Schedule 13

Funding Request for the 2013-14 Budget Cycle

Department:

Governor's Office Economic Development Programs

Request Title:

Economic Development Commission General Fund Increase

Priority Number:

Dept. Approval by:

Decision Item FY 2013-14

☐ Base Reduction Item FY 2013-14

☐ Supplemental FY 2012-13

☐ Budget Amendment FY 2013-14

OSPB Approval by:

Line Item Information		FY 20	12-13	FY 201	FY 2014-15	
		1	2	3	4	6
1	Fund	Appropriation FY 2012-13	Supplemental Request FY 2012-13	Base Request FY 2013-14	Funding Change Request FY 2013-14	Continuation Amount FY 2014-15
Total of All Line Items	Total	6,092,280		2,092,280	2,986,236	2,994,162
	FTE	4.0	chili se stap - Titae	4.0	0.9	1.0
	GF	2,013,764		2,013,764	2,986,236	2,994,162
	GFE					MARINE 40
	CF	4,078,516		78,516		
	RF			rosi o Balifiskoj.	agran mega	The frequency
	FF					Element SE
(4) Economic			T			
Development Programs-	Total	6,092,280	-	2,092,280	2,986,236	2,994,162
Economic Development	FTE	4.0	.	4.0	0.9	1.0
Commission-General	GF	2,013,764	-	2,013,764	2,986,236	2,994,162
Economic Incentives and	GFE	~			-	
Marketing	CF	4,078,516	-	78,516		

Letternote Text Revision Required?

No: ▼

If yes, describe the Letternote Text Revision:

Cash or Federal Fund Name and COFRS Fund Number:

Not Required

Reappropriated Funds Source, by Department and Line Item Name: Approval by OIT?

No: F Yes:

RF

Not Required

Schedule 13s from Affected Departments:

Not Required

Other Information:

Not Required



GOVERNOR'S OFFICE ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

John W. Hickenlooper Governor

> Kenneth W. Lund Executive Director

Signature

10/16/12

FY 2013-14 Funding Request November 1, 2012

Department Priority: R-2

Request Title: Economic Development Commission General Fund Increase

Summary of Incremental Funding Change for FY 2013-14	Total Funds	General Fund	FTE
Economic Development Commission General Fund Increase	\$2,986,236	\$2,986,236	0.9

Request Summary:

The Department is requesting an increase in its Fund appropriation General annual \$2,013,764 to \$5,000,000, an increase of \$2,986,236, support to the Economic Development Commission (EDC) in FY 2013-14. This funding will help spur economic activity and the creation of approximately 1,230 new jobs based on historical trend data reflected in Exhibit B. This is anticipated to generate approximately \$2.6 million in tax revenue for the state, which will generate a full pay-back to the state in a little over one year. The job creation estimates are solidified by the EDC contract procedures that require businesses to commit to specific job creating conditions in order to receive funding. In addition, the Department will use \$70,721 of the requested funding for costs associated with a new 0.9 FTE, annualizing to 1.0 FTE in FY 2014-15 to administer the increased workload.

Problem or Opportunity:

The opportunity is to make funding available that can be used to provide performance-based job creation incentives to businesses, thus making Colorado more competitive in attracting businesses to the state.

Brief Background:

The General Assembly created the EDC in 1987 to encourage, promote, and stimulate economic development in Colorado by providing job creation incentives, marketing and special project funds. The EDC's primary objective is to provide assistance to businesses considering expansion in or relocation to Colorado.

The EDC receives an annual General Fund appropriation for job creation incentives, marketing and special projects. The FY 2012-13 appropriation provided \$2,013,764 in General Funds to support the EDC's efforts. Additionally, the EDC received a one-time \$13 million allocation of federal funds from the Jobs & Growth Tax Relief Reconciliation Act and from gaming funds that had a 5 year sunset provision. These additional funds have all been committed.

The Department's Global Business Development (GBD) staff work with businesses looking to expand or relocate from other states and countries. In order to respond to the businesses' site selection requirements, the GBD staff work with the EDC to develop and present competitive proposals to businesses for their consideration.

