STATE OF COLORADO

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

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January 1, 2007



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Joe Ortiz Executive Director

Representative Andrew Romanoff

Speaker

House of Representatives

Senator Joan Fitz-Gerald

President

Colorado State Senate

Representative Mike May

Minority Leader

House of Representatives

Senator Andy McElhany

Minority Leader

Colorado State Senate

Re: Annua

Annual Report concerning the status of private contract prisons

Ladies and Gentlemen:

It is our pleasure to attach for your review and use the Annual Report concerning the status of private contract prisons.

This report is submitted as directed in 17-1-201 (CRS) Corrections Privatization - Requests for Proposals Process - Duties of department.

If you have any questions, please feel free to call me at (719) 226-4701.

Sincerely,

Acting Executive Director

Attachment

CC:

Cherrie Greco, Acting Director of Administration and Finance

Pam Ploughe, Manager of Prison Operations

Alison Morgan, Chief of Private Prisons Monitoring Unit

Karen Hoff, Department of Education

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Colorado Department of Corrections

REPORT TO THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE



CONCERNING THE STATUS OF PRIVATE CONTRACT CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES

The External Capacity Subprogram, Private Prison Monitoring Unit (PPMU), provides oversight of standards and practices in contracted County Jails and Private Prisons to ensure consistent treatment of offenders throughout Colorado Corrections facilities. The Subprogram funds payment for two housing entities: (A) County Jails - temporary housing to adjudicated offenders awaiting evaluation or placement through the Denver Reception and Diagnostic Center or subsequent placement in the BVCC Colorado Corrections Alternative Program (Boot camp), (B) Private Prisons - contracted long-term facilities providing housing which offer programs and services similar to those within the Department of Corrections. The mission of the Private Prison Monitoring Unit (PPMU) is to provide effective and efficient oversight of the private contract facilities, ensuring the safety and security of the public, staff and inmates. Its vision is to provide a seamless transition of services between public and private facilities, resulting in consistent offender management and program services. To successfully accomplish these goals, the PPMU enforces contract provisions which direct the private contract prison operations. In addition to facility monitors, the PPMU staff includes program area specialists, who are able to provide credible feedback and advice to facility management in their respective areas. The facility monitors spend a minimum of 20 hours per week in the facilities providing operations oversight, conducting security and program audits, and training contract staff in essential functions such as Code of Penal Discipline (COPD) processes and case management. The staff conducts unannounced visitor program and drug interdictions to discourage the introduction of contraband into the facilities. The PPMU coordinates interagency emergency drills to increase preparedness and to test the facilities' emergency plans.

The Private Prisons Monitoring Unit (PPMU) was created in 1999, and until 2 years ago, was a cash funded unit with a monitoring fee paid by the private prisons. The current fiscal year funding comes from the General Fund. The Department is mandated statutorily to monitor the private prisons. The level of resources needed for monitoring private prison operations is largely dependent upon the number and size of the facilities, their geographical location and the number of inmates housed in each. As the private prison population continues to increase, the duties and responsibilities of the Private Prisons Monitoring Unit (PPMU) also increases.

The PPMU underwent a legislative audit in 2005. This performance audit was conducted pursuant to Section 2-3-103, C.R.S., which authorizes the State Auditor to conduct audits of all departments, institutions, and agencies of state government. Sixteen recommendations were made by the audit committee to improve PPMU's oversight of the private facilities. PPMU has fully implemented the audit recommendations. As a result of these recommendations, the contract for FY 2005/2006 contained significant changes. Some of the major changes include minimum staffing requirement levels, food service compliance, and licensure of medical clinics and liquidated damages for contract non-compliance. PPMU has developed a Footprints program to track and correct deficiencies.

The Department contracts directly with local municipalities, County or City, who are in turn responsible for

local oversight and to support the facility operation in the event of an emergency. These political subdivisions have subcontracted the operation of the facilities to private correctional corporations. As mandated by House Bill 06-1385, a per diem rate of \$51.91 per inmate per bed-day to house state prisoners in private prisons and pre-release and parole revocation facilities has been instituted as of July 1, 2006. Also per House Bill 06-1385, a per diem rate of \$48.96 per inmate per bed-day to house state prisoners in local jails is in place.

