

NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS SERVICE

USDA/NASS Colorado Field Office PO Box 150969 Lakewood, CO 80215 Pho

Released: May 18, 2009

Contents of This Issue
 Livestock Slaughter
 Hay Stocks
 Crop Production
 Agricultural Prices
▶ Potato Stocks

LIVESTOCK SLAUGHTER - MARCH 2009

Commercial livestock slaughter in **Colorado** during March 2009 totaled 169.4 million pounds, 2 percent above the same month a year earlier and 3 percent above February 2009. Beef slaughter decreased 4 percent from March 2008 to 189,600 head, and the average live weight of 1,357 increased 73 pounds from a year ago. Hog slaughter decreased 14 percent to 600 head, and the average live weight decreased 1 pound to 257. Accumulated red meat production for the first three months of 2009 totaled 504.9 million pounds, down from the 512.6 million pounds produced during the comparable period a year ago.

Commercial red meat production for the **United States** totaled 4.14 billion pounds in March, up 1 percent from the 4.09 billion pounds produced in March 2008. Beef production, at 2.14 billion pounds, was 2 percent above the previous year. Cattle slaughter totaled 2.73 million head, up slightly from March 2008. The average live weight was up 29 pounds from the previous year, at 1,305 pounds. Veal production totaled 12.2 million pounds, 8 percent above March a year ago. Calf slaughter totaled 79,800 head, up 12 percent from March 2008. The average live weight was down 10 pounds from last year, at 263 pounds.

Pork production totaled 1.97 billion pounds, up slightly from the previous year. Hog kill totaled 9.65 million head, down slightly from March 2008. The average live weight was up 1 pound from the previous year, at 272 pounds.

Lamb and mutton production, at 15.9 million pounds, was down slightly from March 2008. Sheep slaughter totaled 222,000 head, 4 percent below last year. The average live weight was 143 pounds, up 4 pounds from March a year ago.

January to March 2009 commercial red meat production was 12.1 billion pounds, down 3 percent from 2008. Accumulated beef production was down 2 percent from last year, veal was up 5 percent, pork was down 4 percent from

AG UPDATE

To access NASS and Colorado reports: http://www.nass.usda.gov/

Phone: (303)236-2300 1-800-392-3202

FAX: (303)236-2299 1-800-643-6885

Vol. 29 No. 9 last year, and lamb and mutton production was down 8 percent.

Red Meat Production - Colorado and United States

			e meea c				
Area	Mar.	Feb.	Mar.	January-March			
and Species	2008	2009	2009	2008	2009		
		Million Pounds					
Colorado:	165.9	165.1	169.4	512.6	504.9		
United States:	4,089.8	3,825.0	4,141.9	12,474.9	12,136.5		
Beef	2,110.5	1,985.2	2,144.8	6,371.9	6,248.3		
Veal	11.3	11.0	12.2	33.6	35.2		
Pork	1,962.0	1,816.1	1,969.0	6,023.6	5,811.1		
Lamb & Mutton	16.0	12.8	15.9	45.7	42.0		

HAY STOCKS MAY 1, 2008

Hay stocks on **Colorado** farms and ranches as of May 1, 2009 totaled 400,000 tons, down 23 percent from stocks of 520,000 tons on hand last year. Less hay production last year combined with poor pasture conditions last fall and winter led to the decrease in hay inventory.

All hay stored in the **United States** on farms May 1, 2009 totaled 22.1 million tons, up 2 percent from a year ago. Disappearance from December 1, 2008-May 1, 2009 totaled 81.6 million tons, compared with 82.5 million tons for the same period a year ago. Hay stocks decreased from last year across most of the Great Plains and Rocky Mountain States. Texas and Oklahoma had the largest decreases due in part to lower hay production in 2008. In addition, dry weather last fall and winter resulted in poor pasture conditions which increased supplemental hay feeding. Hay stocks in North Dakota and Montana were down 44 and 42 percent, respectively, due to a combination of lower production and spring snow storms that prolonged the hay feeding season.

