

AT A TIPPING POINT:

BUILDING STRONGER SYSTEMS
FOR COLORADO KIDS IN THE
AFTERMATH OF COVID-19

**KIDS
COUNT** 
in Colorado 
COLORADO CHILDREN'S CAMPAIGN



This 2021 edition of the ***KIDS COUNT in Colorado!*** report is dedicated to the children and youth across the state who have bravely endured the COVID-19 pandemic and all of the disruptions it has caused to their daily lives. They sacrificed playdates and proms, graduations and grandparent visits, to help keep the adults in their communities healthy and safe, and they faced it all with kids' characteristic courage and resiliency. To the young people across Colorado who have endured a year like no other: we see the sacrifices you've made, and we commit ourselves to ensuring that Colorado emerges from the COVID-19 pandemic as a better place to be a kid.

KIDS COUNT!

in Colorado 2021

COLORADO CHILDREN'S CAMPAIGN

is made possible through the support of:



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We also acknowledge the generous support of the countless contributors whose investments make possible the work of the Colorado Children's Campaign, including sharing these critical data throughout the year.



KIDS COUNT in Colorado! is an annual publication of the Colorado Children’s Campaign that provides the best available state- and county-level data to measure and track the education, health and general well-being of our state’s children. The report informs policy debates and community discussions, serving as a valuable resource for policymakers, community leaders, advocates and citizens.

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LETTER FROM THE GOVERNOR



Jared Polis
Governor



COLORADO
Governor Jared Polis

August 25, 2021

Greetings:

I am honored to help introduce the 2021 *KIDS COUNT in Colorado!* report. Year after year, the research and data provided by the Colorado Children's Campaign has an impact on the policy changes that help make Colorado a better place to be a kid and live. The 2021 edition of *KIDS COUNT in Colorado!* is important, as it calls us to focus on a future vision for Colorado education.

Since March 2020, our administration has worked to support Colorado kids and hardworking families who faced challenges as a result of the public health and economic crisis brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic. Through state and federal stimulus packages, science-backed guidance, agency, and executive actions, my administration worked to ensure financial support and essential resources reached families and small businesses. Now, as we build back stronger we have the opportunity to prioritize equity and access for all.

Already, transformational changes have taken place this year. The creation of a new state Department of Early Childhood—which followed the overwhelming approval of Proposition EE this past fall—elevates early childhood education and development in our state. This new cabinet-level state agency will help ensure our youngest Coloradans and their families have access to the high-quality, affordable early care and learning they need to reach their fullest potential. I am proud of Colorado's commitment to students and families this past legislative session, and look forward to a future that strives to make Colorado the best state for children of all ages.

As you explore this edition of *KIDS COUNT in Colorado!*, I invite you to consider the opportunity we have to ensure a bright future for all children in our state regardless of zip code. We have a unique chance as a state to meet the moment in not only mitigating the impact of the pandemic, but also in reimagining how we take care of our children and families. There is no better time to support the momentum leading to historic changes in our state, and I hope you will join me in making Colorado the best state for families.

Sincerely,

Jared Polis
Governor

LETTER FROM THE PRESIDENT

August 25, 2021

The past year and a half was undoubtedly a time that forced us to rethink our “normal.” It compelled us to examine how we take care of each other and where we come up short. The disruption of business as usual has also given us a rare opportunity to realign our values with our work in a new way. It is in this frame that we wrote this year’s *KIDS COUNT in Colorado!*. In a “normal” year, most of the data in this report would have been from 2019. However, since the 2019 data does not adequately reflect the world in which we currently live, the pages that follow also include data collected during the pandemic from experimental and emerging sources—a new approach for us in our 28th edition of this report. While it will take years of additional research and data collection to understand the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on kids across our state, we hope the data included in this report will be helpful in your work as we collectively grapple with how to move forward from the pandemic with a sharp focus on meeting kids’ needs.

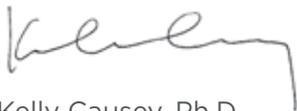
The pandemic and its fallout have provided a new impetus for us to rethink how barriers to opportunity are compounded by historical inequities. It is imperative that we not only reimagine existing systems, but that we also build new and equitable ones that center those most impacted by the challenges our state is facing—in both policy and in research. As we strive toward systemic change that eradicates harmful and racist policies and practices, we also must ensure we stay grounded in research and lived experience.

In this report, you will find research and data on child poverty, maternal mortality, full-day kindergarten enrollment, and adolescent behavioral health, among other topics. Especially after the substantial economic challenges experienced by so many Coloradans throughout 2020, we hope these data points will serve as key foundational tools for child advocates to use this upcoming year.

Using the findings of this report alongside many community voices, we aim to work toward a state that is better than our pre-pandemic “normal.” While the pandemic has altered our lives in ways we still cannot begin to measure, our commitment to realizing every chance for every child in Colorado remains unwavering.

We hope this report inspires you to reevaluate the ways our systems too often fail our kids and families and how these barriers to success are within our power to change. Together, we can advocate for a Colorado that centers equity, supports innovative policies, and ensures the best opportunities for all children and families.

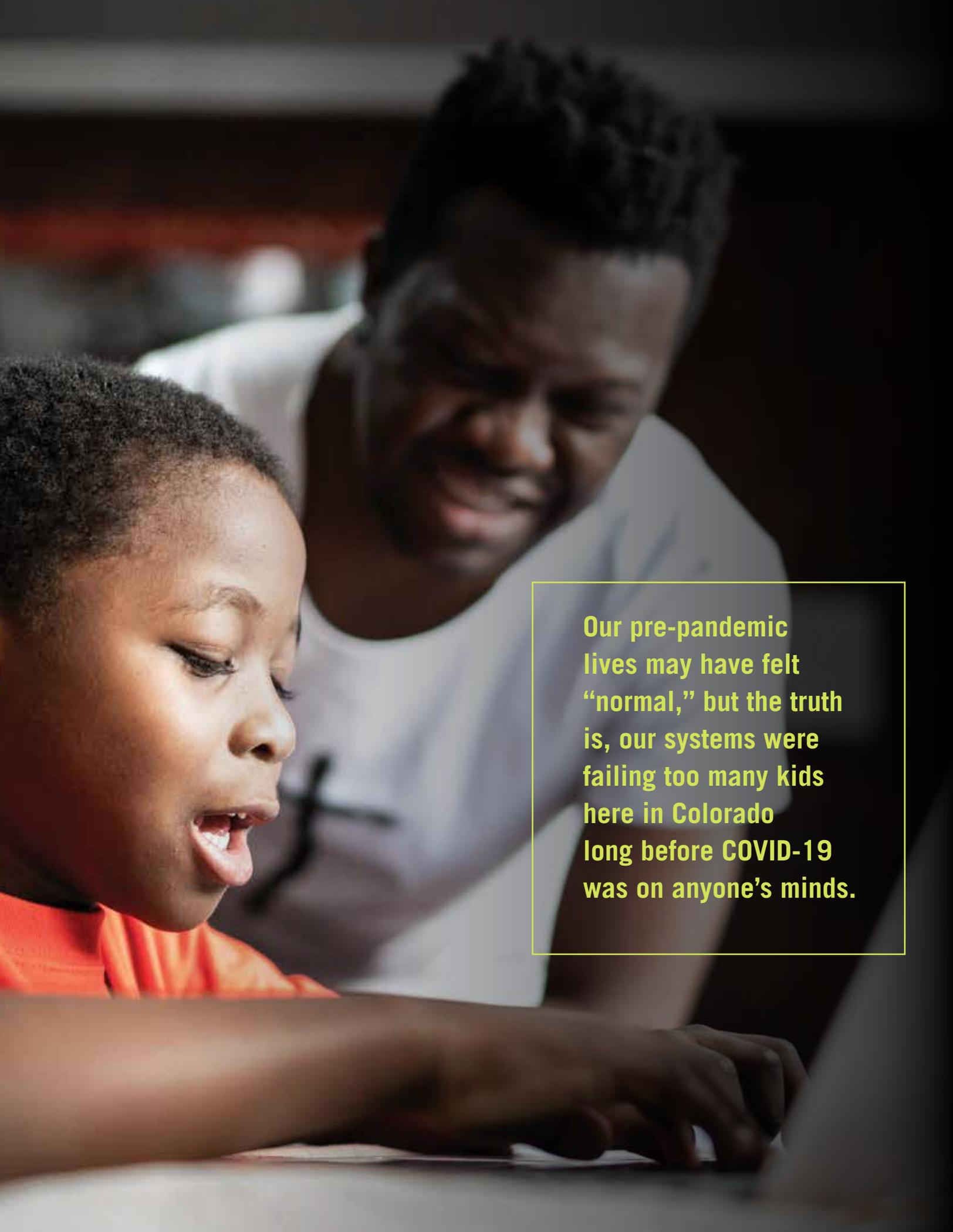
With gratitude,



Kelly Causey, Ph.D.
President and CEO
Colorado Children’s Campaign



Kelly Causey, Ph.D.
President and CEO
Colorado Children’s
Campaign



Our pre-pandemic lives may have felt “normal,” but the truth is, our systems were failing too many kids here in Colorado long before COVID-19 was on anyone’s minds.

“I can’t wait for things to get back to normal.” How many times has this sentence crossed your mind in the past year and a half? Most of us have probably lost count. After our “normal” lives screeched to a halt last March, it’s understandable that we would pine for our well-worn routines and more predictable days. The COVID-19 pandemic upended every aspect of our lives and caused widespread disruption unlike anything any of us has ever experienced before. During months of anxiety over our health, stay-at-home orders, and massive disruptions to child care and school, getting back to normal sometimes felt like the best we could hope for.

But what if, together, we strive for something better than normal once Colorado emerges from the COVID crisis?

After all, in “normal” times, 73,000 kids in our state didn’t have health insurance, often missing out on important well child visits or delaying care until an injury or illness warranted an emergency room visit. In “normal” times, parents were often forced to rush back to work mere days or weeks after welcoming a new baby because they couldn’t afford to take time off. In “normal” times, unjust policies and practices created circumstances in which a child’s race could too often predict their opportunities to see a health care provider, attend a well-resourced school, or participate in a preschool program. And in “normal” times, 80 teens and 20 children in Colorado lost their lives to suicide in a single year.

Our pre-pandemic lives may have felt “normal,” but the truth is, our systems were failing too many kids here in Colorado long before COVID-19 was on anyone’s minds.

The pandemic made it impossible to ignore the fractures and flaws in the systems intended to support kids and families. In doing so, it gave us an opportunity to rebuild our systems in a way that ensures all children have the support they need to thrive. Instead of asking ourselves how Colorado can get back to normal, now is the time to ask ourselves: is this “normal” something we should get back to? Or, as we work toward healing the wounds the pandemic has inflicted on all of us, can we use this time as an opportunity to make our state a better, healthier and more equitable place to be a kid?



PRE-PANDEMIC SNAPSHOT

135,000

Colorado kids
experiencing
poverty

51%

of Colorado
3-and 4-year-olds
participated in a
preschool program

73,000

Colorado kids were
uninsured



A Note on the 2021 KIDS COUNT Report

In the midst of a year unlike any other, we were compelled to approach *KIDS COUNT in Colorado!* in a new way. There is always a lag in the data included in KIDS COUNT as the entities who publish the data need time to collect it, clean it and prepare it for public use. However, never has this lag seemed longer than it does this year. Typically, much of the data in the 2021 KIDS COUNT report would come from 2019—a time when “zoom” was an airplane sound you would make for your toddler and when sanitizing products were readily available on store shelves. Data from 2019 still serve an important purpose in showing us where our state was making progress prior to the pandemic, as well as what systems were already struggling to meet kids’ needs. Thus, pre-pandemic data for many of the indicators that have historically appeared in KIDS COUNT are still included in the report beginning on page 42. Yet, data from 2019 do not reflect present-day conditions for kids in the aftermath of the seismic shifts in our lives caused by the COVID-19 crisis.

In an effort to provide an initial glimpse at how the pandemic altered the lives of kids and families across Colorado, this year’s KIDS COUNT largely focuses on data collected during the pandemic from experimental and emerging sources. Understanding the full impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on kids across the state will require several more years of data and analysis, but it is our hope that the data in this report will help policymakers, advocates and community members begin to quantify the effects of the COVID crisis so we can work together to develop solutions to the challenges kids and families face.



Crises often breed creativity. We witnessed this firsthand during the pandemic as families, communities, advocates, philanthropy and countless others rallied together to help one another. We saw Coloradans pitching in to meet the needs of their neighbors with programs providing free child care for essential workers and food for children who had lost access to school meals. As Colorado begins to recover from the pandemic, how can we harness this same creativity to build stronger systems for kids and families across the state?

Our kids have made immense sacrifices during the pandemic. Many lost loved ones to COVID. Others missed meals, lost the roof over their heads or missed out on the simple, everyday joys of childhood for more than a year. We owe it to Colorado kids to ensure they have everything they need to move forward from the pandemic by passing smart, innovative public policies that prioritize their well-being in the months and years ahead. We hope you will join us in this effort.

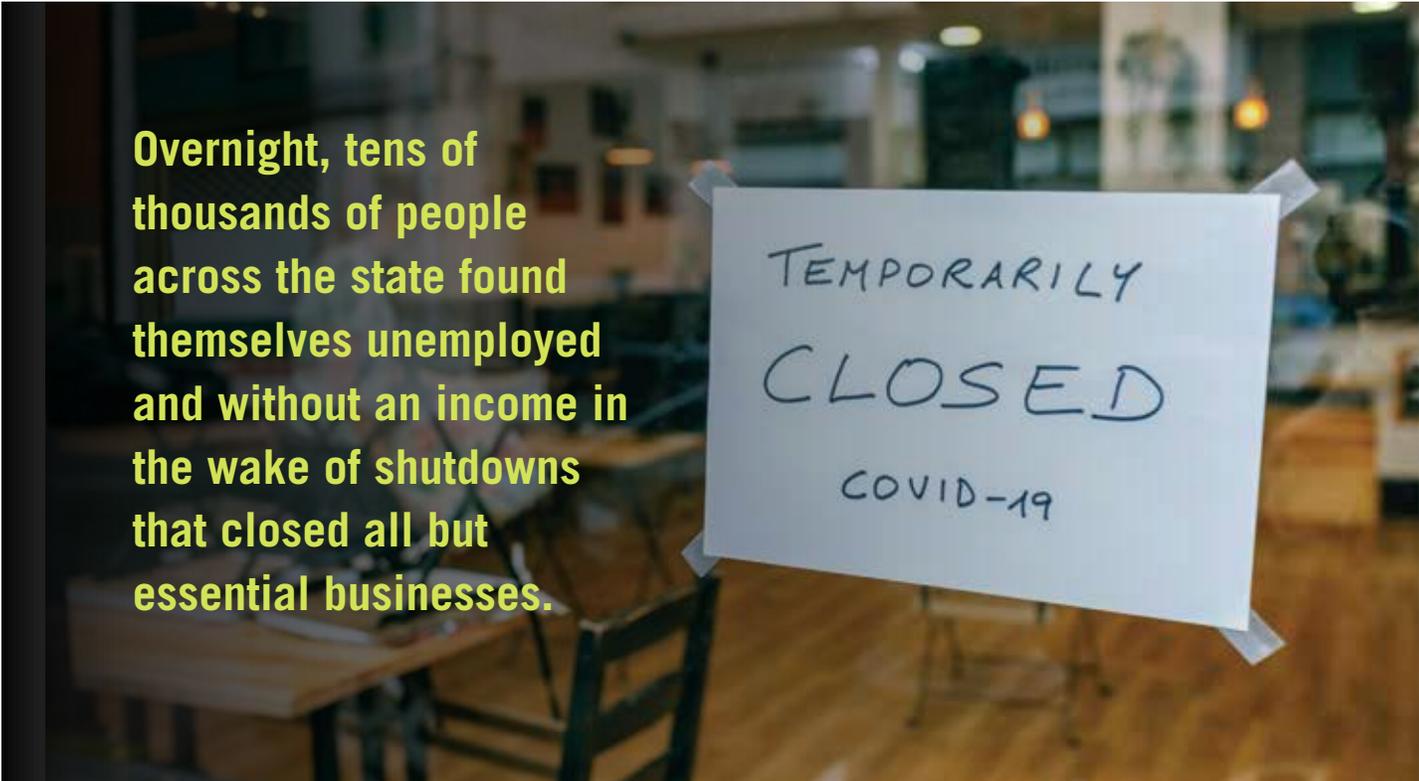
FAMILY ECONOMIC SECURITY DURING THE COVID-19 CRISIS

Before the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, many economic indicators had been trending in the right direction: Colorado's child poverty rate had fallen steadily for a few years, unemployment rates were at record lows in many communities, and median family income was on the rise. This economic progress ground to a halt in March of 2020, however, when the first documented COVID-19 cases hit Colorado and stay-at-home orders were issued.

Overnight, tens of thousands of people across the state found themselves unemployed in the wake of shutdowns that closed all but essential businesses. Others working in essential occupations continued to go to work, but were now facing daily fear and uncertainty about the health of themselves and their families. The most fortunate Coloradans were able to work from home. However, even they faced difficult circumstances as they were suddenly responsible for caring for their young children or supervising remote school while also trying to manage their own workload—an untenable situation that eventually left many parents with no choice but to leave the workforce altogether. Women and people of color, in particular, were harmed by the pandemic's economic effects.

Although first and foremost a public health crisis, the COVID-19 pandemic's widespread effects on the economy exposed deep cracks in our economic and social support systems. It will take years to understand the extent of COVID's economic toll, but initial data indicate how far-reaching the pandemic's economic implications have been for families.

Overnight, tens of thousands of people across the state found themselves unemployed and without an income in the wake of shutdowns that closed all but essential businesses.



TEMPORARILY
CLOSED
COVID-19

AT A TIPPING POINT:

Families Struggle to Afford the Basics amid Widespread Job Losses

When the pandemic hit in full force, mass layoffs propelled the percentage of U.S. children with an unemployed parent to a 50-year high.¹ Colorado saw its rate of children with at least one unemployed parent rise to nearly **13 percent** between April and August 2020, more than double the rate observed in the first three months of the year.² In the wake of these unprecedented levels of parental unemployment, nearly **half** of all Colorado households with children reported they have lost employment income since March 13, 2020, according to the U.S. Census Bureau's Household Pulse Survey administered beginning in April 2020.³ Depending on the month, **between 30 and 43 percent** of Colorado households with kids have reported experiencing difficulty paying for usual household expenses in the past week, including food, rent or mortgage, car payments, medical expenses or others.⁴ Although official child poverty estimates for 2020 will not be published until late 2021, national research paints a sobering picture: a study from Notre Dame and the University of Chicago estimates that more than **two million** U.S. children fell into poverty between June and December 2020.⁵ The number of Colorado households reporting economic hardship during the pandemic, along with trends in the unemployment rate, suggest that the number of children experiencing poverty in our state could increase as well.

THROUGHOUT THE PANDEMIC, ABOUT ONE THIRD OF COLORADO HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN HAVE REPORTED DIFFICULTY PAYING FOR USUAL HOUSEHOLD EXPENSES IN THE PAST WEEK.

PERCENT OF COLORADO HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN THAT HAD DIFFICULTY PAYING FOR USUAL HOUSEHOLD EXPENSES IN THE PAST WEEK, AUGUST 2020 – MARCH 2021

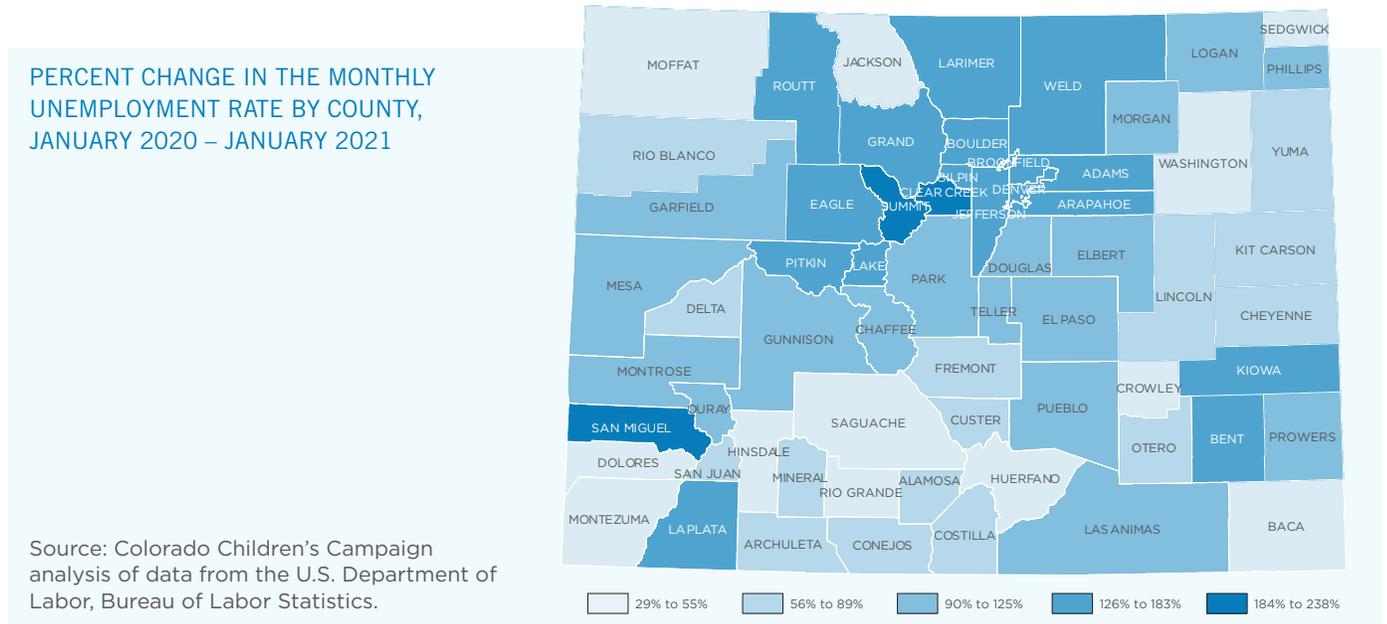


Source: Population Reference Bureau analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Household Pulse Survey, 2020-2021.



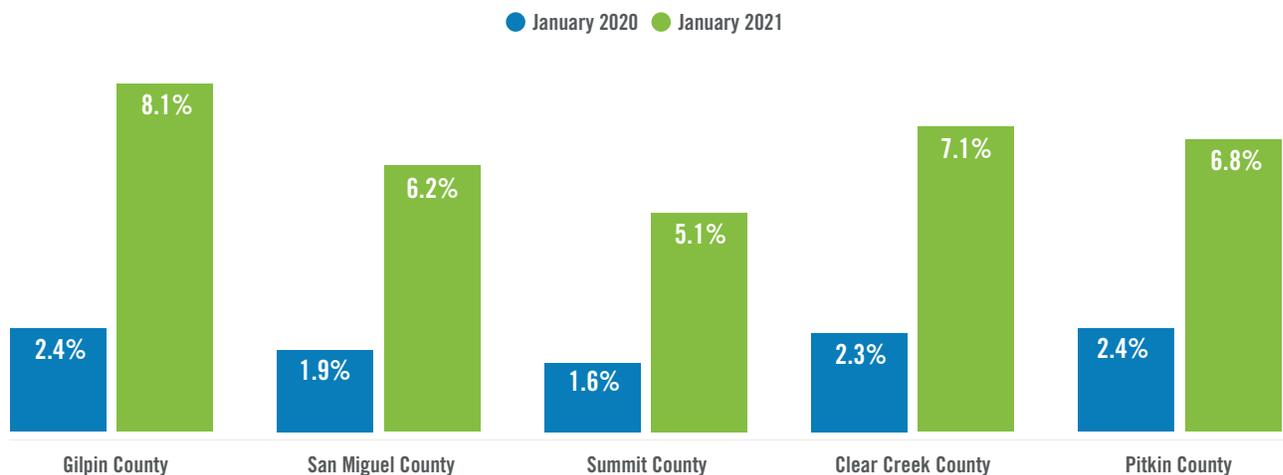
County-Level Unemployment Trends

All 64 counties in Colorado saw their unemployment rates increase after March 2020 as the pandemic prompted widespread shutdowns, but some communities were affected more than others. The largest increases in the unemployment rate occurred in counties where tourism and hospitality are vital to the local economy. Early in the pandemic, some of these communities experienced unemployment rates as high as 25 percent. Although unemployment rates have fallen in recent months, they have yet to fully recover; as of January 2021 they remained above their January 2020 levels in every county in the state.⁶



COUNTIES WHERE TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY ARE CENTRAL TO THE ECONOMY SUFFERED THE LARGEST INCREASES IN THE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES DURING THE PANDEMIC.

COLORADO COUNTIES WITH THE LARGEST INCREASES IN THE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES, JANUARY 2020 – JANUARY 2021



Source: Colorado Children's Campaign analysis of data from the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

AT A TIPPING POINT:

Tens of Thousands of Colorado Families Experience Housing Instability

A dramatic rise in housing prices during the past decade meant many Colorado communities were already struggling with an affordable housing crisis prior to the pandemic. With tens of thousands of people suddenly out of work or experiencing drastic reductions in income during the COVID crisis, an even greater number of families across the state have faced daily worry about whether they will be able to keep a roof over their heads.

Throughout the pandemic, households with children have consistently been more likely than households without children to report being behind on housing payments or having little or no confidence in their ability to make next month's payment. Depending on the month, as many as **one in five** Colorado households with children (20 percent) reported little or no confidence they would be able to make their next rent or mortgage payment on time.⁷ Since August 2020, **between 24 and 42 percent** of Colorado households with children have reported they were not caught up on their rent or mortgage payments and were very or extremely likely to have to leave their home due to eviction or foreclosure in the next two months.⁸ Even prior to the pandemic, families with children were more likely to face eviction. These staggering numbers point to a housing crisis among children and families unlike anything Colorado has previously witnessed.

Families who rent their housing have been hit particularly hard by the economic fallout from COVID. Nationally, renters with children have consistently been more than **twice as likely** as families who own their housing to report being behind on payments and being very or extremely likely to have to leave their home.⁹ Both the federal government and Colorado's state government issued moratoria on evictions at different points in the pandemic. These moratoria have been a critical part of the solution to keep families housed. Additional policy actions are also needed to address the housing crisis among renters. These actions include reasonable repayment plans and other protections while renters access assistance, as well as access to ongoing rental assistance, legal defense, and other long-term supports for renters.

Safe and stable housing is always vital to a child's well-being, but even more so when schools and child care settings are closed and home serves as the setting for learning and nearly all other activities. Children have experienced enormous upheaval and hardship since COVID abruptly upended their lives in March of 2020; they shouldn't have to lose the place they call home on top of other challenges. Obtaining the full picture of how the pandemic impacted housing in Colorado will take time and additional data, but it is already clear that Colorado must prioritize support for safe, stable housing for families with children.



Source: PolicyLink analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey, the Household Pulse Survey, and the University of Southern California's Center for Economic and Social Research.

People of Color, Women Disproportionately Impacted

Although nearly everyone experienced disruption in their daily lives due to the pandemic, job and income losses associated with the COVID crisis affected some Coloradans more than others. The pandemic exacerbated longstanding inequities based on race, ethnicity and gender, leaving people of color and women bearing the brunt of its economic impact.

