

Overview of Substance Abuse Treatment Services: Fiscal Year 2009



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Introduction

Substance abuse is known to have a high occurrence rate among incarcerated populations; Colorado is no exception. The present study evaluates the needs of offenders and the availability of treatment services within the Colorado Department of Corrections (CDOC).

Substance abuse programs operate under CDOC Behavioral Health Services as the division of Alcohol and Drug Services. The mission of this division is “to assess substance-abusing offenders and provide them a continuum of interventions for ongoing self-change.” Assessment information is used as a guide for making treatment placements into available treatment services, which vary in duration and intensity.

The delivery of substance abuse services within Colorado’s criminal justice system was dramatically changed with the passage of Colorado Revised Statute (C.R.S.) 16-11.5. This legislation mandated three important components for felons: (1) a standardized procedure for assessment of substance abuse, including chemical testing, (2) a system of education and treatment programs for substance abusers, and (3) a system of punitive sanctions for offenders who test positive after the initial test. The CDOC, the State Judicial Department, the Division of Criminal Justice of the Department of Public Safety, and the Department of Human Services launched a cooperative effort to fulfill these legislative mandates.

STANDARDIZED ASSESSMENT

The Standardized Offender Assessment-Revised (SOA-R) comprises four instruments. The primary assessment includes the Level of Supervision Inventory-Revised (LSI-R) as a recidivism risk measure and the Simple Screening Instrument-Revised (SSI-R) as a substance abuse screening measure. The Adult Substance Use Survey-Revised (ASUS-R) and the Treatment Recommendation Worksheet (TxRW) are administered as the secondary assessments. All offenders need to be assessed on the primary assessment. Only those identified with an alcohol or drug problem by the SSI-R require a secondary assessment.

Introduction

STANDARDIZED TREATMENT SYSTEM

In conjunction with the SOA-R, a treatment system was formulated. The treatment system, consisting of eight categorical levels, is tied to the assessment battery. Scores on the standardized assessment drive placement into one of the treatment levels. The treatment system provides education and therapy services of varying intensity and duration.

Level 1: No Treatment

Offenders assigned to the first level include those who require no substance abuse treatment. Individuals assessed as Level 1 have no current clinical diagnosis of substance abuse or dependence.

Level 2: Drug and Alcohol Education and Increased Urinalyses

The second treatment level is prescribed for individuals with no clinical diagnosis of substance abuse or dependence and no withdrawal symptoms. Participants must be mentally, physically, and cognitively capable of participation. Level 2 education should be structured and curriculum-based; however, content may vary. These programs must incorporate urinalyses and substance abuse education that strives to increase awareness of the effects of drug and alcohol usage. The hours for this level are generally open to the facilities' own guidelines.

Level 3: Weekly Outpatient (WOP)

Weekly outpatient treatment, level 3, is structured for individuals who may have a clinical diagnosis of substance abuse or dependence. Level 3 programs are designed for individuals who experience up to two of the following consequences of substance abuse: employment difficulties, legal difficulties, or damaged personal relationships. Individuals may be appropriate for weekly outpatient treatment if they completed a more intensive program and need continuing support. It is recommended that participants at this level are voluntary, motivated, and have positive support systems outside of treatment. The general parameters of weekly outpatient treatment are 1 to 3 hours per week within a 3-to-12-month duration.

Level 4a: Enhanced Outpatient (EOP)

Enhanced outpatient treatment, level 4a, is also structured for individuals who may have a clinical diagnosis of substance abuse or dependence. Individuals may have an emotional, behavioral, or cognitive disorder requiring intensive monitoring to minimize distractions from treatment. Individuals also may have performed poorly in weekly outpatient therapy while under supervision and may have a poor support system, which necessitates more intensive treatment services. Individuals may be appropriate for enhanced outpatient treatment if they completed a more intensive program and need continuing support. It is recommended, although not required, that participants at this level are voluntary and motivated. Level 4a programs typically involve 3 to

8 hours of treatment services each week for a period of 4 to 12 weeks. Level 4a treatment should be followed by level 3 treatment.

Level 4b: Intensive Outpatient (IOP)

Level 4b, intensive outpatient treatment, is designed for individuals who require more structured therapy than is provided through weekly or enhanced outpatient treatment. Individuals may be assigned to level 4b treatment if their histories indicate unsuccessful treatment attempts, prolonged intoxication or lengthy withdrawal, and serious behavioral changes (e.g., legal or family problems) due to substance abuse. Intensive outpatient programs are best suited to individuals who realize the seriousness of their substance abuse problems, but have negative or non-existent support systems and are a high risk for continued drug use. This level may be appropriate for individuals who have a dual diagnosis, present a risk to self or others, or have successfully completed an intensive residential program. Level 4b differs from levels 3 and 4a primarily in intensity; level 4b programs are typically 9 to 19 treatment hours per week for 4 to 6 weeks with continuing care and should be followed by level 4a or level 3 treatment.

Level 4c: Intensive Residential Treatment (IRT)

Level 4c is an intensive residential program for individuals presenting with serious substance abuse problems. Intensive residential programs typically last 30 days; however, some programs may be as short as 14 days or as long as 120 days. The purpose of level 4c treatment is to provide a brief, intense treatment intervention. IRTs are structured to accommodate persons requiring medical attention — particularly for disorders related to prolonged substance abuse. Individuals who are diagnosed with a chronic psychiatric disorder or present a danger to self or others are appropriate for placement in a level 4c program. Additionally, level 4c programs treat individuals who lack a positive support system, experience substantial denial, or exhibit inability to sustain independent functioning outside of a controlled environment. Level 4c treatment should be followed by a progressive continuum of level 4b, 4a, and 3 treatments.

Level 4d: Therapeutic Community (TC)

Level 4d programs are similar to level 4c in that they are residential in nature, but 4d programs have longer treatment stays and are more structured than the lower levels. Typically, TCs have a 6-to-12-month length of stay. TCs are designed for individuals with extensive criminal histories, antisocial behavior, limited social support, and multiple unsuccessful treatment attempts. Level 4d programs use confrontation techniques and place high levels of responsibility on the individual participants for their treatment.

Introduction

Level 5: Medical/Mental Health Referral

The final level of treatment, level 5, characterizes individuals with the most serious cognitive, emotional, and/or behavioral problems. Typically, individuals have a psychiatric disorder or a severe medical issue that warrants suspension of substance abuse treatment until the issue can be addressed. Due to the extreme severity of their psychological or physical problems, individuals in this category may be considered inappropriate for treatment and should be referred for a medical and/or mental health evaluation by a licensed professional.

SANCTIONS

A system of punitive sanctions for continued substance use is another mandate under C.R.S. 16-11.5. The system of sanctions is related to the SOA-R and takes the following factors into consideration: (1) level of criminal risk, (2) severity of substance abuse, (3) compliance in supervision, and (4) treatment participation and compliance. Recognizing that each agency must develop its own policies and procedures to respond to offender substance use, specific sanctions (e.g., SOA-R reassessment, increased supervision, loss of privileges) based on the four factors are suggested.

Overview of Prison-Based Services

Substance abuse treatment programs are offered at most CDOC facilities. Prior to fiscal year (FY) 2008, alcohol and drug services were provided by contract service providers. However, beginning July 1, 2008, the contract positions, with the exception of the Denver Women's Correctional Facility (DWCF) therapeutic community (TC) staff, were converted to CDOC state employees. The offender population, administrators, mental health coordinators, and treatment providers influence the drug and alcohol programs available at each facility. However, one commonality across facilities is that treatment is generally offered on a group basis.

This program guide describes substance abuse services provided by Alcohol and Drug Services staff in CDOC facilities as of June 30, 2010. Each treatment program is briefly described below. These curricula may be offered at different levels of intensity based on the offender's assessed need and licensed program level.

PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

Alcohol and Drug Education

Due to limited access to alcohol and drug treatment services in some facilities, a basic substance abuse education program is offered to assist offenders in their return to society by providing basic relapse prevention skills. This educational program is designed in two ways. It can be presented in the classroom or it can be presented individually (e.g., at the cell door), with the counselor monitoring the offender's weekly progress.

Relapse Prevention

The relapse prevention program is designed for offenders who have suffered substance abuse relapse, usually indicated by a positive urinalysis, while incarcerated or on parole. Within the program, offenders develop their own plan to remain abstinent while incarcerated as well as following their release to the community. In particular, this group focuses on connecting offenders to some other form of treatment such as AA or individual counseling.

Prison-Based Services

Strategies for Self-Improvement and Change (SSC)

The SSC curriculum comprises three phases. Which phases are offered depends on the counselor and the facility. Groups also may include substance abuse education and relapse prevention. SSC is a cognitive-behavioral-based approach designed specifically for substance-abusing offenders. Most facilities offer Phase I and some offer Phase II, but typically Phase III is available in the community.

Phase I

Offenders are challenged to alter their thinking patterns by developing self-awareness. They are taught that altering their thoughts and behaviors are necessary to make positive changes.

Phase II

Offenders are encouraged to focus on developing and implementing action plans.

Phase III

This phase helps offenders develop the critical thinking necessary to resolve conflict and begin to deal with their issues.

Therapeutic Community (TC)

There are four TC programs offered in CDOC state facilities. Three are TC programs for male offenders, one of which is a modified TC for offenders with mental illness, and one is a TC for female offenders. In order for an offender to be eligible for TC treatment, he or she must be recommended for treatment at either a 4c (IRT) or 4d (TC) treatment level. Offenders must also be past or within 5 years of their parole eligibility date and must be within 9 months, and not more than 8 years, from their mandatory release date. Sex offender treatment needs, mental health needs, and custody levels are also considered as part of the eligibility criteria. The four TC programs are described in further detail below.

Challenge to Change TC

The Challenge to Change TC is housed at the DWCF and earned its American Correctional Association (ACA) accreditation in June 2009. The program is a long-term residential behavior modification program for substance dependent/abusing female adults. The program offers affective and cognitive components and is divided into five units: Orientation lasts 21 days; Phases I, II, and III each last approximately 2 months; and the Phase III transitional period lasts an additional 2 months. Completion of the program is primarily determined by the motivation of the individual client. The program contains an earned privilege system in which the residents progress through the phases as a reward for taking ownership for past and present behaviors. The Phase III transitional segment includes an aftercare period in which offenders who have completed the

program may stay in the unit for an additional 30 days to continue to attend groups and gain support before transitioning out of the TC unit.

Crossroad to Freedom House TC

Crossroad to Freedom House TC is located at the Arrowhead Correctional Center (ACC) and has been ACA accredited since August 2003. This TC is shared by substance-abusing offenders and sexual offenders, although the groups reside in separate housing units and attend most treatment sessions independent of each other. This TC operates from a cognitive-behavioral perspective, providing a highly structured, intensive treatment opportunity for incarcerated offenders entrenched in an addictive, criminal lifestyle. The program places high demands and expectations on community members, yet also provides them a prospect for recovery. The rules of the TC model those within society. This program has 25 beds reserved for dually diagnosed offenders. Responsibility within the community is stressed to residents. For senior members of the TC, there is a leadership class which meets bi-weekly for approximately 2.5 hours. This program also has a reach-in transition component with the community-based Peer I and Independence House TC programs.

O.U.R. House TC

The O.U.R. House TC is located at the Sterling Correctional Facility (SCF) and has been ACA accredited since January 2007. This TC is based on a cognitive-behavioral model and uses intensive group therapy that is highly structured and confrontational. Therapeutic tools such as recognizing and correcting thinking errors, journaling, rational emotive behavioral therapy, group therapy, encounter groups, and intensive relapse prevention programs are featured. Offenders with mental illness have a part-time staff person who is dedicated to addressing co-occurring needs. Treatment staff team up with case managers, other key facility providers, and community service providers to assist offenders in reintegration to the community.

Personal Reflections TC

The Personal Reflections TC is located at the San Carlos Correctional Facility (SCCF) and has been ACA accredited since May 2009. This modified TC is designed for offenders who have a dual diagnosis, indicating both a serious mental illness and a substance abuse problem. The TC model is based on the idea that drug abuse manifests itself globally within individuals, thereby affecting social and psychological management. This particular program operates from a cognitive-behavioral orientation in which offenders address problem behavior in the forum of the community. Both SSC and Dialectical Behavior Therapy groups are offered within the TC. The program stresses individual accountability and responsibility to the community. The substance abuse staff interfaces with other CDOC staff for anger management and sex offender treatment. Counselors from SCCF also participate in staffing and provide aftercare groups for offenders who have transitioned from SCCF to the Independence House community corrections centers.

Prison-Based Services

Voluntary Programs

These are programs that offenders can choose to attend but do not fulfill their SOA-R treatment requirements. These programs do not fit within the standardized treatment level system but provide valuable services to offenders. Groups are facilitated by community volunteers or facility staff.

Aftercare

This support group is a volunteer meeting for those offenders who have completed a substance abuse program, those waiting to enroll in a treatment program, or those who have treatment needs not available at the facility. In this group, offenders discuss personal issues they have not coped with well in the past and they identify ways to develop new skills for dealing with future relapse and recidivism challenges. This is an open and ongoing group for all offenders who attend.

Alcoholics Anonymous (AA)

The AA program is a 12-step, self-help group. These groups are available to all offenders at all facilities on a voluntary basis. Volunteers from the community usually oversee the groups. Some facilities offer an AA sponsorship program in which a community volunteer comes to the facility a few times a month for private one-on-one meetings with a participating offender.

Alcohol and Drug Education: Female Administrative Segregation

This program follows the curriculum for Alcohol and Drug Education, seeking to provide female offenders in administrative segregation an opportunity to gain basic substance abuse education around relapse prevention. It is offered in a classroom format and is an open, ongoing group that offenders attend voluntarily.

Challenge to Change I & II

These programs were developed primarily for offenders with TC treatment needs and are geared towards introducing these offenders to cognitive behavioral programming until they can be moved to a facility that offers a TC program. Even though this introductory program is voluntary, it is run as a closed group with a waitlist due to a high volume of offenders with TC treatment needs. Throughout this program offenders are able to share, in safety, their fears and concerns about the changes they need to make and what they will experience in the TC program.

Christian 12-Step Ministry

The program is a teaching ministry presenting the message of recovery and freedom from addiction through a Christian perspective.

Driving with Care: Level II Education

This is a 24-hour education program for persons who have been convicted of driving while their blood level was beyond legal limits or while they were under the influence of a drug other than alcohol. This group does not fall under the SOA-R level treatment system, but does require that the offender meet eligibility criteria established by the Department of Motor Vehicles. Offenders must attend every group session to gain participant credit. The main purpose of this program is to help the individual make informed choices to prevent impaired driving in the future. This program is licensed by the Division of Behavioral Health, and all treatment information is placed in the Treatment Management System (statewide). Offenders can receive credit for this program while incarcerated and apply it toward regaining their driver's license.

