

Colorado Department of Corrections



John W. Hickenlooper
Governor

State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP)

For more information contact:
Office of Planning & Analysis
Office (719) 226-4380
e-mail address: charles.gilbert@state.co.us



Tom Clements
Executive Director

Bulletin OPA 13-05

Statistical Bulletin

December 12, 2012

Office of Planning and Analysis

The Office of Planning and Analysis exists within the Department of Corrections to provide research, information, and data analysis services. The office also monitors population projections, analyzes legislative impact studies, and conducts program and system evaluations as directed by statute or executive priority.

General Statistics and Reporting

The General Statistics and Reporting Unit within the Office of Planning and Analysis analyzes data and conducts research for internal management and external criminal justice use. This unit gathers, compiles, and analyzes data for a multitude of agencies and purposes.

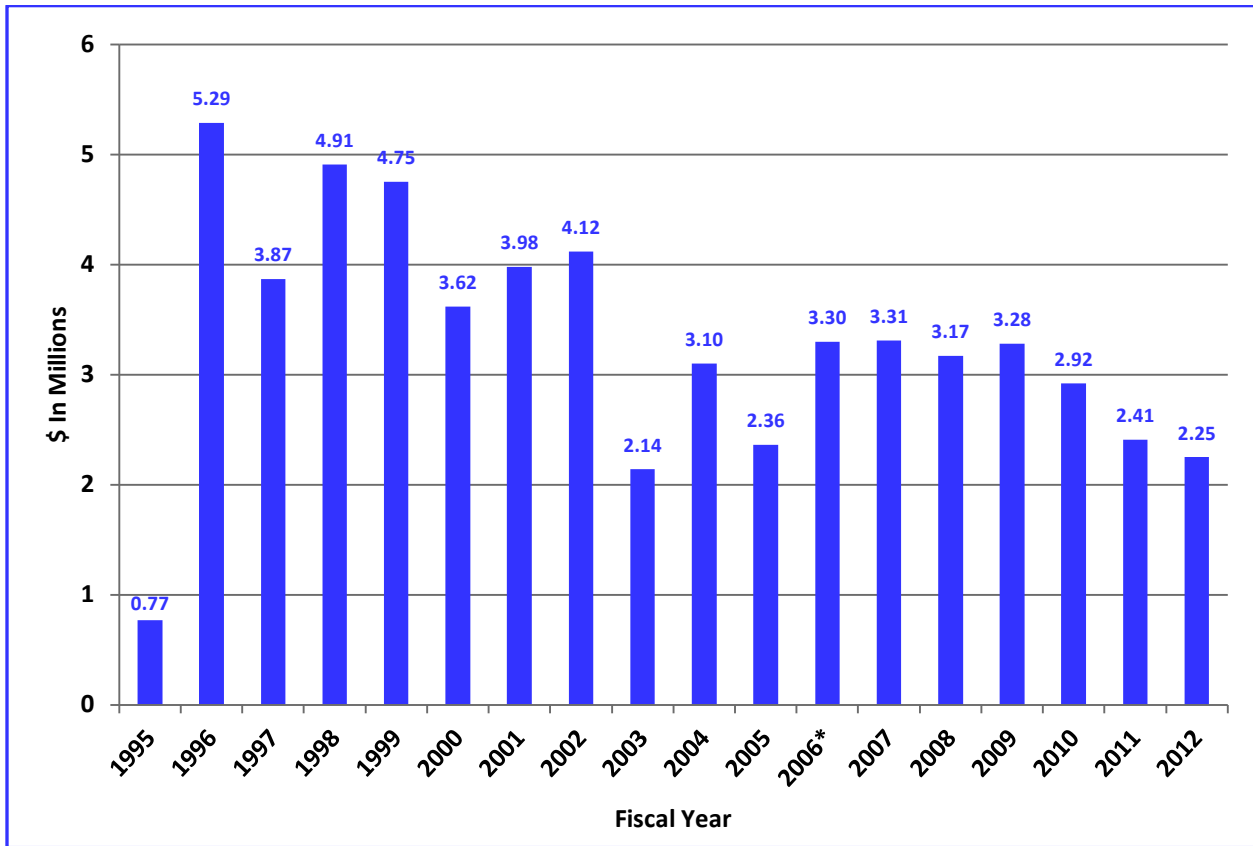
About this Bulletin

This publication is intended to provide an overview of statistical information and findings generated by this unit. Dissemination of this information to staff and other interested individuals will be provided through this periodical publication.

The Colorado Department of Corrections receives \$2,251,529 for fiscal year 2012 SCAAP Payment

The Colorado Department of Corrections recently received notification that the Department was awarded \$2.3 million for the FY 2012 SCAAP payment. The State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP) is a payment program designed to provide federal assistance to states and localities for the costs of incarcerating certain criminal aliens who are being held as a result of state and/or local charges or convictions. The SCAAP grant is paid out one year after the period of incarceration. The FY 2012 SCAAP grant is for incarceration expenses incurred from July 1, 2010 to June 30, 2011. The Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) distributes payments to many jurisdictions including city and county jails and state prisons. A total of 890 applications were submitted and approved for FY 2012 with a total of \$211,875,175 distributed to eligible states and local jurisdictions.