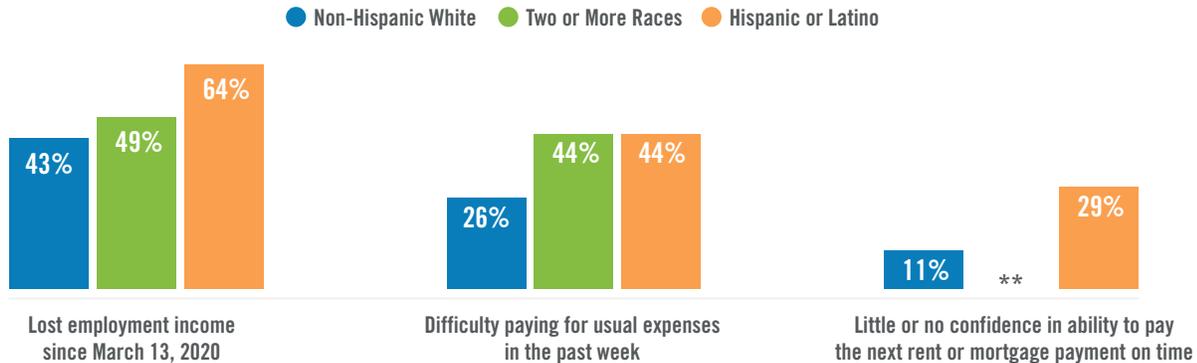
Across the country, people of color have been more likely than White people to lose employment during the pandemic. Many of the industries hit hardest by shutdowns—such as restaurants, retail, hospitality and personal care services—are those in which people of color make up a disproportionate share of the workforce.¹⁰ Moreover, policies and practices have often segregated people of color in occupations that offer them few benefits. This inequity creates circumstances in which workers of color are less likely to have access to paid sick or family leave—important benefits at any time, but critical lifelines during a pandemic. Without paid leave, getting sick, having to care for a sick loved one, or needing to care for children when schools or child care centers close can lead to dramatic reductions in income or losing a job altogether. Finally, persistent racial inequities in family wealth—a result of centuries of unjust policies, including those that barred people of color from home ownership for generations—also exacerbated the pandemic’s impact on families of color. Without wealth to provide a buffer in times of economic uncertainty or abrupt changes in income, paying for housing, food and health care during an unexpected economic downturn becomes much more difficult.



AT A TIPPING POINT:

THE PANDEMIC EXACERBATED LONGSTANDING RACIAL INEQUITIES IN OUR SOCIETY, AND FAMILIES OF COLOR WERE MORE LIKELY TO FEEL ITS ECONOMIC IMPACTS THAN WHITE FAMILIES.

PERCENT OF COLORADO HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN WHO REPORTED SELECT ECONOMIC STRUGGLES BY RACE/ETHNICITY*, MARCH 3-MARCH 29, 2021



Source: Population Reference Bureau analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Household Pulse Survey, 2020-2021.

*Data for races other than those listed here were suppressed due to large margins of error.

**Data were suppressed for the Two or More Races category for this indicator due to a large margin of error.

These patterns are not new. They are deeply embedded in our economy as a result of policy choices that have advantaged White families while burdening families of color. Yet, they became even more acutely harmful during the COVID crisis. Household Pulse Survey data show that throughout the pandemic, families of color in Colorado have been consistently more likely than White families to report losing employment income since March of 2020; having difficulty paying for usual household expenses; and having little or no confidence they would be able to make their next rent or mortgage payment on time.¹¹ As Colorado's economy begins to bounce back from the pandemic, we must work toward an equitable recovery that addresses the disproportionate harm families of color experienced during the COVID crisis.

Mothers also felt the negative effects of the pandemic-driven economic downturn more than other populations. The pandemic intensified existing gender-based inequities in pay and caregiving responsibilities and drove labor force participation rates among women down to levels not seen since 1988.¹² Consequently, many families who lost an income were cast into difficult economic circumstances. An analysis from the Congressional Budget office estimates that approximately **one million U.S. mothers** with children under 18 left the labor force between late 2019 and late 2020, compared to only half a million fathers during the same timeframe.¹³ When child care settings and schools closed, mothers largely bore the burden. Mothers who were unemployed after losing their jobs due to the pandemic were **twice as likely** as fathers to report that child care responsibilities were the main reason for their unemployment.¹⁴ These data indicate that strengthening Colorado's child care system will be a key strategy in ensuring that mothers are able to return to the labor force if they choose to do so. For many families, mothers' earnings are essential to their economic stability.



1 Million

U.S. mothers with children under 18 left the labor force between late 2019 and late 2020

Looking Forward

As more Americans get vaccinated and restrictions on businesses loosen, parts of the economy are beginning to recover. Yet, research shows that even brief spells of poverty and economic hardship can have negative implications for children's development. The COVID-19 pandemic has stolen too much time from Colorado kids already. Let's ensure our state's children don't feel the lingering economic effects of the pandemic by prioritizing policies that help Colorado families get back on their feet.

POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS:

- ➡ Strengthen income support for families, including maximizing access to TANF basic cash assistance that is adequate to help families experiencing extreme poverty meet their basic needs.
- ➡ Ensure that all families have adequate income to afford necessities, care for their children, support their ability to work, and support their mental health. This includes providing families with direct cash assistance.
- ➡ Ensure that policy solutions to support housing security include a focus on families with children.
- ➡ Expand opportunities for all families to build wealth, including through home ownership.



AT A TIPPING POINT:

CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH DURING THE PANDEMIC

The COVID-19 pandemic posed both direct and indirect threats to the health and wellness of Colorado’s children. In addition to concerns about contracting the virus, families also coped with social isolation, job loss, and disruptions to in-person learning. These and other stressors associated with the pandemic impacted families’ mental health, access to adequate food and health care, and likely had implications for rates of abuse and neglect.

It will take time for our state to understand the full health impacts of the pandemic, including the long-term impacts for our children. Yet, pre-pandemic data on child health, as well as emerging or experimental data collected during the pandemic by the U.S. Census Bureau and other sources, provide clues to how many Colorado households with children faced pandemic-related barriers to health, as well as which households were disproportionately impacted.

Many Colorado Households Struggle to Afford Food amid Pandemic’s Widespread Economic Devastation

Access to adequate and nutritious foods is one of the most essential determinants of child health. The economic fallout of the pandemic, along with closures of schools and child care settings, likely increased the number of Colorado families struggling to afford food. When children lack access to adequate amounts of healthy food, the consequences can be far-reaching. Both brief and sustained periods of food insecurity are associated with negative health, behavioral and academic outcomes.^{15, 16, 17} Yet households with children have been the hardest hit by food insecurity during the disruptions of COVID-19.^{18, 19} From late April 2020 to March 2021, an average of **10 percent** of Colorado’s households with children reported not having enough

FOOD INSUFFICIENCY AMONG COLORADO HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN PEAKED IN LATE NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 2020.

PERCENT OF COLORADO HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN THAT REPORTED THEY SOMETIMES OR OFTEN DID NOT HAVE ENOUGH FOOD TO EAT IN THE PAST TWO WEEKS, APRIL 2020-MARCH 2021



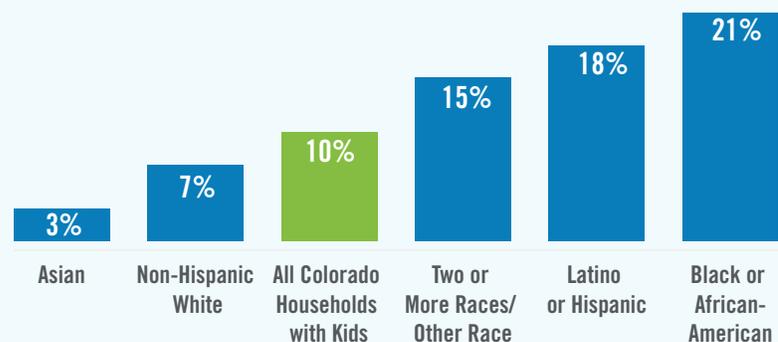
Source: Population Reference Bureau analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Household Pulse Survey, 2020-2021.

food to eat in the past week.²⁰ Food insufficiency among Colorado families appears to have peaked in December 2020. During that month, the Census Bureau's Household Pulse Survey recorded a high of **16 percent** of Colorado households with children reporting not having enough food in the past week.²¹ In addition, a statewide survey conducted by Hunger Free Colorado found that **more than half** of households with children (52 percent) reported struggling to regularly access healthy food that month.²²

Data also show significant racial and ethnic disparities in food insufficiency in Colorado during the pandemic due to longstanding inequities in the economy. Black families in Colorado experienced recent food insufficiency at **double the rate of the state average**, and three times the rate of White households with children. Hispanic/Latino families also experienced higher-than-average rates of food insufficiency, with **18 percent** of families reporting this difficulty.²³ Unjust racial disparities in food access are a longstanding problem. The patterns observed in Colorado during the pandemic are consistent with pre-pandemic data from our state as well as the nation, where Black and Hispanic households are significantly less likely to access sufficient food in comparison to their White counterparts.^{24, 25}

PEOPLE OF COLOR WERE DISPROPORTIONATELY HARMED BY THE ECONOMIC IMPACTS OF THE PANDEMIC, LEADING TO HIGHER LEVELS OF FOOD INSUFFICIENCY AMONG COLORADO FAMILIES OF COLOR.

COLORADO HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN THAT SOMETIMES OR OFTEN DID NOT HAVE ENOUGH FOOD TO EAT BY RACE/ETHNICITY, APRIL 23-DECEMBER 21, 2020



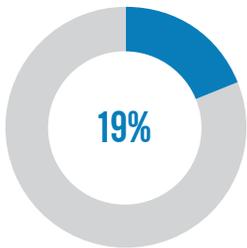
Source: Population Reference Bureau analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Household Pulse Survey, 2020.

While volunteers, nonprofits, school districts, and state and federal agencies mobilized in 2020 to deliver relief to families, the data collected during the pandemic time period indicate that our systems struggled to ensure families had consistent access to food during the crisis. The needs of Colorado's children who experienced food insecurity during the pandemic should be top of mind as we move forward with recovery efforts. Special attention should be paid to children who were already experiencing food insecurity prior to the pandemic, and whose households' economic struggles may have been exacerbated by unemployment and/or school closures. These children are likely to have been impacted the most severely.

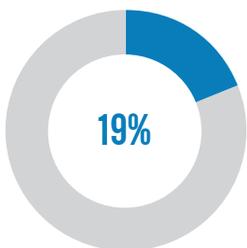
AT A TIPPING POINT:

Access to Health Care Compromised during COVID-19

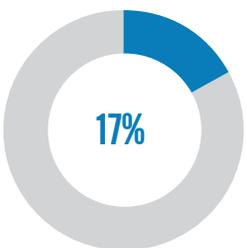
Although many health care providers continued seeing patients throughout the pandemic, abrupt shifts to telehealth for many services in the early weeks of the COVID-19 crisis—along with families’ fears about exposure to the virus—caused many children and expectant parents to miss or delay important medical care. Critical health care services including prenatal visits, well child checks, routine immunizations, dental visits and outpatient mental health visits were all disrupted as a result of the COVID crisis, with potential long-term effects for kids’ health:



Among parents who gave birth between March 1, 2020 and February 3, 2021, **nearly one in five (19 percent) reported that prenatal appointments were cancelled or delayed because their provider’s office was closed or had reduced hours due to COVID**, according to the Health eMoms COVID-19 survey.²⁶ Parents who gave birth during this time period were twice as likely to report having appointments cancelled or delayed for this reason as those who were pregnant later in the pandemic. This pattern suggests that reduced hours or office closures posed less of a barrier to care as the COVID crisis went on.²⁷



Among moms in Colorado with a child between birth and age 3, **nearly one in five (19 percent) reported delaying or skipping well visits for their child during the pandemic.**²⁸ A national survey found that fear about exposure to COVID-19 was overwhelmingly cited as the reason for skipping well child visits during the pandemic. Increased caregiving responsibilities at home and inability to find child care for other children were also cited by many parents—particularly among parents with low incomes, Hispanic or Latino parents and Black parents.²⁹ Provider decisions not to allow siblings to attend appointments in some cases exacerbated child care challenges for many parents.



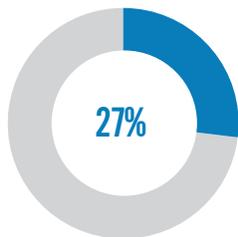
One in six Colorado moms with a child between birth and age 3 (17 percent) reported delaying or skipping routine vaccinations for their 0- to 3-year-olds.³⁰ National data indicate that while childhood immunizations rose between June and September 2020 after the stay-at-home orders lifted in many places, the increase was not sufficient to “catch up” all children whose routine immunizations were delayed.³¹



National data also show a steep decline in critical services like **childhood screening tests and outpatient mental health visits** among children enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP (CHP+ in Colorado). Both services saw a **44 percent decline** between March-May 2019 and the same time period in 2020, according to preliminary data.³² The drop in mental health visits is particularly striking, given that mental health struggles have been widely expected to increase among kids and teens as a result of the social isolation and disruption to normal routines experienced during the pandemic.

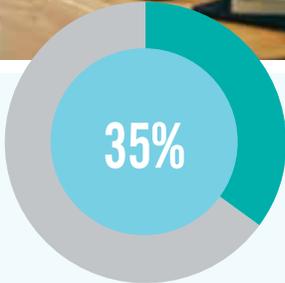


The number of **dental services** provided to children enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP also plummeted during the early months of the pandemic, with likely implications for children's oral health. Initial data show dental services among children in Medicaid or CHIP were down **69 percent** between March and May of 2020 in comparison to March to May of 2019.³³



Data also suggest that the pandemic impacted **access to contraceptives**. A small online study conducted by the Guttmacher Institute found that **27 percent of U.S. women surveyed worried about being able to afford or obtain contraceptives during the pandemic**.³⁴ Hispanic women, Black women, Queer women and women with low incomes were more likely than their peers to report worrying about their access to contraceptives.³⁵

AT A TIPPING POINT:



Prior to the pandemic, **35 percent** of Colorado high school students reported symptoms of clinical depression, and **18 percent** reported seriously considering suicide.

Source: Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, 2019 Healthy Kids Colorado Survey.

Existing Mental Health Challenges Likely Exacerbated by the Pandemic

Data pointed to troubling trends in child and youth mental health even before the COVID crisis. Prior to the pandemic, **35 percent** of Colorado high school students reported symptoms of clinical depression, and **18 percent** reported seriously considering suicide, according to the 2019 Healthy Kids Colorado Survey.³⁶ Additionally, a report from the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment found that the most common precursors to youth suicide were current, diagnosed mental health problems, current depressed mood, and family relationship problems, conditions which may have been pushed to extremes during the pandemic.³⁷ Colorado's teen suicide rate had also climbed to unprecedented levels in recent years. Although it did not show a significant spike in 2020, it remained extremely high in a historical context.³⁸

Given the troubling trends in mental health that preceded the pandemic, child and family mental health quickly became a major concern among experts and child advocates amid the social isolation of the COVID crisis and other related conditions. Comprehensive data on the mental health of children and youth during the pandemic are still scarce, but data collected from adults who live with children suggest that the pandemic and all of the new stressors that accompanied it took a staggering toll on families' mental health.

Given the troubling trends in mental health that preceded the pandemic, child and family mental health quickly became a major concern among experts and child advocates amid the social isolation of the COVID crisis and other related conditions.

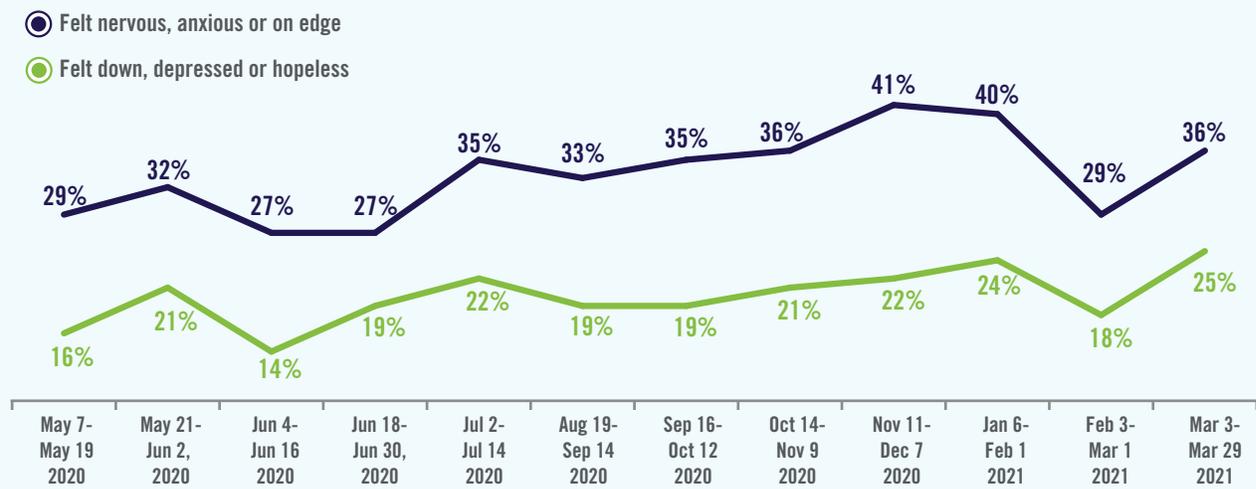


Building Stronger Systems for Colorado Kids in the Aftermath of COVID-19

Between late April 2020 and March 2021, **between 27 percent and 41 percent** of adults in households with children in Colorado reported feeling anxious for more than half of the days or nearly every day in the past week. In the same timeframe, between **14 percent and 25 percent** of adults in households with children were experiencing recurrent depression.³⁹ These conditions appear to have been exacerbated in the winter months of 2020, when the shares of adults in households with children reporting frequent anxiety and depression peaked. Although the Household Pulse Survey did not collect data on children's mental health, the mental health of children is closely linked to that of the adults in their household, suggesting mental health struggles among kids and youth likely also mounted as the pandemic dragged on.

ANXIETY AND DEPRESSION REPORTED BY COLORADO ADULTS LIVING IN HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN PEAKED IN THE WINTER MONTHS OF 2020.

SHARE OF ADULTS IN HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN REPORTING SPECIFIC MENTAL HEALTH STRUGGLES BY WEEK IN COLORADO, MAY 2020-MARCH 2021

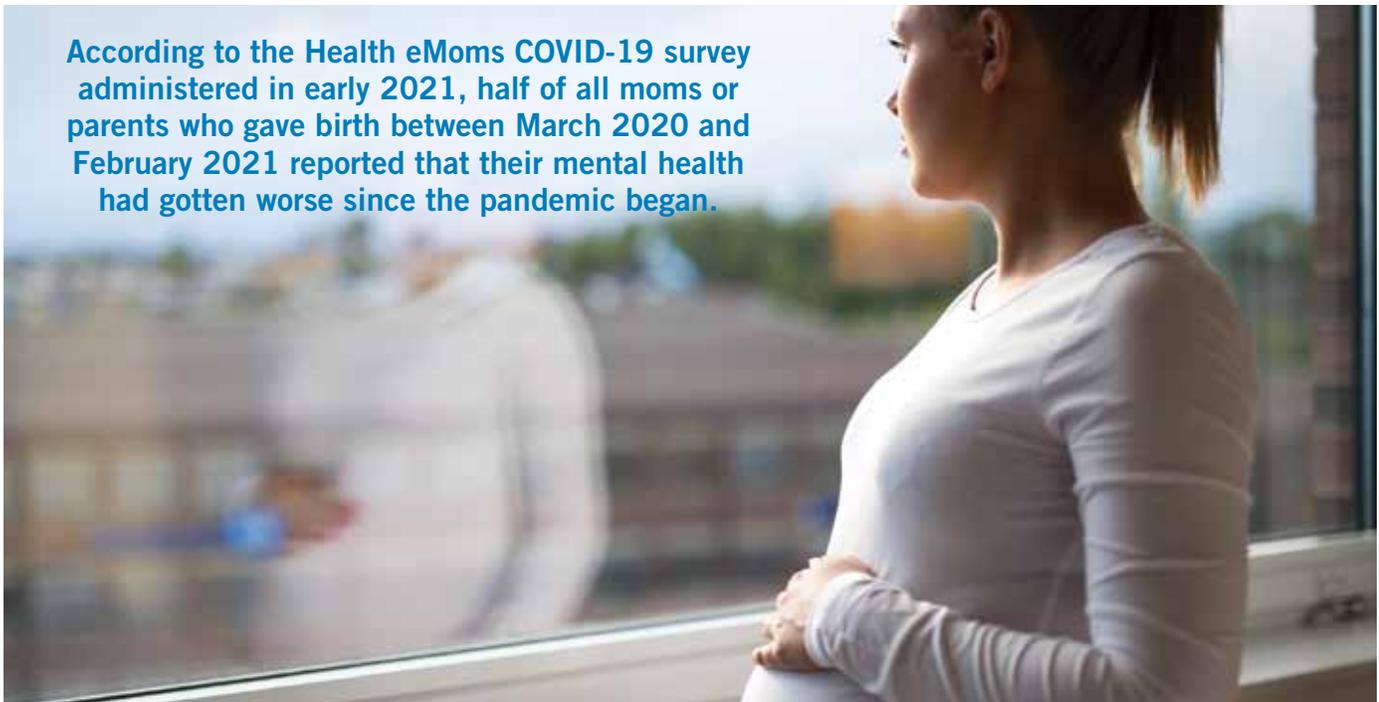


Source: Population Reference Bureau analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Household Pulse Survey, 2020-2021.

Understanding the short- and long-term impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on the mental health of Colorado children and their caregivers will take time and require more data. It will be important to think about populations who have historically been at the highest risk for significant mental health struggles and suicide. Among youth, years of data indicate that males, Non-Hispanic White youth and Black youth face the highest rates of suicide, and therefore these groups should be centered in conversations about solutions.⁴⁰ Policies aimed at further understanding current mental health needs of Colorado families, as well as those that increase protective factors and remove barriers to care and treatment, will continue to be essential in the years ahead.

AT A TIPPING POINT:

According to the Health eMoms COVID-19 survey administered in early 2021, half of all moms or parents who gave birth between March 2020 and February 2021 reported that their mental health had gotten worse since the pandemic began.



Pregnant or Postpartum in a Pandemic: Maternal Mental Health during the COVID-19 Crisis

Pregnancy and the postpartum period are sensitive times even under normal circumstances. Perinatal mood and anxiety disorders, including depression, are the most common complication of pregnancy and childbirth, experienced by one in every seven pregnant or postpartum women in the U.S. pre-pandemic.⁴¹ Ordinarily, moms and new parents are able to call on their village of care and support for help navigating the early days of having a baby. Those who gave birth during the COVID crisis, however, were often required to navigate new parenthood completely alone. This was particularly true for those who had their babies early in the pandemic before virus transmission was fully understood and before vaccines were available. Amid public health guidance to avoid seeing people outside one's household, there was no one to come over and hold the baby so caregivers could take a much-needed nap or shower. There was no one to help with household chores so new parents could focus on bonding with baby and no one to provide in-person emotional support. There were no joyful introductions to grandparents, aunts and uncles or friends. Accessing postpartum health care or in-person lactation support became more difficult at times, as many providers shifted to telehealth visits. Early in the pandemic, some new parents who tested positive for COVID-19 at the hospital were even separated from their newborns against their wishes, impacting bonding and breastfeeding. The COVID crisis exacerbated many of the existing risk factors for postpartum depression and anxiety—sleep deprivation, social isolation and economic hardship, among others. Early data indicate that many moms and parents who gave birth during the pandemic struggled with their mental health in light of the constellation of challenges they faced with limited to no support.

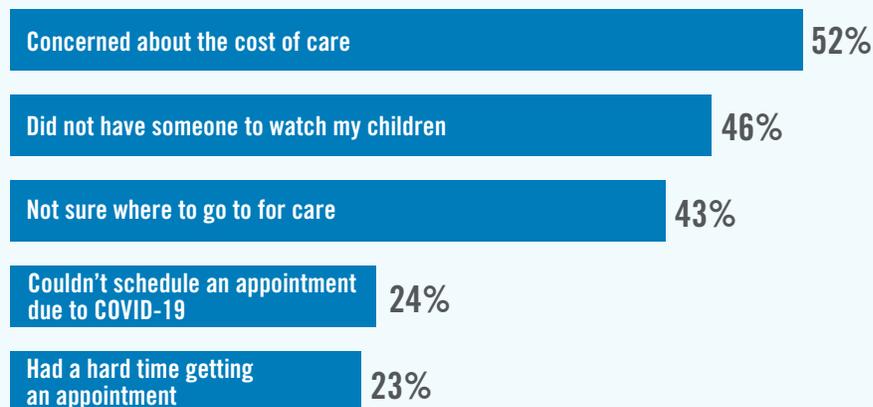
Building Stronger Systems for Colorado Kids in the Aftermath of COVID-19

According to the Health eMoms COVID-19 survey administered in early 2021, **half** of all moms or parents who gave birth between March 2020 and February 2021 reported that their mental health had gotten worse since the pandemic began. Nearly **40 percent** reported they needed or wanted mental health care since having their baby; of those, **half** had not been able to get it. Cost, lack of child care and uncertainty about where to go for care were the most commonly cited barriers among those who reported needing or wanting care but not being able to get it.⁴²



WHILE MANY PARENTS WHO GAVE BIRTH DURING THE PANDEMIC REPORTED NEEDING MENTAL HEALTH CARE, COST OF CARE AND A LACK OF CHILD CARE WERE SIGNIFICANT BARRIERS.

COMMON BARRIERS TO MENTAL HEALTH CARE AS REPORTED BY BIRTHING PARENTS IN COLORADO, MARCH 2020 – FEBRUARY 2021



Source: Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Health eMoms COVID-19 Survey.

Although postpartum depression is defined as starting within the year after birth, it can persist for years if it goes untreated. Mental health support for those who gave birth during the COVID-19 pandemic will continue to be critical beyond the postpartum period and in the months and years ahead. Colorado must address the barriers preventing new moms and parents from accessing the mental health care or counseling they need.

AT A TIPPING POINT:

Unprecedented Social Isolation Drives Fewer Reports of Child Abuse and Neglect

Colorado's child abuse and neglect rate was steadily rising before the additional stressors of the COVID-19 pandemic were placed on families. In 2019, the rate rose to **9.7 victims out of every 1,000 children under 18**, the highest child maltreatment rate seen in the state in nearly two decades.⁴³ Experiencing abuse and/or neglect is not only a devastating experience in the moment; it can impact a child physically, psychologically and behaviorally for their lifetime.^{44, 45} Maltreatment can happen to kids of all ages, but young children and children with disabilities face an increased risk of abuse.⁴⁶

Abuse and neglect are more common among families experiencing social isolation and caregivers struggling with substance use and depression, conditions that are widely expected to have worsened during the pandemic. Experts predict that instances of child abuse are likely to have increased during this time period. Despite this anticipated increase, **calls to the state's abuse and neglect hotline fell significantly in 2020, dropping by 13 percent overall compared to 2019.**⁴⁷ The decline was driven by drops in reporting from teachers, physicians and other mandatory reporters, likely due to fewer opportunities to see children in person where they might observe signs of abuse.

When families have their basic needs met—an adequate supply of nourishing food, stable housing, access to health care and social services and access to supportive environments like child care and schools—abuse and neglect are much less likely to occur. Efforts to help secure these basic conditions for families, especially after the economic downturn of the pandemic, are more important than ever to protect Colorado children against abuse and neglect.



PRIOR TO THE PANDEMIC, THE RATE OF CHILD ABUSE IN COLORADO WAS SLOWLY RISING.

RATE OF UNIQUE, SUBSTANTIATED CASES OF CHILD ABUSE PER 1,000 CHILDREN IN COLORADO, 2011 TO 2019



Source: Colorado Department of Human Services, Child Welfare Division.