These proposals may include potential sites, available labor force, infrastructure information, transportation options, state and local incentives, and other information requested by businesses for their consideration. In conjunction with such proposals, the EDC has a proven track record of attracting businesses and expansion opportunities resulting in jobs being created. For example, since January of 2010, businesses have committed to create 5,352 jobs with an average wage rate of \$51,589. To attract these job creating opportunities to Colorado, the EDC approved incentives for these businesses totaling \$8,902,734. In addition, the EDC is currently working with businesses to create 1,773 new jobs at an average wage rate of \$80,802. For these projects, the EDC has earmarked funding of \$5,094,478 pending site selection decisions. The EDC used its sources of funding noted above to make these commitments.

The requested FTE is estimated to cost \$70,721 in FY 2013-14, annualizing to \$78,647 in FY 2014-15. Job responsibilities for this FTE will include reviewing applications submitted by businesses, completing the financial underwriting and due diligence reviews, providing written summaries to the EDC describing the final incentive structures and obtaining formal approvals from the EDC. In addition, this FTE will draft and execute the state's contracts, monitor the EDC contract requirements and disburse funds on a periodic performance-basis. With additional programs placed under the EDC's oversight in recent years and with no additional FTE, the increased volume of requests and the urgent nature of these requests, it is imperative that an additional FTE be added at this time to support the program in an effective and efficient manner. Please refer to Exhibit D for FTE cost calculations.

Proposed Solution:

The proposed solution is for the state to make approximately \$5 million in base level funding available annually to the EDC to support Colorado's efforts to compete with other states and countries for job creation opportunities.

Although the EDC's request is half that of comparative states on the lower end of the funding scale, such as Virginia and North Carolina, this funding will increase Colorado's chances in competing for more job creating projects.

Attached as Exhibit C are examples of funding levels that other states have available and utilize to compete for such job-creating opportunities.

Anticipated Outcomes:

Based on past use of funds and related outcomes, the Department projects the creation of 1,230 new jobs in Colorado with this additional \$2,986,236 in funding. At an average annual wage rate of \$54,752, this outcome results in estimated annual direct state tax revenue from jobs of \$2,600,000 (see Exhibit B for assumptions). Thus, the requested funding will generate full pay-back to the state in a little over one year. Beyond job creation and tax revenue to the State, the additional funding could also spur capital expenditures (Forecasted CapEx) that have a positive exponential effect on the economy.

The EDC's contract procedures serve to guarantee anticipated job creation consistent with the actual incentives disbursed to businesses. Businesses must commit to creating a specified number of net new full-time jobs paying a minimum stated average wage rate in Colorado. Additionally, they must maintain those jobs for at least one year. EDC funds are only disbursed to businesses on a job creation/incentive pro-rata basis as net new jobs have been created and maintained for at least a one year period and other contract conditions have been met.

Assumptions for Calculations:

The Department based job creation projections on actual results of EDC activities since 2008. For detailed information on EDC activities, please refer to Exhibits A and B.

Over the past five years, the EDC approved \$17,784,474 in total funding. Of this total they committed \$13,437,734, or 75.6%, on job

creation projects that will produce 7,323 new jobs. The remaining 24.4% was used for special projects as described in Exhibits A and B and for administrative costs. The Department expects the EDC will spend approximately 75.6% or \$2,257,594 of the requested \$2,986,236 to generate new jobs. This will result in 1,230 new jobs at a cost of \$1,835 per job. Refer to Exhibit B for additional detail on the above calculations.

The new FTE is estimated to cost \$70,721 in FY 2013-14, annualizing to \$78,647 in FY 2014-15.

Please refer to Exhibit D for FTE cost calculations.

Consequences if not Funded:

If this request is not approved, there will only be limited EDC funding available for future projects. This could result in Colorado being unable to attract those businesses that need state incentives and will put Colorado at a disadvantage when competing for projects that have the potential to create jobs.

EXHIBIT A - EDC ANNUAL REPORTS

EDC 2008 Annual Report

List of Grants

Job Creation Projects	# Jobs		ial Average Wage	% of County	\$ Incentive	For	ecasted CapEX
Vestas Blades - Windsor	464	Job Training Funds			\$ 928,000	\$	95,000,000
United States Olympic Committee*	170	\$	71,463	166%	\$ 500,000	\$	21,000,000
Lewis Engineering	14	\$	36,994	110%	\$ 42,000		
Total Job Creation Projects	648	\$	66,808	165%	\$ 1,470,000	\$	116,000,000
\$Incentive/#Jobs	\$ 2,269						

Footnote:

*Retention for NonProfit

Other Projects	\$ Incentive
Colorado Space Coalition	\$ 146,000
AG Pump	\$ 100,000
Colorado Proud	\$ 150,000
Advance Colorado Center	\$ 47,040
ASES Green Jobs Study	\$ 25,000
Colorado Center for Space Entrepreneuship	\$ 150,000
Colorado Drug & Development Institute Study	\$ 200,000
Business Expansion Program	\$ 125,000
Grand Junction Incubator Feasibility Study	\$ 50,000
Job Growth Incentive Program Study	\$ 15,000
SportAccord	\$ 150,000
Enterprize Zone Marketing	\$ 375,000
Total Other Projects	\$ 1,533,040

Project Type	\$ Incentive	% Total Incentive
Job Creation	\$ 1,470,000	49%
Marketing	\$ 921,000	31%
Incubators	\$ 150,000	5%
Studies	\$ 290,000	10%
Special Projects	\$ 172,040	6%
Total	\$ 3,003,040	

EDC 2009 Annual Report

List of Grants

Job Creation Projects	#Jobs	# Jobs Annual Average Wage		% of County		\$ Incentive	Forecasted CapEX		
Charles Schwab	500	\$	75,245	163%	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,708,500	
Corinthian Colleges, Inc.	600	\$	41,363	100%	\$	1,200,000	\$	2,500,000	
Dot Hill	100	\$	108,800	203%	\$	250,000	\$	1,000,000	
CREED/NREL	123	\$	84,307	175%	\$	615,000	\$	2,238,979	
Total Job Creation Projects	1,323		63,258	141%	\$	3,065,000	\$	7,447,479	
\$ Incentive/# Jobs	\$ 2,317								

Other Projects	\$ Incentive			
Roraring Fork Virtual Incubator	\$	150,000		
EDC Marketing	\$	80,000		
Clean Tech Study	\$	100,000		
Nano-Renewable Energy Summit	\$	35,000		
RMI2	\$	150,000		
Enterprize Zone Marketing	\$	375,000		
Total Other Projects	\$	890,000		

Coccy of the control									
Project Type	\$	Incentive	% Total Incentive						
Job Creation	\$	3,065,000	77%						
Marketing	\$	455,000	12%						
Incubators	\$	300,000	8%						
Studies	\$	100,000	3%						
Special Projects	\$	35,000	1%						
Total	\$	3,955,000							

EDC 2010 Annual Report

List of Grants

Job Creation Projects	#Jobs	Annual Average Wage	Annual Average Wage % of County	Annual Median Wage	Annual Median Wage % of County	\$ Incentive	Forecasted CapEX
Arrow Electronics	439	\$ 84,086	158%		154%		
Baird	14	\$ 128,964	307%	\$ 171,779	409%		
Scottrade	285	\$ 52,500	113%	\$ 52,500	113%		
Space Foundation	70	\$ 90,284	219%	\$ 77,700	188%	\$ 350,000	
Spirae	30	\$ 93,833	234%	\$ 90,000	224%	\$ 150,000	
Leprino	400	\$ 44,950	116%	\$ 40,485	104%	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 425,000,000
Total Job Creation Projects	1,238	\$ 65,264	142%	\$ 62,724	137%	\$ 3,070,759	
\$ Incentive/# Jobs	\$ 2,480						

Other Projects	\$ Incentive
Monte Vista Study - Main Street Initiative	\$ 20,000
Business Retention Expansion Program	\$ 74,700
Community Assessment Program	\$ 50,000
EDC Marketing	\$ 135,000
Colorado Clean Energy Supply Chain Initiative	\$ 100,000
Colorado Regional Airports and Aviation Jobs	\$ 60,000
Colorado Space Coalition	\$ 100,000
CAMT's Technology Acceleration Program	\$ 350,000
Enterprize Zone Marketing	\$ 362,500
Total Other Projects	\$ 1,252,200

Project Type		\$ Incentive	% Total Incentive
Job Creation	\$	3,070,759	71%
Marketing	\$	597,500	14%
Studies	\$	80,000	2%
Special Projects	\$	574,700	13%
Total	Ś	4.322.959	