Meanwhile, in the eastern United States, higher production, milder winter weather, increased precipitation, and lower cattle inventories contributed to higher hay stocks on May 1. The largest increase was shown in Tennessee where stocks were 157 percent higher than a year earlier. Other notable increases where shown in Alabama and Kentucky, both up 150 percent from May 2008. Stocks in the western United States were also higher than a year ago as lower demand was noted in California, Oregon, and Washington.

Hay Stocks on Farms, Selected States and U. S. May 1, 2007-2009

Selected States		• /	
State	2007	2008	2009
		1,000 tons	
Alabama	144	150	375
Arizona	35	36	50
Arkansas	160	530	570
California	202	250	470
Colorado	290	520	400
Connecticut	12	8	9
Delaware	4	1	4
Florida	21	66	58
Georgia	82	145	238
Idaho		300	450
Illinois		210	300
Indiana		93	185
Iowa		640	750
Kansas		1,100	1,350
Kentucky		186	465
Louisiana		100	60
Maine		27	18
Maryland		52	111
Massachusetts		12	111
Michigan		320	450
Minnesota		535	430 790
		196	214
Mississippi			
Missouri		900	2,050
Montana		1,025	590 025
Nebraska		990	935
Nevada		90	170
New Hampshire		6	8
New Jersey		5	26
New Mexico		125	105
New York		283	420
North Carolina		79	311
North Dakota	609	1,260	700
Ohio		165	325
Oklahoma	400	1,600	1,000
Oregon		150	270
Pennsylvania	520	500	700
Rhode Island	3	1	1
South Carolina	65	55	115
South Dakota	1,150	1,930	1,900
Tennessee	425	215	552
Texas	885	4,906	2,100
Utah		215	285
Vermont		60	37
Virginia		226	450
Washington		200	350
West Virginia		92	156
Wisconsin		790	950
Wyoming		240	230
		240	22,065
United States	14,990	21,385	22,005

CROP PRODUCTION MAY 1, 2009

Winter wheat production in **Colorado**, based on conditions as of May 1, 2009, is forecast at 73.6 million bushels according to the Colorado Agricultural Statistics Service. This forecast is 29 percent above last year's production, but 20 percent below the winter wheat crop produced two years ago. Acreage for harvest, estimated at 2.3 million acres, is 400,000 acres more than a year ago.

Average yield is forecast at 32.0 bushels per acre, up 2.0 bushels per acre from last year's crop. This year's crop was planted under generally good conditions resulting in some very good stands going into winter dormancy. After a relatively dry and windy winter the crop has retained most of its potential. Above average moisture received in April boosted soil moisture supplies and early growth. Final yield will largely be determined by the combination of moisture and temperature conditions during May and June.

Production of winter wheat in the **United States** is forecasted at 1.50 billion bushels, down 20 percent from 2008. Based on May 1 conditions, the U.S. yield is forecast at 44.2 bushels per acre, 3.0 bushels below last year. Expected grain area totals 34.0 million acres, down 14 percent from last year. Hard Red Winter (HRW) harvested acreage is down about 9 percent from the previous year. Soft Red Winter (SRW) harvested acreage is estimated to be down 30 percent from last year. The portion of the winter wheat crop rated good to excellent on May 4, at 47 percent, was virtually unchanged from last year.

In the southern Great Plains States, winter temperatures were moderate, with some damage resulting from winter and late spring storms. Oklahoma and Texas experienced drought like conditions during emergence and most of the growing season. As a result, dryland yields are expected to suffer from the lack of moisture throughout plant development and grain set. The second week of April delivered a hard freeze to parts of Kansas and Oklahoma, affecting earlier maturing varieties. Severe storms followed, bringing heavy rain, hail, and high winds across many areas. Weather conditions remained cooler and wetter than normal through the first week of May.