Looking Forward

Although the COVID-19 virus itself has typically been less common among children than among adults, the pandemic's indirect effects on the physical and mental health of kids and teens are undeniable. The conditions experienced during the pandemic—social isolation, inadequate amounts of food, and delayed doctor's visits, among others—may be temporary in many cases, but their effects on the health of kids and their families could be lifelong without intervention and support in the months and years ahead.

POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS:

- ➡ Ensure families have the economic resources they need to be able to access multiple sources of nutritious and convenient foods, and ensure access to healthy school meals and snacks for all Colorado students.
- ➡ Ensure all Coloradans have access to high-quality, affordable health insurance coverage so that they can access the health care they need—especially perinatal and behavioral health services—without worrying about their out-of-pocket costs. Coloradans must be able to enroll in health coverage when their life circumstances change, such as when they become pregnant or experience a change in income. Health plans in Colorado must have strong requirements to ensure access to behavioral health and perinatal services.
- ➡ Improve access to physical and behavioral health care services in preferred settings—for example, by improving access to oral health services at home and child care centers or ensuring access to group prenatal health services.
- ➡ Improve access to behavioral health and social and emotional services at schools.

AT A TIPPING POINT:



EARLY CHILDHOOD LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT DURING THE PANDEMIC

During the earliest years of life, every day brings a new milestone: rolling over, clapping, a first bite of solid food, taking a wobbly step, or that long-awaited first “mama” or “dada.” Although the days can feel long for parents of young children, the early years are over in the blink of an eye. Early childhood is an unparalleled time of brain development and a critical window of opportunity to support kids in developing the skills they will need throughout their lifetime. Kids don’t get a second chance at their earliest years.

It’s impossible to quantify the experiences young kids in Colorado missed out on due to the widespread disruption from the COVID-19 pandemic. Infants and young toddlers in Colorado have never lived in a world without COVID, and preschool-aged children probably don’t remember a time before masks and copious amounts of hand sanitizer were the norm in their classrooms. For more than a year, our youngest Coloradans missed out on snuggles from grandparents, music classes, trips to the museum or storytime at the library. These and other once-simple activities and outings now felt fraught with danger in the midst of a global health crisis. At the same time, we know many families made sacrifices to support their young children’s ongoing development at home. Parents and families who could do so made difficult choices about dropping out of the workforce or investing in at-home and small group enrichment opportunities. Not all families, however, had the opportunity to make such choices. Initial data from the pandemic show that many young children abruptly lost access to many early learning and development experiences—preschool, child care, or Early Intervention services, among others—that help them get off to a strong start.

The time and experiences young children lost to the COVID crisis can’t be recovered. However, as Colorado looks toward recovery from the pandemic, our state *can* prioritize funding, services and support for our youngest kids and their families to ensure they aren’t feeling the impacts of the pandemic for years to come.

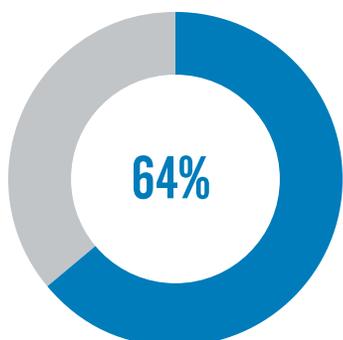
Families, Providers and Employers Face Unprecedented Child Care Challenges

In addition to providing nurturing early learning experiences for young children, child care also keeps our state's economy running—a fact that early childhood advocates have long asserted, and one that became clearer than ever during the pandemic when most child care settings closed in response to stay-at-home orders. When the COVID crisis hit in March 2020, tens of thousands of Colorado parents suddenly found themselves scrambling to figure out how to care for their young children while keeping their jobs—an impossible feat for many. With no one else to care for their children, many parents were forced to leave the workforce altogether. Nearly **one third** of U.S. adults with young children reported they were less likely to return to work due to a lack of child care when surveyed in late summer of 2020.⁴⁸ Mothers, especially, were harmed by the lack of child care during the pandemic. In Colorado, **42,000 women with children left the workforce** between February and September 2020 and had not re-entered as of October 2020. Meanwhile, labor force participation rates among women without kids, men with kids and men without kids were all higher in September 2020 than in February 2020.⁴⁹

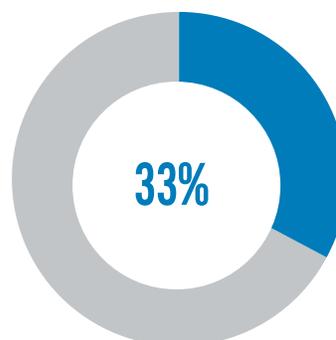
Research conducted by Early Milestones Colorado highlighted the widespread impacts of child care closures on families and providers in our state. Across Colorado, nearly **one in 10 providers** closed during the pandemic, and total enrollment dropped by **more than half**.⁵⁰ Although some providers eventually reopened, many reported uncertainty about whether they would be able to continue to operate.⁵¹

Early Milestones' research also found that nearly **two thirds of families** (64 percent) reported having to alter their child care arrangements due to the COVID crisis, with **one third** reporting they did not have the child care they needed at the time they were surveyed in late summer 2020.⁵² Fears about children's health and safety during the pandemic topped the list of barriers to care reported by families who were surveyed.⁵³ Colorado's Black, Asian and Indigenous households, as well as households earning less than \$25,000 per year, were the least likely to report having the care they needed for their children. This example is just one of many ways in which the pandemic has disproportionately impacted families of color and families with low incomes.

ACCORDING TO RESEARCH CONDUCTED BY EARLY MILESTONES COLORADO,



of Colorado families surveyed reported having to alter their child care arrangements due to the pandemic.



reported not having the child care they needed when surveyed in late summer 2020.

Source: Early Milestones Colorado. Measuring the Impact of COVID-19 on Colorado's Early Care and Learning Sector.

AT A TIPPING POINT:



The child care industry in the U.S. lost more than 373,000 jobs between February and April 2020.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The abrupt loss of child care many families experienced during the pandemic not only affected parents' employment circumstances; it also had implications for families' mental health. A national survey conducted by the University of Oregon found that parents and caregivers who lost their child care reported much higher levels of stress and anxiety than those whose child care situations had not changed during the pandemic. Those who lost their child care also reported that their children were significantly more fearful and fussy than those whose child care settings remained the same.⁵⁴

The child care workforce was also deeply affected by the pandemic. Colorado had been wrestling with a child care workforce shortage long before the pandemic hit, largely due to the low wages and limited benefits associated with the job. Between new health and safety concerns for providers and statewide stay-at-home orders, COVID-19 exacerbated these existing challenges and decimated the child care workforce across the U.S. **Nationally, the child care industry lost more than 373,000 jobs between February and April 2020—a 36 percent decline.** Although employment numbers began to rebound in May 2020, the number of U.S. child care jobs in May 2021 remained **13 percent** below February 2020 levels.⁵⁵

Colorado-focused research conducted by Early Milestones found similar devastation among our state's workforce. Their survey of Colorado's child care workforce found that nearly **one quarter** (23 percent) reported being furloughed or laid off during the pandemic, and **half** saw their hours decrease or their household income decline. Nearly **10 percent** of the workforce surveyed reported that they were not currently working and did not think they would return to work within the next three months.⁵⁶

Colorado's child care providers are an essential part of our children's lives and play an indispensable role in keeping our state's economy running. If we want a strong child care system as we move forward from COVID-19, our state must reexamine how we value the people caring for our children and ensure they are compensated fairly for the vital work they do.

Colorado Emergency Child Care Collaborative Steps Up to Meet a Critical Need

When child care providers shut down in March 2020 as the pandemic took hold in Colorado and stay-at-home orders were issued, everyone who relied on that care felt the crunch. Perhaps no one felt the impact more than essential workers, who had no choice but to continue going to work in grocery stores, hospitals, fire departments and other critical settings across the state. Within days of the stay-at-home orders, a public-private partnership that included Gary Community Investments, Nano, the Colorado Office of Early Childhood and the Colorado Children's Campaign was formed to connect essential workers in need of child care with child care providers who volunteered to be part of the program. Thanks to generous philanthropic support, child care provided through the collaborative was free of charge to families. By the program's end in late May 2020, it had served more than 5,000 children across the state via nearly 500 child care providers.⁵⁷ In addition to meeting a vital need for families, an analysis by Early Milestones Colorado found that child care providers who participated in the collaborative were more than 23 times as likely to have remained fully operational as those who did not participate.⁵⁸

Delayed Intervention: Referrals to Early Intervention Services Plummet

Early Intervention services are provided to families whose young children (between birth and age 3) have a disability or are experiencing a delay in at least one area of their development. Parents can refer their children for an evaluation for services themselves, but more than half of all referrals in Colorado come from primary care physicians, hospitals, child care providers or other social service providers.⁵⁹ Given that many families delayed or skipped well child visits or lost access to child care and other services during the pandemic, it is likely that many children who otherwise would have received a referral for an Early Intervention evaluation instead went without the services they needed.



AT A TIPPING POINT:

Data from the Colorado Department of Human Services show that the number of weekly referrals to Early Intervention plummeted between early and mid-March 2020, dropping from 416 referrals the week of March 1st to only 155 the week of March 14th—a **63 percent** decline.⁶⁰ Although the number of referrals began to climb slowly throughout the spring and summer of 2020, they remained below their 2019 levels nearly every week for the rest of the year. The drop in referrals predictably led to reduced enrollment in Early Intervention services. The number of children who were enrolled in Early Intervention services after an evaluation fell steeply during 2020, dropping to 7,471 children as of January 1, 2021—**20 percent** fewer kids than in March of 2020 when 9,294 children were enrolled.⁶¹

DURING THE FIRST TWO WEEKS OF MARCH 2020, REFERRALS TO EARLY INTERVENTION FELL BY 63 PERCENT. WEEKLY REFERRALS REMAINED BELOW THEIR 2019 LEVELS FOR NEARLY ALL OF 2020.

WEEKLY REFERRALS TO EARLY INTERVENTION IN COLORADO, 2019 AND 2020



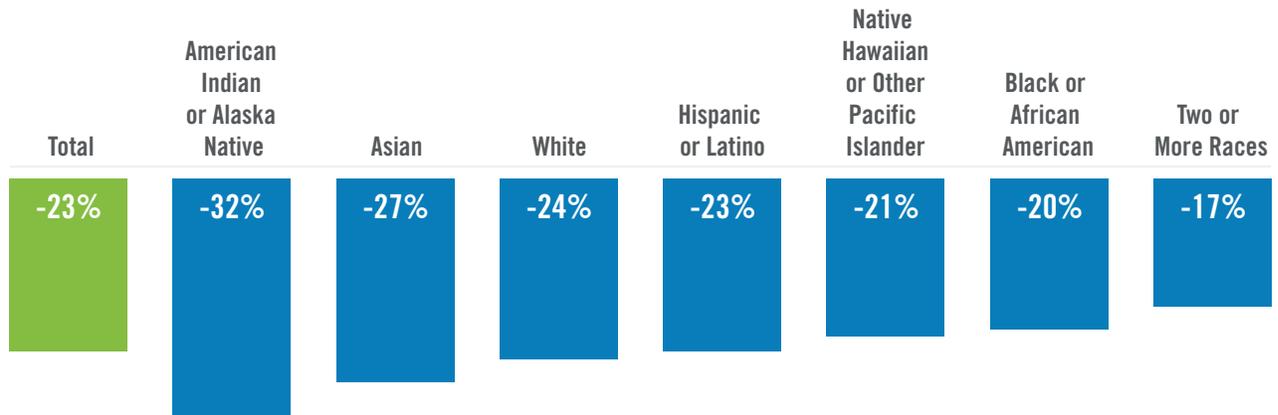
Source: Colorado Department of Human Services.

Early Data Suggest Steep Drop in Preschool Enrollment

Prior to the pandemic, only about half of all 3- and 4-year-olds in Colorado were enrolled in any type of preschool.⁶² Although comparable data on preschool participation during the pandemic are not yet available, initial data on children enrolled in school district-run preschools suggest that preschool participation among young Colorado kids dropped steeply during the COVID crisis. Fall enrollment data from the Colorado Department of Education show that the number of children enrolled in a school district preschool as of October 2020 was **23 percent lower** than in the fall of 2019. The drop in preschool participation was largest for American Indian or Alaska Native children and Asian children.⁶³

ENROLLMENT IN SCHOOL DISTRICT PRESCHOOL PROGRAMS WAS DOWN 23 PERCENT IN FALL OF 2020 IN COMPARISON TO FALL OF 2019, WITH EVEN LARGER DECLINES FOR SOME RACIAL AND ETHNIC GROUPS.

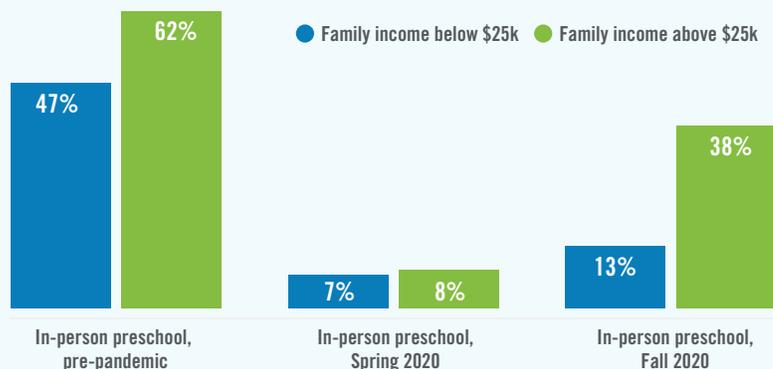
PERCENT CHANGE IN COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUPIL COUNTS FOR PRESCHOOL BETWEEN FALL 2019 AND FALL 2020



Source: Colorado Children's Campaign analysis of data from the Colorado Department of Education.

Research conducted by the National Institute for Early Education Research also found sharp declines in preschool participation across the U.S. throughout 2020. NIEER found that pre-pandemic, **71 percent** of 4-year-olds and **51 percent** of 3-year-olds participated in a preschool program. In spring 2020 when the pandemic took hold and many programs closed, in-person preschool participation among these age groups plummeted to **7 percent** and **9 percent**, respectively.⁶⁴ Participation rates for in-person preschool showed signs of rebounding by the fall of 2020, but they remained far below their pre-pandemic levels, with **40 percent of 4-year-olds** and **32 percent** of 3-year-olds participating in in-person preschool. For children in families earning less than \$25,000 per year, however, the rebound in preschool participation by fall of 2020 was much less pronounced. Among these children, participation in in-person preschool rose only negligibly from spring 2020 to fall 2020. In comparison, in-person preschool participation rates among children whose families earned more than \$25,000 per year more than quadrupled during the same time period.⁶⁵

NATIONAL RESEARCH FOUND THAT IN-PERSON PRESCHOOL PARTICIPATION AMONG CHILDREN IN FAMILIES WITH INCOMES ABOVE \$25,000 PER YEAR REBOUNDED MORE QUICKLY THAN IT DID FOR FAMILIES WITH INCOMES BELOW THIS THRESHOLD.



Source: National Institute for Early Education Research.

AT A TIPPING POINT:



Looking Forward

Colorado's young children and their families can't get back the time or experiences they lost to the COVID-19 pandemic. What Colorado chooses to do next will help determine whether the pandemic is merely a bump in the road for their development or a massive roadblock from which it takes them years to recover. In the months and years ahead, our leaders must invest in support for the development of our state's infants, toddlers and preschoolers and ensure the programs designed to serve them are adequately funded and equipped to meet their needs.

POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS:

- ⇒ Make sustainable, adequate, long-term investments in support for children’s early learning and development.
- ⇒ Ensure implementation of the Colorado Department of Early Childhood results in a more streamlined system that centers children, family, educator, and provider experiences.
- ⇒ Increase funding for proven programs such as high-quality child care and preschool that support children’s path to school readiness and families’ ability to pursue economic opportunity.
- ⇒ Target funds to sectors that have been particularly disrupted by the pandemic and lack sustained investment, including infant and toddler child care, child care affordability, and early childhood educator compensation.
- ⇒ Re-examine Colorado’s Early Intervention eligibility policies—including for potential social and emotional delays—and increase investments to ensure all children who would benefit from these services can access them.
- ⇒ Recognize the vital role our early childhood workforce plays in supporting children and families and make long-term, sustained investments in adequate salaries for early childhood professionals.
- ⇒ Increase access to developmental screening and referral to appropriate services across the early childhood years, birth through age 8. This will ensure that children who may be facing developmental delays or are in need of targeted interventions are identified and supported early.
- ⇒ Invest in early elementary support. This includes ensuring educators have the resources and capacity to respond to a wide range of levels of school readiness, early literacy and math skills, and levels of childhood trauma.
- ⇒ Support trauma-informed approaches across early childhood settings through strategies such as expanded early childhood mental health consultation.
- ⇒ Support families’ economic security with investments in income support for families to overcome the disproportionate impact of poverty on young children.
- ⇒ Ensure public funding is adequate to offset ongoing increased costs and future fluctuations in child care attendance via payment policies that support a sustainable early childhood sector.
- ⇒ Should vaccine boosters be necessary, ensure that members of the early childhood workforce, across formal and informal settings, can access these vaccines as easily as possible.

AT A TIPPING POINT:

K-12 EDUCATION DURING THE COVID-19 CRISIS

In the 2020-2021 school year, children, families and educators were faced with countless disruptions to schooling caused by the pandemic. Many Colorado districts and schools were placed in the difficult position of determining when and how to shift away from in-person learning, as well as how students and staff would eventually be welcomed safely back into school buildings. Meanwhile, where options still existed, Colorado's families faced the difficult task of deciding whether in-person, remote or hybrid learning was the safest option for their children.

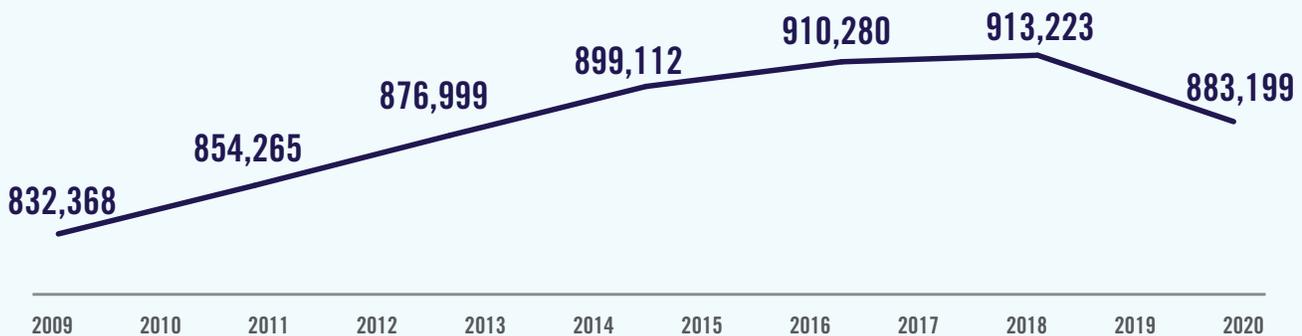
The pandemic undoubtedly affected Colorado students, who persevered through a school year unlike any other. Measuring the educational impacts of the COVID crisis and connecting the data to action will be more important than ever as we look ahead to recovery.

Enrollment in Public Schools Falls for the First Time in Decades

As the pandemic raged on in fall of 2020, Colorado public schools saw their first decline in student enrollment since 1988, with a **3.3 percent decrease** in enrollment from 2019.⁶⁶ The enrollment decrease reflected an overall decline of more than 30,000 students in pre-K through 12th grade across the state. American Indian/Alaska Native students and White students saw the largest percent decreases in enrollment, falling by **6 percent** and **4 percent**, respectively.⁶⁷ While enrollment in Colorado public schools decreased overall, the share of students enrolled in online schools or being homeschooled increased significantly.⁶⁸ Colorado's increase in homeschooling was mirrored nationally; at the beginning of the 2020-2021 school year, the percent of U.S. households with children who reported homeschooling had more than doubled from the prior school year.⁶⁹

IN THE 2020-2021 SCHOOL YEAR, COLORADO SAW A DECREASE IN PK-12 STUDENT ENROLLMENT FOR THE FIRST TIME IN MORE THAN THREE DECADES.

PUPIL ENROLLMENT IN COLORADO PUBLIC SCHOOLS, 2009 TO 2020



Source: Colorado Department of Education.

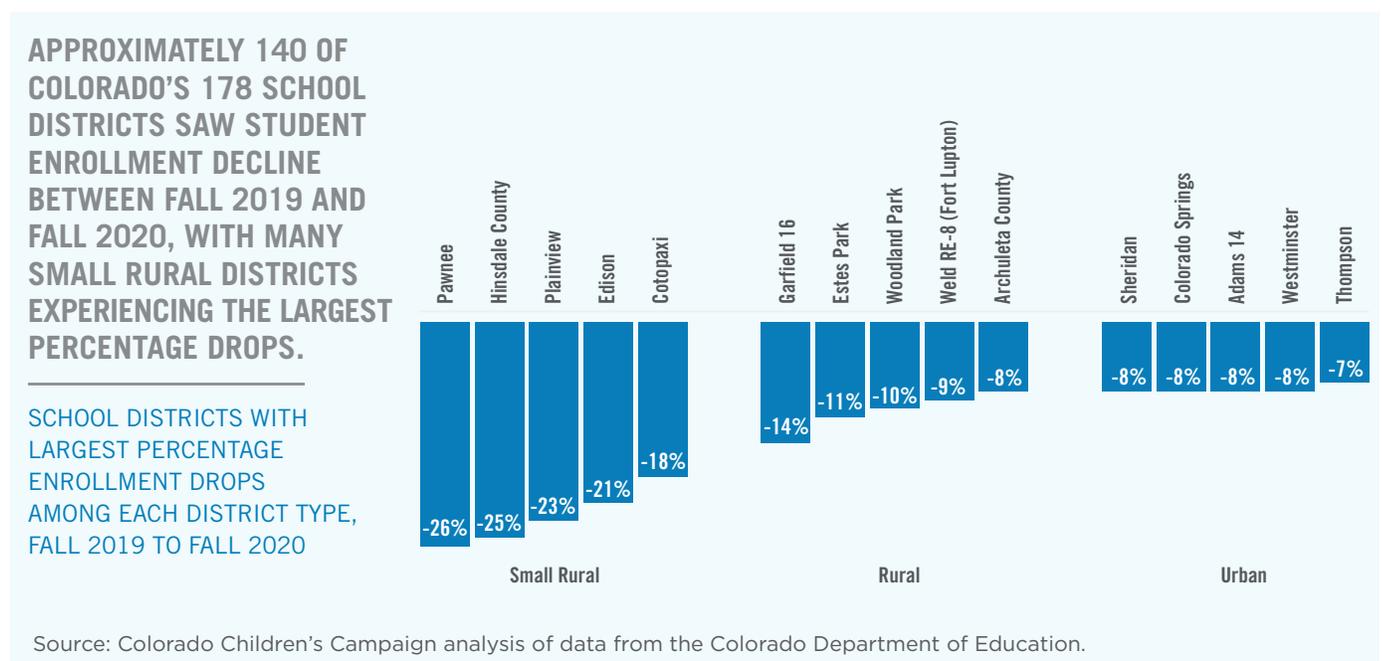
What remains unclear from these data showing declines in enrollment is where missing students received educational services during the pandemic, and whether they were served well in those new environments. The large increases in the number of children who were homeschooled and those who enrolled in online programs in the fall of 2020 do not fully account for the decline in enrollment in Colorado’s public schools. Understanding how all students were educated, including the services they did and did not receive in the 2020-21 school year, will be essential to inform how we might serve them in the school years to come.

Enrollment Declines Concentrated in the Early Grades

Colorado’s early grades, in which children learn foundational reading and math concepts and important social-emotional skills, saw the largest declines in enrollment in fall 2020. Enrollment in school district preschools fell by more than **8,000 students** in comparison to 2019 (a **23 percent** decline), while kindergarten enrollment dropped by **5,800 students** (a **9 percent** decline).⁷⁰ Children who did not enroll in preschool or kindergarten during the pandemic will presumably enter the K-12 system at some point in the future; while some may have had enriching experiences at home during the COVID-19 crisis, others are likely to enter the school system lacking the foundational social and academic skills they need to be ready to learn.

Vast Majority of School Districts Saw Enrollment Declines

At the school district level, about 140 of Colorado’s 178 districts experienced enrollment drops between fall 2019 and fall 2020. The largest percentage decreases were seen in several small rural districts, including Pawnee Re-12 and Hinsdale County RE 1, both of which saw decreases of more than **25 percent** compared to the prior fall.^{71, 72} Some of the state’s larger districts also saw significant enrollment declines, including Colorado Springs 11 (8 percent), Douglas County (6 percent) and Boulder Valley (6 percent).



AT A TIPPING POINT:

Amid High Levels of Economic Hardship, Enrollment Data Show Decline in Students Qualifying for Free or Reduced-Price Lunch

The count of students eligible for free or reduced-price lunch (FRL) also fell between fall 2019 and fall 2020. Children who qualify for FRL live in families with incomes below 185 percent of the federal poverty level (less than \$48,470 per year for a family of four in 2020). This decline occurred in the context of other indicators showing widespread increases in economic hardship among families with children during the pandemic. Overall, the number of children reported to be eligible for free or reduced-price lunch in the fall of 2020 was nearly **17,000 children lower** than in 2019 (a **4.5 percent** decline from the previous year), despite the increased economic struggles families faced related to COVID-19.^{73, 74} The decline was concentrated among students who qualified for reduced-price lunch (those whose families earn between 130 and 185 percent of the federal poverty level, or between \$34,060 and \$48,470 per year for a family of four in 2020). The number of students who qualified for reduced-price lunch fell by **19 percent**, while the number of students who qualified for free lunch decreased by only **1 percent**.⁷⁵

The decline in the number of students who qualify for subsidized school meals is likely a failure of the FRL process to capture many children in families with low incomes in the fall of 2020, rather than a real drop in the number of students in families who were struggling economically. The discrepancy between trends in the FRL student count and other indicators of economic security during the pandemic points to ongoing problems with using eligibility for the school meal program as a proxy for poverty among Colorado students and schools. Some problems with requiring FRL enrollment to gauge economic need are specific to the pandemic, as the mission to provide all students with adequate food during the crisis became much more important than the collection of FRL data. During the 2020-2021 school year, districts had difficulty collecting enrollment forms for free or reduced-price meals amid remote learning, and universal free school meals were made available to all, meaning FRL forms were no longer required to receive free meals. Other problems with the measure, such as the failure to capture dimensions of economic disadvantage that go beyond family income, are longstanding issues.

A LARGE DECLINE IN THE NUMBER OF REDUCED-PRICE LUNCH-ELIGIBLE STUDENTS DROVE THE OVERALL DECREASE IN FRL-ELIGIBLE STUDENTS IN THE 2020-2021 SCHOOL YEAR.

FREE AND REDUCED-PRICE LUNCH ELIGIBLE STUDENTS IN COLORADO PUBLIC SCHOOLS, FALL 2018-FALL 2020

Source: Colorado Department of Education.

