
Colorado Health Facilities Authority

**Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
September 30, 2019**

Colorado Health Facilities Authority

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Colorado Health Facilities Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Colorado Health Facilities Authority as of September 30, 2019 and 2018 and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

To the Board of Directors
Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Other Matters

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The schedule of bonds outstanding is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 17, 2019 on our consideration of Colorado Health Facilities Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Colorado Health Facilities Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

December 17, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Years Ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017

The following discussion and analysis presents management's discussion of the financial position and results of operations of Colorado Health Facilities Authority (the "Authority") during the fiscal years ended September 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017. This information is being presented to provide additional information regarding the activities of the Authority and to meet the disclosure requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the Independent Auditors' Report, financial statements, and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

The Authority was created by the Colorado Legislature in 1977 as a financing vehicle to enable non-profit public and private health care institutions to access the tax-exempt capital market when financing or refinancing health care facilities. The Authority does not receive any state of Colorado ("State") funds and is not a State agency. Its operations are funded through annual fees charged to the organizations on whose behalf the Authority issues bonds and other debt obligations (together, "bonds").

The Authority's statute does not provide that the moral authority of the State can be pledged. To the contrary, it explicitly provides that any bonds issued by the Authority are not an indebtedness, a debt or a liability of the State, or any political subdivision of the State. All bond documents, bonds, and offering circulars pertaining to bonds issued by the Authority state that the bonds are not the obligations of the State or the Authority but are the financial obligations of the health care institutions.

As the Authority has no liability with respect to these bonds and has no beneficial interest in the related assets held by the trustees, the Authority excludes these bonds and related assets held by the trustees from its financial statements.

Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements are comprised of two components: 1) the financial statements and 2) notes to the financial statements that provide enhanced disclosure of some of the information in the financial statements.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. This statement provides information about the nature and the amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the amounts due to the Authority's creditors (liabilities). It provides one way to measure the financial health of the Authority by providing the basis for evaluating the capital structure and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority. This information should be considered along with other non-financial factors, such as the change in economic conditions.

All of the current year's revenue and expenses are accounted for in the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position. This statement measures operations over the year and can be used to determine whether the Authority has recovered all of its costs through its revenue sources.

The final required financial statement is the statement of cash flows. This statement reports cash receipts, cash disbursements, and net changes in cash resulting from operating, investing, capital and related financing activities, and non-capital financing activities. This statement provides answers to such questions as where did cash come from, how was cash used, and what was the change in the cash balance during the period.

Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Years Ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017

Condensed Financial Information

	<u>2019</u>	<u>September 30, 2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Assets			
Current assets	\$7,238,731	\$6,669,254	\$6,253,276
Capital assets, net	-	634	727
Non-current assets	<u>2,051,349</u>	<u>1,994,401</u>	<u>1,991,747</u>
Total assets	<u>9,290,080</u>	<u>8,664,289</u>	<u>8,245,750</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	249,752	101,063	238,887
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	687,204	694,999	560,804
Non-current liabilities	<u>918,348</u>	<u>744,009</u>	<u>920,864</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,605,552</u>	<u>1,439,008</u>	<u>1,481,668</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>21,334</u>	<u>190,598</u>	<u>15,619</u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,626,886</u>	<u>1,629,606</u>	<u>1,497,287</u>
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	-	634	727
Restricted indemnification trust	2,051,350	1,994,401	1,991,747
Unrestricted	<u>5,861,596</u>	<u>5,140,711</u>	<u>4,994,876</u>
Total net position	<u>\$7,912,946</u>	<u>\$7,135,746</u>	<u>\$6,987,350</u>

Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Years Ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017

Condensed Financial Information (continued)

	For the Years Ended		
	2019	September 30, 2018	2017
Operating revenue			
Annual service fees	\$1,658,873	\$1,672,532	\$1,625,018
Less refunds	(542,383)	(640,324)	(498,534)
Initial fees	663,817	760,271	465,512
Total operating revenue	<u>1,780,307</u>	<u>1,792,479</u>	<u>1,591,996</u>
Operating expenses			
Direct costs of financings	452,539	550,703	427,329
General and administrative expenses	824,153	1,120,570	1,030,352
Total operating expenses	<u>1,276,692</u>	<u>1,671,273</u>	<u>1,457,681</u>
Non-operating revenue	<u>273,585</u>	<u>27,190</u>	<u>30,399</u>
Change in net position	777,200	148,396	164,714
Net position - beginning of year	7,135,746	6,987,350	6,822,636
Net position - end of year	<u>\$7,912,946</u>	<u>\$7,135,746</u>	<u>\$6,987,350</u>

