	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011
	Beryllium PM10-P	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011
	Beryllium TSP-CL	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011
	Beryllium PM10-CL	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011	< 0.0011

ug/m³ = Micrograms per cubic meter

N/A = Not available

TSP = Total Suspended Particulates (P = primary, CL = collocated)
PM10 = Particulate Matter < 10 microns in diameter (P = primary, CL = collocated)







CDPHE Surface Water Sampling

Third Quarter 2002

Surface water sampling conducted by CDPHE for the 3rd quarter of 2002, included:

- Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) Influent samples were collected on 7/17/02, 8/21/02, and 9/18/02. Influent samples were collected for the first time from B990 north and south interceptors on 9/18/02. Data for the 6/19/02 2nd quarter sample event is presented in this report.
- Pre-discharge samples were collected from Pond B5 and C2 8/19/02, and Ponds A4 and B5 on 10/8/02. Data for the 6/24/02 2nd quarter sample event for Pond B5 is presented in this report.
- Point of Compliance Walnut Creek at Indiana Street (SW114) sample was collected on 7/17/02 during Pond B5 discharge and Woman Creek below Pond C2 (SW026) was collected on 9/10/02 during Pond C2 annual valve exercise/discharge.
- Nutrient sampling (nitrate and ammonia) was conducted 8/21/02 at the following locations: GS-10, WWTP effluent, Pond B3, Pond B5, SW-118, SW093, GS13, and Pond A4. SW114 and GS13 were not sampled due to no flow.
- Performance Monitoring for Mound/East Trench Plume was conducted 8/21/02 and 10/22/02 at the following locations: Pond B1, Pond B2, Pond B3 outfall, and GS09 below Pond B4.
- Performance Monitoring for Solar Pond Plume was attempted on 5/28/02 and 8/21/02 at GS13. There was no flow during these times so no sample was collected.

Table G provides a summary of the sample activity and parameters collected by CDPHE. Table H presents inorganic results, and Table I presents organic detections.

Wastewater Treatment Plant Influent

WWTP Influent is monitored to evaluate routine and non-routine discharges to the WWTP. The CDPHE sampling supplements sampling conducted by the Site for WWTP operational evaluations and permit requirements. Only the CDPHE results are presented in this document. Reference Table G for monitoring specifics.

During this quarter, the first samples were collected from the north and south interceptor basins at B990 (upstream of the treatment plant). The north interceptor contains discharges from the protected area (former and current) and the south interceptor contains discharges from the non-protected area (south side of the Site). There is interest to determine if differences exist between these discharge streams.

This quarters' WWTP Influent results exhibited detectable levels of silver 0.8 to 5.2 μ g/L in two of the four samples, well below the Basic Standard [5 CCR 1002-31] for total silver of 100 ug/L. [The influent silver is determined by the total recoverable fraction (unfiltered) rather than the "dissolved" fraction (filtered through a 0.45-micron filter) used for ambient surface water samples.] Samples collected at locations downstream of the WWTP effluent, did not exhibit any detectable concentrations of silver.

Copper, iron, manganese, lithium, nickel, gross beta, and plutonium were also detected in influent samples during this quarter. None of the detections exceeded the respective effluent limit or stream standard.

The following table summarizes the detections for the influent samples collected 9/18/02 at the B990 north and south interceptors, with a comparison to the influent sample at B995 (downstream of the north and south interceptors).

Analyte	B995 Influent	B990-North	B990-South
Copper, ug/L	17	18	22
Iron, ug/L	300	250	200
Manganese, ug/L	50	27	35
Nickel, ug/L	100	< 20	< 20
Lithium, ug/L	13	9	6
Silver, ug/L	0.8	< 0.4	1.5
Gross Beta, pCi/L	16 +/- 4	15 +/- 4	25 +/- 5
Plutonium 239+240, pCi/L	< 0.008	0.005	< 0.008

Based on these results there appears to be slight differences between the south interceptor, which receives discharge from the non-protected area (or south side of the Site), when compared to the results for the north interceptor, which receives discharge from the protected area (or north side of the Site). The south interceptor exhibited the presence of silver, and higher concentration of gross beta. The north interceptor exhibited plutonium. Neither the north or south interceptor exhibited the nickel that was detected in the B995 influent sample.

With the efficacy of the WWTP the influent wastewater quality poses no real concerns either to the Plant, to effluent quality or ambient stream quality under normal conditions, which now include the decommissioning efforts to date. Decommissioning is now a routine activity, but each building has its own specific concerns and issues.

Pre-Discharge Monitoring

The Pre-Discharge sampling program is conducted for compliance evaluation of the Site's ability to discharge storm water and treated wastewater to the Big Dry Creek drainage. Pre-Discharge Monitoring is conducted at the terminal ponds on Walnut Creek (Pond A4 and Pond B5) and Woman Creek (Pond C2), only when discharges are planned. Typically the Walnut Creek Ponds A4 and B5 are discharged 8-10 times per years and Woman Creek Pond C2 once a year. Sampling is conducted by both the Site and CDPHE. Only the CDPHE results are presented in this document. Reference Table G for monitoring specifics.

This quarters pre-discharge samples from Pond B5 did not exhibit any concentrations above established RFCA action levels or applicable WQCC stream standards.

This quarters pre-discharge samples from Pond A4 did not exhibit any concentrations above established RFCA action levels or applicable WQCC stream standards, with the exception of:

o Chloride detected at 550 mg/L as compared to the secondary water quality standard of 250 mg/L. See figure for chloride at SWA4.

The presence of elevated chloride is being evaluated in association with the nitrate study, with the goal to determine if the chloride is associated with use of de-icing materials, naturally occurring, or as a potential indicator parameter associated with contaminant migration.

This quarters pre-discharge samples from Pond C2 did not exhibit any concentrations above established RFCA action levels or applicable WQCC stream standards, with the exception of:

- o Manganese detected at 530 ug/L as compared to the water quality standard of 200 ug/L for agricultural use designation.
- o Gross beta detected at 11 +/- 4 pCi/L as compared to the water quality standard of 8 pCi/L. Potassium was detected at a concentration of 7 pCi/L, which accounts for the majority of the gross beta concentration.

Point of Compliance - Surface Water Results

Point of Compliance monitoring is conducted below the terminal ponds and at the Site boundary along Indiana Street, on both Walnut and Woman Creek. Point of Compliance monitoring is conducted to evaluate Site compliance with WQCC stream standards and RFCA action levels, as appropriate. Point of Compliance monitoring activities are shared between CDPHE and the Site. Only the CDPHE monitoring results are presented in this document. Reference Table G for monitoring specifics.

The sample collected from Walnut Creek at Indiana (SW114) this quarter coincided with discharge of water from Pond B5. During this quarters' ambient water sampling at SW114 no exceedences of an action level was observed.