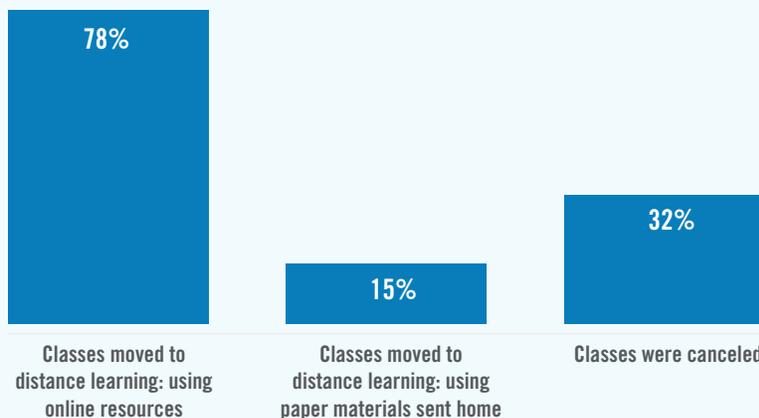


Remote Learning and the Digital Divide

Colorado families were tasked with balancing many competing priorities throughout the 2020-2021 school year. Not only did they have to keep their children safe from virus transmission, but they also had to ensure they received a high-quality education and other essential services normally provided by schools. In many districts, classes were moved online at different points in the year, requiring Colorado households with school-aged children to alternate between in-person, remote or hybrid learning. In late May and early June of 2020, **78 percent** of Colorado's households with children reported their child's classes moved to distance learning using online resources, while **32 percent** had some classes canceled entirely.⁷⁶

DURING THE PANDEMIC, THE MAJORITY OF COLORADO HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN EXPERIENCED A SHIFT TO REMOTE LEARNING AT SOME POINT.

PERCENT OF COLORADO HOUSEHOLDS WITH CHILDREN WHO EXPERIENCED SPECIFIC CHANGES TO THEIR EDUCATION, MAY 21-JUNE 2, 2020



Source: Population Reference Bureau analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, Household Pulse Survey.



An analysis from the Colorado Futures Center at CSU found that

54,000 school-aged children in Colorado

did not have internet access. Children without internet access were disproportionately Hispanic/Latino, in the elementary grades, and had parents who were essential workers.

Amid this historic and widespread shift to remote learning, researchers and advocates raced to understand how many children were facing barriers to public education due to a lack of reliable internet access and Wi-Fi enabled devices at home. In spring 2020, the Colorado Futures Center at CSU analyzed 2018 American Community Survey (ACS) data to estimate the share of Colorado students who likely did not have internet access. Their analysis found that **5 percent** of all Colorado school-aged children (more than 54,000 kids) did not have internet access, with the overwhelming majority of these being Hispanic/Latino students.⁷⁷ The disparity appeared particularly severe on the Front Range, where Hispanic children make up more than **70 percent** of the students without internet access, but account for just over **30 percent** of the student population. Parts of Denver, Adams, Jefferson, Boulder and Weld counties saw some of the highest shares of Hispanic children without internet.⁷⁸

AT A TIPPING POINT:

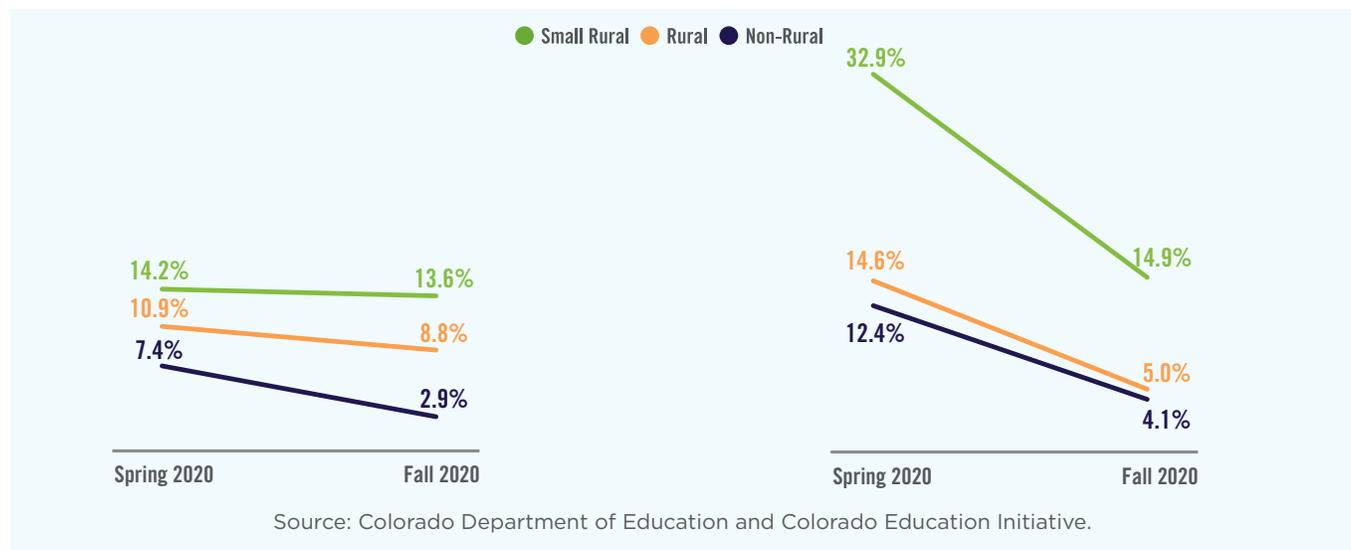
The study from the Colorado Futures Center also found that Colorado children who lacked home internet access were largely in the elementary grades and had parents working in essential industries, likely making it difficult for them to receive instructional support from an adult at home.⁷⁹ Most of these households also had lower incomes, earning \$50,000 per year or less. National data point to the same conditions: children of color, children in families receiving SNAP benefits, and children in families living below the federal poverty level are much more likely to lack internet access.⁸⁰

In response to these challenges, investments from the state helped districts deliver mobile hotspots and devices to children to remove some of the barriers to participation in remote classrooms. In the spring and fall of 2020, the Colorado Education Initiative and the Colorado Department of Education conducted surveys of district leaders to understand the size of the digital divide among public school students. Results from the fall 2020 administration of the survey found that about **31,000** public school students were still without sufficient internet access, while nearly **30,000** remained without access to the necessary devices for remote learning.⁸¹ However, it appears that district outreach did result in improvements: among districts that responded to both administrations of the survey, the share of students lacking internet access decreased slightly between spring and fall, while significant improvements were reported in device access.⁸² While all types of districts saw the share of students without device access fall by half, non-rural districts made the greatest progress in delivering internet access. Still, a large share of children remained effectively locked out of remote classrooms in fall 2020 due to difficulty accessing the necessary technology.

DESPITE DISTRICT EFFORTS AND IMPROVEMENTS IN INTERNET ACCESS FROM THE SPRING, SIGNIFICANT SHARES OF COLORADO STUDENTS CONTINUED TO LACK THE NECESSARY ACCESS TO PARTICIPATE IN REMOTE INSTRUCTION IN FALL 2020.

PERCENT OF STUDENTS WITHOUT INTERNET ACCESS BY DISTRICT, SPRING 2020-FALL 2020

PERCENT OF STUDENTS WITHOUT ACCESS TO A WIFI ENABLED DEVICE BY DISTRICT, SPRING 2020-FALL 2020





Looking Forward

Disruptions to academic progress and a loss of access to essential health and well-being services provided in schools during the pandemic continue to concern families, educators and advocates as students prepare for another school year. The likely undercount of children who qualify for free or reduced-price lunch and the barriers to remote instruction for a large group of predominantly Hispanic/Latino children are particularly troubling because of historical trends. Poverty and food insecurity are significant barriers to learning, and years of recent assessment data indicate performance gaps between FRL-eligible students and their higher income peers. If these students did not receive the necessary meals and educational services in the 2020-2021 school year, it is possible this gap could widen further. Colorado's Hispanic/Latino students, along with other groups of students of color, already experienced limited academic resources as a result of specific policies and practices, driving the performance gap between students of color and their White peers. This gap could also be exacerbated as a result of the pandemic, when many Hispanic/Latino students may have lost access to public education entirely because of connectivity issues.

A report released by NWEA in fall 2020 found that learning loss might not be as extreme as some advocates were predicting. The study indicated that students were performing about the same in reading and about 5 to 10 percentile points lower in math on the MAP Growth test compared to the year prior. However, the sample saw significant attrition from students of color, as well as students from low-income families, and therefore the results are not representative of these groups.⁸³ The data indicate that the impact on students who often face the most barriers to academic success remains to be seen for now. Colorado's statewide CMAS assessments were cancelled in 2020 and administered on a more limited basis in 2021, which will likely impact the ability to determine how students fared academically during the pandemic.

AT A TIPPING POINT:



Beyond academics, many Colorado students likely also lost access to essential services on which families rely, including school meals, mental health services and access to school-based health centers. Prioritizing these children, and understanding the full array of impacts related to losing access to their school environments, must continue to be an area of focus amid recovery efforts.

POLICY RECOMMENDATIONS:

- ➡ Explore alternative indicators of student poverty and ensure a more accurate, comprehensive count of students experiencing economic disadvantage. Investment in our students experiencing the most barriers to opportunity will be crucial as we emerge from the pandemic, which is why Colorado's school funding formula must account for and respond to students' economic circumstances in a better way. Ideally, a revised "at-risk" factor in the school finance formula would take into account dimensions of economic security beyond family income and devote significantly more resources to serve students experiencing economic disadvantage. While free and reduced-price lunch eligibility continues to be a necessary poverty proxy for federal and state purposes, Colorado can streamline the enrollment process by making the form secure and accessible online for families and collecting student-level FRL data at the state level, in addition to the district level. A study of alternative poverty proxies will be undertaken in the fall of 2021 by a legislative school finance committee, with recommendations due in early 2022.
- ➡ Target dollars received through various federal stimulus packages (including the CARES Act and American Recovery Plan Act) to address differential access to the opportunities and resources students need to thrive. Over the next three years, \$2.5 billion in federal stimulus dollars should be used to drive significant change in our education system. This includes investments in evidence-based programs that address unfinished instruction and accelerate learning (high-quality expanded learning time, for example). It should also include investments to address disparities in access to diverse and supported educators; enrichment opportunities; up-to-date technology; and adequate facilities, including sufficient broadband access. On the back end, the state must ensure transparent and easily accessible reporting on state and local uses of funds, so we will be able to tell a story about what worked in our pandemic recovery. Now is also a good time to invest in robust statewide data infrastructure and student information systems that collect and connect disaggregated data on measures of resource equity and student outcomes.
- ➡ Prioritize the creation of safe, healthy and inclusive learning environments by investing in comprehensive support that is responsive to both students' and educators' social and emotional needs. Colorado must provide guidance and invest in schools and districts to support students' academic, social and emotional recovery from the pandemic. The state must also invest in a coordinated effort to proactively reengage students who were disconnected from school during the pandemic.



CHILD WELL-BEING BEFORE COVID-19



Pre-pandemic data still serve an important purpose in showing us where our state was making progress prior to the COVID-19 crisis, as well as what systems were already struggling to meet kids' needs.



QUICK FACTS – 2019

11%



Child poverty rate^a

\$25,750



Federal poverty level (FPL) for a family of four^b

5%

Children in extreme poverty (less than 50% FPL)^a

\$92,500

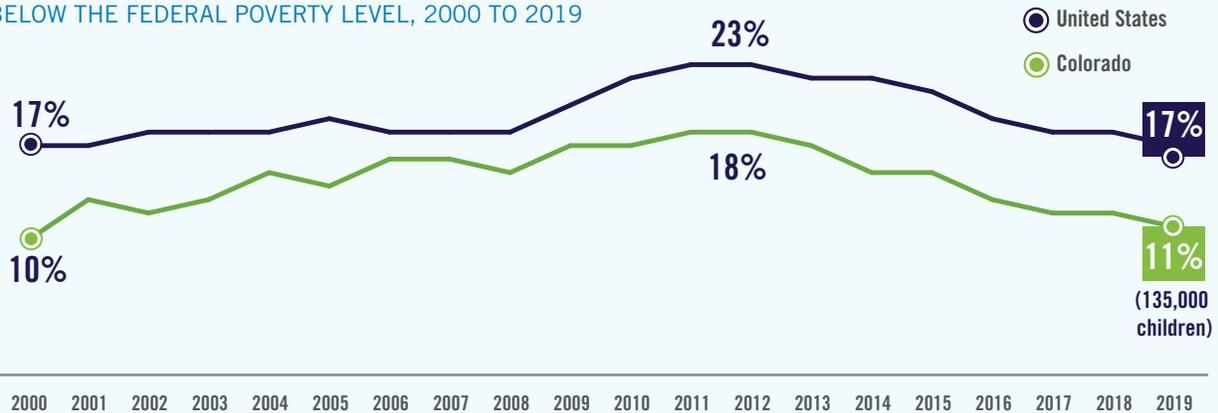
Median income for families with children^a

Sources: ^aU.S. Census Bureau, ^bU.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

CHILD POVERTY

PRIOR TO THE ONSET OF THE PANDEMIC, COLORADO'S CHILD POVERTY RATE HAD REACHED ITS LOWEST LEVEL SINCE 2000.

PERCENT OF CHILDREN LIVING IN FAMILIES WITH INCOMES BELOW THE FEDERAL POVERTY LEVEL, 2000 TO 2019



Source: Population Reference Bureau analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 and 2001 Supplemental Surveys and 2002-2019 American Community Surveys.

With unemployment rates skyrocketing during the first few months of the pandemic, economic hardship among families likely increased substantially during 2020.

COLORADO'S UNEMPLOYMENT RATE SOARED IN 2020 IN THE MIDST OF THE COVID CRISIS, SUGGESTING THAT THE STATE WILL LIKELY SEE AN INCREASE IN ITS CHILD POVERTY RATE IN 2020.



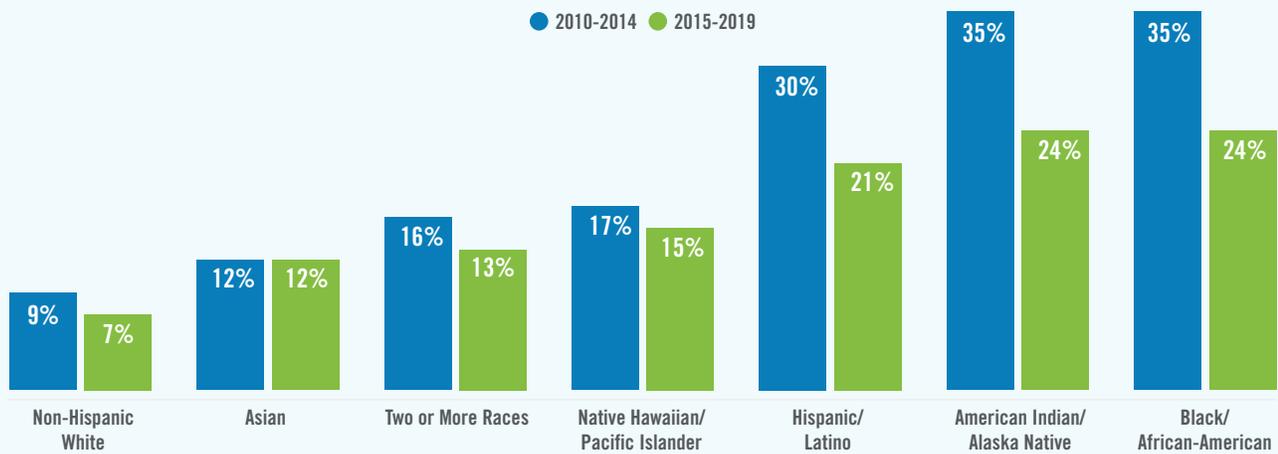
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.

FAMILY ECONOMIC SECURITY

Due to longstanding policies and practices that have advantaged White people at the expense of people of color, troubling racial and ethnic disparities in child poverty rates were persistent in Colorado before the COVID-19 pandemic. The most recent disaggregated data available show that although children of nearly all races and ethnicities had experienced declining child poverty rates in recent years, poverty rates among children of color remained significantly higher than those for White children.⁸⁴

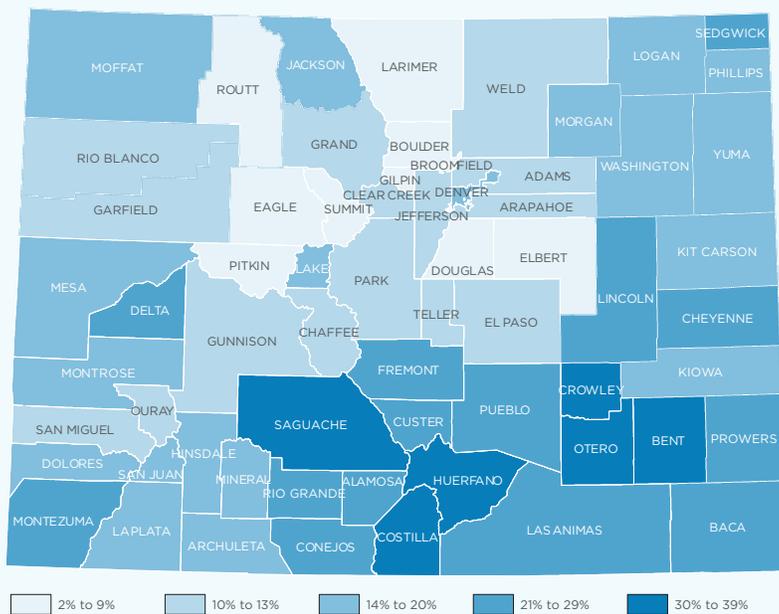
DUE TO SYSTEMS AND POLICIES—BOTH PAST AND PRESENT—THAT UNFAIRLY DISADVANTAGE PEOPLE OF COLOR, POVERTY WAS MORE LIKELY TO AFFECT CHILDREN OF COLOR THAN WHITE CHILDREN PRIOR TO THE PANDEMIC.

PERCENT OF COLORADO CHILDREN LIVING IN POVERTY BY RACE/ETHNICITY



Source: Colorado Children’s Campaign analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates.

CHILD POVERTY RATES BY COUNTY, 2019



HIGHEST % OF KIDS IN POVERTY:

- Costilla County: 39%
- Saguache County: 39%
- Huerfano County: 35%
- Otero County: 34%
- Bent County: 31%

LOWEST % OF KIDS IN POVERTY:

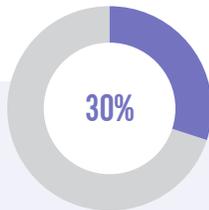
- Douglas County: 2%
- Broomfield County: 5%
- Pitkin County: 6%
- Routt County: 7%
- Summit County: 7%

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE).

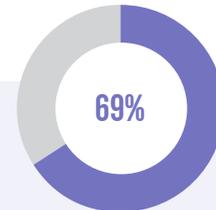
HOUSING AND HOMELESSNESS

Shortages of affordable housing plagued many Colorado communities even before the economic fallout from the COVID-19 crisis.

IN 2019:



of Colorado children lived in households that were housing cost-burdened, meaning more than a third of the household's income went toward mortgage, rent and related expenses, often leaving little leftover for other basic needs.



of Colorado children in low-income families lived in households that were housing-cost burdened

Source: Population Reference Bureau analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, 2019 American Community Survey.



Colorado students experienced homelessness in 2019-2020

In the 2019-2020 school year, Colorado school districts identified **21,420 children experiencing homelessness**, including more than **800 children ages birth to 5**, according to data collected through the McKinney-Vento Homelessness Assistance Program.⁸⁵ Although the number of Colorado children identified as homeless had declined in recent years, widespread job and income losses associated with the COVID-19 pandemic suggest that our state will likely see an increase in homelessness among kids when data for the 2020-2021 school year are available.

QUICK FACTS – 2019

82%



Babies born to women who received early prenatal care^a

4.9



Infant mortality rate (deaths per 1,000 live births)^a



26%

High school students who reported e-cigarette use in the past 30 days^b



82%

Children who visited a dentist or dental hygienist in the past 12 months^c

Sources: ^aVital Statistics Program, Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment; ^b2019 Healthy Kids Colorado Survey, Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment; ^c2019 Colorado Health Access Survey, Colorado Health Institute.

HEALTH COVERAGE

Policy changes and harmful, racist rhetoric during the Trump administration had begun to reverse Colorado's historic progress in reducing the number of children without health insurance even before the COVID-19 pandemic. Between 2018 and 2019 alone, the number of Colorado children without health coverage **increased by 10,000 kids.**⁸⁶ This increase is the largest in at least a decade and left 73,000 Colorado children without health coverage as the world entered the worst public health crisis in a century.⁸⁷ As of 2019, the number of Colorado kids without health insurance could fill nearly every seat in the Broncos' stadium. Given the high rates of unemployment driven by the pandemic's economic impact, Colorado could see even more damage to our progress toward getting all kids covered in the years ahead.

Disaggregating data by race/ethnicity and family income reveals persistent disparities in uninsured rates, with the percent of uninsured Black or African-American and Hispanic or Latino children nearly double the rate for non-Hispanic White children.⁸⁸



IN THE YEARS IMMEDIATELY BEFORE THE PANDEMIC, COLORADO'S HISTORIC PROGRESS ON KIDS' HEALTH COVERAGE WAS BEGINNING TO ERODE.

PERCENT OF CHILDREN UNDER 19 WITHOUT HEALTH INSURANCE, 2008 TO 2019

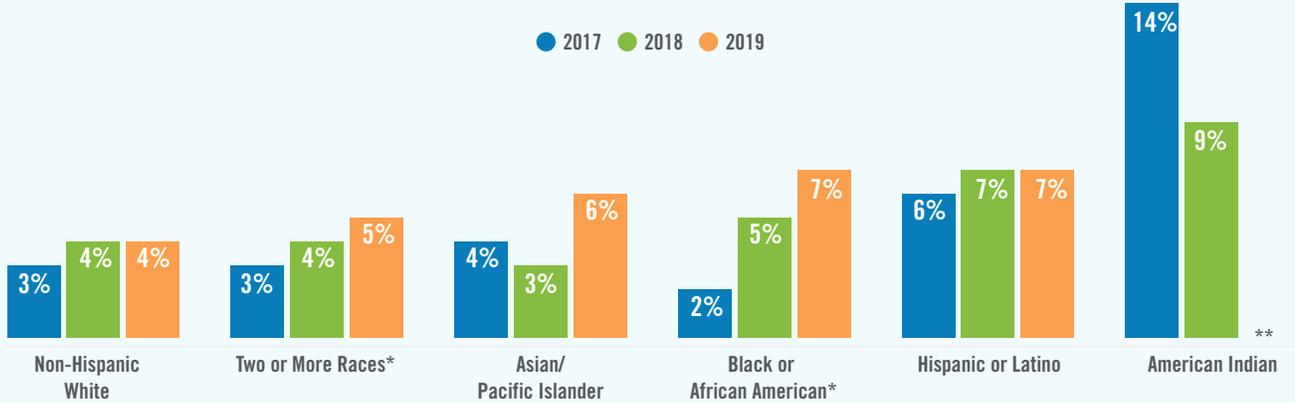


Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Health Insurance Historical Tables, 2008 to 2019.

CHILD HEALTH

BETWEEN 2017 AND 2019, MULTIRACIAL CHILDREN AND BLACK CHILDREN IN COLORADO SAW STATISTICALLY SIGNIFICANT INCREASES IN THE UNINSURED RATE.

PERCENT OF COLORADO CHILDREN UNDER 19 WITHOUT HEALTH COVERAGE, BY RACE/ETHNICITY



Source: Population Reference Bureau analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, 2017-2019 American Community Surveys. The single asterisk denotes a statistically significant change in the uninsured rate between 2017 and 2019.

**Data for American Indian children were suppressed in 2019 due to a large margin of error.

Children experiencing poverty and those who live in low-income families were four times as likely to be uninsured as children living in families with incomes above 400 percent of the federal poverty level (approximately \$103,000 in annual income for a family of four).⁸⁹ Children in families earning below 260 percent of the federal poverty level meet the income eligibility guidelines for either Medicaid or CHP+, pointing to a need for more robust efforts to enroll eligible children in these publicly funded health coverage programs.

COLORADO CHILDREN IN FAMILIES EARNING BETWEEN 100 PERCENT AND 149 PERCENT OF THE FEDERAL POVERTY LEVEL—WHO MEET THE INCOME QUALIFICATIONS FOR MEDICAID OR THE CHILD HEALTH PLAN *PLUS*—SAW THE LARGEST INCREASE IN THE UNINSURED RATE BETWEEN 2017 AND 2019.

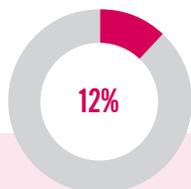
PERCENT OF COLORADO CHILDREN UNDER 19 WITHOUT HEALTH COVERAGE, BY FAMILY INCOME



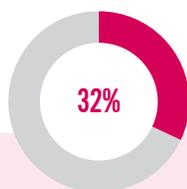
Source: Colorado Children's Campaign analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, 2017-2019 American Community Surveys. The single asterisk denotes a statistically significant change in the uninsured rate between 2017 and 2019.

MATERNAL MENTAL HEALTH

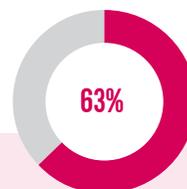
Even prior to the stressors from the pandemic, a significant portion of pregnant and postpartum people in Colorado reported experiencing anxiety or depression, and many of them struggled to access the care and support they needed to feel better. The new challenges many parents experienced during the pandemic—social isolation, difficulty accessing health care, and economic hardship—have likely exacerbated mental health struggles, with implications for parents and children.



In 2019, **12 percent** of postpartum people in Colorado reported postpartum depressive symptoms.



By 12 months postpartum, **nearly one in three** postpartum Coloradans had elevated symptoms of anxiety.



Fewer than **two thirds** of postpartum people in Colorado who reported needing or wanting mental health care or counseling were able to access care.

Source: Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment. (2021). Postpartum behavioral health in Colorado.



MATERNAL MORTALITY

Although the infant mortality rate has fallen in Colorado and across the U.S. during the past decade, maternal mortality has become increasingly common. In 2019, the maternal mortality rate in the U.S. was 20.1 deaths per 100,000 live births, up from 17.4 per 100,000 live births the year prior.⁹⁰ As is the case for many other health outcomes, unjust and inequitable policies, practices and systems that burden people of color have created racial disparities in maternal mortality rates. As of 2019, the maternal mortality rate for Black women in the U.S. was nearly two and a half times higher than the rate for non-Hispanic White women (44 deaths per 100,000 live births and 17.9 deaths per 100,000 live births, respectively).⁹¹

A recent report from the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment examined pregnancy-associated deaths—deaths that happen during pregnancy or up to 365 days postpartum—that occurred in Colorado between 2014 and 2016. The data included in the report point to an urgent need for better support for Coloradans who are pregnant or postpartum. Mental and behavioral health support are especially critical. Suicide was the most common cause of maternal death between 2014 and 2016, followed by unintentional drug overdoses.⁹²

SUICIDE WAS THE LEADING CAUSE OF MATERNAL DEATHS THAT OCCURRED IN COLORADO BETWEEN 2014 AND 2016.

PREGNANCY-ASSOCIATED DEATHS IN COLORADO BY CAUSE, 2014-2016

Suicide	17%
Unintentional drug overdose	14%
Injury (including motor vehicle crash)	11%
Homicide	9%
Cardiac conditions	7%
All other obstetric complications	7%

Source: Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment. (2020). Maternal mortality in Colorado, 2014-2016.