Financial Analysis

Net Positions

Total assets of the Authority increased \$625,791, or 7.2%, from \$8,664,289 on September 30, 2018 to \$9,290,080 on September 30, 2019, and total liabilities increased \$166,544, or 11.6%, from \$1,439,008 on September 30, 2018 to \$1,605,552 on September 30, 2019. The increase in total assets is primarily due to an increase in investments, which resulted from investment purchases due to cash flow generated from operations. The increase in total liabilities is primarily due to a increase in the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability. Total assets of the Authority increased \$418,539, or 5.1%, from \$8,245,750 on September 30, 2017 to \$8,664,289 on September 30, 2018, and total liabilities decreased \$42,660, or 2.9%, from \$1,481,668 on September 30, 2017 to \$1,439,008 on September 30, 2018. The increase in total assets over this period is primarily due to an increase in investments, which resulted from investment purchases due to cash flow generated from operations. The decrease in total liabilities over this period is primarily due to a decrease in the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Deferred outflows of resources increased \$148,689, or 147.1%, from \$101,063 on September 30, 2018 to \$249,752 on September 30, 2019, and deferred inflows of resources decreased \$169,264, or 88.8%, from \$190,598 on September 30, 2018 to \$21,334 on September 30, 2019. The decrease in deferred outflows of resources and increase in deferred inflows of resources is primarily due to the changes in actuarial assumptions and expectations embedded in accounting for the pension plan. Deferred outflows of resources decreased \$137,824, or 57.7%, from \$238,887 on September 30, 2017 to \$101,063 on September 30, 2018, and deferred inflows of resources increased \$174,979, or 1,120%, from \$15,619 on September 30, 2017 to \$190,598 on September 30, 2018. The decrease in deferred outflows of resources and increase in deferred inflows of resources over this period is primarily due to the changes in actuarial assumptions and expectations embedded in accounting for the pension plan.

Financial Analysis (continued)

Net Positions (continued)

The net position of the Authority at September 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 was \$7,912,642, \$7,135,746 and \$6,987,350, respectively. As of September 30, 2019, 2018 and 2017 approximately \$2,000,000 is set aside in an irrevocable indemnification trust. An additional \$5,313,670, \$5,040,711 and \$4,894,876, respectively, has been designated by the Board of Directors (the "Board") to satisfy certain obligations of the Authority, described as follows. Pursuant to its statute, the Authority issues bonds with a maximum maturity of 40 years. The Authority has the responsibility of monitoring compliance with certain covenants in the financing documents and the ongoing financial and operating performance of its borrowers in accordance with such documents. The Authority is also involved in the remarketing of bonds, tax audits of bonds, workouts of bonds, and other post-issuance matters affecting its bonds. In the event the Authority is precluded from issuing bonds due to legislative changes or otherwise issues bonds less frequently than in the past and, therefore, experiences a decrease in revenues generated by such bond issues, the Authority needs to maintain sufficient reserves to provide for administrative costs over the next 40 years. These costs cover such items as personnel, office rent, insurance expenses, and legal and other outside consultants' fees, in addition to the Authority's share of the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado's pension shortfall. Net position of \$5,861,596, \$5,140,711 and 4,994,876, respectively, is undesignated.

Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Operating Activities

The Authority's operations consist of issuing bonds and loaning the proceeds thereof to health care and senior housing providers. The Authority also hosts educational seminars for the providers and sponsors and participates in various State associations, comprised of hospitals and long-term care facilities, as well as in national organizations comprised of entities involved in tax-exempt health care finance.

The Authority charges financing and administrative fees for its services as discussed herein and further in Note 2 to the accompanying financial statements.

The total operating revenue for the year ended September 30, 2019 was \$1,780,307, a decrease of \$12,172, or 0.7%, from the prior year. The total operating revenue for the year ended September 30, 2018 was \$1,792,479, an increase of \$200,483, or 12.6%, from the prior year. The initial fees are designed to cover the Authority's costs in issuing the bonds of the borrowing health care facilities and are paid by the borrowers at their closings. These fees are based on a percentage of the issuance amount, the type of issuance, and the time spent by legal professionals in connection with an issue. The initial fees decreased \$96,454, or 12.7%, in 2019 when compared to 2018. This is primarily due to the fact that although many more bonds were issued during this fiscal year, the largest issue fell within the Authority's fee cap. The initial fees increased \$294,759, or 63.3%, in 2018 when compared to 2017. This is primarily due to the increase in the total bond issuance amount of \$1,321,395,000 in 2018 versus \$559,310,000 in 2017. The annual fees cover the operating expenses of the Authority, since it receives no funding from the State. The gross annual service fees decreased \$13,659, or 0.8%, in 2019 when compared to 2018, due to a higher instance of bond redemption during 2019. In addition, the largest bond issuance occurred in the fourth quarter. The gross annual service fees increased \$47,514, or 2.9%, in 2018 when compared to 2017, due to a higher total amount of outstanding bonds.

Total operating expenses decreased \$394,584 or 23.6%, for the year ended September 30, 2019 when compared to the same period in 2018. This is due to a decrease in pension liability expense. In addition, financial advisor costs decreased due to more issues in 2019 that fell within the financial advisor fee cap. Other general and administrative expenses decreased \$296,417, or 26.5%, primarily due to a decrease in pension liability expense and a decrease in general legal services. Total operating expenses increased \$213,592, or 14.7%, for the year ended September 30, 2018 when compared to the same period in 2017.

Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Years Ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017

Financial Analysis (continued)

Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (continued)

This is due primarily to an increase in financing costs incurred by the Authority as a result of the increase in financings. Other general and administrative expenses increased \$90,218, or 8.8%, primarily due to increased expenses related to the pension liability, rent, and business development during 2018.