HIV 101 Workshop

The program is co-facilitated by counselors, teachers, and medical staff at Colorado Territorial Correctional Facility (CTCF) under a grant from the Department of Health and emphasizes educating the offenders with prevention methods for Hepatitis-C, HIV, and other sexually transmitted diseases. This 3-hour workshop is offered approximately six times a year at CTCF and each class has approximately 80 attendees.

Narcotics Anonymous (NA)

The NA program is a 12-step, self-help group for offenders experiencing problems with drugs other than alcohol. The group offers recovering addicts peer support.

Relapse Prevention

This program follows the Relapse Prevention curriculum designed to help offenders develop their own plan to remain abstinent while incarcerated as well as in the community. It seeks to connect offenders with treatment and other support groups. This curriculum follows the pace of the group and is open to anyone interested in participating.

White Bison

This program uses the Medicine Wheel and 12-Step program to provide a culturally appropriate recovery support program for Native American offenders. Participants watch a video that explains Medicine Wheel teachings and how to apply them to the steps. In addition, participants share their insights and experiences in talking circle. They also learn how to mind map their own innate knowledge around these teachings and then apply that knowledge to their daily lives and decision-making processes. The goal of the program is to create strong social and emotional bonds between the individuals who participate to develop trust, autonomy, and other healthy feelings and thought patterns that will help them grow emotionally, mentally, physically, and spiritually.

Facilities and Programs

The following pages provide detailed facility information pertaining to the alcohol and drug services available throughout the state. (See Appendix A for list of facility acronyms.) The first figure, “FY09 SOA-R Program Needs,” on each page provides a summary of the offenders who need to be assessed on the SOA-R (i.e., substance abuse needs levels 3 to 5) as well as those who have been recommended for placement in outpatient or TC treatment. The second figure, “FY09 Discharges,” provides information regarding the reasons offenders were discharged from the facility-based alcohol and drug programs during FY09. (This figure is omitted if programs were not offered at the facility during FY09.) Also included in these pages is information regarding the duration of each treatment group, the treatment level, meeting times, and counselor names.

It is important to note that the annualized treatment slots for each facility are an estimate that was calculated for a 12-month time period by accounting for the types of groups offered at the facility, their duration, the number of counselors, and group capacity. This estimate does not account for staff turnover and scheduling changes. The annualized treatment slots were calculated using the current counselor schedules; the FY09 program discharges may differ from annualized treatment slots, as some facilities have experienced vacancies or expansions. Also, it should be noted that schedules frequently change; however, the present schedules provide a general framework of what is offered in these facilities.

Alcohol and Drug Services Management Team

Dana Bustos, Alcohol and Drug Services Administrator

Tania Garcia, Therapeutic Community Clinical Supervisor

Dennis O’Neill, Outpatient Clinical Supervisor

Michael Mitchell, Quality Assurance Manager

Ro Block, Program Assistant

Tammie Craddock, Data Specialist

Kasey Weber, Senior Researcher

Arkansas Valley Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Steve Hartley

Opened: 1987

Beds: 1,007

Level: Medium

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 96

FY09 Program Discharges: 0

Counselors' CAC¹ Levels

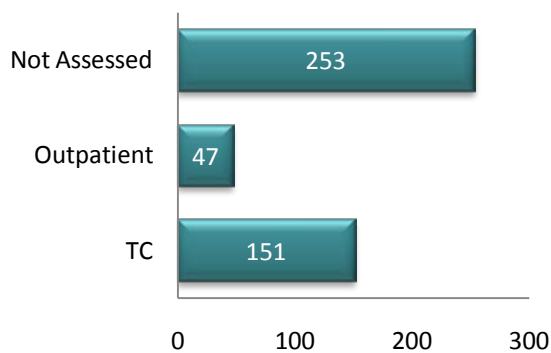
CAC III: 1

CAC II: 0

CAC I: 0

None: 1

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges

There were no programs offered at this facility for FY09 due to a counselor vacancy.

Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level:	4b
Duration:	8 weeks
Schedule:	8:00 – 11:00 AM Monday through Thursday
Counselor:	Michelle Howard
Level:	4b
Duration:	8 weeks
Schedule:	1:30 – 4:00 PM Monday through Thursday
Counselor:	Michelle Howard
Counselor:	Brianna Bourne

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous

¹ Certified Addictions Counselor

Arrowhead Correctional Center

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Travis L. Trani

Opened: 1989

Beds: 494

Level: Min R

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 195

FY09 Program Discharges: 177

Counselors' CAC Levels

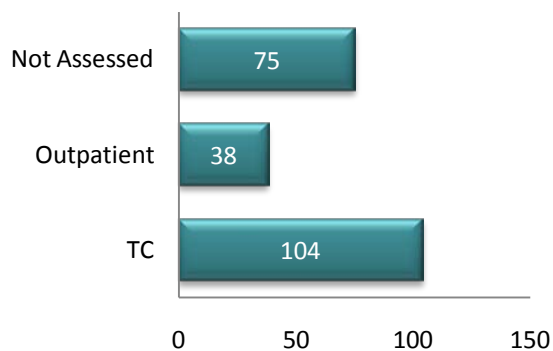
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CAC II: 5

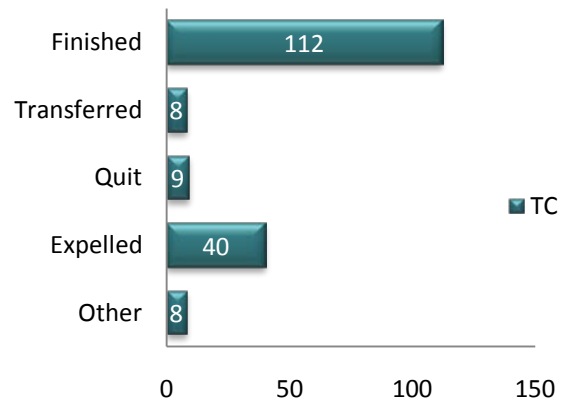
CAC I: 2

None: 1

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

CROSSROAD TO FREEDOM HOUSE THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY

Level: 4d

Duration: 6 – 12 months

Capacity: 195

Schedule: Participants are required to work and attend groups. Work schedules vary by work assignment. Participants spend on average 3 hours per day, approximately 4 days per week, in groups.

Supervisor: Vincent Romero

Counselors: Andres Abalos, Andrew Aldis, Paula Appleton-Garcia, April Crespin, Lorri Duran, Gail Hegler, Andrea Hernandez, Heather Maestas, Connie Palm, Howard Stumpf, Tracy Wilson, and three counselor vacancies

CROSSROAD TO FREEDOM HOUSE THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY (CONTINUED)

Peer I Transition: 4 days per month at ACC

Staff: Michael Dent

Independence House Transition: As needed

Staff: Laurie Lucero

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous

Bent County Correctional Facility (Private)

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Brigham Sloan

Opened: 1993

Beds: 1,402

Level: Medium

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 216

FY09 Program Discharges: 121

Counselors' CAC Levels

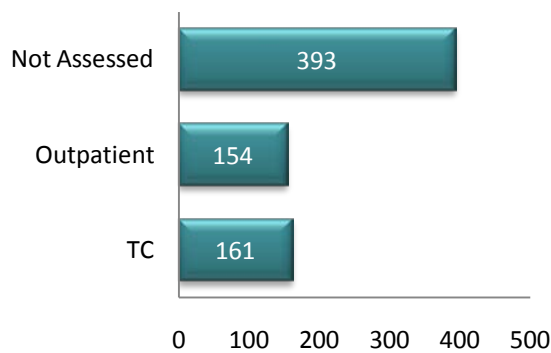
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CAC II: 2

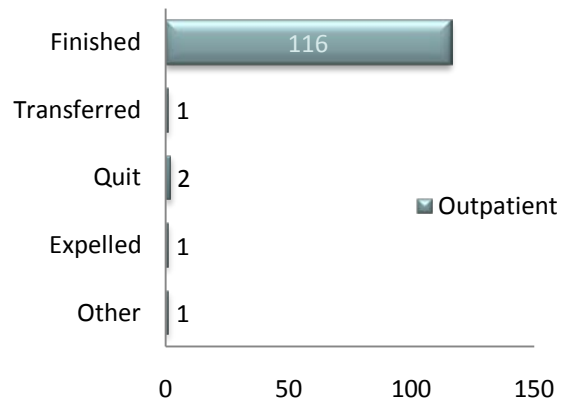
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level: 4a

Duration: 16 weeks

Schedule: 1:15 – 4:15 PM Monday, Wednesday, and Thursday

Counselor: Raquel Lucero

Level: 4b

Duration: 7 weeks

Schedule: 8:00 – 11:00 AM Monday through Thursday

Counselor: Steven Valdez

SSC PHASE I (CONTINUED)

Level: 4b
Duration: 7 weeks
Schedule: 1:30 – 4:00 PM Monday through Thursday
Counselor: Nick Jimenez

SSC PHASE II

Level: 4a
Duration: 6 weeks
Schedule: 1:15 – 4:15 PM Tuesdays and Thursdays
Counselor: Raquel Lucero

Level: 4b
Duration: 10 weeks
Schedule: 8:00 – 11:00 AM Monday and Wednesday
Counselor: Raquel Lucero and Nick Jimenez

Level: 4b
Duration: 6 weeks
Schedule: 1:15 – 4:15 PM Tuesdays and Thursdays
Counselor: Raquel Lucero

SSC PHASE III

Level: 4a
Duration: 4 weeks
Schedule: 1:15 – 4:15 PM Tuesdays and Thursdays
Counselor: Raquel Lucero

Level: 4b
Duration: 4 weeks
Schedule: 1:15 – 4:15 PM Tuesdays and Thursdays
Counselor: Raquel Lucero

RELAPSE PREVENTION

Level: 4b
Duration: 10 weeks
Schedule: 8:00 – 11:00 AM Monday through Wednesday
Counselor: Raquel Lucero and Nick Jimenez

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS²

Alcoholics Anonymous, Narcotics Anonymous, White Bison, Christian 12-Step Ministry, and Relapse Prevention

² Several programs are offered in Spanish

Buena Vista Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: John Davis

Opened: 1892

Beds: 920

Level: Medium

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 72

FY09 Program Discharges: 57

Counselors' CAC Levels

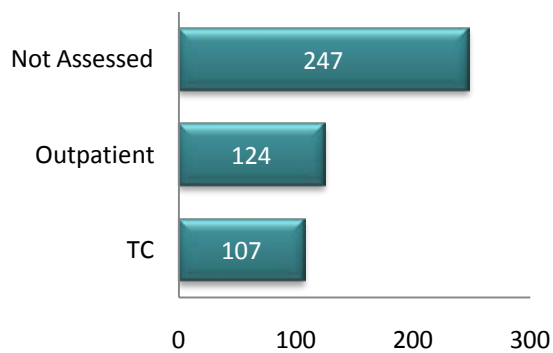
CAC III: 1

CAC II: 0

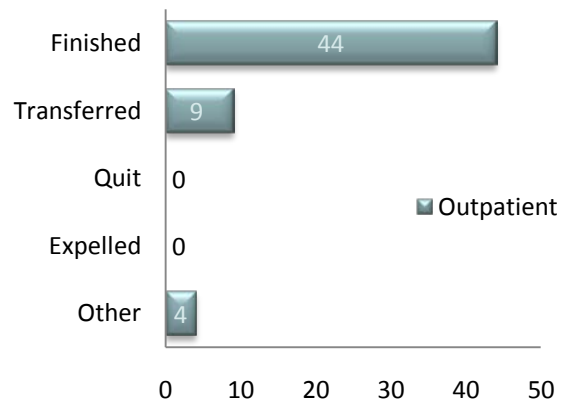
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level: 4b/paid

Duration: 5 weeks

Schedule: 7:30 – 10:30 AM and 1:30 – 3:30 PM Monday through Thursday

Counselor: Ed Snead

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous

Buena Vista Minimum Center

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: John Davis

Opened: 1984

Beds: 292

Level: Min R

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 156

FY09 Program Discharges: 59

Counselors' CAC Levels

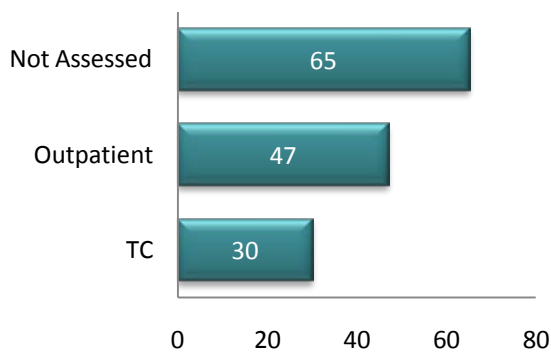
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CAC II: 1

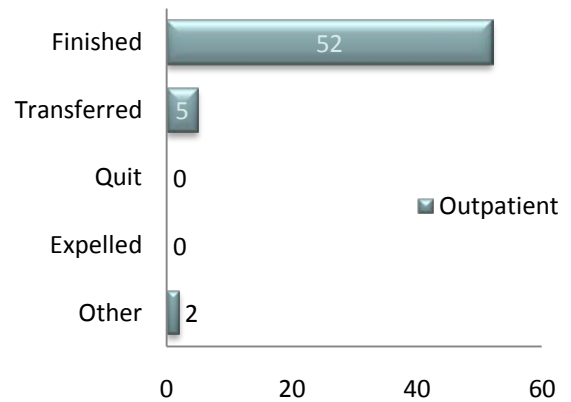
CAC I: 1

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level:	4a
Duration:	16 weeks
Schedule:	7:30 – 9:00 AM Monday through Thursday
Counselor:	Joy Sorrell
Level:	4a
Duration:	19 weeks
Schedule:	9:30 – 10:45 AM Monday through Thursday
Counselor:	Joy Sorrell
Level:	4a
Duration:	14 weeks
Schedule:	2:00 – 3:45 PM Monday through Thursday
Counselor:	Joy Sorrell

Prison-Based Services

SSC PHASE I (CONTINUED)

Level: 4a

Duration: 16 weeks

Schedule: 2:00 – 3:30 PM Monday through Thursday

Counselor: Christopher Teipel

Level: 4b/paid

Duration: 6 weeks

Schedule: 9:00 – 10:30 AM and 1:00 – 2:30 PM Monday through Thursday

Counselor: Himant Ellis

There is one counselor vacancy at this facility.