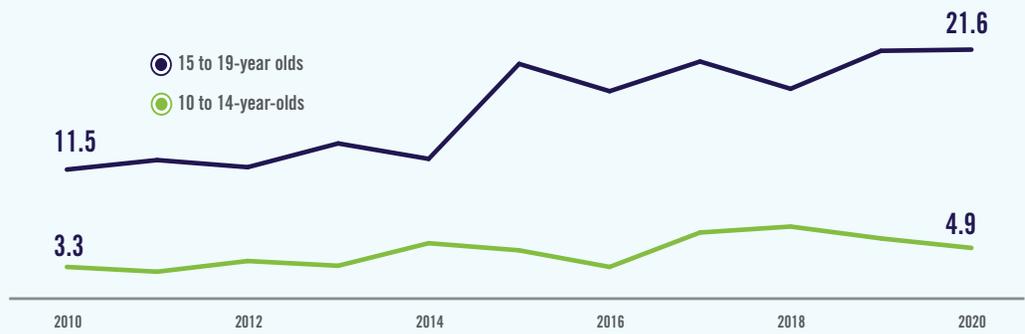
CHILD HEALTH

ADOLESCENT MENTAL HEALTH

Prior to the pandemic, Colorado’s suicide rate for 15- to 19-year-olds had reached historically high levels, and suicides among 10- to 14-year-olds were becoming increasingly common as well. In total, 101 Colorado kids and teens ages 10 to 19 lost their lives to suicide in 2020, up from 50 a decade prior.⁹³

ALTHOUGH THE SUICIDE RATE FOR TEENS AGES 15 TO 19 DID NOT SPIKE AMID THE PANDEMIC AS SOME EXPECTED, IT REMAINED AT A HISTORICALLY HIGH LEVEL.

DEATHS BY SUICIDE IN COLORADO PER 100,000 KIDS AND TEENS IN AGE GROUP



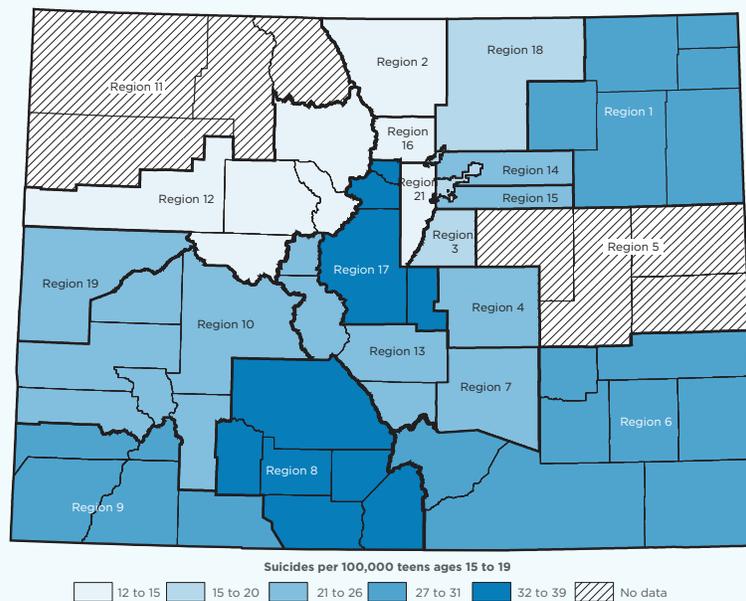
Source: Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Vital Statistics Program.

Colorado’s teen suicide rate is already high in a national context, and some regions of the state had teen suicide rates that were nearly double the statewide average between 2016 and 2020.⁹⁴



THE CENTRAL REGION OF THE STATE THAT INCLUDES CLEAR CREEK, GILPIN, PARK AND TELLER COUNTIES HAD THE HIGHEST TEEN SUICIDE RATE BETWEEN 2016 AND 2020.

TEEN SUICIDE RATE BY HEALTH STATISTICS REGION, 2016-2020



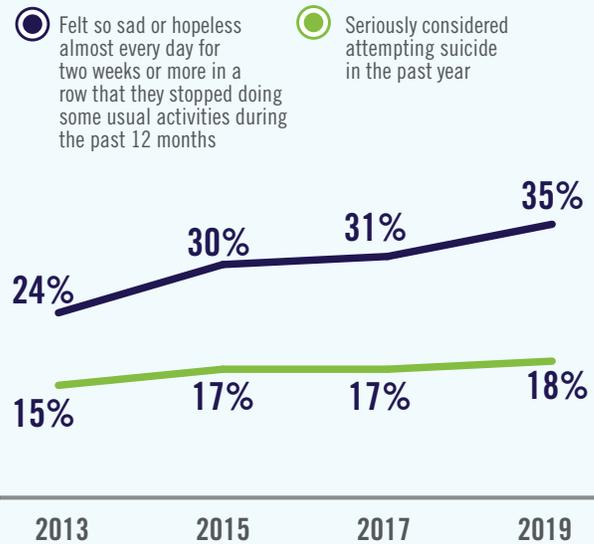
Source: Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Vital Statistics Program.

Other indicators of adolescent mental health have also worsened during the past several years. As of 2019, more than a third of Colorado high school students reported experiencing persistent sadness or hopelessness that impacted their usual activities, while more than one in six reported they had seriously considered suicide in the past year.⁹⁵ With the pandemic widely expected to exacerbate mental health struggles, it is vital that Colorado invest in the resources and support needed to improve the mental health of our state’s kids and teens.

THE SHARE OF COLORADO HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS WHO REPORTED SADNESS OR HOPELESSNESS THAT IMPACTED THEIR USUAL ACTIVITIES ROSE BY MORE THAN 40 PERCENT BETWEEN 2013 AND 2019.

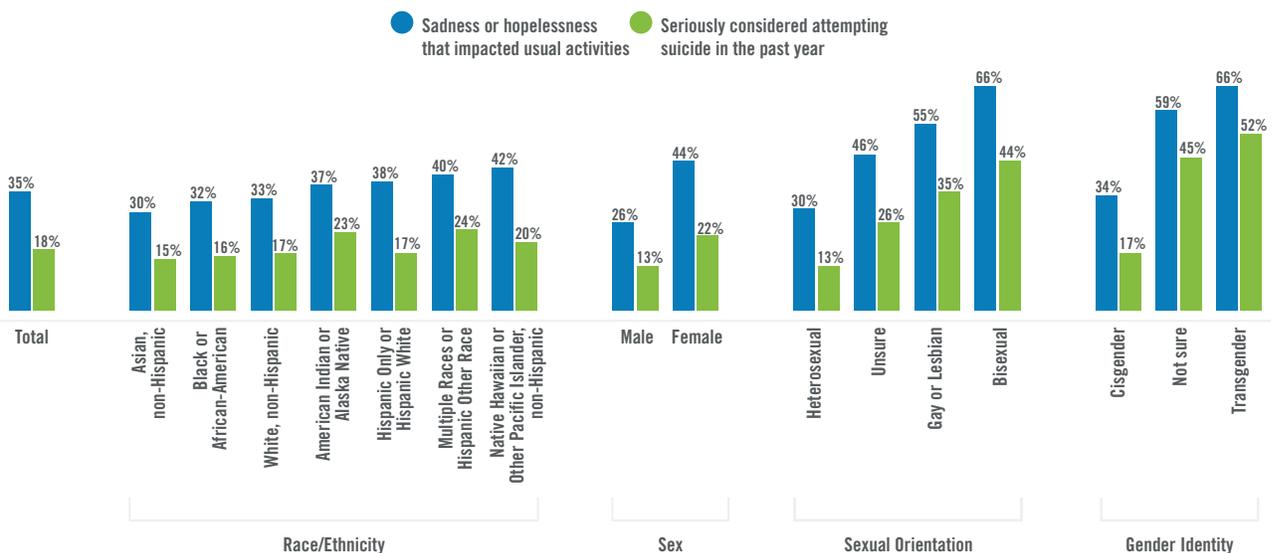
PERCENT OF COLORADO HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS REPORTING SPECIFIC MENTAL HEALTH STRUGGLES, 2013 TO 2019

Source: Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, Healthy Kids Colorado Surveys.



SOME GROUPS OF STUDENTS, ESPECIALLY THOSE WHO IDENTIFY AS LGBTQ+, ARE MORE LIKELY TO REPORT EXPERIENCING MENTAL HEALTH STRUGGLES THAN OTHERS.

PERCENT OF COLORADO HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS REPORTING SPECIFIC MENTAL HEALTH STRUGGLES BY SUBGROUP, 2019



Source: Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, 2019 Healthy Kids Colorado Survey.

EARLY CHILDHOOD LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT



QUICK FACTS – 2019

395,634



Children under 6
in Colorado^a

5%



Children under 6 exposed
to multiple adverse
childhood experiences^c

11%

Children under 6
in poverty^b

45%

Children ages 9 to 35
months who received a
developmental screening^c

Sources: ^aColorado State Demography Office; ^bU.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey; ^cNational Survey of Children's Health.

CHILD CARE CAPACITY

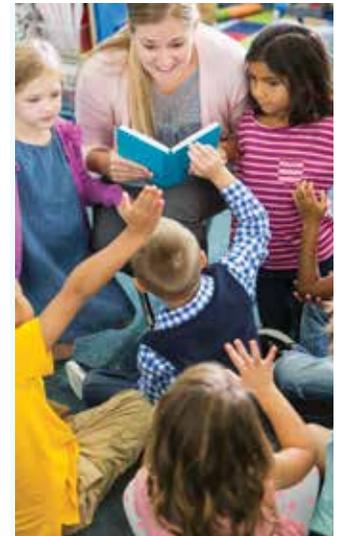
Even before the COVID-19 pandemic impacted the child care sector in Colorado, child care capacity was already far too limited to be able to serve all of the young children in our state who likely need care. In 2019, 246,000 Colorado kids under 6 lived in families where all available parents were in the labor force.⁹⁶ Yet Colorado’s licensed child care centers, family child care homes and preschools only had the capacity to serve approximately 152,000 children—leaving 94,000 young children and their families to rely on other forms of care.⁹⁷

IN 2019, COLORADO’S LICENSED CHILD CARE CENTERS, FAMILY CHILD CARE HOMES AND PRESCHOOLS ONLY HAD CAPACITY TO SERVE ABOUT TWO THIRDS OF ALL YOUNG CHILDREN WHO LIKELY NEEDED CARE

LICENSED CAPACITY IN SELECT CHILD CARE SETTINGS AS A PERCENT OF COLORADO CHILDREN UNDER 6 WITH ALL AVAILABLE PARENTS IN THE LABOR FORCE, 2019



Source: Colorado Children’s Campaign analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey and the Office of Early Childhood, Colorado Department of Human Services.

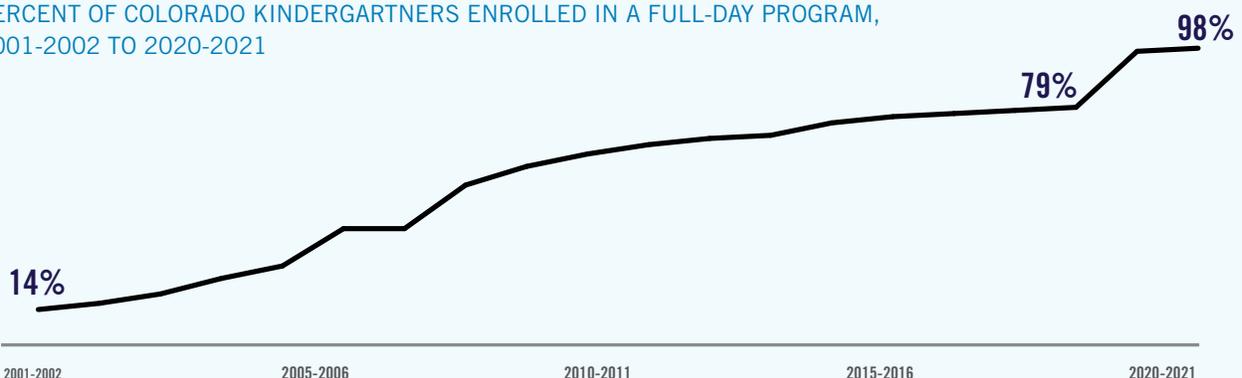


FULL-DAY KINDERGARTEN

Trends in full-day kindergarten enrollment in Colorado are a testament to the power of public policy in influencing the opportunities available to kids and families. A decade ago, fewer than two thirds of Colorado kindergartners were enrolled in a full-day program.⁹⁸ The state saw only incremental improvement in full-day kindergarten access for years until the legislature passed a bill to fully fund full-day kindergarten in 2019. As of the 2020-2021 school year, all but approximately 1,300 of Colorado’s 58,000 kindergartners were enrolled in a full-day program.⁹⁹

TWO YEARS AFTER COLORADO’S LEGISLATURE PASSED A BILL TO FULLY FUND FULL-DAY KINDERGARTEN FOR ALL WHO CHOOSE IT, NEARLY ALL KINDERGARTNERS WERE ENROLLED IN A FULL-DAY PROGRAM.

PERCENT OF COLORADO KINDERGARTNERS ENROLLED IN A FULL-DAY PROGRAM, 2001-2002 TO 2020-2021



Source: Colorado Children’s Campaign analysis of data from the Colorado Department of Education.

EARLY CHILDHOOD LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT

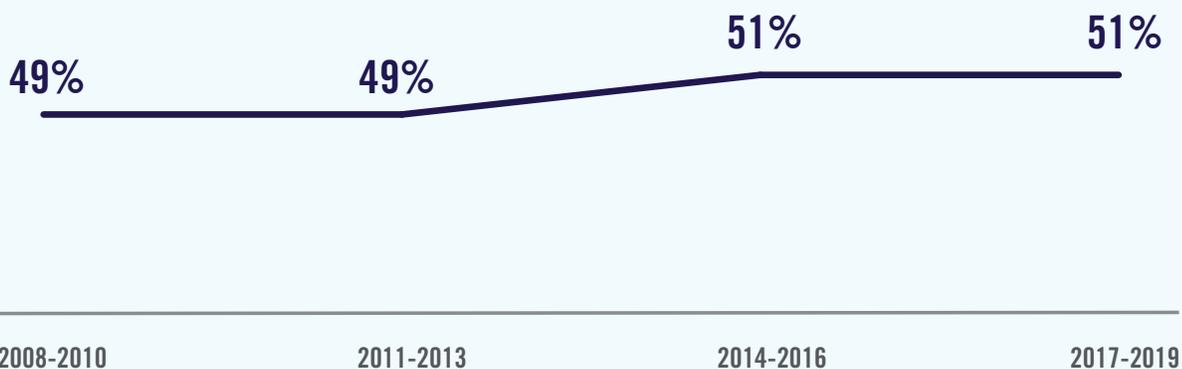


PRESCHOOL ENROLLMENT

In the decade leading up to the 2020 ballot initiative passed by Colorado voters that will provide funding to expand preschool access, progress toward improving preschool enrollment among young children in Colorado was slow and incremental. Between 2008-2010 and 2017-2019, the percent of Colorado 3- and 4-year-olds enrolled in any type of preschool program increased by only 2 percentage points, with only about half of all young children in the state enrolled in any type of preschool.¹⁰⁰ In some Colorado communities, preschool enrollment rates are as low as 31 percent, according to the most recent estimates available.¹⁰¹ This is the baseline from which Colorado will be building in the years to come as the state works to construct a preschool system that can meet the needs of all kids in the year before kindergarten. The investment that Colorado voters have chosen to make in preschool access will likely pay dividends for years to come—not only for the children who enroll, but for the state as a whole. Decades of research have demonstrated preschool’s positive impact on kids’ lives and its significant return on investment to the economy.

BETWEEN 2008-2010 AND 2017-2019, THE PERCENT OF COLORADO 3- AND 4-YEAR-OLDS ENROLLED IN ANY TYPE OF PRESCHOOL SAW ONLY NEGLIGIBLE INCREASES.

PERCENT OF COLORADO 3- AND 4-YEAR-OLDS ENROLLED IN SCHOOL, 2008-2010 TO 2017-2019

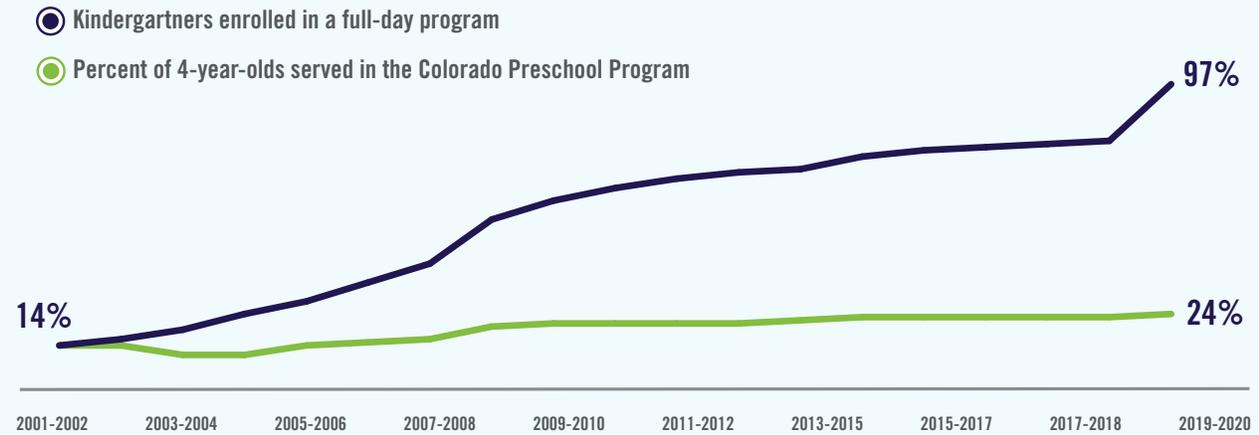


Source: Population Reference Bureau analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey.

EARLY CHILDHOOD LEARNING AND DEVELOPMENT

FULL-DAY KINDERGARTEN PARTICIPATION RATES IN COLORADO HAVE SKYROCKETED DURING THE PAST TWO DECADES. MEANWHILE, THE SHARE OF COLORADO 4-YEAR-OLDS ABLE TO BE SERVED BY OUR STATE-FUNDED PRESCHOOL PROGRAM HAS PLATEAUED.

PERCENT OF COLORADO KINDERGARTNERS IN A FULL-DAY PROGRAM AND PERCENT OF COLORADO 4-YEAR-OLDS SERVED IN THE COLORADO PRESCHOOL PROGRAM, 2001-2002 TO 2019-2020



Sources: Colorado Department of Education and the National Institute for Early Education Research (NIEER).

The Colorado Preschool Program, Colorado’s state-funded preschool program, yields impressive results for the young children who participate. Funding levels have limited the number of children who can be served by the program, however, and enrollment is restricted to children with certain risk factors known to impact school success. As of the 2019-2020 school year, only 24 percent of all 4-year-olds in Colorado were able to be served by CPP.¹⁰²

Despite recent increases in funding for CPP, the share of 4-year-olds able to enroll in the program has increased only minimally during the past two decades.¹⁰³ In contrast, increased investment in full-day kindergarten has propelled the percent of Colorado kids participating in a full-day program to historic highs.¹⁰⁴ The slow progress on preschool access points to the importance of bold investments like the 2020 ballot initiative that will provide funding for preschool instruction for every 4-year-old in the state.

Children served by early learning programs in Colorado:



23,474

3- and 4-year-old children served in the **Colorado Preschool Program** in 2019-2020¹⁰⁵

12,631

Children ages birth to 5 served in **Head Start, Early Head Start and Migrant Head Start** in 2019¹⁰⁶

QUICK FACTS

3.6%



Public PK-12 students enrolled in online schools (2020-2021)^a

23%



Students who were chronically absent (missed 10 percent or more of the days enrolled during the school year, 2019-2020)^{*a}

\$58,219



Average teacher salary (2020-2021)^a

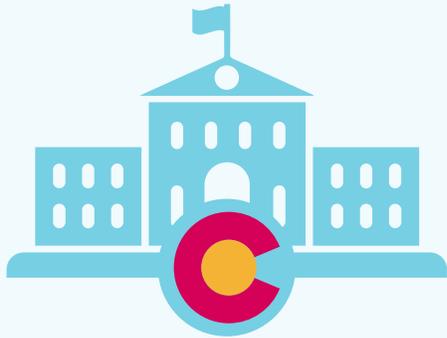
56%

Colorado high school graduates who enrolled in postsecondary education in the fall after high school graduation (2019)^b

Sources: ^aColorado Department of Education; ^bColorado Department of Higher Education.

^{*}Data represents attendance from the start of school to the beginning of remote learning due to COVID-19.

STUDENT DEMOGRAPHICS



883,199

students attended Colorado public schools in the 2020-2021 school year, **down 3 percent** from 2019-2020. The 2020-2021 school year marks the first time Colorado saw a decrease in student enrollment since **1988**.¹⁰⁷



In the 2020-2021 school year*:



40% of Colorado students qualified for **free or reduced-price lunch** because their family's income was at or below 185 percent of the federal poverty level



13% were identified as **English Language Learners**



12% received **special education services**



7% were identified as **gifted and talented**



1% were **immigrants**¹⁰⁸

**Data collected in fall 2020 during the pandemic when many schools had moved to remote or hybrid learning. Interpret data with caution.*



ONLINE EDUCATION PROGRAMS

During the 2020-2021 school year, enrollment in online education programs in Colorado rose steeply, likely in response to the pandemic’s impact on in-person learning in many communities. More than 32,000 PK-12 students were enrolled in an online program in the fall of 2020, up 43 percent from approximately 22,000 students in the fall of 2019.¹⁰⁹

On average, online schools in Colorado have historically failed to serve students as well as brick-and-mortar schools. The state’s 2019 Online Summary Report found that students in online schools score lower than those in non-online schools across all subjects and on all assessments, even though they serve similar populations of students.¹¹⁰ Given the dramatic increase in enrollment in online schools during the pandemic, monitoring their performance will be even more critical in the years ahead.

THE NUMBER OF COLORADO STUDENTS ENROLLED IN ONLINE SCHOOLS, WHICH TYPICALLY HAVE POORER OUTCOMES FOR STUDENTS THAN BRICK-AND-MORTAR SCHOOLS, JUMPED BY 43 PERCENT BETWEEN FALL 2019 AND FALL 2020.

NUMBER OF PUBLIC PK-12 STUDENTS IN COLORADO ENROLLED IN AN ONLINE SCHOOL, FALL 2019 AND FALL 2020

Source: Colorado Department of Education.



Fall 2019

Fall 2020

EDUCATION FUNDING

Despite increases in per-pupil funding in Colorado, our spending per student has failed to keep pace with the national average. In 2017 (the most recent year for which comparison data are available), the gap in per-pupil expenditures adjusted for regional cost differences between Colorado and the U.S. was \$3,033—nearly double the gap in 2008.¹¹¹

**BETWEEN 2008 AND 2017,
THE GAP IN PER PUPIL EXPENDITURES
(ADJUSTED FOR REGIONAL COST DIFFERENCES)
BETWEEN COLORADO AND THE NATIONAL
AVERAGE NEARLY DOUBLED.**

PER PUPIL EXPENDITURES ADJUSTED FOR REGIONAL COST DIFFERENCES, U.S. AND COLORADO, 2008 AND 2017

Source: National Center for Education Statistics.



A Note about Student Assessments

Due to the unprecedented pandemic-related disruptions to education in the spring of 2020, the state did not administer the Colorado Measures of Academic Success (CMAS) assessments in the 2019-2020 school year. CMAS assessments resumed on a modified basis during the 2020-2021 school year, with English Language Arts assessments administered to students in third, fifth and seventh grades, and Mathematics assessments administered to those in fourth, sixth and eighth grades. The Science assessment was administered to students in eighth grade only. Parents could opt their children out of assessments or choose to have them take both the English Language Arts and Mathematics assessments.

The National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) assessments in English Language Arts and Mathematics, which allow for comparisons between Colorado students and students across the country, were originally scheduled to be administered in spring 2021 but were postponed until spring 2022.

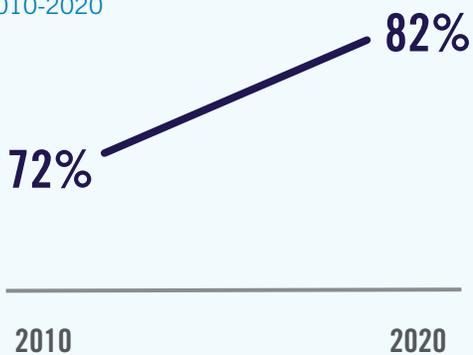
Measuring the impact of the pandemic on students' academic progress is a complex undertaking and will require more information than annual standardized assessments can provide, but the assessments administered to Colorado students during the spring of 2021 will hopefully begin to inform our state's understanding of how to address students' academic needs as our state emerges from the COVID-19 crisis.

GRADUATION RATES

In the midst of abrupt shifts to remote learning in the spring of 2020, Colorado’s on-time high school graduation rate increased to its highest rate in a decade. Since 2011 (when the existing racial and ethnic categories were implemented), graduation rates have increased for students of nearly all races and ethnicities, with students of color making the most significant progress.¹¹²

DURING THE PAST DECADE, COLORADO’S ON-TIME HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATION RATE IMPROVED BY 10 PERCENTAGE POINTS.

PERCENT OF COLORADO STUDENTS GRADUATING FROM HIGH SCHOOL WITHIN FOUR YEARS, 2010-2020

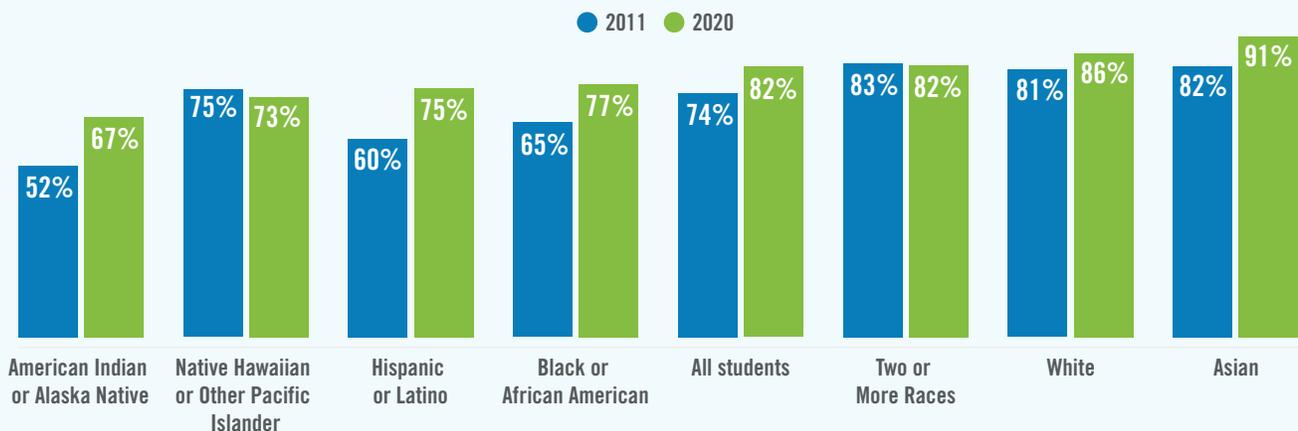


Source: Colorado Department of Education



AMERICAN INDIAN OR ALASKA NATIVE STUDENTS, HISPANIC OR LATINO STUDENTS, AND BLACK OR AFRICAN-AMERICAN STUDENTS HAVE MADE THE GREATEST GAINS IN GRADUATION RATES SINCE 2011, ALTHOUGH DISPARITIES REMAIN.