Non-Operating Activities

The only non-operating revenue shown on the Authority's financial statements is investment income earned on the investments held as part of the Authority's operating fund and trust. These investments are both Board-designated as well as unrestricted money. Investment income increased \$246,395, or 906.2%, from 2018 to 2019 due to an increase of 0.5% in interest rates related to investments purchased in 2019 verse those purchased in 2018, in addition to an increase in investment purchases. Investment income decreased \$3,209, or 3.9%, from 2017 to 2018 due to net decrease in the fair value of investments during this period.

Debt Administration

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Authority issued \$2,752,527,913 in bonds in seven bond issues. For the year ended September 30, 2018, the Authority issued \$1,321,395,000 in bonds in nine bond issues. In fiscal year 2017, the Authority issued \$559,310,000 in six bond issues.

Budget Analysis

The Authority had budgeted a surplus of \$402,906 for fiscal year 2019, but the actual surplus was \$777,200. This is due to a decrease in overall operating expenses primarily due to changes in the pension liability expense. The Authority had budgeted a surplus of \$446,284 for fiscal year 2018 before taking into account the refund to borrowers of a portion of their previously paid annual fees. The actual surplus was \$788,720 for fiscal year 2018. After a refund to borrowers of \$640,324, the remaining surplus was \$148,396 in 2018.

	For the Years Ended			
	September 30,			
	2019	2019	2018	2017
	(Actual)	(Budgeted)	(Actual)	(Actual)
Revenue	\$2,006,306	\$2,014,770	\$1,819,669	\$1,622,395
Expenses	<u>1,276,692</u>	<u>1,611,864</u>	<u>1,671,273</u>	<u>1,457,681</u>
Revenue over expenses	<u>\$729,614</u>	<u>\$402,906</u>	<u>\$148,396</u>	<u>\$164,714</u>

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's financial results for all those with an interest in the Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provide in this report or requests for information should be addressed to the Executive Director, 3033 E 1st Avenue Suite 301, Denver, CO 80206.

Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Statement of Net Position

September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,334,216	\$ 101,480
Investments	-	1,042,870
Accounts receivable	419,753	401,551
Other current assets	171,092	82,642
Assets limited as to use	5,313,670	5,040,711
Total current assets	7,238,731	6,669,254
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets - Net of accumulated depreciation of \$139,080 (2019) and \$138,446 (2018)	-	634
Indemnification trust	2,051,349	1,994,401
Total noncurrent assets	2,051,349	1,995,035
Total assets	9,290,080	8,664,289
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Deferred amortization related to pension plan	249,752	101,063
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	661,385	674,177
Accrued liabilities	25,819	20,822
Total current liabilities	687,204	694,999
Noncurrent liabilities - Net pension liability	918,348	744,009
Total liabilities	1,605,552	1,439,008
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Deferred amortization related to pension plan	21,334	190,598
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	-	634
Restricted indemnification trust	2,051,350	1,994,401
Unrestricted	5,861,596	5,140,711
Total net position	<u>\$ 7,912,946</u>	<u>\$ 7,135,746</u>

Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Operating Revenue		
Annual service fees	\$ 1,658,873	\$ 1,672,532
Less refunds	(542,383)	(640,324)
Initial fees	663,817	760,271
Total operating revenue	1,780,307	1,792,479
Operating Expenses		
Direct costs of financing:		
Financial consulting	301,189	431,836
Legal costs through closing	119,747	95,109
Postclosing legal costs	28,843	17,285
Multistate fee expense	-	4,910
Other	2,760	1,563
General and administrative expenses:		
Salaries and related	469,996	731,954
Office rent and expenses	180,852	163,393
Professional services	73,386	100,536
Legislative relations	45,628	50,151
Public information/business development	13,837	37,022
Council dues and meetings	14,036	21,743
Meetings	24,784	14,678
Trust expenses	1,000	1,000
Depreciation	634	93
Total operating expenses	1,276,692	1,671,273
Operating Income	503,615	121,206
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		
Interest and dividend income	144,946	88,653
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	128,639	(61,463)
Total nonoperating revenue	273,585	27,190
Change in Net Position	777,200	148,396
Net Position - Beginning of year	7,135,746	6,987,350
Net Position - End of year	\$ 7,912,946	\$ 7,135,746

Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended September 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 1,762,105	\$ 1,773,266
Cash payments to other suppliers of goods or services	(907,304)	(824,117)
Cash payments to employees for services	(608,613)	(590,597)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities	246,188	358,552
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Proceeds from sales of investments	2,150,000	1,300,000
Purchase of investments	(1,267,669)	(1,837,397)
Interest and dividend income	144,946	88,653
Purchases of investments - Indemnification trust	(40,729)	(897)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) investing activities	986,548	(449,641)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,232,736	(91,089)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year	101,480	192,569
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	<u>\$ 1,334,216</u>	<u>\$ 101,480</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash from Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$ 503,615	\$ 121,206
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash and cash equivalents from operating activities:		
Depreciation	634	93
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(18,202)	(19,213)
Prepaid financing expenses	(84,972)	372
Other current assets	(3,478)	(14,049)
Accounts payable	(12,792)	128,786
Accrued liabilities	4,997	5,409
Net pension liability and pension-related deferred inflows and outflows of resources	(143,614)	135,948
Total adjustments	(257,427)	237,346
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 246,188</u>	<u>\$ 358,552</u>
Significant Noncash Transactions - Net (increase) decrease in fair value of investments	\$ (128,639)	\$ 61,463

September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Organization

Colorado Health Facilities Authority (the "Authority") is an independent public body and political subdivision created, effective July 1, 1977, by an Act of the General Assembly of the State of Colorado. Although the Authority is not considered a component unit of the State of Colorado, the Authority is considered a related party to the State of Colorado.