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous, Driving with Care: Level II Education

Centennial Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Susan Jones

Opened: 1980

Beds: 336

Level: Multi/AdSeg

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 12

FY09 Program Discharges: 108

Counselors' CAC Levels

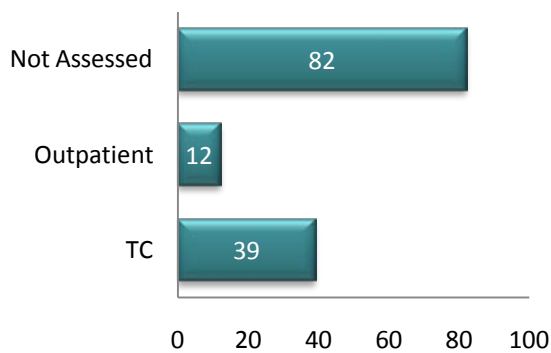
CAC III: 1

CAC II: 1

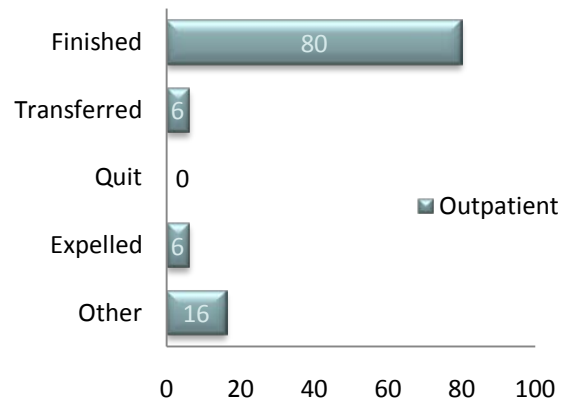
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

ALCOHOL AND DRUG EDUCATION

Level: 2

Duration: 60 weeks

Schedule: 7:30 – 8:30 AM, 8:30 – 9:30 AM, and 9:30 – 10:30 AM Monday

Counselors: Richard Martinez and Cynthia Schauer

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous

Cheyenne Mountain Re-Entry Center (Private)

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Emily Bond

Opened: 2005

Beds: 718

Level: Medium

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: N/A

FY09 Program Discharges: 37

Counselors' CAC Levels

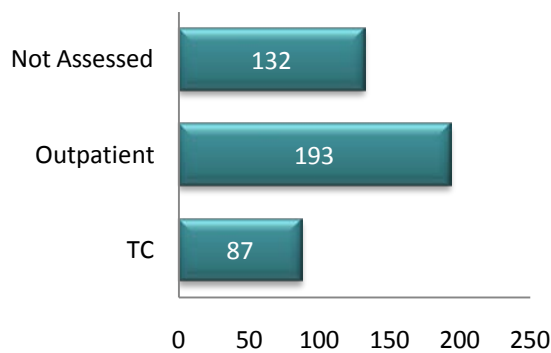
CAC III: 0

CAC II: 0

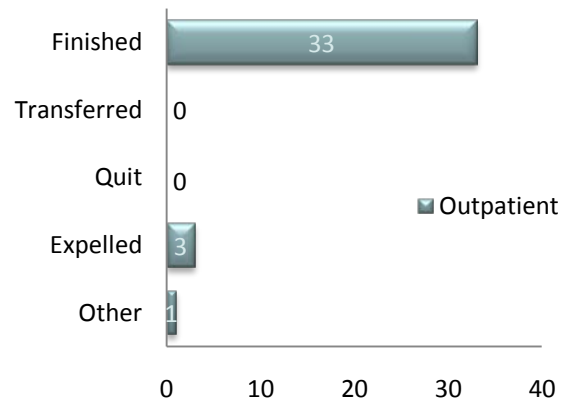
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

There are currently no programs being offered at this facility due to a counselor vacancy.

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous

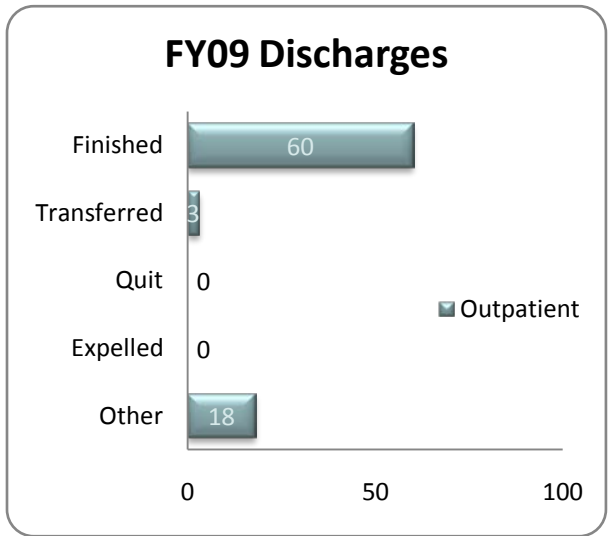
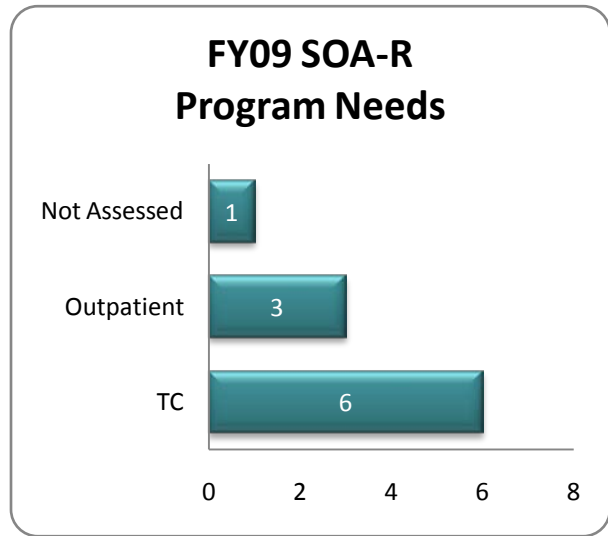
Colorado Correctional Alternative Program³

Facility and Program Summary

Program Facts			
Warden:	Opened: 1991	Beds: 0	Level: Minimum

Treatment Capacity	
Annualized Treatment Slots: N/A	FY09 Program Discharges: 81

Counselors' CAC Levels			
CAC III: 0	CAC II: 0	CAC I: 0	None: 0



Program Schedule

The Colorado Correctional Alternative Program (CCAP) was suspended in May 2010.

³ Also known as "Boot Camp"

Colorado Correctional Center⁴

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Dona Zavislan

Opened: 1969

Beds: 150

Level: Minimum

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: N/A

FY09 Program Discharges: N/A

Counselors' CAC Levels

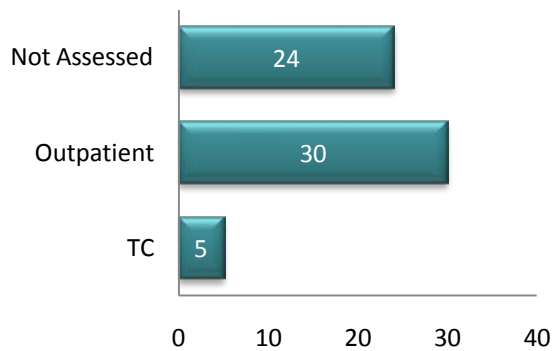
CAC III: 0

CAC II: 0

CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges

There are no counselors assigned to this facility.

Program Schedule

There are no alcohol and drug programs offered at this facility.

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous

⁴ Also known as "Camp George West"

Colorado State Penitentiary

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Susan Jones

Opened: 1993

Beds: 756

Level: Multi/AdSeg

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: N/A

FY09 Program Discharges: 4

Counselors' CAC Levels

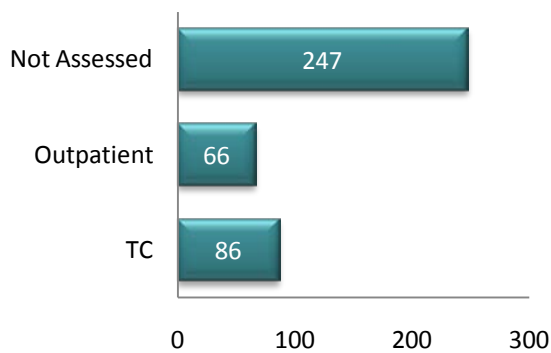
CAC III: 1

CAC II: 0

CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

ALCOHOL AND DRUG EDUCATION

Level: 2

Duration: Ongoing individual counseling

Schedule: Varies

Counselor: Richard Martinez

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous

Colorado Territorial Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Pamela J. Ploughe Opened: 1871 Beds: 936 Level: Medium

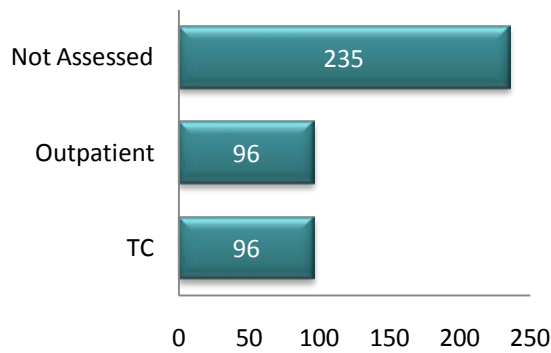
Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: N/A FY09 Program Discharges: 102

Counselors' CAC Levels

CAC III: 1 CAC II: 0 CAC I: 0 None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

There are currently no programs being offered at this facility due to a counselor vacancy.

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous and HIV 101 Workshop

Assessment Program

Assessment Specialist: Howard Stumpf

Crowley County Correctional Facility (Private)

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Dick Smelser

Opened: 1998

Beds: 1,660

Level: Medium

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 279

FY09 Program Discharges: 137

Counselors' CAC Levels

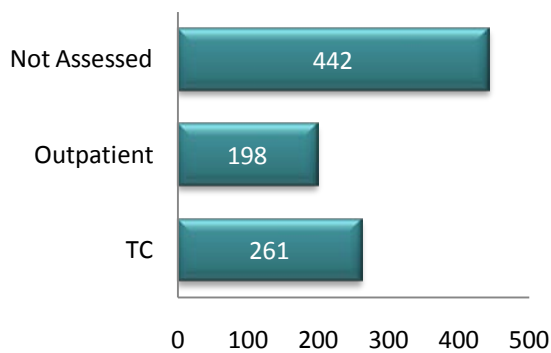
CAC III: 0

CAC II: 3

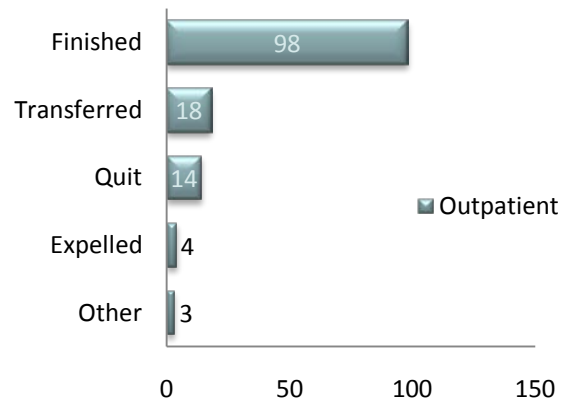
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level: 4a

Duration: 13 weeks

Schedule: 7:00 – 10:00 AM Monday and Wednesday

Counselors: Alice Montoya, Matthew Valdez, and Wanona Wiker

Level: 4b

Duration: 13 weeks

Schedule: 7:00 – 11:00 AM Tuesday and Thursday

Counselors: Alice Montoya, Matthew Valdez, and Wanona Wiker

Prison-Based Services

SSC PHASE I (CONTINUED)

Level: 4b
Duration: 13 weeks
Schedule: 1:00 – 4:30 PM Tuesday and Thursday
Counselors: Alice Montoya, Matthew Valdez, and Wanona Wiker

SSC PHASE II

Level: 4b
Duration: 12 weeks
Schedule: 7:00 – 9:00 PM Monday
Counselors: Alice Montoya, Matthew Valdez, and Wanona Wiker

Level: 4b
Duration: 12 weeks
Schedule: 7:00 – 9:00 PM Wednesday
Counselors: Alice Montoya, Matthew Valdez, and Wanona Wiker

RELAPSE PREVENTION

Level: 3
Duration: 12 weeks
Schedule: 1:00 – 3:00 PM Monday
Counselors: Alice Montoya, Matthew Valdez, and Wanona Wiker

Level: 3
Duration: 12 weeks
Schedule: 1:00 – 3:00 PM Wednesday
Counselors: Alice Montoya, Matthew Valdez, and Wanona Wiker

Level: 4a
Duration: 12 weeks
Schedule: 7:00 – 10:00 AM Monday and Wednesday
Counselors: Alice Montoya, Matthew Valdez, and Wanona Wiker

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS⁵

Alcoholics Anonymous, Challenge to Change I and II, Narcotics Anonymous, and White Bison

⁵ Several programs are offered in Spanish

Delta Correctional Center

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Steven R. Green

Opened: 1964

Beds: 484

Level: Minimum

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 84

FY09 Program Discharges: 175

Counselors' CAC Levels

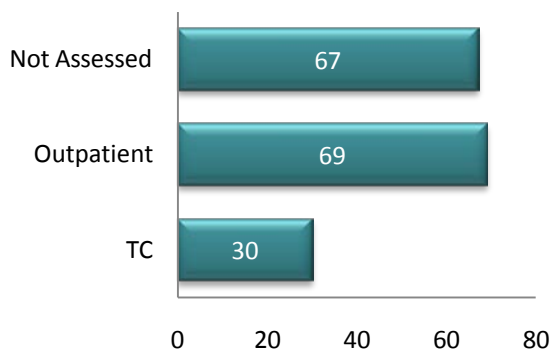
CAC III: 1

CAC II: 0

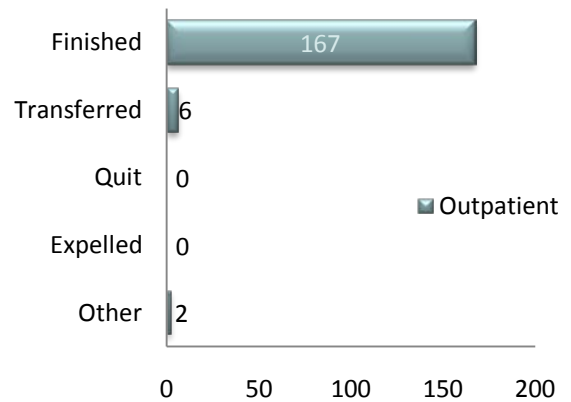
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level: 4b/paid

Duration: 4 weeks

Schedule: 8:30 – 3:30 PM Monday, Tuesday, and Thursday

Counselor: Glenda Major

SSC PHASE II

Level: 4b/paid

Duration: 3 weeks

Schedule: 8:30 – 3:30 PM Monday, Tuesday, and Thursday

Counselor: Glenda Major

Prison-Based Services

RELAPSE PREVENTION

Level: 4b/paid

Duration: 3 weeks

Schedule: 8:30 – 3:30 PM Monday, Tuesday, and Thursday

Counselor: Glenda Major

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous

Denver Reception and Diagnostic Center

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Dona Zavislan

Opened: 1991

Beds: 480

Level: Multi/AdSeg

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: N/A

FY09 Assessments: 1,844

Counselors' CAC Levels

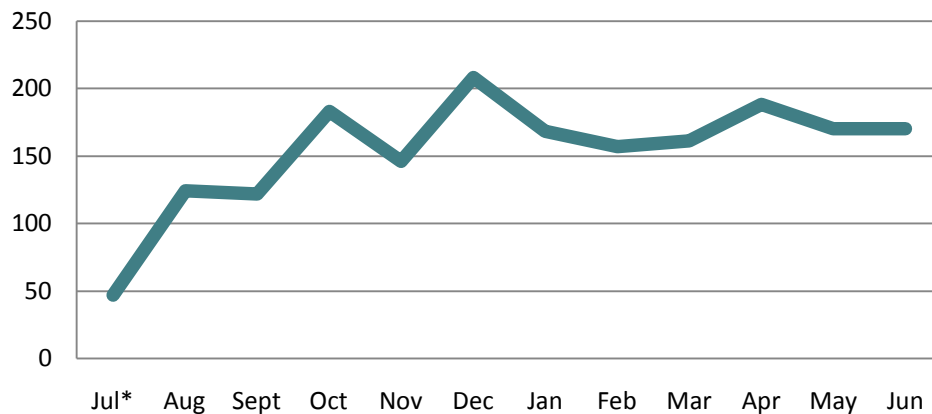
CAC III: 1

CAC II: 2

CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 Assessment Data



**During July 2008 there were only two assessment specialists at DRDC; as a result, fewer assessments were completed.*

Assessment Program

The purpose of the Substance Abuse Assessment Program is to conduct standardized offender assessments with incoming CDOC offenders at the Denver Reception and Diagnostic Center (DRDC) diagnostic intake. The assessment team augments diagnostic programmers' assessments by completing the ASUS-R and the TxRW.