PERCENT OF COLORADO STUDENTS GRADUATING FROM HIGH SCHOOL WITHIN FOUR YEARS, BY RACE/ETHNICITY, 2011 AND 2020



Source: Colorado Department of Education

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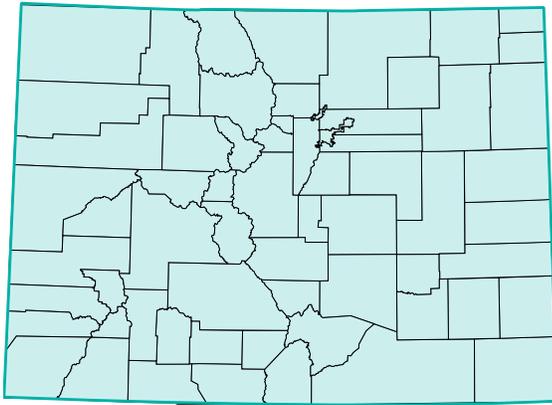
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2021 COUNTY DATA TABLES





STATE OF COLORADO



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported

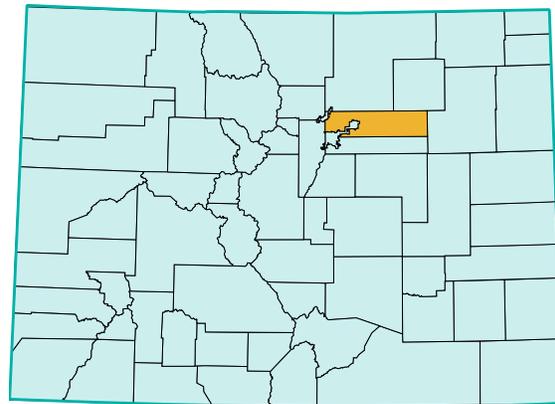
	COLORADO
POPULATION	
2019 Total Population	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES	
2019 Births to Single Women	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS	
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH	
2019 Live Births	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	7.3%
EDUCATION	
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

ADAMS COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	ADAMS	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	517,885	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	132,313	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	25.5%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	35,239	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	97,074	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	28.7%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	16.8%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	19.3	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	4.0%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	6.9	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	45.9%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	36.7%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	9.2%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$75,341	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	12.1%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	11.1%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	3.8%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	36.2%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	3,165	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	6,758	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	9.8%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	83.0%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	4.4%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	14.5	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	7.4	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	13.6	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	60.8	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	3.9	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	52.9	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	8.1%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	53.2%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	6.3%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	5.6%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	81,668	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	20.6%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	81.3%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



ALAMOSA COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

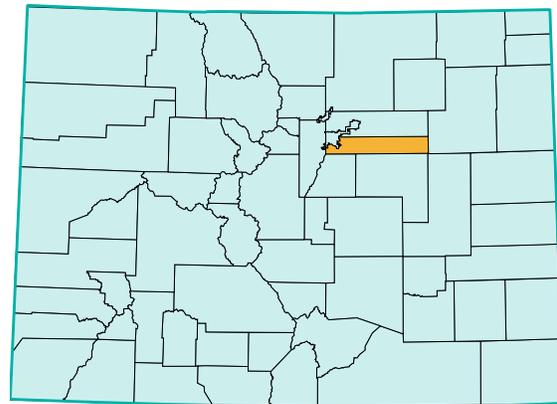
	ALAMOSA	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	16,181	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	4,121	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	25.5%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	1,015	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	3,106	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	27.2%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	14.7%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	18.0	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	4.8%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	34.7	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	70.8%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	62.9%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	7.9%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$38,213	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	24.9%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	23.8%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	10.9%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	64.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	165	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	193	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	15.0%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	89.6%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	7.8%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	24.2	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	8.6%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	61.5%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.2%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	4.4%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	2,416	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	90.1%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

ARAPAHOE COUNTY

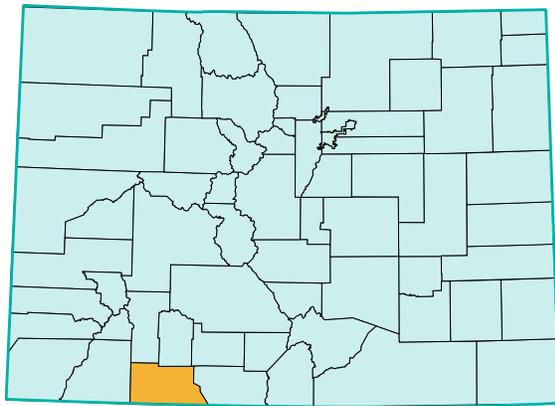


LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	ARAPAHOE	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	656,822	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	152,345	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	23.2%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	40,177	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	112,168	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	22.4%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	11.6%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	11.9	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	2.2%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	5.3	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	43.7%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	37.2%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	6.6%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$82,364	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	9.0%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	8.9%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	3.3%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	28.3%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	2,753	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	7,646	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	9.6%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	81.8%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	4.0%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	5.5	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	5.4	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	10.1	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	80.4	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	5.1	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	68.6	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	6.5%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	41.9%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	5.8%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	8.7%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	115,525	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	99.1%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	19.7%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	83.5%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



ARCHULETA COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

	ARCHULETA	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	14,002	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	2,540	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	18.1%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	628	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	1,912	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	23.2%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	7.5%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	3.2%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	5.1	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	51.4%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	42.9%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	8.5%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$57,604	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	20.1%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	19.6%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.3%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	38.7%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	17	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	95	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	9.5%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	67.0%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	8.8	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	10.3%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	58.2%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	9.5%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	5.9%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	1,599	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	97.9%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	4.4%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	92.4%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

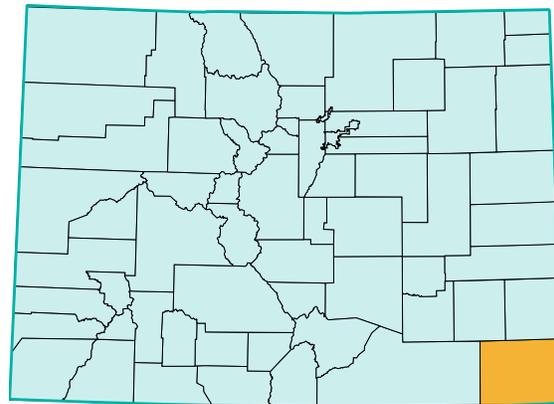
*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

BACA COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

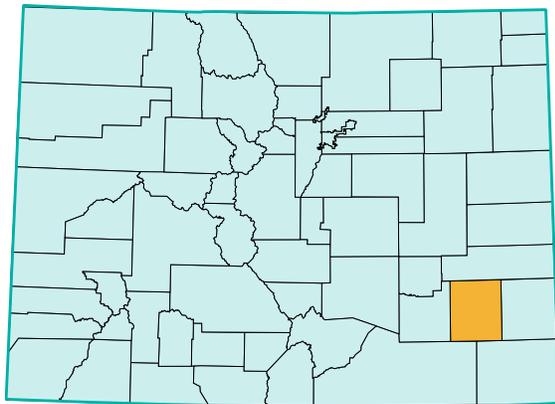
LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	BACA	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	3,556	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	765	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	21.5%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	201	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	564	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	17.6%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	11.8%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	9.2	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	54.2%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	39.7%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	14.5%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$38,945	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	28.7%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	26.6%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	13.2%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	51.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	0	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	51	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	6.1%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	54.0%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	17.6%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	9.4	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	10.6%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	73.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	13.8%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	5.1%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	766	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	90.9%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



BENT COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

	BENT	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	5,798	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	826	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	14.2%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	192	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	634	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	45.6%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	LNE	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	34.6	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	10.9	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	68.2%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	60.8%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	7.5%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$35,764	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	31.0%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	29.9%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	18.3%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	87.1%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	40	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	59	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	15.3%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	63.2%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	15.3%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	3.2	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	9.6%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	72.5%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	6.0%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	14.3%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	2,519	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	1.0%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	57.8%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

BOULDER COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	BOULDER	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	327,164	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	61,385	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	18.8%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	13,626	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	47,759	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	20.3%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	8.6%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	5.4	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	3.0%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	4.6	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	25.7%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	20.7%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	5.0%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$88,341	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	8.1%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	7.0%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	2.4%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	24.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	779	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	2,477	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.1%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	83.1%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	6.3%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	4.4	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	4.8	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	6.5	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	35.4	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	23.6	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	5.0%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	28.4%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	5.4%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	6.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	60,552	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	99.5%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	10.0%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	89.6%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



BROOMFIELD COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported

	BROOMFIELD	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	70,762	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	15,467	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	21.9%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	3,621	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	11,846	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	15.5%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	4.1%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	6.5	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	1.4%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	2.0	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	N/A	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	N/A	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	N/A	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$106,892	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	4.6%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	3.8%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	1.3%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	11.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	N/A	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	671	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	7.9%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	86.6%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	3.0%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	4.7	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	8.9	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	4.3%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	19.9%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	3.6%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	13.3%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	N/A	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	N/A	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	N/A	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	N/A	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

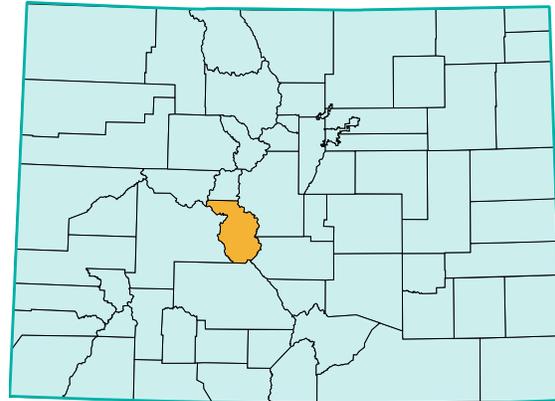
*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

CHAFFEE COUNTY



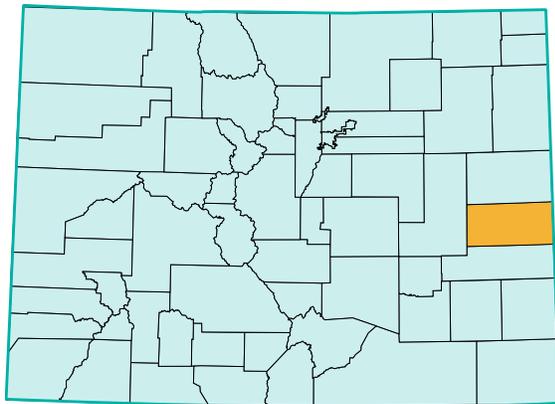
KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	CHAFFEE	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	20,361	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	3,284	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	16.1%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	780	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	2,504	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	16.9%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	4.2%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	9.1	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	32.5%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	25.9%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	6.5%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$60,331	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	13.1%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	11.4%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.1%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	14.1%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	62	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	142	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	9.2%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	80.7%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	9.2%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	0.3	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	11.5%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	36.4%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.9%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	8.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	2,206	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	2.3%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	83.0%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



CHEYENNE COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

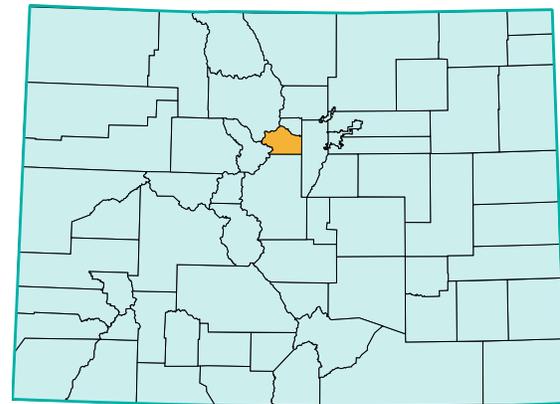
	CHEYENNE	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	1,825	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	445	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	24.4%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	100	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	345	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	LNE	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	LNE	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	2.2	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	38.9%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	NR	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	NR	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$52,337	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	20.6%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	19.8%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	33.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	5	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	11	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	LNE	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	81.8%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	6.5	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	8.0%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	47.2%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	13.7%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	11.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	270	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	85.7%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

CLEAR CREEK COUNTY



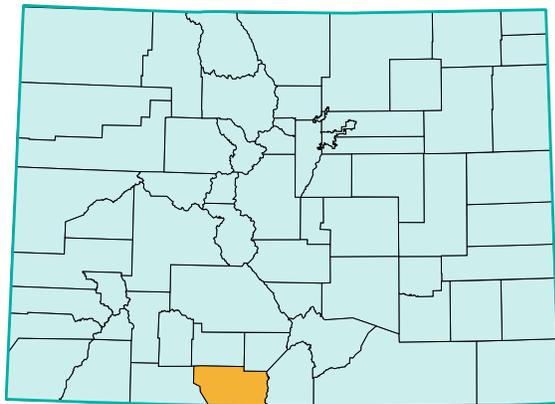
LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	CLEAR CREEK	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	9,740	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	1,715	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	17.6%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	409	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	1,306	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	11.9%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	6.0%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	12.2	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	21.1%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	19.2%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	1.9%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$79,900	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	9.7%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	8.8%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	13.5%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	36	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	67	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	6.0%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	88.9%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	7.5%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	3.6	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	5.1%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	24.7%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	6.2%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	1.6%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	682	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	87.8%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

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COUNTY DATA



CONEJOS COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

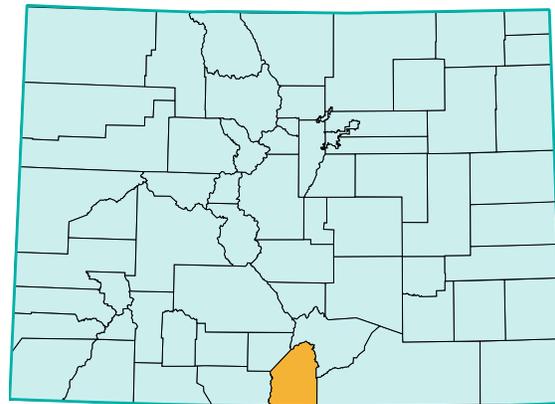
	CONEJOS	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	8,161	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	2,093	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	25.6%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	504	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	1,589	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	25.3%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	19.0%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	10.7	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	11.0	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	52.7%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	42.3%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	10.4%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$40,944	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	26.2%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	25.1%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	6.9%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	42.4%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	19	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	84	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	9.5%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	70.2%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	9.5%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	10.3	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	10.7%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	60.2%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.1%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	4.7%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	1,505	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	1.1%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	89.6%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COSTILLA COUNTY

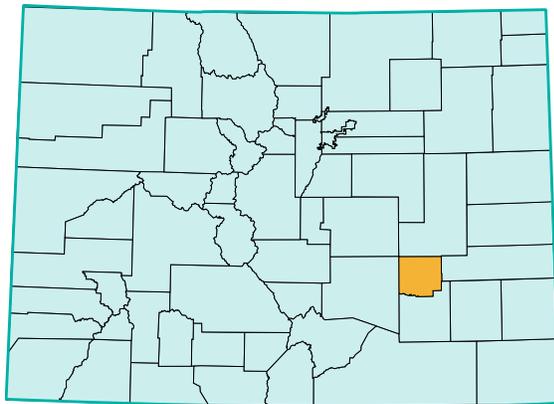


LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	COSTILLA	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	3,872	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	748	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	19.3%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	179	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	569	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	37.8%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	8.1%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	45.5	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	86.8%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	83.7%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	3.1%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$34,731	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	38.9%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	36.6%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	13.8%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	65.7%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	24	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	37	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	18.9%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	70.6%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	16.2%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	22.0	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	6.6%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	87.4%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	8.2%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	4.4%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	485	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	4.1%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	86.2%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



CROWLEY COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported

	CROWLEY	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	6,032	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	768	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	12.7%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	180	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	588	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	23.3%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	16.7%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	26.0	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	59.0%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	52.7%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	6.3%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$38,224	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	30.3%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	27.2%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	14.8%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	66.2%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	0	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	30	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	LNE	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	73.3%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	10.0%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	4.9	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	6.2%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	67.7%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.2%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	15.9%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	395	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	88.5%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

CUSTER COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

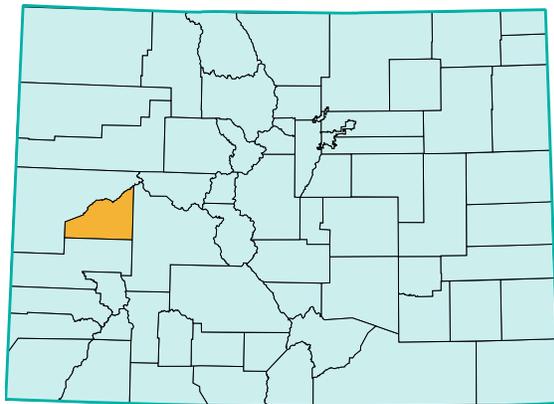
LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	CUSTER	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	5,059	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	729	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	14.4%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	170	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	559	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	15.0%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	23.1%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	42.5	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	49.9%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	40.8%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	9.0%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$57,381	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	25.2%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	25.0%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	6.8%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	26.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	0	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	40	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	15.4%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	64.1%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	7.5%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	23.5	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	8.5%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	43.6%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	10.9%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	9.0%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	343	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	95.7%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



DELTA COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

	DELTA	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	31,173	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	5,985	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	19.2%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	1,411	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	4,574	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	23.3%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	11.4%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	14.9	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	1.8%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	16.5	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	57.6%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	46.1%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	11.5%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$51,525	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	21.1%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	18.3%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.5%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	38.4%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	233	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	276	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	13.1%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	77.8%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	15.3%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	17.8	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	11.5%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	65.4%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.3%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	13.4%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	4,793	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	5.4%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	83.0%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

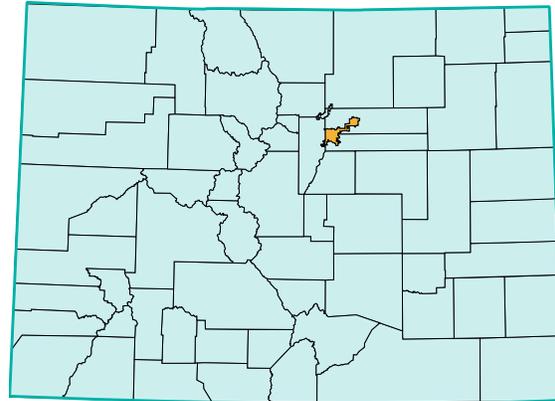
DENVER COUNTY



**COLORADO
CHILDREN'S
CAMPAIGN**

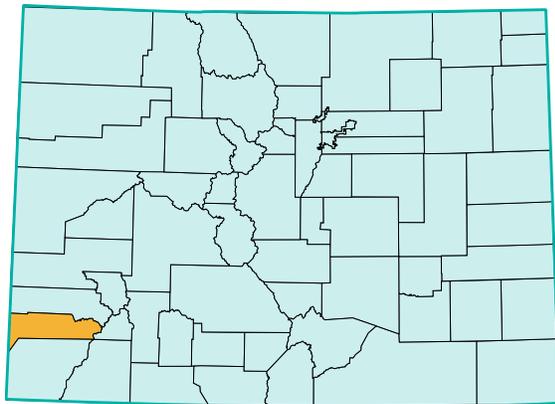
KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	DENVER	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	729,239	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	139,181	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	19.1%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	42,766	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	96,415	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	24.3%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	13.5%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	19.0	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	3.0%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	7.8	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	62.0%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	53.3%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	8.7%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$75,456	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	15.6%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	15.6%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	6.3%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	31.3%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	2,124	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	8,688	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	10.1%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	83.8%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	3.4%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	14.1	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	4.8	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	10.1	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	56.9	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	4.6	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	42.7	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	6.9%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	55.2%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	5.3%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	5.7%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	89,061	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	30.8%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	74.6%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



DOLORES COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported

	DOLORES	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	2,037	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	398	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	19.5%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	74	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	324	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	20.0%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	20.0%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	7.5	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	45.9%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	38.1%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	7.8%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$50,232	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	15.4%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	13.7%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	35.4%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	4	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	15	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	40.0%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	46.7%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	20.0%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	7.0	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	8.6%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	54.0%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.7%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	6.3%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	231	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	92.3%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

DOUGLAS COUNTY



**COLORADO
CHILDREN'S
CAMPAIGN**

KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	DOUGLAS	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	351,528	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	81,976	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	23.3%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	18,049	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	63,927	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	10.1%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	2.2%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	3.3	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	0.5%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	2.6	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	10.8%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	8.8%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	2.0%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$123,697	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	2.4%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	2.2%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	0.5%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	8.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	628	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	3,492	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.9%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	89.8%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	2.1%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	4.9	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	2	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	8.2	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	32.3	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	18	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	2.9%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	15.1%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	3.1%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	6.3%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	62,979	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	97.0%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	4.8%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	91.2%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



EAGLE COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

	EAGLE	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	55,070	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	11,356	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	20.6%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	2,927	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	8,429	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	17.3%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	14.8%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	15.9	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	2.6%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	0.7	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	36.1%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	27.0%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	9.2%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$89,268	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	8.2%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	6.5%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	1.4%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	29.5%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	63	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	537	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.4%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	79.4%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	1.1%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	4.3	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	89.2	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	9.4%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	29.4%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	10.3%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	3.8%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	6,699	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	30.0%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	84.8%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

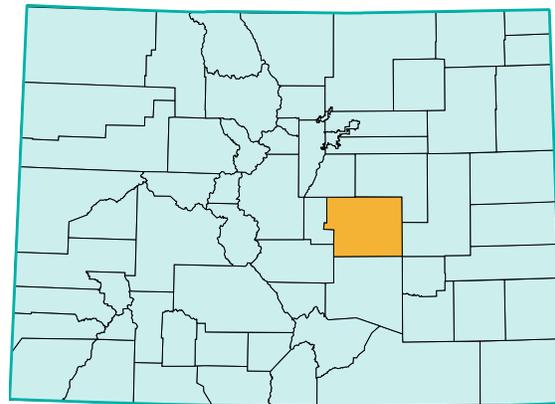
EL PASO COUNTY



**COLORADO
CHILDREN'S
CAMPAIGN**

KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

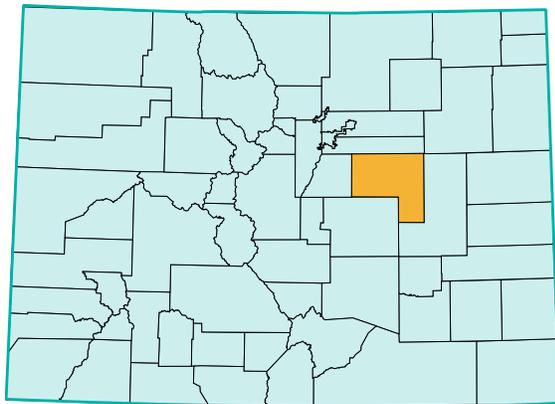
LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	EL PASO	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	722,493	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	173,474	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	24.0%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	46,380	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	127,094	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	24.5%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	7.5%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	17.0	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	2.9%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	8.2	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	37.3%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	31.1%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	6.1%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$72,675	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	10.4%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	10.2%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.9%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	32.6%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	1,981	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	9,040	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	10.2%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	82.0%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	3.9%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	14.9	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	5.2	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	13.4	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	72.4	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	5.2	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	55.2	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	4.9%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	42.5%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	5.2%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	5.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	118,023	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	94.9%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	5.2%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	75.2%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



ELBERT COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

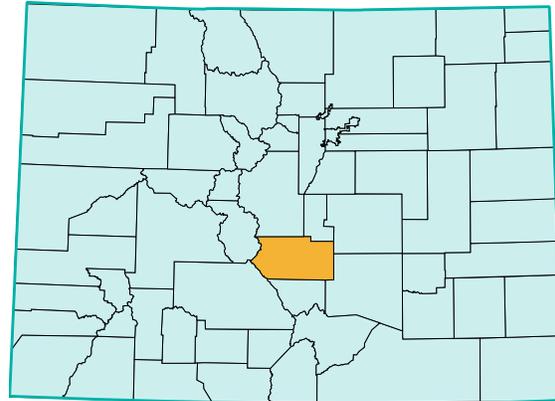
	ELBERT	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	26,686	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	5,297	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	19.8%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	1,269	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	4,028	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	14.6%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	4.6%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	9.3	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	1.3%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	1.9	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	23.6%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	18.5%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	5.1%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$101,733	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	7.1%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	6.2%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	1.7%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	9.6%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	26	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	239	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.4%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	83.9%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	4.2%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	4.2	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	4.9%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	25.5%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	6.6%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	11.8%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	3,110	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	1.5%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	87.1%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

FREMONT COUNTY

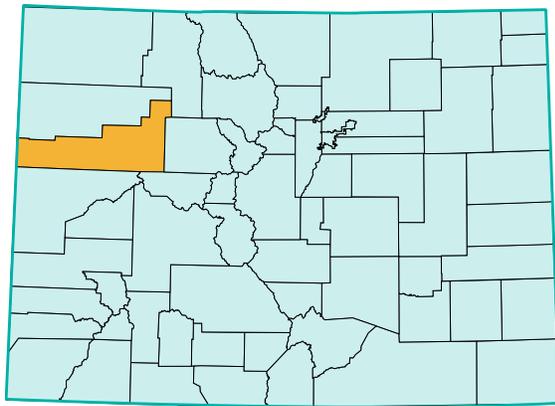


LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	FREMONT	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	47,645	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	7,790	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	16.4%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	1,986	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	5,804	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	34.3%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	12.0%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	28.6	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	5.0%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	19.0	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	52.6%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	44.6%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	8.1%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$52,239	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	20.9%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	18.5%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	8.6%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	47.6%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	172	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	405	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.4%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	78.8%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	16.1%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	5.8	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	49.9	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	176.5	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	176.5	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	8.2%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	62.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	5.5%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	7.0%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	4,830	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	87.5%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



GARFIELD COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

	GARFIELD	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	60,168	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	14,176	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	23.6%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	3,858	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	10,318	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	23.4%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	18.3%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	20.1	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	4.7%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	5.3	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	40.4%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	32.8%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	7.6%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$73,788	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	11.9%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	10.7%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	2.4%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	29.1%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	236	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	753	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	9.8%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	76.3%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	7.0%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	7.6	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	5.3	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	76.5	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	76.5	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	12.5%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	46.2%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	9.5%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	16.4%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	10,977	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	99.4%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	27.1%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	87.4%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

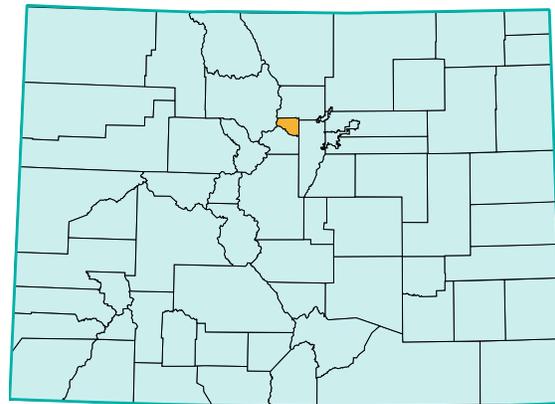
*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

GILPIN COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

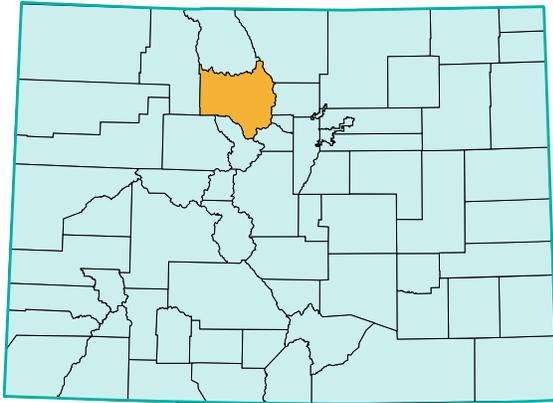
LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	GILPIN	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	6,215	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	1,107	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	17.8%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	210	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	897	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	36.1%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	LNE	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	5.4	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	24.0%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	23.1%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	0.9%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$74,806	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	8.5%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	5.7%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	3.1%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	12.7%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	1	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	36	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	11.1%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	83.3%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	4.5	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	5.6%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	32.0%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	4.6%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	1.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	429	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	83.8%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