The sample collected from Woman Creek below Pond C2 (SW026) this quarter coincided with the discharge of water from Pond C2 during the annual valve exercise. Due to the elevated concentration of gross beta in the pre-discharge sample, radionuclides were added to the parameter list for the discharge sample event. On comparison of the pre-discharge sample to the discharge sample, there is good consistency in most concentrations. During this annual ambient water sampling for Pond C2 discharge, no exceedences of an action level was observed, with the exception of:

o Gross beta at a concentration of 13 +/- 4 pCi/L compared to the action level and stream standard of 8 pCi/L.

Water from the discharge event dissipated within 200 yards downstream of Pond C2, never reaching the Site boundary.

Nutrient Sampling - North Walnut Creek

This *Ad Hoc* program conducted by CDPHE monitors nutrient concentrations related to nitrate and ammonia in the North and South Walnut Creek drainages as a result of Sewage Treatment Plant Operations and Solar Pond Groundwater Plume. The nitrate profile in the Walnut Creek drainages exhibits a pattern of elevated levels in excess of the underlying standard, since the time the French drain and active treatment system for the solar pond area was dismantled and discontinued, and the installation of the passive solar pond plume passive treatment project. Historically the highest exceedences are at GS-13, which more represent the full impact of the solar pond nitrate plume into North Walnut Creek.

This quarters nitrate results ranged from <0.3 mg/L to 4 mg/L at EFFL, effluent from the sewage treatment plant into Pond B3. All results were less than the temporary modification of 100 mg/L, and the underlying stream standard of 10 mg/L.

This quarters' total ammonia results ranged from <0.01 mg/L to 0.36 mg/L. Calculating for unionized ammonia exhibited concentrations ranging from <0.00004 to 0.00017 mg/L, compared against the conservative unionized standard of 0.1 mg/L (segment 4a stream standard), no samples exceed the stream standard.

Performance Monitoring – Mound/East Trench Plume

The Mound and East Trenches groundwater contaminant plumes contain volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and select metals. Groundwater collection and treatment systems are

in place and appear to be effective. However, it is possible that some contaminated groundwater either was downgradient of the collection systems before installation, or that some groundwater may be by-passing the collection trenches. There is no in-stream monitoring specified in the Decision Documents for these systems that can either verify or disprove this. In order to ensure that stream standards are being attained, monitoring for VOCs and selected metals was commenced during second quarter 2002 in South Walnut Creek in the immediate vicinity of where the groundwater contamination plumes may be intersecting the stream.

This quarter represents the second sample event for this performance monitoring program. VOCs were elevated above applicable segment 5 stream standards for Pond B2, summarized in the following table and shown in Table I.

Samples collected at Pond B1, B3 and B4 did not exhibit any volatile organic compounds. The monitoring program was adjusted to incorporate two locations for Pond B2, on the north shore (B2N) and the southeast corner (B2S), to determine if there is a difference in constituents across the pond. Both the B2N and B2S sample exhibited the presence of cis-1,2-dichlroethylene at 1.2 and 7.9 ug/L respectively. Trichloroethene and vinyl chloride were detected in the B2S sample. In comparison to the May 28, 2002 sample event, there are fewer volatile organic compounds detected and at lower concentrations with the exception of vinyl chloride which increased in concentration. A summary of the October and May results are provided in the following table.

Detail on actions taken are presented in the ESR for 2nd Quarter 2002. As a result of these findings the following action is being conducted:

Determination of potential sources and identification of any mitigating action requirements as outlined in the Integrated Monitoring Plan and RFCA. This Performance Monitoring location is downgradient of a POE (SW023/GS10) and well upgradient of a POC (Pond B5, SW025/GS08 – which are influenced by STP effluent). More data needs to be acquired to evaluate UTL95, which is the criteria of comparison identified in IMP for Performance Monitoring locations, to determine the type of action, if any.

To accomplish this the following activities are in progress: request historical surface water, seep and sediment data for the B-series Ponds; evaluate historical groundwater data pre and post-treatment system installation; increase frequency of sample collection at Pond B2 from semi-annual to quarterly and collect surface water samples from both the north and south side of the pond; coordinate sample efforts with routine groundwater monitoring efforts; and field map and photo document the existing extent of seeps in the area of Ponds B1, B2 and B3.

Final Results (EPA Method 524.2) – October 22, 2002 comparison to May 28, 2002

Analyte	Units	B2S (south)	B2N (north)	B2S (May 28, 2002)	ALF	Reg 38 - Temp Mod	Reg 31 Basic Stds	Reg 31 Basis
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	ug/L	7.9	1.2	48	70		70	WS
1,1-dichloroethene	ug/L			0.69	0.0057	7	7	WS, W+F
chloroform	ug/L			12	100		5.7	W+F
carbon tetrachloride	ug/L			10	0.25	5	0.27	WS
trichloroethene	ug/L	2.2		200	2.7	5	2.7	W+F
tetrachloroethylene	ug/L			31	0.8	5	0.8	W+F
vinyl chloride	ug/L	2.7		0.96	2		2	WS, W+F
Temperature	°C			20.5				
рН	SU			9.41		6.5-9	6.5-9	

denotes exceedence

Pond B2 is an isolated Pond - no direct discharges to or from Pond B2 Receives overland flow and groundwater discharge from one or two GW plumes WS = water supply

WS = water supply W+F = water plus fish

Performance Monitoring – Solar Pond Plume

The Solar Ponds groundwater contaminant plume contains high levels of nitrates and uranium, and lower concentrations of several other metals. Groundwater collection and treatment systems have been installed, and the treatment appears to be effective. However, it is possible that some contaminated groundwater either was already downgradient of the collection system before it was installed, or, that some groundwater may be bypassing the collection trench.

While the Site monitors in-stream uranium concentrations, CDPHE will perform in-stream monitoring for metals. This data will be used in order to ensure that stream standards are being attained. It should be noted that both the Site and CDPHE monitor nitrate concentrations at this location, and the CDPHE nitrate monitoring is described in the ad-hoc section of this ESR.

Attempts were made to collect samples on May 28, 2002 and August 21, 2002, however, there was no flow at the sample point.

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Pond/Seep Results - 1997 Pre-Treatment System Installation

Location D	Description		B2 SWater	B1 Swater					
			Southside	Southside	60195	60295	60395	B1	B2
Analytes	Units	ALF							
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	ug/L	70	94-100	ND	ND	ND	ND	4	32
chloroform	ug/L	100	12-14	ND	4	13	5	1	30
carbon tetrachloride	ug/L	0.25/5	16-19	ND	30	120	ND	13	98
trichloroethene	ug/L	2.7/5	400-420	ND	30	23	ND	14	970
tetrachloroethylene	ug/L	0.8/5	16	ND	510	190	30	280	120

Data from Final PAM East Trenches Treatment System (February 1999)

Denotes concentration > ALF/5 CCR 1002-38 (Temporary Modification)