ASSESSMENT SPECIALISTS

George Sikes, Danita St. Vrain, and Marguerite Taylor

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous

Denver Women's Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Dona Zavislan

Opened: 1998

Beds: 976

Level: Multi/AdSeg

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 113

FY09 Program Discharges: 107

Counselors' CAC Levels

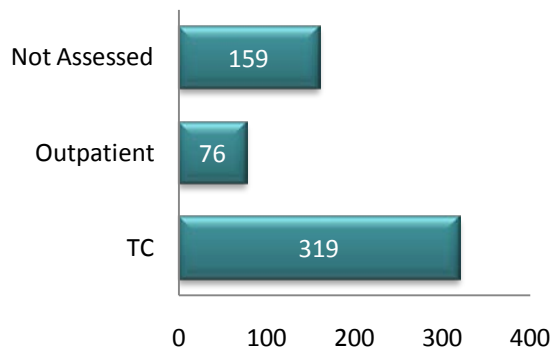
CAC III: 4

CAC II: 0

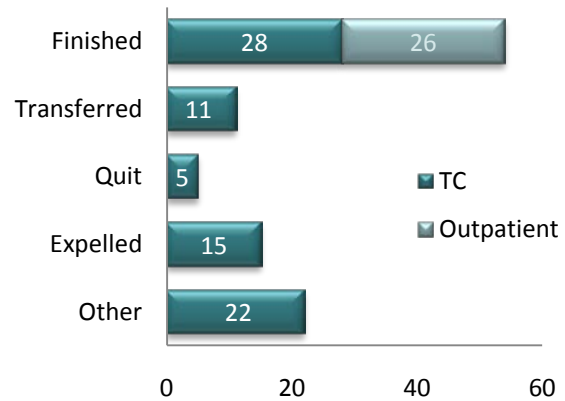
CAC I: 0

None: 2

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

CHALLENGE TO CHANGE THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY

Level: 4d

Duration: 9 – 12 months

Capacity: 65

Schedule: Orientation: Participants attend 8 hours of group per day.

Phases I, II & III: Participants work 20 hours per week and attend at least 4 hours of group per day.

Supervisor: Cheri Goodwin

Counselors: Agnieszka Baklazec, Candice Bernard, Regina Davis, and Diane Donaldson

ALCOHOL AND DRUG EDUCATION (SPECIAL NEEDS UNIT)

Level: 2
Duration: 54 – 60 weeks
Schedule: 1:00 – 2:00 PM Tuesday
Counselor: Sandra Ewing (volunteer)

SSC PHASE I

Level: 4b
Duration: 11 weeks
Schedule: 12:30 – 3:30 PM Monday, Tuesday, and Thursday
Counselor: Brenda Noble

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcohol and Drug Education: Administrative Segregation, Alcoholics Anonymous, Narcotics Anonymous, Christian 12-Step Ministry, and Relapse Prevention

Fort Lyon Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Kellie R. Wasko

Opened: 2002

Beds: 500

Level: Medium

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 132

FY09 Program Discharges: 64

Counselors' CAC Levels

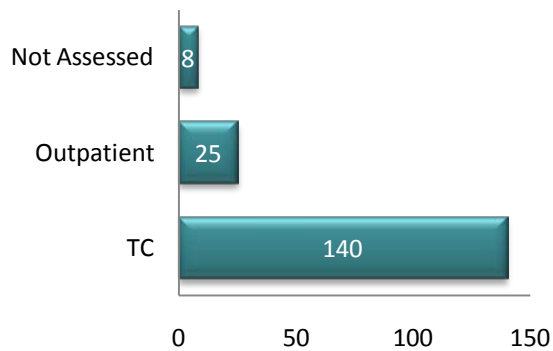
CAC III: 2

CAC II: 0

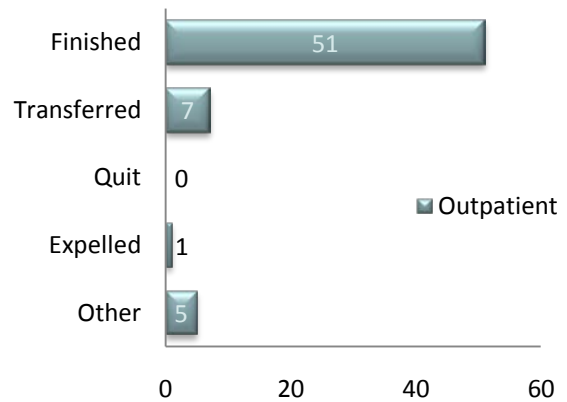
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level: 4b

Duration: 8 weeks

Schedule: 1:00 – 3:45 PM Monday through Thursday

Counselor: James Gribble

SSC PHASE II

Level: 4b

Duration: 8 weeks

Schedule: 1:00 – 3:45 PM Monday through Thursday

Counselor: James Gribble

RELAPSE PREVENTION

Level: 4a

Duration: 13 weeks

Schedule: 8:00 – 10:45 AM Monday and Tuesday; 8:00 – 10:00 AM Wednesday

Counselor: Sandra Ybarra

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous and Aftercare

Four Mile Correctional Center

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Travis L. Trani

Opened: 1983

Beds: 499

Level: Min R

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: N/A

FY09 Program Discharges: 77

Counselors' CAC Levels

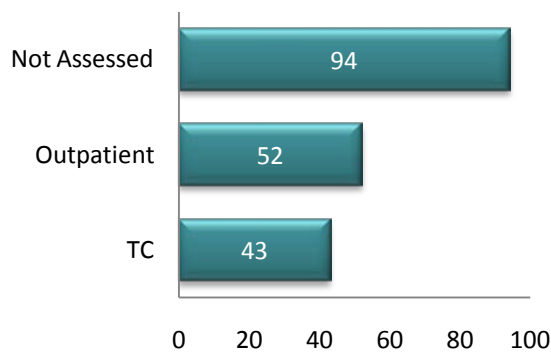
CAC III: 0

CAC II: 0

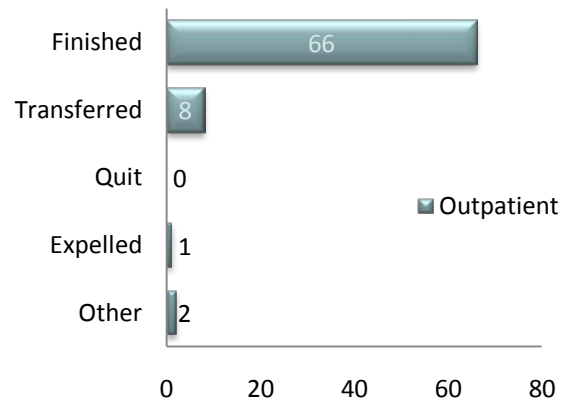
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

There are currently no programs being offered at this facility due to a counselor vacancy.

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous, Driving with Care: Level II Education

Fremont Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Rae Timme

Opened: 1962

Beds: 1,661

Level: Medium

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 96

FY09 Program Discharges: 61

Counselors' CAC Levels

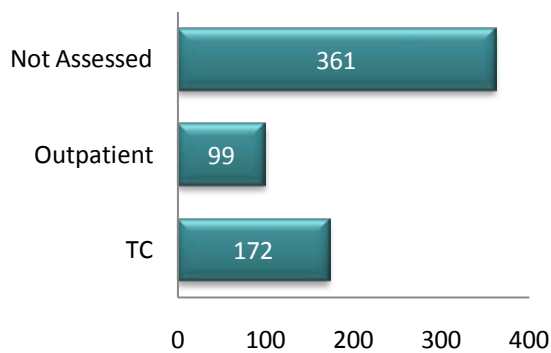
CAC III: 1

CAC II: 0

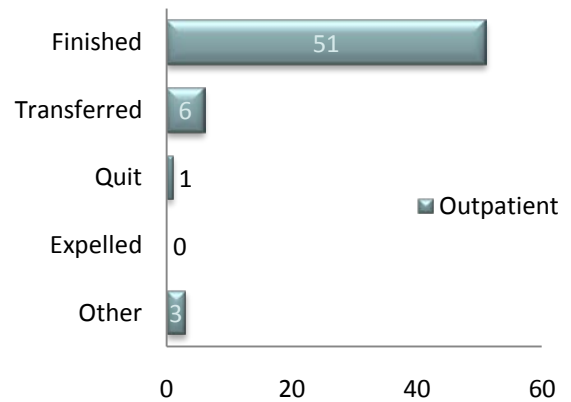
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level: 4b/paid
 Duration: 8 weeks
 Schedule: 8:00 – 10:30 AM Monday through Thursday
 Counselor: Rick Arthurs

Level: 4b/paid
 Duration: 8 weeks
 Schedule: 1:00 – 3:30 PM Monday through Thursday
 Counselor: Rick Arthurs

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous and Relapse Prevention

High Plains Correctional Facility (Private)

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

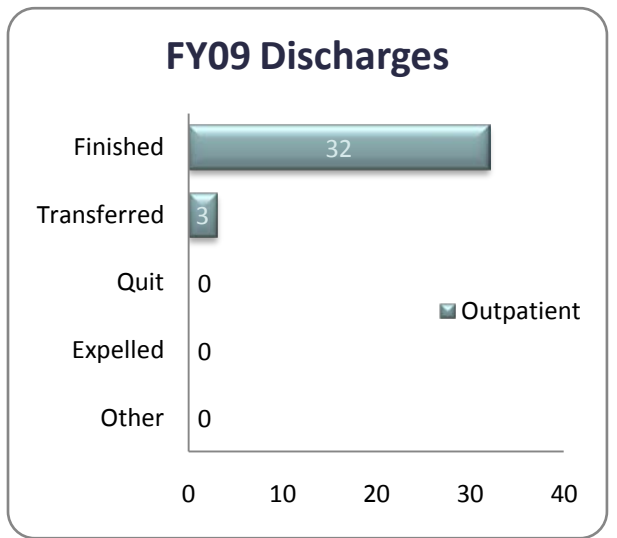
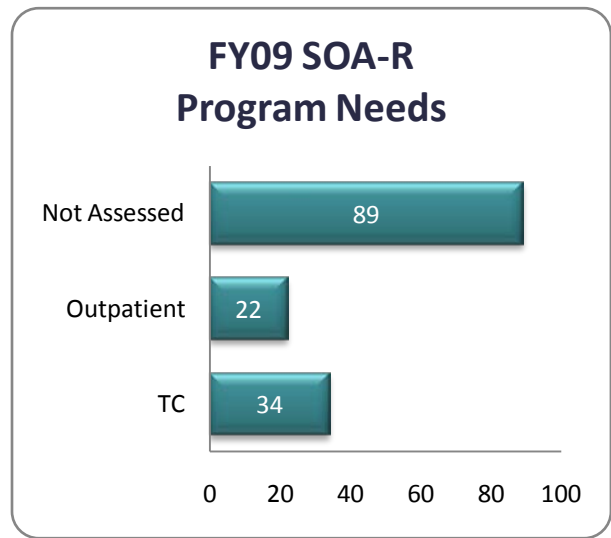
Warden: Ron Murray	Opened: 2003	Beds: 0	Level: Medium
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Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: N/A	FY09 Program Discharges: 35
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Counselors' CAC Levels

CAC III: 0	CAC II: 0	CAC I: 0	None: 0
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Program Schedule

As of June 30, 2010, no Colorado offenders are at this facility.

Kit Carson Correctional Facility (Private)

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Arvil Chapman

Opened: 1998

Beds: 1,015

Level: Medium

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 240

FY09 Program Discharges: 107

Counselors' CAC Levels

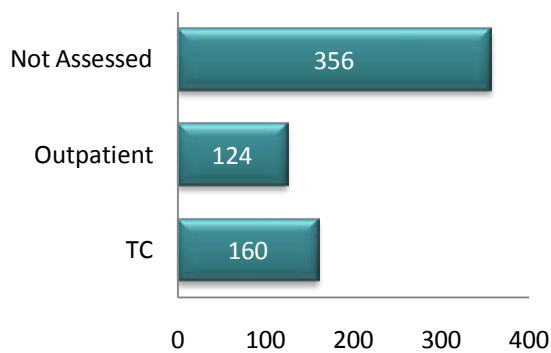
CAC III: 1

CAC II: 0

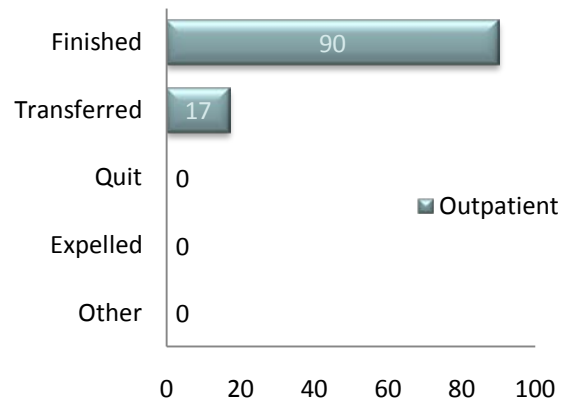
CAC I: 1

None: 1

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level:	4a
Duration:	16 weeks
Schedule:	8:00 – 11:00 AM Monday and Wednesday
Counselor:	Michael Lawrence
Level:	4b
Duration:	16 weeks
Schedule:	8:00 – 11:00 AM Tuesday and Thursday
Counselor:	Ansley Peterson

Prison-Based Services

SSC PHASE II

Level: 4b
Duration: 10 weeks
Schedule: 8:00 – 11:00 AM Friday
Counselor: Michael Lawrence

SSC PHASE III

Level: 4b
Duration: 10 weeks
Schedule: 1:00 – 4:00 PM Friday
Counselor: Ansley Peterson

RELAPSE PREVENTION

Level: 4b
Duration: 12 weeks
Schedule: 1:00 – 4:00 PM Wednesday
Counselor: LuAnn Morton