The purpose of the Authority is to provide access to tax-exempt capital markets for nonprofit public and private healthcare institutions and senior housing facilities in order to refund or refinance outstanding indebtedness and to finance additional facilities and other capital expenditures.

While the Authority issues tax-exempt revenue bonds and enters into leases on behalf of the borrowing institutions, the Authority is not liable with respect to the bonds or lease payments outstanding. The balances included in the accompanying financial statements represent the financial position of the Authority and do not include balances related to the bonds issues or leases financed.

Component Unit

In 2003, the Authority's board of directors (the "Board") approved the creation of the Colorado Health Facilities Authority Trust (the "Trust"). Since the Trust's governing body is the same as the Authority's, the Trust is reported as a blended component unit.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The Authority is accounted for as a single-column business-type activity. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers all investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable arise in the normal course of business related to the annual fees charged to borrowers. The provision for uncollectible amounts is continually reviewed and adjusted to maintain the allowance at a level considered adequate to cover future losses. The allowance is management's best estimate of uncollectible amounts and is determined based on historical performance, which is tracked by the Authority on an ongoing basis. The losses ultimately incurred could differ materially in the near term from the amounts estimated in determining the allowance. As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, no allowance was considered necessary.

Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Interest, dividends, and realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in nonoperating income and expenses when incurred. It is the Authority's intention to hold the investment portfolio on a long-term basis, although the underlying investments may have a short-term maturity.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost when purchased and are depreciated on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of five years.

September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets Limited as to Use

The Board maintains a policy on the accumulation and maintenance of reserves whereby it determined that it was necessary to designate all reserves over \$100,000 to the maintenance of operations and obligations for the next 40 years, ending at the final maturity date of the bonds it has issued. Pursuant to its statute, the Authority issues bonds with a maximum maturity of 40 years. The Authority has the responsibility of monitoring compliance with certain covenants in the financing documents and the ongoing financial and operating performance of its borrowers in accordance with such documents. The Authority is also involved in the remarketing of bonds. In the event the Authority is precluded from issuing bonds due to legislative changes or otherwise issues bonds less frequently than in the past and, therefore, experiences a decrease in revenue generated by such bond issues, the Authority needs to maintain sufficient reserves to provide for administrative costs over the next 40 years. These costs cover such items as personnel, office rent, insurance expenses, and legal and other outside consultants' fees, in addition to the Authority's share of the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado's (PERA) pension shortfall. This designated reserve of \$5,313,670 and \$5,040,711 at September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, is maintained in cash and investments, classified as assets limited as to use in the accompanying statement of net position, and to be updated annually by the Board. These funds may be expended only upon specific action by the Board.

Net Position and Related Reserves

The Authority's net position is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation

Restricted indemnification trust - Consists of trust assets

Unrestricted - Consists of the remaining net position that is available for unrestricted use

Restricted Indemnification Trust

The trust assets and interest accrued thereon of \$2,051,350 and \$1,994,401 as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are currently maintained in U.S. Treasury bills and a Federated Treasury Obligation Fund and are classified as the restricted indemnification trust in the accompanying statement of net position.

Revenue and Expenses

The Authority's statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position distinguishes between operating and nonoperating revenue and expenses. Operating revenue results from exchange transactions associated with arranging financings and includes annual service fees and initial fees. Nonexchange income includes investment income and miscellaneous income and is reported as nonoperating. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to provide financing and the administrative expenses of the Authority.

The Authority charges two types of fees to the borrowers: an initial fee and an annual service fee. A portion of the initial fee may be collected prior to the issuance of bonds. In the event that bonds are not issued, any fees collected in excess of legal and other expenses incurred related to the issuance are refundable to the potential borrower. Thus, initial fees are recorded as revenue collected in advance and recognized as revenue when the related expenses are incurred, with any excess recognized when the bonds are issued. If legal and other expenses incurred exceed fees collected prior to bond issuance, such expenses are deferred and recorded as expense when the bonds are issued. Annual service fees are payable quarterly in arrears based on the bond anniversary date for issuances of borrowers with bonds outstanding of \$100,000,000 or less on a cumulative basis and are based on the Authority's fiscal year end for issuances of borrowers with bonds outstanding of more than \$100,000,000 on a cumulative basis. During the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Authority determined to refund \$589,969 and \$640,324, respectively, of its annual fees to the borrowers.