Groundwater Analytical Results - 2001

V		95299	951	99 ^a	23:	95099 ^b		
Location Desc	Tier II GW Standard	Upgradient of B1	Upgradie	ent of B2	Upgradi	Upgradient of B4		
Analytes	Units			4/24/2001	10/23/2001	4/24/2001	10/23/2001	
cis-1,2-dichloroethene	ug/L	70	NS	2	2.5	63	150	1
chloroform	ug/L	100	NS	1	1	16	10	1
carbon tetrachloride	ug/L	5	NS	1	1	6	10	0.2
trichloroethene	ug/L	5	NS	65	51	500	380	1
tetrachloroethylene	ug/L	5	NS	2	2	17	12	1
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethene	ug/L	0.426	NS	1	1	1	1	1
cis-1,3-dichloropropene	ug/L	0.473	NS	1	1	1	1	1

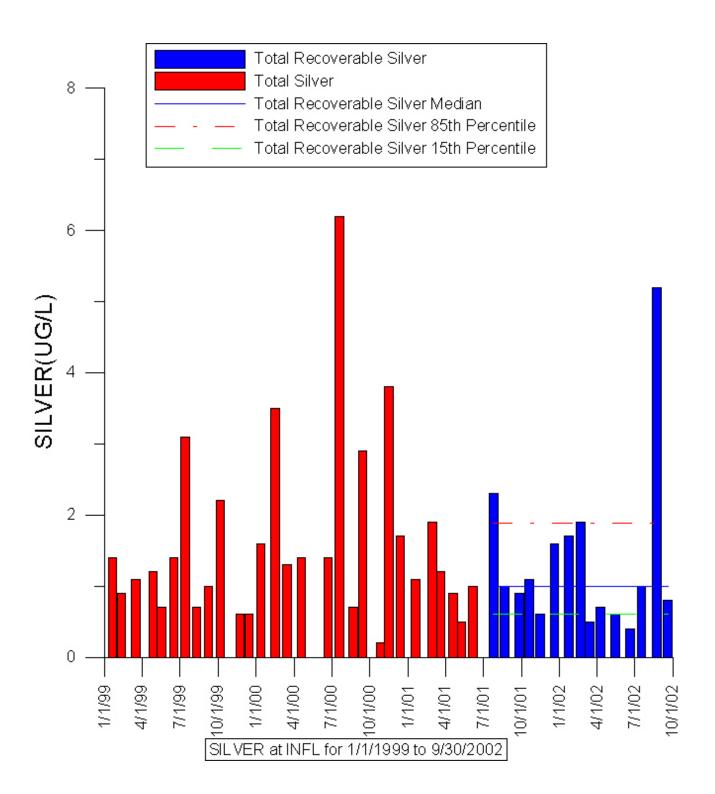
NS = not sampled

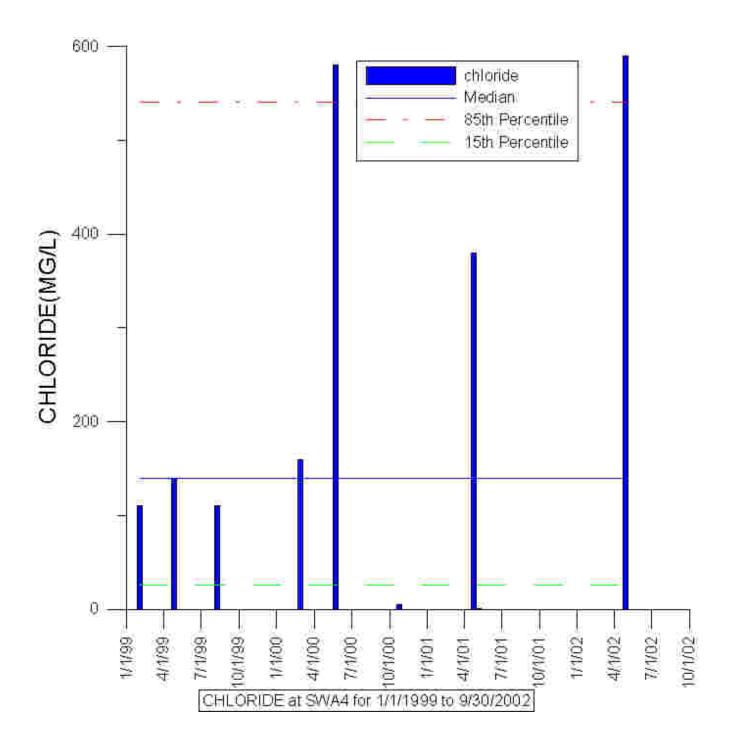
Denotes concentration > Tier II GW Action Level

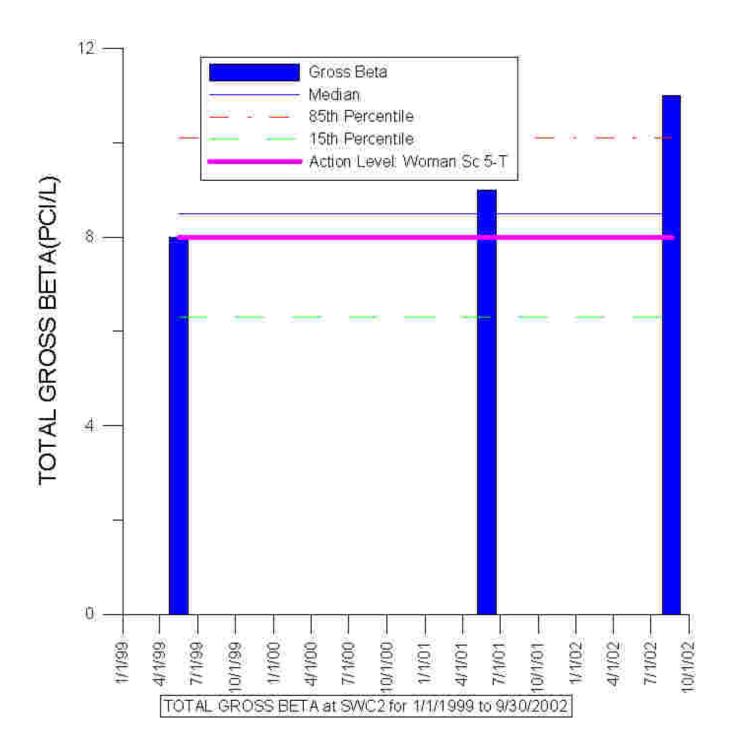
Historical trend analysis of well 23296 exhibits same analytes and similar concentrations.

^a Located in "zone of sacrifice" not intended to be treated.