The general population capacity of all of the private facilities is 4,559. There are six private contract prisons in Colorado. Four of these facilities are owned and operated by Corrections Corporation of America, a Tennessee based public corporation. The CCA facilities are:

Facility	General Population Bed Capacity/Beds Occupied	Type of Offender		
Bent County Correctional Facility (BCCF)	699/699	Male		
Crowley County Correctional Facility (CCCF)	1,616/1,576	Male		
Huerfano County Correctional Center (HCCC)	752/747	Male		
Kit Carson Correctional Center (KCCC)	768/754	Male		

The fifth private correctional facility is the Brush Correctional Facility (BCF) located in Brush, Colorado. This facility is owned and operated by GRW, a Tennessee-based privately-held corporation. BCF incarcerates female offenders. The general population bed capacity at BCF is 272 and presently 263 beds are occupied.

The sixth private correctional facility is the Cheyenne Mountain Re-Entry Center (CMRC), owned and operated by CEC (Community Education Centers)-based in Roseland, New Jersey. This facility is a result of the enactment of HB 01-1370, directing the Department to issue a request for proposal (RFP) for the construction and operation of a private contract prison to serve as a pre-parole and revocation center to contain at least 300 beds. This facility provides assessment, treatment, and programming services to inmates who meet the mandated criteria. Major program concentrations include drug and alcohol, life skills and community re-entry services. The ultimate outcome should be decreased recidivism rates for inmates who have successfully completed programs. CMRC began accepting inmates on August 15, 2005. The facility has a general population bed capacity of 500 with 480 inmates presently at the facility. The department continues to fill the available beds. Given the specialized re-entry focus, CMRC is monitored jointly by PPMU and the Division of Adult Parole, Community Corrections and YOS.

As required in 17-1-202 (1)(c) C.R.S., each of the CCA facilities has achieved accreditation by the American Correctional Association (ACA), which reflects achievement of national standards in corrections. The Brush Correctional Facility achieved accreditation in May of this year. Pursuant to statute, CMRC has two years to become accredited.

On December 16, 2005, a request for proposal (RFP) was issued to solicit proposed long-term solutions form the private sector for up to approximately 2, 250 Level III/medium security adult male prison beds in the State of Colorado. The RFP was awarded to CCA and the GEO Group. CCA will expand both Bent and Kit Carson. GEO has proposed a 1,500 bed facility in Ault, CO. It will be approximately 24 months before that facility is ready.

On January 27, 2006, a request for proposal (RFP) was issued to solicit proposed long-term solutions from the private sector for up to approximately 750 Level III/medium security adult female prison beds and services to be provided in the State of Colorado. This contract was awarded to Cornell Companies. The Cornell facility will be located in Hudson, CO

With the completion of the above mentioned facilities set at least 18-24 months out, and with the declining availability of state or private beds, it was inevitable that the CDOC would need to go out of state for beds. The CDOC is in the late stages of preparations to send 480 inmates to the North Fork Correctional Facility in Sayre, OK. It is a CCA owned facility. It is expected that the inmates will be moved in December and January and the CDOC will likely utilize the North Fork facility for at least three years.

The Colorado PPMU has been recognized nationally as a model in progressive contract facility management. The unit continues to be called upon by other agencies for feedback and information by those who are interested in pursuing or improving contract housing services for their inmates. Officials come to Colorado to discuss our procedures and experiences and tour contract facilities in Colorado.

SERVICES PROVIDED BY PRIVATE CONTRACT PRISONS

The private contract facilities are mandated by statute to provide a range of dental, medical, psychological services and diet, education, and work programs at least equal to those services and programs provided by comparable state correctional facilities. The following tables describe program services that are available this year at the private facilities:

PRIVATE PRISONS:	Bent County Correctional Facility, Crowley County Correctional Facility, Huerfano County Correctional Center, Kit Carson Correctional Center, Brush Correctional Facility and Cheyenne Mountain Re-Entry Center									
Offender Custody Level/Mix	Medium, Minimum R, and Minimum									
Number of Offenders	3,155 Contracted ADP in FY '05/06.									
Physical Plant	These contracted facilities are rated as capable of safely maintaining 4,884 offenders.									
Special Needs Offenders	Sex Offenders Mental Health/Chronic Needs Medical 4 - 5	BCCF 278 74 8	CCCF 391 122 10	HCCC 241 70 12	KCCC 227 110 4	CMRC 1 66 1	BCF 1 14 1			
OFFENDER ASSIGNMENTS: Institutional Support	Food Service Laundry Maintenance Recreation Porters Clerks Library Law Library	BCCF 74 7 10 35 172 N/A N/A	CCCF 144 13 33 43 353 8 N/A 5	HCCC 4 5 34 26 11 1 N/A 9	KCCC 130 8 12 16 196 109 6 3	CMRC 24 9 14 N/A N/A 6 N/A N/A	BCF 44 5 15 18 53 N/A N/A 9			
Industries	Recycling K-9 Program Canteen	BCCF 6 N/A N/A	CCCF N/A N/A N/A	HCCC N/A N/A N/A	KCCC N/A 16 N/A	CMRC N/A N/A 6	BCF N/A 8 N/A			
Academic/Vocational	Academic Education ABE/GED Cognitive Education Life Skills Vocational Education Business Computer Construction Technology Electronics Technology Horticulture Science Tech. Hobby Shop Janitorial Plumbing Social Science Woodshop	BCCF 145 N/A 0 BCCF 0 31 0 14 0 0 0 13 0 0	CCCF 128 N/A 11 CCCF 0 41 35 43 23 36 39 0 0 80	HCCC 160 N/A 31 HCCC 0 32 0 31 29 0 19 0 35 0	KCCC 0 N/A 21 KCCC 36 38 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	CMRC 44 N/A 139 CMRC 0 39 0 0 0 0 0	12 N/A 23			

