

# Colorado Department of Corrections Dashboard Measures

September 2012

Population Measures			Prison Measures			Parole/Community Measures		
	Aug-12	Sep-12		Aug-12	Sep-12		Aug-12	Sep-12
<b>End-of-Month Population</b>			<b>Administrative Segregation</b>			<b>Transition Placements</b>		
State prisons	13,869	13,724	# inmates in status	924	949	# inmates transferred to		
Private prisons	3,954	3,876	<b># Incidents<sup>1</sup></b>			community corrections	242	240
Jail backlog	234	176	Inmate-on-inmate assault	27	34	<b>% Positive Drug Tests<sup>1</sup></b>		
Jail contracts	3	4	Inmate-on-staff assault	17	34	ISP inmate	3.75%	4.19%
Escapes/walkaways	228	223	Fighting	38	47	Regular parole	11.40%	12.61%
Community – on grounds	2,242	2,229	<b>% Positive Random Drug Tests<sup>1</sup></b>			ISP parole	8.35%	8.68%
Community – off grounds	<u>357</u>	<u>396</u>	State prisons	0.00%	0.00%	<b>% Parolees Employed Full-Time and Part-Time</b>		
<b>Inmate Subtotal</b>	<b>20,887</b>	<b>20,628</b>	Private prison	0.00%	0.00%	Regular parole – F/T	47%	46%
Parole – domestic	8,468	8,606	<b># Enrolled in Programs</b>			Regular parole – P/T	<u>12%</u>	<u>13%</u>
Parole – out of CO	2,139	2,152	Academic	1,760	1,677	<b>Regular Parole Subtotal</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>59%</b>
Parole – absconders	<u>641</u>	<u>651</u>	Vocational <sup>2</sup>	1,332	1,355	ISP parole – F/T	35%	34%
<b>Parole Subtotal</b>	<b>11,248</b>	<b>11,409</b>	Substance Abuse			ISP parole – P/T	<u>11%</u>	<u>10%</u>
YOS total population	267	272	Outpatient	363	404	<b>ISP Parole Subtotal</b>	<b>46%</b>	<b>44%</b>
<b># Releases from Inmate Status</b>			Therapeutic community	481	477	<b>CPO Response to Parole Violations per CVDMP</b>		
Discretionary paroles	265	397	Sex Offender			# CVDMPs submitted	2,458	2,412
Mandatory paroles	289	254	Phase I	128	113	Low	53%	53%
Reparoles	201	173	Phase II	265	262	Medium	27%	30%
Sentence discharges	141	117	Mental Health	625	646	High	2%	1%
Other <sup>3</sup>	15	20	Pre-Release	282	266	Jail/Revocation hearing	18%	16%
			<b># Employed</b>			<b>Parole Supervision Outcomes<sup>1</sup></b>		
			Labor/work crews	8,416	8,338	Successful completions	314 (44%)	334(45%)
			Correctional Industries	1,594	1,580	Early parole discharges	10 (1%)	9(1%)
						Technical Returns	328 (46%)	333(45%)
						Returns with New Crime	63 (9%)	59(8%)

NOTE: Sum of monthly reports may not equal year-end totals due to record updates.

<sup>1</sup> Reported on a 1-month delay for data quality assurance purposes.

<sup>2</sup> Includes vocational programs offered in conjunction with Correctional Industries jobs.

<sup>3</sup> Includes releases to probation, court ordered discharges, deceased, appeal bond, and dual commit to ICC/new crime.