^b Located east of treatment system outside of plume









				TABL	.E G – C	DPHE SU	JRFACE	WATER I	MONITOR	ING PR	OGRAM								
Sampling Front Location	equencies ns & Parai		Pre Dis	charge		ent Plant luent	Performanc	e Monitoring	Ad Hoc Program				C Monitoring	at Indiana					
Parameter or Method	Method	Total # Analyses Per Year All Sites	Pond A4 or Pond B5		on Basin	Basin	Plume (footnote a)	Plume	Nitrate Study 8 Stations (footnote b)	During Pond Releases (footnote c)				ions (footnote c)		Dry Weath No Pond	Release	Events - Rele	
			SWA4 or SWB5	SWC2	INFL	990 INFL_N 990 INFL_S		GS13	various	SW114 (GS03) Walnut Ck	SW001 (GS01) Woman Ck	SW114 (GS03) Walnut Ck	SW001 (GS01) Woman Ck	SW114 (GS03) Walnut Ck	SW001 (GS01) Woman Ck				
Field pH		na			ature Will be	Collected for	All Samples												
Field Temp, C		na	>>>>>> Field pH ar	nd Tempera	ature Will be	Collected for	All Samples												
Field DO		na	10/yr ¹	1/yr ¹															
RADS - Total	(unfiltare	4/ DIIGH																	
Americium - 241	TRU SPEC	11	10/yr ¹	1/yr ¹															
Plutonium - 239/240	TRU SPEC	11	10/yr ¹	1/yr ¹															
Gross Alpha	900.0	11	10/yr ¹	1/yr ¹															
Gross Beta	900.0	11	10/yr ¹	1/yr ¹															
RADS - Total (unfiltered)																			
Americium - 241	TRUSP EC	20			Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹													
Plutonium - 239/240	TRUSP EC	20			Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹													
Gross Alpha	900.0	20			Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹													
Gross Beta Uranium, Fluorometric	900.0 908.0	20 25	Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	Monthly ² Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹ Quarterly ¹													
Metals - Disso (filtered)																			
Ag	200.8	22 - 26	Quarterly ¹				Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹				2 / yr ¹	2 / yr ¹		2 / yr ¹				
Cu Mn	200.8	22 - 26 22 - 26	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1/yr ¹ 1/yr ¹			Quarterly ¹ Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹ Quarterly ¹		Quarterly ¹ Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹ 1/yr ¹		2 / yr ¹ 2 / yr ¹	2 / yr ¹ 2 / yr ¹	2 / yr ¹ 2 / yr ¹				
Ni	245.1	22 - 26		1/yr ¹			Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹		Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹		2 / yr ¹		2 / yr ¹				
Se	200.8	22 - 26	Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹			Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹		Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹		2 / yr ¹		2 / yr ¹				
								ĺ		1		,	•						

				TABL	E G – C	DPHE SU	JRFACE	WATER I	MONITOR	ING PRO	OGRAM								
Sampling Fre Location	equencies is & Parai		Pre Dis	charge		ent Plant luent	Performanc	e Monitoring	Ad Hoc Program	Stream Se	gment 4, PO	4, POC Monitoring, Non-POC		C Monitoring	at Indiana				
Parameter or Method	Method	Total # Analyses Per Year All Sites	or Pond B5	Pond C2	on Basin	: Bldg 990 N. & S. Interceptors Prior to Equalization Basin	Plume (footnote a)	Plume	Nitrate Study 8 Stations (footnote b)	During Pond Releases (footnote c)		•		U		No Pond Release		Following Storn Events - No Pon Release ^d	
			SWA4 or SWB5	SWC2	INFL	990 INFL_N 990 INFL_S	SWB1, SWB2, SWB3, GS09	GS13	various	SW114 (GS03) Walnut Ck	SW001 (GS01) Woman Ck	SW114 (GS03) Walnut Ck	SW001 (GS01) Woman Ck	SW114 (GS03) Walnut Ck	SW001 (GS01) Woman Ck				
Metals - Total (unfiltered)	Recover	able																	
As	200.8	42 - 46	Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹		Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	2 / yr¹	2 / yr ¹	2 / yr ¹	2 / yr ¹				
Be	200.8	42 - 46		1/yr ¹		Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹		Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹		2 / yr ¹		2 / yr ¹				
Cd	200.8	42 - 46	Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹		Quarterly ¹			2 / yr ¹		2 / yr ¹				
Cr(VI) dslvd??	200.8	42 - 46	Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹		Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	2 / yr ¹	2 / yr ¹		2 / yr ¹				
Fe	200.7	42 - 46	Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹		Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹		2 / yr ¹		2 / yr ¹				
Lithium	200.8	42 - 46	Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹		Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹		2 / yr ¹	2 / yr ¹	2 / yr ¹				
Thallium	200.8	42 - 46	Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹		Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	2 / yr ¹	2 / yr	2 / yr	2 / yr				
Special TR Me		iltered) For S	STP Influen	t - until do	omestic sev	age contribu	tions are												
Ag	200.8	20			Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹													
Cu	200.7	20			Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹													
Mn dslvd??	200.7	20			Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹													
Ni	245.1	20			Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹													
Se	200.8	20			Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹													
Hardness as CaCO3	130.2	22-26	Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹			Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹		Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	2 / yr¹	2 / yr ¹	2 / yr ¹	2 / yr ¹				
Organic Analyses																			
VOCs	502.2	8					Semi- Annual ¹												

				TABL	E G – C	DPHE S	URFACE	WATER	MONITOR	RING PR	OGRAM				
Sampling Free Location	equencies s & Parai		Pre Disc	harge		ent Plant luent	Performanc	e Monitoring	Ad Hoc Program	Stream Se	Stream Segment 4, POC Monitoring, Non-POC			Monitoring	at Indiana
Parameter or Method	Analy Per Y		alyses or C2 Following N. & S. East Plume 8.5		Nitrate Study 8 Stations (footnote b)	During Pond Releases (footnote c)		_	er Flow - No Release	Events -	ng Storm No Pond ase ^d				
			SWA4 or SWB5	SWC2	INFL	990 INFL_N 990 INFL_S	SWB1, SWB2, SWB3, GS09	GS13	various	SW114 (GS03) Walnut Ck	SW001 (GS01) Woman Ck	SW114 (GS03) Walnut Ck	SW001 (GS01) Woman Ck	SW114 (GS03) Walnut Ck	SW001 (GS01) Woman Ck
Nutrients/Inor	ganics														
Ammonia as	350.2	52 - 56	10/yr ¹	1/yr ¹					Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹	1/yr¹	2 / yr¹	2 / yr ¹	2 / yr¹	2 / yr ¹
Nitrite/Nitrate as N	353.2	52 - 56	10/yr ¹	1/yr¹					Quarterly ¹	Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	2 / yr¹	2 / yr ¹	2 / yr¹	2 / yr¹
Phosphate, T Orthophosph ate	365.1 365.2	20 - 24 20 - 24	10/yr ¹ 10/yr ¹	1/yr ¹ 1/yr ¹						Quarterly ¹ Quarterly ¹		2 / yr¹ 2 / yr¹	2 / yr ¹ 2 / yr ¹		2 / yr ¹ 2 / yr ¹
Solids, total suspended Chloride	160.1 325.3	40 - 44 5	10/yr ¹ Quarterly ¹	Ĭ .	Monthly ²	Quarterly ¹				Quarterly ¹	1/yr ¹	2 / yr¹	2 / yr ¹	2 / yr¹	2 / yr ¹