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous, Narcotics Anonymous and White Bison

La Vista Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

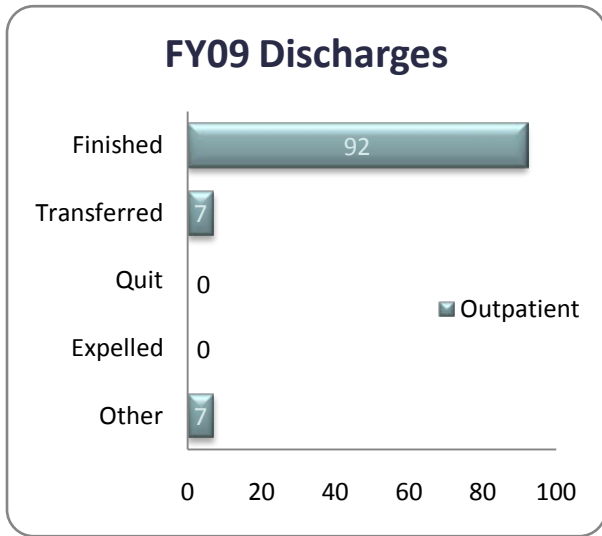
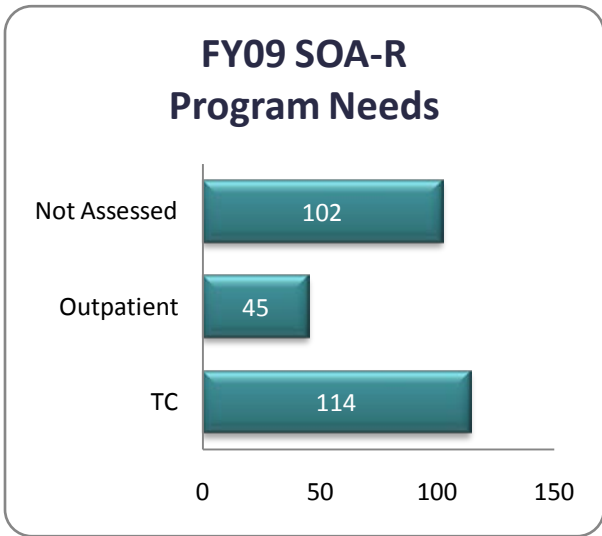
Warden: Larry Reid	Opened: 1994	Beds: 519	Level: Medium
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Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 144	FY09 Program Discharges: 106
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Counselors' CAC Levels

CAC III: 1	CAC II: 1	CAC I: 0	None: 0
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Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level: 4b
Duration: 4 weeks
Schedule: 7:30 – 10:20 AM and 1:00 – 3:30 PM Monday through Thursday
Counselor: Norma Warner

SSC PHASE II

Level: 4b
Duration: 7 weeks
Schedule: 5:30 – 8:00 PM Monday through Friday
Counselor: Linda Thrall

Prison-Based Services

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous, Narcotics Anonymous, and Driving with Care: Level II Education

Limon Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Angel Medina

Opened: 1991

Beds: 951

Level: Close

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 72

FY09 Program Discharges: 18

Counselors' CAC Levels

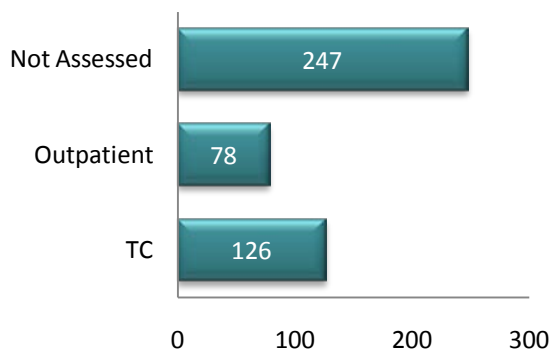
CAC III: 1

CAC II: 0

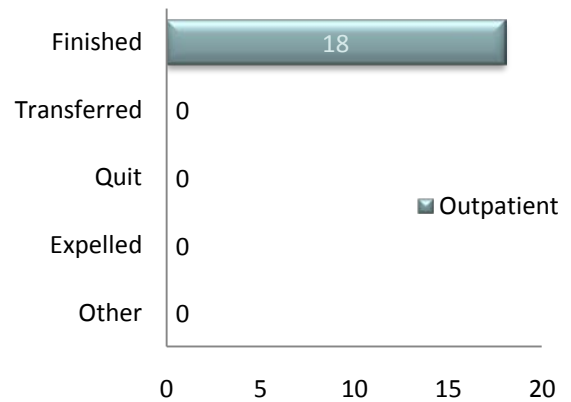
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level: 4b/paid
 Duration: 10 weeks
 Schedule: 8:30 – 11:00 AM Monday through Thursday
 Counselor: Wayne Driver

Level: 4b
 Duration: 10 weeks
 Schedule: 2:30 – 5:00 PM Monday through Thursday
 Counselor: Wayne Driver

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous

Rifle Correctional Center

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Steven R. Green

Opened: 1979

Beds: 192

Level: Minimum

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: N/A

FY09 Program Discharges: N/A

Counselors' CAC Levels

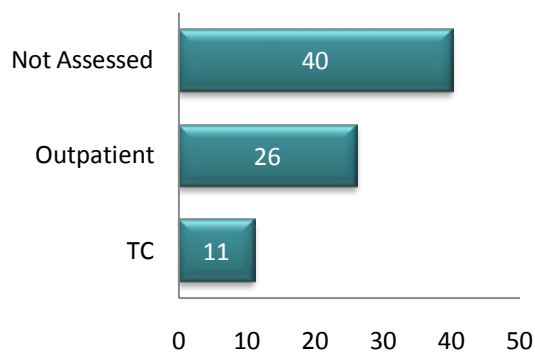
CAC III: 0

CAC II: 0

CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges

There are no counselors assigned to this facility.

Program Schedule

There are no alcohol and drug programs offered at this facility.

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous

San Carlos Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Larry Reid

Opened: 1995

Beds: 255

Level: Multi/AdSeg

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 35

FY09 Program Discharges: 70

Counselors' CAC Levels

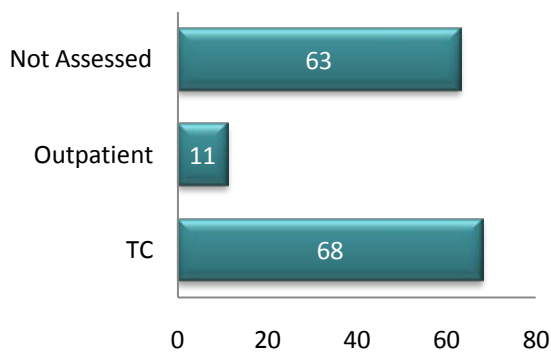
CAC III: 3

CAC II: 1

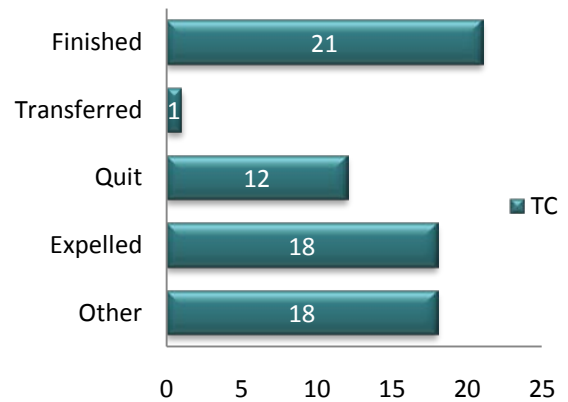
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

PERSONAL REFLECTIONS THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY

Level: 4d

Duration: 9 – 18 months

Capacity: 35

Schedule: Participants attend groups from 7:00 AM – 6:30 PM, except when working. Participants work 3.5 hours per day, 5 days per week.

Supervisor: Art Ducharme

Counselors: John Dilorio, Virginia Mollica, and Deseree Palacio

Independence House Transition: Once every 3 months at SCCF

Staff: Laurie Lucero

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous and Narcotics Anonymous

Skyline Correctional Center

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Travis L. Trani

Opened: 1964

Beds: 249

Level: Minimum

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: N/A

FY09 Program Discharges: N/A

Counselors' CAC Levels

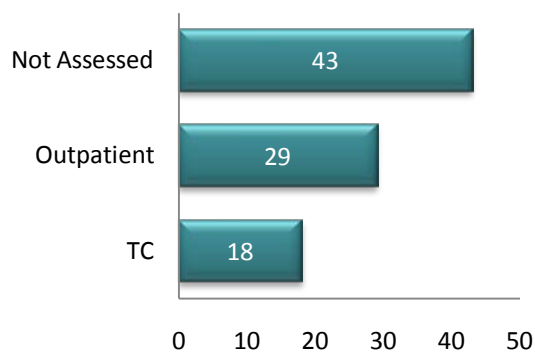
CAC III: 1

CAC II: 0

CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges

There are no counselors assigned to this facility.

Program Schedule

There are no alcohol and drug programs offered at this facility.

Assessment Program

Assessment Specialist: Marvel Wolken

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous

Sterling Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Kevin Milyard

Opened: 1998

Beds: 2,545

Level: Multi/AdSeg

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 324

FY09 Program Discharges: 243

Counselors' CAC Levels

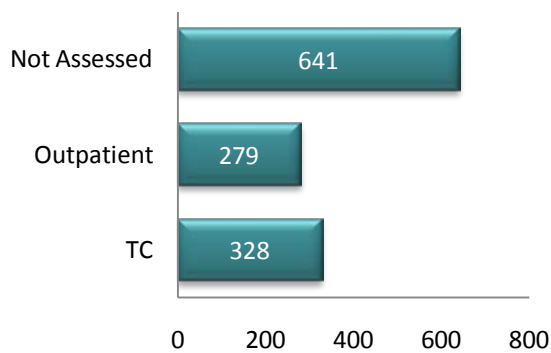
CAC III: 5

CAC II: 0

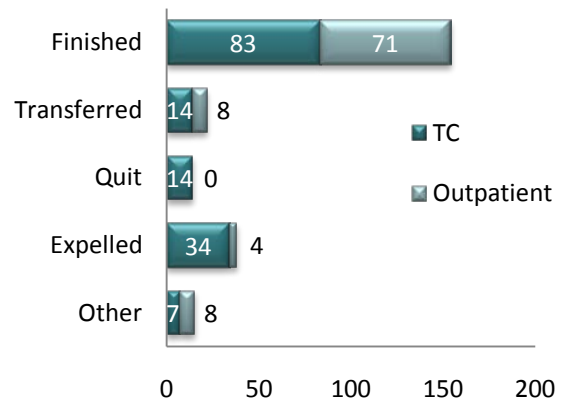
CAC I: 2

None: 2

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

O.U.R. HOUSE THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY

Level: 4d

Duration: 9 – 12 months

Capacity: 96

Schedule: Participants work or attend GED classes 4 hours in the morning and spend the remainder of the day attending at least 3 hours of group.

Supervisor: Dave Booth

Counselors: Hallie Beard, Elizabeth Ehrmann, Krystal Fabian, Elizabeth King, Janet Kipp, and one counselor vacancy

Prison-Based Services

SSC PHASE I

Level: 4a/paid
Duration: 9 weeks
Schedule: 8:30 – 10:30 AM Monday through Thursday
Counselor: Mindy Estrada and Rachael Miles

Level: 4b/paid
Duration: 12 weeks
Schedule: 1:30 – 3:45 PM Monday through Thursday
Counselor: Mindy Estrada and Rachael Miles

Level: 4b/paid
Duration: 5 weeks
Schedule: 8:15 – 10:30 AM Monday through Thursday
Counselor: Michael Hotz

Level: 4b/paid
Duration: 5 weeks
Schedule: 1:30 – 3:45 PM Monday through Thursday
Counselor: Michael Hotz

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous, Narcotics Anonymous, and Relapse Prevention

Trinidad Correctional Facility

Facility and Program Summary

Facility Facts

Warden: Kellie Wasko

Opened: 2001

Beds: 484

Level: Min R

Treatment Capacity

Annualized Treatment Slots: 120

FY09 Program Discharges: 66

Counselors' CAC Levels

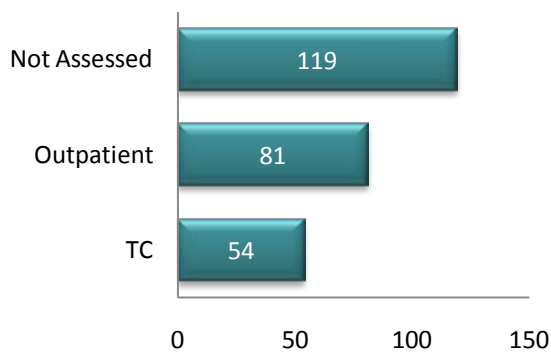
CAC III: 0

CAC II: 1

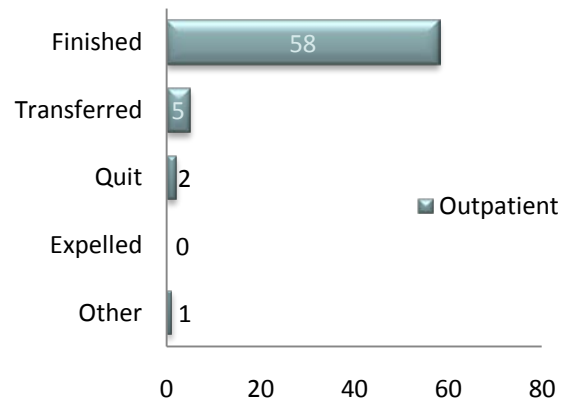
CAC I: 0

None: 0

FY09 SOA-R Program Needs



FY09 Discharges



Program Schedule

SSC PHASE I

Level: 4a/paid

Duration: 12 weeks

Schedule: 9:00 AM – 12:00 PM Monday

Counselor: Anita Archibeque

Level: 4b/paid

Duration: 4 weeks

Schedule: 9:00 AM – 12:00 PM and 1:00 – 3:00 PM Tuesday and Thursday

Counselor: Anita Archibeque

Prison-Based Services

SSC PHASE II

Level: 4b/paid

Duration: 2 weeks

Schedule: 9:00 AM – 12:00 PM and 1:00 – 3:00 PM Tuesday and Thursday

Counselor: Anita Archibeque

VOLUNTEER PROGRAMS

Alcoholics Anonymous

Facilities by Treatment Level and Curriculum

	AVCF	ACC	BCF	BVCF	BVMC	CCF	CSP	CCCF	DCC	DWCF	FLCF	FCF	KCCF	LVCF	LCF	SCCF	SCF	TCF
2: Educ						E	E			E								
3: WOP								R										
4a: EOP			1		1			1 R			R		1				1	1
4b: IOP	1		1 2 R	1	1			1 2 R	1 2 R	1	1 2	1	1 2 3 R	1 2	1		1 2	1 2
4d: TC		T								T						T	T	

See individual facility pages for detailed program information.