## Colorado Department of Corrections Dashboard Measures Terms

Population Measures	Prison Measures	Parole/Community Measures
<p><b>End-of-Month Population:</b>  <i>State prisons</i> – on- &amp; off-grounds inmates housed in state owned and operated prison.  <i>Private prisons</i> – on- &amp; off-grounds inmates housed in privately owned and operated prison.  <i>Jail backlog</i> – newly sentenced offender awaiting intake into DOC and parole returns awaiting intake.  <i>Jail contracts</i> – DOC offender housed in a contracted bed at a county jail.  <i>Escapes/walkaways</i> – offender who escapes or walks away from a state or private prison, community center, or any facility in which they are under the custody of CDOC without authorization and whose whereabouts are unknown.  <i>Community on grounds</i> – inmates actively participating in residential or ISP programs  <i>Community off grounds</i> – inmates not actively participating in residential or ISP programs due to jail, hospital, or court appearance.  <i>Domestic Parole</i> – includes CO &amp; other state parolees supervised in CO.  <i>Parolees out of CO</i> – CO parolees supervised in another state but who remain under Colorado’s jurisdiction.  <i>Parole Absconders</i> – A parolee who has changed his/her place of residence without prior notification and approval of his/her community parole officer, has failed to report as directed, and whose whereabouts are unknown.  <i>YOS total population</i> – Includes YOS inmates housed at Pueblo facility, community phase III, jail backlog, and other facilities (i.e., infirmary).</p>	<p><b>Administrative Segregation:</b>            # inmates classified as administrative segregation on the last day of the month.</p> <p><b># Incidents:</b>  <i>Assault</i> – An offender commits an assault when s/he intentionally, or through negligence or recklessness, causes injury to another person, or applies physical force, offensive substance, or any other item or hazardous substance against any person, regardless of whether or not injury occurs.  <i>Fight</i> - A fight occurs when an offender engages in a physical altercation including exchange of blows, shoves, kicks, or any physical contact without authorization</p> <p><b>% Positive Random Drug Test:</b>            Random drug test are conducted through urinalysis or oral swab. Approximately 5% of the inmate populations is randomly tested each month.</p> <p><b># Enrolled in Program:</b>            Includes offenders actively enrolled in a program on the last day of the month. Does not include YOS offenders.</p>	<p><b>Transition Placements:</b>            # inmates transferred to community corrections during the current month.</p> <p><b>% Positive Drug Test:</b>            Includes all drug tests conducted with ISP inmates and parolees by various methods such as urinalysis, swab, and Passpoint. The number of tests is determined by supervision levels, offender behavior, and probable cause.</p> <p><b>% Parolees Employed Full-Time or Part-Time:</b>            % of domestic parole caseload employed full or part-time. This does not include parolees who are pending parole revocation.</p> <p><b>Parole Officer Responses to Parole Violations Per CVDMP:</b>            Using the CVDMP, a presumptive matrix determines a recommended sanction response based on the parolee’s risk level and seriousness of the violation. Parole officers may request an over- or under-ride from their supervisor. The data reported here represent the parole officer’s most serious response to the violation, taking into account the factors on the CVDMP. When the sanction is jail/parole revocation, the Parole Board then has a hearing to determine whether parole will be revoked.</p>
<p><b># Releases from Inmate Status:</b>  <i>Discretionary paroles</i> – Release to parole through Parole Board discretion prior to mandatory release or sentence discharge date.  <i>Mandatory paroles</i> – Release to parole on mandatory release date or a few days early under Parole Board authority if release date is on a weekend. Also includes parole releases subject to HB 09-1351 earn time provisions.  <i>Reparoles</i> – Reparoled on specific date set by Parole Board, including reparoles from a return to custody facility.  <i>Sentence discharges</i> – Completion of sentence with no further supervision.  <i>Other</i> – Releases to probation, court ordered discharges, deceased, appeal bond, and dual commit to ICC/new crime.</p>	<p><b># Employed:</b>            Includes full-time and part-time employment including facility work assignments and Correctional Industries (includes Canteen) assignments. This is a snapshot that includes offenders who actively were employed on the last day of the month. Does not include YOS offenders.</p>	<p><b>Parole Completions:</b>  <i>Successful completions</i> - Completion of sentence while on parole.  <i>Early parole discharges</i> - Completion of sentence prior to sentence discharge date under Parole Board authority.  <i>Technical Returns</i> - Technical parole violator revoked to a community return to custody facility (CRCF) or revoked to a facility.  <i>Returns with a New Crime</i> - New crime conviction while serving parole, returned to a facility.</p>