	Acres ha	rvested	Yield	per acre		Production	
STATE		Indicated	ĺ	Indicated			Indicated
	2008	2009	2008	2009	2007	2008	2009
	1,000 A	cres	Bu	shels		1,000 Bushels	
Arkansas	980	430	57.0	54.0	28,700	55,860	23,220
California	400	280	85.0	80.0	21,465	34,000	22,400
Colorado	1,900	2,300	30.0	32.0	91,650	57,000	73,600
Georgia	400	240	56.0	50.0	9,200	22,400	12,000
Idaho	800	700	75.0	82.0	51,830	60,000	57,400
Illinois	1,150	800	64.0	63.0	48,950	73,600	50,400
Indiana	560	430	69.0	69.0	20,720	38,640	29,670
Kansas	8,900	8,500	40.0	40.0	283,800	356,000	340,000
Kentucky	460	400	71.0	72.0	12,000	32,660	28,800
Maryland	180	180	73.0	67.0	10,560	13,140	12,060
Michigan	710	570	69.0	69.0	34,450	48,990	39,330
Mississippi	485	200	62.0	60.0	18,480	30,070	12,000
Missouri	1,160	750	48.0	51.0	37,840	55,680	38,250
Montana	2,420	2,400	39.0	39.0	83,220	94,380	93,600
North Dakota	550	490	41.0	46.0	21,805	22,550	22,540
Nebraska	1,670	1,600	44.0	42.0	84,280	73,480	67,200
New York	122	110	63.0	58.0	4,505	7,686	6,380
North Carolina	720	510	60.0	55.0	20,000	43,200	28,050
Ohio	1,090	990	68.0	66.0	44,530	74,120	65,340
Oklahoma	4,500	3,500	37.0	23.0	98,000	166,500	80,500
Oregon	775	720	58.0	53.0	38,160	44,950	38,160
Pennsylvania	185	180	64.0	59.0	8,990	11,840	10,620
South Carolina	205	160	54.0	51.0	4,050	11,070	8,160
South Dakota	1,890	1,550	55.0	49.0	91,080	103,950	75,950
Tennessee	520	300	63.0	64.0	10,660	32,760	19,200
Texas	3,300	2,400	30.0	27.0	140,600	99,000	64,800
Virginia	280	245	71.0	66.0	13,120	19,880	16,170
Washington	1,720	1,700	56.0	60.0	104,780	96,320	102,000
Wisconsin	335	305	66.0	62.0	18,360	22,110	18,910
Other States 1/	1,247	1,055	53.0	43.0	43,456	66,067	45,364
United States	39,614	33,995	47.2	44.2	1,499,241	1,867,903	1,502,074

Winter Wheat: Acres harvested, yield and	production, selected states and United States, 2007-2009

1/Other States include AL, AZ, DE, FL, IA, LA, MN, NV, NJ, NM, UT, WV, and WY. Individual state level estimates will be published in the "Small Grains 2009 Summary", September 30, 2009.

AGRICULTURAL PRICES APRIL 15, 2009

The preliminary All Farm Products Index of Prices Received by Farmers in April, at 131 percent, based on 1990-92=100, increased 5 points (4.0 percent) from March. The Crop Index is up 9 points (6.2 percent) and the Livestock Index increased 3 points (2.8 percent). Producers received higher prices for lettuce, cattle, soybeans, and onions and lower prices for strawberries, snap beans, apples, and cauliflower. In addition to prices, the overall index is also affected by the seasonal change based on a 3-year average mix of commodities producers sell. Increased monthly marketings of strawberries, sweet corn, cattle, and lettuce offset decreased marketings of soybeans, corn, wheat, and hogs.

The April index is 155, up 6.2 percent from March but 8.3 percent below April 2008. Indexes for commercial vegetables, oil-bearing crops, fruits & nuts, potatoes & dry beans, cotton, and food grains increased while the feed grains & hay index was unchanged.