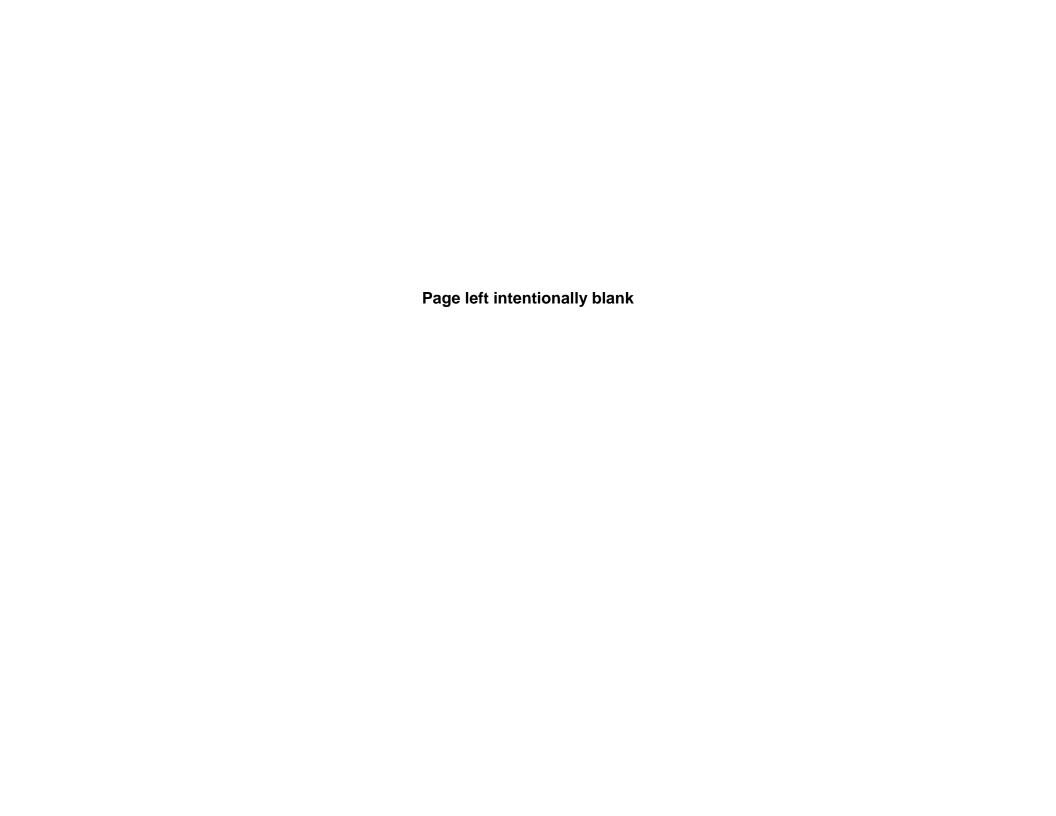
^a Metals and hardness monitoring will be conducted at GS09, below Pond B4. VOC monitoring will be conducted in Ponds B-1 and B-2 from the surface, and at the outfall from Ponds B-3 and below B-4 at GS09. VOC monitoring will be conducted in late fall

^b Nitrate Special Study Stations: SW118, SW093, GS13, Pond A-4, GS10, EFFL, Pond B-5, SW114. Station EFFL is the outfall from the STP.

^c Metals monitoring at Indiana Street "During Pond Releases", will be conducted for those pond discharges where metals monitoring was done for the Pre-Discharge sample.

d "Storm Event / No Pond Release" related monitoring may be conducted by the Site as part of it's Buffer Zone Hydrologic Monitoring Program . If not, the State will attempt to schedule grab sample collection.

¹ Grab Sample



Environmental Surveillance Report TABLE H - INORGANIC ANALYSIS OF SURFACE WATER THIRD QUARTER 2002

	Sample	TIME COAR		2002		*Analysis*		
Location	Date	Parameter	ļ	Analysis L	_evel	Units 1st 2nd 3rd		
	m Sewage 8/22/2002	e Treatment Plant(EFFL)						
		Field pH		7.01		Standard Units		
		Temperature		21.8		°C		
		Ammonia as N		0.36		mg/L		
		Chloride		32		mg/L		
		Nitrate/Nitrite		4		mg/L		
	ut Creek 8/22/2002	above B-Series Bypass(GS10)						
	0, 22, 2002	- Field pH		7.4		Standard Units		
		Temperature		18.2		°C		
		Ammonia as N	<			mg/L		
		Chloride	<	2		mg/L		
		Nitrate/Nitrite		2.4		mg/L		
	Sewage Ti 6/19/2002	reatment Plant(INFL)						
		Field pH		7.31		Standard Units		
		Temperature		20.5		°C		
		Americium-241, Total	<	0.016		pCi/L		
		Arsenic, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L		
		Beryllium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L		
		Cadmium, Total Recoverable	<	0.3		μg/L		
		Chromium, Total Recoverable	<	3		μg/L		
		Copper, Total Recoverable		48		μg/L		
		Gross Alpha	<	4		pCi/L		
		Gross Beta		9 +/-	4	pCi/L		
		Iron, Total Recoverable		690		μg/L		
		Lithium, Total Recoverable		4		μg/L		
		Manganese, Total Recoverable		49		μg/L		
		Nickel, Total Recoverable	<	20		μg/L		
		Plutonium 239+240, Total		0.018 +/-	0.005	pCi/L		
		Selenium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L		
		Silver, Total Recoverable	<	0.4		μg/L		
		Thallium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L		
		Total Suspended Solids		120		mg/L		
	7/17/2002	Uranium, Total	<	3		pCi/L		
		Field pH		7.3		Standard Units		
		Temperature		23		°C		
		Americium-241, Total	<	0.013		pCi/L		
		Arsenic, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L		
		Beryllium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L		

	_					
	Cadmium, Total Recoverable	<	0.3		μg	/L
	Chromium, Total Recoverable	<	3		μg	/L
	Copper, Total Recoverable	<	3		μg	/L
	Gross Alpha	<	3		pCi,	/L
	Gross Beta		12		pCi,	/L
	Iron, Total Recoverable		200		μg	/L
	Lithium, Total Recoverable		67		μg	/L
	Manganese, Total Recoverable		30		μg	/L
	Nickel, Total Recoverable	<	20		μg	/L
	Plutonium 239+240, Total		0.008 +/-	0.004	pCi,	/L
	Selenium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg	/L
	Silver, Total Recoverable	<	0.4		μg,	
	Thallium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg,	
	Total Suspended Solids		60		mg.	
	Uranium, Total	<	3		pCi,	
8/22/2002						
0,, _ 0	Field pH		7.39		Standard Uni	ts
	Temperature		21.1			С
	Americium-241, Total	_	0.014		pCi	
	Arsenic, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg,	
	Beryllium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg.	
	Cadmium, Total Recoverable	<	0.3		μg,	
	Chromium, Total Recoverable	<	3			
		_	15		μg	
	Copper, Total Recoverable	_	15 5			/LU
	Gross Alpha	<	3 13 +/-	4	pCi,	
	Gross Beta			4	pCi.	
	Iron, Total Recoverable		510		μg,	
	Lithium, Total Recoverable		8		μg	
	Manganese, Total Recoverable		31		μg	
	Nickel, Total Recoverable		100	0.000		LU
	Plutonium 239+240, Total		0.022 +/-	0.008	pCi	
	Selenium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg	
	Silver, Total Recoverable		5.2		μg	
	Thallium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg	
	Total Suspended Solids		55		mg,	
	Uranium, Total	<	3		pCi,	/L
9/18/2002	2					
	Field pH		7.45		Standard Uni	
	Temperature		17.1		0	С
	Americium-241, Total	<	0.008		pCi,	/L
	Arsenic, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg	/L
	Beryllium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg	/L
	Cadmium, Total Recoverable	<	0.3		μg	/L
	Chromium, Total Recoverable	<	3		μg	/L
	Copper, Total Recoverable		17		μg	/L
	Gross Alpha	<	4		pCi,	/L
	Gross Beta		16 +/-	4	pCi,	/L
	Iron, Total Recoverable		300		μg,	
	Lithium, Total Recoverable		13		μg,	
	Manganese, Total Recoverable		50		μg.	
	Nickel, Total Recoverable		100			/L U
	_ ,				r 9'	-