Clinical Services/ Treatment	Sex Offender Treatment Mental Health/Core Curr. Drug & Alcohol Recovery	BCCF N/A 0 14	CCCF N/A 44 23	HCCC N/A 17 65	KCCC N/A 34 45	CMRC N/A 0 6	BCF N/A 123 60	
Unassigned	Temp. Unassigned Offenders Unassigned	BCCF 118	CCCF 217	HCCC 122	KCCC 117	CMRC 14	BCF 76	
Food Service	The six private facilities provide meals to over 4,400 offenders. The four CCA facilities contract for this service with Canteen, Inc. CMRC contracts with Aramark and Brush does their own food service.							
Laundry	Provides laundry services and delivery to approximately 4,400 offenders							

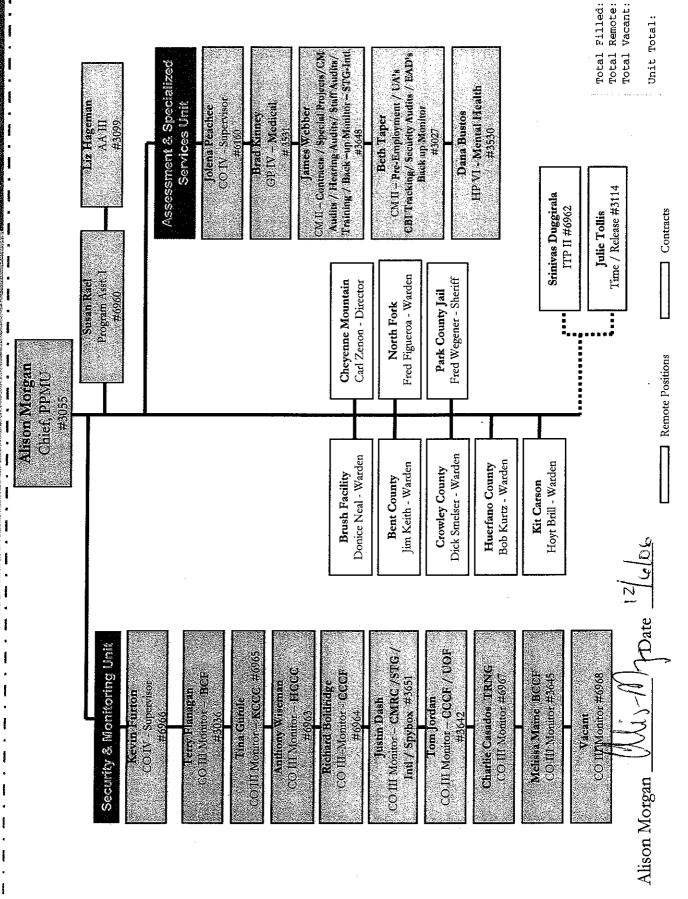
Community Labor

BCCF runs a recycling center using 5 to 6 offenders. In addition, BCCF offenders read books to tape for visually impaired. CCCF builds cabinets for Habitat for Humanity and are in the early stages of a program to manufacture roof trusses for Habitat as well. CCCF is presently providing a outside labor crew to Crowley and Otero Counties. HCCC has a few inmates working on various community projects. Community Labor does not apply to Kit Carson Correctional Center, Brush Correctional Facility and Cheyenne Mountain Re-Entry Center.

Unique Features of Facility

KCCC, HCCC and BCF currently participate in a K-9 companion program and KCCC participates in Wheels for the World; a wheelchair refurbishing program. CCCF recently began its new partnership with Friends of Retired Greyhounds in an Adoption/Foster Care Program.

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