GRAND COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

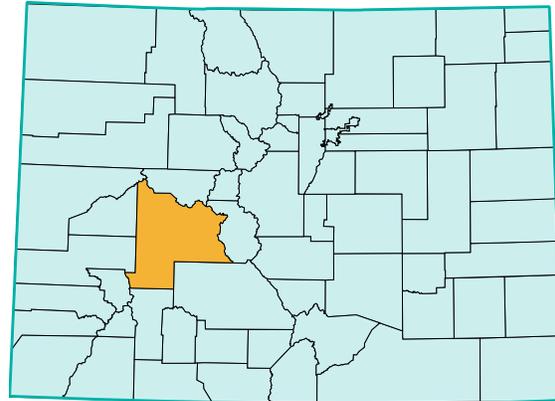
	GRAND	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	15,718	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	2,954	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	18.8%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	662	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	2,292	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	20.5%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	7.9%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	6.5	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	2.4%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	2.4	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	27.1%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	20.2%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	6.9%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$71,029	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	9.5%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	8.5%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	1.4%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	20.7%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	63	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	128	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	11.8%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	83.5%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	8.7%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	NR	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	7.2%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	25.6%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	8.5%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	5.0%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	1,670	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	8.3%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	87.6%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

GUNNISON COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	GUNNISON	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	17,495	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	3,307	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	18.9%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	766	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	2,541	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	12.3%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	8.7%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	5.5	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	2.4	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	20.9%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	18.5%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	2.4%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$60,408	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	10.1%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	8.8%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	3.5%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	21.8%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	16	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	138	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.0%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	89.7%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	8.0%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	7.4	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	8.4%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	30.8%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	6.9%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	7.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	2,074	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	7.9%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	94.2%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



HINSDALE COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported

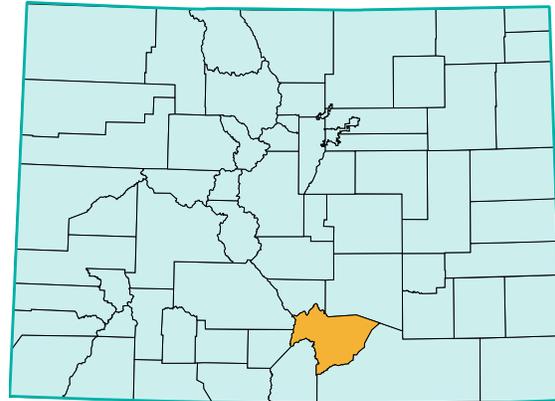
	HINSDALE	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	819	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	140	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	17.1%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	18	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	122	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	LNE	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	LNE	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	7.1	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	33.8%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	21.5%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	12.3%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$61,391	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	19.1%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	17.4%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	29.4%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	0	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	5	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	LNE	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	100.0%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	6.7	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	NR	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	41.5%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	11.0%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	9.9%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	65	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	100.0%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

HUERFANO COUNTY

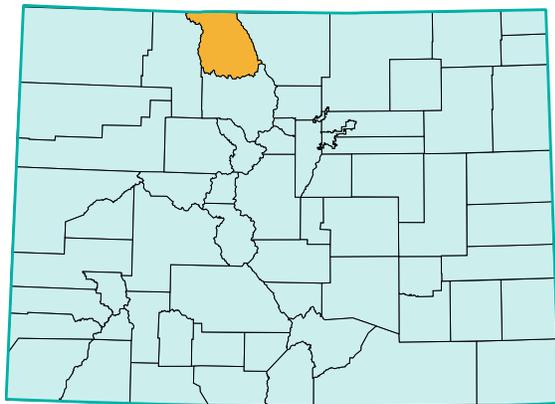


LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	HUERFANO	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	6,854	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	1,131	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	16.5%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	265	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	866	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	30.0%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	12.8%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	33.6	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	69.4%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	64.7%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	4.7%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$39,955	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	35.4%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	31.8%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	18.0%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	50.8%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	9	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	40	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	7.5%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	65.8%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	8.2	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	7.3%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	85.1%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	5.3%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	5.5%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	748	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	88.6%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



JACKSON COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

	JACKSON	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	1,383	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	261	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	18.9%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	61	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	200	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	LNE	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	LNE	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	NR	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	43.7%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	31.6%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	12.0%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$53,577	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	18.5%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	18.3%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	26.8%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	4	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	12	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	25.0%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	75.0%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	NR	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	13.9%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	42.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	11.9%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	3.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	158	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	88.9%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

JEFFERSON COUNTY



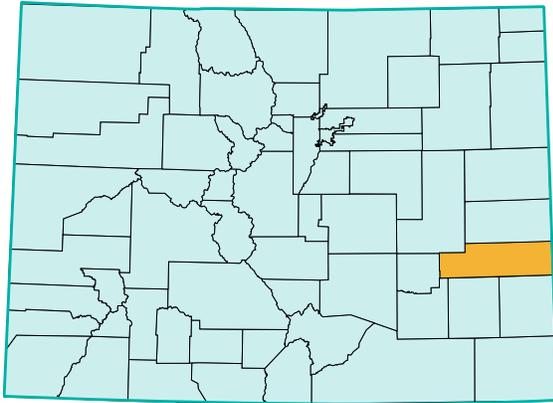
LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	JEFFERSON	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	583,081	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	115,694	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	19.8%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	29,690	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	86,004	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	19.1%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	6.2%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	7.2	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	2.0%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	6.6	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	30.5%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	24.8%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	5.8%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$89,696	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	9.0%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	8.7%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	2.7%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	17.2%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	2,381	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	5,654	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.7%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	86.3%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	4.9%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	6.3	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	3.4	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	12.4	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	57.9	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	5.6	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	43.4	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	4.5%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	30.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	5.1%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	13.6%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	80,088	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	97.9%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	6.8%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	84.8%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



KIOWA COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

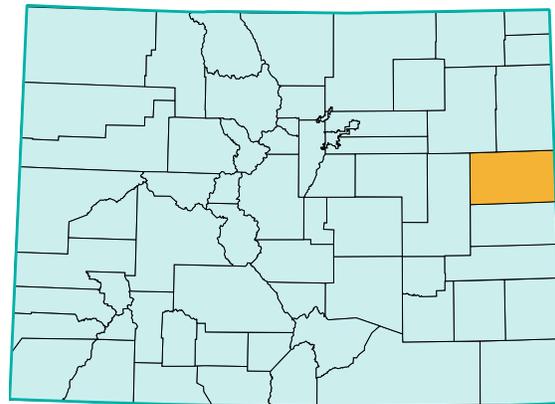
	KIOWA	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	1,395	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	298	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	21.4%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	83	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	215	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	LNE	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	LNE	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	40.3	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	54.1%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	42.9%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	11.2%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$46,901	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	17.6%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	17.7%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	43.8%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	0	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	17	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	LNE	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	70.6%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	23.4	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	NR	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	67.0%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	9.2%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	9.8%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	259	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	88.9%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

KIT CARSON COUNTY

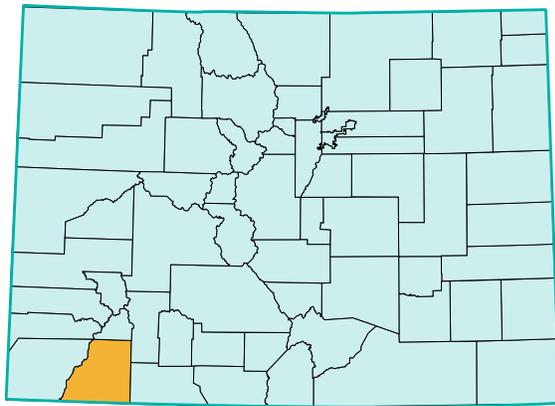


LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	KIT CARSON	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	7,128	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	1,672	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	23.5%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	473	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	1,199	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	32.0%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	14.6%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	44.5	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	8.7%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	11.4	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	56.2%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	42.5%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	13.7%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$42,951	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	20.0%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	19.3%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	5.2%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	50.2%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	33	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	103	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	5.8%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	86.2%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	5.0%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	18.4	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	11.1%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	60.9%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	10.4%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	11.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	1,381	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	15.1%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	86.7%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



LA PLATA COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

	LA PLATA	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	56,272	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	10,961	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	19.5%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	2,411	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	8,550	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	26.1%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	7.8%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	5.6	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	2.7%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	4.6	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	32.9%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	28.3%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	4.6%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$77,829	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	14.2%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	13.3%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.3%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	30.3%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	112	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	450	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.2%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	73.9%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	3.1%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	1.9	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	6.7	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	35.7	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	7.9%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	40.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.6%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	7.4%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	8,904	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	99.9%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	3.4%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	81.3%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

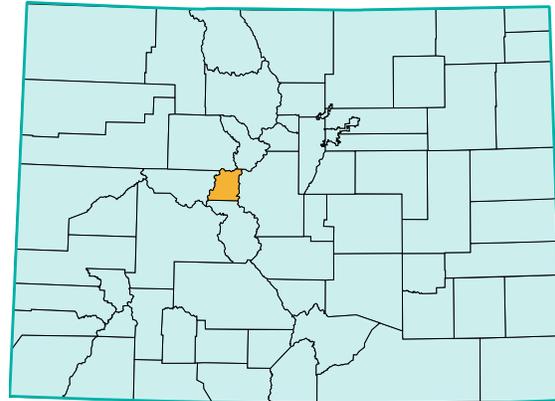
*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

LAKE COUNTY



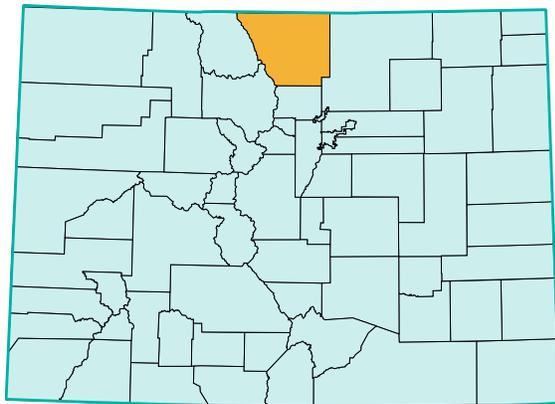
KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	LAKE	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	8,081	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	1,892	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	23.4%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	452	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	1,440	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	23.0%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	9.2%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	14.5	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	2.1	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	55.1%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	40.3%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	14.8%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$56,850	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	18.1%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	17.4%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.0%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	27.4%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	19	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	87	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	17.2%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	70.6%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	9.2%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	2.2	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	10.2%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	36.8%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.6%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	7.0%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	998	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	29.9%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	89.7%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



LARIMER COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

	LARIMER	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	356,938	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	72,805	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	20.4%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	18,028	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	54,777	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	21.4%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	6.5%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	7.4	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	2.1%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	5.3	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	26.6%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	22.6%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	4.0%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$75,332	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	8.5%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	8.1%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	3.5%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	19.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	2,205	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	3,153	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.6%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	85.0%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	6.3%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	4.1	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	3.8	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	14.1	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	24.9	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	8.8	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	20.7	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	5.9%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	32.6%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	4.6%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	3.6%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	45,404	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	94.3%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	5.1%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	83.8%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

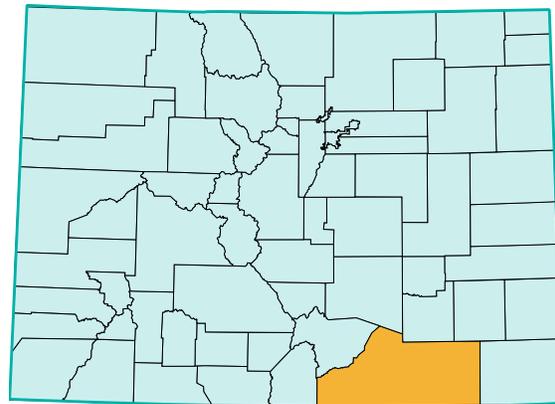
LAS ANIMAS COUNTY



**COLORADO
CHILDREN'S
CAMPAIGN**

KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

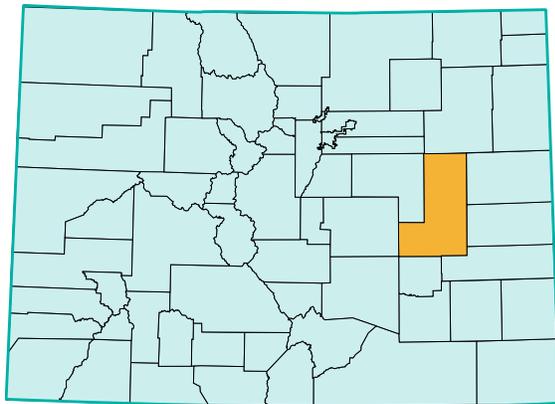
LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	LAS ANIMAS	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	14,493	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	2,772	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	19.1%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	675	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	2,097	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	47.4%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	16.8%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	25.9	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	11.5%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	19.1	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	55.6%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	48.2%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	7.3%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$43,452	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	24.9%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	24.0%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	11.7%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	53.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	9	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	116	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	10.3%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	57.3%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	12.4%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	19.8	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	7.5%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	70.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.4%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	6.0%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	2,063	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	1.8%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	91.0%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



LINCOLN COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

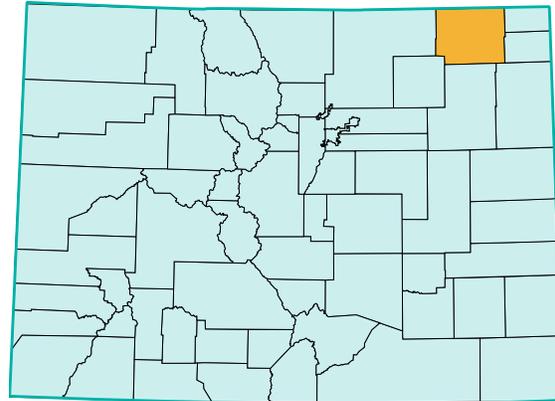
	LINCOLN	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	5,692	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	1,144	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	20.1%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	316	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	828	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	26.6%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	10.9%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	22.5	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	25.3	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	46.1%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	36.4%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	9.7%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$43,077	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	21.0%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	21.2%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	37.5%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	25	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	64	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	6.3%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	73.5%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	5.1%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	4.6	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	6.0%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	55.5%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	9.3%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	12.7%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	703	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	94.3%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

LOGAN COUNTY



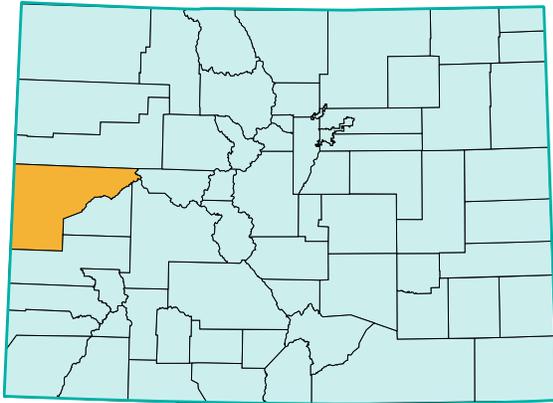
LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	LOGAN	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	21,914	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	4,147	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	18.9%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	1,097	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	3,050	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	25.0%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	10.7%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	13.9	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	5.4%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	30.4	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	43.4%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	33.5%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	9.9%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$58,429	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	16.3%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	17.1%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.9%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	40.2%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	69	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	225	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	4.9%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	85.1%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	13.4%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	31.6	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	8.4%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	48.4%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.3%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	15.7%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	2,760	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	4.0%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	86.1%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



MESA COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

	MESA	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	154,933	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	33,866	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	21.9%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	8,443	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	25,423	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	30.7%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	12.3%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	19.2	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	4.2%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	15.1	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	51.5%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	NR	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	NR	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$60,249	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	14.3%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	12.5%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	5.1%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	39.3%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	694	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	1,579	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.6%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	79.6%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	11.4%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	15.3	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	3.8	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	22.7	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	65.3	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	11.4	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	56.0	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	8.6%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	50.8%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	6.4%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	11.1%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	21,608	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	98.1%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	3.1%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	76.8%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

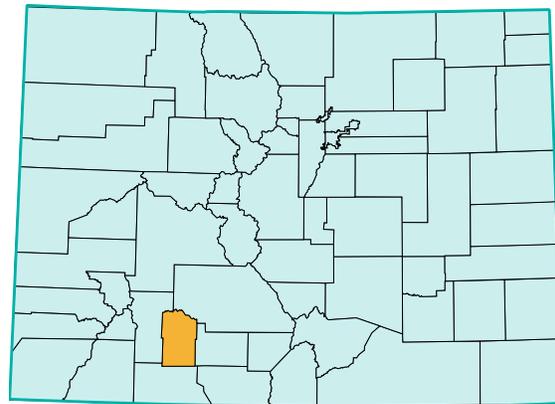
*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

MINERAL COUNTY



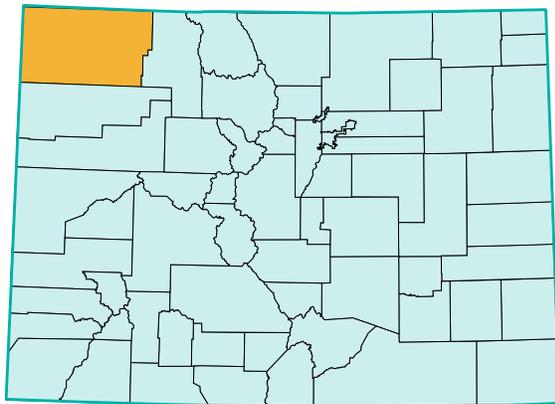
KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	MINERAL	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	764	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	117	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	15.3%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	31	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	86	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	LNE	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	LNE	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	NR	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	43.2%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	35.8%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	7.4%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$63,015	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	16.0%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	16.2%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	6.5%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	8	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	6	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	LNE	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	80.0%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	NR	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	NR	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	41.0%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	11.2%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	4.0%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	81	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	100.0%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



MOFFAT COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

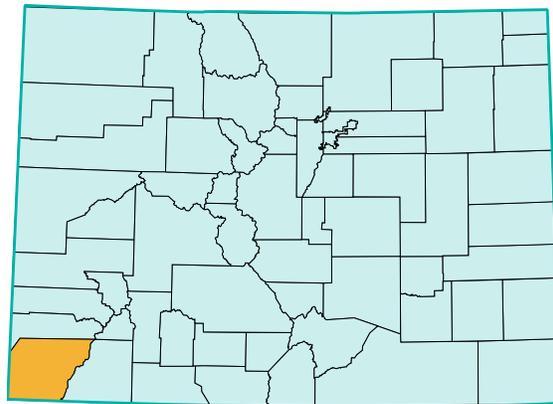
	MOFFAT	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	13,252	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	3,403	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	25.7%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	879	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	2,524	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	28.7%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	14.9%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	14.0	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	3.4%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	7.6	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	48.4%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	36.7%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	11.7%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$63,232	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	14.5%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	12.0%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.8%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	43.9%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	3	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	151	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	6.6%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	85.6%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	13.3%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	1.7	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	9.6%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	47.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	6.8%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	17.8%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	2,068	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	9.1%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	71.3%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

MONTEZUMA COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	MONTEZUMA	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	26,160	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	5,803	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	22.2%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	1,448	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	4,355	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	42.4%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	13.3%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	19.5	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	6.2%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	5.3	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	52.4%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	47.4%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	5.0%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$52,641	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	24.6%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	21.5%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.4%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	44.7%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	101	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	245	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	5.7%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	67.2%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	12.7%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	18.9	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	9.6%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	63.2%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	8.8%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	5.0%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	3,741	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	97.4%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	84.0%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



MONTROSE COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported

	MONTROSE	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	42,765	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	9,241	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	21.6%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	2,152	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	7,089	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	23.3%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	17.3%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	18.0	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	5.3%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	12.8	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	54.9%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	46.1%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	8.7%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$50,707	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	18.5%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	17.8%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	2.9%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	58.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	258	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	400	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	7.0%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	80.2%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	8.3%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	18.2	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	168.0	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	168.0	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	13.7%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	53.4%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	8.6%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	13.0%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	6,102	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	77.8%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

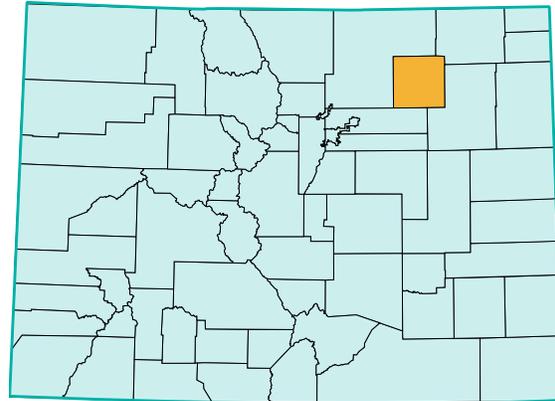
*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

MORGAN COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

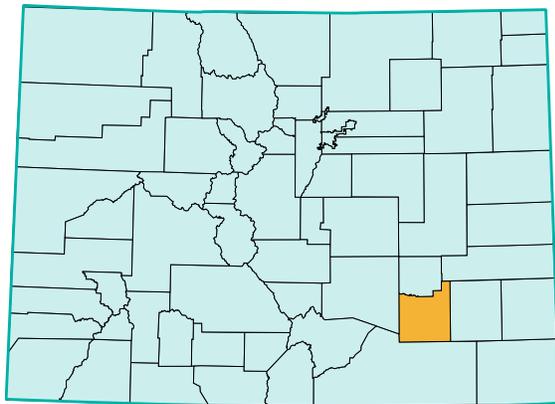
LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	MORGAN	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	28,984	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	7,671	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	26.5%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	2,157	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	5,514	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	26.8%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	21.2%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	31.8	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	5.6%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	8.7	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	49.2%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	41.0%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	8.2%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$57,535	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	15.0%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	14.3%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.9%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	44.8%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	499	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	420	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	10.0%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	75.4%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	7.7%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	13.7	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	9.6%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	54.5%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	9.6%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	10.1%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	5,625	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	81.2%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



OTERO COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

	OTERO	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	18,281	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	4,389	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	24.0%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	1,104	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	3,285	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	42.9%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	16.7%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	36.2	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	8.6%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	20.3	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	70.9%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	61.2%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	9.6%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$43,723	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	33.6%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	33.3%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	8.0%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	64.1%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	39	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	224	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	9.5%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	74.3%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	10.7%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	6.1	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	13.4	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	87.4	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	259.0	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	8.8%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	70.9%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.1%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	4.5%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	3,164	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	3.8%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	90.1%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

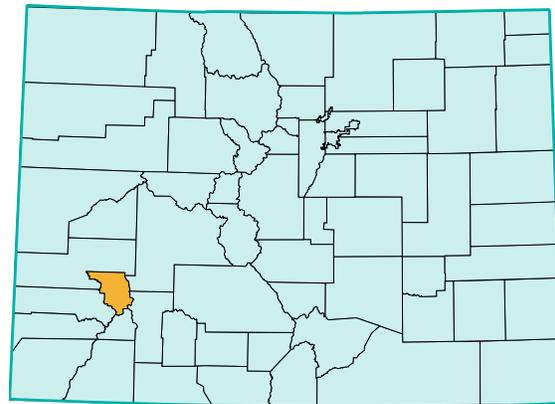
*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

OURAY COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

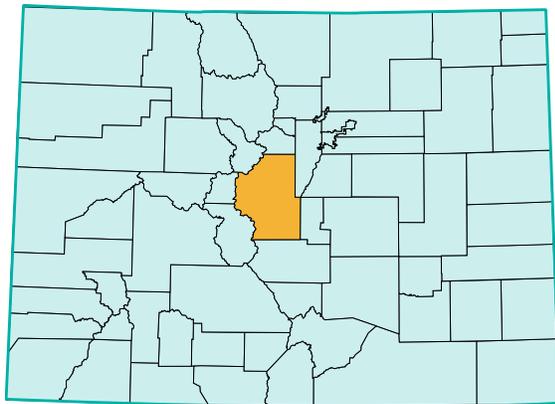
LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	OURAY	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	4,934	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	801	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	16.2%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	158	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	643	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	26.9%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	14.8%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	1.2	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	23.2%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	19.0%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	4.2%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$72,836	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	9.7%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	8.5%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	16.6%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	2	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	27	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	11.1%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	63.0%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	7.5	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	9.8%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	28.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.7%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	22.0%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	521	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	4.4%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	97.4%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



PARK COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

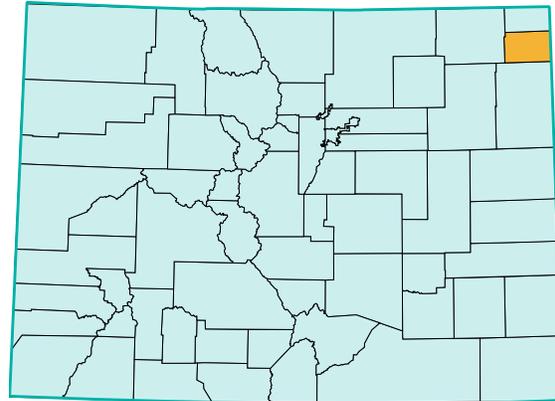
	PARK	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	18,844	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	3,217	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	17.1%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	738	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	2,479	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	23.4%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	6.3%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	2.4%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	5.0	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	29.6%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	23.9%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	5.7%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$77,221	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	13.0%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	11.9%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	2.8%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	19.4%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	11	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	128	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	12.0%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	79.8%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	11.0%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	14.6	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	5.5%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	31.8%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.7%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	10.3%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	1,378	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	75.3%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

PHILLIPS COUNTY



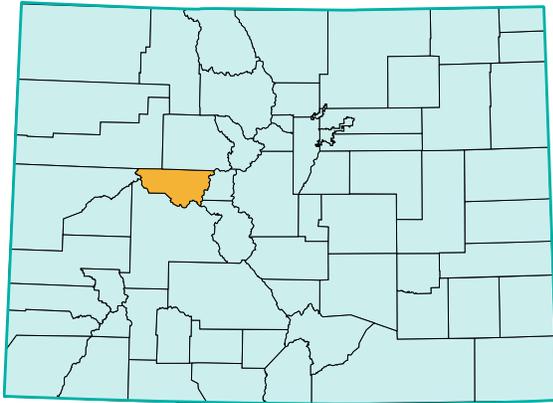
LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	PHILLIPS	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	4,278	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	1,016	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	23.7%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	272	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	744	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	22.9%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	10.4%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	2.0	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	50.4%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	38.2%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	12.2%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$53,432	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	14.8%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	14.2%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.0%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	48.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	6	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	49	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	LNE	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	62.5%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	10.2%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	6.7	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	12.9%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	47.7%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	10.9%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	11.9%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	924	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	86.4%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