Plutonium 239+240, Total	< 0	.009	pCi/L
Selenium, Total Recoverable	<	1	μg/L
Silver, Total Recoverable		8.0	μg/L
Thallium, Total Recoverable	<	1	μg/L
Total Suspended Solids		30	mg/L
Uranium, Total	<	3	pCi/L

North Influent to Sewage Treatment Plant(INFL-N) 9/18/2002

Field pH		7.51		Standard Units
Temperature		21.4		°C
Americium-241, Total	<	0.013		pCi/L
Arsenic, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L
Beryllium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L
Cadmium, Total Recoverable	<	0.3		μg/L
Chromium, Total Recoverable	<	3		μg/L
Copper, Total Recoverable		18		μg/L
Gross Alpha	<	4		pCi/L
Gross Beta		15 +/-	4	pCi/L
Iron, Total Recoverable		250		μg/L
Lithium, Total Recoverable		9		μg/L
Manganese, Total Recoverable		27		μg/L
Nickel, Total Recoverable	<	20		μg/L
Plutonium 239+240, Total		0.005 +/-	0.003	pCi/L
Selenium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L
Silver, Total Recoverable	<	0.4		μg/L
Thallium, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L
Total Suspended Solids		75		mg/L
Uranium, Total	<	3		pCi/L

South Influent to Sewage Treatment Plant(INFL-S) 9/18/2002

E'-11-11		7.04	0(
Field pH		7.81	Standard Units
Temperature		18.9	°C
Americium-241, Total	<	800.0	pCi/L
Arsenic, Total Recoverable	<	1	μg/L
Beryllium, Total Recoverable	<	1	μg/L
Cadmium, Total Recoverable	<	0.3	μg/L
Chromium, Total Recoverable	<	3	μg/L
Copper, Total Recoverable		22	μg/L
Gross Alpha	<	4	pCi/L
Gross Beta		25	+/- 5 pCi/L
Iron, Total Recoverable		200	μg/L
Lithium, Total Recoverable		6	μg/L
Manganese, Total Recoverable		35	μg/L
Nickel, Total Recoverable	<	20	μg/L
Plutonium 239+240, Total	<	0.005	pCi/L
Selenium, Total Recoverable	<	1	μg/L
Silver, Total Recoverable		1.5	μg/L
Thallium, Total Recoverable	<	1	μg/L
Total Suspended Solids		170	mg/L

Gramam, rotal	`	Ü	PO//L
Pond C2 - Outfall(SW026)			
9/10/2002			
		7.13	ma/l
Dissolved Oxygen Field pH		7.13	mg/L Standard Units
•		17.6	°C
Temperature	ol . (0.019	_
Americium-241, Tot	aı < (pCi/L
Ammonia as N	roroblo	0.07	mg/L
Arsenic, Total Reco		5	μg/L
Beryllium, Dissolved		1	μg/L
Cadmium, Dissolved		0.3	μg/L
Chromium, Total	<	3	μg/L
Copper, Dissolved		15	μg/L
Gross Alpha Gross Beta	<	5 12 . /	pCi/L
	2	13 +/-	4 pCi/L
Hardness as CaCO		220	mg/L
Iron, Total Recovera	ible	250	μg/L
Lithium, Total		19	μg/L
Manganese, Total R		600	μg/L
Nickel, Total	<	100	μg/L
Nitrate/Nitrite		1.9	mg/L
Orthophosphate		0.03	mg/L
Phosphate, Total	Tatal	0.1	mg/L
Plutonium 239+240,		0.032 +/- 0.0	•
Selenium, Dissolved		1.9	μg/L
Silver, Dissolved	<	0.4	μg/L
Thallium, Total	<	1	μg/L
Total Suspended So		50	mg/L
Tritium, Total	<	140	pCi/L
Uranium, Total	<	3	pCi/L
W (0 D D (10/0W000)			
Walnut Creek Below Portal 3(SW093)			
8/22/2002		7.40	0, 1, 111.7
Field pH		7.19	Standard Units
Temperature		14.2	°C
Ammonia as N	<	0.01	mg/L
Chloride	<	2	mg/L
Nitrate/Nitrite		0.81	mg/L
Walnut Creek at Indiana St.(SW114)			
7/17/2002			,,
Dissolved Oxygen	1	19.75	mg/L
Field pH		9.12	Standard Units
Temperature		21.7	°C
Ammonia as N		0.03	mg/L
Arsenic, Total Reco		2	μg/L
Beryllium, Dissolved		1	μg/L
Cadmium, Dissolved		0.3	μg/L
Chromium, Total	<	3	μg/L
Copper, Dissolved	<	3	μg/L

Uranium, Total

pCi/L

3

	Hardness as CaCO3		160		mg/L		
	Iron, Total Recoverable		40		μg/L		
	Lithium, Total		39		μg/L		
	Manganese, Total Rrcoverable		20		μg/L		
	Nickel, Total	<	20		μg/L		
	Nitrate/Nitrite	<	0.3		mg/L		
	Orthophosphate		0.21		mg/L		
	Phosphate, Total		0.3		mg/L		
	Selenium, Dissolved	<	1		μg/L		
	Silver, Dissolved	<	0.4		μg/L		
	Thallium, Total	<	1		μg/L		
	Total Suspended Solids	<	10		mg/L		
North Walnut Creek I 8/22/2002	Upstream of Portal 3(SW118)						
	Field pH		6.97		Standard Units		
	Temperature		19.6		°C		
	Ammonia as N		0.02		mg/L		
	Nitrate/Nitrite	<	0.3		mg/L		
Pond A4(SWA4) 8/22/2002							
G/ == / = 00 =	Field pH		7.18		Standard Units		
	Temperature		21.1		°C		
	Ammonia as N	<			mg/L		
	Nitrate/Nitrite	<	0.3		mg/L		
10/8/2002		•	0.0		9, =		
	Dissolved Oxygen		7.17		mg/L		
	Field pH		8.82		Standard Units		
	Temperature		14.3		°C		
	Americium-241, Total	<	0.004		pCi/L		
	Ammonia as N	<	0.01		mg/L		
	Arsenic, Total Recoverable		2		μg/L		
	Beryllium, Dissolved	<	1		μg/L		
	Cadmium, Dissolved	<	0.3		μg/L		
	Chloride		550		mg/L		
	Chromium, Total	<	20		μg/L		
	Copper, Dissolved	<	5		μg/L		
	Gross Alpha	<	5		pCi/L		
	Gross Beta	<	8 +/-	8	•		
	Hardness as CaCO3		260		mg/L		
	Iron, Total Recoverable		15		μg/L		
	Manganese, Total Recoverable		61		μg/L		
	Nickel, Total	<	20		μg/L		
	Nitrate/Nitrite	<	0.3		mg/L		
	Orthophosphate		0.03		mg/L		
	Phosphate, Total		0.053		mg/L		
	Plutonium 239+240, Total		0.009		pCi/L Q	Į	
	Selenium, Dissolved	<	1		μg/L		
	Silver, Dissolved	<	0.4		μg/L		
	Thallium, Total	<	1		μg/L		