The following facilities are not listed because they do not have groups:

CMRC, CTCF, DRDC, FMCC, RCC, SCC, HPCF & CCAP

Curriculum	Symbol	Curriculum	Symbol
Alcohol and Drug Education	E	SSC I	1
Relapse Prevention	R	SSC II	2
Therapeutic Community	T	SSC III	3

Facilities by Voluntary Programs

Program	AVCF	ACC	BCCF	BVCF	BVMC	CCF	CMRC	CCC	CSP	CTCF	CCCF	DCC	DRDC	DWCF	FLCF	FMCC	FCF	KCCF	LVCF	LCF	RCC	SCCF	SCC	SCF	TCF
Aftercare																									
Alcohol & Drug Education														X											
Alcoholics Anonymous	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Challenge to Change I & II											X														
Christian 12-Step Ministry			X											X											
Driving with Care: Level II Education					X											X			X						
HIV 101 Workshop										X															
Narcotics Anonymous			X				X				X	X						X	X			X	X	X	X
Relapse Prevention			X														X								
White Bison			X																						

Overview of Community-Based Services

Through Treatment Accountability for Safer Communities (TASC), a case management program within CDOC's Alcohol and Drug Services, offenders who have paroled and are living in the community are referred to substance abuse treatment. Treatment in the community is delivered by approved treatment providers (ATPs) who have applied to the CDOC to gain approved status; ATP counselors must meet the same background requirements as CDOC prison-based employees.

IRT and TC programs are offered in some community corrections centers. Oversight of these specialized programs is done through the Division of Criminal Justice and the Division of Behavioral Health. Available IRT and TC programs in Colorado are listed in this overview. Due to frequently changing ATPs and group schedules, outpatient services are not detailed here.

TASC

Agency Facts

Regional Director: Melissa Ippolito **Contracting Agency: Peer Assistance Services, Inc.**

The TASC program is a community-based case management agency for parolees. Parolees are referred to TASC for a substance abuse assessment. Identified substance abusing offenders are referred to ATPs for treatment, and their attendance is monitored by TASC case managers. TASC further monitors parolees’ substance abuse through urinalyses, breathalyzers, and oral swabs. Mile High TASC incorporates a Co-Occurring Service (COS) team that works exclusively with offenders who have been dually diagnosed with serious mental illness and chemical addiction. Based on the 6,125 parolees released in FY09, 66% have been to TASC at some point while under the jurisdiction of CDOC and 57% have been to TASC since their FY09 release date. Of those parolees who went to TASC, 24.8% had a non-qualifying mental illness (mental health needs level of 3-5). All TASC services are provided through Peer Assistance Services, Inc. Office hours are listed below, but random urinalysis testing may be done 7 days per week.

Mile High TASC Denver

Phone:	(303) 595-4194
Schedule:	8:30 AM – 12:30 PM and 1:30 PM – 6:00 PM Monday through Friday
Staff:	Anita Hoffman , Director Lynn Koenck, Intake Coordinator Chad Edson, COS Coordinator Esther Kaiser, COS Case Manager Thomas Chatfield, COS Case Manager Katherine Garcia, Case Manager Francisco Hinojosa, Case Manager

Mile High TASC Englewood

Phone:	(303) 595-4194
Schedule:	8:30 AM – 12:30 PM and 1:30 PM – 6:00 PM Monday through Friday
Staff:	Michael Romero, Intake Coordinator Matthew Plumb, Case Manager Lindsay Marshall, Case Manager

Northeast TASC Westminster

Phone:	(303) 428-5264
Schedule:	8:30 AM – 12:00 PM and 1:00 PM – 6:00 PM Monday through Friday
Staff:	Karen Wagner, Case Manager ⁶

⁶ Acting Director

David Cline, Intake Coordinator
 Anthony Wash, Case Manager
 Dorinda Robinson, Case Manager
 Vacancies: Case Manager and Director

Northeast TASC Greeley

Phone: (970) 336-9034
Schedule: 7:30 AM – 12:00 PM and 1:00 PM – 5:00 PM Monday through Friday
Staff: Christina Ochoa, Case Manager
 Chris Kesterson, Case Manager

Northeast TASC Ft. Collins

Phone: (970) 530-3009
Schedule: 8:00 AM – 12:00 PM and 1:00 PM – 5:00 PM Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday;
 9:00 AM – 12:00 PM and 1:00 PM – 6:00 PM Wednesday
Staff: Gina Van Ort, Case Manager

Northeast TASC Longmont

Phone: (303) 678-9941
Schedule: 8:00 AM – 5:00 PM Monday through Wednesday, Friday; 9:00 AM – 6:00 PM Thursday
Staff: Kristofor Catch, Case Manager
 Jill Peterson, Case Manager

Southeast TASC Colorado Springs

Phone: (719) 444-0882
Schedule: 8:00 AM – 5:00 PM Monday through Friday
Staff: David Robinson, Director
 Lisa Anderson, Case Manager
 William Bailey, Case Manager
 Matthew Bustos, Case Manager
 Jason Humphrey, Case Manager
 Jonathan Teisher, Case Manager
 Trisha Taulbee, Case Manager
 Vacancies: Case Manager and Intake Coordinator

Southeast TASC Pueblo

Phone: (719) 543-0690
Schedule: 8:00 AM – 1:00 PM and 2:00 PM – 5:00 PM Monday through Friday
Staff: Brendan De Lao, Intake Coordinator
 Michael Botello, Case Manager
 Tiffany Esquibel, Case Manager

Community-Based Services

Western TASC Grand Junction

Phone: (970) 242-2800

Schedule: 8:00 AM – 12:00 PM and 1:00 PM – 6:00 PM Monday through Friday

Staff: Melissa Ippolito, Colorado TASC Director
Luxie Gannon, Director
Terry Liddell, Intake Coordinator
David Joslyn, Case Manager
Tanya Hargrove, Case Manager
Bryn Brocklesby, Case Manager
Vacancies: Case Manager and Intake Coordinator

Western TASC Durango

Phone: (970) 385-8561

Schedule: 8:00 AM – 5:00 PM Monday through Friday

Staff: Russell Fontenot, Case Manager

Level 4c: Intensive Residential Treatment (IRT)

San Luis Valley

San Luis Valley is a 46-bed program for male offenders. The program is based on the first two phases of the SSC curriculum. The goal of their approach is to prevent criminal recidivism and substance abuse relapse within community-based and correctional settings. Clients are provided with knowledge about addictive substances and abuse through journaling and writing assignments. Clients learn techniques to change their irrational beliefs and criminal thinking patterns. Other approaches to treatment are also incorporated, such as 12-step, interpersonal relationships, life skills, and leisure activities.

Provider:	San Luis Valley Mental Health	(719) 589-5134
Location:	Alamosa	
Schedule:	20 hrs of counselor-led therapeutic activities 20 hrs of other structured activities	
Duration:	45 days	

ComCor Life Choices (CLC)

CLC is a 36-bed IRT program for male and female offenders. While in the CLC program, clients are assigned to particular groups based on criteria such as gender and drug of choice. The client's individual needs are factored into group placement. The SSC curriculum is used in all groups for offenders. Various other types of treatment are available to clients in this program, such as SSC, Thought-Field Therapy, and Eye Movement Desensitization and Reprocessing. Vocational services are also provided. Clients are linked to resources outside of the CLC program prior to their graduation and encouraged to use these resources when they leave.

Provider:	ComCor, Inc.	(719) 473-4460
Location:	Colorado Springs	
Schedule:	20 hrs of counselor-led therapeutic activities 20 hrs of other structured activities	
Duration:	45 days	

Community-Based Services

Larimer County Residential Center

This program provides treatment services to 11 male offenders. The program incorporates SSC, Relapse Prevention, and a broad range of cognitive and life skills classes which concentrate on communication, management of emotions, healthy relationships, nutrition, pro-social activities, budgeting/finances, résumé writing and job searching. The program is a closed group model with new groups graduating every 45 days. Individual counseling is also available for clients with co-occurring mental health disorders. Each offender successfully completing the program transitions to the aftercare program or to another aftercare setting.

Provider:	Larimer County Corrections	(970) 498-7527
Location:	Fort Collins	
Schedule:	20 hrs of counselor-led therapeutic activities 20 hrs of other structured activities	
Duration:	45 days	

Women's Remediation Program (WRP)

WRP is a 15-bed residential treatment program for female offenders. It offers Phase I SSC, life skills, relationship, and female specific groups. Treatment classes also include parenting, money management, anger management, and recreation therapy. Phase II clients receive vocational services. Clients are linked to resources outside of the program prior to their graduation and encouraged to use these resources when they leave.

Provider:	ComCor, Inc.	(719) 473-4460
Location:	Colorado Springs	
Schedule:	Phase I (45 days): 20 hrs of counselor-led therapeutic activities 20 hrs of other structured activities Phase II (75 days): 26 hrs vocational and life skills	
Duration:	120 days	

Short-Term Intensive Residential Remedial Treatment (STIRRT)

STIRRT is a highly structured and compacted drug and alcohol treatment program for offenders at high risk of re-offending. It is a 9-month program which begins with 2 weeks of residential treatment and then 8-9 months of continuing care services. The primary goal of STIRRT is to initiate a change in clients’ substance use and criminal involvement. The program aims to temporarily remove clients from society and subsequently return them with the skills to reduce criminal involvement and substance abuse so they avoid further incarceration or jail time. The program has a largely cognitive behavioral emphasis, utilizing Phase I of the SSC curriculum. The cognitive behavioral approach is integrated in the educational and employment skills groups. A full schedule of groups is held each day, Sunday through Saturday, for the 2-week program duration.

Provider:	<i>Arapahoe House</i>	(303) 412-3844 (female) (303) 412-3961 (male)
Location:	Commerce City	
Schedule:	Minimum of 112 therapeutic hrs before transition to an outpatient program	
Duration:	14 days	
Provider:	<i>Crossroads’ Turning Points, Inc.</i>	(719) 545-1811 (female) (719) 566-0234 (male)
Location:	Pueblo	
Schedule:	Minimum of 112 therapeutic hrs before transition to an outpatient program	
Duration:	14 days	
Provider:	<i>Mesa County Criminal Justice Services</i>	(970) 244-3336
Location:	Grand Junction	
Schedule:	Minimum of 112 therapeutic hrs before transition to an outpatient program	
Duration:	14 days	
Provider:	<i>Larimer County Corrections</i>	(970) 498-7527
Location:	Fort Collins	
Schedule:	Minimum of 112 therapeutic hrs before transition to an outpatient program	
Duration:	14 days	

Level 4d: Therapeutic Community (TC)

Independence House TC

This program is a modified community-based TC designed to transition offenders who are dually diagnosed from the prison-based Crossroad to Freedom House, Personal Reflections, and O.U.R. House TC programs. The overall goal of this TC is to assist residents in making choices in their lifestyles that enhance and foster personal growth and responsibility. Residents learn how to maintain a positive lifestyle free of drugs and crime by receiving education about resources available at the community, state, and federal levels. Each resident may earn the privilege of working based on progress in treatment. Graduation is dependent upon progress in treatment.

Provider: Independence House & Colorado Assessment and Treatment Center

Location: Denver

Beds: 40

Duration: 9 months residential

Peer I TC

Residential TC activities are divided among intensive and transitional services. Intensive services are aimed at changing attitudes, values, and behaviors as well as increasing motivation, readiness for treatment, and ownership of change. The goal of transitional services is reintegration into the community, with specific emphasis on employment, budgeting, family support groups, and appropriate leisure activities. Clients who transition to non-residential services learn independent living skills while engaging in weekly treatment groups. Graduation depends on progress in treatment. Graduates may remain under Peer I monitoring for the duration of their sentence. In addition, Peer I has a reach-in component that visits CDOC facilities at ACC TC, SCF TC, Cheyenne Mountain Re-Entry Center (CMRC), and Buena Vista Correctional Complex (BVCC) on a regular basis.

Provider: Addiction Research and Treatment Services (ARTS)

Location: Denver

Beds: 127⁷

Duration: 9 – 12 months residential

⁷Includes probation, diversion, and drug court

Sisterhood Teaching Alternatives for Recovery (STAR) TC

This modified TC treats females with complex substance abuse needs. Women with co-occurring substance abuse and mental health needs, as well as some who have level 5 treatment needs, are accepted into the program on an individual basis. The program includes group and individualized treatment, cognitive behavioral therapy, relapse prevention groups, and gender specific/trauma informed women’s treatment services.

Provider:	Crossroads Turning Point, Inc.
Location:	Pueblo
Beds:	24
Duration:	4 – 5 months residential

Therapeutic Community for Southern Colorado (TCSC)

This TC is a male-only program that treats offenders from the southern region of Colorado who have demonstrated severe and chronic substance abuse issues. This is a very rigorous and confrontational program that demands a high standard. The participants are held accountable for their thoughts and actions. After completing the residential phase of the program, clients move into a non-residential phase that can last up to 12 months.

Provider:	Crossroads Turning Point, Inc.
Location:	Pueblo
Beds:	60
Duration:	9 – 12 months residential

The Haven Modified TC

The Haven is a unique long-term residential substance abuse treatment center for women and their children and has the ability to serve pregnant and postpartum women. The Haven houses 38 women and The Haven Mother’s House serves an additional 26 women with their infant children who reside with their mothers in treatment. The Haven serves women with chronic substance abuse disorders. The program offers group treatment, individualized treatment, psychiatric services, cognitive behavioral therapy, parenting education, infant developmental evaluations and services, on-site childcare, medication monitoring, on-site medical services, supervised children’s visitation, exercise and recreational activities, relapse prevention groups, gender specific/trauma informed women’s treatment services, transitional housing, and day treatment. Graduation depends on progress in treatment.

Provider:	ARTS
Location:	Denver
Beds:	91 ⁸
Duration:	12 – 18 months residential

⁸Treatment beds for pregnant mothers and mothers with their infants in residence. Pregnant women are prioritized first (includes probation, diversion, drug court, Department of Human Services, and self-referral).

Evaluation of Offender Treatment Needs

The CDOC provides a large array of substance abuse treatment services. It is important for programs to identify the treatment needs of the clientele and to determine whether the services are meeting that need.

This section first profiles substance abusers by comparing them to non-abusers across demographic, criminal history, and other treatment needs. Next, the need for specific treatment modalities, as measured by the SOA-R, is explored. Finally, staffing patterns and actual services rendered are analyzed.

