Colorado Department of Corrections



STATE CRIMINAL ALIEN ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SCAAP)

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The Office of Planning and Analysis exists within the Department of Corrections to provide research, information and data analysis services. The office also monitors population projections, analyzes legislative impact studies, oversees the administrative regulations, and conducts program and system evaluations as directed by statute or executive priority.

General Statistics Reporting and Evaluation Unit

The General Statistics, Reporting and Evaluation Unit within the Office of Planning and Analysis analyzes data, evaluates programs and conducts research for internal management and external criminal justice use. This unit gathers, compiles and analyzes data for a multitude of agencies and purposes.

About this Bulletin

This publication is intended to provide an overview of statistical information and findings generated by this unit. Dissemination of this information to staff and other interested individuals will be provided through this periodical publication.



THE COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS RECEIVES \$2,358,707 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2005 SCAAP PAYMENT#

The Colorado Department of Corrections received notification on November 18, 2005, that the department was awarded nearly \$2.4 million for the fiscal year 2005 SCAAP payment. The State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP) is a payment program designed to provide federal assistance to states and localities for the costs of incarcerating certain criminal aliens who are being held as a result of state and/or local charges or convictions. The Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA) distributes payments to many jurisdictions including county jails, city jails and state prisons. With newer specifications, requirements and additional jurisdictions applying for the SCAAP grant, a decrease was shown with many jurisdictional payments for fiscal year 2005. A total of 758 applications were submitted for FY2005 with a total of \$287,143,095 being distributed to eligible states and local jurisdictions. Three new counties within the State of Colorado were accepted for payments. The two largest jurisdictions that did not receive payment last year but accepted this year were Oregon (\$3,417,205) and Illinois (\$4,731,269) resulting in Colorado dropping to 12th overall. A total of 33 states showed a decrease in their payments for FY2005. The Colorado Department of Corrections has participated and benefited from the SCAAP since 1995 and has received a total of \$38,909,696 in funds over the eleven year period.

*##GENERAL RESEARCH AND STATISTICS *#

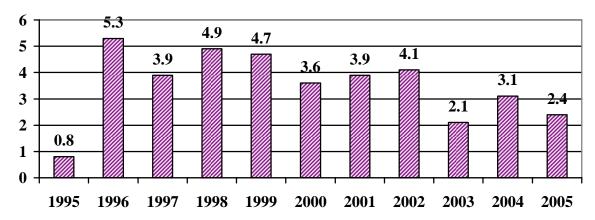
In order to participate in the SCAAP Program, the Office of Planning and Analysis has established databases and criteria needed to submit all required information to BJA for payment. Each month the General Statistics and Research Evaluation Office (GSRE) reviews, updates and corrects information such as inmate birthplace, citizenship, aliases and birth dates. In addition, the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) numbers and U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) detainer numbers are updated, by working with ICE and NCIC (National Crime Information Center) to ensure the Colorado inmates have current ICE detainer numbers and FBI numbers. This allows BJA to match federal databases for accuracy and verification of foreign-born inmate payments. The Office of Planning and Analysis also reports aggregate correctional salary and employment numbers obtained from the business office and calculated incarceration statistics. The following graph and chart show how many inmates were submitted by the Department of Corrections by year and the total SCAAP payment awarded.

Colorado Department of Corrections SCAAP 1995 -2005

Fiscal Year*	# of Inmates Submitted**	Total Awarded		
2005	1,721	\$ 2,358,707		
2004	1,597	\$ 3,104,425		
2003	1,406	\$ 2,137,747		
2002	1,308	\$ 4,117,059		
2001	1,218	\$ 3,982,669		
2000	1,150	\$ 3,614,980		
1999	1,082	\$ 4,745,028		
1998	1,082	\$ 4,910,998		
1997	1,022	\$ 3,871,426		
1996	618	\$ 5,293,314		
1995	423	\$ 773,343		

^{*}Funds are not always received in the same fiscal year shown due to varying application and processing dates at the federal level.

SCAAP Payments Years 1995 - 2005



^{**}Reporting periods and procedures have been revised over the years varying from one-day counts to fiscal year inmate data.

#*##STATE PAYMENT COMPARISONS *#

BJA is continually enhancing and updating their review and verification process. When comparing the SCAAP payments to other states, the Colorado Department of Corrections ranks 12th overall. For Fiscal Year 2005, only one state, Montana, did not receive a SCAAP payment. Though Illinois and Oregon were in the Top 12 in 2003, they did not receive payments in 2004. Both these states are now included in the Top 12 for fiscal year 2005. The Province of Guam was included as a new recipient for fiscal year 2005 funds.

The following chart shows the Top 12 state jurisdictions ranked by SCAAP payment, and prison population. The prison population information came from the Bureau of Justice and Statistics Bulletin, "Prisoners in 2004".

♦ The State of Colorado continues to receive a disproportionately high SCAAP payment when compared to other states of comparable size.

Top 12 State Jurisdictions SCAAP Payment and Prison Population									
	FY2005 SCAAP Payment		FY2004 SCAAP Payment		% Increase/ Decrease	June 30, 2004 Prison Population			
State	Amount	Rank	Amount	Rank	from FY 2004 Payment	Population			
California	\$ 85,953,191	1	\$ 77,356,015	1	11.1%	166,053	2		
New York	\$ 24,022,356	2	\$ 30,859,709	2	-22.2%	64,596	4		
Texas	\$ 18,582,484	3	\$ 17,126,820	3	8.5%	169,110	1		
Florida	\$ 12,806,110	4	\$ 11,778,031	4	8.7%	84,733	3		
Arizona	\$ 12,139,791	5	\$ 6,808,219	5	78.3%	31,631	13		
Illinois	\$ 4,731,269	6	\$ 0	n/a	New	44,379	8		
Massachusetts	\$ 4,728,549	7	\$ 5,362,497	6	-11.8%	10,365	31		
New Jersey	\$ 3,472,389	8	\$ 4,061,667	7	-14.5%	28,107	15		
Oregon	\$ 3,417,250	9	\$ 0	n/a	New	13,219	29		
North Carolina	\$ 2,527,797	10	\$ 2,380,105	9	6.2%	34,917	12		
Nevada	\$ 2,412,064	11	\$ 1,383,439	13	74.4%	10,971	30		
Colorado	\$ 2,358,707	12	\$ 3,104,425	8	-24.0%	19,756	25		
The following states dropped out of the top 12 in 2005:									
Washington	\$ 1,723,823	13	\$ 2,206,930	10	-21.9%	16,559	27		
Georgia	\$ 1,393,149	14	\$ 1,885,056	11	-26.1%	51,104	5		
Wisconsin	\$ 1,243,892	15	\$ 1,473,682	12	-15.6%	22,966	22		

^{*}A total of 33 states had a decrease in the fiscal year 2005 payment.