	rotal Gasperiaca Gollas		00		111g/ L
	Uranium, Total	<	3		pCi/L
Pond B5(SWB5)					
6/24/2002	2				
	Dissolved Oxygen		6.57		mg/L
	Field pH		10.23		Standard Units
	Temperature		21		°C
	Americium-241, Total	<	0.014		pCi/L
	Ammonia as N	<	0.01		mg/L
	Arsenic, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L
	Beryllium, Dissolved	<	1		μg/L
	Cadmium, Dissolved	<			μg/L
	Chloride		40		mg/L
	Chromium, Total	<	_		μg/L
	Copper, Dissolved		6		μg/L
	Gross Alpha	<	_		pCi/L
	Gross Beta		9 +/-	4	pCi/L
	Hardness as CaCO3		160		mg/L
	Iron, Total Recoverable	<	-		µg/L
	Lithium, Total		7		μg/L
	Manganese, Total Recoverable	<			μg/L
	Nickel, Total	<	-		μg/L
	Nitrate/Nitrite	<	0.3 0.15		mg/L
	Orthophosphate		0.15		mg/L
	Phosphate, Total Plutonium 239+240, Total	_	0.006		mg/L
	Selenium, Dissolved				pCi/L
	Silver, Dissolved	<	_ :		μg/L
	Thallium, Total	<	-		μg/L μg/L
	Total Suspended Solids	`	20		μg/∟ mg/L
	Uranium, Total	<	_		pCi/L
8/19/2002			3		poi/L
	Americium-241, Total	<	0.011		pCi/L
	Ammonia as N	<	0.01		mg/L
	Arsenic, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L
	Beryllium, Dissolved	<	1		μg/L
	Cadmium, Dissolved	<	0.3		μg/L
	Chloride		40		mg/L
	Chromium, Total	<			μg/L
	Copper, Dissolved	<	_		μg/L
	Gross Alpha	<			pCi/L
	Gross Beta		6 +/-	4	pCi/L
	Hardness as CaCO3		160		mg/L
	Iron, Total Recoverable		30		μg/L
	Lithium, Total		43		μg/L
	Manganese, Total Recoverable		18		μg/L
	Nickel, Total	<			μg/L
	Nitrate/Nitrite	<			mg/L
	Orthophosphate		0.13		mg/L
	Phosphate, Total		0.51		mg/L

Total Suspended Solids

36

mg/L

	Plutonium 239+240, Total		0.005 +/-	0.003	pCi/L
	Selenium, Dissolved	<	1		μg/L
	Silver, Dissolved	<	0.4		μg/L
	Thallium, Total	<	1		μg/L
	Total Suspended Solids		13		mg/L H
	Uranium, Total	<	3		pCi/L
10/8/2002	2				
	Dissolved Oxygen		9.86		mg/L
	Field pH		9.4		Standard Units
	Temperature		12.8		°C
	Americium-241, Total		0.013 +/-	0.006	pCi/L
	Ammonia as N		0.05		mg/L
	Arsenic, Total Recoverable	<	1		μg/L
	Beryllium, Dissolved	<	1		μg/L
	Cadmium, Dissolved	<	0.3		μg/L
	Chloride		130		mg/L
	Chromium, Total	<	20		μg/L
	Copper, Dissolved	<	3		μg/L
	Gross Alpha	<	4		pCi/L
	Gross Beta	•	8 +/-	4	pCi/L
	Hardness as CaCO3		140	•	mg/L
	Iron, Total Recoverable	<	10		μg/L
	Lithium, Total	_	10		μg/L
	Manganese, Total Recoverable		4		
	_		20		μg/L
	Nickel, Total	<			μg/L
	Nitrate/Nitrite		0.89		mg/L
	Orthophosphate	<			mg/L
	Phosphate, Total		1.6		mg/L
	Plutonium 239+240, Total		0.013 +/-	0.008	pCi/L Q
	Selenium, Dissolved	<	1		μg/L
	Silver, Dissolved	<	0.4		μg/L
	Thallium, Total	<	1		μg/L
	Total Suspended Solids		20		mg/L
	Uranium, Total	<	3		pCi/L
Pond C2(SWC2) 8/19/2002	,				
0/13/2002			6.38		ma/l
	Dissolved Oxygen		8.98		mg/L Standard Units
	Field pH				
	Temperature		20.8		°C
	Americium-241, Total	<	0.018		pCi/L
	Ammonia as N		0.02		mg/L
	Arsenic, Total Recoverable		5		μg/L
	Beryllium, Dissolved	<	1		μg/L
	Cadmium, Dissolved	<	0.3		μg/L
	Chloride	<	2		mg/L
	Chromium, Total	<	3		μg/L
	Copper, Dissolved	<	3		μg/L
	Gross Alpha	<	5		pCi/L
	Gross Beta		11 +/-	4	pCi/L
	Hardness as CaCO3		210		mg/L