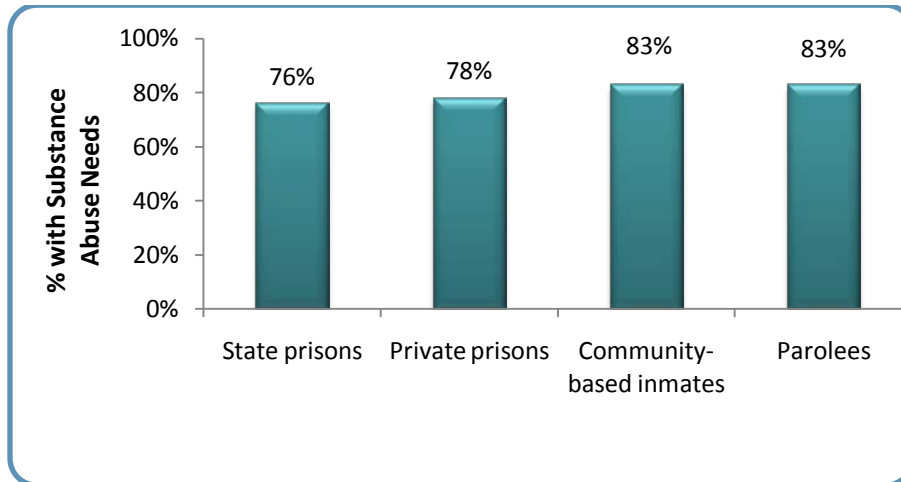
The June 30, 2009, CDOC offender and parole population (32,158), excluding youthful offenders, jail backlog, and parolees supervised out of state, was used to profile substance abusers. Substance abusers are identified during the assessment and classification process at DRDC and DWCF. All prison admissions are evaluated and screened for various programmatic needs, such as substance abuse, mental health, and vocational needs. A 5-point severity index is used, with higher scores denoting a greater priority for services. Offenders scoring 3 or higher are considered to have a need in that area.

PREVALENCE RATES

The prevalence of substance abuse across the offender and parole population as of June 30, 2009, was analyzed. Substance abusers were defined as having a diagnostic need level of 3 through 5, while non-abusers included offenders with a diagnostic level of 1 or 2. The substance abuse needs level is calculated from offenders' SSI-R scores and number of alcohol/drug-related arrests within the last 5 years, using an algorithm that takes into account both self-report (SSI-R score) and a behavioral indicator (number of arrests). Thus, offenders who under-report substance use on the SSI-R but have substance-related arrests are still identified as substance abusers.

There were 1,150 offenders with missing substance abuse needs levels, reducing the population size to 31,008. Overall, 79% of the population was identified as having substance abuse needs. Prevalence rates were examined by offenders' location (see Figure 1). Rates were fairly similar across state and private facilities, but they were slightly higher among parolees and community-based offenders (i.e., community corrections, Intensive Supervision Program [ISP]-inmates).

Figure 1 Substance Abuse Needs across CDOC Jurisdictional Population*



* Excludes youthful offenders, jail backlog, and parolees supervised out of state

SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROFILE

Demographic and criminal history data were compared for substance abusers (see Table 1). The groups are similar on gender and ethnicity, with the exception of the slightly higher percentage of Latino/Latina offenders who are substance abusers. It also appears that the substance abusers

Table 1 Comparison Across Demographic and Criminal History Data

	Substance Abusers (n = 24,516)	Non-Abusers (n = 6,492)
Gender		
Male	88%	88%
Female	12%	12%
Ethnicity		
Caucasian	46%	48%
Latino/Latina	32%	28%
African American	19%	20%
Other*	3%	4%
Mean age (st. dev.)	36.0 (9.9)	38.2 (12.2)
High school certificate**		
Diploma	19%	30%
GED	56%	46%
Neither	25%	24%
Felony class***		
1	1%	4%
2	5%	8%
3	25%	29%
4	43%	38%
5	19%	18%
6	7%	3%
Mean LSI-R (st.dev.) ****	30.3 (8.1)	23.7 (8.4)

*Other includes Native American and Asian ethnic groups

**1,314 offenders were missing high school certificate information

***92 offenders were missing felony class information

****1,150 offenders were missing LSI-R assessment information

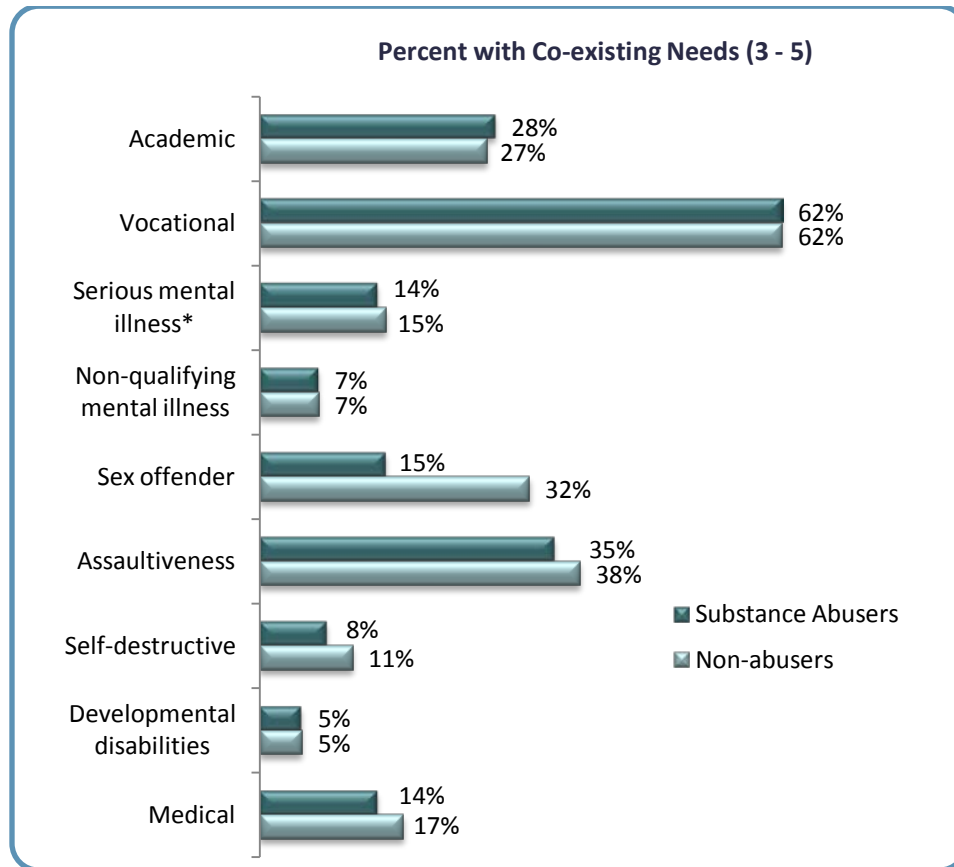
Evaluation

tend to be a couple of years younger than the non-abuser group. Overall, non-abusers were more likely to obtain their high school diploma than substance abusers, while substance abusers tended to receive their GED more often.

Criminal history data showed that substance abusers were of greater recidivism risk as measured by the LSI-R, likely due to an accumulation of more crimes in their past than the non-abusers. However, non-abusers had more serious felony offenses.

Needs levels were examined for both substance abusers and non-abusers (see Figure 2). Missing data ranged from 2 cases in vocational needs to 700 cases in assaultiveness needs levels.

Figure 2 Needs Among Substance Abusers and Non-abusers (N = 31,008)

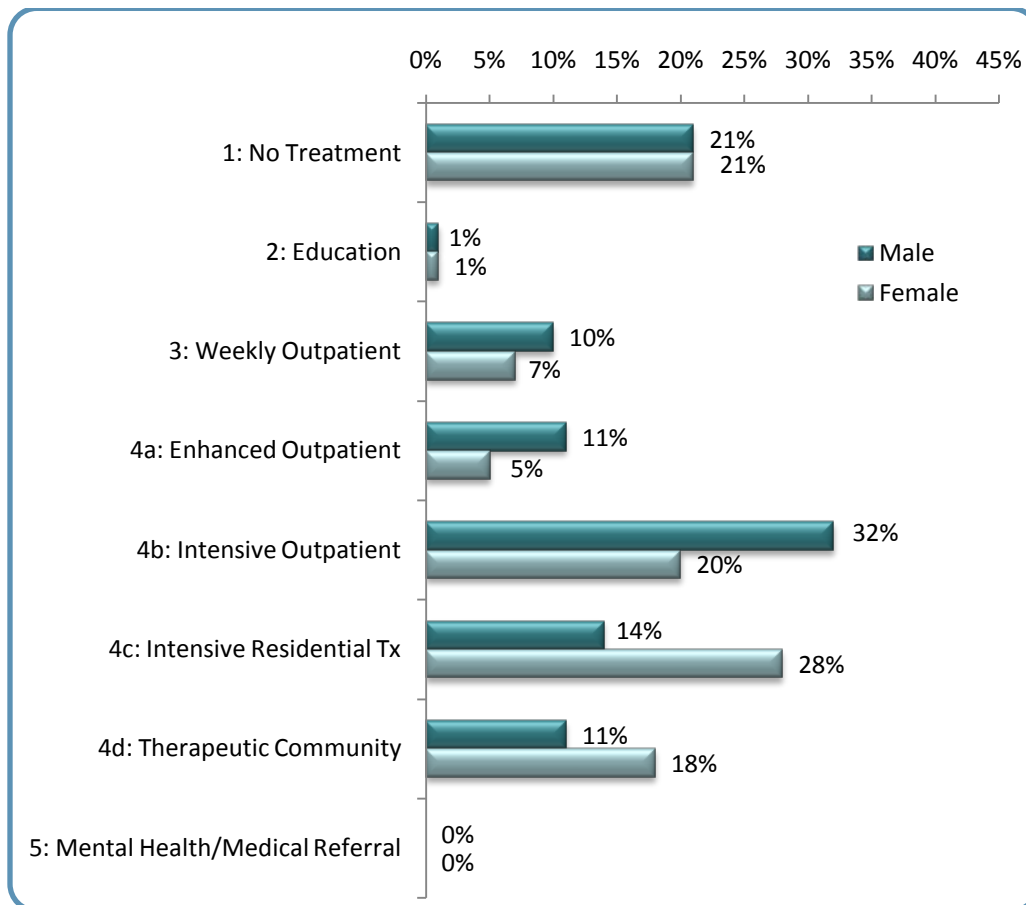


* *Serious mental illness had a (C)hronic or (O)rganic qualifier on the psychological level; non-qualifying mental illness included all other psychological 3 – 5 ratings.*

Although the two groups had similar needs in most areas, there were several differences between them in needs areas. The greatest difference between these two groups was the sex offender needs level, where the percentage of non-abusers was more than double that of substance abusers. This may explain why the group of non-abusers, whose crimes are in a higher felony class (as noted above), nevertheless have lower LSI-R scores. The LSI-R does not assess risk among sex offenders. Substance abusers also had slightly lower medical and assaultiveness needs than the non-abusers. Groups were similar on developmental disabilities and vocational needs.

There were 3,876 SOA-R assessments administered in FY09 and on June 30, 2009, there were 19,653 offenders in the CDCR population who had active assessments—17,310 male offenders and 2,343 female offenders. See Figure 3 for estimates of the substance abuse needs calculated from this data across treatment modalities and gender.

Figure 3 Estimated Substance Abuse Treatment Needs by Gender for Offenders



The greatest treatment needs of offenders were levels 4b (intensive outpatient treatment) and 4c (IRT). The generally high treatment needs demonstrated in this sample would be expected among incarcerated offenders because they represent the extreme end of the criminal justice population. It would not be expected that a large percentage of offenders would require level 2 treatment, which consists of only substance abuse education. The higher treatment levels incorporate the psycho-educational components as well as therapy. An interesting finding revealed that female offenders are identified with higher treatment needs overall than males—46% of the assessed female population was identified as needing a residential treatment program compared to 25% of males.

SERVICE DELIVERY

Beginning in March 2003 and continuing through June 2003, state agencies were informed that the state was suffering from a shortfall of anticipated income and budgets would be reduced.

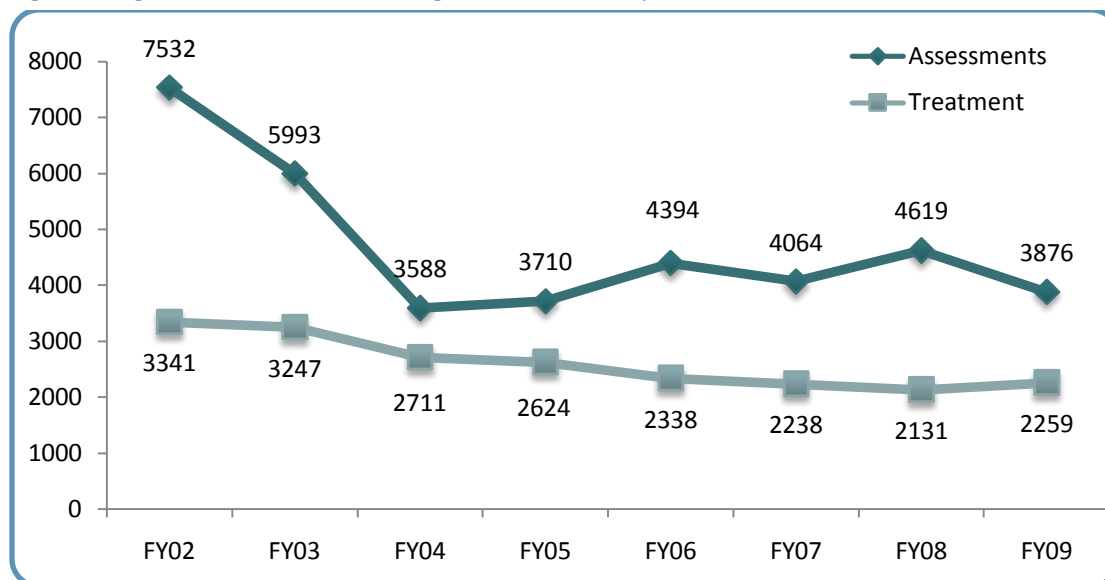
Evaluation

The CDOC budgets for FY03 and FY04 were revised and CDOC was forced to cut positions, which resulted in significant cuts in offender programs.

The Alcohol and Drug Services subprogram was among those that received the largest cuts. The FY04 budget was 40% smaller than previous years. The result was a dramatic decrease in the substance abuse treatment services provided to offenders. Because TCs have been federally funded and have empirically demonstrated their effectiveness at both the local and national level, Alcohol and Drug Services prioritized funds to keep those programs at full capacity. Outpatient treatment services were reduced at some facilities and totally eliminated at others.