September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Risk Management

The Authority has a risk management program under which the various risks of loss associated with its business operations are identified and managed. The risk management techniques utilized include a combination of standard policies and procedures and purchased insurance. Commercial general liability, medical, property losses, workers' compensation, and public officials' liability are all managed through purchased insurance. There were no insurance losses that exceeded insurance coverage in each of the past three fiscal years. In addition, the Board entered into an agreement to create a trust to pay or reimburse, upon satisfaction of certain requirements, any indemnification claims of past, present, or future directors, officers, and employees of the Authority. The Trust is currently funded in the amount of approximately \$2,000,000.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources; the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements; and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pension

The Authority participates in the Local Government Division Trust Fund (the "LGDTF"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado. The LGDTF provides retirement and disability, postretirement annual increases, and death benefits for members or their beneficiaries. The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*; GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*; and GASB Statement No. 82, *Pension Issues - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73*. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Authority's financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2020.

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*, which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The Authority is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the Authority's financial statements for the year ending September 30, 2021.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Subsequent Events

The financial statements and related disclosures include evaluation of events up through and including December 17, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Colorado statutes require that the Authority use eligible public depositories for all cash deposits as defined by the Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA). Under the PDPA, the depository is required to pledge eligible collateral having a market value at all times equal to at least 102 percent of the aggregate public deposits held by the depository not insured by the FDIC.

Eligible collateral, as defined by the PDPA, primarily includes obligations of, or guarantees by, the U.S. government, the State of Colorado, or any political subdivision thereof, and obligations evidenced by notes secured by first-lien mortgages or deeds of trust on real property. The Authority's deposits and investments include the following:

	2019		
	Deposits	Investments	Total
Cash	\$ 1,334,216	\$ -	\$ 1,334,216
Assets limited as to use	-	5,313,670	5,313,670
Indemnification trust	-	2,051,349	2,051,349
Total deposits and investments	\$ 1,334,216	\$ 7,365,019	\$ 8,699,235

	2018		
	Deposits	Investments	Total
Cash	\$ 101,480	\$ -	\$ 101,480
Investments	-	1,042,870	1,042,870
Assets limited as to use	-	5,040,711	5,040,711
Indemnification trust	-	1,994,401	1,994,401
Total	\$ 101,480	\$ 8,077,982	\$ 8,179,462

The bank balances on deposit were \$1,366,562 and \$126,902 at September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 3*, establishes and modifies disclosure requirements related to interest risk, custodial credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and foreign currency risk. The Authority's investment portfolio is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Authority had the following investments:

Investment Type	2019	
	Fair Value	Weighted-average Maturity in Years
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 6,032,920	1.14
Federated Treasury Obligation Fund	1,403	N/A
U.S. government agency securities	1,330,696	0.75
Total	\$ 7,365,019	

September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Investment Type	2018	
	Fair Value	Weighted-average Maturity in Years
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 5,017,238	1.84
Federated Treasury Obligation Fund	12,092	N/A
U.S. government agency securities	3,048,652	0.82
Total	<u>\$ 8,077,982</u>	

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the Authority manages credit risk by investing surplus funds, in accordance with Colorado statutes, at the maximum interest rates available for maturities coincident with the need for those funds. The Authority manages its exposure to declines in fair values by purchasing investments with different maturities, not to exceed 10 years.

Credit Risk

The Authority adheres to an investment policy of purchasing investments restricted to direct U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency obligations, obligations issued by any state or any of its political subdivisions, repurchase agreements secured by U.S. Treasury or U.S. agency obligations, and qualified certificates of deposit or time deposits that are insured by the FDIC. The Authority's investments in U.S. Treasury obligations were rated A-1+ by Standard & Poor's and P-1 by Moody's. The Authority's investment in the Federated Treasury Obligation Fund was rated A-1+ by Standard & Poor's and P-1 by Moody's. The Authority's U.S. government agency securities were rated A-1+ to AA+ by Standard & Poor's and P-1 to Aa1 by Moody's.

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

Accounting standards require certain assets and liabilities be reported at fair value in the financial statements and provide a framework for establishing that fair value. The framework for determining fair value is based on a hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value.

The following tables present information about the Authority's assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis at September 30, 2019 and 2018 and the valuation techniques used by the Authority to determine those fair values.

Fair values determined by Level 1 inputs use quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the Authority has the ability to access.

Fair values determined by Level 2 inputs use other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly. These Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets and other inputs, such as interest rates and yield curves, that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, including inputs that are available in situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the related asset. These Level 3 fair value measurements are based primarily on management's own estimates using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques taking into account the characteristics of the asset.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Authority's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

September 30, 2019 and 2018

Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis at September 30, 2019				
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at September 30, 2019
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 6,032,920	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,032,920
U.S. government agency securities	-	1,330,696	-	1,330,696
Money market fund	1,403	-	-	1,403
Total	\$ 6,034,323	\$ 1,330,696	\$ -	\$ 7,365,019

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis at September 30, 2018				
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance at September 30, 2018
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 5,017,238	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,017,238
U.S. government agency securities	-	3,048,652	-	3,048,652
Money market fund	12,092	-	-	12,092
Total	\$ 5,029,330	\$ 3,048,652	\$ -	\$ 8,077,982

U.S. Treasury bills and the money market fund classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for the securities. U.S. government agency securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing model.