EDC 2011 Projects

List of Grants

		Annual Average	Annual Average Wage % of	Annual Med	Annual Median an Wage % of					
Job Creation Projects	#Jobs	Wage	County	Wage	County		\$ Incentive		Forecasted CapEX	
Parelli	25	\$ 37,180	130%	\$ 31,	200 109%	\$	125,000	\$	500,000	
SMA	500	\$ 30,749	55%	\$ 22,1	380 41%	\$	1,000,000	\$	35,000,000	
Vestas	1750	\$ 37,131	101%	\$ 34,	500 93%	\$	1,000,000	\$	618,000,000	
Siemens Energy	60	\$ 98,553	188%	\$ 100,0	000 191%	\$	250,000	\$	5,641,000	
PrimeStar Solar	84	\$ 72,012	149%	\$ 79,0	000 163%	\$	168,000	\$	23,100,000	
Entegris	63	\$ 36,098	86%	\$ 25,	61%	\$	109,266	\$	13,100,000	
The Coleman Company	74	\$ 118,000	244%	\$ 131,	340 272%	\$	370,000		n/a	
Bach Composite	100	\$ 31,700	82%	\$ 31,	700 82%	\$	164,000	\$	14,000,000	
JBS USA Holdings, Inc.	200	\$ 70,682	183%	\$ 50,0	300 132%	\$	1,000,000	\$	153,000,000	
Total Job Creation Projects	2,856	\$ 42,563	103%	\$ 35,0	100%	\$	4,186,266	\$	862,341,000	
\$ Incentive/# Jobs	\$ 1,466	Removement of the second	A STATE OF THE STA							

Other Projects	\$ Incentive				
2011 Nano Summit	\$	35,000			
2012 CO Space Coalition/Marketing	\$	100,000			
Craig/Moffat Incubator	\$	115,000			
Total Other Projects	\$	250,000			

Cutty or y								
Project Type	\$	Incentive	% Total Incentive					
Job Creation	\$	4,186,266	94%					
Marketing	\$	250,000	6%					
Studies	\$	=	0%					
Special Projects	5		0%					
Total	\$	4,436,266						

EDC 2012 Project To Date List of Grants Annual Average **Annual Average** Wage % of **Job Creation Projects** #Jobs Wage County \$ Incentive **Forecasted CapEX** Niagara 38 \$ 44,559 106% \$ 38,000 \$ 30,000,000 Avago 92 \$ 49,783 124% \$ 230,000 \$ 85,800,000 Cooper Lighting 320 \$ 41,272 99% \$ 321,000 \$ 14,000,000 DaVita/Total Renal Research 58 \$ 58,257 121% \$ 119,209 \$ 3,700,000 Sisters of Charity of Leavenworth Health System 750 \$ 65,000 937,500 \$ 10,900,000 111% \$ **Total Job Creation Projects** 1,258 \$ 56,923 1,645,709 \$ 110% \$ 144,400,000 \$ Incentive/# Jobs \$ 1,308 **Other Projects** \$ Incentive EZ Admin \$ 121,500 2013 CO Space Coalition/Marketing \$ 100,000 icelandair \$ 200,000 **Total Other Projects** \$ 421,500 Category % **Project Type** \$Incentive % Total incentive Job Creation \$ 1,645,709 80% Marketing 20% \$ 421,500 Studies \$ 0%

0%

\$

\$

2,067,209

Special Projects

Total

EXHIBIT B - ASSUMPTIONS FOR CALCULATIONS

	Jobs	Annual		Total Job Creation		Co	ost Per Job	Α	eighted verage Annual
	Created	Ave	rage Wage	Funding		Created		Wage	
2008	648	\$	66,808	\$	1,470,000	\$	2,269	\$	5,912
2009	1,323	\$	63,258	\$	3,065,000	\$_	2,317	\$	11,428
2010	1,238	\$	65,264	\$	3,070,759	\$	2,480	\$	11,033
2011	2,856	\$	42,563	\$	4,186,266	\$	1,466	\$	16,600
2012 to date	1,258	\$	56,923	\$	1,645,709	\$	1,308	\$	9,779
Total	7,323	\$	58,963	\$	13,437,734	\$	1,835	\$	54,752

	Total	Funding for All Projects	To	otal Job Creation Funding
2008	\$	3,003,040	\$	1,470,000
2009	\$	3,955,000	\$	3,065,000
2010	\$	4,322,959	\$	3,070,759
2011	\$	4,436,266	\$	4,186,266
2012 to date	\$	2,067,209	\$	1,645,709
Total	\$	17,784,474	\$	13,437,734
% of Total Incentive Funding	spent	on Job Creation		75.56%