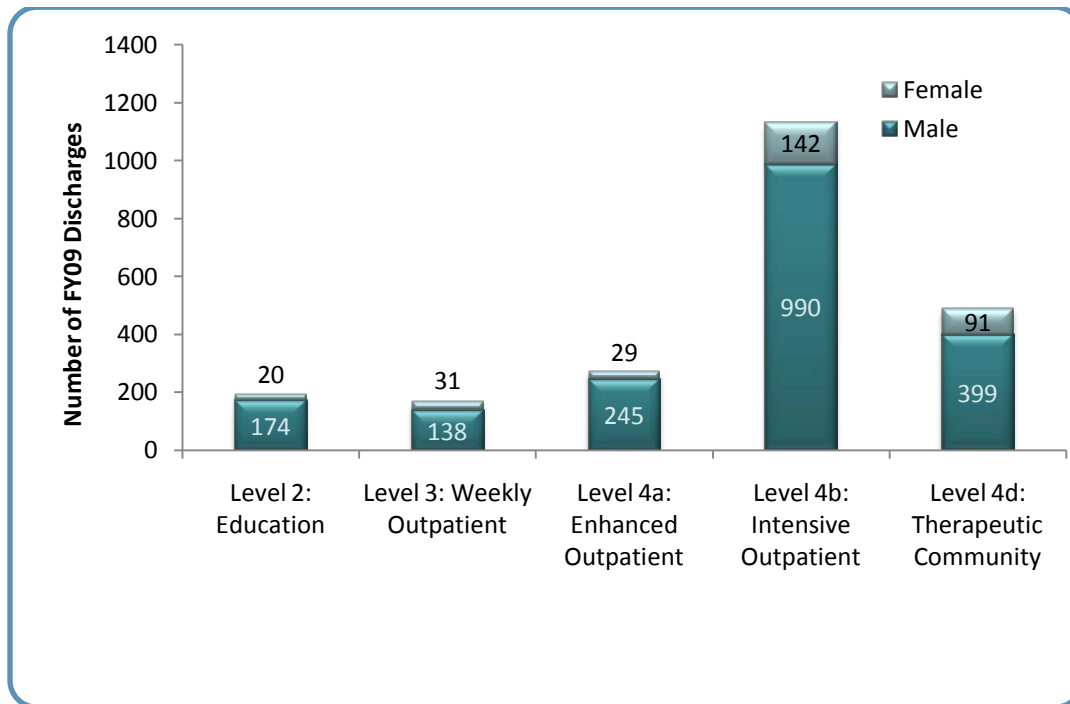
Figure 4 displays the assessment and treatment services across an 8-year span. Assessments in particular declined in FY03 and FY04, as did treatment delivery, although the decline was not as dramatic. With the addition of one TC in FY09 and five more in FY10, Alcohol and Drug Services has been working gradually to increase staffing and program availability across all facilities and is approaching pre-budget-cut service delivery rates.

Figure 4 Eight-Year Alcohol and Drug Services Delivery Rates



The availability of services was examined using discharge summary data because enrollment data is not uniformly available and discharge data gives a more complete depiction of offenders' involvement in treatment. Figure 5 breaks down program terminations for each treatment modality by gender. Level 4b treatment was the predominant modality available within CDOC during FY09.

Figure 5 Program Discharges by Treatment Level (N = 2,259)



Note: Level 4c: Intensive Residential Treatment (IRT) is not offered in any CDOC facility.

Termination reasons for FY09 program discharges were examined by treatment level (see Table 2). Transfers noted in the table are usually due to offender movements between facilities or release to a community center or parole. Most treatment participants successfully completed treatment; however, level 4d participants quit or were expelled at a higher rate than those in other treatment levels. This finding is consistent with the intensity of the TC modality. Because participation in TC is voluntary, offenders struggling with the challenges and structure of the program tend to drop out, regardless of the sanctions that might ensue. Participants who do not comply with the program rules are subject to termination by staff in order to maintain the required positive peer culture.

Table 2 Termination Reasons for FY09 Treatment Discharges (N = 2,259)

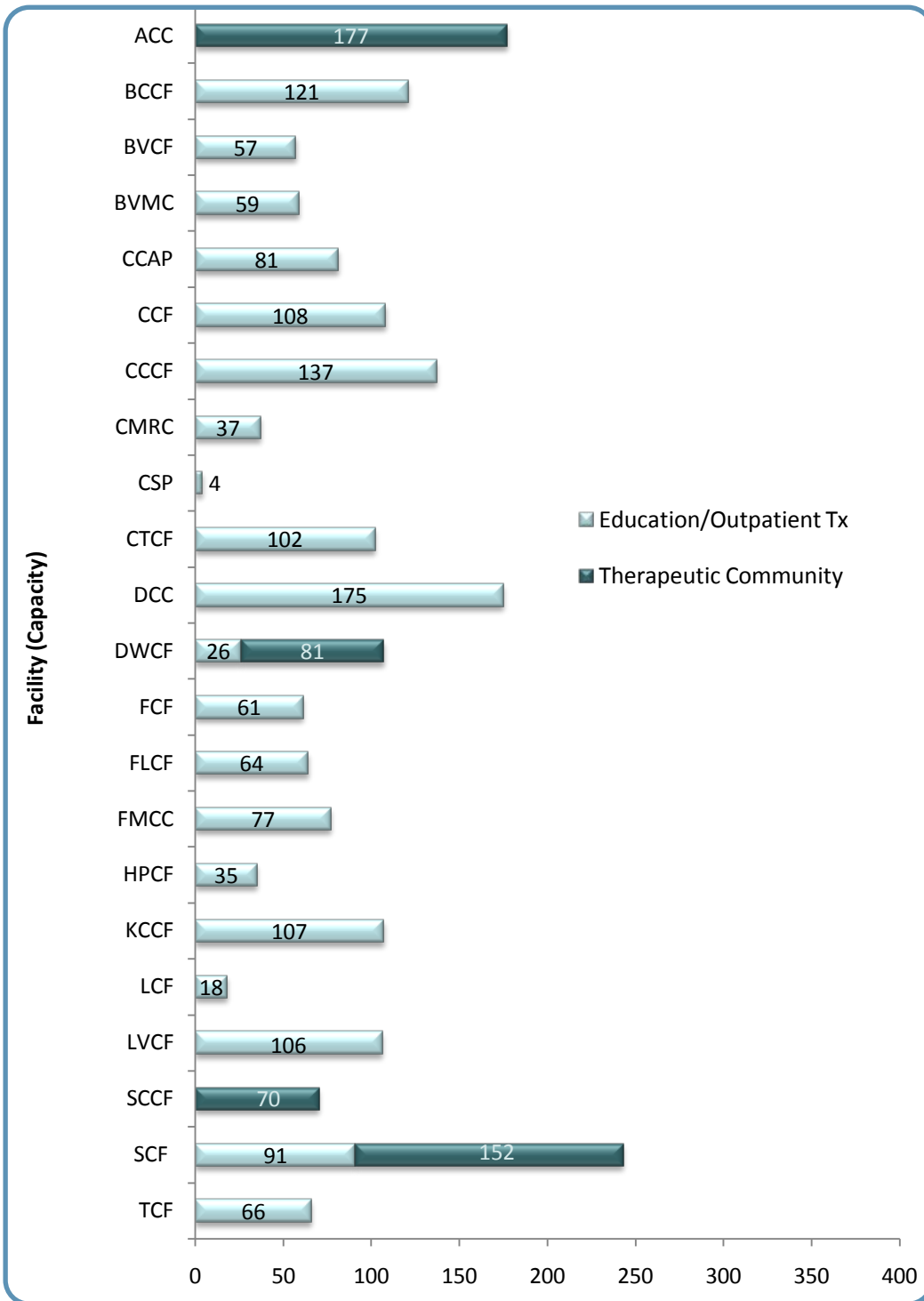
	2: Educ n = 194	3: WOP n = 169	4a: EOP n = 274	4b: IOP n = 1,132	4c: IRT n = 0	4d: TC n = 490	Total
Finished	69%	79%	90%	85%	0%	50%	76%
Transferred	0%	5%	3%	9%	0%	7%	7%
Quit	3%	0%	0%	2%	0%	10%	3%
Expelled	0%	4%	0%	1%	0%	22%	6%
Other*	28%	12%	7%	3%	0%	11%	8%

*Other includes Administrative Termination for medical or mental health issues, and at level 2 this termination type accounted for offenders who were removed from the CCAP program.

Evaluation

Treatment program discharges (all types) were separated into two groups—therapeutic community and education/outpatient—and further divided by CDOC facility (see Figure 6). Although offender assessment services were provided at DRDC, treatment services were not because facility resources are dedicated to processing prison admissions.

Figure 6 Treatment Program Discharges by Facility (N = 2,216)*

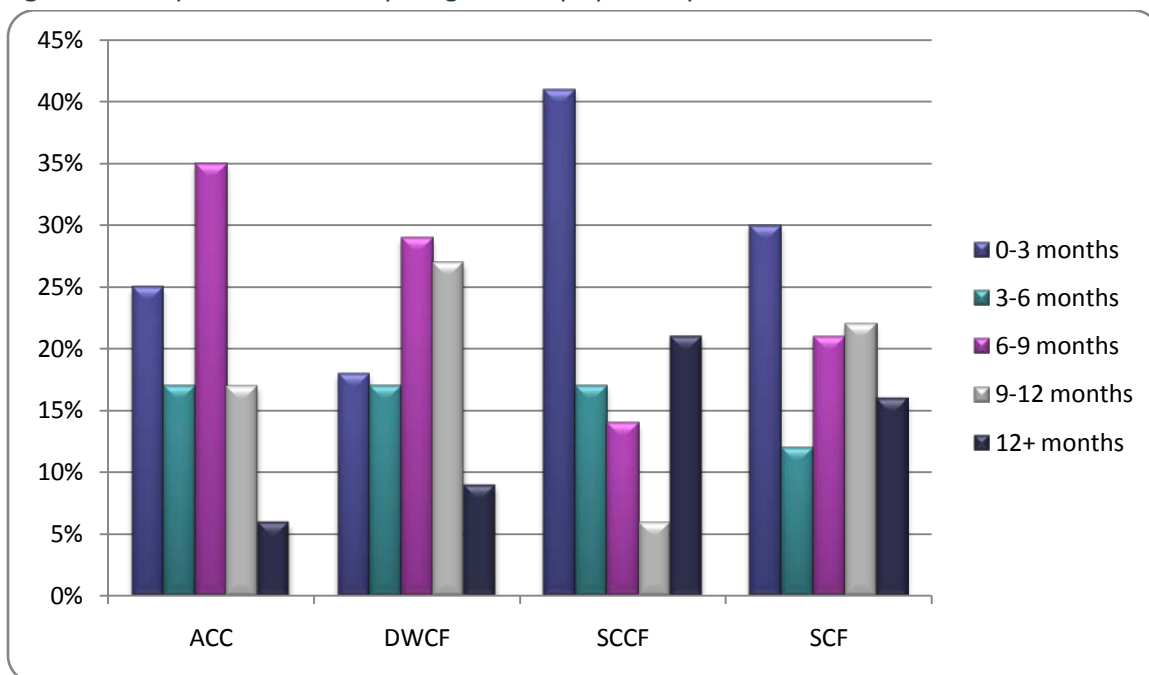


*No discharge data for AVCF, CCC, DRDC, RCC, and SCC

The following are the mean number of treatment hours for each level of treatment: level 2, 77 hours; level 3, 41 hours; level 4a, 67 hours; and level 4b, 70 hours. There were no level 4c programs offered within CDOC facilities. Level 4d programs are much longer in duration, with a mean length of stay of 210 days.

Retention in a TC program has always been a great challenge due to the intensity and demands of the program, coupled with its overall length. The time requirement to complete the program ranges between 6 to 12 months in the CDOC prison setting. As shown in Figure 7, a higher number of ACC and DWCF TC clients participated in the TC between 6 to 12 months, while the SCCF TC appeared to have slightly over 40% of offenders terminating from the program within their first 90 days of participation. Similarly, the SCF TC had 29% of offenders discharging during FY09.

Figure 7 Therapeutic Community Length of Stay by Facility



Offender needs-to-modality matching patterns were examined to determine how often offenders accessed programs that met their recommended treatment needs. Of the 2,259 treatment discharges in FY09, 164 offenders had multiple treatment episodes and were only counted once in the analyses, and 211 cases were excluded due to missing assessment data.

Evaluation

Table 3 shows matching patterns for FY09 treatment participants. Percentages on the diagonal represent accurate matching of need to modality; those below the diagonal represent offenders who received more intense services than required, while those above received less intense services than needed.

Table 3 Comparison of Offender-to-Modality Matching Patterns (N = 1,875)

Rendered Services	Assessed Need					
	2	3	4a	4b	4c	4d
2: Education/ increased UAs	0%	1%	3%	4%	1%	1%
3: Weekly outpatient	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%
4a: Enhanced outpatient	0%	3%	3%	4%	1%	0%
4b: Intensive outpatient	0%	2%	14%	33%	1%	1%
4c: Intensive residential	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
4d: Therapeutic community	0%	0%	0%	1%	12%	11%

ALCOHOL AND DRUG SERVICES COUNSELOR PROFILE

As of June 30, 2010, there were 52 Alcohol and Drug Counselors (including contract positions) employed by the CDOC, and an additional eight counselor vacancies. Table 4 summarizes CDOC counselor demographic information as well as employee information related to addiction counselor certification and staff titles. Nine counselors work in the private facilities providing substance abuse treatment, at CAC levels I (one counselor), II (five), and III (two), with one uncertified. There is one counselor vacancy in a private facility. Other counselor data were not available for the private prisons.

Table 4 Alcohol and Drug Counselor Demographics and Employee Information*

Ethnicity	
Caucasian	71%
Latino/Latina	25%
African American	2%
Other**	2%
Gender	
Male	36%
Female	64%
Age	
21 – 29	7%
30 – 39	18%
40 – 49	18%
50 – 59	43%
60+	14%
Title	
Health Care Services Trainee I	7%
Health Care Services Trainee II	13%
Health Care Services Trainee III	16%
Health Professional I	2%
Health Professional II	55%
Social Work/Counselor III	2%
Social Work/Counselor IV	5%
Years of Service	
0 – 5	76%
6 – 10	5%
11+	19%
CAC Levels (N = 66)	
None	11%
I	9%
II	29%
III	51%

*Does not include private prisons or contract staff; there were 3 counselors missing data (N = 44)

** Other includes Native American and Asian ethnic groups

Appendix A

Acronym	Facility
ACC	Arrowhead Correctional Center
AVCF	Arkansas Valley Correctional Facility
BCCF*	Bent County Correctional Facility
BVCF	Buena Vista Correctional Facility
BVMC	Buena Vista Minimum Center
CCAP	Colorado Correctional Alternative Program (Boot Camp)
CCC	Colorado Correctional Center (Camp George West)
CCCF*	Crowley County Correctional Facility
CCF	Centennial Correctional Facility
CMRC*	Cheyenne Mountain Re-entry Center
CSP	Colorado State Penitentiary
CTCF	Colorado Territorial Correctional Facility
DCC	Delta Correctional Center
DRDC	Denver Reception and Diagnostic Center
DWCF	Denver Women's Correctional Facility
FCF	Fremont Correctional Facility
FLCF	Fort Lyon Correctional Facility
FMCC	Four Mile Correctional Center
HPCF*	High Plains Correctional Facility
KCCF*	Kit Carson Correctional Facility
LCF	Limon Correctional Facility
LVCF	La Vista Correctional Facility
RCC	Rifle Correctional Center
SCC	Skyline Correctional Center
SCCF	San Carlos Correctional Facility
SCF	Sterling Correctional Facility
TCF	Trinidad Correctional Facility

**Indicates a private facility*

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Office of Planning and Analysis
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