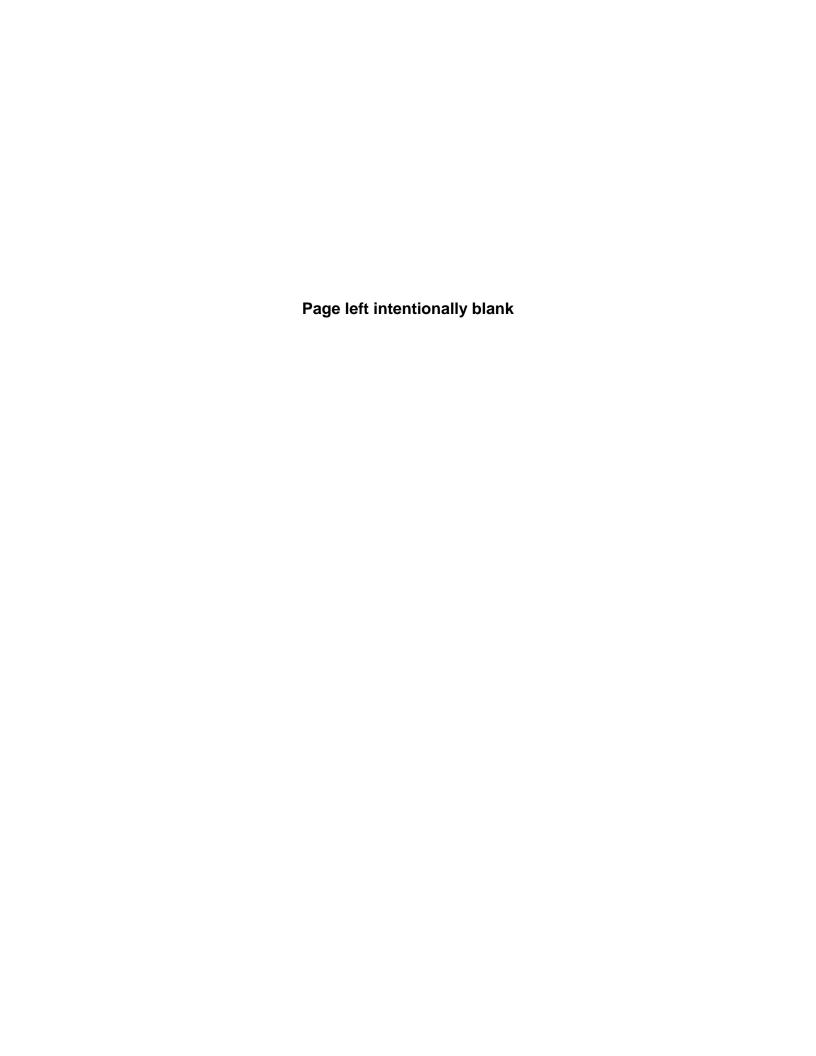
Plutonium 239+240, Total 0.005 +/- 0.003

pCi/L

Iron, Total Recoverable		170	μg/L
Lithium, Total		11	μg/L
Manganese, Total Recoverable		530	μg/L
Nickel, Total	<	20	μg/L
Nitrate/Nitrite	<	0.3	mg/L
Orthophosphate	<	0.02	mg/L
Phosphate, Total		0.06	mg/L
Plutonium 239+240, Total		0.017 +/- 0.005	pCi/L
Selenium, Dissolved	<	1	μg/L
Silver, Dissolved	<	0.4	μg/L
Thallium, Total	<	1	μg/L
Total Suspended Solids		20	mg/L H
Uranium, Total	<	3	pCi/L

Environmental Surveillance Report TABLE I - ORGANIC ANALYSIS OF SURFACE WATER THIRD QUARTER 2002

Sample				*Analysis*			
Location	Date	Parameter	Analysis Level	Units 1st	2nd	3rd	
Pond B2 North(SWB2N)						
	10/22/200)2					
		cis-1,2-Dichlorothylene	1.2	μg/L			
Pond B2 South(SWB2S)						
	10/22/200)2					
		cis-1,2-Dichlorothylene	7.9	μg/L			
		Trichlorothethylene	2.2	μg/L			
		Vinyl Chloride	2.7	μg/L			



GLOSSARY

Ag silver Am americium

AOI analyte of interest

APCD Air Pollution Control Division AQCC Air Quality Control Commission

ALF action level framework

B found in blank Be beryllium

CAS chemical abstracts service number

Cd cadmium

CDPHE Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment

Cr chromium

D&D decontamination and decommissioning

DOE Department of Energy

EPA Environmental Protection Agency ESR Environmental Surveillance Report

H exceeds holding time
IMP Integrated Monitoring Plan

J detected but below practical quantitative limit

LARS Laboratory and Radiation Services

mg/L Milligram per liter

MCL Maximum Contaminant Level (below MCL is safe)

MDL minimum detection level

Nd not detected NO₃ nitrate

pCi/L picocuries per liter

pCi/m³ picocuries per cubic meter
PM particulate material
ppb parts per billion
ppm parts per million

PQL practical quantitative level

Pu plutonium

QNS quantity not sufficient

RFCA Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement

RFETS Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site

TLV ACGIH Threshold limit value TSP Total Suspended Particulate

TSS Total Suspended Solids

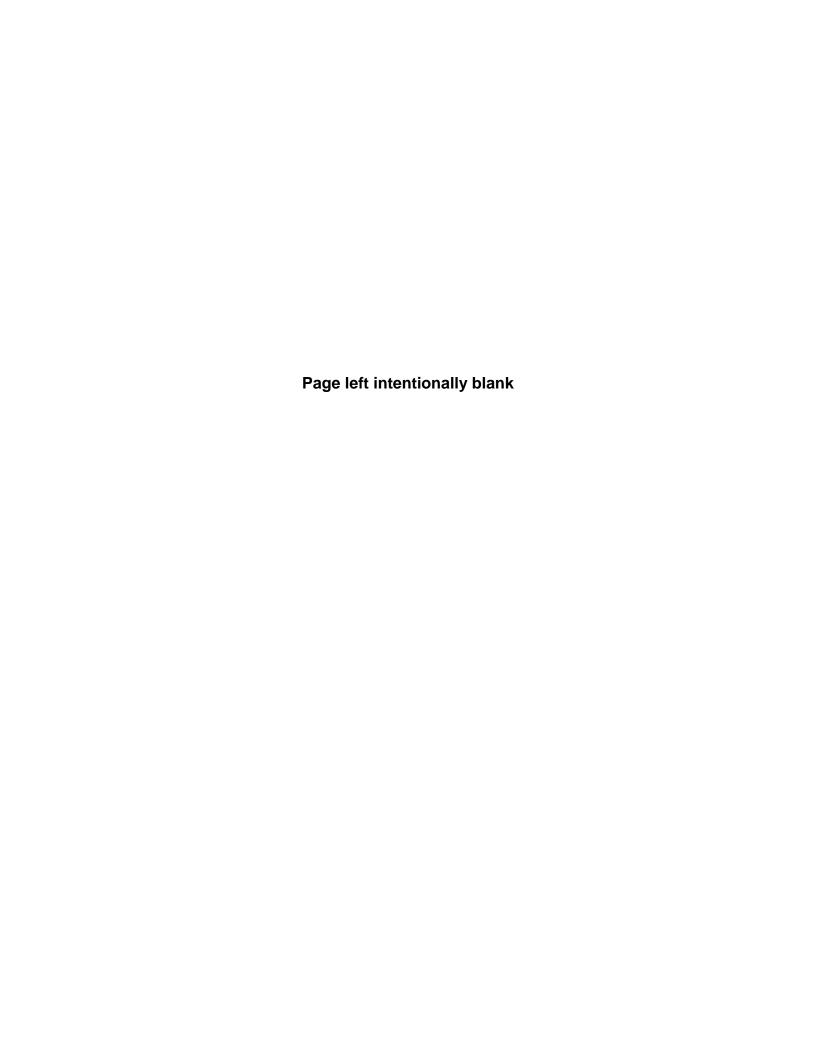
μg/L microgram per liter

μg/m³ micrograms per cubic meter

U uranium

VOCs volatile organic compounds

WQCC Water Quality Control Commission
WQCD Water Quality Control Division
WWTP wastewater treatment plan



If you have questions or comments about this report, or if you would like to be placed on the mailing or email list to receive copies of this report in the future, please write to:

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