New Jobs Created							
General Fund Increase	\$	2,986,236					
% of Incentive Funding for Job Creation		75.56%					
Job Creation Incentives	\$	2,256,364					
Cost Per Job Created	\$	1,835					
Number of New Jobs Created		1,230					

EXHIBIT B – ASSUMPTIONS FOR CALCULATIONS (CONTINUED)

Estimated Direct Ta		Impacts of Additional Funding for Direct
Assumed Number of Jobs A		Annual Direct State Tax Revenue from Jobs ²
Jobs Created	1,230	\$2,600,000

Source: Calculations by the Governor's Office of State Planning and Budgeting using data from OEDIT and the Department of Revenue.

¹ This analysis only estimates the direct effects of jobs associated with additional state funding for job creation incentives. Thus, it does not take into account any indirect or multiplier effects of the economic activities of relocating or expanding businesses and their associated employees in the state. For example, the additional spending and investment by a new or expanding business will create additional economic activity in the state that will likely generate additional tax revenue. Also, the additional spending from new jobs will create additional economic activity. The effects of these activities are not estimated in this analysis.

² Almost all of the state tax revenue is from income and sales taxes, but total revenue also includes taxes paid on motor fuel and other excise taxes, such as alcohol, as well as revenue from licenses and registrations. The revenue estimates were derived using an average annual wage of each employee of \$54,752.

EXHIBIT C -- EXAMPLES OF INCENTIVES IN OTHER STATES

At least 30 states have some form of discretionary economic development funds available in addition to other incentives offered. A number of states have either enacted new funds or increased existing funds. The following table summarizes some notable incentives in states that Colorado typically competes with for job-creating opportunities:

State	Fund	Appropriation	Comments
Texas	Texas Enterprise Fund	\$280 million in FY05; \$34 million in FY2011	Largest fund of its kind in the U.S.
Arizona	Deal Closing Fund	\$25 million in FY 2011	Will put AZ in top third of states with "closing funds"
North Carolina	One North Carolina Fund	\$10 million /year	
Virginia		\$10 million/year	
Florida		\$26.4 million	
New York		\$35 million	
Georgia		\$32 million	

Similar to Colorado, most of the above incentives are performance-based commitments requiring contracts with businesses with typical criteria being substantial job creation at relatively high wage levels, significant capital investment, quality of project, strategic importance, competitiveness with other states and similar factors. Most also require a local match (from cities/counties where the project is located).

EXHIBIT D

Calculation Assumptions:

<u>Personal Services</u> -- The position in this request is not classified and the salary range is consistent with the Department's salary range.

<u>Operating Expenses</u> -- Base operating expenses are included per FTE for \$500 per year. In addition, for regular FTE, annual telephone costs assume base charges of \$450 per year.

<u>Standard Capital Purchases</u> -- Each additional employee necessitates the purchase of a Personal Computer (\$900), Office Suite Software (\$330), and office furniture (\$3,473).

General Fund FTE -- New full-time General Fund positions are reflected in FY 2012-13 as 0.9166 FTE to account for the pay-date shift.

Expenditure Detail		FY	FY 2013-14			FY 2014-15			
Personal Services:	THE POWER SHAPE		FTE	TO THE RES	\$	FTE	-constant		
	Mont	hly Salary							
Position 1	\$	5,175	0.9		55,890	1.0		62,100	
PERA		·			5,673			6,303	
AED					2,012			2,484	
SAED					1,816			2,329	
Medicare					810			900	
STD					99			110	
Health-Life-Dental					4,421			4,421	
Subtotal Position 1, #.# FTI	E		0.9	\$	70,721	1.0	\$	78,647	
Operating Expenses		V.	5.015 7/15						
Regular FTE Operating		500			_			_	
Telephone Expenses		450			_			_	
PC, One-Time		1,230			-				
Office Furniture, One-Time		3,473			-				
Other					-				
Other					_				
Other					_				
Other					-				
Subtotal Operating Expenses				\$	•		\$		
TOTAL REQUEST	100		0.9	\$	70,721	1.0	\$	78,647	
	Genera	al Fund:							
	Cas	h funds:							
Reappr	opriated	l Funds:							
	Federa	l Funds:							