PITKIN COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

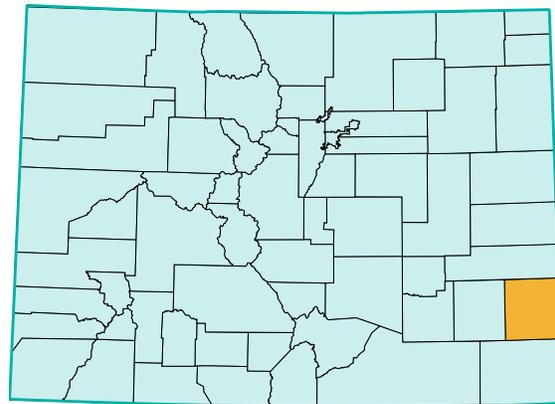
	PITKIN	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	17,756	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	2,509	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	14.1%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	653	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	1,856	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	17.9%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	7.2%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	9.5	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	1.2	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	3.2%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	2.3%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	0.9%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$92,820	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	5.8%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	5.4%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	4.1%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	0	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	141	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	9.9%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	81.0%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	2.6	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	5.6%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	18.7%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	10.1%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	6.7%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	1,594	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	5.3%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	96.5%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

PROWERS COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	PROWERS	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	12,122	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	3,197	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	26.4%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	848	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	2,349	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	33.1%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	15.1%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	25.2	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	5.9%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	8.8	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	57.7%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	49.3%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	8.4%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$47,051	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	25.5%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	24.5%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	10.7%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	56.2%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	72	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	155	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	15.0%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	71.1%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	11.0%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	5.0	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	12.2%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	66.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.8%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	4.3%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	2,269	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	93.2%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA



PUEBLO COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

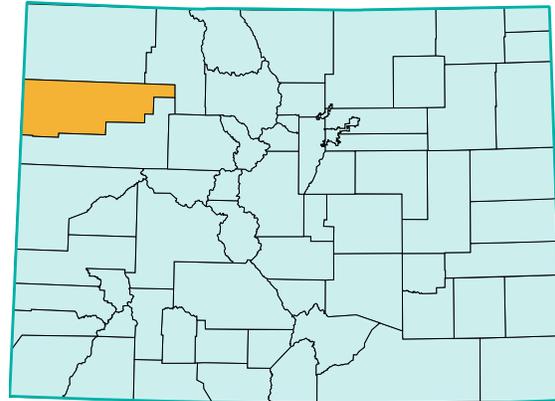
	PUEBLO	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	168,110	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	37,056	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	22.0%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	9,204	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	27,852	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	46.4%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	13.2%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	20.9	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	5.5%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	12.0	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	63.5%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	56.4%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	7.1%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$51,075	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	24.1%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	23.9%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	11.8%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	49.3%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	497	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	1,805	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	10.4%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	72.9%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	11.0%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	4.7	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	6.1	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	10.6	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	50.4	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	42.0	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	5.9%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	67.2%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	4.2%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	3.4%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	25,525	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	4.3%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	86.7%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

RIO BLANCO COUNTY



NE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	RIO BLANCO	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	6,307	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	1,476	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	23.4%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	352	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	1,124	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	28.6%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	10.7%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	16.1	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	5.4%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	12.9	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	34.8%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	30.3%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	4.5%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$65,960	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	12.8%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	11.3%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	4.5%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	35.7%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	30	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	56	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	12.5%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	63.0%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	8.9%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	19.1	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	6.9%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	42.0%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.9%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	21.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	1,174	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	94.4%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



RIO GRANDE COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported

	RIO GRANDE	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	11,238	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	2,669	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	23.7%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	649	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	2,020	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	28.9%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	13.3%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	25.6	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	3.3%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	19.5	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	57.1%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	48.9%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	8.2%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$48,496	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	21.8%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	21.2%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	6.3%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	44.8%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	33	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	121	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	12.4%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	71.7%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	6.7%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	17.7	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	9.4%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	62.9%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	8.2%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	5.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	1,876	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	5.1%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	80.7%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

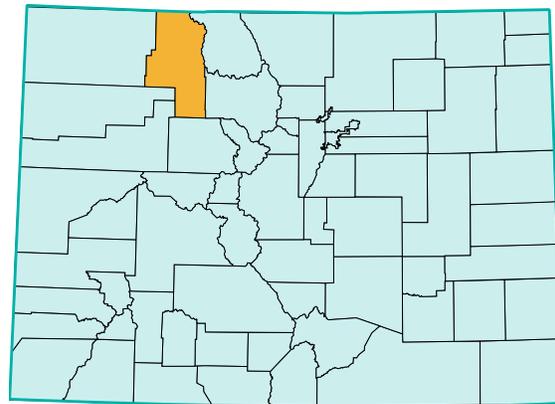
ROUTT COUNTY



**COLORADO
CHILDREN'S
CAMPAIGN**

KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	ROUTT	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	25,652	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	5,120	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	20.0%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	1,190	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	3,930	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	13.7%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	4.2%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	3.9	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	1.2	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	18.4%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	14.0%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	4.4%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$87,691	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	6.5%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	6.6%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	1.5%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	12.4%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	7	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	212	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	11.3%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	85.7%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	1.9%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	3.9	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	6.5%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	22.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.1%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	27.5%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	3,258	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	6.9%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	93.1%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



SAGUACHE COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported

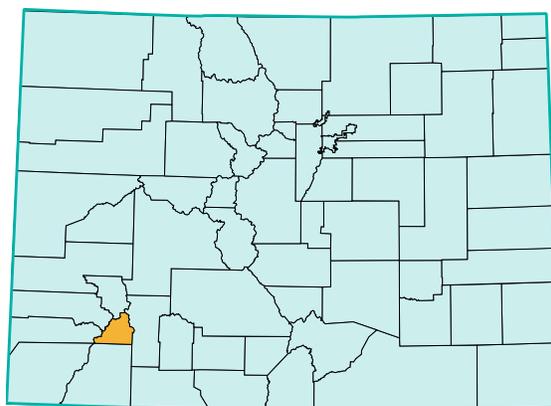
	SAGUACHE	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	6,824	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	1,514	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	22.2%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	373	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	1,141	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	25.0%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	17.4%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	15.3	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	11.2	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	82.6%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	73.1%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	9.5%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$37,004	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	38.8%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	34.3%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	6.6%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	44.1%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	242	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	48	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	LNE	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	76.6%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	8.3%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	13.9	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	9.4%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	60.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	11.3%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	5.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	995	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	23.5%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	78.9%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

SAN JUAN COUNTY

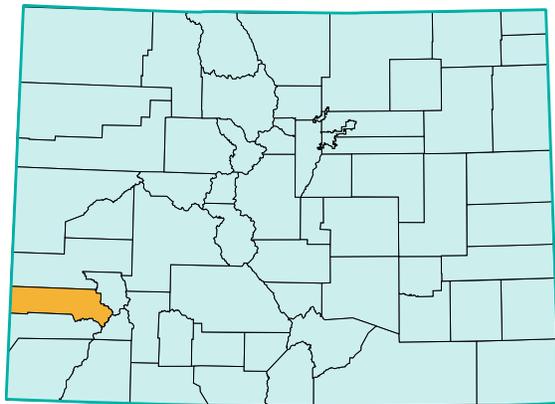


LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	SAN JUAN	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	726	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	119	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	16.4%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	23	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	96	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	LNE	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	LNE	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	NR	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	62.7%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	45.8%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	16.9%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$50,524	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	19.3%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	20.3%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	33.3%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	10	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	3	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	LNE	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	LNE	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	NR	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	NR	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	44.8%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	6.9%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	8.3%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	83	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	19.3%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	75.0%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



SAN MIGUEL COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported

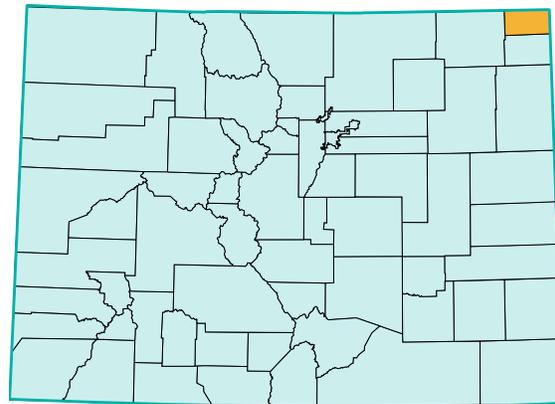
	SAN MIGUEL	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	8,174	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	1,672	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	20.5%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	356	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	1,316	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	30.8%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	5.8%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	9.0	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	19.7%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	13.5%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	6.1%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$77,209	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	9.3%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	8.7%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	LNE	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	18.3%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	11	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	52	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	LNE	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	76.5%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	LNE	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	0.6	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	8.3%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	21.9%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	9.9%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	20.2%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	1,048	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	94.0%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

SEDGWICK COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported



	SEDGWICK	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	2,229	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	433	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	19.4%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	93	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	340	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	47.1%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	LNE	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	4.6	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	48.0%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	36.9%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	11.1%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$42,808	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	24.5%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	23.0%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	8.3%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	55.7%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	21	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	17	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	LNE	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	64.7%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	17.6%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	8.6	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	NR	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	67.8%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	9.4%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	8.9%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	1,144	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	88.1%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



SUMMIT COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported

	SUMMIT	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	30,983	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	4,426	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	14.3%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	1,267	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	3,159	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	20.0%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	10.5%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	6.8	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	3.0%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	0.7	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	34.7%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	23.8%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	10.9%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$86,570	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	6.9%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	6.1%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	1.4%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	20.0%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	16	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	240	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	13.8%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	81.9%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	2.5%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	11	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	13.0%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	31.2%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	7.9%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	4.1%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	3,454	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	25.6%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	90.4%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

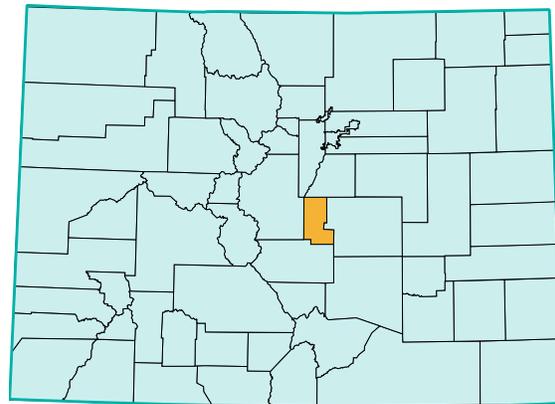
TELLER COUNTY



**COLORADO
CHILDREN'S
CAMPAIGN**

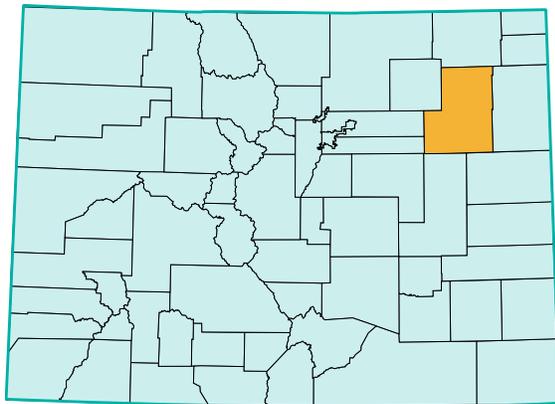
KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	TELLER	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	25,355	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	4,404	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	17.4%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	983	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	3,421	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	29.1%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	8.3%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	10.8	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	4.7%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	4.1	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	33.9%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	27.9%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	5.9%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$70,599	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	12.1%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	11.2%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	5.0%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	27.6%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	64	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	172	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	13.6%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	83.1%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	7.0%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	8.1	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	88.4	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	5.8%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	46.3%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	6.0%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	1.8%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	2,391	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	81.9%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



WASHINGTON COUNTY



LNE = Low Number of Events
 N/A = Not Applicable
 NR = Not Reported

	WASHINGTON	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	4,742	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	987	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	20.8%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	269	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	718	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	12.2%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	16.7%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	LNE	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	LNE	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	14.2	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	52.3%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	40.7%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	11.6%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$53,263	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	17.2%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	16.3%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	5.1%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	26.9%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	30	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	49	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.2%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	81.8%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	14.9%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	20.1	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	11.9%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	57.7%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	9.2%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	11.5%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	933	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	4.6%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	83.3%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

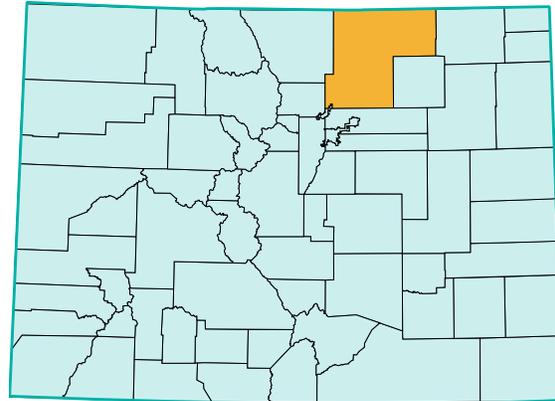
WELD COUNTY



**COLORADO
CHILDREN'S
CAMPAIGN**

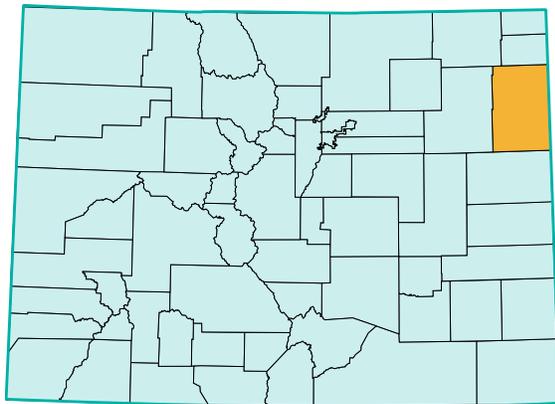
KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events
N/A = Not Applicable
NR = Not Reported



	WELD	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	323,763	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	83,129	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	25.7%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	22,744	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	60,385	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	22.0%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	13.9%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	16.6	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	2.9%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	4.4	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	49.5%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	39.9%	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	9.6%	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$78,160	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	9.8%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	9.8%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	3.5%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	25.8%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	976	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	4,402	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	8.5%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	80.6%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	5.5%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	11.6	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	4.3	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	16.9	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	42.6	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	7.7	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	42.6	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	7.5%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	41.4%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	6.4%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled (CHI)	6.8%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	44,110	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	97.7%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	15.2%	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	86.9%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.



YUMA COUNTY



KIDS COUNT IN COLORADO! 2021

LNE = Low Number of Events

N/A = Not Applicable

NR = Not Reported

	YUMA	COLORADO
POPULATION		
2019 Total Population	10,063	5,763,976
2019 Child Population (Under 18)	2,682	1,260,379
2019 Child Population as a Percentage of Total Population (Under 18)	26.7%	21.9%
2019 Young Child Population (Under 5)	722	328,056
2019 School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17)	1,960	932,323
VULNERABLE FAMILIES		
2019 Births to Single Women	19.1%	23.6%
2019 Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED	17.9%	10.7%
2019 Teen Births (rate per 1,000 female teens 15-19)	12.9	13.3
2019 Three Risk Factor Births	2.2%	2.9%
2019 Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000)	5.2	7.6
FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS		
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced Price Lunch	56.7%	40.2%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Free Lunch	NR	33.4%
Fall 2020 Children Qualifying for Reduced Price Lunch	NR	6.8%
2019 Median Household Income	\$52,841	\$77,104
2019 Children (Under 18) in Poverty	15.9%	11.2%
2019 School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty	14.7%	10.7%
2020 Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments	2.4%	3.9%
2020 Children Receiving WIC Program Vouchers	51.1%	28.8%
2019-2020 Students Served by the McKinney-Vento Homeless Ed. Program	47	20,821
CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH		
2019 Live Births	136	62,875
2019 Low Weight Births	3.7%	9.5%
2019 Births to Women Who Had Early Prenatal Care	87.8%	82.4%
2019 Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy	5.1%	5.1%
2019 Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000)	4.9	9.7
2019 Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000)	LNE	4.9
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	14.2
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	57.5
2019 Child (Ages 1-14) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	5.9
2019 Teen (Ages 15-19) Injury Deaths (rate per 100,000)	LNE	46.4
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+	13.1%	6.4%
FY 19-20 Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid	51.7%	42.0%
2019 Uninsured Children	10.6%	5.7%
2019 Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies but Not Enrolled	9.7%	7.3%
EDUCATION		
Fall 2020 PK-12 Pupil Enrollment	1,915	883,199
Fall 2020 Kindergarteners in a Full-Day Program	100%	97.7%
Fall 2020 English Language Learners	LNE	12.9%
2019-2020 High School Graduation Rate	85.8%	81.9%
2020 4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts*	*	*
2020 Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science*	*	*

*Data for these indicators were unavailable because statewide assessments were cancelled in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

COUNTY DATA DEFINITIONS

The Colorado Children’s Campaign relies on data from federal, state and local agencies; these sources are the final authority relating to the quality of any data presented in this report. Please note that all vital statistics data are reported by place of residence, and not by place of birth or death.

POPULATION

Total Population (number)

Number of individuals. Estimates provided by the Colorado State Demography Office, Colorado Department of Local Affairs. Estimates retrieved on November 20, 2020.

Child Population (Under 18) (number)

Number of children under the age of 18. Estimates provided by the Colorado State Demography Office, Colorado Department of Local Affairs. Estimates retrieved on November 20, 2020.

Children as a Percentage of Total Population (percent)

Percent of the total population that is under the age of 18. Population estimates provided by the Colorado State Demography Office, Colorado Department of Local Affairs; percent calculations performed by the Colorado Children’s Campaign.

Young Child Population (Under 5) (number)

Number of children under the age of 5. Estimates provided by the Colorado State Demography Office, Colorado Department of Local Affairs. Estimates retrieved on November 20, 2020.

School-Aged Population (Ages 5-17) (number)

Number of children ages 5 through 17. Estimates provided by the Colorado State Demography Office, Colorado Department of Local Affairs. Estimates retrieved on November 20, 2020.

VULNERABLE FAMILIES

Births to Single Women (percent)

Percent of live births occurring to women who are unmarried. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three births to single women in a given place.

Births to Women without a High School Diploma or GED (percent)

Percent of live births occurring to women without a high school diploma or GED. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three births to women with less than 12 years of education in a given place.

Teen Births (rate per 1,000 females ages 15-19)

Number of live births to women ages 15 through 19 per 1,000 women of that age group (age-specific fertility rate). Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three births to teens in a given place.

Three Risk-Factor Births (percent)

Percent of live births occurring to unmarried women who are under the age of 25 years with less than 12 years of education. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three births in this category in a given place.

Out-of-Home Placements (rate per 1,000 children under 18)

Number of children removed from their homes by the Department of Human Services per 1,000 children under the age of 18. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Human Services Division of Child Welfare; rate calculations performed by the Colorado Children’s Campaign.

Out-of-home placements include family foster care, specialized group homes, residential child care facilities, independent living situations, foster care with relatives, residential treatment centers, and both emergency and non-emergency placements or shelters.

FAMILY ECONOMICS AND SUPPORTS

Children Qualifying for Free or Reduced-Price Lunch (percent)

Percent of children in public school grades PK-12 who qualified for free or reduced-price school lunches. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Education. Public school children qualify for free lunches if their family's income falls below 130 percent of the federal poverty level (FPL). Public school children qualify for reduced-price lunches if their family's income falls between 130 percent and 185 percent of the FPL.

Note: Due to the disruptions of COVID-19, the Student October Count conducted by CDE found overall enrollment decreased by 3.3 percent (more than 30,000 children). Data for this indicator and other fall 2020 count indicators should be interpreted with caution.

Median Household Income (dollars)

Median income of households. Data provided by the U.S. Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE).

Children (Under 18) in Poverty (percent)

Percent of children under the age of 18 living in families with incomes at or below the federal poverty level. Data provided by the U.S. Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE).

School-Aged Children (Ages 5-17) in Poverty (percent)

Percent of children ages 5 through 17 living in families with incomes at or below the federal poverty level. Data provided by the U.S. Census Bureau Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (SAIPE).

Children Receiving TANF Basic Cash Assistance Payments (percent)

Percent of children receiving Basic Cash Assistance payments as part of the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program during the calendar year. Caseload data provided by the Colorado Department of Human Services; percent calculations performed by the Colorado Children's Campaign.

Children Under 5 Receiving WIC Program Vouchers (percent)

Percent of children under age 5 (until their fifth birthday) served by the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) during the calendar year. Unduplicated count of WIC child participants provided by the Governor's Office of Information Technology; percent calculations performed by the Colorado Children's Campaign.

Note: Some local WIC programs provide services to children from other counties. Hinsdale, Mineral, San Juan and Gilpin counties did not have WIC programs in 2020, and children in these counties were served by neighboring counties.

COUNTY DATA DEFINITIONS

CHILD AND MATERNAL HEALTH

Live Births (number)

Total number of live births. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three births in a given place.

Low Weight Births (percent)

Percent of babies born weighing 5.5 pounds (2500 grams) or less. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three babies born at low weights in a given place.

Births to Women with Early Prenatal Care (percent)

Percent of live births in which prenatal care was initiated in the first trimester of pregnancy. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three births to mothers receiving early prenatal care in a given place.

Births to Women Smoking During Pregnancy (percent)

Percent of live births in which women reported smoking during pregnancy on their infant's birth certificate. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three births to women who smoked during pregnancy in a given place.

Note: These data are likely underreported on birth certificates across the state due to mothers' knowledge of the risks of smoking during pregnancy as well as social stigma.

Child Abuse and Neglect (rate per 1,000 children under 18)

Number of children under 18 experiencing maltreatment (including physical, sexual or emotional abuse and/or neglect) per 1,000 children. These data represent unique, substantiated cases of maltreatment. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Human Services Division of Child Welfare.

Infant Mortality (rate per 1,000 live births)

Number of infant deaths in the first year of life per 1,000 live births. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three infant deaths in a given place.

Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths (rate per 100,000 children ages 1-14)

Number of child deaths per 100,000 children ages 1 through 14. These data include deaths from natural causes (such as illness or congenital defects) and injury (including motor vehicle deaths, homicides and suicides). Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three child deaths in a given place.

Note: This indicator differs from KIDS COUNT reports prior to 2001 to be more consistent with the Colorado Vital Statistics series of reports.

Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths (rate per 100,000 teens ages 15-19)

Number of teen deaths per 100,000 teens ages 15 through 19. These data include deaths from natural causes (such as illness or congenital defects) and injury (including motor vehicle deaths, homicides and suicides). Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three teen deaths in a given place.

Note: This indicator differs from KIDS COUNT reports prior to 2001 to be more consistent with the Colorado Vital Statistics series of reports.

COUNTY DATA DEFINITIONS

Child (Ages 1-14) Deaths Due to Injury (rate per 100,000 children ages 1-14)

Number of child deaths due to intentional and unintentional injuries per 100,000 children ages 1 through 14. These data include deaths due to homicide, suicide and accidents. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three child deaths due to injury in a given place.

Teen (Ages 15-19) Deaths Due to Injury (rate per 100,000 teens ages 15-19)

Number of teen deaths due to intentional and unintentional injuries per 100,000 teens ages 15 through 19. These data include deaths due to homicide, suicide and accidents. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment Vital Statistics Program. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than three teen deaths due to injury in a given place.

Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in CHP+ (percent)

Estimated percent of children ages 0 through 18 enrolled in the Child Health Plan *Plus* (CHP+) during the fiscal year. As of 2017, children ages 0 through 18 whose family's modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) is below 260 percent of FPL, but above the Medicaid income eligibility cutoff, are eligible for CHP+. Caseload data provided by the Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing; percent calculations performed by the Colorado Children's Campaign. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than 30 clients in a given place.

Note: The numbers used to calculate this percentage include a unique count of all clients ages 0 through 18 who were served at any point during FY 19-20. The CHP+ numbers reported here do not match official budget numbers; official budget numbers reflect an average monthly caseload over the course of a year and are therefore lower than the numbers reported here.

Children (Ages 0-18) Enrolled in Medicaid (percent)

Estimated percent of children ages 0 through 18 enrolled in Medicaid during the fiscal year. As of 2017, children ages 0 through 18 whose family's modified adjusted gross income (MAGI) is below 142 percent of the federal poverty level are eligible for Medicaid. Caseload data provided by the Colorado Department of Health Care Policy and Financing; percent calculations performed by the Colorado Children's Campaign. Low number of events (LNE) indicates fewer than 30 clients in a given place.

Note: The numbers used to calculate this percentage include a unique count of all clients ages 0 through 18 who were served at any point during FY 19-20. The Medicaid numbers reported here do not match official budget numbers; official budget numbers reflect an average monthly caseload over the course of a year and are therefore lower than the numbers reported here.

Uninsured Children (Ages 0-18) (percent)

Estimated percent of children ages 0 through 18 who lacked health insurance during the calendar year. Data provided by the U.S. Census Bureau Small Area Health Insurance Estimates (SAHIE) incorporating coverage estimates from the American Community Survey (ACS).

Children Eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or Subsidies But Not Enrolled (Ages 0-18) (percent)

Estimated percent of children who were eligible for Medicaid, CHP+ or insurance subsidies but were not enrolled to receive them. Data provided by the Colorado Health Institute's (CHI) analysis of data from the U.S. Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS).

Note: Analyses are limited to Coloradans for whom ACS income data were collected.

COUNTY DATA DEFINITIONS

EDUCATION

PK-12 Pupil Enrollment (number)

Number of children enrolled in public schools in grades PK-12. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Education.

Note: Due to the disruptions of COVID-19, the Student October Count conducted by CDE found overall enrollment decreased by 3.3 percent (more than 30,000 children). Data for this indicator and other fall 2020 count indicators should be interpreted with caution.

Kindergartners in a Full-Day Program (percent)

Percent of kindergartners enrolled in a full-day program. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Education; percent calculations performed by the Colorado Children's Campaign.

Note: Due to the disruptions of COVID-19, the Student October Count conducted by CDE found overall enrollment decreased by 3.3 percent (more than 30,000 children). Data for this indicator and other fall 2020 count indicators should be interpreted with caution.

English Language Learners (percent)

Percent of students identified as English Language Learners. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Education; percent calculations performed by the Colorado Children's Campaign.

Note: Due to the disruptions of COVID-19, the Student October Count conducted by CDE found overall enrollment decreased by 3.3 percent (more than 30,000 children). Data for this indicator and other fall 2020 count indicators should be interpreted with caution.

High School Graduation Rate (percent)

Percent of students who graduated from public high schools four years after entering ninth grade. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Education.

4th Grade Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations in English Language Arts (percent)

Percent of 4th grade students who scored proficient in English Language Arts on the Colorado Measures of Academic Success (CMAS) assessment. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Education (CDE). County data are based on scores from the districts that comprise each county.

Note: The spring 2020 CMAS assessments were canceled due to COVID-19.

Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Math (percent)

Percent of all students in grades 3 through 8 who scored proficient in Math on the Colorado Measures of Academic Success (CMAS) assessments. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Education (CDE). County data are based on data from the districts that comprise each county.

Note: The spring 2020 CMAS assessments were canceled due to COVID-19.

Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS English Language Arts (percent)

Percent of all students in grades 3 through 8 who scored proficient in English Language Arts on the Colorado Measures of Academic Success (CMAS) assessments. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Education (CDE). County data are based on data from the districts that comprise each county.

Note: The spring 2020 CMAS assessments were canceled due to COVID-19.

Students Meeting or Exceeding Expectations on CMAS Science (percent)

Percent of all students in grades 5, 8 and 11 who scored proficient in Science on the Colorado Measures of Academic Success (CMAS) assessments. Data provided by the Colorado Department of Education (CDE). County data are based on data from the districts that comprise each county.

Note: The spring 2020 CMAS assessments were canceled due to COVID-19.

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