The April all wheat price, at \$5.69 per bushel, is down 1 cent from March and \$4.41 below April 2008. The corn price, at \$3.87 per bushel, is up 1 cent from last month but \$1.27 below April 2008. The all hay price, at \$129 per ton, is unchanged from March but down \$18.00 from last April. Sorghum grain, at \$5.57 per cwt, is 23 cents above March but \$3.73 below April last year.

The soybean price, at \$9.89 per bushel, increased 77 cents from March but is \$2.11 below April 2008. The all potato price, at \$10.42 per cwt, is up \$1.15 from March and \$1.97 from last April. The all dry bean price, at \$29.50 per cwt, is down \$3.00 from the previous month and \$4.80 from April 2008.

The April index, at 112, is 2.8 percent above last month but down 12 percent from April 2008. Compared with a year ago, prices are lower for milk, cattle, eggs, broilers, turkeys, hogs, and calves. The April hog price, at \$43.40 per cwt, is down 40 cents from March and \$1.00 lower than a year ago. The April beef cattle price of \$82.80 per cwt is up \$3.80 from last month but \$4.00 lower than April 2008. The April all milk price of \$12.00 per cwt is 20 cents higher than last month but \$6.00 lower than April 2008.

Prices Received and Paid Summary United States

Index	2008 2009							
1990-92 = 100	Mar. Apr. Mar. Apr.							
	Percent							
Prices Received	146	146	126	131				
Prices Paid	174	179	178	178				
Ratio <u>1</u> /	84	82	71	74				
1/Datio of Inday of Drives Deer	1/Patie of Index of Prices Pageived by Fermers to Index of Prices Paid							

 $\underline{1}/Ratio$ of Index of Prices Received by Farmers to Index of Prices Paid.

Compared with April 2008 all **Colorado** crop prices except alfalfa hay and potatoes averaged lower while all livestock prices also averaged lower. Mid-April 2009 wheat, at \$5.56 per bushel, was 38 cents lower than the previous month and \$2.50 below April a year ago. Corn, at \$3.80 per bushel, was 6 cents below the previous month and 90 cents below April 2008. The mid-April potato price, at \$9.85 per cwt, was down 55 cents from last month but was 25 cents above April a year ago. Dry bean prices were \$2.00 below March at \$31.10 per cwt and were \$5.60 below the April 2008 price of \$36.70 per cwt. Alfalfa hay, at \$165.00 per ton, remained unchanged from last month and \$18.00 higher then April 2008. The other hay price, at \$125.00 per ton, remained unchanged from March but \$5.00 below April a year ago.

The mid-April steer and heifer price, at \$93.50 per cwt was \$3.50 above last month but \$5.00 below the previous year average of \$98.50 per cwt. Cow prices increased \$4.00 from the previous month to \$50.20 per cwt but averaged \$2.00 below April 2008. The mid-April calf price of \$106.00 per cwt averaged \$1.00 higher than the previous month and \$8.00 below the April 2008 average of \$114.00 per cwt. The April all milk price of \$12.00 was up 30 cents but \$6.50 lower than the previous year.

Average Prices Received By Farmers	Average	Prices	Received	By	Farmers
------------------------------------	---------	--------	----------	----	---------