There were no changes to the valuation methodologies used for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Authority was as follows:

	Balance October 1, 2018	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance September 30, 2019
Capital assets being depreciated - Furniture and fixtures	\$ 139,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 139,080
Accumulated depreciation	138,446	634	-	139,080
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$ 634	\$ (634)	\$ -	\$ -

Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance October 1, 2017	Additions	Disposals and Adjustments	Balance September 30, 2018
Capital assets being depreciated - Furniture and fixtures	\$ 139,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 139,080
Accumulated depreciation	138,353	93	-	138,446
Net capital assets being depreciated	<u>\$ 727</u>	<u>\$ (93)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 634</u>

Note 6 - Budget Policies

The Authority prepares a nonappropriated operating budget annually. This budget is adopted by the Board, which reviews actual results as compared to the budget on a quarterly basis. The budget is prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

Note 7 - Lease Commitments

The Authority maintains a lease for office space through July 31, 2021. Rental expense of \$98,594 and \$94,254 was charged to operations for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Future minimum annual commitments under these operating leases are as follows:

Years Ending September 30	Amount
2020	\$ 93,140
2021	79,535
Total	<u>\$ 172,675</u>

Note 8 - Pension Plan

Plan Description

The authority employees are provided with pensions through the Local Government Division Trust Fund, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (the "Plan") administered by PERA. For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same bases as they are reported by PERA. Title 24, Article 51, Part 4 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) grants the authority to establish benefit provisions to the state Legislature. PERA issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained online at www.copera.org or by writing to Colorado PERA, 1301 Pennsylvania Street, Denver, CO 80203, or by calling PERA at 303-832-9550 or 800-759-PERA (7372).

Note 8 - Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides retirement and disability, postretirement annual increases, and death benefits for members or their beneficiaries. Retirement benefits are based upon a defined or fixed multiplier, age, years of credited services, and highest average salary (HAS). For most employees, HAS is one-twelfth of the average of the highest annual salaries that are associated with three periods of 12 consecutive months under PERA-covered employment. The basic retirement benefit equals 2.5 percent times HAS times years of service. Employees with 25 years of continuous service are eligible to retire at age 50. Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits with five or more years of service. Disability benefits are divided into a two-tier disability program consisting of a short-term disability program and a disability retirement benefit. At benefit commencement, the member can choose from different payment options, some of which can continue after the retiree's death to a named beneficiary and for which the benefit amount is appropriately adjusted.

Contributions

Plan members and the Authority are required to contribute to the Plan at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements are established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 4 of the CRS, as amended. The contribution rate for members is 8 percent and, for the Authority, it is 10 percent of covered salary. A portion of the Authority's contribution, 1.02 percent for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, is allocated for the Health Care Trust Fund. The Authority is also required to pay an amortization equalization disbursement of 2.2 percent of the total payroll for the calendar years 2019 and 2018 and a supplemental amortization equalization of 1.5 percent of total payroll for the calendar years 2019 and 2018. The total contribution rate to the pension plan was 12.68 percent for the calendar years 2019 and 2018. The Authority's employer contributions to PERA for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$66,915 and \$58,383, respectively, equal to its required contributions for the year.

Net Pension Liability

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Authority reported a liability of \$918,348 and \$744,009, respectively, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined as of December 31, 2018 using standard roll-forward techniques on an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2017. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Authority's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating local governments, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2018, the Authority's proportion was 0.0730 percent, which was an increase of 0.0062 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2017.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$88,158.

Note 8 - Pension Plan (Continued)

At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	2019		2018	
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 37,689	\$ -	\$ 46,384	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	-	-	8,022	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	122,045	-	-	181,109
Changes in proportion and differences between the Authority's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	44,953	21,334	2,870	9,489
The Authority's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	45,065	-	43,787	-
Total	\$ 249,752	\$ 21,334	\$ 101,063	\$ 190,598

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Authority contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$45,065 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending September 30	Amount
2020	\$ 80,985
2021	32,684
2022	11,660
2023	58,024
Total	\$ 183,353

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Local Government Division Trust Fund
Inflation	2.40%
Salary increases (average, including inflation)	3.50% - 10.45%
Long-term investment rate of return (net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation)	7.25%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale AA to 2020 with males set back one year and females set back two years.

Note 8 - Pension Plan (Continued)

The Plan's total pension liability was determined by actuarial valuations as of December 31, 2017, and accepted actuarial procedures were applied to roll forward the pension liability to December 31, 2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2017 valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from January 1, 2012 through December 31, 2015.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from the local governments will be made at equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Investment Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. equity - Large cap	21.20 %	4.30 %
U.S. equity - Small cap	7.42	4.80
Non-U.S. equity - Developed	18.55	5.20
Non-U.S. equity - Emerging	5.83	5.40
Core fixed income	19.32	1.20
High yield	1.38	4.30
Non-U.S. fixed income - Developed	1.84	0.60
Emerging market debt	0.46	3.90
Core real estate	8.50	4.90
Opportunity fund	6.00	3.80
Private equity	8.50	6.60
Cash	1.00	0.20

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
The Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,404,883	\$ 918,348	\$ 511,313

Note 8 - Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERA plan financial report.