Colorado Department of Corrections SCAAP Fiscal Year 1995-2012 Award



*2006 includes a supplemental of \$344,684

General Research and Statistics

In order to participate in the SCAAP Program, the Office of Planning and Analysis has established databases and criteria needed to submit all required information to the BJA for payment. The General Statistics and Reporting Unit provides resources to track and extensively monitor offender data with special emphasis on key identity tracking fields. The tracking ensures the highest level of matching with federal and homeland security databases used in the SCAAP data verification process. Aggregate correctional officer salary and employment numbers obtained from the Business Office are also key elements submitted by the Department of Corrections each year. The Colorado Department of Corrections has participated and benefited from the SCAAP since 1995, receiving a total of \$59,580,115 in funds over the past 18 year period, though the true cost of incarcerating these offenders is drastically higher than the reimbursements received.

**Colorado Department of Corrections
SCAAP 1995 – 2012**

Fiscal Year^a	# of Inmates Submitted^b	Total Awarded
2012	2,556	\$2,251,529
2011	2,562	\$2,410,172
2010	2,471	\$2,916,474
2009	2,239	\$3,280,836
2008	2,185	\$3,172,006
2007	2,036	\$3,307,436
2006^c	1,847	\$3,331,966
2005	1,721	\$2,358,707
2004	1,597	\$3,104,425
2003	1,406	\$2,137,747
2002	1,308	\$4,117,059
2001	1,218	\$3,982,669
2000	1,150	\$3,614,980
1999	1,082	\$4,745,028
1998	1,082	\$4,910,998
1997	1,022	\$3,871,426
1996	618	\$5,293,314
1995	423	\$773,343

^aFunds are not always received in the same fiscal year shown due to varying application and processing dates at the federal level.

^bReporting periods and procedures have been revised over the years varying from one-day counts to fiscal year inmate data.

^cFiscal Year 2006 includes additional supplemental payment during the year.

- The Colorado 2012 award showed a 6.6% decrease in the SCAAP Payment. This is the third consecutive decrease.
- The number of inmates included in the Colorado submission dropped for the first time in fiscal year 2012 due to the overall decline of the Colorado prison population, and as a result of recent legislation that offers nonviolent ICE detainees a presumption for release to parole.

State DOC Payment Comparison

BJA is continually enhancing and updating their review and verification process. Some highlights in the comparison of the state jurisdictional funding, excluding counties and cities, are listed below with a chart breakdown for the top 12 states who received funding.

- The State of Colorado ranked 12th in fiscal year 2011 compared to 10th in fiscal year 2012.
- Each of the top 12 states saw decreases in fiscal year 2012 from the fiscal year 2011 payment.
- Of the top 12 states, Colorado received the smallest percentage decrease (6.58%) and Arizona received the largest (31.66%).

Comparison of 2011 and 2012 SCAAP Payments Top 12 States

State	FY2012 SCAAP Payment		FY2011 SCAAP Payment		% Increase/ Decrease from FY 2011 Payment
	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank	
California	\$51,229,996	1	\$65,845,390	1	-22.20%
New York	\$13,371,017	2	\$18,560,857	2	-27.96%
Texas	\$10,695,980	3	\$13,464,920	3	-20.56%
Florida	\$9,842,541	4	\$12,038,004	4	-18.24%
Arizona	\$6,647,908	5	\$9,728,312	5	-31.66%
Illinois	\$5,699,741	6	\$6,383,515	6	-10.71%
New Jersey	\$3,792,188	7	\$4,856,021	7	-21.91%
North Carolina	\$3,009,157	8	\$3,869,772	8	-22.24%
Massachusetts	\$2,634,145	9	\$3,486,477	9	-24.45%
Colorado	\$2,251,529	10	\$2,410,172	12	-6.58%
Oregon	\$1,996,569	11	\$2,669,738	10	-25.21%
Nevada	\$1,935,374	12	\$2,590,075	11	-25.28%

Percentage of Distribution

The following table shows a yearly breakdown of the SCAAP distribution since fiscal year 2002. The number of jurisdictions decreased to 890 from 929 in fiscal year 2011. The CDOC SCAAP payment has decreased 31% since fiscal year 2009. In the same period the total SCAAP distribution has decreased by 46%. Though the number of jurisdictions applying for SCAAP payments has decreased, and the CDOC percentage of the total distribution has increased, the annual payment for Colorado decreased. This is attributed to fewer federal funds being designated for SCAAP. The average percent of the federal distribution for Colorado since 2002 is 0.89% with the highest percentage occurring in fiscal year 2004.

Percentage of Distribution for Colorado Department of Corrections FY2002 – FY2012

Year	Total SCAAP Distribution	# of State & Local Jurisdictions Receiving Payments	CDOC SCAAP Payment	CDOC % of Total Distribution
2012	\$211,875,175	890	\$2,251,529	1.06%
2011	\$272,238,251	929	\$2,410,172	0.89%
2010	\$324,023,789	865	\$2,916,474	0.90%
2009	\$393,941,785	900	\$3,280,836	0.83%
2008	\$386,315,610	875	\$3,172,006	0.82%
2007	\$377,316,374	808	\$ 3,307,436	0.88%
2006*	\$376,336,474	800	\$ 3,331,966	0.89%
2005	\$287,132,506	758	\$ 2,358,707	0.82%
2004	\$281,605,292	741	\$ 3,104,425	1.10%
2003	\$239,999,996	797	\$ 2,137,747	0.89%
2002	\$545,090,055	660	\$ 4,117,059	0.76%

*Includes additional supplemental payment during the year.

- The fiscal year 2012 total distribution was the lowest it has been in almost ten years.
- The number of jurisdictions receiving payments decreased 4.2% in fiscal year 2012.
- The total SCAAP distribution decreased 22% in fiscal year 2012 from last year.
- Since 2002, the total SCAAP distribution has decreased over 60% while the number of jurisdictions receiving payments has increased 35%.
- Colorado received its highest percentage of the total distribution since fiscal year 2004.