		eived By Farmers Colorado				
		Apr.	Mar.	Apr.		
Item	Unit	2008	2009	2009		
Crops		Dollars				
Wheat	Bu.	8.06	5.94	5.56		
Corn	Bu.	4.70	3.86	3.80		
Potatoes	Cwt	9.60	10.40	9.85		
Dry edible beans	Cwt	36.70	33.10	31.10		
Alfalfa hay (baled)	Ton	147.00	165.00	165.00		
Other hay (baled)	Ton	130.00	125.00	125.00		
Livestock & Products						
Beef Cattle	Cwt	97.60	89.10	92.60		
Steers & heifers	Cwt	98.50	90.00	93.50		
Cows	Cwt	52.20	46.20	50.20		
Calves	Cwt	114.00	105.00	106.00		
Sheep	Cwt	30.00	36.00	1		
Lambs	Cwt	104.00	100.00	1		
Milk sold to plants	Cwt	18.50	11.70	12.00		
*		U	nited State	s		
Crops		Dollars				
Wheat	Bu.	10.10	5.70	5.69		
Corn	Bu.	5.14	3.86	3.87		
Soybeans	Bu.	12.00	9.12	9.89		
Barley (All)	Bu.	4.56	4.88	4.78		
Barley (Feed)	Bu.	4.67	2.73	2.72		
Sorghum		9.30	5.34	5.57		
Potatoes	Cwt	8.45	9.27	10.42		
Dry edible beans	Cwt	34.30	32.50	29.50		
Alfalfa hay (baled)	Ton	161.00	137.00	133.00		
Other hay (baled)	Ton	120.00	109.00	117.00		
Onions	Cwt	10.60	6.49	16.80		
Livestock & Products	0	10.00	0117	10100		
Beef Cattle	Cwt	86.80	79.00	82.80		
Steers & heifers	Cwt	91.80	84.00	87.70		
Cows	Cwt	50.70	44.60	47.50		
Calves	Cwt	116.00	107.00	109.00		
Sheep	Cwt	28.40	33.10	109.00		
Lambs	Cwt	99.40	100.00	1		
Hogs		44.40	43.80	43.40		
Milk sold to plants		18.00	11.80	12.00		
Broilers	Lb.	0.46	0.45	0.45		

1/ Mid-month price not est.

POTATO STOCKS May 1, 2009

Fall potato stocks in the San Luis Valley of **Colorado** totaled 5.3 million cwt as of May 1, 2009, up 18 percent from the stocks on hand one year earlier. The latest stocks represented 25 percent of the 21.33 million cwt produced in 2008. The May 1, 2008 stocks represented 21 percent of the 20.98 million cwt produced in 2007. Sales of Colorado's fall potatoes for table stock have averaged 68 percent of the production for the 2003-2007 period. The remaining 32 percent of production is used for seed, processing, feed and home use or is lost through cullage and shrinkage. The total quantity of potatoes sold as a percent of production has averaged about 86 percent over the past five years.

The 13 major potato States held 75.4 million cwt of potatoes in storage May 1, 2009, down 10 percent from a year ago and 5 percent below May 1, 2007. Potatoes in storage accounted for 21 percent of the 2008 fall storage States' production, unchanged from May 1, 2008. Klamath Basin stocks totaled 750 thousand cwt on May 1, 2009, up 32 percent from a year ago. Klamath Basin stocks include potatoes stored in California and Klamath County, Oregon.

Potato disappearance, at 292 million cwt, was 7 percent below May 1, 2008 and down 6 percent from 2007. Season-to-date shrink and loss, at 22.3 million cwt, was down 7 percent from the same date in both 2007 and 2008. Processors in the 9 major States have used 149 million cwt of potatoes this season, down 10 percent from the same period last year and down 9 percent from 2 years ago. Dehydrating usage accounted for 28.3 million cwt of the total processing, down 16 percent from last year and 23 percent below the same period in 2007.

UPCOMING REPORTS

Colorado and **United States** data from most of the following reports will appear in subsequent issues of AG UPDATE. However, those who have an immediate need for the data may call this office after 1:15 P.M. on the day of release - toll free 1-800-392-3202. The complete USDA report is also available on the Worldwide Web at: http://www.nass.usda.gov/

May12-Crop ProductionMay15-Turkey HatcheryMay15-Potato StocksMay18-Milk ProductionMay22-Cattle on FeedMay22-Cold Storage

William Meyer Director Rodger Ott Deputy Director