Note 9 - Defeased Bond Issues

A number of the bond issues have been defeased with the proceeds of the Authority's refunding bonds or escrow deposits made by the borrower institutions. In these instances, cash, U.S. government obligations, or other securities permitted by the bond indentures are deposited with a trustee in an irrevocable escrow account to be used solely to retire the bonds being refunded at a future date. This escrow deposit must be sufficient in amount to pay maturing principal, interest, and applicable call premiums on the advance refunded bonds when due. The escrowed assets are pledged solely to the bondholders of the refunded issues. The lien and secured interests of the bond trustee and the Authority created by the bond indenture and loan agreement governing the advance-refunded bond issue are defeased or released at the time the escrow deposit is made. As such, defeased bond issues are not considered to be outstanding as of September 30, 2019 and 2018, as applicable, in the schedule of bonds outstanding and the balance disclosed in Note 11.

Note 10 - Defaults

Certain bond issues may be declared to be in default from time to time. While the Authority is not responsible for the repayment of the bonds, it can incur costs to assist in the resolution of the defaults. The Authority has been informed by the bond trustee that the Colorado Senior Residences' Series 2012 bonds have payment and covenant defaults. The bondholders of a majority of the aggregate principal amount of bonds outstanding have agreed to forebear exercising remedies under the bond indenture until September 30, 2019.

Note 11 - Bond Issues (Unaudited)

As of September 30, 2019 and 2018, the Authority issued the bond issues as shown in the schedule of bonds outstanding. The total amount of bonds outstanding at September 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$7,984,095,824 and \$7,725,180,246, respectively.

Required Supplemental Information

Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Required Supplemental Information
 Schedule of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
 Local Government Division Trust Pension Plan

	Last Six Plan Years*					
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Authority's proportion of the net pension liability	0.07305 %	0.06682 %	0.06819 %	0.07081 %	0.07125 %	0.07105 %
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$	918,348 \$	744,009 \$	920,864 \$	780,019 \$	638,632 \$	584,678 \$
Authority's covered payroll	479,106 \$	421,538 \$	413,346 \$	402,141 \$	390,429 \$	379,055 \$
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	191.68 %	176.50 %	222.78 %	193.97 %	163.57 %	154.25 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	75.96 %	79.37 %	73.65 %	76.87 %	80.72 %	77.66 %

Note: The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31.

*The required supplemental information is intended to show information for 10 years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Required Supplemental Information
Schedule of the Authority's Contributions
Local Government Division Trust Pension Plan

Last Six Fiscal Years*
Years Ended September 30

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 66,915	\$ 58,383	\$ 57,540	\$ 56,325	\$ 54,683	\$ 53,488
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	66,915	58,383	57,540	56,325	54,683	53,488
Contribution Excess	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$ 463,656	\$ 421,538	\$ 436,450	\$ 416,129	\$ 399,145	\$ 387,520
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	14.43 %	13.85 %	13.18 %	13.54 %	13.70 %	13.80 %

There were no changes to benefit terms, changes in the size or composition of the population covered by benefit terms, or the use of different assumptions, which would affect trends significantly in the amounts reported for the Plan during the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018.

*The required supplemental information is intended to show information for 10 years, and additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

Other Supplemental Information

Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Schedule I - Schedule of Bonds Outstanding

Bond Issue	Amount Outstanding as of September 30,	
	2019	2018
Adventist Health System/Sunbelt Obligated Group, Series 2010	\$ 17,500,000	\$ 18,500,000
Adventist Health System/Sunbelt Obligated Group, Series 2014	75,000,000	75,000,000
Adventist Health System/Sunbelt Obligated Group, Series 2016	376,000,000	376,000,000
Adventist Health System/Sunbelt Obligated Group, Series 2017	91,000,000	95,500,000
Adventist Health System/Sunbelt Obligated Group, Series 2018	343,395,000	343,395,000
Adventist Health System/Sunbelt Obligated Group, Series 2019	481,525,000	-
Allosource Project, Series 2010	12,563,000	13,631,000
Allosource Project, Series 2015	7,172,513	7,829,618
American Baptist Homes, Series 2013	48,250,000	48,370,000
American Baptist Homes, Series 2016	6,580,000	6,685,000
Augustana Elk Run Assisted Living Project, Series 2013	875,000	875,000
Bethesda Living Centers, Series 2014	-	39,987,331
Bethesda Living Centers, Series 2016	-	19,173,979
Bethesda Living Centers, Series 2018	123,095,000	-
Boulder Community Hospital Project, Series 2000	40,120,000	40,400,000
Boulder Community Hospital Project, Series 2010 A & B	56,555,000	62,870,000
Boulder Community Hospital Project, Series 2012	26,540,000	27,170,000
Boulder Community Hospital Project, Series 2014	30,000,000	30,000,000
Brent Eley Center, Series 2012	1,597,000	1,696,705
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2004	54,200,000	54,200,000
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2006	-	263,040,000
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2008	52,990,000	52,990,000
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2008D	61,215,000	185,280,000
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2009	160,705,000	480,215,000
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2011A & C	295,115,000	431,405,000
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2013A	254,765,000	254,765,000
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2013B	100,000,000	100,000,000
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2015	79,072,350	142,842,350
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2017	-	250,000,000
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2017	-	333,745,000
Catholic Health Initiatives, Series 2018	-	200,000,000
Children's Hospital Colorado, Series 2013	309,320,000	309,590,000
Children's Hospital Colorado, Series 2016	228,150,000	233,695,000
Children's Hospital Colorado, Series 2019	18,627,681	-
Christian Living Communities - Clermont Park, Series 2011A & B	8,085,000	8,085,000
Christian Living Communities, Series 2012	40,645,000	42,195,000
Christian Living Communities, Series 2016	62,515,000	64,350,000
Colorado Senior Residences - Casey's Pond, Series 2012	44,705,000	44,705,000
Common Spirit Health, Series 2019 A-1	2,043,210,000	-
Covenant Retirement Communities, Inc., Series 2012A, B, & C	135,320,000	136,985,000
Covenant Retirement Communities, Inc., Series 2013	21,995,000	29,545,000
Covenant Retirement Communities, Inc., Series 2015 A	97,460,000	101,875,000
Covenant Retirement Communities, Inc., Series 2015 B	12,595,000	15,295,000
Covenant Retirement Communities, Inc., Series 2018A	59,780,000	-
Craig Hospital, Series 2012	33,500,000	34,255,000
The Denver Hospice Project, Series 2019	9,200,000	-
Denver Options dba Rocky Mountain Human Services, Series 2012	6,116,787	8,311,091

Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Schedule I - Schedule of Bonds Outstanding (Continued)

Bond Issue	Amount Outstanding as of September 30,	
	2019	2018
Devereux Foundation, Series 2012	\$ 2,707,767	\$ 3,434,454
Eaton Senior Residences Project, Series 2014	-	6,212,000
Eaton Senior Communities Project, Series 2018	12,868,410	-
Evangelical Lutheran Good Samaritan Society Project, Series 2012	-	166,740,000
Evangelical Lutheran Good Samaritan Society Project, Series 2013	-	63,675,000
Evangelical Lutheran Good Samaritan Society Project, Series 2015	-	198,010,000
Evangelical Lutheran Good Samaritan Society Project, Series 2017	-	214,385,000
Frasier Meadows Manor Inc. Project, Series 2017	56,000,000	56,000,000
Frasier Meadows Manor Inc. Project, Series 2017	83,025,000	84,350,000
Freedom Service Dogs, Series 2015	240,920	859,109
Golden West Manor, Series 2005	6,330,153	6,583,749
Goodwill Industries of Denver, Series 2013	5,850,000	6,090,000
Longmont United Hospital Project, Series 2006	24,115,000	24,115,000
Longmont United Hospital Project, Series 2013	9,180,000	10,875,000
Mental Health Center of Denver, Series 2014	22,265,000	22,625,000
Montrose Series 2017	20,911,633	22,034,584
National Jewish Medical and Research Center Project, Series 2005	9,100,000	9,500,000
National Jewish Medical and Research Center Project, Series 2012	15,895,000	17,705,000
North Colorado Medical Center Inc. Project, Series 2012	34,585,000	38,530,000
North Colorado Medical Center Inc. Project, Series 2013	43,058,976	49,548,132
North Colorado Medical Center Inc. Project, Series 2016	114,395,000	114,580,000
Parkview Medical Center, Series 2012	23,280,000	24,395,000
Parkview Medical Center, Series 2014	6,775,000	7,820,000
Parkview Medical Center, Series 2015	40,240,000	40,825,000
Parkview Medical Center, Series 2016	70,590,000	70,590,000
Parkview Medical Center, Series 2017	15,285,000	16,260,000
Peak Vista Community Health Centers, Series 2012	6,512,687	6,923,679
Peak Vista Community Health Centers, Series 2013	6,657,824	7,001,998
Plan De Salud del Valle, Series 2010	11,375,000	12,030,000
Ralston Creek, Series 2017	48,135,000	48,135,000
Rocky Mountain Youth Clinic, Series 2010	985,254	1,034,154
Sisters of Charity of Leavenworth Health System, Series 2010	469,065,000	485,785,000
Sisters of Charity of Leavenworth Health System, Series 2011	54,100,000	55,305,000
Sisters of Charity of Leavenworth Health System, Series 2013A	300,000,000	300,000,000
Sisters of Charity of Leavenworth Health System, Series 2016	221,970,000	221,970,000
Sunny Vista, Series 2015	43,220,000	43,670,000
Vail Valley Medical Center, Series 2012	12,702,868	14,531,313
Vail Valley Medical Center, Series 2015	100,000,000	100,000,000
Valley View Hospital, Series 2015	44,555,000	45,000,000
Valley View Hospital, Series 2017	41,285,000	41,580,000
Valley View Hospital, Series 2017	55,715,000	57,160,000
Volunteers of America Care Facilities Obligated Group Projects, Series 2007	24,065,000	24,860,000
	<u>\$ 7,984,095,824</u>	<u>\$ 7,725,180,246</u>

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of
Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

To Management and the Board of Directors
Colorado Health Facilities Authority

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Colorado Health Facilities Authority (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 17, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Authority's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

To Management and the Board of Directors
Colorado Health Facilities Authority

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

December 17, 2019

